#### SECTION - A

## General Awareness

- Bharat Ratna Awardee, a Cultural Icon of India Bismilla Khan is associated with
  - (A) Sarod
- (B) Sitar
- (C) Shehnai
- (D) Tabala
- Article 14 of the Constitution ensures citizens of India having
  - (A) Right against discrimination
  - (B) Right to privacy
  - (C) Right to get free and compulsory basic education
  - (D) Equality
- Match the following particulars of the 3. Constitution of India with their Parts.
  - Fundamental Rights a. Part 3
  - Directive Principles b. Part 2
  - Citizenship
- c. Part -4

Select the right code given below.

- 2 3 1
- C а (A) b
- b а (B) c
- a C (C) b
- (D) a
- Most modern Indian scripts have developed from which among the following script?
  - (A) Sanskrit
- (B) Brahmi
- (C) Greek
- (D) Dravidian
- Dietary fibres are very much required in our daily food , because
  - (A) To provide extra protein
  - (B) To balance the insulin secreted by
  - To help our body get rid of undigested (C) food
  - (D) To decrease tiredness

- Condensation process refers to
  - (A) Conversion of water into water vapour
  - (B) Conversion of water vapour into solid form
  - (C) Conversion of water into solid form
  - (D) Conversion of water vapour into its liquid form
- Consider the followings. 7.
  - Water
  - 2. CO2
  - Sunlight
  - 4. Chloroplast

Out of the above elements, to be required to occur photosynthesis is/are

- (A) 1, 2 and 3
- (B) 2, 3 and 4
- (C) 2 and 3 only
- (D) All of them
- Which of the following is /are examples for symbiotic association?
  - (A) Algae lichen
  - Plant roots rhizobium bacteria (B)
  - Both are right (C)
  - Both are wrong (D)
- In India Governor of a state is removed by
  - (A) Parliament
  - (B) Central Government
  - (C) President
  - (D) Chief Minister of a respective state

- Arrange the following mountain hills of Western Ghats from North to South.
  - (A) Munnar Ooty Sindhudurg Kuduremukh
  - (B) Sindhudurg Kuduremukh Ooty Munnar
  - (C) Kuduremukh Ooty Munnar Sindhudurg
  - (D) Kuduremukh Ooty Sindhudurg Munnar
- 11. In which of the following Indus civilisation sites, the Grate Bath structure is found?
  - (A) Harappa
- (B) Mohenjodaro
- (C) Kalibangan
- (D) Dholavira
- 12. Buddha and Mahavira were belonged to which one of the following Mahajanapadas ?
  - (A) Magadha
- (B) Ujjain
- (C) Vajji
- (D) Kosala
- Consider the followings.
  - Opening up of Payment Banks
  - Nationalisation of Banks
  - 3. MUDRA loan Scheme
  - Atal Pension Scheme

Which among the above programmes is/are the part of Financial Inclusion Process?

- (A) 2 only
- (B) 1, 2 and 3
- (C) All the above (D) 2, 3 and 4
- 14. Which of the following Article of the Constitution provides for the abolition of child labour in India?
  - (A) 16
- (B) 17
- (C) 25
- (D) 24
- 15. Which one of the following vitamins helps in maintaining our skin healthy?
  - (A) Vitamin A
- (B) Vitamin C
- (C) Vitamin B-12 (D) Vitamin E

- Followings are the processing activities of various sectors; match them with their raw materials.
  - a. Ginning
- Sheep wool
- b. Seasoning -
- Cotton
- c. Shearing
- Leather
- d. Reeling
- 4. Silk

Select the right code given below.

- a b c d
- (A) 3 2 4 1
- (B) 2 3 1 4
- (C) 2 3 4 1
- (D) 4 3 1 2
- 17. Which of the following organelle is responsible for synthesising of proteins in the cell?
  - (A) Golgi apparatus
  - (B) Ribosome
  - (C) Lysosome
  - (D) Nucleus
- In plants, the process in which water comes out of leaves in the form of vapour is known as
  - (A) Imbibition
  - (B) Osmatic pressure
  - (C) Transpiration
  - (D) Viscosity
- 19. The Asialic Lions are only found in
  - (A) Panna National Park
  - (B) Gir National Park
  - (C) Salim Ali National Park
  - (D) Sariska National Park
- Which of the following is not a Palaeolithic site of India?
  - (A) Bhimbetka caves
  - (B) Hunsgi caves
  - (C) Kurnool caves
  - (D) Barabar caves



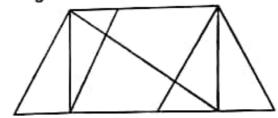
# ii) General Intelligence and Reasoning Ability

Find out the missing term from the given alternatives.

cd, xw, gh, ts, ?

