UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

| | | | FORM | 110-Q | | | |
|-------------|--|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|---|--------------------|
| \boxtimes | QUARTERLY REPORT PUR | RSUANT TO | O SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF TH | IE SECURITII | ES EXCHANGE ACT O | OF 1934 | |
| | | | For the quarterly period | ended Novem | nber 24, 2024 | | |
| | | | | or | | | |
| | TRANSITION REPORT PUR | RSUANT T | O SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF TI | HE SECURITI | ES EXCHANGE ACT O | OF 1934 | |
| | | | For the transition perio | d from | _ to | | |
| | | | | 3666 File Number | | | |
| | | D | ARDEN REST (Exact name of registrant | | | | |
| | Flo (State or othe | orida er jurisdiction | | • | 5 | 59-3305930 R.S. Employer | |
| | incorporation 1000 Darder | - | | | Ide | entification No.) | |
| | Orlando (Address of princi | , Florida | | | | 32837 (Zip Code) | |
| | | | 407-24 (Registrant's telephone no | 45-4000 umber, including | area code) | | |
| | | | Securities registered pursua | nt to Section 1 | 12(b) of the Act: | | |
| | Title of each of Common Stock, with | | | <u>Symbol</u> RI | | h exchange on which York Stock Exchang | _ |
| the pre | te by check mark whether the receding 12 months (or for such set 90 days. Yes No | | | | | | |
| be sub | te by check mark whether the remitted and posted pursuant to R t and post such files). | tule 405 of | | | | | |
| | te by check mark whether the re ions of "large accelerated filer," | | | | | | company. See the |
| _ | accelerated filer ccelerated filer | | Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company | | | | |
| | merging growth company, indic d financial accounting standards | | | | | n period for complyir | ng with any new or |
| Indicat | te by check mark whether the re | egistrant is | a shell company (as defined in | Rule 12b-2 of | f the Exchange Act). [| □ Yes ⊠ No | |
| Numbe | er of shares of common stock or | utstanding | as of December 16, 2024: 117, | 146,786. | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

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Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Statements set forth in or incorporated into this report that are not historical facts, including without limitation statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business of Darden Restaurants, Inc. and its subsidiaries that are preceded by, followed by or that include words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "continue," "estimate," "project," "believe," "plan", "outlook" or similar expressions, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This statement is included for purposes of complying with the safe harbor provisions of that Act. Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are made, and we undertake no obligation to update such statements for any reason to reflect events or circumstances arising after such date. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in or implied by such forward-looking statements. The most significant of these uncertainties are described in Darden's Form 10-K, Form 10-Q (including this report) and Form 8-K reports.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (In millions, except per share data) (Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | | | Six Months Ended | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------|-------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|----|----------------------|
| | November 24, 2024 | | November 26, 2023 | | November 24, 2024 | | ľ | November 26, 2023 |
| Sales | \$ | 2,890.0 | \$ | 2,727.3 | \$ | 5,647.0 | \$ | 5,457.9 |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Food and beverage | | 872.8 | | 845.8 | | 1,719.5 | | 1,696.8 |
| Restaurant labor | | 926.8 | | 880.9 | | 1,816.1 | | 1,756.2 |
| Restaurant expenses | | 477.7 | | 450.4 | | 935.9 | | 897.0 |
| Marketing expenses | | 48.8 | | 36.9 | | 93.5 | | 75.5 |
| General and administrative expenses | | 144.1 | | 114.8 | | 270.5 | | 268.1 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 127.7 | | 112.5 | | 249.2 | | 222.3 |
| Impairments and disposal of assets, net | | <u> </u> | | 7.5 | | 1.0 | | 10.6 |
| Total operating costs and expenses | \$ | 2,597.9 | \$ | 2,448.8 | \$ | 5,085.7 | \$ | 4,926.5 |
| Operating income | | 292.1 | | 278.5 | | 561.3 | | 531.4 |
| Interest, net | | 46.2 | | 37.1 | | 83.3 | | 66.8 |
| Earnings before income taxes | | 245.9 | | 241.4 | | 478.0 | | 464.6 |
| Income tax expense | | 30.2 | | 29.1 | | 54.7 | | 57.5 |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$ | 215.7 | \$ | 212.3 | \$ | 423.3 | \$ | 407.1 |
| Losses from discontinued operations, net of tax benefit of \$0.2, \$0.3, \$0.6 and \$0.4, respectively | | (0.6) | | (0.2) | | (1.0) | | (0.5) |
| Net earnings | \$ | 215.1 | \$ | 212.1 | \$ | 422.3 | \$ | 406.6 |
| Basic net earnings per share: | | | | | _ | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$ | 1.84 | \$ | 1.77 | \$ | 3.59 | \$ | 3.38 |
| Losses from discontinued operations | | (0.01) | | _ | | (0.01) | | _ |
| Net earnings | \$ | 1.83 | \$ | 1.77 | \$ | 3.58 | \$ | 3.38 |
| Diluted net earnings per share: | | | _ | | _ | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$ | 1.82 | \$ | 1.76 | \$ | 3.57 | \$ | 3.35 |
| Losses from discontinued operations | | _ | | _ | | (0.01) | | _ |
| Net earnings | \$ | 1.82 | \$ | 1.76 | \$ | 3.56 | \$ | 3.35 |
| Average number of common shares outstanding: | _ | | _ | | _ | | = | |
| Basic | | 117.5 | | 119.9 | | 118.0 | | 120.4 |
| Diluted | | 118.3 | | 120.8 | | 118.7 | | 121.4 |

DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In millions) (Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | | | Ended | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----|----------------------|-------|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| | | November 24, 2024 | | November 26, 2023 | | November 24, 2024 | | November 26, 2023 |
| Net earnings | \$ | 215.1 | \$ | 212.1 | \$ | 422.3 | \$ | 406.6 |
| Change in fair value of derivatives and amortization of unrecognized gains and losses on derivatives, net of taxes of \$0.1, \$4.0, \$0.6 and \$9.4, respectively | | 2.7 | | 11.3 | | 2.9 | | 23.9 |
| Net unamortized gain (loss) arising during the period, including amortization of unrecognized net actuarial gain (loss), net of taxes of \$0.0, \$0.1, \$0.1 and \$0.1, respectively, related to pension and other post-employment benefits | | 0.2 | | 0.1 | | 0.3 | | 0.3 |
| Other comprehensive income | \$ | 2.9 | \$ | 11.4 | \$ | 3.2 | \$ | 24.2 |
| Total comprehensive income | \$ | 218.0 | \$ | 223.5 | \$ | 425.5 | \$ | 430.8 |

DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In millions)

| | November 24, 2024 | | | May 26, 2024 |
|--|----------------------|------------|----|-----------------|
| | J) | Jnaudited) | | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | | \$ | 194.8 |
| Receivables, net | | 77.8 | | 79.1 |
| Inventories | | 318.0 | | 290.5 |
| Prepaid income taxes | | 115.0 | | 121.7 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | | 151.5 | | 136.7 |
| Total current assets | \$ | 879.6 | \$ | 822.8 |
| Land, buildings and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$3,937.7 and \$3,759.9, respectively | | 4,591.0 | | 4,184.3 |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets | | 3,678.2 | | 3,429.3 |
| Goodwill | | 1,653.9 | | 1,391.0 |
| Trademarks | | 1,346.4 | | 1,148.0 |
| Other assets | | 370.1 | | 347.6 |
| Total assets | \$ | 12,519.2 | \$ | 11,323.0 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 408.5 | \$ | 399.5 |
| Short-term debt | | 275.2 | | 86.8 |
| Accrued payroll | | 192.7 | | 190.1 |
| Accrued income taxes | | 2.0 | | 6.1 |
| Other accrued taxes | | 80.9 | | 71.0 |
| Unearned revenues | | 552.0 | | 591.8 |
| Other current liabilities | | 889.7 | | 847.2 |
| Total current liabilities | \$ | 2,401.0 | \$ | 2,192.5 |
| Long-term debt | | 2,121.7 | | 1,370.4 |
| Deferred income taxes | | 291.8 | | 232.0 |
| Operating lease liabilities - non-current | | 3,939.1 | | 3,704.7 |
| Other liabilities | | 1,694.7 | | 1,580.9 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 10,448.3 | \$ | 9,080.5 |
| Stockholders' equity: | | | | |
| Common stock and surplus | \$ | 2,261.0 | \$ | 2,252.4 |
| Retained earnings (deficit) | | (218.9) | | (35.5) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | _ | 28.8 | | 25.6 |
| Total stockholders' equity | \$ | 2,070.9 | \$ | 2,242.5 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ | 12,519.2 | \$ | 11,323.0 |

DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY For the Three and Six Months Ended November 24, 2024 and November 26, 2023 (In millions)

(Unaudited)

Common Stock And Surplus

| | 7 Hid b | Juipi | 45 | | | | |
|--|---------|-------|---------|----|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | Shares | | Amount |] | Retained Earnings (Deficit) | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | Total Stockholders' Equity |
| Balance at August 25, 2024 | 118.0 | \$ | 2,262.3 | \$ | (144.5) | \$ 25.9 | \$ 2,143.7 |
| Net earnings | _ | | _ | | 215.1 | _ | 215.1 |
| Other comprehensive income | _ | | _ | | _ | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Dividends declared (\$1.40 per share) | _ | | _ | | (165.7) | _ | (165.7) |
| Stock option exercises | 0.1 | | 8.9 | | _ | _ | 8.9 |
| Stock-based compensation | _ | | 5.8 | | _ | _ | 5.8 |
| Repurchases of common stock | (0.9) | | (18.0) | | (123.8) | _ | (141.8) |
| Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan and other plans | _ | | 3.2 | | _ | _ | 3.2 |
| Other | | | (1.2) | | | | (1.2) |
| Balance at November 24, 2024 | 117.2 | \$ | 2,261.0 | \$ | (218.9) | \$ 28.8 | \$ 2,070.9 |
| Balance at May 26, 2024 | 118.9 | \$ | 2,252.4 | \$ | (35.5) | \$ 25.6 | \$ 2,242.5 |
| Net earnings | _ | | _ | | 422.3 | _ | 422.3 |
| Other comprehensive income | _ | | _ | | _ | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| Dividends declared (\$2.80 per share) | _ | | _ | | (332.1) | _ | (332.1) |
| Stock option exercises | 0.2 | | 15.5 | | _ | _ | 15.5 |
| Stock-based compensation | _ | | 29.9 | | _ | _ | 29.9 |
| Repurchases of common stock | (2.1) | | (40.6) | | (273.6) | _ | (314.2) |
| Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan and other plans | 0.2 | | 6.3 | | _ | _ | 6.3 |
| Other | | | (2.5) | | | | (2.5) |
| Balance at November 24, 2024 | 117.2 | \$ | 2,261.0 | \$ | (218.9) | \$ 28.8 | \$ 2,070.9 |
| Balance at August 27, 2023 | 120.7 | 7 \$ | 2,256.8 | \$ | (124.8) | \$ 16.0 | \$ 2,148.0 |
| Net earnings | _ | - | _ | | 212.1 | _ | 212.1 |
| Other comprehensive income | _ | - | _ | | _ | 11.4 | 11.4 |
| Dividends declared (\$1.31 per share) | _ | - | _ | | (158.1) | _ | (158.1) |
| Stock option exercises | _ | - | 0.8 | | | _ | 0.8 |
| Stock-based compensation | _ | - | 5.5 | | _ | _ | 5.5 |
| Repurchases of common stock | (1.2) |) | (23.4) | | (157.6) | _ | (181.0) |
| Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan and other plans | _ | - | 2.8 | | _ | _ | 2.8 |
| Other | _ | - | (1.7) | | (0.1) | _ | (1.8) |
| Balance at November 26, 2023 | 119.5 | 5 \$ | 2,240.8 | \$ | (228.5) | \$ 27.4 | \$ 2,039.7 |
| Balance at May 28, 2023 | 121.1 | \$ | 2,230.8 | \$ | (32.5) | \$ 3.2 | \$ 2,201.5 |
| Net earnings | _ | - | _ | | 406.6 | _ | 406.6 |
| Other comprehensive income | _ | - | _ | | _ | 24.2 | 24.2 |
| Dividends declared (\$2.62 per share) | _ | - | _ | | (318.2) | _ | (318.2) |
| Stock option exercises | 0.2 | 2 | 20.2 | | _ | _ | 20.2 |
| Stock-based compensation | _ | - | 26.1 | | _ | _ | 26.1 |
| Repurchases of common stock | (2.1) |) | (39.6) | | (284.3) | _ | (323.9) |
| Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan and other plans | 0.3 | 3 | 5.7 | | _ | _ | 5.7 |
| Other | | | (2.4) | | (0.1) | | (2.5) |
| Balance at November 26, 2023 | 119.5 | 5 \$ | 2,240.8 | \$ | (228.5) | \$ 27.4 | \$ 2,039.7 |

DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In millions) (Unaudited)

| | | Six Months Ended | | |
|---|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Nov | ember 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | |
| Cash flows—operating activities | | | | |
| Net earnings | \$ | 422.3 | \$ 406.6 | |
| Losses from discontinued operations, net of tax | | 1.0 | 0.5 | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net earnings from continuing operations to cash flows: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 249.2 | 222.3 | |
| Impairments and disposal of assets, net | | 1.0 | 10.6 | |
| Stock-based compensation expense | | 48.9 | 43.8 | |
| Change in current assets and liabilities | | (55.5) | (58.4) | |
| Contributions to pension and postretirement plans | | (0.8) | (0.9) | |
| Deferred income taxes | | 17.5 | 7.8 | |
| Change in other assets and liabilities | | (12.6) | (17.5) | |
| Other, net | | (9.2) | (4.9) | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations | \$ | 661.8 | \$ 609.9 | |
| Cash flows—investing activities | | | | |
| Purchases of land, buildings and equipment | | (314.5) | (312.4) | |
| Proceeds from disposal of land, buildings and equipment | | | 2.0 | |
| Cash used in business acquisitions, net of cash acquired | | (613.7) | (699.9) | |
| Purchases of capitalized software and other assets | | (12.8) | (12.9) | |
| Other, net | | 1.7 | 0.3 | |
| Net cash used in investing activities of continuing operations | \$ | (939.3) | \$ (1,022.9) | |
| Cash flows—financing activities | | | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | | 21.8 | 25.9 | |
| Dividends paid | | (330.5) | (315.7) | |
| Repurchases of common stock | | (314.2) | (323.9) | |
| Proceeds from the issuance of commercial paper, net | | 188.4 | 350.0 | |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | | 750.0 | 1,100.0 | |
| Repayments of long-term debt | | _ | (600.0 | |
| Principal payments on finance leases | | (11.4) | (10.7) | |
| Tenant incentive cash received on finance leases | | 1.7 | 2.2 | |
| Payment of debt issuance costs | | (6.9) | (11.1) | |
| | \$ | ` / | \$ 216.7 | |
| Net cash provided by financing activities of continuing operations Cash flows—discontinued operations | Ψ | 270.7 | Ψ 210.7 | |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities of discontinued operations | | | | |
| | \$ | | <u> </u> | |
| Net cash (used in) provided by discontinued operations | <u>\$</u> | | <u></u> | |
| Transcription of the section of the | | 21.4 | (106.2) | |
| Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash | | 21.4 | (196.3) | |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash - beginning of period | | 220.1 | 416.2 | |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash - end of period | \$ | 241.5 | \$ 219.9 | |
| | Nov | rember 24, | November 26, | |
| Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash: | | 2024 | 2023 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 217.3 | | |
| Restricted cash included in prepaid expenses and other current assets | | 24.2 | 24.2 | |
| Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows | \$ | 241.5 | \$ 219.9 | |

DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (In millions) (Unaudited)

| | Six Month | s Ended |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 |
| Cash flows from changes in current assets and liabilities | | |
| Receivables, net | 2.8 | 8.3 |
| Inventories | (25.6) | (14.3) |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | (9.0) | (7.8) |
| Accounts payable | 2.6 | (7.7) |
| Accrued payroll | (1.9) | (5.3) |
| Prepaid/accrued income taxes | 2.7 | (18.7) |
| Other accrued taxes | 5.9 | 3.2 |
| Unearned revenues | (42.3) | (26.5) |
| Other current liabilities | 9.3 | 10.4 |
| Change in current assets and liabilities | \$ (55.5) | \$ (58.4) |

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

Darden Restaurants, Inc. (we, our, Darden or the Company) owns and operates full-service dining restaurants in the United States and Canada under the trade names Olive Garden®, LongHorn Steakhouse®, Cheddar's Scratch Kitchen®, Yard House®, Ruth's Chris Steak House® (Ruth's Chris), The Capital Grille®, Chuy's ®, Seasons 52®, Bahama Breeze®, Eddie V's Prime Seafood® (Eddie V's) and The Capital Burger®. As of November 24, 2024, through subsidiaries, we own and operate all of our restaurants in the United States and Canada, except for 2 joint venture restaurants managed by us, 4 managed locations operating under contractual agreements and 91 franchised restaurants. We also have 60 franchised restaurants in operation located in Latin America, the Caribbean, Asia, and the Middle East.

We have prepared these consolidated financial statements pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally presented in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and are of a normal recurring nature. We operate on a 52/53-week fiscal year which ends on the last Sunday in May. Our fiscal year ending May 25, 2025 will contain 52 weeks of operation. Operating results for interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the full fiscal year.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes to consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 26, 2024. We prepare our consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of sales and costs and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

We have reclassified certain amounts in prior-period financial statements to conform to the current period's presentation.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, which updates reportable segment disclosure requirements primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments should be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Management is currently evaluating this ASU to determine its impact on the Company's disclosures. We plan to adopt in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2025.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures, which updates income tax disclosures related to the rate reconciliation and requires disclosure of income taxes paid by jurisdiction. The amendments also provide further disclosure comparability. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments should be applied prospectively; however, retrospective application is permitted. Management is currently evaluating this ASU to determine its impact on the Company's disclosures. We plan to adopt in fiscal 2026.

In March 2024, the SEC adopted its final rules intended to enhance and standardize climate-related disclosures in registration statements and annual reports. The new rules will require disclosure of material climate-related risks, including disclosure of the Board of Directors' oversight and risk management activities, the material impacts of these risks to the Company and the quantification of material impacts to the Company as a result of severe weather events and other natural conditions. The rules also require disclosure of material greenhouse gas emissions and any material climate-related targets and goals. The new rules will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning in fiscal year 2026, except for the greenhouse gas emissions disclosures which will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning in fiscal year 2027. On April 4, 2024, the SEC issued a voluntary stay on its final rules pending multiple legal challenges. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of these new rules.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income-Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses, which requires detailed disclosure amounts for purchases of inventory, employee compensation, depreciation, intangible asset amortization, and depreciation, depletion and amortization as part of oil and gas producing activities in each relevant expense caption on the

income statement. The ASU requires companies to include amounts already required by GAAP in the same disclosure, provide a qualitative description of remaining amounts not separately disaggregated, and disclose the total selling expenses along with the definition of selling expenses in annual reports. The amendment is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026. Early adoption is permitted. The amendment should be applied prospectively; however retrospective application is permitted. Management is currently evaluating this ASU to determine its impact on the Company's disclosures. We plan to adopt in in fiscal 2028.

Note 2. Acquisition of Chuy's

On October 11, 2024, we acquired 100 percent of the equity interest of Chuy's Holdings, Inc (Chuy's Holdings) in an all-cash transaction of \$649.1 million in total consideration, net of \$35.3 million of cash on Chuy's Holdings balance sheet at closing. We financed the acquisition with a portion of the proceeds from the issuance of a \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.350 percent senior notes due 2027 (2027 Notes) and a \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.550 percent senior notes due 2029 (2029 Notes), which were issued on October 3, 2024. The 2027 Notes will mature on October 15, 2027 and the 2029 Notes will mature on October 15, 2029. Interest on the Notes will be paid semi-annually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, commencing on April 15, 2025, to holders of record on the preceding March 31 or September 30, as the case may be.

The acquired operations of Chuy's Holdings included 103 restaurants. The results of Chuy's operations are included in our consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition.

The assets and liabilities of Chuy's Holdings were recorded at their respective fair values as of the date of acquisition. We are in the process of confirming, through internal studies and third-party valuations, the fair value of these assets, including land, buildings and equipment, intangible assets, and income tax assets and liabilities. The fair values set forth below are based on preliminary valuations and are subject to adjustment as additional information is obtained. When the valuation process is completed, adjustments to goodwill may result.

The preliminary allocation of the purchase price is as follows:

| (in millions) | Balances at October 11, 2024 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3 |
| Other current assets | 1 |
| Land, buildings and equipment | 20 |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets | 33 |
| Trademark | 19 |
| Other assets | |
| Goodwill | |
| Total assets acquired | \$ 1,05 |
| Current liabilities | 3 |
| Deferred income taxes | 4 |
| Operating lease liabilities - non-current | 32 |
| Other liabilities | |
| Total liabilities assumed | \$ 40 |
| Net assets acquired | \$ 64 |
| · | |

The excess of the purchase price over the aggregate fair value of net assets acquired was allocated to goodwill in the amount of \$262.9 million. The portion of the purchase price attributable to goodwill represents benefits expected because of the acquisition, including sales and unit growth opportunities in addition to supply-chain and support-cost synergies. The trademark has an indefinite life based on the expected use of the asset and the regulatory and economic environment within which it is being used. The trademark represents a highly respected brand with positive connotations, and we intend to cultivate and protect the use of this brand. Goodwill and indefinite-lived trademarks are not amortized but are reviewed annually for impairment or more frequently if indicators of impairment exist. Buildings and equipment will be depreciated over a period of 1-30 years.

As a result of the acquisition and related integration efforts, we incurred expenses of approximately \$27.7 million and \$29.2 million during the quarter and six months ended November 24, 2024, which are included in general and administrative expenses and interest expense in our consolidated statements of earnings. Pro-forma financial information of the combined entities for periods prior to the acquisition is not presented due to the immaterial impact of the financial results of Chuy's on our consolidated financial statements.

