# Stack - Linked implementation

```
typedef char StackEntry;
typedef struct stacknode{
      StackEntry entry;
      struct stacknode *next;
}StackNode;
typedef struct stack{
     StackNode *top;
}Stack;
void Push(StackEntry item, Stack *ps){
      StackNode *p;
      p=(StackNode *)malloc(sizeof(StackNode));
     p->entry=item;
     p->next=ps->top;
     ps->top=p;
}
void Pop(StackEntry *pitem, Stack *ps){
      StackNode *p;
     *pitem=ps->top->entry;
     p=ps->top;
     ps->top=ps->top->next;
     free(p);
}
int StackEmpty(Stack ps){
     return ps.top==NULL;
}
int StackFull(Stack ps) {
     return 0;
}
void CreateStack (Stack *ps) {
     ps->top=NULL;
}
void ClearStack(Stack *ps) {
      StackNode *p=ps->top;
      while(p){
           p=p->next;
           free(ps->top);
           ps->top=p;
      }
}
```

# Stack - Array-based implementation

```
#define MAXSTACK 10
typedef char StackEntry;
typedef struct stack{
      int top;
      StackEntry entry[MAXSTACK];
} Stack;
void Push(StackEntry item, Stack *ps){
     ps->entry[ps->top++] = item;
}
void Pop(StackEntry *item, Stack *ps){
     *item = ps->entry[--ps->top];
}
int StackEmpty(Stack ps){
     return (ps.top == 0)
int StackFull(Stack ps) {
     return ps.top==MAXSTACK;
}
void CreateStack(Stack *ps) {
   ps->top = 0;
void ClearStack(Stack *ps) {
   ps->top = 0;
}
```

### Queue - Array-based implementation

```
#define MAXQUEUE 10
typedef char QueueEntry;
typedef struct queue{
   int front;
   int rear;
   int size;
   QueueEntry entry[MAXQUEUE];
}Queue;
void CreateQueue (Queue *pq) {
     pq->front= 0;
     pq->rear = -1;
     pq->size = 0;
}
void Append(QueueEntry e, Queue* pq){
 pq->rear = (pq->rear + 1) % MAXQUEUE;
 pq->entry[pq->rear] = e;
 pq->size++;
void Serve(QueueEntry *pe, Queue* pq){
 *pe = pq->entry[pq->front];
 pq->front = (pq->front + 1) % MAXQUEUE;
 pq->size--;
}
int QueueEmpty(Queue pq){
     return !pq.size;
}
int QueueFull(Queue pq){
     return (pq.size == MAXQUEUE);
}
int QueueSize(Queue pq){
     return pq.size;
}
void ClearQueue(Queue* pq) {
     pq->front = 0;
     pq->rear = -1;
     pq->size = 0;
}
```

# Queue - Linked implementation

```
typedef char QueueEntry;
typedef struct queuenode{
     QueueEntry entry;
     struct queuenode *next;
}QueueNode;
typedef struct queue{
     OueueNode *front;
     QueueNode *rear;
     int size;
}Queue;
void CreateQueue (Queue *pq) {
  pq->front=NULL;
  pq->rear=NULL;
  pq->size=0;}
void Append(QueueEntry e, Queue* pq){
  QueueNode*pn=(QueueNode*) malloc(sizeof(QueueNode));
 pn->next=NULL;
 pn->entry=e;
 if (!pq->rear)
   pq->front=pn;
  else
   pq->rear->next=pn;//run time error for empty queue
 pq->rear=pn;
 pq->size++;}
void Serve(QueueEntry *pe, Queue* pq){
     QueueNode *pn=pq->front;
     *pe=pn->entry;
     pq->front=pn->next;
     free (pn);
     if (!pq->front)
           pq->rear=NULL;
     pq->size--;}
int QueueEmpty(Queue pq){
     return !pq.front;}
int QueueFull(Queue pg) {
     return 0;}
int QueueSize(Queue pq) {
     return pq.size;}
void ClearQueue(Queue* pq){
     while(pq->front){
           pq->rear=pq->front->next;
           free (pq->front);
           pq->front=pq->rear;
     pq->size = 0; }
```

# <u>List - Array-based implementation</u>

```
typedef struct list{
      ListEntry entry[MAXLIST];
      int size;
}List;
void CreateList(List *pl){
      pl->size=0;
}
int ListEmpty(List pl) {
      return !pl.size;
int ListFull(List pl){
      return pl.size==MAXLIST;
int ListSize(List pl) {
     return pl.size;
void DestroyList(List *pl) {
     pl->size=0;
}
void InsertList(int p, ListEntry e, List *pl){ /*0 <= p <= size*/</pre>
      /*The loop shifts up all the elements in
                                                 the range [p,
      size-1] to free the p<sup>th</sup>
                                 location*/
      for(i=pl->size-1; i>=p; i--)
            pl->entry[i+1]=pl->entry[i];
      pl->entry[p]=e;
      pl->size++;
}
void DeleteList(int p, ListEntry *pe, List *pl) {
      /*0 \le p \le size-1 and List not empty*/
      int i;
      *pe=pl->entry[p];
      /*The loop shifts down all the elements in the range
      [p+1, size-1] to free the p<sup>th</sup> location*/
      for(i=p+1; i<=pl->size-1; i++)
            pl->entry[i-1]=pl->entry[i];
      pl->size--;
}
```