- (A) st
- (B) ts
- (C) kl
- (D) sr
- 22. Q's mother is sister of P and daughter of M. S is daughter of P and sister of T. How is M related to T?
  - (A) Father
  - (B) Aunt
  - (C) Uncle
  - (D) Grandfather or Grandmother
- 23. There are 36 cows in a herd, 20 are white and 28 are brown. How many have both the colours?
  - (A) 12
  - (B) 10
  - (C) 14
  - (D) None of these
- 24. Pick out the different one.
  - (A) Cytology
  - (B) Palynology
  - (C) Phenology
  - (D) Entomology

- 25. Increasing the original price of an article by 15% and then increasing the new price by 15% is equivalent to increasing the original price by
  - (A) 32.25%
  - (B) 31.00%
  - (C) 30.00%
  - (D) 22.50%
- Find the number of triangles in the given figure.



- (A) 8
- (B) 10
- (C) 12
- (D) 14
- Find the mirror image of the word INSTITUTE.
  - INSTITUTE (A)
  - INTSTIUET (B)
  - ETUTITSNI (3)
  - EINSTIUTE (D)

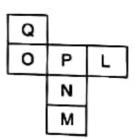


- 28. A, P, R, X, S and Z are sitting in a row. S and Z are in the centre. A and P are at the ends. R is sitting to the left of A. Who is to the right of P?
  - (A) A
  - (B) X
  - (C) S
  - (D) Z
- 29. Complete the analogy, GOAL: HPBK:: POST:?
  - (A) TSOP
  - (B) QPTS
  - (C) STPO
  - (D) QPST
- Select the word which is least like other words in the group.
  - (A) Lake
  - (B) River
  - (C) Wind
  - (D) Current
- 31. The number of terms in the series

1, 6, 11, 16, . . ., 101 is

- (A) 19
- (B) 21
- (C) 23
- (D) 25

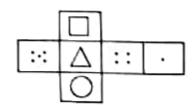
- 32. Pointing towards a person in a photograph, Anjali said, "'He is the only son of the father of my sister's brother". How is that person related to Anjali?
  - (A) Mother
  - (B) Father
  - (C) Cousin
  - (D) None of these
- 33. Reena is twice as old as Sunita. Three years ago, she was three times as old as Sunita. How old is Reena now?
  - (A) 6 years
  - (B) · 7 years
  - (C) 8 years
  - (D) 12 years
- 34. Paper below is folded into a cube. What alphabet will lie opposite to Q?



- (A) L
- (B) M
- (C) N
- (D) P

(B)

35. Which cube cannot be made based on the unfolded cube ?



- (A) (A)
- (B) △ □
- (c) (d)
- (D) A
- 36. The figure which can be formed from the pieces is
  - (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- (D)
- 37. Which of the following diagram indicates the best relation between Profit, Dividend and Bonus?
  - (A) O
  - (B) 00
  - (C)
  - (D) (D)

- 38. In the past, consumers would rarely order low fat ice cream. But now a days increasing health consciousness has made low fat ice cream a very profitable item for ice cream store owner. This paragraph best supports the statement that
  - (A) low fat ice cream produces more revenue than other low fat foods
  - (B) ice cream store owners would be better off carrying only low fat ice cream
  - (C) low fat ice cream is more popular than other kinds of ice cream
  - (D) ice cream store owners no longer think that low fat ice cream is an unpopular thing
- 39. Complete the analogy, 9:8::16:?
  - (A) 27
  - (B) 18
  - (C) 17
  - (D) 14
- Select the numbers which is different from others.
  - (A) 751
  - (B) 734
  - (C) 981
  - (D) 853



## iii) Arithmetical and Numerical Ability

- 41. Six bells commence tolling together and toll at the intervals of 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 seconds respectively. In 30 minutes, how many times do they toll together?
  - (A) 10 times
- (B) 12 times
- (C) 15 times
- (D) None of these
- 42. If  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  are the roots of the equation  $x^2 7x + 20 = 0 \text{ then } \frac{1}{\alpha^2} + \frac{1}{\beta^2} \text{ is}$ 
  - (A) 1
- (B)  $\frac{-9}{400}$
- (C)  $\frac{9}{400}$
- (D)  $\frac{7}{400}$
- 43. A father is 28 years older than his son, after 5 years the father's age will be 7 years more than twice that of the son. Find the present age of father.
  - (A) 44 years
- (B) 49 years
- (C) 40 years
- (D) 35 years
- 44. A train runs at a speed of 28 kmph for 4 hours and 30 kmph for 5 hours and the remaining 40 kms in one hour. What is the average speed per hour?
  - (A) 31
- (B) 32
- (C) 30.2
- (D) None of these
- A student has to score 50% marks to pass. He gets 100 marks and yet fails by 50 marks. Find the maximum marks.
  - (A) 300
- (B) 150
- (C) 250
- (D) None of these

