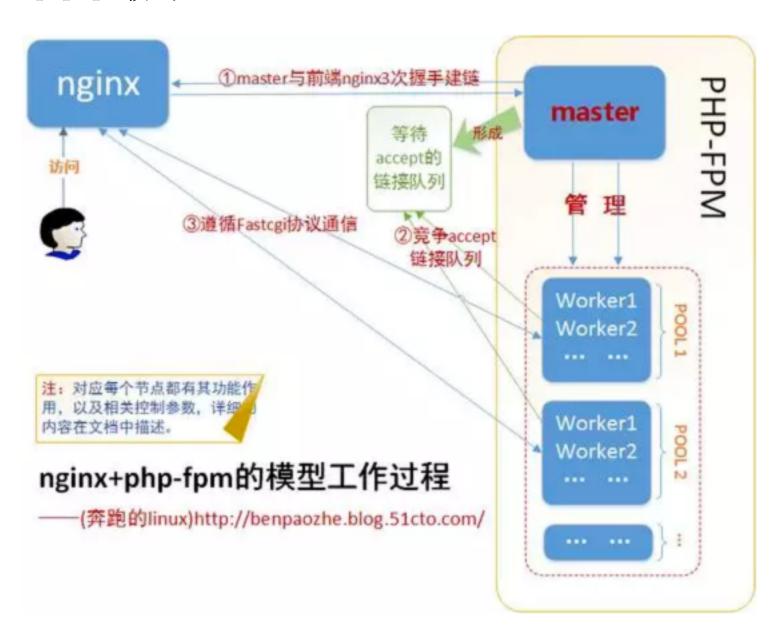
# 5.1.1 php-fpm

php-fpm

#### 背景知识

nginx+php-fpm模式



优化建议

优化建议

```
pm = static | dynamic | ondemand 静态池、服务优先、内存优先
pm.max_children = 256 开启的最大 php 进程数
pm.max_requests = 1024 在执行了 1024 个请求后重启 worker 进程
```

web 服务的机器是 12 核 cpu 、 16G 内存, nginx 开启 12 个 worker 进程, php 开启 256 个进程,

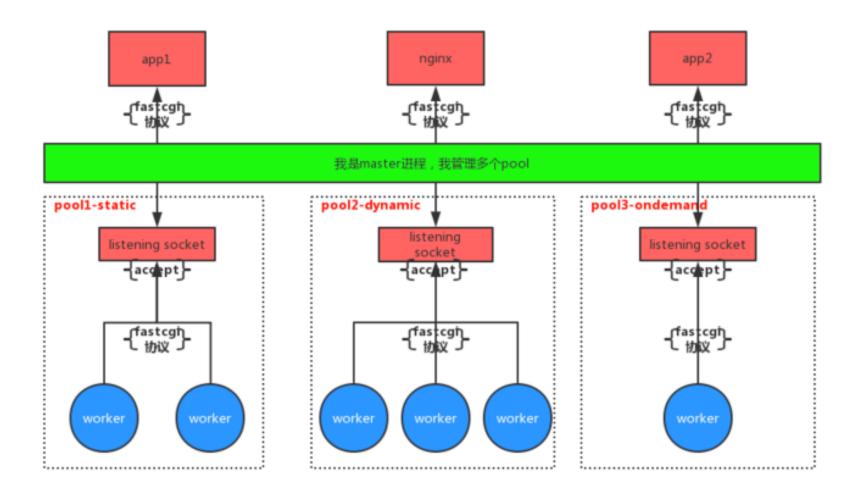
跑起来后每个进程大概占用 30M 内存,也就是( 256+12 ) \*30=8G, 这种静态池的配置大大减少了prefork 进程带来的开销,RT时间100ms以内的占到85%(这个与程序写的如何有关).

**CGI** 

**FAST-CGI** 

## 工作原理

## 三种工作模式



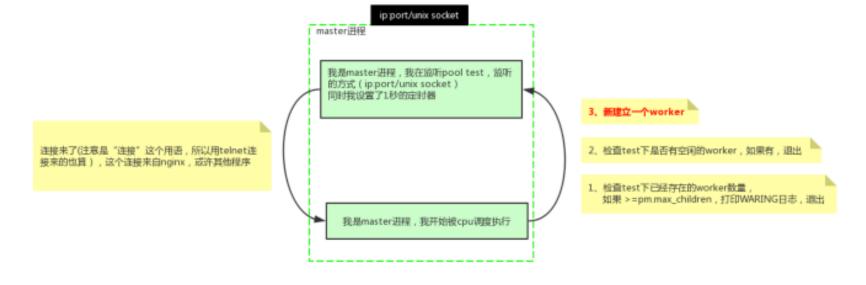
#### ondemand

```
[test]
listen = 127.0.0.1:9001
pm = ondemand
pm.process_idle_timeout = 60
pm.max_children = 10
```

当前pool的名字为test

优点

缺点



ondemand原理图

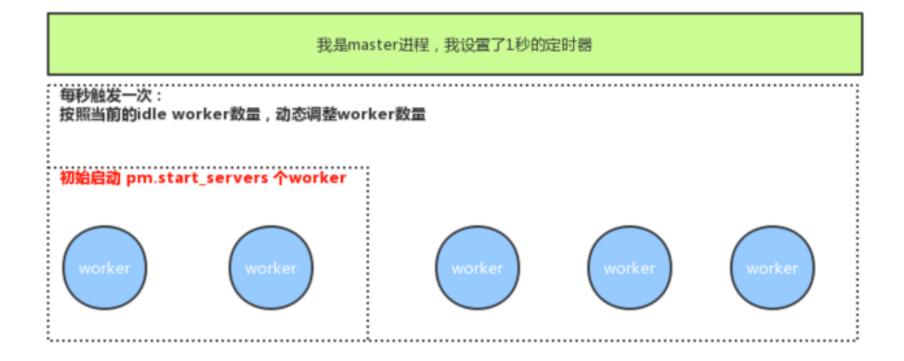
#### dynamic

```
[test]
listen = 127.0.0.1:9001
pm = dynamic
pm.max_children = 10
pm.start_servers = 2
pm.min_spare_servers = 1
pm.max_spare_servers = 6
```