Note 3. Revenue Recognition

Deferred revenue liabilities from contracts with customers included on our accompanying consolidated balance sheets was comprised of the following:

| (in millions) | | November 24, 2024 | N | May 26, 2024 | |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------|----|--------------|--|
| Unearned revenues | | | | | |
| Deferred gift card revenue | | \$ 576.9 | \$ | 620.6 | |
| Deferred gift card discounts | | (25.5) | | (29.5) | |
| Other | | 0.6 | | 0.7 | |
| Total | | \$ 552.0 | \$ | 591.8 | |
| | | | | | |
| Other liabilities | | | | | |
| Deferred franchise fees - non-current | | \$ 4.9 | \$ | 4.9 | |

The following table presents a rollforward of deferred gift card revenue.

| | Three Months Ended | | | | | Six Mon | ths Ended | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|-----------|----------------------|--|
| (in millions) | November 24, 2024 | | November 26, 2023 | | November 24, 2024 | | | November 26, 2023 | |
| Beginning balance | \$ | 579.5 | \$ | 563.4 | \$ | 620.6 | \$ | 537.0 | |
| Acquired deferred gift card revenue | | 2.6 | | _ | | 2.6 | | 61.8 | |
| Activations | | 131.0 | | 145.7 | | 253.4 | | 275.8 | |
| Redemptions and breakage | | (136.2) | | (128.4) | | (299.7) | | (293.9) | |
| Ending balance | \$ | 576.9 | \$ | 580.7 | \$ | 576.9 | \$ | 580.7 | |

Note 4. Additional Financial Information

Supplemental Balance Sheet Information

The components of lease assets and liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet were as follows:

| (in millions) | Balance Sheet Classification | ember 24, 2024 | May 26, 2024 | | |
|---|---|-------------------|--------------|---------|--|
| Operating lease right-of-use assets | Operating lease right-of-use assets | \$ 3,678.2 | \$ | 3,429.3 | |
| Finance lease right-of-use assets | Land, buildings and equipment, net | 1,209.0 | | 1,106.3 | |
| Total lease assets, net | | \$ 4,887.2 | \$ | 4,535.6 | |
| | | | | | |
| Operating lease liabilities - current | Other current liabilities | \$ 212.6 | \$ | 198.8 | |
| Finance lease liabilities - current | Other current liabilities | 15.7 | | 15.3 | |
| Operating lease liabilities - non-current | Operating lease liabilities - non-current | 3,939.1 | | 3,704.7 | |
| Finance lease liabilities - non-current | Other liabilities | 1,484.1 | | 1,357.1 | |
| Total lease liabilities | | \$ 5,651.5 | \$ | 5,275.9 | |

Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities¹

Net change in right-of-use assets mainly due to reclassification between categories upon modification

Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new finance lease liabilities

| Cash paid for interest and income taxes were as follows: | Six M | onths Ended |
|---|------------------|---------------------|
| (in millions) | November 24, 202 | 4 November 26, 2023 |
| Interest, net of amounts capitalized | \$ 79. | 7 \$ 63.4 |
| Income taxes, net of refunds | 28. | 8 63.4 |
| Non-cash investing and financing activities were as follows: | Six M | onths Ended |
| (in millions) | November 24, 202 | 4 November 26, 2023 |
| Increase in land, buildings and equipment through accrued purchases | \$ 39. | 6 \$ 60.5 |

349.6

85.4

50.4

315.5

55.7

5.8

We had restricted cash of \$24.2 million as of November 24, 2024 and \$25.3 million as of May 26, 2024, which represents cash held as security for a standby letter of credit. Restricted cash is included in Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets on our consolidated balance sheet. See Note 13, Commitments and Contingencies, for further details around standby letters of credit.

Note 5. Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate for continuing operations for the quarter ended November 24, 2024 was 12.3 percent compared to an effective income tax rate for the quarter ended November 26, 2023 of 12.1 percent. The increase in the tax rate is primarily driven by nondeductible transaction costs related to Chuy's. The effective income tax rate for continuing operations for the six months ended November 24, 2024 was 11.4 percent compared to an effective income tax rate for the six months ended November 26, 2023 of 12.4 percent. The decrease in the tax rate is primarily driven by the release of federal tax reserves and the favorable impact of mark to market hedges.

Included in our remaining balance of unrecognized tax benefits is \$2.0 million related to tax positions for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts could change within the next 12 months based on the outcome of examinations or as a result of the expiration of the statute of limitations for specific jurisdictions.

¹ Fiscal 2025 includes \$337.7 million from the acquisition of Chuy's and fiscal 2024 includes \$299.5 million from the acquisition of Ruth's Chris.

Note 6. Net Earnings per Share

Outstanding stock options, restricted stock and equity-settled performance stock units granted by us represent the only dilutive effect reflected in diluted weighted average shares outstanding, none of which impact the numerator of the diluted net earnings per share computation. Stock options, restricted stock and equity-settled performance stock units excluded from the calculation of diluted net earnings per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive, were as follows:

| | Three Mon | ths Ended | Six Month | ns Ended |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| (in millions) | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 |
| Anti-dilutive stock-based compensation awards | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

Note 7. Segment Information

We manage our restaurant brands, Olive Garden, LongHorn Steakhouse, Cheddar's Scratch Kitchen, Yard House, Ruth's Chris, The Capital Grille, Chuy's, Seasons 52, Bahama Breeze, Eddie V's, and The Capital Burger in North America as operating segments. The brands operate principally in the U.S. within full-service dining. We aggregate our operating segments into reportable segments based on a combination of the size, economic characteristics and subsegment of full-service dining within which each brand operates. We have four reportable segments: (1) Olive Garden, (2) LongHorn Steakhouse, (3) Fine Dining and (4) Other Business.

The Olive Garden segment includes the results of our company-owned Olive Garden restaurants in the U.S. and Canada. The LongHorn Steakhouse segment includes the results of our company-owned LongHorn Steakhouse restaurants in the U.S. The Fine Dining segment aggregates our premium brands that operate within the fine-dining sub-segment of full-service dining and includes the results of our company-owned Ruth's Chris, The Capital Grille and Eddie V's restaurants in the U.S. The Other Business segment aggregates our remaining brands and includes the results of our company-owned Cheddar's Scratch Kitchen, Yard House, Chuy's, Seasons 52, Bahama Breeze, and The Capital Burger restaurants in the U.S. and results from our franchise operations.

External sales are derived principally from food and beverage sales. We do not rely on any major customers as a source of sales, and the customers and long-lived assets of our reportable segments are predominantly in the U.S. There were no material transactions among reportable segments.

Our management uses segment profit as the measure for assessing performance of our segments. Segment profit includes revenues and expenses directly attributable to restaurant-level results of operations (sometimes referred to as restaurant-level earnings). These expenses include food and beverage costs, restaurant labor costs, restaurant expenses and marketing expenses (collectively "restaurant and marketing expenses"). Non-cash lease-related expenses included in restaurant expenses (which is a component of segment profit) and lease-related depreciation and amortization are reported at the corporate level as these are expenses for which our operating segments are not being evaluated. Additionally, our lease-related right-of-use assets are not managed or evaluated at the operating segment level, but rather at the corporate level.

The following tables reconcile our segment results to our consolidated results reported in accordance with GAAP.

(in millions)

| | | | LongHorn | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----------|----------------|-----------------|----|----------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| For the three months ended November 24, 2024 | Oli | ve Garden | Steakhouse | Fine Dining | О | ther Business ¹ | Corporate | Consolidated |
| Sales | \$ | 1,292.5 | \$ 710.1 | \$ 306.0 | \$ | 581.4 | \$ _ | \$ 2,890.0 |
| Restaurant and marketing expenses | | 1,015.4 | 575.9 | 253.3 | | 502.2 | (20.7) | 2,326.1 |
| Segment profit | \$ | 277.1 | \$ 134.2 | \$ 52.7 | \$ | 79.2 | \$ 20.7 | \$ 563.9 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ | 46.3 | \$ 20.6 | \$ 17.4 | \$ | 29.3 | \$ 14.1 | \$ 127.7 |
| Impairments and disposal of assets, net | | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ |

(in millions)

| For the six months ended November 24, 2024 | Oli | ve Garden | LongHorn Steakhouse | | Fine Dining | | Other Business ¹ | | Corporate | | Consolidated |
|--|-----|-----------|------------------------|----|-------------|----|-----------------------------|----|-----------|----|--------------|
| Sales | \$ | 2,501.6 | \$ 1,423.6 | \$ | 584.9 | \$ | 1,136.9 | \$ | _ | \$ | 5,647.0 |
| Restaurant and marketing expenses | | 1,975.5 | 1,161.8 | | 494.6 | | 974.0 | | (40.9) | | 4,565.0 |
| Segment profit | \$ | 526.1 | \$ 261.8 | \$ | 90.3 | \$ | 162.9 | \$ | 40.9 | \$ | 1,082.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ | 91.6 | \$ 40.9 | \$ | 34.2 | \$ | 55.0 | \$ | 27.5 | \$ | 249.2 |
| Impairments and disposal of assets, net | | _ | _ | | _ | | _ | | 1.0 | | 1.0 |
| Purchases of land, buildings and equipment | | 123.5 | 77.3 | | 50.8 | | 62.9 | | | | 314.5 |

¹ Includes Chuy's results from the date of acquisition (October 11, 2024) forward.

(in millions)

| For the three months ended November 26, 2023 | Oli | ve Garden | LongHorn Steakhouse | | ine Dining ² | Other Business | | | | C | Consolidated |
|--|-----|-----------|------------------------|----|-------------------------|-------------------|-------|----|--------|----|--------------|
| Sales | \$ | 1,251.4 | \$ 643.0 | \$ | 318.0 | \$ | 514.9 | | _ | \$ | 2,727.3 |
| Restaurant and marketing expenses | | 988.9 | 531.2 | | 261.4 | | 448.4 | | (15.9) | | 2,214.0 |
| Segment profit | \$ | 262.5 | \$ 111.8 | \$ | 56.6 | \$ | 66.5 | | 15.9 | \$ | 513.3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ | 40.5 | \$ 18.3 | \$ | 16.6 | \$ | 25.4 | \$ | 11.7 | \$ | 112.5 |
| Impairments and disposal of assets, net | | _ | 0.1 | | _ | | _ | | 7.4 | | 7.5 |

(in millions)

| For the six months ended November 26, 2023 | Oli | ve Garden | LongHorn Steakhouse | | Fine Dining ² | | Other Business | | Corporate | | Consolidated |
|--|-----|-----------|------------------------|----|--------------------------|----|-------------------|----|-----------|----|--------------|
| Sales | \$ | 2,479.3 | \$ 1,312.8 | \$ | 591.5 | \$ | 1,074.3 | \$ | _ | \$ | 5,457.9 |
| Restaurant and marketing expenses | | 1,954.5 | 1,083.6 | | 495.2 | | 923.5 | | (31.3) | | 4,425.5 |
| Segment profit | \$ | 524.8 | \$ 229.2 | \$ | 96.3 | \$ | 150.8 | \$ | 31.3 | \$ | 1,032.4 |
| | | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ | 80.1 | \$ 36.5 | \$ | 32.2 | \$ | 50.5 | \$ | 23.0 | \$ | 222.3 |
| Impairments and disposal of assets, net | | 0.2 | 0.1 | | | | _ | | 10.3 | | 10.6 |
| Purchases of land, buildings and equipment | | 135.6 | 69.9 | | 52.0 | | 52.3 | | 2.6 | | 312.4 |

² Includes Ruth's Chris results from the date of acquisition (June 14, 2023) forward.