- 46. The difference between the cost price and the selling price is 225. If the profit percentage is 15%, find the selling price.
  - (A) ₹ 1,500
- (B) ₹1,000
- (C) ₹ 1,725
- (D) None of these
- 47. A man walking  $\frac{5}{6}$  of his usual speed, reaches a destination 30 minutes late. Find his usual time to cover the distance.
  - (A) 2 hours
  - (B) 2 hrs. 30 mins.
  - (C) 2 hrs. 20 mins.
  - (D) None of these
- 48. A railway train 100 metres long is running at a speed of 30 kmph. In what time will it pass a man standing near the line?
  - (A) 10 Secs.
- (B) 12 Secs.
- (C) 8 Secs.
- (D) None of these
- 49. In a survey of 60 people, it was found that 25 people read newspaper H, 26 read newspaper T, 26 read newspaper I, 9 read both H and I, 11 read both H and T, 8 read both T and I, 3 read all three newspapers. Find the number of students who read exactly one newspaper.
  - (A) 22
  - (B) 30
  - (C) 25
  - (D) None of these



- 50. A man accepts a position with an initial salary of ₹ 5,200 per month. It is understood that he will receive an automatic increase of ₹ 320 in the very next month and each month thereafter. Find his salary for the 10<sup>th</sup> month.
  - (A) ₹10,200
  - (B) ₹9,000
  - (C) ₹8,080
  - (D) None of these
- The product of two numbers is 19200 and their HCF is 40. Find their LCM.
  - (A) 400
- (B) 240
- (C) 300
- (D) 480
- 52. Value of

$$\left(\frac{x^a}{x^b}\right)^{a^2+ab+b^2} \left(\frac{x^b}{x^c}\right)^{b^2+bc+c^2} \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^{c^2+ac+a^2} is$$

- (A) 0
- (B) 1
- (C)  $x^{a^3+b^3+c}$
- (D) -
- Find two numbers whose sum is 32 and product is 256.
  - (A) 16, 18
  - (B) 16, 16
  - (C) 20, 12
  - (D) None of these
- 54. If the interest on ₹ 800 be more than the interest on ₹ 400 by ₹ 40 in 2 years, find the rate of simple interest.
  - (A) 6%
- (B) 7.5%
- (C) 5%
- (D) 10%
  - 10%

- 55. The average age of Ashok and Abdul is 45 years, the average age of Abdul and Anthony is 50 years and the average age of Anthony and Ashok is 35 years. Find the age of Ashok.
  - (A) 35 yrs.
- (B) 25 yrs.
- (C) 30 yrs.
- (D) None of these
- 56. A person spent 30% of his wealth and thereafter ₹ 20,000 and further 10% of the remainder was spent. If ₹ 29,250 is still remaining, what was his total wealth value?
  - (A) ₹1,00,000
- (B) ₹75,000
- (C) ₹65,000
- (D) None of these
- 57. Three persons A, B, C completed a job. A worked for 5 days, B for 7 days and C for 9 days. Their daily wages were in the ratio 4:3:2 and their total earnings amounted to ₹ 1,180. What was the daily wages of A?
  - (A) ₹80
- (B) ₹60
- (C) ₹50
- (D) ₹100
- 58. A and B can do a piece of work together in 7 days. A alone can do it in 10 days. How long will B alone take to do it?
  - (A) 70/3 days
- (B) 22 days
- (C) 21 days
- (D) None of these
- 59. For all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $3.5^{2n+1} + 2^{3n+1}$  is divisible by
  - (A) 19
- (B) 17
- (C) 27
- (D) 25
- 60. HCF of 108, 288, 360 is
  - (A) 36
- (B) 18
- (C) 9
- (D) 72



## iv) Hindi Language and Comprehension हिन्दी भाषा और बोध

- 61. मातु + उक्ति का संधिरूप है
  - (A) मार्ताक्ति
- (B) मात्रुक्ति
- (C) मात्रूक्ति
- (D) मार्त्राक्ति
- 62. 'नम्न' शब्द का तद्भवरूप है
  - (A) नाग
- √(8) नंगा
- (C) नग
- (D) नाना
- 63. 'फूला न समाना' मुहावरे का अर्थ है
  - (A) बहत फूलकर मोटा होना
  - (B) जगह कम होना
  - (C) सामान का फूल जाना
  - (D) बहुत प्रसन्न होना
- 64. 'दुराग्रह' शब्द का अर्थ है
  - (A) जिसका घर बहुत दूर हो
  - (B) दुष्ट का ग्रह
  - (C) अनुचित बात के लिए आग्रह
  - .(D) दूर से किया गया आग्रह
- 65. एक घोड़ा-दो घोड़े : : एक राजा-दो
  - (A) राजे
  - (B) राजाएँ
  - (C) राजाओं
  - ्र(छ) राजा
- गाड़ी घीरे-धीरे स्टेशन पर आ गयी । इस वाक्य में क्रिया विशेषण है
  - (A) आ गयी
  - (B) गाड़ी
  - (C) स्टेशन
  - µ्र⊠ घीरे-घीरे

О

67. जोड़कर लिखिए।

(अ)

(ৰ)

a. भूत काल

1. मैं चल चुका हूँ

b. भविष्यत् काल

2. वह गया हो

c. वर्तमान काल !

