## Project

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```
/*
Project: Data211
According to the "Alarming Average Screen Time Statistics (2024). The average American spend 7hours and 3 minutes looking at a screen each day. In this project I will be performing T-test to compare the average screen time with my daily usage of screen time.

*/

library(tidyr)

## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.3.3

library(ggplot2)

## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.3.3

library(readxl)

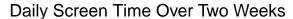
## Warning: package 'readxl' was built under R version 4.3.3
```

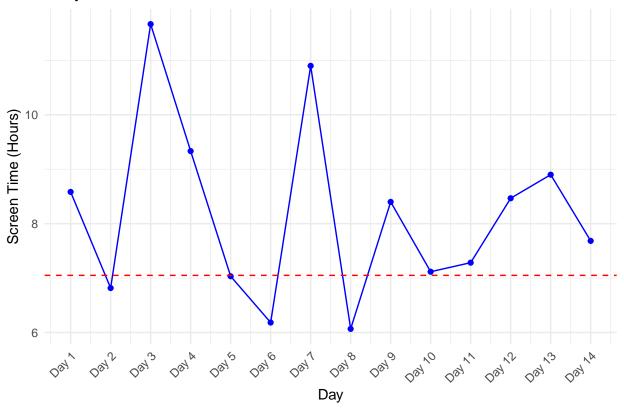
```
#Importing the data of 14days
screen_time <- c(</pre>
 8 + 35/60, # Day 1
 6 + 49/60, # Day 2
 11 + 40/60, # Day 3
  9 + 20/60, # Day 4
 7 + 2/60,
              # Day 5
  6 + 11/60, # Day 6
  10 + 54/60, # Day 7
  6 + 4/60, # Day 8
 8 + 24/60, # Day 9
 7 + 7/60, # Day 10
7 + 17/60, # Day 11
 8 + 28/60, # Day 12
 8 + 54/60, # Day 13
  7 + 41/60
              # Day 14
```

```
#Creating a data frame
days <- paste("Day", 1:14)</pre>
data <- data.frame(Day = days, ScreenTime_Hours = screen_time)</pre>
data
##
       Day ScreenTime_Hours
## 1
                     8.583333
       Day 1
## 2
      Day 2
                    6.816667
## 3
      Day 3
                  11.666667
## 4
      Day 4
                    9.333333
## 5
      Day 5
                    7.033333
## 6 Day 6
                    6.183333
## 7 Day 7
                  10.900000
## 8 Day 8
                    6.066667
## 9
      Day 9
                     8.400000
## 10 Day 10
                    7.116667
## 11 Day 11
                    7.283333
## 12 Day 12
                     8.466667
## 13 Day 13
                     8.900000
## 14 Day 14
                     7.683333
#Step:3 Performing the Calculate Descriptive Statistics
# Calculating the mean
mean_screen_time <- mean(screen_time)</pre>
# Calculating the Median
median_screen_time <- median(screen_time)</pre>
#Standard Deviation
std_screen_time<- sd(screen_time)</pre>
# Display the results
cat("Mean Screen Time:", round(mean_screen_time, 2), "hours\n")
## Mean Screen Time: 8.17 hours
cat("Median Screen Time:", round(median_screen_time, 2), "hours\n")
## Median Screen Time: 8.04 hours
cat("Standard Deviation:", round(std_screen_time, 2), "hours\n")
```

## Standard Deviation: 1.65 hours

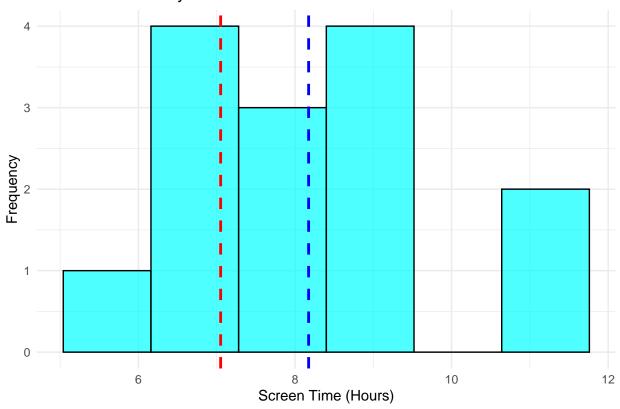
```
#Step: 3
Research Question:
Is my average daily Screen time significantly different from the average American's screen time of 7.05
hours"?
Null and Alternative Hypotheses:
~Null Hypothesis (H_0): The mean daily screen time is equal to 7.05 hours (\mu = 7.05)
~Alternative Hypothesis (H_1): The mean daily screen time is not equal to 7.05 hours (\mu = 7.05)
##Step:4 / Perform a Two-Tailed T-Test Since our sample size is small (n=14) a t-test is best /
# Perform the t-test
t_test <- t.test(screen_time, mu = 7.05, alternative = "two.sided")
# Display the t-test results
print(t_test)
##
##
    One Sample t-test
##
## data: screen_time
## t = 2.5444, df = 13, p-value = 0.02445
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 7.05
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 7.219625 9.127994
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
     8.17381
##
/* The p-value(0.02445) is less than the significance level (a = 0.05)
Decision: Reject the null Hypothesis
There is statistically significant evidence to concluded that your average daily screen time is different from
7.05 hours */
##Step: 6 Visualize Your Data
#a: Line Graph of Daily Screen Time
data$DayIndex<-1:14
ggplot(data, aes(x = DayIndex, y = ScreenTime_Hours, group =1))+
  geom_line(color="blue")+
  geom_point(color="blue")+
  geom_hline(yintercept = 7.05, linetype= "dashed", color ="red")+
   scale_x_continuous(breaks = 1:14, labels = paste("Day", 1:14)) +
  labs(title = "Daily Screen Time Over Two Weeks", x="Day", y = "Screen Time (Hours)")+
  theme_minimal()+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle =45, hjust=1))
```





##b: Histogram of Screen Time Distribution

## Distribution of Daily Screen Time



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