当前pool的名字为test

#### 优点

#### 缺点



dynamic原理图

```
pm.max_children> 0

pm.min_spare_servers<=pm.max_spare_servers

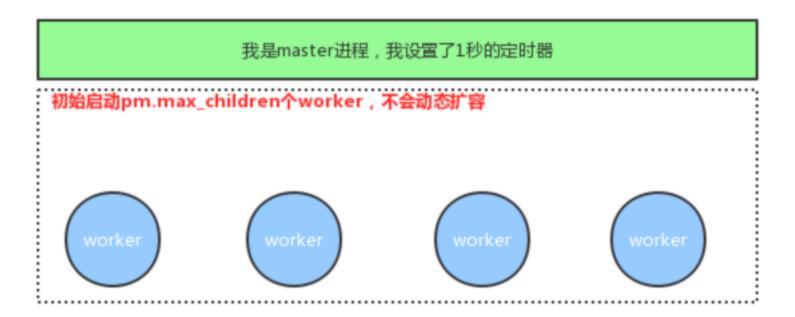
pm.start_servers有效范围[pm.min_spare_servers,pm.max_spare_servers]如果没有配置,默认pm.min_spare_servers + (pm.max_spare_servers - pm.min_spare_servers)
/ 2
```

#### static

```
[test]
listen = 127.0.0.1:9001
pm = static
pm.max_children = 40
```

当前pool的名字为test

#### 优点缺点



## 配置优化

## TCP切换为UNIX域套接字

```
upstream backend
{
    # UNIX domain sockets
    server unix:/var/run/fastcgi.sock;

# TCP sockets
    # server 127.0.0.1:8080;
}
```

## 调整工作进程数

```
// 机器处理器个数
cat /proc/cpuinfo | grep processor

# We have 16 cores
worker_processes 16;

# connections per worker
events
{
    use epoll;
    worker_connections 4096;
    multi_accept on;
}
```

## 设置upstream负载均衡

```
upstream backend {
    server unix:/var/run/php5-fpm.sock1 weight=100 max_fails=5
fail_timeout=5;
    server unix:/var/run/php5-fpm.sock2 weight=100 max_fails=5
fail_timeout=5;
}
```

## 禁用访问日志文件

```
access_log off;
log_not_found off;
error_log /var/log/nginx-error.log warn;

// 如果不能关闭,新增日志缓冲区,减少频繁IO操作
access_log /var/log/nginx/access.log main buffer=16k;
```

#### 启用GZip

```
gzip on;
gzip_disable "msie6";
gzip_vary on;
gzip_proxied any;
```

```
gzip_comp_level 6;
gzip_min_length 1100;
gzip_buffers 16 8k;
gzip_http_version 1.1;
gzip_types text/plain text/css application/json application/x-javascript
text/xml application/xml application/xml+rss text/javascript;
```

## 缓存被频繁访问的文件相关的信息

```
open_file_cache max=200000 inactive=20s;
open_file_cache_valid 30s;
open_file_cache_min_uses 2;
open_file_cache_errors on;
```

#### 调整客户端超时时间

```
client_max_body_size 500M;
client_body_buffer_size 1m;
client_body_timeout 15;
client_header_timeout 15;
keepalive_timeout 2 2;
send_timeout 15;
sendfile on;
tcp_nopush on;
tcp_nodelay on;
```

#### 调整输出缓冲区大小

```
fastcgi_buffers 256 16k;
fastcgi_buffer_size 128k;
fastcgi_connect_timeout 3s;
fastcgi_send_timeout 120s;
fastcgi_read_timeout 120s;
reset_timedout_connection on;
server_names_hash_bucket_size 100;
```

## /etc/sysctl.conf调优

```
# Recycle Zombie connections
net.inet.tcp.fast_finwait2_recycle=1
```

```
net.inet.tcp.maxtcptw=200000
# Increase number of files
kern.maxfiles=65535
kern.maxfilesperproc=16384
# Increase page share factor per process
vm.pmap.pv entry max=54272521
vm.pmap.shpgperproc=20000
# Increase number of connections
vfs.vmiodirenable=1
kern.ipc.somaxconn=3240000
net.inet.tcp.rfc1323=1
net.inet.tcp.delayed ack=0
net.inet.tcp.restrict rst=1
kern.ipc.maxsockbuf=2097152
kern.ipc.shmmax=268435456
# Host cache
net.inet.tcp.hostcache.hashsize=4096
net.inet.tcp.hostcache.cachelimit=131072
net.inet.tcp.hostcache.bucketlimit=120
# Increase number of ports
net.inet.ip.portrange.first=2000
net.inet.ip.portrange.last=100000
net.inet.ip.portrange.hifirst=2000
net.inet.ip.portrange.hilast=100000
kern.ipc.semvmx=131068
# Disable Ping-flood attacks
net.inet.tcp.msl=2000
net.inet.icmp.bmcastecho=1
net.inet.icmp.icmplim=1
net.inet.tcp.blackhole=2
net.inet.udp.blackhole=1
```

#### 监控

```
./configure --with-http_ssl_module --with-http_stub_status_module --without-mail_pop3_module --without-mail_imap_module --without-mail_smtp_module make install BATCH=yes
```