3. वे पढ़ते होंगे

- a b c
- (A) 2 3 1
  - (B) 2 1 3
  - (C) 1 3 2
  - (D) 3 2 1.
- 68. निम्नलिखित समासों को उनके विग्रह वाक्यों के साथ जोड़िए।

(अ)

(ৰ)

- a. अव्ययीभाव
- मलाबुरा
   एकाएक
- b. तत्पुरुष c. द्वंद्व /
- 3. दुपट्टा
- d. बहुब्रीहि
- 4. आरामकुर्सी
- e. द्विग्
- दशानन
- a b c d e
- ØP2 4 1. 3 5∕
- 4 2 1 5 3.
- (C) 2 1 4 3 5
- √**6**0) 2 4 1 5 3⋅
- 69. इनमें से कौनसा शब्द 'वस्त्र' का शब्दार्थक नहीं ?
  - (A) वसन
- (B) YZ
- AND THE
- (D) **क**पइा .

70.	गा सर्व	धाजा उ नाम है	भपना का	म आप	करते थे' इस वाक्य		
	(A)	काम				(A) चमाराइन	
		आप				48) चमारिन	
		करते				् <b>श</b> िचमारी अ	
	7	गाँधी				(D) चमीर	
	(U)	નાવા	जा			<ol> <li>उसकी मुस्कुराहट जैसी मुस्कुराहट किसी की नहीं</li> </ol>	Ť.
71.	मित	ाई देख	कर बच्चे त	नलचाते	हैं । इस वाक्य में क्रिय		
			<del>ह</del> ै		6 1 40 4144 4 13/4	(A) मुस्कुराहट	
	(A)	अक	र्मक			(B) उसकी	
		'सकम्				(C) नहीं	
		अन्य				(D) किसी की	
	100	कोई				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	(0)	4112	161			77. इनमें से 'धरती' शब्द का अर्थ नहीं ।	
72.	इनमे	से कौ	नसा शब्द	'घृणा' ३	गब्द का विलोम	(A) इला (B) अनला	
	नहीं				_	(C) अचला 🗸 (D) धरा-	
	100	प्रेम्			तिरस्कार		
	(C)	प्यार		(D)	अनुराग .	78. जीजी : जीजा : : विधवा :	
72	ਜੀਕਾ	ान्य पा	ब्द में कौन	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	म है ?	(A) विधव	
		न्यर रा बहुद्री			अव्ययीभाव	(B) विधिव	
•			ारय			्(C) विधुर	
					0 6	(D) विधुष	
74.	इनम्	हावरों व	हो उनके अ	ार्थों के स	ाथ जोड़कर लिखिए ।	0.3	
		(31)			(ब)	79. सूक्ष्म शब्द का विलोम शब्द है	
	a.	लट्टू ह	ोना		असर होना	(A) सुषमा	
			पीला हो	ना 2.	गुस्सा होना	(B) छोटा	
				3.	मुग्ध होना	(C) स्थूल	
		हवा त			कष्ट उठाना प्रेमपूर्वक स्वागत	(D) नाजुक	
	8.	पलक	बिछाना	5.	करना		
			b c	d	8	80. बड़ो ने <u>सुच</u> कहा है । इस वाक्य में विशेषण है	
	(A)	3	2 1	4	5	(A) स <b>च</b> ्	
	(B)	1	2 3	4	5	(B) <b>ब</b> ड़ो ने	
	(e)	3	2 1 2 3 2 4 5 2	1	5.	(C) कहा	
	(D)	1	5 2	3	4	<b>(D)</b> सच	
•					-17		



#### v) English Language and Comprehension अंग्रेजी भाषा और बोध

Select the appropriate figure of speech from the given options.

- 81. The whole city went out to see the victorious general.
  - (A) Metonymy
- (B) Pun the
- (C) Metaphor 27-1-1
- (D) Oxymoron
- 82. Speech is silver, but silence is golden.
  - (A) Synecdoche (B) Simile
  - (C) Antithesis
- (D) Euphemism

Select the correct option for the underlined word.

- 83. The child whom you were talking to is my nephew.
  - (A) Relative pronoun
  - (B) Reflexive pronoun
  - (C) Demonstrative pronoun
  - (D) Possessive pronoun
- 84. There is a brick wall surrounding the house.
  - (A) Qualitative adjective
  - (B) Nominal adjective
  - (C) Emphasizing adjective
  - (D) Proper adjective

Choose the correct idioms from the given options.

- He got into serious trouble when the court declared his business agreement.
  - (A) All and sundry
  - (B) In black and white
  - A hard nut to crack.
  - (D) Null and void

О

- She lost her temper and began 86. shouting at me.
  - (A) On the spur of the moment
  - (B) Without rhyme or reason
  - (C) In cold blood
  - (D) At a stretch

Select the correct option of the present participle in the given sentences.

- 87. Arriving late, the show had already
  - (A) The show had begun when he arrived late.
  - (B) Arriving late, he finds the show had already begun.
  - (C) Arriving late, he found that the show had already begun.
  - (D) He arrived late and the show had begun.
- Being a rainy day, I did not go out. 88.
  - (A) I did not go out as it was a rainy day.
  - (B) It being a rainy day, I did not go out.
    - (C) Being a rainy day and I did not go out.
    - (D) None of the above

Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions.

