Bac 2019 Fysik

Simon Freiermuth simon@freiermuth.org

June 4, 2020

Del A

a)
$$\frac{T^2}{r^3}$$

Planet b:
$$m = 1.02 * jordmassan$$

 $r = 1.73 * 10^6 Km$
 $T = 1.51d$

$$\frac{1.51^2}{1.73^3} = 0.44$$

Planet c:
$$m=1.16*jordmassan$$

 $r=2.37*10^6Km$
 $T=2.42d$

$$\frac{2.42^2}{2.37^3}=0.44$$

b) Planet e:
$$m=0.77$$
 $r=4.38*10^9~m$ $T=6.10$ $T=6.10~d=(6.10*24*60*60)s=527040s$ $O=2\pi r$ $v_e=\frac{O}{T}=\frac{2\pi 4.58*10^9}{527040}=52216,8~m/s~\approx~5.2*10^4~m/s$

c)
$$\frac{T^2}{r^3} = 0.44$$

 $\frac{v_1}{v_2} = \frac{\frac{2\pi r_1}{T_1}}{\frac{2\pi r_2}{T_2}} \rightarrow \frac{r_1}{T_1} * \frac{T_2}{r_2}$
 $\frac{v_1}{v_2} = \sqrt{\frac{r_2}{r_1}}$
 $\frac{r_1}{T_1} * \frac{T_2}{r_2} = \sqrt{\frac{r_2}{r_1}}$

Kvadrering:
$$\frac{r_1^2}{T_1^2} * \frac{T_2^2}{r_2^2} = \frac{r_2}{r_1} \qquad |*r_1|/r_2$$

$$\frac{r_1^3}{T_1^2} * \frac{T_2^2}{r_2^3} = 1 \rightarrow \frac{r^3}{T^2} * \frac{T^2}{r^3}$$