A reconciliation of segment profit to earnings from continuing operations before income taxes is below.

| | | Three Mo | nths E | Inded | | Six Mon | ths E | Ended |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------|--------|---------|----------------------|---------|-------|----------------------|
| (in millions) | November 24, November 26, 2024 2023 | | | | November 24, 2024 | | | November 26, 2023 |
| Segment profit | \$ | 563.9 | \$ | 513.3 | \$ | 1,082.0 | \$ | 1,032.4 |
| Less general and administrative expenses | | (144.1) | | (114.8) | | (270.5) | | (268.1) |
| Less depreciation and amortization | | (127.7) | | (112.5) | | (249.2) | | (222.3) |
| Less impairments and disposal of assets, net | | _ | | (7.5) | | (1.0) | | (10.6) |
| Less interest, net | | (46.2) | | (37.1) | | (83.3) | | (66.8) |
| Earnings before income taxes | \$ | 245.9 | \$ | 241.4 | \$ | 478.0 | \$ | 464.6 |

Note 8. Impairments and Disposal of Assets, Net

Impairments and disposal of assets, net, in our accompanying consolidated statements of earnings were comprised of the following:

| | Three Mo | nths Ended | Six Mon | ths Ended | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| (in millions) | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | | |
| Restaurant impairments | \$ | \$ — | \$ | \$ 0.3 | | |
| Disposal (gains) losses | _ | 4.9 | 0.1 | 9.8 | | |
| Other | | 2.6 | 0.9 | 0.5 | | |
| Impairments and disposal of assets, net | \$ | \$ 7.5 | \$ 1.0 | \$ 10.6 | | |

Disposal (gains) losses for the six months ended November 24, 2024 were related to the closure of previously impaired locations. Restaurant impairments and disposal (gains) losses for the quarter ended November 26, 2023 were related to the decision to close one location and the write-off of acquired Ruth's Chris assets. Restaurant impairments and disposal (gains) losses for the six months ended November 26, 2023 were related to the decision to close five locations, sale of properties and the write-off of acquired Ruth's Chris assets. Other impacts for the six months ended November 24, 2024 were related to right-of-use asset adjustments on early lease terminations and product loss from a facility fire in our distribution network. Other impacts for the quarter and six months ended November 26, 2023 were related to right-of-use asset adjustments on early lease terminations and the write-off of capitalized software costs.

Note 9. Stockholders' Equity

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (AOCI)

The components of AOCI, net of tax, for the quarter and six months ended November 24, 2024 were as follows:

| (in millions) | Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment | | nrealized Gains (Losses) on Derivatives | Benefit Plan Funding Position | ccumulated Other Comprehensive Income |
|---|---|----|---|----------------------------------|---|
| Balance at August 25, 2024 | \$ 4.6 | \$ | 24.7 | \$ (3.4) | \$ 25.9 |
| Gain (loss) | _ | | 2.9 | _ | 2.9 |
| Reclassification realized in net earnings | | _ | (0.2) | 0.2 | _ |
| Balance at November 24, 2024 | \$ 4.6 | \$ | 27.4 | \$ (3.2) | \$ 28.8 |
| Balance at May 26, 2024 | \$ 4.6 | \$ | 24.5 | \$ (3.5) | \$ 25.6 |
| Gain (loss) | _ | | 3.3 | _ | 3.3 |
| Reclassification realized in net earnings | _ | | (0.4) | 0.3 | (0.1) |
| Balance at November 24, 2024 | \$ 4.6 | \$ | 27.4 | \$ (3.2) | \$ 28.8 |

The components of AOCI, net of tax, for the quarter and six months ended November 26, 2023 were as follows:

| (in millions) | Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment | | Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Derivatives | | enefit Plan ling Position | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | | |
|---|---|-----|--|------|----------------------------------|--|------|--|
| Balance at August 27, 2023 | \$ | 4.5 | \$ | 16.5 | \$ (5.0) | \$ | 16.0 | |
| Gain (loss) | | _ | | 10.7 | _ | | 10.7 | |
| Reclassification realized in net earnings | | | | 0.6 | 0.1 | | 0.7 | |
| Balance at November 26, 2023 | \$ | 4.5 | \$ | 27.8 | \$ (4.9) | \$ | 27.4 | |
| Balances at May 28, 2023 | \$ | 4.5 | \$ | 3.9 | \$ (5.2) | \$ | 3.2 | |
| Gain (loss) | | _ | | 23.2 | _ | | 23.2 | |
| Reclassification realized in net earnings | | | | 0.7 | 0.3 | | 1.0 | |
| Balance at November 26, 2023 | \$ | 4.5 | \$ | 27.8 | \$ (4.9) | \$ | 27.4 | |

The following table presents the amounts and line items in our consolidated statements of earnings where adjustments reclassified from AOCI into net earnings were recorded.

| | | | Am | ıou | nt Reclassified fro | m A | OCI into Net Earn | iing | S |
|--|---|-----|----------------------|------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------|
| | | | Three Mor | nths | s Ended | | Six Mont | ths | Ended |
| (in millions) AOCI Components | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings | Nov | November 24, 2024 | | November 26, 2023 | November 24, 2024 | | | November 26, 2023 |
| Derivatives | | | | | | | | | |
| Commodity contracts | (1) | \$ | (0.7) | \$ | (1.2) | \$ | (1.1) | \$ | (3.1) |
| Equity contracts | (2) | | _ | | _ | | (0.1) | | 1.3 |
| Interest rate contracts | (3) | | 0.8 | | 0.4 | | 1.7 | | 0.4 |
| Total before tax | | \$ | 0.1 | \$ | (0.8) | \$ | 0.5 | \$ | (1.4) |
| Tax (expense) benefit | | | 0.1 | | 0.2 | | (0.1) | | 0.7 |
| Net of tax | | \$ | 0.2 | \$ | (0.6) | \$ | 0.4 | \$ | (0.7) |
| Benefit plan funding position | | | | | | | | | |
| Recognized net actuarial loss - pension/postretirement plans | (4) | \$ | _ | \$ | (0.1) | \$ | _ | \$ | (0.1) |
| Recognized net actuarial gain (loss) - other plans | (4) | | (0.2) | | (0.1) | | (0.4) | | (0.3) |
| Total before tax | | \$ | (0.2) | \$ | (0.2) | \$ | (0.4) | \$ | (0.4) |
| Tax (expense) benefit | | | | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | | 0.1 |
| Net of tax | | \$ | (0.2) | \$ | (0.1) | \$ | (0.3) | \$ | (0.3) |

- (1) Primarily included in food and beverage costs and restaurant expenses. See Note 11 for additional details.
- (2) Included in general and administrative expenses. See Note 11 for additional details.
- (3) Included in interest, net on our consolidated statement of earnings.
- (4) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit costs, which is a component of general and administrative expenses.

Note 10. Stock-Based Compensation

We grant stock options for a fixed number of shares to certain employees with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the shares at the date of grant. We also grant restricted stock, restricted stock units and performance stock units with a fair value

generally determined based on our closing stock price on the date of grant. In addition, we grant cash-settled stock units (Darden stock units) which are classified as liabilities and are marked to market as of the end of each period.

The weighted-average fair value of non-qualified stock options and the related assumptions used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model for options granted during the periods presented, were as follows:

| | | Six Mont | hs Ended | |
|---|-------|--------------|----------|---------------|
| | Novem | ber 24, 2024 | Noven | nber 26, 2023 |
| Weighted-average fair value | \$ | 44.79 | \$ | 55.56 |
| Dividend yield | | 3.6 % | | 3.4 % |
| Expected volatility of stock | | 40.8 % | | 42.2 % |
| Risk-free interest rate | | 4.1 % | | 4.0 % |
| Expected option life (in years) | | 6.3 | | 5.9 |
| Weighted-average exercise price per share | \$ | 139.43 | \$ | 169.02 |

The weighted-average grant date fair value of market-based performance stock units and the related assumptions used in the Monte Carlo simulation to record stock-based compensation for units granted during the periods presented, were as follows:

| | Six Mon | ths Ended |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 |
| Dividend yield (1) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Expected volatility of stock | 26.5 % | 32.3 % |
| Risk-free interest rate | 4.2 % | 4.5 % |
| Expected life (in years) | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Weighted-average grant date fair value per unit | \$ 181.65 | \$ 217.11 |

(1) Assumes a reinvestment of dividends.

The following table presents a summary of our stock-based compensation activity for the six months ended November 24, 2024.

| (in millions) | Stock Options | Restricted Stock/ Restricted Stock Units | Equity-Settled Performance Stock Units | Cash-Settled Darden Stock Units |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Outstanding beginning of period | 1.34 | 0.26 | 0.35 | 0.76 |
| Awards granted | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.11 | 0.18 |
| Awards granted performance impact | _ | _ | 0.02 | _ |
| Awards exercised/vested | (0.20) | (0.06) | (0.15) | (0.26) |
| Awards forfeited | <u> </u> | | | (0.01) |
| Outstanding end of period | 1.31 | 0.27 | 0.33 | 0.67 |

We recognized expense from stock-based compensation as follows:

| | Three N | Ionths Ended | Six Mor | ths End | led | |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------|----------------------|-----|--------------------|
| (in millions) | November 24, 2024 | Novemb 202 | | November 24, 2024 | No | vember 26, 2023 |
| Stock options | \$ 0. | 9 \$ | 0.9 | \$ 5.7 | \$ | 5.1 |
| Restricted stock/restricted stock units | 1. | 4 | 1.3 | 6.9 | | 5.9 |
| Equity-settled performance stock units | 2. | 2 | 2.1 | 14.7 | | 12.6 |
| Cash-settled Darden stock units | 8. | 4 | 7.9 | 19.0 | | 17.7 |
| Employee stock purchase plan | 0. | 8 | 0.7 | 1.6 | | 1.4 |
| Director compensation program/other | 0. | 5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | | 1.1 |
| Total stock-based compensation expense | \$ 14. | 2 \$ | 13.4 | \$ 48.9 | \$ | 43.8 |

Note 11. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

We enter into derivative instruments for risk management purposes only, including derivatives designated as hedging instruments as provided by FASB ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and those utilized as economic hedges. We use financial derivatives to manage interest rate, commodity and compensation risks inherent in our business operations. Cash flows related to derivatives are included in operating activities.

By using these instruments, we expose ourselves, from time to time, to credit risk and market risk. Credit risk is the failure of the counterparty to perform under the terms of the derivative contract. When the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, the counterparty owes us, which creates credit risk for us. We minimize this credit risk by entering into transactions with high quality counterparties. Market risk is the adverse effect on the value of a financial instrument that results from a change in interest rates, commodity prices, or the market price of our common stock. We minimize this market risk by establishing and monitoring parameters that limit the types and degree of market risk that may be undertaken.

We designate commodity contracts and equity forward contracts as cash flow hedging instruments. We have one interest rate swap agreement, which is designated as a fair value hedge of the related debt. During the first quarter of fiscal 2025, we entered into a contract designated as a cash flow hedge of the benchmark interest rate on the debt expected to be issued during the second quarter of fiscal 2025. Upon issuance of the debt, we settled this contract which resulted in a \$1.9 million loss recorded as a component of interest expense due to the immateriality of the loss. Further, we entered into equity forward contracts to hedge the risk of changes in future cash flows associated with recognized, employee-directed investments in our common stock within the non-qualified deferred compensation plan. We did not elect hedge accounting with the expectation that changes in the fair value of the equity forward contracts would offset changes in the fair value of our common stock investments in the non-qualified deferred compensation plan.

The notional and fair values of our derivative contracts were as follows:

| | | | | | | | | Fair | Valu | ies | | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|----|--------------------|----|---------------------|-----|-----------------|------|---------------------|-------|-----------------|
| in millions, except per share data) | Number of Shares Outstanding | Weighted- Average Per Share Forward Rates | | Iotional Values | | Derivative | Ass | ets (1) | | Derivative L | iabil | lities (1) |
| | Nov | ember 24, 202 | 4 | | No | ovember 24, 2024 | | May 26, 2024 | N | ovember 24, 2024 | | May 26, 2024 |
| Equity forwards: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Designated | 0.2 | \$143.83 | \$ | 33.0 | \$ | 0.2 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 0.8 |
| Not designated | 0.4 | 135.67 | | 52.4 | | 0.4 | | _ | | _ | | 2.4 |
| Total equity forwards (2) | | | | | \$ | 0.6 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 3.2 |
| Commodity contracts: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Designated | N/A | N/A | \$ | 11.7 | \$ | _ | \$ | 0.1 | \$ | 1.3 | \$ | 0.7 |
| Not designated | N/A | N/A | | | | _ | | | | _ | | _ |
| Total commodity contracts (3) | | | | | \$ | _ | \$ | 0.1 | \$ | 1.3 | \$ | 0.7 |
| nterest rate related | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Designated - Fair Value Hedge | N/A | N/A | \$ | 300.0 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 45.1 | | 51.8 |
| Not designated | N/A | N/A | | | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Total interest rate related | | | | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 45.1 | \$ | 51.8 |
| Total derivative contracts | | | | | \$ | 0.6 | \$ | 0.1 | \$ | 46.4 | \$ | 55.7 |

⁽¹⁾ Derivative assets and liabilities are included in receivables, net and other current liabilities, as applicable, on our consolidated balance sheets.