89. \_ men, many children were present.

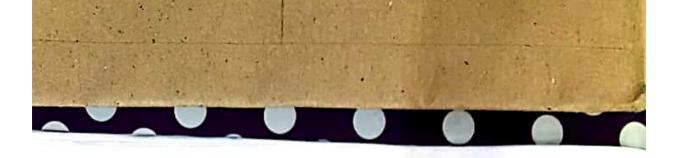
- (A) Beside
- (B) Besides
  - (C) In
- (D) None of the above

-18-





90.	They marched	th	e street.	96.	Pig	uant		
,	specif in	(B) into				Bland	/81	Cubant
	(C) at	(D) by			, ,		- 7. 5	Submit
Iden	tify the below giver				(C)	Sure.	(D)	Unclear
simp	le, compound or co	omplex sente	ences.	Use blan	the a	appropriate art	icle to	o fill in the
	Whenever it rains hot tea and fried s (A) Simple	, I feel a crav snacks.	ring for	97.	to h	elp		rawn up a plan unemployed.
1	(B) Complex					the	(B)	an
	<ul><li>(C) Compound</li><li>(D) None of the a</li></ul>	hove			(C)	а	(D)	not needed
92.	I listened to the so		ostalgic.	98.	Birb nine	oal was e jewels in Akb	ar's c	wisest of the
~	(A) Compound	FAN			(A)	a	(B)	an
	(B) Complex (C) Simple	· • = + p. ×			101	the	(D)	not needed
	(D) None of the a	bove		Cha	nge ti	he voice.		
Sele	ct the correct phras	al verbs.		99.	Why	did your broth	er writ	te such a letter ?
93.	Please don't	_ our conve	rsation.			Did your broth letter ?		
	(B) Break into				(B)	Why your bro letter ?	ther c	lid write such a
•	(C) Break in on √D) Break out				(C)	Why would so by your brothe		letter is written
94.	We had to as fresh milk was	powdered	d milk	`		Why was suc your brother?		etter written by
	(A) Fall back	(B) Fall ba	ck on	100.	Som	e boys were h	elnin	g the wounded
	(C) Fall out	(D) Fall off	i.	1,001	man		υ.μ.,	g inte Wounded
Sele	ct the appropriate a	intonym of th	e given			Some boys is i man.	nelpin	g the wounded
95.	Circuitous					The wounded by some boys.		s being helped
	(A) Resolute (B) Direct					The wounder helped by som		n was being
	(C) Purify				(D)	The wounded	man	will be helped
	(D) Stingy	. 196				by some boys.		,
0	O -19-							



- 133. the mother during pregnancy is a/an factor that influences the growth and development of a child.
  - (A) Internal
  - (B) External
  - (C) Immaterial
  - (D) Irrelevant
  - 134. Which of these ages come under the category of later childhood?
    - (A) 2-6 years
    - (B) 6-12 years
    - (C) 1-6 years
    - (D) 12-15 years
  - 135. At which month can a child jump in place and balance?
    - (A) 12 months
    - (B) 6 months
    - (C) 24 months
    - (D) 18 months
  - 136. Which of these is an advantage of activity-based learning?
    - (A) Provides opportunities to use multiple senses
    - (B) Focus is on learning from the point of the teacher's perspectives
    - (C) Minimises creativity
    - (D) Prevents contextualization

- The physical and mental health of | 137. Which of these provide learning opportunities to students in developing analytical and communication skills?
  - (A) Group discussion
  - (B) Infrequent assessment
  - (C) Writing from rote memory
  - (D) Didactic lecture
  - 138. Which of these is a method of learning in terms related to real-life activities undertaken to solve an emerging or felt problem in natural settings?
    - (A) Play time
    - (B) Homework
    - (C) Assessment
    - (D) Project
  - Small group discussions encourage 139. which of the following?
    - (A) Active participation
    - (B) Interactive sessions
    - (C) Peer-based communication
    - (D) All of the above

0

.1



- raising animals or plants for observation or research is known as
  - (A) Zoo
  - (B) Vivarium
  - (C) Herbarium
  - (D) Botanical garden
- 118. Which of these simulates a dry or a jungle-like habitat?
  - (A) Planetarium
  - (B) Herbarium
  - (C) Paludarium
  - (D) Terrarium
- is a sequence of charts bound together by a ring, hook or a bracket.
  - (A) Graphs
  - (B) Flannel board
  - (C) Posters
  - (D) Flip chart
- 120. Which of these is an electronic resource?
  - (A) Specimen
  - (B) ICT tools
  - (C) Verbal material
  - (D) Model

- An enclosed area for keeping and | 121. This domain deals with the emotions, attitudes and interests of the students
  - (A) Affective
  - (B) Cognitive
  - (C) Psychomotor
  - (D) Developmental
  - 122. is a tool used for the measurement of the students' achievement and is not synonymous with evaluation.
    - (A) Evaluation
    - (B) Education
    - (C) Test
    - (D) Summative evaluation
  - The absence of discrimination on the 123. basis of a person's sex in opportunities, allocation of resources or benefits and access to services refers to which of the following?
    - (A) Gender equality
    - (B) Gender roles
    - (C) Gender awareness
    - (D) Gender equity
  - 124. The opposite of gender sensitivity is
    - (A) Gender analysis
    - (B) Gender blindness
    - (C) Gender inequality
    - (D) Gender Parity