### List - Linked implementation

```
typedef struct listnode{
     ListEntry entry;
     struct listnode *next;
}ListNode;
typedef struct list{
     ListNode *head;
                size;
}List;
void CreateList(List *pl) {
     pl->head=NULL;
     pl->size=0;
}
int ListEmpty(List pl) {
      return (pl.size==0);
      //or return !pl.head
}
int ListFull(List pl) {
     return 0;
}
int ListSize(List pl) {
     return pl.size;
void DestroyList(List *pl){
     ListNode *q;
      while(pl->head) {
           q=pl->head->next;
           free(pl->head);
           pl->head=q;
      }
     pl->size=0;
void InsertList(int pos, ListEntry e, List *pl){
   ListNode *p, *q;
   int i;
   p=(ListNode *)malloc(sizeof(ListNode));
   p->entry=e;
   p->next=NULL;
   if (pos==0) {//will work also for head equals NULL
      p->next=pl->head;
     pl->head=p;
   }
   else{
      for(q=pl->head, i=0; i<pos-1; i++)</pre>
           q=q->next;
     p->next=q->next;
     q->next=p;
   pl->size++;
}
```

```
void DeleteList(int pos, ListEntry *pe, List *pl){
   int i;
   ListNode *q, *tmp;
   if (pos==0) {
      *pe=pl->head->entry;
      tmp=pl->head->next;
     free (pl->head);
      pl->head=tmp;
   }// it works also for one node
   else{
      for(q=pl->head, i=0; i<pos-1; i++)</pre>
           q=q->next;
      *pe=q->next->entry;
      tmp=q->next->next;
      free(q->next);
     q->next=tmp;
   }// check for pos=size-1 (tmp will be NULL)
   pl->size--;
}
```

# Tree implementation

```
typedef struct treenode{
      TreeEntry entry;
      struct treenode *left, *right;
}TreeNode;
typedef TreeNode * Tree;
void CreateTree(Tree *pt) {
      *pt=NULL;
}
int TreeEmpty(Tree pt){
      return (!pt);
}
int TreeFull(Tree pt){
      return 0;
}
void Inorder(Tree *pt) {
    if (*pt){
     Inorder((*pt)->left);
     Visit(*pt)
      Inorder((*pt)->right);
    }
}
/*An iterative version of the function*/
void Inorder(Tree *pt) {
   Stack s;
   TreeNode *p=pt;
   if(p){}
      CreateStack(&s);
      do{
         while(p){
           Push(p, &s);
           p=p->left;
         Pop(&p, &s);
         Visit(p);
         p=p->right);
      }while(!StackEmpty(&s) || p);
}
void ClearTree(Tree *pt) {
      if (*pt) {
            ClearTree(&(*pt)->left);
            ClearTree(&(*pt)->right);
           free(*pt);
            *pt=NULL;
```

```
int TreeSize(Tree pt) {
   if (!pt)
      return 0;
   return (1+TreeSize(pt->left)+
           TreeSize(pt->right));
int TreeDepth(Tree pt){
   if (!pt)
      return 0;
    int a=TreeDepth(pt->left);
    int b=TreeDepth(pt->right);
    return (a>b)? 1+a : 1+b;
}
void InsertTree(Tree *pt, TreeEntry pe) {
      if (!*pt) {
            *pt=(Tree) malloc(sizeof(TreeNode));
            (*pt)->entry=pe;
            (*pt)->left=NULL;
            (*pt)->right=NULL;
      }else if (pe<(*pt)->entry))
           InsertTree(&(*pt)->left, pe);
      else
           InsertTree(&(*pt)->right, pe);
}
/*An iterative version of the function*/
void InsertTree(Tree *pt, TreeEntry pe) {
   TreeNode *p, *prev, *curr;
   p=(TreeNode *) malloc(sizeof(TreeNode));
                                        p->right=NULL;
   p->entry=pe; p->left=NULL;
   if (!(*pt))
      (*pt) = p;
   else{
      curr=(*pt);
      while(curr) {
         prev=curr;
         if(pe<curr->entry))
            curr=curr->left;
         else
            curr=curr->right;
      if(pe<prev->entry))
         prev->left=p;
      else
         prev->right=p;
   }
}
```

```
int DeleteItemTree(Tree *pt, TreeEntry k) {
   int found=0;
                      TreeNode *q=*pt, *r=NULL;
   while (q \&\& ! (found=(k==q->entry)))
      r=q;
      if(k < q - > entry)
         q=q->left;
      else
         q=q->right;
   if (found) {
      *pe=q->entry;
      if(!r)//Case of deleting the root
         DeleteNodeTree(pt);
      else if(k< (r->entry))
         DeleteNodeTree(&r->left);
      else
         DeleteNodeTree(&r->right);
  return found;
}
void DeleteNodeTree(Tree *pt) {//Very inefficient version
   TreeNode *q=*pt, *r;
   if(!(*pt)->left)//First case
      *pt=(*pt)->right;
   else if(!(*pt)->right)//Second case
      *pt=(*pt)->left;//Also, both account for a leaf node
   else{//third case
         for(r=q->right; r->left; r=r->left);
         r->left=q->left;
         *pt=(*pt)->right;
   free(q);
}
void DeleteNodeTree(Tree *pt) { //an efficient version
   TreeNode *q=*pt, *r=Null;
   if(!(*pt)->left)//First case
      *pt=(*pt)->right;
   else if(!(*pt)->right)//Second case
      *pt=(*pt)->left;//Also, both account for a leaf node
   else{//third case
      q=(*pt)->left;
     while(q->right){
            r=q;
            q=q->right;
      (*pt)->entry=q->entry;
      if(!r){
         (*pt)->left=q->left;
      else{
        r->right=q->left;
      }
   free(q);
}
```