⁽²⁾ Designated and undesignated equity forwards extend through July 2028.

⁽³⁾ Commodity contracts extend through June 2025.

The effects of derivative instruments accounted for as cash flow hedging instruments in the consolidated statements of earnings were as follows:

| | | υ, | , | | | | _ | |
|-------------------|-------|--|------------|---|----|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Amour | nt of Gain (Loss |) Recogniz | Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI t Earnings Three Months Ended | | | | |
| | | Three Mor | nths Ended | | | | | |
| (in millions) | | November 24, 2024 | | | | ember 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | |
| Equity (1) | \$ | 3.0 | \$ | (0.9) | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| Commodity (2) | | (0.4) | | (1.6) | | (0.7) | | (1.2) |
| Interest rate (3) | | 0.3 | | 17.0 | | 0.8 | | 0.4 |
| Total | \$ | \$ 2.9 | | 14.5 | \$ | 0.1 | \$ | (0.8) |
| | Amour | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI | | | | | eclassifie ings | d from AOCI to |
| | | Six Mont | hs Ended | | | Six Mont | ths Ended | |
| (in millions) | | ember 24, 2024 | | ember 26, 2023 | | ember 24, 2024 | Nov | vember 26, 2023 |
| Equity (1) | \$ | 4.7 | \$ | (3.1) | \$ | (0.1) | \$ | 1.3 |
| Commodity (2) | | (1.8) | | 0.1 | | (1.1) | | (3.1) |
| Interest rate (3) | | | | 34.9 | | 1.7 | | 0.4 |
| Total | \$ | 2.9 | \$ | 31.9 | \$ | 0.5 | \$ | (1.4) |

- (1) Location of the gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI to earnings is general and administrative expenses.
- (2) Location of the gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI to earnings is food and beverage costs and restaurant expenses.
- (3) Location of the gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI to earnings is interest, net.

The effects of derivative instruments in fair value hedging relationships in the consolidated statement of earnings were as follows:

| | | (Loss) on Der | | gnized in Earnings es | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings Related Hedged Item | | | | |
|----------------------|---|------------------|--------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | Th | ree Mo | nths E | Inded | | Three Mor | ths 1 | Ended | |
| (in millions) | November 2 2024 | 4, | | November 26, 2023 | November 24, 2024 | | | November 26, 2023 | |
| Interest rate (1)(2) | \$ (7.9) \$ | | | (0.7) | \$ | 7.9 | \$ | 0.7 | |
| | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives | | | | | f Gain (Loss) R Related He | | gnized in Earnings on d Item | |
| | S | ix Mon | ths Er | ided | | nded | | | |
| (in millions) | November 24, 2024 | | | November 26, 2023 | November 24, 2024 | | November 26, 2023 | | |
| Interest rate (1)(2) | \$ 6.7 | | \$ | (7.6) | \$ (6.7) | | | 7.6 | |

- (1) Location of the gain (loss) recognized in earnings on derivatives and related hedged item is interest, net.
- (2) Hedged item in fair value hedge relationship is debt.

The effects of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments in the consolidated statements of earnings were as follows:

| | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (in millions) | Three Mon | ths Ended | Six Months Ended | | | | | | | |
| | November 24, | November 26, | | | | | | | | |
| Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives | 2024 | 2023 | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | | | | | | |
| General and administrative expenses | 5.1 | 0.6 | 7.6 | 0.5 | | | | | | |

Based on the fair value of our derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges as of November 24, 2024, we expect to reclassify \$3.5 million of net gains on derivative instruments from AOCI to earnings during the next 12 months based on the maturity of our contracts. However, the amounts ultimately realized in earnings may change and will be dependent on the fair value of the contracts on the respective settlement dates.

Note 12. Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of cash equivalents, receivables, net, accounts payable and short-term debt approximate their carrying amounts due to their short duration or market based interest rates.

The following tables summarize the fair values of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of November 24, 2024 and May 26, 2024.

Items Measured at Fair Value at November 24, 2024

| (in millions) | | Fair value of assets (liabilities) | Quoted prices in active market for identical assets (liabilities) (Level 1) | Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) |
|--|-----|--|--|---|--|
| Derivatives: | | | | | |
| Commodities futures, swaps & options | (1) | \$ (1.3) | \$ | \$ (1.3) | \$ |
| Equity forwards | (2) | 0.6 | _ | 0.6 | \$ _ |
| Interest rate swaps - fair value hedge | (3) | (45.1) | _ | (45.1) | _ |
| Total | | \$ (45.8) | \$ _ | \$ (45.8) | \$ _ |

Items Measured at Fair Value at May 26, 2024

| (in millions) | | Fair value of assets (liabilities) | ide (| uoted prices in active market for entical assets (liabilities) (Level 1) | Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) | |
|--|-----|--|----------|---|---|--|---|
| Derivatives: | | | | | | | |
| Commodities futures, swaps & options | (1) | \$ (0.6) | \$ | _ | \$ (0.6) | \$ - | |
| Equity forwards | (2) | (3.2) | | _ | (3.2) | = | _ |
| Interest rate swaps - fair value hedge | (3) | (51.8) | | _ | (51.8) | - | |
| Total | | \$ (55.6) | \$ | _ | \$ (55.6) | \$ - | |

- (1) The fair value of our commodities futures, swaps and options is based on closing market prices of the contracts, inclusive of the risk of nonperformance.
- (2) The fair value of equity forwards is based on the closing market value of Darden stock, inclusive of the risk of nonperformance.
- (3) The fair value of our interest rate swap agreements is based on current and expected market interest rates, inclusive of the risk of nonperformance.

The carrying value and fair value of long-term debt as of November 24, 2024, was \$2.12 billion and \$2.13 billion, respectively. The carrying value and fair value of long-term debt as of May 26, 2024, was \$1.37 billion. The fair value of long-term debt, classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, is determined based on market prices or, if market prices are not available, the present value of the underlying cash flows discounted at our incremental borrowing rates.

The fair value of non-financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis, classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, is determined based on third-party market appraisals. As of November 24, 2024 and May 26, 2024, adjustments to the fair values of non-financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis, classified as Level 2, were not material.

The fair value of non-financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis, classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy, is determined based on appraisals, sales prices of comparable assets, or estimates of discounted future cash flows. As of November 24, 2024, adjustments to the fair values of non-financial assets, classified as Level 3, were not material. As of May 26, 2024, long-lived assets held and used with a carrying amount of \$4.8 million, primarily related to three underperforming restaurants, were determined to have a fair value of \$1.5 million resulting in an impairment charge of \$3.3 million.

Note 13. Commitments and Contingencies

As collateral for performance on contracts and as credit guarantees to banks and insurers, we are contingently liable for guarantees of subsidiary obligations under standby letters of credit. As of November 24, 2024 and May 26, 2024, we had \$94.5 million and \$79.5 million, respectively, of standby letters of credit related to workers' compensation and general liabilities accrued in our consolidated financial statements. As of November 24, 2024 and May 26, 2024, we had \$16.3 million and \$16.8 million, respectively, of surety bonds related to other payments. Most surety bonds are renewable annually.

As of November 24, 2024 and May 26, 2024, we had \$75.7 million and \$71.0 million, respectively, of guarantees associated with leased properties that have been assigned to third parties, primarily related to our disposition of Red Lobster in fiscal 2015. These amounts represent the maximum potential amount of future payments under the guarantees. The fair value of the maximum potential future payments discounted at our weighted-average cost of capital as of November 24, 2024 and May 26, 2024, amounted to \$60.5 million and \$57.7 million, respectively. In the event of default by a third party, the indemnity and default clauses in our assignment agreements govern our ability to recover from and pursue the third party for damages incurred as a result of its default. We do not hold any third-party assets as collateral related to these assignment agreements, except to the extent that the assignment allows us to repossess the building and personal property. The liability recorded for our expected credit losses under these leases as of May 26, 2024 was \$10.6 million. These guarantees expire over their respective lease terms, which range from fiscal 2025 through fiscal 2034.

We are subject to private lawsuits, administrative proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of our business. A number of these lawsuits, proceedings and claims may exist at any given time. These matters typically involve claims from guests, employees and others related to operational issues common to the restaurant industry, and can also involve infringement of, or challenges to, our trademarks. While the resolution of a lawsuit, proceeding or claim may have an impact on our financial results for the period in which it is resolved, we believe that the final disposition of the lawsuits, proceedings and claims in which we are currently involved, either individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

Note 14. Subsequent Events

On December 18, 2024, the Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$1.40 per share payable on February 3, 2025 to all shareholders of record as of the close of business on January 10, 2025.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The discussion and analysis below for the Company, which contains forward-looking statements, should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the notes to such financial statements included elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q (Form 10-Q) and the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 26, 2024 (Form 10-K). In addition to historical consolidated financial information, this discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates, and beliefs and involve numerous risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those described in the "Item 1A. Risk Factors" section of the Form 10-K. Actual results may differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. You should carefully read "Forward-Looking Statements" included below in this Form 10-Q.

To facilitate review of our discussion and analysis, the following table sets forth our financial results for the periods indicated. All information is derived from the unaudited consolidated statements of earnings for the three and six months ended November 24, 2024 and November 26, 2023.

| | Three Months Ended | | | | | | Six Months Ended | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|----|---------------------|-------|----|---------------------|----|----------------------|--------|--|--|
| (in millions) | No | ovember 24, 2024 | No | ovember 26, 2023 | % Chg | N | ovember 24, 2024 | N | lovember 26, 2023 | % Chg | | |
| Sales | \$ | 2,890.0 | \$ | 2,727.3 | 6.0% | \$ | 5,647.0 | \$ | 5,457.9 | 3.5% | | |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Food and beverage | | 872.8 | | 845.8 | 3.2 | | 1,719.5 | | 1,696.8 | 1.3 | | |
| Restaurant labor | | 926.8 | | 880.9 | 5.2 | | 1,816.1 | | 1,756.2 | 3.4 | | |
| Restaurant expenses | | 477.7 | | 450.4 | 6.1 | | 935.9 | | 897.0 | 4.3 | | |
| Marketing expenses | | 48.8 | | 36.9 | 32.2 | | 93.5 | | 75.5 | 23.8 | | |
| General and administrative expenses | | 144.1 | | 114.8 | 25.5 | | 270.5 | | 268.1 | 0.9 | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 127.7 | | 112.5 | 13.5 | | 249.2 | | 222.3 | 12.1 | | |
| Impairments and disposal of assets, net | | _ | | 7.5 | NM | | 1.0 | | 10.6 | (90.6) | | |
| Total costs and expenses | \$ | 2,597.9 | \$ | 2,448.8 | 6.1 | \$ | 5,085.7 | \$ | 4,926.5 | 3.2 | | |
| Operating income | | 292.1 | | 278.5 | 4.9 | | 561.3 | | 531.4 | 5.6 | | |
| Interest, net | | 46.2 | | 37.1 | 24.5 | | 83.3 | | 66.8 | 24.7 | | |
| Earnings before income taxes | | 245.9 | | 241.4 | 1.9 | \$ | 478.0 | \$ | 464.6 | 2.9 | | |
| Income tax expense (1) | | 30.2 | | 29.1 | 3.8 | | 54.7 | | 57.5 | (4.9) | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$ | 215.7 | \$ | 212.3 | 1.6 | \$ | 423.3 | \$ | 407.1 | 4.0 | | |
| Losses from discontinued operations, net of tax | | (0.6) | | (0.2) | NM | | (1.0) | | (0.5) | 100.0 | | |
| Net earnings | \$ | 215.1 | \$ | 212.1 | 1.4% | \$ | 422.3 | \$ | 406.6 | 3.9% | | |
| Diluted net earnings per share: | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$ | 1.82 | \$ | 1.76 | 3.4% | \$ | 3.57 | \$ | 3.35 | 6.6% | | |
| Losses from discontinued operations | | _ | | _ | _ | | (0.01) | | _ | NM | | |
| Net earnings | \$ | 1.82 | \$ | 1.76 | 3.4% | \$ | 3.56 | \$ | 3.35 | 6.3% | | |
| (1) Effective tax rate | | 12.3 % | | 12.1 % | | | 11.4 % | | 12.4 % | | | |

NM- Percentage not considered meaningful.