- 125. Learning that is organized by educational institutions but non-credential refer to which type of education?
  - (A) Informal
  - (B) Non-formal
  - (C) School-based
  - (D) Formal
- 126. Continuing education courses are an example of which of the following?
  - (A) Non-formal education
  - (B) Informal education
  - (C) Formal course
  - (D) High school education
- Deliberate and intentional act of killing a female child within one year of its birth is known as
  - (A) Female foeticide
  - (B) Sex determination
  - (C) Female infanticide
  - (D) Sex pre-selection
- 128. Which of these statements is true?
  - (A) There is no 1:1 ratio of male and female births
  - (B) The number of male babies is always slightly higher .
  - (C) There are 105 male babies per thousand female babies
  - (D) All of the above

- 129. Which of the following occurs when there is orderly and progressive changes in a human being due to maturation and experience?
  - (A) Development
  - (B) Increase in height alone
  - (C) Emotional abnormality
  - (D) Increase in weight alone
- 130. Growth in a child refers to which of the following ?
  - (A) Qualitative changes
  - (B) Attaining oneness with oneself
  - (C) Physiological changes
  - (D) Adequate nutritional intake
- The direction of development in a child from centre to periphery is called
  - (A) Cephalo-caudal
  - (B) Proximodistal
  - (C) Caudo-cephalic
  - (D) Distoproximal
- 132. Which of these statements regarding the rate of growth and development in a child is correct?
  - (A) They are both uniform
  - (B) They are not uniform
  - (C) Rapid changes occur in old age
  - (D) Development ceases at adolescence



140.	The first form of schooling system in the
	Vedic period in India was known as

- (A) Tol
- (B) Patshala
- (C) Gurukula
- (D) Madrassah

#### 141. Which of these statements is true?

- (A) Schooling is the formal, part of education.
- (B) Education ends when the student leaves the school.
- (C) Education is close-ended.
- (D) There are set boundaries on how much education can be attained.

# 142. Who proposed the idea of bi-polar process of education?

- (A) Sir John Dewey
- (B) Sir John Adam
- (C) Swami Vivekananda
- (D) Sri Aurobindo

143.	Open	universities	would	fall	under
		form of e	ducation	1	

- (A) Formal
- (B) Non-formal
- (C) Informal
- (D) None of the above

144.	Socrates,	Plato and	Aristotle	were
		idealists.		

- (A) Roman
- (B) Greek
- (C) Irish
- (D) None of the above

## Ordinary people recognise language only as a means of

- (A) Communication
- (B) Learning grammar
- (C) Studying in school
- (D) Using a dictionary

## 146. At which age does a child develop his/ her language?

- (A) 8 years
- (B) 6 years
- (C) 4 years
- (D) 1 year

147.	All children are born with and an innate				
	endowment for lang	uage acquisition			
	consisting of	Grammar			

- (A) Universal
- (B) Essential
- (C) Linguistic
- (D) Articulate



- 148. Which among these correspond to the number of language families in India?
  - (A) One
  - (B) Two
  - (C) Three
  - (D) Four
- 149. In all Indian languages, there are second words which is an 'extra' word and has no meaning if used on its own but sound similar to the first one. These words are known as
  - (A) Couple words
  - (B) Share words
  - (C) Pair words
  - (D) Echo words
- Nouns, adjectives or adverbs can be repeated to create new words in all Indian languages. Such words are known as
  - (A) Pronouns
  - (B) Reduplicated words
  - (C) Echo words
  - (D) Common nouns
- 151. Children who are in the elementary school are in which stage of development?
  - (A) Formal operation & 11.15
  - (B) Concrete operation かかつい
  - (C) Sensory motor p→2
  - (D) Pre-operation 2-7

- 152. A preconstructed formula or principles are told to students and they are asked to solve the different relevant problems with the help of the earlier formula. This method is known as
  - (A) Subitizing
  - (B) Cognitive process
  - (C) Inductive method
  - (D) Deductive method
- 153. In which phase of learning do the students have an opportunity to get directly involved with the phenomena and materials?
  - (A) Engagement
  - (B) Exploration
  - (C) Explanation
  - (D) Evaluation
- 154. Which step of the 'Interpretation Construction Design Model' of learning deals with encouraging students to engage their minds through brainstorming with their teachers?
  - (A) Observation
  - (B) Contextualization
  - (C) Collaboration
  - (D) Cognitive apprenticeship



#### SECTION - B

### Post Specific Subject-Related Questions

- Which approach to learning engages | 105. participants in an activity, leads them to reflect on the activity critically and obtain useful insight and learning?
  - (A) Experiential learning
  - (B) Collaboration
  - (C) Passive learning
  - (D) Observation
- 102. Which of these is the pivotal step in the experiential learning cycle?
  - (A) Experiencing
  - (B) Publishing
  - (C) Generalizing
  - (D) Processing
- 103. Language that is learnt and used by non-native persons is known as
  - (A) First language
  - (B) Second language
  - (C) Foreign language
  - (D) Multilingualism
- 104. At which age should a child be able to make sensible prose out of four to five jumbled sentences?
  - (A) 6-7 years
- (B) 3-4 years
- (C) 1-2 years

o

(D) 4-5 years

- Fill in the blanks type of questions are type of questions.
  - (A) Constructed response type
  - (B) Selection type
  - (C) Incomplete statement form
  - (D) Question form
- Which type of teaching emphasises 106. meaning and not forms or patterns in learning languages?
  - (A) Communicative language teaching
  - (B) Competency-based language teaching
  - (C) Collaborative learning
  - (D) Cooperative language teaching
- In communicative language teaching, 107. who among the following dominate?
  - (A) Teachers
  - (B) Facilitators
  - (C) Students
  - (D) Presenters
- In English teaching, which of these 108. methods allows the teacher to choose elements from a number of other methods?
  - (A) Eclectic method
  - (B) Constructivism
  - (C) Collaborative method
  - (D) Competency based education

-20-

d

J

	ú	
100	ď	
RA.	÷	
199		á

- 155. By which level should the students be able to write their opinions in the second language?
  - (A) Pre-primary
  - (B) Lower primary
  - (C) Upper primary
  - (D) Upper kindergarten
- Bilingualism yields positive results which can be transferred. This is also known as
  - (A) Receptive bilingualism
  - (B) Simultaneous bilingualism
  - (C) Positive transfer
  - (D) Negative transfer
- 157. The English language has \_\_\_\_\_ pure vowel sounds and \_\_\_\_ diphthongs.
  - (A) 12, 8
  - (B) 10, 6
  - (C) 8, 4
  - (D) 10, 4
- 158. Which of these is a supply type question?
  - (A) Essay
  - (B) Alternative response
  - (C) Matching type
  - (D) Multiple choice type

- 159. The most effective way to teach an occupational skill is to
  - (A) Classroom teaching
  - (B) Through art and drama
  - (C) Jigsaw method
  - (D) Demonstration method
  - 160. Which of these methods is/are merits of using the lab method to teach?
    - (A) Based on the principle of learning by doing
    - (B) Time consuming
    - (C) Suitable for lower class
    - (D) Both (A) and (C)
  - 161. Which of these is the opposite of the analytic method?
    - (A) Jigsaw method
    - (B) Lab method
    - (C) Synthetic method
    - (D) Prose teaching
  - 162. What is required to be a good communicator?
    - (A) Good teacher
    - (B) Good student
    - (C) Good listener
    - (D) Passive listener

-34



- The four 'Cs' of 21st century learning | 167. Which of these is the last stage in lesson and innovation skills does not include which of the following?
  - (A) Classroom control
  - (B) Communication
  - (C) Collaboration
  - (D) Creativity
- 164. The innovator of the behaviour modification source model was
  - (A) B.F. Skinner
  - (B) Resk
  - (C) Asubel
  - (D) N. Good
- 165. Which of these is characteristic of good teacher-student relationships?
  - (A) Using corporal punishment
  - (B) Using appropriate level of dominance by the teacher
  - (C) Using spanking as punishment
  - (D) Using minimal levels of warmth and acceptance in class by the teacher
- In the process of communication, 'written media' is part of which of the following?
  - (A) Sender
  - (B) Message
  - (C) Channel
  - (D) Non-verbal message

- planning?
  - (A) Preparing the ending of the lesson
  - (B) Determining the objectives
  - (C) Selecting instructional method
  - (D) Preparing final outline
- 168. A statement of purpose for the whole lesson which specifies what students will be able to do by the end of the lesson is known as
  - (A) Syllabus
  - (B) Planning format
  - (C) Objective
  - (D) Curriculum
- 169. Complete this statement: 'Learning tends to be better when we \_\_\_\_
  - (A) Are more involved
  - (B) Limit sensory information
  - (C) Are less involved
  - (D) Go from abstract to concrete
- Involvement from a learner is thought 170. to be passive during this stage
  - (A) Verbal receiving
  - (B) Participating
  - (C) Visual and verbal receiving
  - (D) Doing

О



- A resource should be suitable for the purpose for which it is selected. This is known as
  - (A) Clarity
  - (B) Simplicity
  - (C) Visibility
  - (D) Relevancy
- 172. The process of making judgements based on criteria or standards falls under which cognitive process dimension?
  - (A) Create
  - (B) Evaluate
  - (C) Understand
  - (D) Apply
- 173. In cognitive process, constructing meaning from instructional messages refers to which of the following?
  - (A) Understand
  - (B) Analyse
  - (C) Remember
  - (D) Evaluate
- 174. Which of these specifically refers to continuous comprehensive evaluation for summative evaluation ?
  - (A) Day-to-day observation
  - (B) Students are evaluated for shortterm objectives
  - (C) Conducted at the end of first and second semesters
  - (D) Homework/classwork