The following table details the number of company-owned restaurants currently reported in continuing operations that were open at the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2025, compared with the number open at the end of fiscal 2024 and the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2024.

| | November 24, 2024 | May 26, 2024 | November 26, 2023 |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Olive Garden | 925 | 920 | 912 |
| LongHorn Steakhouse | 580 | 575 | 566 |
| Cheddar's Scratch Kitchen | 181 | 181 | 182 |
| Chuy's ¹ | 104 | _ | _ |
| Yard House | 88 | 88 | 87 |
| Ruth's Chris | 82 | 80 | 78 |
| The Capital Grille | 70 | 66 | 64 |
| Seasons 52 | 45 | 44 | 44 |
| Bahama Breeze | 43 | 43 | 42 |
| Eddie V's | 30 | 30 | 31 |
| The Capital Burger | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Total | 2,152 | 2,031 | 2,010 |

¹Includes 103 Chuy's locations acquired on October 11, 2024

OVERVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Financial Highlights - Consolidated

- Total sales increased 6.0 percent and 3.5 percent to \$2.89 billion and \$5.65 billion for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2025 compared to \$2.73 billion and \$5.46 billion for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2024 driven by sales from 142 net new restaurants, including the acquisition of 103 Chuy's restaurants on October 11, 2024, and blended same-restaurant sales increase of 2.4 percent¹ and 0.7 percent.¹
- Our net earnings from continuing operations were \$215.7 million and \$423.3 million for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2025 compared to \$212.3 million and \$407.1 million for the second quarter and six months of fiscal 2024.
- Reported diluted net earnings per share from continuing operations were \$1.82 and \$3.57 for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2025 compared to \$1.76 and \$3.35 for the second quarter and six months of fiscal 2024.

Outlook

On October 11, 2024, we acquired 100 percent of the equity interest of Chuy's Holdings, Inc. (Chuy's Holdings) in an all-cash transaction of \$649.1 million in total consideration, net of \$35.3 million of cash on Chuy's Holdings balance sheet at closing. We financed the acquisition with a portion of the proceeds from the issuance of a \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.350 percent senior notes due 2027 (2027 Notes) and a \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.550 percent senior notes due 2029 (2029 Notes), which were issued on October 3, 2024. The 2027 Notes will mature on October 15, 2027 and the 2029 Notes will mature on October 15, 2029. Interest on the Notes will be paid semi-annually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, commencing on April 15, 2025, to holders of record on the preceding March 31 or September 30, as the case may be.

During the second quarter of fiscal 2025, we entered into an exclusive multi-year delivery arrangement with Uber Technologies, Inc. (Uber). The agreement will enable our guests to order on-demand delivery via Darden restaurant channels, with delivery handled by Uber Direct, through Uber's national delivery network. The pilot of first-party delivery for approximately 100 Olive Garden locations began during the second quarter of fiscal 2025, with further rollouts expected in the third quarter of fiscal 2025.

¹ Same-restaurant sales results exclude Chuy's as they have not yet been owned and operated by Darden for a 16-month period and includes Ruth's Chris for the month of November only.

We expect sales for fiscal 2025 to be approximately \$12.1 billion, same-restaurant sales growth of approximately 1.5 percent¹ and approximately 50 to 55 new restaurant openings. Additionally, we expect capital expenditures incurred to build new restaurants, remodel and maintain existing restaurants and for technology initiatives to be approximately \$650 million. These amounts now all include the addition of Chuy's and our expectations for Chuy's results from the date of acquisition forward.

¹ Same-restaurant sales exclude Ruth's Chris and Chuy's as they were not owned and operated by Darden for a 16-month period at the beginning of the fiscal year.

SALES

The following table presents our sales by segment for the periods indicated.

| | Three Months Ended | | | | | | Six Months Ended | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------|---------|----|----------------------|----------------------|--------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| (in millions) | No | ovember 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | % Chg | SRS (1) | N | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | % Chg | SRS (1) | | | | |
| Olive Garden | \$ | 1,292.5 \$ | 1,251.4 | 3.3 % | 2.0 % | \$ | 2,501.6 | \$ 2,479.3 | 0.9 % | (0.4)% | | | | |
| LongHorn Steakhouse | \$ | 710.1 \$ | 643.0 | 10.4 % | 7.5 % | \$ | 1,423.6 | \$ 1,312.8 | 8.4 % | 5.6 % | | | | |
| Fine Dining | \$ | 306.0 \$ | 318.0 | (3.8)% | (5.8)% | \$ | 584.9 | \$ 591.5 | (1.1)% | (5.8)% | | | | |
| Other Business | \$ | 581.4 \$ | 514.9 | 12.9 % | 0.7 % | \$ | 1,136.9 | \$ 1,074.3 | 5.8 % | (0.6)% | | | | |

(1) Same-restaurant sales is a year-over-year comparison of each period's sales volumes for a 52-week year and is limited to restaurants that have been open, and operated by Darden, for at least 16 months. Accordingly, Chuy's results will not be included in this calculation until the fourth quarter of fiscal 2026 and Ruth's Chris results are included for fiscal 2025 November only.

Olive Garden's sales increase for the second quarter of fiscal 2025 was primarily driven by same-restaurant sales increases, as well as revenue from new restaurants. The increase in U.S. same-restaurant sales for the second quarter of fiscal 2025 resulted from a 3.7 percent increase in average check, which includes a 0.6 percent increase in off premise catering sales, partially offset by a 1.6 percent decrease in same-restaurant guest counts. Olive Garden's sales increase for the six months of fiscal 2025 was primarily driven by revenue from new restaurants offset by same-restaurant sales decreases. The decrease in U.S. same restaurant sales for the six months of fiscal 2025 resulted from a 3.6 percent decrease in same-restaurant guest counts, partially offset by a 3.3 percent increase in average check.

LongHorn Steakhouse's sales increase for the second quarter and six months of fiscal 2025 was primarily driven by same-restaurant sales increases combined with revenue from new restaurants. The increase in same-restaurant sales for the second quarter of fiscal 2025 resulted from a 4.3 percent increase in same-restaurant guest counts, combined with a 3.1 percent increase in average check. The increase in same restaurant sales for the six months of fiscal 2025 resulted from a 3.0 percent increase in average check combined with a 2.5 percent increase in same-restaurant guest counts.

Fine Dining's sales decrease for the second quarter and six months of fiscal 2025 was primarily driven by same-restaurant sales decreases, combined with a decrease in same-restaurant guest counts. The decrease in same-restaurant sales for the second quarter of fiscal 2025 resulted from a 8.3 percent decrease in same-restaurant guest counts, offset by a 2.7 percent increase in average check. The decrease in same restaurant sales for the six months of fiscal 2025 resulted from a 8.7 percent decrease in same-restaurant guest counts, partially offset by a 3.1 percent increase in average check.

Other Business' sales increase for the second quarter and six months of fiscal 2025 was primarily driven by the addition of Chuy's operating results and revenue from new restaurants. The increase in same-restaurant sales for the second quarter of fiscal 2025 resulted from a 2.7 percent increase in average check, offset by a 2.0 percent decrease in same-restaurant guest counts. The decrease in same restaurant sales for the six months of fiscal 2025 resulted from a 2.9 percent decrease in same-restaurant guest counts, partially offset by a 2.4 percent increase in average check.

COSTS AND EXPENSES

The following table sets forth selected operating data as a percent of sales for the periods indicated. All information is derived from the unaudited consolidated statements of earnings for the quarters ended November 24, 2024 and November 26, 2023.

| | Three Mon | Three Months Ended | | ns Ended |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 |
| Sales | 100.0 % | 100.0 % | 100.0 % | 100.0 % |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | |
| Food and beverage | 30.2 | 31.0 | 30.4 | 31.1 |
| Restaurant labor | 32.1 | 32.3 | 32.2 | 32.2 |
| Restaurant expenses | 16.5 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 16.4 |
| Marketing expenses | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| General and administrative expenses | 5.0 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.1 |
| Impairments and disposal of assets, net | | 0.3 | | 0.2 |
| Total operating costs and expenses | 89.9 % | 89.8 % | 90.1 % | 90.3 % |
| Operating income | 10.1 | 10.2 | 9.9 | 9.7 |
| Interest, net | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| Earnings before income taxes | 8.5 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 8.5 |
| Income tax expense | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Earnings from continuing operations | 7.5 % | 7.8 % | 7.5 % | 7.5 % |

Quarter Ended November 24, 2024 Compared to Quarter Ended November 26, 2023

- Food and beverage costs decreased as a percent of sales primarily due to a 0.9% impact from pricing leverage, a 0.2% impact from cost savings and a 0.1% impact from inflation, partially offset by a 0.3% impact from mix and other.
- Restaurant labor costs decreased as a percent of sales primarily due to a 0.5% impact from sales leverage, a 0.7% impact from salary and benefits and a 0.2% productivity improvement, partially offset by a 1.2% impact from inflation.
- Restaurant expenses remained flat as a percent of sales primarily due to a 0.2% impact from sales leverage and a 0.2% related to other, partially offset by a 0.4% impact from inflation.
- Marketing expenses increased as a percent of sales primarily due to increased marketing and media spend.
- General and administrative expenses increased as a percent of sales primarily due to a 0.7% impact from Chuy's transaction and integration costs incurred during the second quarter of fiscal 2025 offset by Ruth's Chris during the second quarter of fiscal 2024, a 0.2% impact from mark to market adjustments and a 0.1% impact from inflation, partially offset by a 0.2% impact from sales leverage.
- Depreciation and amortization expenses increased as a percent of sales primarily due to the acquisition of Chuy's as well as incremental depreciation on new restaurants and other capital investments.
- Impairment and disposal of assets, net decreased as a percent of sales primarily due to the write-off of acquired Ruth's Chris assets in the prior year.

Six Months Ended November 24, 2024 Compared to Six Months Ended November 26, 2023

- Food and beverage costs decreased as a percent of sales primarily due to a 0.9% impact from pricing leverage and a 0.2% impact from cost savings, partially offset by a 0.5% impact from mix and other.
- Restaurant labor costs remained flat as a percent of sales primarily due to a 0.4% impact from sales leverage, a 0.6% impact from salary and benefits and a 0.2% impact from productivity improvement, partially offset by a 1.2% impact from inflation.
- Restaurant expenses increased as a percent of sales primarily due to a 0.4% impact from inflation, partially offset by a 0.2% impact from sales leverage and a 0.1% impact related to other.