- 175. Which of these statements is true regarding 'gender' ?
  - (A) It is a numerical concept
  - (B) It is biologically determined
  - (C) It is the same as the sex of the person
  - (D) It is a social construct
- 176. Which of the following gender narratives refers to approach focused on 'empowerment' or increasing the agency of women and giving them the power to take control of their own lives often through targeted trainings and workshops?
  - (A) Women in development approach
  - (B) Gender in development approach
  - (C) Post-structuralism
  - (D) Human Rights-based approach
- 177. Which of these roles is primary taken up by men?
  - (A) Reproductive
  - (B) Community managing
  - (C) Care and maintenance of work force
  - (D) Community politics role
- Preference or prejudice toward one gender over the other is termed
  - (A) Gender role
  - (B) Gender awareness
  - (C) Gender bias
  - (D) Gender parity

# 

2		
109		113. In the process of two-way communication, 'sender' is at one end whileis
	(A) Feeling comfortable	at the other end.
	(B) Hiding the truth	(A) Message
	(C) Sincerity	(B) Source
	(D) Empathetic personality	(C) Channel (D) Receiver
110.	In a classroom, when the teacher is the	• • 102/2020
	focus of attention, he/she is known as	114. Which is the last stage of the lecture
	(A) The prompter	demonstration method ?
	(B) The resource	(A) Preparatory phase
		(B) Execution phase
	(C) The tutor	(C) Rehearsal phase
	(D) The controller	(D) Evaluator phase
111.	The teacher acts as which of the following in a classroom in which the teacher should be helping students only when necessary?  (A) The resource	115. Displaying sentence strips in the classroom throughout the school year to provide continual reminders of key vocabulary in mathematics teaching is known as
	(B) The organizer	(A) Labelling
	(C) The assessor	(B) Word wall
	1	(C) Construction
	(D) The participant	(D) Diagramming
112.	The teacher takes on the role of 'the prompter' when he/she	116. In pedagogical analysis, identifying different types of learning falls under
	(A) Becomes the centre of focus	stage,
	(B) Is a walking resource	(A) Evaluative
	(C) Encourages students	(B) Pre-active
	(D) Takes part in classroom activity	(C) Interactive
	/-/	(D) Instructional

182.	Cod	perative learning emphasizes among the participants.
	(A)	Learning by role
	(B)	Individual excellence

- (C) Interdependence
- (D) No accountability

# Which of these is true? 183.

- (A) Children are passive recipients of information \*
- Children learn best through class-(B) room teaching .x
- (C) Learning among children is never long-lasting
- (D) Children are active learners

# 184. Which of these is not a creative -:-- tochnique used in enhancing

- 189. Which of these is true regarding informal education?
  - (A) It has a fixed aim .
  - (B) Involves an organized institution
  - (C) It has a fixed method of teaching
  - (D) It provides unconscious learning
- 190. Which of these words mean 'to train' ?
  - (A) Educatum
  - (B) Educere
  - (C) Educare
  - (D) Egress
- 191. Who among these educationalists is credited as the originator of the kindergarten system?
  - (A) Friedrich Frobel
  - (B) Maria Montessori
  - (C) Heirich Pestalozzi
  - (D) John Dewey
- 192. Who among these thinkers wrote the book, 'Indian Philosophy'?
  - (A) Dr. Daulat Singh Kothari
  - (B) Prof. Yash Pal
  - (C) Dr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan
  - (D) Gijubhai Badheka

12	14	м
N	Э,	١
Ŀ	£	3

193.	The 8 <sup>th</sup> Schedule of our Constitution	197.	Matching leads to understanding the concept of	
names languages as the			***	
	major languages of India.		(A) Seriation	
	(A) 14 (B) 16		(B) Ordering	
	(C) 20 (D) 22		(C) One-to-one correspondence	
194.	According to Agnihotri, has very close relationship with language proficiency, scholastic achievement, cognitive flexibility and social tolerance.  (A) Monolingualism	198.	Second step of counting is of knowing the number of objects in a collection This aspect is known as  (A) Subitizing  (B) Ordinal	
	(B) Bilingualism			
			(C) Comparing	
	(C) Trilingualism		(D) Cardinal	
195.	(D) Multilingualism  Western countries are predominantly  with regard to language.	199.	In which stage of cognitive development in a child is abstract mathematical concept likely to develop?	
	(A) Dissimilar		(A) Concrete operation	
	(B) Bilingual		(B) Formal operation period	
			(C) Sensory motor	
	, -, - , -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -		(D) None of the above	
	(D) Monolingual		1. 0. 1	
196.	Urdu, Bengali and Assamese belong to which of the following language families in India?	200.	is the form of reasoning which a general law or principles derived from a study of particular objects or specific processes.	
	(A) Indo-Aryan		(A) Induction	
	(B) Dravidian	1	(B) Deduction	
	(C) Tibeto-Burman		(C) Cognition	
	(D) Munda	1	(D) None of the above	
o		4-	of the above	
			,	