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- · Marketing expenses increased as a percent of sales primarily due to increased marketing and media spend.
- General and administrative expenses decreased as a percent of sales primarily due to a 0.2% impact from incentive pay, a 0.2% impact from sales leverage, and a 0.1% impact from transaction and integration costs in the first six months of fiscal 2024 related to the Ruth's Chris acquisition offset by Chuy's in fiscal 2025, partially offset by a 0.2% impact from mark to market adjustments, and a 0.2% impact from inflation.
- Depreciation and amortization expenses increased as a percent of sales primarily due to the acquisition of Chuy's as well as incremental depreciation on new restaurants and other capital investments.
- Impairment and disposal of assets, net decreased as a percent of sales primarily due to the write-off of acquired Ruth's Chris assets in the prior year.

INTEREST EXPENSE

Net interest expense increased as a percent of sales for the second quarter and the first six months of fiscal 2025 primarily due to financing related to the Chuy's acquisition. See Liquidity and Capital Resources for a description of our senior notes issuance to finance the Chuy's acquisition.

INCOME TAXES

The effective income tax rate for continuing operations for the quarter ended November 24, 2024 was 12.3 percent compared to an effective income tax rate for the quarter ended November 26, 2023 of 12.1 percent. The increase in the tax rate is primarily driven by nondeductible transaction costs related to Chuy's. The effective income tax rate for continuing operations for the six ended November 24, 2024 was 11.4 percent compared to an effective income tax rate for the six months ended November 26, 2023 of 12.4 percent. The decrease in the tax rate is primarily driven by the release of federal tax reserves and the favorable impact of mark to market hedges.

LOSSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On an after-tax basis, losses from discontinued operations for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2025 were \$0.6 million (\$0.00 per diluted share) and \$1.0 million (\$0.01 per diluted share) compared with losses from discontinued operations for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2024 of \$0.2 million (\$0.00 per diluted share) and \$0.5 million (\$0.00 per diluted share).

SEGMENT RESULTS

We manage our restaurant brands, Olive Garden, LongHorn Steakhouse, Cheddar's Scratch Kitchen, Yard House, Ruth's Chris, The Capital Grille, Chuy's, Seasons 52, Bahama Breeze, Eddie V's and The Capital Burger in North America as operating segments. We aggregate our operating segments into reportable segments based on a combination of the size, economic characteristics and sub-segment of full-service dining within which each brand operates. Our four reportable segments are: (1) Olive Garden, (2) LongHorn Steakhouse, (3) Fine Dining and (4) Other Business (see Note 7 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of Form 10-Q).

Our management uses segment profit as the measure for assessing performance of our segments. The following table presents segment profit margin 1 for the periods indicated.

| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|
| Segment | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | Change | November 24, 2024 | November 26, 2023 | Change |
| Olive Garden | 21.4% | 21.0% | 40 BPS | 21.0% | 21.2% | (20) BPS |
| LongHorn Steakhouse | 18.9% | 17.4% | 150 BPS | 18.4% | 17.5% | 90 BPS |
| Fine Dining | 17.2% | 17.8% | (60) BPS | 15.4% | 16.3% | (90) BPS |
| Other Business | 13.6% | 12.9% | 70 BPS | 14.3% | 14.0% | 30 BPS |

¹ Segment profit margin is calculated as (sales less costs of food & beverage, restaurant labor, restaurant expenses and marketing expenses) / sales.

The increase in Olive Garden's segment profit margin for the second quarter of fiscal 2025 was driven primarily by positive same-restaurant sales, lower food and beverage costs, and restaurant labor costs, partially offset by increased marketing costs. The decrease in Olive Garden's segment profit margin for the first six months of fiscal 2025 was driven primarily by negative same-restaurant sales, higher restaurant expenses, and marketing costs, partially offset by lower food and beverage

costs. The increase in Longhorn Steakhouse's segment profit margin for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2025 was driven primarily by positive same-restaurant sales, lower food and beverage costs, restaurant labor, and restaurant expenses, partially offset by higher marketing expenses. The decrease in Fine Dining's segment profit margin for the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2025 was driven primarily by negative same-restaurant sales, higher restaurant labor costs and restaurant expenses, partially offset by lower food and beverage costs. The increases in Other Business' segment profit margin for the second quarter of fiscal 2025 was driven primarily by the addition of Chuy's operating results, positive same-restaurant sales, lower food and beverage costs, and restaurant labor costs, partially offset by higher restaurant expenses and marketing costs. The increases in Other Business' segment profit margin for the first six months of fiscal 2025 was driven primarily by the addition of Chuy's operating results and lower food and beverage costs partially offset by negative same-restaurant sales, higher restaurant expenses, and marketing costs.

SEASONALITY

Our sales volumes fluctuate seasonally. Typically, our average sales per restaurant are highest in the winter and spring, followed by the summer, and lowest in the fall. Holidays, changes in the economy, severe weather, effects of other conditions may impact sales volumes seasonally in some operating regions. Because of the seasonality of our business, results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for the full fiscal year.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Typically, cash flows generated from operating activities are our principal source of liquidity, which we use to finance capital expenditures for new restaurants and to remodel and maintain existing restaurants, to pay dividends to our shareholders and to repurchase shares of our common stock. Since substantially all of our sales are for cash and cash equivalents, and accounts payable are generally paid in 5 to 90 days, we are typically able to carry current liabilities in excess of current assets.

We currently manage our business and financial ratios to target an investment-grade bond rating, which has historically allowed flexible access to financing at reasonable costs. Our publicly issued long-term debt currently carries the following ratings:

- Moody's Investors Service "Baa2";
- · Standard & Poor's "BBB"; and
- Fitch "BBB".

Our commercial paper has ratings of:

- Moody's Investors Service "P-2";
- Standard & Poor's "A-2"; and
- Fitch "F-2".

These ratings are as of the date of the filing of this Form 10-Q and have been obtained with the understanding that Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's and Fitch will continue to monitor our credit and make future adjustments to these ratings to the extent warranted. The ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold our securities, may be changed, superseded or withdrawn at any time and should be evaluated independently of any other rating.

On October 23, 2023, we entered into a \$1.25 billion Revolving Credit Agreement (as amended, Revolving Credit Agreement) with Bank of America, N.A. (BOA), as administrative agent, and the lenders and other agents party thereto. The Revolving Credit Agreement is a senior unsecured credit commitment to the Company and contains customary representations and affirmative and negative covenants (including limitations on liens and subsidiary debt and, prior to the Amendment (as defined below), a maximum consolidated lease adjusted total debt to total capitalization ratio of 0.75 to 1.00) and events of default usual for credit facilities of this type. As of November 24, 2024, we had no outstanding balances and were in compliance with all covenants under the Revolving Credit Agreement. As of November 24, 2024, \$275.2 million of commercial paper was outstanding in addition to \$0.5 million of letters of credit outstanding, which were both backed by this facility. After consideration of commercial paper and letters of credit backed by the Revolving Credit Agreement, as of November 24, 2024, we had \$974.2 million of credit available under the Revolving Credit Agreement.

Loans under the Revolving Credit Agreement bear interest at a rate of (a) Term SOFR (which is defined, for the applicable interest period, as the Term SOFR Screen Rate two U.S. Government Securities Business Days prior to the commencement of such interest period with a term equivalent to such interest period) plus a Term SOFR adjustment of 0.10 percent plus the relevant margin determined by reference to a ratings-based pricing grid (Applicable Margin), or (b) the base rate (which is defined as the highest of the BOA prime rate, the Federal Funds rate plus 0.500 percent, and the Term SOFR plus 1.00 percent) plus the relevant Applicable Margin. Assuming a "BBB" equivalent credit rating level, the Applicable Margin under the Revolving Credit Agreement is 1.000 percent for Term SOFR loans and 0.000 percent for base rate loans.

On September 16, 2024, we entered into Amendment No. 1 (Amendment) to the Revolving Credit Agreement, which replaced the prior financial covenant (which provided for a maximum consolidated total debt to total capitalization ratio) with a

new financial covenant requiring us to maintain, measured as of the end of each fiscal quarter, a maximum consolidated leverage ratio of 3.50 to 1.00 (which may be temporarily increased to 4.00 to 1.00 upon our the election as a result of a covered acquisition, subject to customary limitations set forth in the Revolving Credit Agreement). All other material terms and conditions of the Revolving Credit Agreement were unchanged.

The Revolving Credit Agreement matures on October 23, 2028, and the proceeds may be used for working capital and capital expenditures, the refinancing of certain indebtedness, certain acquisitions and general corporate purposes.

On September 16, 2024, we entered into a senior unsecured \$600 million 2-year Term Loan Credit Agreement (the Term Loan Agreement) with BOA, as administrative agent, the lenders and other agents party thereto, the material terms of which were consistent with the Revolving Credit Agreement. The intended use of the proceeds was to finance our acquisition of Chuy's and we subsequently terminated the Term Loan Agreement on October 3, 2024, in connection with the closing of our senior notes issuance discussed below. We did not draw any funds and there were never any outstanding borrowings under the Term Loan Agreement.

On October 3, 2024, we issued and sold \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.350 percent Senior Notes due 2027 (2027 Notes) and \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.550 percent Senior Notes due 2029 (2029 Notes and, together with the 2027 Notes, the Notes), pursuant to the provisions of the Underwriting Agreement, dated September 30, 2024, among the Company and BofA Securities, Inc., Truist Securities, Inc., U.S. Bancorp Investments, Inc. and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as representatives of the several underwriters named therein. The Notes were issued under the Company's Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1996, between the Company and Computershare Trust Company, National Association (as successor to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, successor to Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, National Association, formerly known as Norwest Bank Minnesota, National Association), as trustee (Base Trustee), as amended and supplemented by the Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 4, 2023, among the Company, the Base Trustee and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as a successor trustee with respect to the Notes. We used the proceeds from our issuance of the Notes to finance our acquisition of Chuy's and for general corporate purposes.

The 2027 Notes will mature on October 15, 2027 and the 2029 Notes will mature on October 15, 2029. Interest on the Notes will be paid semi-annually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, commencing on April 15, 2025, to holders of record on the preceding March 31 or September 30, as the case may be.

As of November 24, 2024, our outstanding long-term debt consisted principally of:

- \$500.0 million of unsecured 3.850 percent senior notes due in May 2027;
- \$400.0 million of unsecured 4.350 percent senior notes due in Oct 2027;
- \$350.0 million of unsecured 4.550 percent senior notes due in Oct 2029;
- \$500.0 million of unsecured 6.300 percent senior notes due in October 2033;
- \$96.3 million of unsecured 6.000 percent senior notes due in August 2035;
- \$42.8 million of unsecured 6.800 percent senior notes due in October 2037; and
- \$300.0 million of unsecured 4.550 percent senior notes due in February 2048.

The interest rate on our \$42.8 million senior notes due in October 2037 is subject to adjustment from time to time if the debt rating assigned to such series of notes is downgraded below a certain rating level (or subsequently upgraded). The maximum adjustment is 2.000 percent above the initial interest rate and the interest rate cannot be reduced below the initial interest rate. As of November 24, 2024, no such adjustments are made to this rate.

Through our shelf registration statement on file with the SEC, depending on conditions prevailing in the public capital markets, we may from time to time issue equity securities or unsecured debt securities in one or more series, which may consist of notes, debentures or other evidences of indebtedness in one or more offerings.

From time to time, we or our affiliates, may repurchase our outstanding debt in privately negotiated transactions, open-market transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

From time to time, we enter into interest rate derivative instruments. See Note 11 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this report, which is incorporated by reference.

Net cash flows provided by operating activities from continuing operations increased to \$661.8 million for the first six months of fiscal 2025, from \$609.9 million for the six months of fiscal 2024. Net cash flows provided by operating activities include net earnings from continuing operations of \$423.3 million and \$407.1 million in the first six months of fiscal 2025 and

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2024, respectively. Net cash flows provided by operating activities increased in fiscal 2025 primarily due to higher net earnings in fiscal 2025 and the timing of federal income tax payments.

Net cash flows used in investing activities from continuing operations were \$939.3 million for the first six months of fiscal 2025, compared to \$1,022.9 million for the first six months of fiscal 2024. Net cash used in the acquisition of Chuy's was \$613.7 million during the second quarter of fiscal 2025. Net cash used in the acquisition of Ruth's Chris was \$699.9 million during the first six months of fiscal 2024. Capital expenditures increased to \$314.5 million for the first six months of fiscal 2025 from \$312.4 million for the first six months of fiscal 2024 reflecting a slight increase in new restaurant construction and remodel spend during fiscal 2025.

Net cash flows provided by financing activities from continuing operations were \$298.9 million for the first six months of fiscal 2025, compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$216.7 million for the first six months of fiscal 2024. Net cash flows provided by financing activities for the first six months of fiscal 2025 included net proceeds from issuance of short-term debt of \$188.4 million, net proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt of \$750.0 million, dividends paid of \$330.5 million and share repurchases of \$314.2 million. Net cash flows provided by financing activities for the first six months of fiscal 2024 included net proceeds from issuance of short-term debt of \$350.0 million, proceeds from the 2033 Notes of \$500.0 million, dividends paid of \$315.7 million and share repurchases of \$323.9 million. Dividends declared by our Board of Directors totaled \$2.80 and \$2.62 per share for the first six months of fiscal 2025 and 2024, respectively.

We are not aware of any trends or events that would materially affect our capital requirements or liquidity. We believe that our internal cash-generating capabilities, the potential issuance of equity or unsecured debt securities under our shelf registration statement and short-term commercial paper or drawings under our Revolving Credit Agreement should be sufficient to finance our capital expenditures, debt maturities and other operating activities through fiscal 2025.

On March 20, 2024, our Board of Directors authorized a new share repurchase program under which we may repurchase up to \$1 billion of our outstanding common stock. This repurchase program does not have an expiration and replaced the prior share repurchase authorization. During the quarter and six months ended November 24, 2024, we repurchased 0.9 million and 2.1 million shares of our common stock, respectively, compared to 1.2 million and 2.1 million shares of our common stock, respectively, during the quarter and six months ended November 26, 2023.

We are not a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future material effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, sales, costs or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Our current assets totaled \$879.6 million as of November 24, 2024, compared to \$822.8 million as of May 26, 2024. The increase was primarily due to an increase in inventories and prepaid expenses and other current assets, partially offset by a decrease in receivable and prepaid income tax.

Our current liabilities totaled \$2.40 billion as of November 24, 2024, compared to \$2.19 billion as of May 26, 2024. The increase was primarily driven by an increase in short-term debt.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of sales, costs and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. We have discussed the development, selection and disclosure of those estimates with the Audit Committee. Our critical accounting estimates have not changed materially from those previously reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 26, 2024.

APPLICATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Information regarding application of new accounting standards is incorporated by reference from Note 1 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this report.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements set forth in or incorporated into this report regarding the expected increase in the number of our restaurants and capital expenditures in fiscal 2025, projections for sales and all other statements that are not historical facts, including without limitation statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business of Darden Restaurants, Inc. and its subsidiaries that are preceded by, followed by or that include words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "continue," "estimate," "project," "believe," "plan," "outlook" or similar expressions, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are included, along with this statement, for purposes of complying with the safe harbor provisions of that Act. Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are made, and we undertake no obligation to update such statements for any reason to reflect events or circumstances arising after such date. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in or implied by such forward-looking statements. In addition to the risks and uncertainties of ordinary business obligations, and those described in information incorporated into this report, the forward-looking statements contained in this report are subject to the risks and uncertainties described in Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended May 26, 2024 and in our Forms 10-Q (including this report), which are summarized as follows:

- A failure to address cost pressures, including rising costs for commodities, labor, health care and utilities used by our restaurants, and a failure to effectively deliver cost management activities and achieve economies of scale in purchasing;
- Economic and business factors and their impacts on the restaurant industry and general macroeconomic factors including unemployment, energy prices and interest rates;
- The inability to hire, train, reward and retain restaurant team members and determine and maintain adequate staffing;
- A failure to recruit, develop and retain effective leaders or the loss or shortage of personnel with key capacities and skills;
- Increases in labor and insurance costs;
- · Health concerns arising from food-related pandemics, outbreaks of flu, viruses or other diseases;
- Failures to maintain food safety throughout the supply chain and food-borne illness concerns;
- Insufficient guest or employee facing technology or a failure to maintain a continuous or secure cyber network;
- Increased costs related to compliance with privacy and data protection laws and government enforcement, litigation or adverse publicity relating to
 potential failures thereof;
- · A failure to successfully complete our integration of Chuy's Holdings operations into our business;
- Insufficient or ineffective response to legislation or government regulation may impact our cost structure, operational efficiencies and talent availability;
- Intense competition, or an insufficient focus on competition and the consumer landscape;
- Changes in consumer preferences that may adversely affect demand for food at our restaurants;
- An inability or failure to recognize, respond to and effectively manage the accelerated impact of social media;
- A failure to identify and execute innovative marketing and guest relationship tactics and ineffective or improper use of other marketing initiatives and increased advertising and marketing costs;
- · Impacts of climate change, adverse weather conditions and natural disasters;
- The inability to cancel long-term, non-cancelable leases that we may want to cancel or the inability to renew the leases that we may want to extend at the end of their terms;
- Our inability or failure to execute a comprehensive business continuity plan following a major natural disaster such as a hurricane or manmade disaster, including terrorism;
- · The impact of shortages, delay or interruptions in the delivery of food and other products from third-party vendors and suppliers;
- Our failure to drive both short-term and long-term profitable sales growth through brand relevance, operating excellence, opening new restaurants of existing brands and developing or acquiring new dining brands;
- A lack of suitable new restaurant locations or a decline in the quality of the locations of our current restaurants;
- Higher-than-anticipated costs or delays to open, close, relocate or remodel restaurants;
- Risks associated with doing business with franchisees and licensees;
- Risks associated with doing business with business partners and vendors in foreign markets;
- · Volatility in the market value of derivatives we may use to hedge commodity and broader market prices;

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- Volatility in the United States equity markets that may affect our ability to efficiently hedge exposures to our market risk related to equity-based compensation awards;
- Failure to protect our service marks or other intellectual property;
- · Environmental, social and governance risk, including disclosure expectations and the impact of third party ratings,
- Litigation, including allegations of illegal, unfair or inconsistent employment practices;
- Unfavorable publicity, or a failure to respond effectively to adverse publicity;
- · Disruptions in the financial markets that may impact consumer spending patterns, affect the availability and cost of credit;
- Impairment of the carrying value of our goodwill or other intangible assets;
- Changes in tax laws or treaties and unanticipated tax liabilities; and
- · A failure of our internal controls over financial reporting and future changes in accounting standards.

Any of the risks described above or elsewhere in this report or our other filings with the SEC could have a material impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations. It is not possible to predict or identify all risk factors. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial may also impair our business operations. Therefore, the above is not intended to be a complete discussion of all potential risks or uncertainties.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to a variety of market risks, including fluctuations in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, compensation and commodity prices. To manage this exposure, we periodically enter into interest rate, foreign currency exchange rate, equity forward and commodity derivative instruments for other than trading purposes (see Note 11 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this report).

We use the variance/covariance method to measure value at risk, over time horizons ranging from one week to one year, at the 95 percent confidence level. As of November 24, 2024, our potential losses in future net earnings resulting from changes in equity forwards, commodity instruments, floating rate and fixed rate debt interest rate exposures were approximately \$58.6 million over a period of one year. The value at risk from an increase in the fair value of all of our long-term fixed-rate debt, over a period of one year, was approximately \$119.9 million. The fair value of our long-term fixed-rate debt outstanding as of November 24, 2024, averaged \$1.63 billion, with a high of \$2.17 billion and a low of \$1.37 billion during the six months of fiscal 2025. Our interest rate risk management objective is to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows by targeting an appropriate mix of variable and fixed-rate debt.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) as of November 24, 2024, the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of November 24, 2024.

During the fiscal quarter ended November 24, 2024, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See the discussion of legal proceedings contained in the third paragraph of Note 13 to our unaudited consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this report, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors contained in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended May 26, 2024.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The table below provides information concerning our repurchase of shares of our common stock during the quarter ended November 24, 2024.

| (Dollars in millions, except per share data) | Total Number of Shares Purchased (1) (2) | Average Price Paid per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | sximum Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (3) |
|--|--|------------------------------------|--|---|
| August 26, 2024 through September 29, 2024 | 545,356 | \$ 158.69 | 545,356 | \$ 656.5 |
| September 30, 2024 through October 27, 2024 | 200,120 | \$ 160.89 | 200,120 | \$ 624.3 |
| October 28, 2024 through November 24, 2024 | 139,827 | \$ 164.92 | 139,827 | \$ 601.2 |
| Quarter-to-Date | 885,303 | \$ 160.17 | 885,303 | \$ 601.2 |

- (1) All of the shares purchased during the quarter ended November 24, 2024 were purchased as part of our repurchase program. On March 20, 2024, our Board of Directors authorized a new share repurchase program under which we may repurchase up to \$1 billion of our outstanding common stock. This repurchase program, which was announced publicly in a press release issued on March 21, 2024, does not have an expiration and replaced the prior share repurchase authorization.
- (2) The number of shares purchased includes shares withheld for taxes on vesting of restricted stock, shares delivered or deemed to be delivered to us on tender of stock in payment for the exercise price of options, and shares reacquired pursuant to tax withholding on option exercises. These shares are included as part of our repurchase program and deplete the repurchase authority granted by our Board. The number of shares repurchased excludes shares we reacquired pursuant to forfeiture of restricted stock.
- (3) Repurchases are subject to prevailing market prices, may be made in open market or private transactions, may occur or be discontinued at any time and remain subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors. There can be no assurance that we will repurchase any shares.

Item 5. Other Information

During the quarter ended November 24, 2024, no director or officer adopted, modified, or terminated any Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement, as such terms are defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

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Item 6. Exhibits

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Title |
|-------------|--|
| 4.1 | Officers' Certificate and Authentication Order, dated October 3, 2024, for the 4.350% Senior Notes due 2027 and the 4.550% Senior Notes due 2029 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 3, 2024). |
| 31(a) | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 31(b) | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 32(a) | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 32(b) | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Schema Document |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Definition Linkbase Document |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Label Linkbase Document |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document |
| 104 | Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101) |

Dated: January 2, 2025

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DARDEN RESTAURANTS, INC.

By: /s/ Rajesh Vennam

Rajesh Vennam Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer (Principal financial officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Ricardo Cardenas, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Darden Restaurants, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

January 2, 2025

/s/ Ricardo Cardenas

Ricardo Cardenas

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Rajesh Vennam, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Darden Restaurants, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

January 2, 2025

/s/ Rajesh Vennam

Rajesh Vennam Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Darden Restaurants, Inc. (Company) on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended November 24, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (Report), I, Ricardo Cardenas, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

January 2, 2025

/s/ Ricardo Cardenas

Ricardo Cardenas

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Darden Restaurants, Inc. (Company) on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended November 24, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (Report), I, Rajesh Vennam, Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

January 2, 2025

/s/ Rajesh Vennam

Rajesh Vennam

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer