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一卷好题

▶初中同步测控 全优设计

周周清

- ▶ 练基础，练重点，练难点，练出自信！
- ▶ 选好题做好题，一卷好题提成绩！



RJ

英语

八年级下册

知能出版社

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限时提分练 1

(限时:30分钟)

I. 选词填空

knee nurse kilos sick risks means
knife accident breathe spirit

- What happened to him?
—He hurt his _____ in P. E. class.
- Although Lei Feng has been dead, his _____ is still living on.
- The police are asking people about the _____.
- What does his mother do?
—She is a _____ in a children's hospital.
- Be careful with the _____, or you will cut yourself.
- To make more money, they're not afraid to take _____.
- The heaviest man in the world is about 400 _____.
_____.
- Do you know what this word _____?
- The higher the mountain is, the harder you will _____.
- The old man felt _____ and the driver sent him to hospital at once.

II. 用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空

- The teacher told us that a cow has four _____ (stomach).
- Do all animals have four _____ (foot)?
- My aunt is learning French by _____ (she) in her free time.
- You need to take _____ (break).
- My brother has a _____ (head). He should see a doctor.
- The journey was a little boring. We don't enjoy _____ (we) at all.
- In Europe, people eat with forks and _____ (knife).
- More and more people have realized the _____ (important) of China-Russia Heihe Bridge.
- Why did you make this _____ (decide)?
- Paul and Ted are mountain _____ (climb) with lots of experience.

III. 选词填空

tired nothing fat well carefully
exercise eating shouldn't rest food

Mary was ill yesterday. She went to see a doctor.

"Doctor, I'm not feeling 1. _____ at the moment," she said. "Every time I do my homework at night, I feel 2. _____. If I walk to school every day, I have to sit down and 3. _____ for ten minutes."

The doctor looked over Mary 4. _____. At last he said, "5. _____ serious, but I'm afraid you are 6. _____ too much."

"I don't understand. What do you mean?" asked Mary. "I mean you eat too much 7. _____," said the doctor.

"Oh! You mean I'm too 8. _____. That's a problem," said Mary. "What should I do if I don't want to be heavy?"

"The answer is easy," said the doctor. "If you want to be thinner and healthier, you 9. _____ eat a lot of food and you also should take more 10. _____."

IV. 阅读理解

It's getting hotter and hotter outside. Summer is already here! Summer means high temperature, more outdoor activities and all kinds of fruit and vegetables. How can we stay fit in this exciting season? Here are some good suggestions.

- Eat and drink properly

What is healthy to eat in summer? Fresh and light food. Fish can be a good choice. It can keep your body energetic and help fight against the burning sun. Another good choice is colorful fruit and vegetables. They not only please your eyes, but are full of healthy chemicals (化学物质). Tomatoes can help protect your skin against sunburn. Blueberries are good for your brain and eyes. The more color, the better.

With all those summertime activities you will be thirsty. What to drink? Water. Water has zero calories (卡路里) and is the

perfect drink to stop your thirst(口渴). Try not to drink too many energy drinks, sports drinks and soda drinks which have lots of sugar and caffeine(咖啡因) in them.

- Stay active and cool

Summer is a great season to enjoy outdoor activities and play. It's also a good time to lose weight. If you are lucky enough to be near a body of water, try water sports like swimming, surfing, water skiing and so on. These sports keep you cool and active at the same time. You'll have no problem beating the heat and keeping fit as well.

- Be careful of the sunshine

Summer allows you more chances to get outside, but it also means more possibilities to get burnt by the sunshine. If you are going outside, keep away from the sun when it's the strongest—usually between 11 a. m. and 3 p. m. If you have to stay in the sun for a long time, sun screen(防晒霜), a big hat and a long-sleeve jacket will be necessary.

1. How many pieces of advice does the writer give us?
A. Two. B. Three.
C. Four. D. Five.
2. The following things can help fight against the burning sun EXCEPT _____.
A. fish B. tomatoes
C. sun screen D. sports drinks
3. The underlined word “please” probably means “_____” in the passage.
A. 使……愉悦 B. 想要
C. 使……明亮 D. 请
4. Which of the following is NOT right?
A. Water sports can help you feel cool and active in summer.
B. You'd better not go outside from 12 a. m. to 2 p. m. in summer.
C. Energy drinks are better than water to stop thirst.
D. Summer is a good time to lose weight.
5. Which can be the best title of the passage?
A. How to Stay Healthy
B. How to Lose weight
C. Enjoy Outdoor Activities in Summer
D. Keep Fit in Summer

V. 任务型阅读

Sports may be fun, but you need to play it safely. Here are some tips to help you stay safe while you're playing sports in winter.

- Get your body ready!

Before you do any exercise, warming up is very important. Be sure to warm up for at least five minutes. During warming up you should stretch(伸展) all parts of your body.

- Wear the right clothes!

Be sure to wear the right clothes for sports. If you play winter sports, make sure that you dress warmly. Also make sure to use suntan oil(防晒油). Why? Because it may be cold, but the sun is still bright! If you don't put suntan oil, your skin may be hurt. If you go skiing, be sure to wear waterproof(防水的) trousers and gloves. If you go running in cold weather, try to wear a scarf. It will keep your face, ears and neck warm.

- Stop playing sports when you are hurt!

If you get hurt when playing sports, don't play until you get well.

- Don't get thirsty!

Drink a lot when playing sports because it is easy to become thirsty.

根据短文内容回答下列问题。

1. Is it important to warm up before we do exercise? (no more than 3 words)

-
2. How many tips are mentioned in this passage to help stay safe while you are playing sports in winter? (no more than three words)

-
3. Why must we put on suntan oil when we play winter sports? (no more than 12 words)

-
4. 把画线句子译成汉语。

-
5. 给文章加一个合适的标题。

限时提分练 2

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及汉语提示补全单词

- I have difficulty (困难) working out the math problem.
- They volunteer several (几个) hours each week to help others.
- At last, he understood (理解) what I said.
- The sign (标志) in the library says "Keep quiet".
- We have to carry (携带) a lot of books in our school bags every day.

II. 选词填空

used to trying out came up with
cheer... up hand out

- We should try to cheer him up.
- There used to be many trees around our school.
- We can help to hand out notices at the supermarket.
- She is trying out for the school soccer team.
- Do you know who came up with the idea?

III. 用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空

- There are many homeless (home) people after the big earthquake.
- Because of his kindness (kind), I could find the way to the post office.
- When is the tennis training (train)?
- The kids got excited (excite) when they heard the good news.
- Do you know who is the owner (own) of the car?

IV. 单项选择

- Mom got the feeling of satisfaction when she knew I did well at school.
A. situation B. discussion
C. invitation D. satisfaction
- Though he is alone at home, he doesn't feel lonely for he has many things to do.
A. alone; lonely B. lonely; alone
C. alone; alone D. lonely; lonely
- The old man gave away all his money to a charity.
—He is really great!
A. took away B. put away

- went away D. gave away
- Look! She is skiing so fast!
—Hard to believe her legs were once broken.
A. know B. understand
C. find D. imagine
- Molly had to cancel her trip because she was ill.
A. put on B. put off
C. put up D. put down
- She used to ride a bike to school, but now she is used to walking to school.
A. ride; walk B. riding; walking
C. riding; walk D. ride; walking

V. 动词填空

用所给动词的适当形式填空,必要时可加助动词或情态动词。

Dogs like living with people. They are very friendly. They 1. do many things for people.

Some dogs help people 2. look after sheep, and other dogs help them to find the lost children. And some of the dogs can help the blind.

There 3. is a kind of dog whose name is Seeing Eye Dog. Now we can see this kind of dogs 4. working for the blind all over the world. The Seeing Eye Dog is strong and easy 5. to train.

He helps the blind to walk from place to place. Before a dog 6. becomes a Seeing Eye Dog, he must be in a training school for about three months. First the dog has to learn to sit or 7. stay when he hears the trainer's call. In his next lesson, the dog learns to take his trainer across busy streets. The dog has many things 8. to learn. At the end of the training, he must take tests. When he passes the tests, the Seeing Eye Dog 9. does things by himself.

Now he can help the blind people. The new master(主人) may be a man, a woman or even a child. It takes the dog and his blind master about a month 10. to learn to work and live together.

VII. 完形填空

You may see people in need on the TV news after earthquakes or other disasters(灾难). Perhaps you are walking past 1 people who are begging (乞讨) on the streets. Or maybe you are going to an old people's home and want to do something helpful for the old there. 2 can we do something to help the people who are in trouble? The answer is volunteering.

Volunteering means spending some of your free time helping others. You could 3 to clean up the city park. You could visit the sick kids in the hospital to 4. You could help to 5 food at the food bank. You could help to 6 old bikes or do any other things.

Many people find that they really enjoy volunteering. When they help others, they often feel 7. And at the same time, they say they can get such a strong feeling of 8. Volunteer experiences often put you in a different place. And you will make a 9 to the world.

You'll know that, thanks to you, some kids will have warm coats, hats and shoes. I believe you 10 happy for it.

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. abled | B. disabled |
| C. healthy | D. happy |
| 2. A. Why | B. What |
| C. How | D. Where |
| 3. A. volunteer | B. raise |
| C. imagine | D. train |
| 4. A. cheer up them | B. cheers them up |
| C. cheer them up | D. cheers up them |
| 5. A. give away | B. give up |
| C. hand up | D. give out |
| 6. A. repair up | B. fix up |
| C. fix | D. set up |
| 7. A. excited | B. exciting |
| C. boring | D. bored |
| 8. A. satisfy | B. satisfied |
| C. satisfaction | D. satisfying |
| 9. A. report | B. sign |
| C. difference | D. situation |
| 10. A. feel | B. could feel |
| C. will feel | D. felt |

VIII. 任务型阅读

Close your eyes for a minute and

imagine what life would be like if you couldn't see. Imagine having to read this page, not with your eyes but with your fingers. How do you feel then?

With medical knowledge and skills today, two-thirds of the world's 42 million blind people should not have to suffer (受苦). Unluckily, rich countries have this knowledge, but developing countries do not.

ORBIS is an international charitable organization(慈善组织). Its goal is to help fight blindness all over the world. Inside a DC-8 airplane, there is a teaching hospital with television rooms and classrooms. Doctors are taught the latest technology of helping the blind get sight again there. ORBIS is always trying to keep a closer relation among countries.

ORBIS helps those developing countries by providing sight-saving training. It has taught over 35,000 doctors and nurses. They continue(继续) to treat thousands of blind people every year. They have travelled around the earth 3 times, visited 76 countries and treated over 20,000 blind people. 3. They need your help to continue their work and free people from blindness.

For just \$38, you can help one person see, for \$380 you can bring sight to 10 people, \$1,300 helps train a doctor new skills, and for \$13,000 you can provide a training program for a group of doctors who can make thousands of blind people see again.

4. Your love can help them open their eyes to the world.

根据短文内容回答下列问题。

1. How many doctors and nurses has ORBIS taught?

2. What can you do with \$380 according to the passage?

将文中画线句子译成汉语。

3. _____

4. _____

5. 给文章拟一个合适的标题。

限时提分练 3

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示补全单词

- Teachers should p chances for students to do some research.
- We started early in o to arrive before dark.
- Still it was too late, we had to take a taxi home.
- Cindy d the glasses and broke them just now.
- Mr. Smith fell i today, so he stayed in bed all day.
- Kate cannot think clearly when she is under great pressure (压力).
- Surfing the Internet is just a waste (浪费) of time for children.
- Many students are too busy with their study to have time to develop (发展) their interest.
- What we need now is fairness (公平).
- Eric lives next door. We are neighbors (邻居).

II. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

- Do you know how to make us live (live) a happy life?
- It's important to ask (ask) the students to have a good rest.
- There is no need for you to water (water) the flowers. I watered them just now.
- China and India are both developing (develop) countries.
- Thanks for taking (take) care of my dog.
- I think every student should do his or her part in keeping (keep) the classroom clean and tidy.
- Lucy invited me to go (go) to the movies with her.
- It is getting cold. Would you mind closing (close) the window?
- On weekends, Lily spends much of her time helping (help) out with housework.

III. 单项选择

- Alex believes he will soon be able to play chess as well as the computer.
A. well B. better
C. best D. the best
- Where do you usually have lunch?
—In the school dining hall. It provides different kinds of food for us.
A. to B. with C. for D. by

- We should turn off the light when we leave the room to save electricity.

A. so that B. so as
C. as well as D. in order to

- Last week she lent my math book but didn't return it.

A. lent; return
B. borrowed; return
C. lent; return to
D. borrowed; return to

- I often have much stress and fall asleep before exams.
—You must learn to be relaxed.

A. ill B. happy
C. healthy D. strong

- Are you going to have a part-time job during the summer vacation?
—Yes. I think I shouldn't always depend on my parents since I've grown up.

A. fight against B. argue with
C. hear from D. depend on

IV. 完形填空

Henry Bond was about seven years old when his father died. His mother found it 1 to support the large family. However, she tried her best to do so. Also, she 2 Henry, the eldest son, to school.

At one time, Henry needed a grammar book for his study. His family was so 3 that his mother could not afford one.

One morning, Henry found that there was a deep snow, and the 4 wind was blowing. "Ah," he said, "it is an ill wind that blows nobody good." With these words, he ran to the house of a neighbor, and offered his 5 to move away the snow around it. The offer was accepted. When he finished the work, he received his 6. Then he went to another place for the 7 purpose (目的), and then to another, 8 he had earned (挣得) enough to buy a grammar book.

From that time on, Henry was 9 the first in all his classes. He knew no such word as "10", and he succeeded in all he tried to do. Having the will (意志), he always found the way.

1. A. easy B. fun
- C. difficult D. possible
2. A. lent B. sent
- C. followed D. returned
3. A. large B. small
- C. rich D. poor
4. A. cold B. warm
- C. cool D. hot
5. A. service B. choice
- C. money D. interest
6. A. book B. pay
- C. letter D. study
7. A. last B. strange
- C. same D. boring
8. A. if B. because
- C. since D. until
9. A. always B. never
- C. already D. seldom
10. A. help B. fail
- C. try D. give

V. 阅读理解

Mr. Clark hated to do housework. He wouldn't stay at home at weekends. As his wife always told him to do some washing or cleaning, or he had to cook for his family. So he always made some excuses on Friday evenings.

Recently Mr. Clark was interested in playing cards. But he was afraid to let his wife know. So every Sunday afternoon he brought some fish home. It made his wife happy and she never asked where he spent his weekends.

One Saturday morning Mr. Clark left home at 7 o'clock. He took a bus and got off at a stop near a small town. His friends were waiting for him in a small hotel. They played cards there. Mr. Clark didn't go home until 7 o'clock on Sunday evening. He went into the shop near the bus stop as usual. As soon as the shopkeeper saw him, the man said, "I'm sorry, Mr. Clark. I have no fish today. What about some chicken legs?"

"Don't be silly!" said Mr. Clark. "I can't tell my wife that I have fished some chicken legs, can I?"

1. Mr. Clark didn't want to stay at home on weekends because _____.

- A. he wouldn't like to do any housework
- B. he didn't love his wife

- C. he was very busy
- D. he had to work
2. What was Mr. Clark interested in?
- A. Fishing.
- B. Playing cards.
- C. Shopping.
- D. Swimming.
3. How long was Mr. Clark away from his home?
- A. About 24 hours. B. About 36 hours.
- C. About 48 hours. D. About 72 hours.
4. Mr. Clark played cards with his friends _____.
- A. at home B. in a shop
- C. in a hotel D. at a hospital
5. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?
- A. Mr. Clark hardly stayed at home on weekends.
- B. Mr. Clark played cards only this weekend.
- C. Mrs. Clark believed he fished on weekends.
- D. Mr. Clark didn't like to do the housework.

VI. 情景交际

根据对话内容,从方框内选择恰当的句子填入对话相应的空白处,使对话完整,合乎情景。(有两个多余选项)

A: Hey, Hu Rong. 1. _____

B: I'm reading a book.

A: 2. _____

B: Yes, sure. 3. _____

A: Could you please help me clean the house?

B: 4. _____

A: Yes, it's clean, but it's not "dad clean".

5. _____

B: I see. Let's clean it now.

A: OK.

A. What can I do for you?

B. Dad will be angry if he sees our house is in a mess.

C. What are you doing?

D. Ah, but I think the house is very clean.

E. Why don't you ask Dad to do that?

F. Could you please stop reading and help me?

G. How soon will Dad come back?

限时提分练 4

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及汉语提示补全单词

- After reading the books for such a long time, my neck (脖子) hurts.
- Everyone should do something to make sure of the fairness (公正性) of this election(选择).
- We need more volunteers to help train the dogs for the blind (盲的) people.
- Could you carry (提) the bag for me?
—Sure.
- These days many middle school students are still under lots of pressure (压力) from school.

II. 用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空

- A lot of people are lying (lie) on the beach and enjoying the sunshine.
- That kind old man's death (die) made the villagers very sad.
- I wrote many letters (letter) to her. But she didn't reply to me.
- If you have difficulty (difficult) in finishing this work alone, you should ask for help.
- I have a feeling (feel) of joy when I know my friends will come back next week.

III. 根据所给汉语意思完成句子

- 因为大雨,他们不得不推迟运动会。
They have to put off the sports meeting because of the heavy rain.
- 我上周就花完我的钱了。
I ran out of my money last week.
- 我不知道如何关心动物。
I don't know how to care for animals.
- 为了挽救他的生命,医生截掉了他的双腿。
To save his life, the doctor cut off his legs.
- 她将自愿帮助我们举办一次图书特卖活动。
She will volunteer to help us have a book sale.

IV. 单项选择

- The bus was broken, so all of the passengers had to get off and wait for the next one.
A. passengers B. guests
C. players D. drivers

- Mike is a clever boy. He can always find good ways to solve problems.
A. heavy B. shy
C. clever D. serious
- Jenny fell down in the P. E. class yesterday and hurt herself.
A. him B. himself
C. her D. herself
- Does Sam think mountain climbing is dangerous?
—Yes, he does. But he likes taking a risk.
A. taking a photo B. taking a seat
C. taking a risk D. taking a break
- I'm really tired now.
—I think it's necessary for you to lie down and have a rest.
A. for; to lie B. of; to lie
C. for; lying D. of; lying
- You shouldn't eat so many candies. They are not good for your teeth.
A. can B. needn't
C. shouldn't D. must
- What did your mother say?
—She asked me wash my coat before I played computer games.
A. wash B. washing
C. to wash D. washes
- What's the matter?
—I have a bad headache. I stayed up too late last night.
A. Why did you stay up late
B. What's the matter
C. When did you go to bed
D. What do you like

V. 阅读理解

On my recent trip to Sydney with my parents, we visited the Wildlife Park.

The Wildlife Park has lots of different animals and birds. Some are native(当地的) to Australia and can only be found there. There are over 600 animals there, including kangaroos, koalas and crocodiles (鳄鱼). They are kept in their natural environment. I like the Wildlife Park better than a zoo where most of the animals are in cages(笼子).

We first spent some time with the kangaroos. We were allowed to touch and feed them. It was very exciting to be so close

to them. There were koalas too. They looked very cuddly(令人想拥抱的). Although we were not allowed to carry them, I got to take a photo with one. It is a wonderful souvenir(纪念品) of my holiday in Sydney.

The Wildlife Park has plenty of fresh water and saltwater crocodiles. Some of them are really big and scary(吓人的) with huge teeth! I did not want to get too close to them.

There was also a bird show. The keepers showed us different species(种类) they had. I saw an old parrot which could "talk". It made a great impression on me. I enjoyed the trip very much. There was so much to see.

1. Where is the Wildlife Park?

- A. In Sydney. B. In Cairo.
- C. In Athens. D. In Rome.

2. What is a wonderful souvenir of the writer's holiday?

- A. A parrot that could talk.
- B. A chance to feed a koala.
- C. A photo with a koala.
- D. Food for the kangaroos.

3. Why didn't the writer want to get very close to the crocodiles?

- A. They lived in water.
- B. The writer was afraid of them.
- C. The writer did not want to feed them.
- D. The writer did not like the smell of saltwater.

4. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. The kangaroos are kept in cages in the Wildlife Park.
- B. The writer traveled to the Wildlife Park alone.
- C. The writer went to see koalas first.
- D. The writer watched a bird show.

5. How did the writer feel after visiting the Wildlife Park?

- A. Excited. B. Unhappy.
- C. Bored. D. Hopeless.

VI. 任务型阅读

Two students from Australia started Orange Sky Laundry. It is Australia's first mobile laundry for homeless(无家可归的) people.

20-year-old Lucas and his friend Nicholas decided to start the service during a trip. When they got back to school, they stopped talking about it and just did it. They got a van(货车) and two washing machines

and started the voluntary work.

They offer(提供) service five days a week on Brisbane's busy streets. Homeless people can wash their clothes for free. "I feel fresh," a homeless woman said after getting her clothes washed.

"Everyone should wear clean clothes, right?" the two young men said. "We hope that Orange Sky Laundry will be all over Australia. We also want to get more help. We hope more school kids can volunteer in the van." They are doing their best to help homeless people have a healthy and happy life.

根据短文内容,完成下列各题。(每空词数不限)

1. Lucas and Nicholas are from _____.
2. Lucas and Nicholas started their voluntary work after they got back from _____.
3. It's _____ for homeless people to wash their clothes at Orange Sky Laundry.
4. Lucas and Nicholas need more _____ to help in the van.
5. 将画线句子翻译成中文。

VII. 短文填空

阅读下面短文,用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空,必要时可加助动词或情态动词。

It's easy for people 1. _____ (catch) a cold in winter or spring. But we can also do a lot to stay 2. _____ (health). Here is some advice.

Wash your hands often, and it will stop germs(细菌) 3. _____ (pass) from one person to another. Don't use your hands when coughing. Use a tissue(纸巾), and then throw it away at once. 4. _____ (turn) your head away from people near you when you 5. _____ (cough). Get some fresh air. Germs like staying in wet and warm room. So you'd better keep your window 6. _____ (open) at night when you are sleeping, or you won't have 7. _____ (enough) fresh air. If flu(流感) is going around your house or school, you should 8. _____ (try) to stay away from those who 9. _____ (be) ill. Remember 10. _____ (boil) your towel(毛巾) for about a minute to kill germs.

限时提分练 5

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示补全单词

- The play takes place in a _____ (典型的), old Beijing teahouse.
- What will you do this weekend?
—I am not sure. _____ (或许) I'll go back to my hometown with my family.
- The children also learn many s _____ like how to live in the wild.
- Tom, take out the rubbish. Mom will be c _____ if she sees this mess.
- Simon, _____ (推) hard when I tell you to.
- Who _____ (引起) the traffic accident?
—The driver. Because he drank a lot.
- Sam wants to be one of the _____ (成员) of his school swimming club.
- Because the exam is coming, all of us have much _____ (压力).
- Although he was quite tired after a day's work, he _____ (继续) cleaning the house.
- To get into a good university, we have to _____ (竞争) with each other at school.

II. 用所给单词的适当形式填空

- Shirley is an early bird. It was _____ (usual) for her to be late for school today.
- The _____ (develop) of AI (人工智能) will enable us to learn more about our brains.
- Science and technology is developing these days _____ (quick) and it's hard to imagine what will happen in the future.
- People have very different _____ (opinion) on this emoji (表情符号).
- Hawking is no longer with us, but he _____ (continue) to inspire (激励) the world.
- He does lots of things on weekends, like _____ (clean) the room, doing some washing, and so on.
- It's time _____ (have) a rest. Let's stop working.
- What will keep on _____ (happen), do you know?
- He _____ (join) the chess club last month.
- Try _____ (be) the first or the best to finish something.

III. 单项选择

- Bob's mother doesn't allow him _____ computer games on school nights.

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| A. plays | B. to play |
| C. playing | D. play |
- Helen is my _____ sister. She is two years _____ than me.
A. old; elder B. older; elder
C. elder; older D. elder; old
 - We can't _____ this math problem. Can you help us?
A. work out B. compare with
C. prepare for D. put down
 - Mom, could I watch the game show now?
—Sorry, you can't watch it _____ you clean your room.
A. when B. if
C. after D. until
 - _____ you say, I won't change my mind.
A. However B. Whatever
C. Whether D. If
 - Many people like reading newspapers _____ they can learn what's happening in the world.
A. so that B. ever since
C. as soon as D. even though
 - I was very angry _____ myself _____ making such a stupid mistake.
A. at; at B. with; for
C. at; with D. with; at
 - He is angry with his mother, because she always _____ him with the best student.
A. complains B. compares
C. agrees D. makes

IV. 根据汉语意思完成句子

- 你和你的同学们相处得怎么样?
How are you _____ your classmates?
- 你昨天为什么翻我的书包?
Why did you _____ my schoolbag yesterday?
- 这事挺重要的,弗兰克,你一定要做好。
It's _____, Frank.
You must do it well.
- 你是什么时候删除这些信息的?
When did you _____ these messages?
- 请不要反复问这个无聊的问题。
Please don't _____ the boring question.

V. 完形填空

Alice had an argument with her best friend Judy last Thursday. She thought 1 was really difficult and wanted to copy Judy's

homework. But she refused. They didn't talk to each other for a few days. Alice didn't know 2 to face her math problem and she wondered if she could get on well with her friend again.

Yesterday afternoon, she saw a cool boy 3 the violin happily by the road when she was walking home from school. The violin sounded so nice that she couldn't help stopping to listen to him. 4 Alice didn't know what music he was playing, it made her feel better. After he finished the music, Alice walked over to him and said, "Thank you 5 your beautiful music. It gets me out of the really bad mood (心情)." Then she took out some 6 and gave it to him. To her surprise, the boy asked her to take the money back. He explained that he wasn't making money by playing the violin. He just wanted to 7 others. He hoped that the wonderful music could make people relaxed and happy. That's why he played it by the road. What a 8 boy he was! Then Alice told him about her trouble.

He said, "You should learn to smile even if you are in difficulty. Listening to music is helpful. So why not listen to music as 9 as possible? Never lose heart! Believe in your friend! She has her reason. Believe in 10! Everything will go well!"

Hearing these words, Alice went home with a smile. She believed she could make it.

- | | |
|----------------|------------|
| 1. A. Chinese | B. math |
| C. science | D. physics |
| 2. A. why | B. how |
| C. when | D. where |
| 3. A. carrying | B. selling |
| C. buying | D. playing |
| 4. A. Because | B. When |
| C. Though | D. Whether |
| 5. A. for | B. with |
| C. from | D. except |
| 6. A. music | B. money |
| C. food | D. work |
| 7. A. have | B. leave |
| C. give | D. help |
| 8. A. tall | B. rich |
| C. kind | D. safe |
| 9. A. often | B. quickly |
| C. soon | D. loudly |
| 10. A. myself | B. herself |
| C. yourself | D. himself |

VI. 阅读理解

There once lived a rich businessman who had a lazy son. The businessman wanted his son to realize the value of labor.

One day, he told his son, "Today, I want you to earn something. If you fail, you won't have your meal tonight."

The boy didn't want to find a job, so he asked his mother for help. She gave him a gold coin. In the evening, when the father asked his son what he had earned, the son showed him the gold coin. The father then asked him to throw it into the well (水井). The son did as he was told.

The father guessed that the gold was from the boy's mother. The next day, he sent his wife to her parents' home and asked his son to earn something. Since no one helped him, the son had to go to the market to look for a job. A shopkeeper told him that he would pay him a coin if he carried heavy tools for him. The son accepted. As he returned home and gave the coin to his father, he was asked to throw it into the well. The boy cried, "Dad! My body is aching. I'm tired. How are you asking me to throw my hard-earned coin into a well?"

The businessman smiled. He told his son that one feels pain only when the fruits of labor are wasted. The son realized the value of hard work. He promised not to be lazy any more.

1. Who helped the son when he was asked to earn something for the first time?
A. His father.
B. His mother.
C. His sister.
D. The shopkeeper.
2. The underlined word "aching" has the similar meaning with " ".
A. painful B. hopeful
C. helpful D. powerful
3. Why did the father ask the boy to throw his coin into the well?
A. To fill the well.
B. To check if the coin is real.
C. To keep the coin for the boy.
D. To check if the boy had earned the coin by himself.
4. How did the son feel when his father asked him to throw the coin into the well again?
A. Surprised. B. Sad.
C. Excited. D. Relaxed.
5. The story is mainly about .
A. a wise father
B. a gold coin
C. the fruits of labor
D. a lazy boy

限时提分练 6

(限时:30分钟)

I. 单项选择

- I can't hear the teacher _____ with so much noise outside.
A. clearly B. slowly
C. warmly D. bravely
- There was a car accident on Xin Hua Road yesterday. _____, nobody was hurt.
A. Lucky B. Luckily
C. Unlucky D. Unluckily
- The movie is _____ wonderful _____. I want to see it again.
A. too; to B. so; that
C. as; as D. so; as
- The manager of the hotel was waiting at the gate _____ the guests arrived.
A. while B. when
C. unless D. after
- The water _____ two centimeters after the heavy rain yesterday.
A. rose B. rise
C. raises D. raised
- John _____ so hard on his project that he didn't notice his mom enter the room.
A. works B. has worked
C. was working D. will work
- In the car accident, two people _____.
A. kill B. killed
C. were killed D. killing

II. 根据首字母或汉语提示补全单词

- Read the p_____ and answer the questions below.
- I am sorry I c_____ forgot to close the door.
- Nobody knew what to say and they just sat there in s_____.
- To tell you the t_____, I don't care about the result of the speech competition.
- When I heard his words, I r_____ that I was wrong.
- Please write your _____ (日期) and place of birth on the form(表格).
- All of us were _____ (震惊的) that such a little girl spoke English so well.

- We received a letter from him _____ (最近).

- Each school should have swimming lessons and teach p_____ swimming skills.
- He made a model of the Eiffel _____ (塔).

III. 用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空

- Could you buy some candles and _____ (match) for me in the shop?
- In autumn, there are _____ (fall) tree leaves everywhere.
- The thick fog quickly disappeared as the sun _____ (rise).
- Jimmy could not sleep at first. He finally fell _____ (sleep) when the rainstorm stopped at midnight.
- The wind was _____ (die) down at around 3:00 a.m.
- After the snow, the road was so _____ (ice) that we were quite careful.
- I have much _____ (difficult) in finishing the work.
- I saw a dog flying in the sky like a bird.
—You must be _____ (kid).
- When my aunt was ten years old, she began to teach _____ (her) English.
- After the rain, Peppa and George had great fun _____ (play) in the puddles.

IV. 根据汉语意思完成句子

- 尽管大风把许多东西弄得支离破碎,但是它让邻居们更紧密地联系在一起。
Although the wind _____ many things _____, it brought neighbors closer together.
- 她一直默默地准备数学考试。
She was preparing for the math exam _____.
- 昨晚我给你多次打电话。你为什么没接呢?
I called you many times last night. Why didn't you _____ the phone?
- 暴风雨过后,到处都是落叶、破窗和垃圾。
After the rainstorm, _____ leaves, _____ windows and rubbish were everywhere.

5. 尽管下着大雨，但是他仍然艰难地奔向学校。

It was raining heavily, but he was still _____ his _____ to school.

V. 阅读理解

It was raining heavily as I was walking up the hill towards the station at six o'clock on a Saturday morning. At this early hour there wasn't much traffic and there weren't many people. Just as I was crossing the road near the top of the hill, a car came around the corner. It was traveling very fast. Suddenly it hit a lamp post (路灯柱) and turned over.

I ran to the car to help the driver at once. He was badly hurt and there was a lot of blood on his face. A young woman hurried into the station and phoned for an ambulance (救护车) while I took care of the driver. Many people came to see what happened. A policeman arrived a few minutes later and asked me a lot of questions about the accident. After a while the ambulance arrived and the driver was sent to the hospital.

On Monday morning I went to the hospital to see the man. The doctor told me that he was much better, and he would leave the hospital after a few days' rest.

1. Where did the accident happen?

- A. Near the school.
- B. Near the top of the hill.
- C. In the school.
- D. Near the hospital.

2. What happened to the driver?

- A. He drove the car very well.
- B. His car hit a lamp post.
- C. His car turned over.
- D. Both B and C.

3. Who hurried into the station and phoned for an ambulance?

- A. The writer.
- B. A policeman.
- C. Some people.
- D. A young woman.

4. What did the policeman do?

- A. He took the driver away.
- B. He sent the driver to the hospital.

- C. He asked the writer a lot of questions.
- D. He phoned for an ambulance.

5. Was the driver dead at last?

- A. Yes, he wasn't.
- B. No, he was.
- C. Yes, he was.
- D. No, he wasn't.

VI. 根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入短文空白处的最佳选项

It may be difficult for you to deal with bad moods (心情). Different people have different ways to improve moods. The following advice can help you find your best way.

Do something you enjoy. It will keep you away from the bad mood. 1. _____ What makes you feel happy? Let yourself do that thing.

2. _____ Go to have lunch, coffee, or watch a movie with your friend. It's OK if you don't like these. You can visit a park with your friends. You can just sit and talk.

3. _____ You can use the phone to talk with them. They may make you happy.

Change your environment. You can go out for a walk to improve your mood. It helps you get out of your bad moods. Sure, you can also stay at home. But you should at least change the light of your room. 4. _____ And then it will improve your mood.

Deal with your problems. You need to do a little self-assessment (自省). It helps you know your bad mood. 5. _____ Sometimes the answer may be an easy one. Sometimes it is bigger. You just need to spend more time on it.

- A. It will make your environment different.
- B. You know your interests better than anyone else.
- C. You'll have the chance (机会) to solve the problem.
- D. Spend time with a friend.
- E. Sometimes you can't get together with your friends.

限时提分练 7

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及汉语提示补全单词

1. You'd better go out with someone else. It's dangerous to go out alone _____ (今晚).
2. I want to live in a house with _____ (明亮的) and big windows.
3. Can you _____ (想象) what life will be like without freedom?
4. —Dad, I've got an A in the math exam.
—Great. And I'm sure you will do even better, because this is a good _____ (开始).
5. If you have a good _____ (机会) to get a good job, take it.

II. 用所给单词的适当形式填空

1. I _____ (complete) forgot that it was his birthday yesterday.
2. Amy made _____ (she) a cup of coffee after she got up.
3. Miss Cao was very _____ (exciting) about hearing from her friend Jack.
4. —Do you know Jill?
—Yes. She is not a _____ (usually) girl. She was able to write at the age of two.
5. When you called Sam, he was _____ (sweep) the floor at home.

III. 根据汉语意思完成句子

1. 昨天我给我妹妹打过电话,但她没接。
I called my sister yesterday, but she didn't _____.
2. 你为什么不和你父母交流一下呢?
Why don't you _____ your parents?
3. 这是一本有用的书,我一直在用它。
This is a useful book. I use it _____.
4. 他默不作声地走回了他的房间。
He walked back to his room _____.
5. 昨晚当我到家时,我妈妈正在洗盘子。
My mother _____ the dishes _____ I got home last night.

IV. 单项选择

1. —What's the matter?
—I have a _____. I have to go to a

- doctor.
- | | |
|---------|----------|
| A. head | B. tooth |
| C. cold | D. nose |
2. —What _____ he _____ at this time yesterday?
—He was reading a storybook.
A. is; doing B. did; do
C. does; do D. was; doing
 3. The students arrived at the top of the mountain _____ two hours later.
A. successful B. successfully
C. success D. succeed
 4. How dirty your room is! You must _____.
A. to clean it up B. clean it up
C. clean up it D. to clean up it
 5. —Smoking is bad for your health.
—You're right. I decide to _____.
A. take it down B. find it out
C. turn it off D. give it up
 6. Tom is _____ nervous _____ he can't talk in front of the class.
A. such; that B. too; to
C. so; that D. enough; to
 7. Why not _____ your teacher for help when you can't finish _____ it by yourself?
A. ask; write B. to ask; writing
C. ask; writing D. asking; write
 8. —Which of the two T-shirts would you like?
— _____. I don't like their styles.
A. Either B. Neither
C. Both D. All

V. 完形填空

A few months ago, I learned that the city food bank needed some volunteers. I used to be the 1 in my group of friends. So I sent letters to 10 friends. I'd like to 2 up a group that would volunteer to make and serve dinner for the disabled people. I wanted to 3 my friends to be part of the group. Almost all of my friends 4.

One day, several of my friends brought some food and helped prepare the 5. "I

got such a strong feeling of satisfaction when I saw the 6 people get the food!" said one friend. Later, another friend made a list (清单) about serving, 7 we could do quickly and easily. Now each month there are new faces that join the group. One woman 8 invited another group of her friends to serve.

It's hard to imagine that simple 9 asking friends to help have made a great difference. At first, I just wanted to be an organizer. Now, I 10 my idea. I also love to work as a volunteer, because I can get more joy from the happy faces of the disabled people.

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. volunteer | B. organizer |
| C. singer | D. nurse |
| 2. A. set | B. cheer |
| C. give | D. clean |
| 3. A. take | B. move |
| C. invite | D. teach |
| 4. A. refused | B. agreed |
| C. stayed | D. left |
| 5. A. training | B. journey |
| C. party | D. meal |
| 6. A. disabled | B. strong |
| C. clever | D. kind |
| 7. A. but | B. so |
| C. because | D. or |
| 8. A. still | B. hardly |
| C. only | D. even |
| 9. A. words | B. visits |
| C. letters | D. emails |
| 10. A. keep | B. get |
| C. change | D. open |

VI. 情景交际

根据对话内容,从方框内选择恰当的句子填入对话相应的空白处,使对话完整,合乎情景。

- A. When will you arrive?
- B. How much should I pay?
- C. Can I help you?
- D. What's your phone number?
- E. May I have your name, please?

A: Hello, this is the Hilton Hotel. 1
B: Yes, I'd like to book(预订) two rooms for three nights.

A: 2

B: We will arrive at the hotel this Friday.

A: OK. Would you like two single rooms or double rooms?

B: Two double rooms.

A: All right.

B: 3

A: \$ 600.

B: That will be fine.

A: 4

B: Mike Smith.

A: 5

B: 780-9345.

A: OK! I've got it. Thank you, Mr. Smith.

VII. 短文填空

从方框中选择合适的单词并用其适当形式填空,使短文完整、通顺。

happier make spend study will
continue able free help provide

Alice is a very kind girl. She is always 1 to help people who are in trouble. Now Alice is 2 in the University of Texas. At the same time, she is volunteering to teach at Heart House in her 3. Heart House is a local after-school program for children. It 4 some extra education for those children who are not doing well in their studies.

Alice goes to Heart House to teach the children twice a week. She has also 5 a website for Heart House. In this way, more people will have more chances to learn about Heart House and 6 the children there.

Because of Alice's website, every week 125 volunteers 7 about four hours helping the children at Heart House now. "Without Alice's website, Heart House wouldn't be 8 to have enough volunteers. Her support is much appreciated (欣赏)," the program leader says.

"I feel happy to teach those kids how to study. The 9 thing is that I can also learn a lot from them, too. I won't give up volunteering after graduation. I hope to 10 teaching kids who need help," Alice says.

限时提分练 8

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及首字母提示补全单词

- Paul saved a little boy from a deep river.
How b_____ he was!
- We have to stay at home the w_____ day because of the heavy rain.
- The cup is broken. Who d_____ it on the ground?
- The man looks w_____. Maybe he falls ill.
- Hearing the sound of someone coming, Jessica h_____ her diary under the bed.

II. 用方框中所给的单词或词组填空,使句子恢复完整

as soon as remind lead stupid west

- The story remind me of an experience I once had.
- She will play with you as soon as she finishes her homework.
- The girl led me to her classroom just now.
- In western countries, most students take the bus to school.
- It is stupid of me to follow your advice.

III. 根据汉语意思完成句子

- 从前,那里住着一位美丽的公主。
Once upon a time, there lived a beautiful princess.
- 我们应该考虑借用来代替购买。
We should consider borrowing instead of buying.
- 他们在这里相遇并相爱。
They met and fell in love with here.
- 为什么不将其转化为一种游戏呢?
Why not turn it into a game?
- 大学毕业后,琳达嫁给了一个美国人。
After graduating from university, Linda

married to an American man.

IV. 单项选择

- Because you've tasted it, you can't imagine how delicious the dish is.
A. Because B. Although
C. When D. Unless
- The flowers start to come out in spring.
A. come in B. come out
C. come from D. come to
- Farmers have become richer and richer in our hometown in recent years.
A. more and more rich
B. richer and richer
C. more rich and more rich
D. rich and rich
- We didn't start our discussion until everybody arrived.
A. since B. until
C. while D. when
- Do you have anything else to say, Li Ming?
—No, I don't.
A. anything else B. something else
C. else anything D. else something
- I heard someone singing when I walked into the classroom.
A. to sing B. sings
C. singing D. sang

V. 选词填空

阅读下面材料,用方框中所给单词的适当形式在空白处填空,每词限用一次,每空只能填一词。

come that true loud buy surprised
another why without own

One evening, an old lady went shopping in the supermarket. She bought lots of toys for her grandson, including a knife. When she came back to her car, she found a man with red hair starting the car and

2. _____ two sitting at the back. She was surprised. She realized that they would drive her car away. Then she took out the toy knife
3. _____ thinking and pointed at the men in the car. “Get out of the car!” She shouted
4. _____. The men in the car got so scared that they ran away quickly. The lady made sure 5. _____ all the men had gone. Then she took out the key to start the car. To her 6. _____, she couldn’t. She tried again and again and finally she knew 7. _____ it wasn’t her car! She looked around and saw her 8. _____ car not far away. When she came back to her car, she saw the men 9. _____ up to her with a policeman. She thought it was time for her to tell the 10. _____ and make it clear. After hearing her story, the policeman began to laugh. Her face turned red.

VII. 阅读理解

Have you heard of any legends about the moon? They are really interesting.

Most Chinese know the story of Chang'e and her flight to the moon. But they may not know why there is also a Jade Rabbit (玉兔) in the moon. Here is one of the stories. Three fairies (仙女) changed themselves into poor old men and asked a fox, a monkey, and a rabbit for food. Both the fox and the monkey gave some food to them. But the rabbit had nothing to give them. The rabbit saw that they were still hungry. He jumped into a fire to offer his own flesh (肉). The fairies were very thankful, so they sent the rabbit to live in the Moon Palace beside the beautiful and lonely Chang'e.

Chinese people often talk about Chang'e—"the woman in the moon". In western countries, people talk about "the man in the moon"! The man in the moon is an old man with some sticks (树枝) on his back. Sometimes he carries a lantern with a little dog beside him.

1. In the story, _____ first gave the three fairies some food.
 - A. only the fox
 - B. the monkey and the rabbit
 - C. the fox and the rabbit
 - D. the fox and the monkey
2. The underlined word “they” stands for (代表)“_____” in the passage.
 - A. the fox and the monkey
 - B. the three fairies
 - C. the monkey and the three fairies
 - D. the poor men and the three fairies
3. What did the rabbit do for the three fairies?
 - A. He jumped over a fire and went away.
 - B. He jumped into a fire to offer his own flesh.
 - C. He had nothing to give them, and he had to run away.
 - D. He asked the fox and the monkey for help.
4. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
 - A. Three fairies changed the fox, the monkey and the rabbit into poor old men.
 - B. The fairies were very thankful to the fox and the rabbit.
 - C. The fairies sent the rabbit to live beside Chang'e.
 - D. In western countries, there is a woman in the moon. She usually carries a lantern.
5. What's the main idea of the passage?
 - A. It is about how the Jade Rabbit helped the fairies.
 - B. It is about the interesting legends about the moon.
 - C. It is about the story of Chang'e.
 - D. It is about the story of “the woman and the man in the moon”.

限时提分练 9

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及汉语或首字母提示完成单词

- Look out! There is a _____ (深的) hole in front of you.
- Do you know what the _____ (人口) of Australia is?
- You'd better go out to enjoy the beauties of _____ (大自然) in spring.
- Put on your sunglasses. They can p_____ your eyes from the strong sunlight.
- The village is famous. Every year thousands of t_____ come to visit it.

II. 用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空

- My brother found a job as a _____ (keep) in a zoo last week.
- We should pack (打包) the _____ (remain) food and take it back home.
- I missed a lot of school because of _____ (ill) last year.
- Helen is 1.75 _____ (meter) tall.
- After two years' hard work, she _____ (achieve) her dream.

III. 单项选择

- The Yellow River is 5,464 kilometers in _____. It's the second _____ river in China.
A. long; long B. length; length
C. length; longest D. long; very long
- _____ is the population of China today?
A. How much B. How many
C. What D. Which
- Could we see each other at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning?
—Sorry, let's make it _____ time.
A. other's B. the other
C. another D. other
- I can't afford the watch, because I don't have enough money. Would you show me a _____ one?
A. cheaper B. cheapest
C. expensive D. more expensive
- You'd better practice speaking as _____ as possible after class.
A. more B. much
C. many D. most

IV. 完形填空

Once upon a time, some children were playing at the seaside when they found a turtle(海龟). They began to beat the turtle. Just at that time, a young man came and said to them, "Stop!" The children ran 1 quickly. The turtle was very thankful and said, "Thanks for your kindness. I really would like 2 you to a wonderful palace now."

The young man rode on the back of the turtle and was taken to the secret palace in the sea. When he 3 the palace, he was very surprised and said to the turtle, "What a nice palace!" To thank him, the king of the turtles gave him 4. He had never seen such a dinner before. He received a warm welcome there and was very 5 everything.

After dinner, the king of the turtles said, "I am going to give you two boxes, 6 you can open only one." "You mustn't open both. Don't forget it!" the turtle warned him. "All right, I will open only one," the young man promised(许诺). At this time, a large wave sent him out of the sea.

After he 7, he opened the bigger one of the two boxes. 8, the box was full of gold. "My god!" he cried. "I'm 9 now." Then he thought, "Things in the other box must be expensive, too." He could not wait any longer. He broke his promise and opened the other box. As soon as he opened it, he became an old man. His hair turned white. His face 10 an old man over eighty years old. It all happened in a moment. He was sorry for what he did, but it was too late.

- A. through B. away
C. into D. out
- A. wanting B. asking
C. to let D. to invite
- A. left for B. arrived on
C. arrived at D. got away

4. A. a very big dinner
B. a very poor dinner
C. a very bad dinner
D. a very small dinner
5. A. pleased with B. strict in
C. angry with D. sorry for
6. A. so B. or
C. but D. as
7. A. went back to home
B. was back home
C. went back to the sea
D. was back the sea
8. A. To his surprising
B. To one's surprising
C. To one's surprise
D. To his surprise
9. A. a poor man B. a rich man
C. an old man D. a young man
10. A. liked B. felt like
C. looked like D. look

V. 阅读理解

Can you tell one animal from another? We think you need to learn the skill. As wildlife(野生动物) experts, we have special ways to know each of them. Usually we look for features(特征) of animals.

It's not so hard. If you know how, you will probably find your pet dog or cat when it is among(在……中) several others.

We can look for different features in each kind of animal. Zebras have different black and white patterns(式样). For African wild dogs, we use the shape and color of the splotches(斑点). For giraffes, we use the pattern of splotches on the neck.

In fact, we learn the skill to study how animals grow in groups. Which animals are the parents? Which animal is the boss? Which animals are new to the area? We must know all of these while working in the wild.

- The writer wants us to learn the skill in order to help us _____.
A. find our pets easily
B. be animal experts
C. keep more pets
D. learn more about wildlife

- How do the experts tell one animal from others?
A. By taking photos.
B. By looking for features.
C. By living with animals.
D. By talking with animals.

- The underlined word "Zebras" means "_____ " in Chinese.

- A. 麋鹿 B. 猎狗
C. 斑马 D. 羚羊

- The experts tell one giraffe from others by _____.

- A. the tail
B. the sound
C. the head
D. the pattern of the splotches on the neck

- Wildlife experts need to tell animals from each other to learn _____.

- A. how baby animals leave their parents
B. how animals grow in groups
C. how baby animals live without their parents
D. how animals give birth to baby animals

VI. 综合填空

从方框中选择合适的单词完成短文。

live	ancient	deepest	name	warm
through	river	second	desert	before

The Congo River(刚果河) is a famous river in Africa. The Congo River gets its 1. _____ from the Kingdom of Congo. It is an 2. _____ country on the left bank(河岸) of the river.

The Congo River is the 3. _____ largest river in Africa and the 4. _____ river in the world. This river runs for about 2, 920 miles 5. _____ going into the Atlantic Ocean. The river runs 6. _____ several African countries. Because the Congo River runs around the equator(赤道), the water in this river is usually 7. _____. That is different from the water in any other 8. _____.

As we all know, there is a large 9. _____ in Africa, but there are many forests along the river. Many plants and animals 10. _____ along the river. It's very important to Africans.

限时提分练 10

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及首字母提示补全单词

1. Don't worry. I've left a few m _____ along the way so that we won't get lost.
2. —How will you go to Singapore next week?
—I'll go there by s _____ so that I can enjoy the beautiful sea view(海景).
3. Wang Lihong is a pop singer and he has many f _____ all over the world.
4. I hope our friendship will last f _____. I like sharing my life with you.
5. Hainan Island is in the s _____ part of China and it's a good place for traveling.

II. 根据句意及汉语提示补全单词

1. They went to the mountain to look for _____ (财宝) but finally failed.
2. The children play with _____ (沙子) and want to use it to build a little house.
3. My sister likes winter very much because of the _____ (美丽) of the snow.
4. Mr. Smith has never been _____ (国外) before, so he decides to take a vacation there.
5. Jack is interested in science and _____ (科技). He always watches many films and imagines the future life.

III. 根据汉语意思完成句子

1. 他们来这里多久了?
How long _____ they _____ here?
2. 你想喝点东西吗?
Would you like _____ _____ _____?
3. 这件漂亮的裙子属于我妹妹, 我妈妈两年前给她买的。
This beautiful skirt _____ my sister. My mother bought it for her 2 years ago.
4. 既然我们生活在同一个国家, 我们就不应该相互争斗。
Since we live in the same country, we should not fight _____ _____.
5. 自从来到中国后, 我学习了很多中国文化。
_____ I came to China, I've _____ learned a lot about Chinese culture.

learned a lot about Chinese culture.

IV. 单项选择

1. —How did you know the song?
—I heard it _____ the radio yesterday evening.
A. of B. for C. on D. to
2. —What do you _____ the yellow dress?
—It looks good on me, I think.
A. think of B. think about
C. think over D. think hard
3. The woman looks young, but _____ she is over 50 years old.
A. completely B. hardly
C. really D. actually
4. _____ he won first prize in the competition, he wasn't happy.
A. But B. Although
C. Because D. Until
5. The village is very famous. _____ people visit it every year.
A. Million of B. Two millions
C. Millions of D. Two million of
6. —_____ have you lived in the city?
—For three years.
A. How often B. How long
C. How much D. How many
7. —_____ you ever _____ Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge?
—Not yet.
A. Did; visit B. Are; visit
C. Have; visited D. Do; visited
8. This is a storybook _____ by Mo Yan.
A. write B. to write
C. wrote D. written
9. The storybook is really interesting and I can't _____.
A. put it up B. put it down
C. put down it D. put up it
10. I haven't decided which book _____.
A. choosing B. to choose
C. chooses D. chosen

V. 阅读理解

It was a bright Saturday morning. But Sawyer was not happy. His aunt Polly asked him to paint(油漆) the garden fence(花园篱笆). Tom painted a small corner and soon he felt bored. So he sat down under a tree to have a rest.

Tom knew that after a while, other boys would come together and they might laugh at him. Suddenly he had a wonderful idea. He picked up his brush and went back to work again.

Soon, Ben Rogers came by. He sang a song happily, with an apple in his hand. He invited Tom to go swimming. But Tom refused. He said he was having fun. He painted so carefully that he looked pleased with it.

Ben got interested in it. He wanted to have a try, but Tom didn't agree. At last, Ben gave his apple to Tom to get the chance(机会). Tom gave Ben his brush with worry on his face, but joy in his heart. He sat down again under the tree, and started to eat the apple.

1. On Saturday morning, Tom felt _____.
A. bright B. happy
C. bad D. worried
2. Why did Tom go back to work again?
A. Because he loved the work.
B. Because he had a good rest.
C. Because he wanted to finish it quickly.
D. Because he had a good idea.
3. What does the underlined word "pleased" mean in Chinese?
A. 愉悦的
B. 严肃的
C. 无助的
D. 煎熬的
4. What chance did Ben get at last?
A. To eat an apple.

B. To go swimming with Tom.

C. To paint the fence.

D. To teach Tom to paint.

5. What can we learn about Tom from the passage?

A. He didn't like Ben.

B. He was a smart boy.

C. He wanted Ben's apple a lot.

D. He didn't want Ben to help him.

VI. 选词填空

阅读短文,从方框中选择恰当的词并用其适当形式填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每词限用一次,其中有两个词是多余的。

but find interest cause teach realize
invite happy situation dangerous new
they

I'm not good at dancing. I usually try to keep away from 1. _____ where I would be expected to dance. However, recently a teacher 2. _____ me to a dancing party.

I am working in Brittany, France. People here have 3. _____ own language called Breton. I went to the party because I was 4. _____ in songs in Breton. The music was excellent and people did a special dance for each song. They were very happy. Then I 5. _____ that I should stop being nervous and dance with them together. The teacher who invited me 6. _____ me how to do a special dance—everybody joined hands and danced in a circle(圆圈). I 7. _____ the steps were quite difficult, 8. _____ it was really fun.

My favorite part of the party was seeing everyone, young and old, join hands and dance together 9. _____. I was very excited to dance with them. More importantly, I learnt that it is a good idea to try something 10. _____ even if you are scared of it. By saying yes, you could experience something really special.

限时提分练 11

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及汉语提示完成单词

- Many classic Chinese poems are _____ (广泛地) spread in the world.
- Journey to the West* is a _____ (传统的) Chinese book.
- After graduating from the university, he got _____ (结婚) to a girl.
- The Caspian Sea is 1,025 meters deep, and it is the _____ (深) of all the salt lakes.
- You must take plenty of water if you want to travel through the _____ (沙漠).

II. 根据句意及首字母提示完成单词

- Growing vegetables looks easy, but a _____ it takes a lot of learning.
- Mr. Wang asked me to i _____ myself when I first came to the class.
- I won't forget your kindness f _____.
- They enjoyed the b _____ of nature and the country.
- Guangdong is in the s _____ part of China.

III. 根据句意,用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空

Asia succeed include island tour

- More and more _____ come to China to visit the Great Wall.
- Many wild animals _____ pandas, tigers and elephants are in danger now.
- China and Japan are _____ countries.
- Don't give up. I believe you can achieve _____.
- It is one of the biggest _____ of China.

IV. 单项选择

- He died in the hospital yesterday after a short _____.
A. illness B. truth
C. experience D. fairness
- Please do not leave litter (垃圾)! It is everyone's duty to _____ the environment.

—Sorry, I won't do it next time.

- A. provide B. protect
C. develop D. repair

3. —Do you like the singer Huang Liling?

—Yes, her _____ is sweet and her songs _____ beautiful.
A. voice; sound B. noise; sound
C. noise; look D. sound; look

4. My younger brother laughed when he saw the Monkey King _____ himself _____ a watermelon.

- A. taking; into B. turning; into
C. coming; into D. putting; into

5. Ted succeeded in _____ to his favorite university.

- A. goes B. went C. to go D. going

6. —Do you know _____ I can get to the zoo?

—Take the No. 845 Bus.

- A. what B. where
C. when D. how

7. —Can you take a message for Tina? Her mother asked her to call back.

—OK. I will tell her about it as soon as I _____ her.

- A. will see B. see
C. saw D. seeing

8. Mr. Zhang is _____ of all my teachers.

- A. strict B. stricter
C. the strictest D. strictest

9. This photo _____ me of my old friend, Linda.

- A. tells B. reminds
C. shows D. brings

10. —Have you heard of Zhang Ziyi's new film?

—Yes, I can't wait _____ it.
A. to seeing B. saw
C. to see D. seen

V. 完形填空

Do you write your own blog (博客)? Do you often 1 others' blogs on the Internet?

All over the world, not only famous persons but also many students use blogs as diaries and places to share their experience and 2 advice or help.

"I write my activities every day, 3 funny things or worries in my life," says Lali, a 16-year-old high school student at Cambridge High School in Washington. "I like putting pictures on my blog because it can make my blog more 4 and more people will like it. It's a good way to 5 my life to the world." She has had her blog for eight months.

Students like writing blogs 6 they can write anything they want to, but don't need to 7 any money.

Once you start to write your blog, you will 8 that you open up a new world. But what you write down may trouble you 9. So, use the blog carefully 10 you can keep yourself away from some trouble. The blog makes everybody's life colorful.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. A. read | B. write | C. forget | D. miss |
| 2. A. learn from | B. deal with | C. ask for | D. depend on |
| 3. A. without | B. between | C. including | D. besides |
| 4. A. common | B. modern | C. famous | D. interesting |
| 5. A. show | B. send | C. bring | D. report |
| 6. A. unless | B. while | C. until | D. because |
| 7. A. save | B. spend | C. take | D. waste |
| 8. A. dream | B. think | C. find | D. hope |

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| 9. A. sometimes | B. always |
| C. ever | D. never |
| 10. A. only when | B. even though |
| C. so that | D. ever since |

VI. 任务型阅读

The number of wild animals has grown fast in the past 50 years in the United States. For example, today there are more than 3,000 black bears(黑熊) living in New Jersey, but in 1970, there were no more than 100. Many other wild animals also have had a rise in their numbers.

Why did this happen? Jim Sterba gave a few reasons in his new book *Nature Wars*. Early Americans hunted (打猎) for food. They also cut forests for farming. Many animals lost their homes. But now things are different. People hunt less and stop cutting forests for farming. New forests grow back and make great homes for wild animals.

For all these reasons, it's quite common for Americans to meet wild animals now. People like to see these animals, but they also cause some problems. "For people in suburbs (市郊), towns and villages, it is a challenge to learn how to live with these new neighbors," Jim wrote in his book.

根据短文内容,完成下列句子。(每空词数不限)

1. There are _____ black bears in New Jersey today.
2. Many wild animals have had a rise in _____.
3. Early Americans _____ for farming.
4. _____ make great homes for wild animals.
5. People in suburbs, towns and villages have to _____.

限时提分练 12

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及所给首字母或汉语提示,补全句中所缺单词

1. Have you ever b_____ to a museum?
2. They have p_____ seen the movie. It's so interesting.
3. I hope that they will have a w_____ time in the amusement park.
4. In the last twenty years great c_____ have taken place in Laoshan.
5. It isn't _____(安全的) to play soccer on the road.
6. My friend has _____(收集) a lot of coins.
7. It is _____(难以置信的) that AI has progressed in such a rapid way in the past few years.
8. The Red Cross is a _____(社会的) group.
9. My grandparents live in a small but _____(安宁的) town.
10. Everyone thought their performance was _____(完美的).

II. 用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空

1. He _____ ever _____(be) to the History Museum several times.
2. —_____ you ever _____(be) to the zoo?
—Yes, I _____(go) there last summer.
I _____(see) many kinds of animals there.
3. —Where is Mr. Wang?
—He _____(go) to the library. He wants to borrow some books.
4. We _____(learn) English for more than two years.
5. When he _____(finish) his work, he _____(ring) me up.

III. 单项选择

1. —Can I swim in the river?
—No, you can't. It is too deep. It's not _____ to swim in it.
A. cool B. difficult
C. safe D. important

2. —Why not buy a _____ for Tina as her 15th birthday gift?
—Great idea! She likes taking photos most.
A. camera B. car
C. bag D. radio
3. —Do you know who _____ the light bulb(电灯泡)?
—Of course, Edison.
A. invented B. found
C. discovered D. caused
4. —When do you usually _____ in the morning?
—At about 6:30.
A. give up B. grow up
C. put up D. wake up
5. You won't have any problem _____ much delicious food while traveling in Chengdu.
A. find B. finding
C. to find D. found
6. —Have you _____ visited the Palace Museum?
—No, I've _____ visited it.
A. ever; ever B. never; ever
C. ever; never D. never; never
7. —Where is your uncle?
—He _____ America and he _____ New York for two weeks.
A. has been to; has been in
B. has gone to; will stay in
C. has been in; has been to
D. has stayed in; has gone to
8. —I haven't been to a water park.
—_____. I.
A. So have B. Neither have
C. So do D. So am
9. Maybe when I graduate, I'll think about _____ an English teacher.
A. become B. becoming
C. became D. to become

10.—“Food Safety” has become one of the hottest topics recently.

—Yeah, it receives _____ Internet hits (点击) a day.

- A. thousands
- B. thousand of
- C. thousands of
- D. ten thousands

IV. 阅读理解

International Museum Day is coming. Here are some special museums that you must see.

Sweet Museum, Russia

Do you love candy? Don't miss the sweet world in Russia. You can find different kinds of sweet food here. But they are just models! Look, how big the lollipops (棒棒糖) are! People can ride on them. Want to taste the ice cream? Be careful—the ice-cream balls are lights!

Museum of Failure, Sweden

There are more than 100 failed products in the museum. Some of them come from the world's most successful companies, like the Newton computer from Apple. Maybe success stories are similar and kind of boring, but we can find interesting stories in failures and learn something from them.

Cancun Underwater Museum, Mexico

It is a secret garden under the sea. You can either dive (潜水) or take a glass boat into it. Down here, sea animals live around 400 sculptures (石膏像). Each sculpture tells a story and it's made of special material, which is good for the sea life.

Museum of Broken Relationships, Croatia

Some relationships end—with lovers, with dreams and with cities. This special museum has a collection of objects from people all over the world who want to lock their memories. Each of the objects shares a story of their past relationship.

1. If you're interested in art under the sea, you may go to _____.

- A. Sweet Museum
- B. Cancun Underwater Museum
- C. Museum of Failure
- D. Museum of Broken Relationships

2. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?

A. People can taste the candies on show in Sweet Museum.

B. People learn about success stories in Museum of Failure.

C. Objects in Museum of Broken Relationships have their stories.

D. The material of sculptures in Cancun Underwater Museum is harmful.

3. The passage is probably from the column (栏目) of _____ in a magazine.

- A. Culture
- B. Health
- C. Sports
- D. Food

V. 情景交际

根据对话内容,从方框内选择恰当的句子填入对话相应的空白处,使对话完整,合乎情景(有两个多余选项)。

A: Hi, big boy! 1. _____

B: Hello! I'm from England. I have been in China for about eleven months.

A: 2. _____

B: I have been to many places, such as Zhejiang, Shandong and Shanxi.

A: Which places of Shanxi have you been to?

B: 3. _____

A: Only Pingyao? What do you think of it?

B: It's a small place.

A: But it has a long history. It's my hometown.

There you can see a well-kept city wall.

B: Are your family living there now?

A: No. 4. _____

B: When did you move to Beijing?

A: Eleven years ago. But we miss our hometown very much.

B: 5. _____

A: We go back to our hometown every two years.

A. How long have you been here?

B. Where are you from?

C. I've only been to Pingyao.

D. I like it very much.

E. How often do you go back to your hometown?

F. We are living in Beijing now.

G. What places have you been to?

限时提分练 13

(限时:30分钟)

I. 单项选择

- 1.—Have you waited here for a long time?
—Yes, I have been here _____ three hours ago.
A. after B. for
C. while D. since
- 2.—You have _____ the book for more than a month.
—Oh, sorry, I forgot to return it.
A. bought B. lent
C. kept D. borrowed
3. The man is very rich. He _____ three houses and five cars.
A. protects B. invents
C. owns D. paints
- 4.—Do you like the book *The Little Women*?
—Yes, I _____ it as the best book that I've ever read.
A. change B. regard
C. allow D. return
- 5.—What are you doing?
—I'm _____ my keys. Have you seen them?
A. finding B. finding out
C. searching D. searching for
6. The toy bear is the little girl's favorite toy. She doesn't want to _____ it.
A. come up with B. agree with
C. part with D. get on with
7. You can't eat too much _____ food, or you will have a toothache.
A. sweet B. delicious
C. expensive D. healthy
8. His dog _____ for two weeks, but he is still sad.
A. dies B. has been dead
C. died D. will die

II. 根据句意及首字母提示完成句子

1. Linda is the tallest a _____ the girls in my class.
2. Boys always like doing all kinds of sports, e _____ basketball.
3. Tom is an h _____ boy. He never tells lies.
4. I have already c _____ out a lot of old

things from my room.

5. New schools and buildings have been built since the mid-20th c _____.

III. 用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空

1. How long _____ you _____ (stay) in the city?
2. My sister has a _____ (love) dog.
3. _____ (million) of people come to visit the Great Wall every year.
4. The man is _____ (hold) his son in his arms.
5. I've never considered _____ (give) up my dream.

IV. 根据汉语意思完成句子

1. 患难见真情。
A friend _____ is a friend indeed.
2. 那些照片能(给人)带来许多美好的回忆。
The photos can _____ many pleasant _____.
3. 说实在的,我儿子比我更通情达理。
_____, my son is _____ than me.
4. 与朋友们分开我感到很伤心。
I felt very sad _____ my friends.
5. 他们来中国已经有三年了。
They _____ China for three years.

V. 短文填空

用方框中所给单词或短语的适当形式填空。每词限用一次。

among bear own clear out memory
suddenly part with bedroom put on until

My dad has a small raincoat. It's in a box under his bed in his 1. _____. It has been there for many years. Yesterday my mom 2. _____ lots of things from his bedroom. 3. _____ them was that raincoat. It was a bit old but still nice. On its back there was a black 4. _____. My mom wanted to give it away to people in need. My dad refused 5. _____. "Amy, I want to keep it because it brings back sweet 6. _____," Dad said. Then Dad started telling his story about

this raincoat.

About ten years ago, Dad was walking along a quiet street one evening when it 7. _____ rained. Dad had no raincoat or umbrella. So he had to stand under the eaves (屋檐) and wait 8. _____ the rain stopped. At that time, a small girl ran to him and gave him a small raincoat. Then she ran away. Dad 9. _____ the raincoat and continued his walk. So far, Dad hasn't found the 10. _____ of the raincoat. He said he would keep it forever.

VII. 阅读理解

My hometown is Tianjin. It is one of the biggest cities in China. It is next to Beijing—the capital of China. So people say, Tianjin is the eastern gate of Beijing. Bohai Bay is in the southeast of Tianjin. It is famous for the Haihe River which runs through the city. There are eighteen districts(区)in Tianjin.

Heping District is the center. It's the busiest district in Tianjin. Binhai New District is in Tanggu. There are many big foreign companies there. It is a beautiful district. Jixian is in the north of Tianjin. It is famous for the Great Wall. Thousands of people visit it on holidays. Farmers there are very kind and friendly. You can buy some fruit and nuts(坚果) there. They are very fresh.

Welcome to Tianjin! Welcome to my hometown!

1. The writer was born in _____.
A. Beijing B. Bohai Bay
C. Tianjin D. Nanjing
2. Tianjin is on the _____ of Beijing.
A. south B. east
C. northwest D. southeast
3. _____ is the busiest one in Tianjin.
A. Heping District
B. Binhai New District
C. Jixian
D. Bohai Bay
4. The _____ runs through the city.
A. Bohai Bay
B. Tongding River
C. Haihe River
D. Changjiang River
5. Jixian is famous for _____.
A. the Great Wall

- B. the Bohai Bay
- C. Haihe River
- D. the foreign companies

VIII. 任务型阅读

Your schooldays should be some of the best and happiest days of your life. How can you get the most from them, and make sure you do not waste this wonderful chance to learn?

Be active about school. Don't say things are difficult or boring. Be interested in school life and your school subjects. Join in lots of activities. Be quick to put your hand up. Go round the school with a big smile.

Expect to work. School is not a holiday camp. If you are not working, you are not learning, and you are wasting your time at school. Teachers cannot make everything enjoyable.

Don't put off what you can do today till tomorrow. Do not say you will do things tomorrow. Tomorrow, you have other things to do. 3. If you get behind the class, it is very difficult to get back in front.

Talk about problems. Sometimes they are only the result of misunderstanding. Don't be too embarrassed(感到尴尬的) to turn to others. You are young. No one thinks you can do everything!

Plan your time. 4. Don't waste life lying in bed on Saturday morning. Go and play a sport, learn the piano, work on a project, read a book, practice English, or help someone with problems. There are always a lot of things to do.

Follow my advice, and have a happy school life!

阅读短文，并按要求完成各小题。

1. What's the result if you are not working at school?

2. How will you plan your time in school after reading the passage? (至少 2 条)

把文中画线的两个句子译成汉语。

3. _____

4. _____

5. Please give a proper title to the passage.

限时提分练 14

(限时:30分钟)

I. 根据句意及所给首字母提示,补全句中所缺单词

- If you feel l _____ in a new place, it's a great idea to go to parties.
- Mr. White, could you e _____ it to me again? I still don't understand.
- The old house in the mountain seems so scary that n _____ has visited it.
- We need to r _____ some money for the children in poor areas.
- I have kept these toys for many years, e _____ this Teddy bear.

II. 根据句意,从方框中选择恰当的单词并用其适当形式填空

fair heavy we thousand wake

- To spend our weekends, we could do something to enjoy _____.
- When living with children, parents should realize the importance of _____.
- To our surprise, it was raining very _____ when we were on the way home.
- Why not get up right now, Bill? You've been _____ for hours.
- So far, people have planted _____ of trees along the nice lake.

III. 句型转换

- Mr. Brown and his wife have been married for 20 years. (改为同义句)
Mr. Brown and his wife _____ _____ 20 years ago.
- The computer is too expensive for us to buy. (改为同义句)
The computer is _____ expensive _____ we _____ buy _____.
- English is the most popular of all. (改为同义句)
English is _____ popular than _____ subject.
- He got up after his mother came back. (改为同义句)
He _____ get up _____ his mother _____.
- The students of Class Three have cleaned their classroom. (改为否定句)
The students of Class Three _____ their classroom.

IV. 单项选择

- I missed the beginning of _____ cartoon *The Lion King*.
—What a pity! You should have left

school half _____ hour earlier.

- A. a; an B. the; a
C. the; an D. an; the

- My brother turned off the computer after he had finished _____ the e-mail.

- A. write B. to write
C. writing D. wrote

- Hi, Tom! _____ you ever _____ the Birds Nest?

- Yes, I have. It's fantastic.
A. Have; been to B. Have; gone to
C. Did; go to D. Did; went

- Success _____ hard-working people in the end.

- A. agrees to B. talks to
C. belongs to D. shout to

- I called you last night, but nobody answered. Where were you then?

- Oh, I _____ my pet dog in my yard.
A. walked B. was walking
C. am walking D. will walk

- We shouldn't worry about Mary.
—You are right. She is _____ to look after _____.

- A. old enough; herself
B. big enough; herself
C. enough old; her
D. enough big; her

- Could we _____ the arriving time for school to 8:00 a.m., Mr. Li?

- You mean 7:30 is a little earlier? Let's discuss it with the headmaster.

- A. find out B. give up
C. put off D. cut out

- Dad, what is the loudspeaker saying?

- It is to the _____. The flight to Wuhan is boarding now.

- A. customers B. passengers
C. members D. tourists

- Guess what? The university has accepted my application!

- Wow! That's _____ news I've heard this year, Boris! Let's celebrate!

- A. a worse B. the worst
C. a better D. the best

- It's not good for you to smoke so much.
You'd better _____.

- A. give up it B. give them up
C. give it up D. give up them

V. 根据汉语意思完成句子

1. 随便问我关于今天在北京旅游的事情吧。
Ask me _____ anything on today's Beijing tour.
2. 当你到达山顶时,你会发现吸入空气很困难。
When you reach the top of the mountain, you'll find it difficult _____ air.
3. 当你面对困难时,你一定要勇敢。
You must be brave _____ difficulties.
4. 虽然我们尽了最大的努力,但是还是输了。
Although we all tried our best, we lost the game.
5. 李明已经逐渐意识到了学习英语的重要性。
Li Ming has _____ the importance of learning English.

VI. 完形填空

An old gardener and a tortoise

One early morning, an old gardener found lots of his flowers missing. He was 1 angry that he often shouted, "Who has done this?" In order to 2 his flowers, he locked the garden gate in the evening.

The next morning, he found some of his flowers 3 again. He decided to find out how that happened. 4 night came, he sat quietly to watch his garden. Soon he saw a tortoise moving slowly into the garden. The tortoise opened its 5 and ate the whole flower.

The gardener shouted, "I 6 you this time!" The tortoise quickly said, "I'm sorry. If you really want to 7 me, no matter what you decide, please do not throw me into the water. It is 8 to die that way."

"You destroyed so many of my beautiful flowers. I 9 punish you!" said the old gardener and he quickly threw the tortoise into a lake next to his garden.

After a while, the tortoise swam away 10. The old gardener then knew that the tortoise was not afraid of water.

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| 1. A. so | B. very |
| C. quite | D. much |
| 2. A. watch | B. keep |
| C. protect | D. water |
| 3. A. lost | B. missing |
| C. lose | D. missed |
| 4. A. Though | B. Unless |
| C. So | D. When |
| 5. A. eyes | B. nose |
| C. mouth | D. ears |

- | | |
|----------------|--------------|
| 6. A. catch | B. take |
| C. carry | D. lift |
| 7. A. hit | B. hurt |
| C. punish | D. throw |
| 8. A. happy | B. terrible |
| C. possible | D. important |
| 9. A. can | B. need |
| C. may | D. must |
| 10. A. happily | B. sadly |
| C. greatly | D. angrily |

VII. 任务型阅读

If you take a look at your closet(衣橱), how many of the clothes in it do you actually need or use? Many people often buy clothes in a hurry but they may just wear them for a short time. What do you do with them? Each year, people throw away many clothes and most of people just put them into the rubbish bags. So why don't you give away the old clothes to the people in need? Here are some steps for you to do it.

★ Clean out your closet regularly. This makes it easier for you to find which clothes you want to give away.

★ Find the places that need the clothes. Search for their phone numbers and all the other information you need online.

★ You can also organize a party so that all of your friends can bring their old clothes together. Then you will be able to help more people.

★ Take the clothes to the places. And you can also do a lot of volunteer work there if you are interested. Please remember sometimes the small things we do for others may make a great difference. And we should do this more often to make the world a better place.

根据短文内容,完成下面的表格。

Give away your old clothes

Reasons	◆ We don't actually 1. _____ many clothes in our closet now. ◆ 2. _____ the old clothes is a big waste.
	◆ Clean out the closet regularly to 3. _____ which clothes to give away. ◆ Use your computer to find the 4. _____ of the places that need them. ◆ Organize a party to get 5. _____ so that you can help more people. ◆ Take the clothes to the places and do some volunteer work there if you are interested.
Steps	

限时提分练 15

(限时:30分钟)

I. 用括号内所给单词的正确形式填空

1. Mobike is considered to be a new (invent) in China.
2. Literature helps us think and encourages us (open) our minds.
3. We can't (simple) judge a book by its cover or its title.
4. My brother is very happy. He seems (pass) the driving test.
5. You and I must be (truth) with each other.

II. 根据汉语意思完成句子

1. 玛丽去年一到北京就喜欢上了这座城市。
Mary the city as soon as she got to Beijing last year.
2. 我不会说日语,但我朋友山姆会。
I can't speak , but my friend Sam .
3. 他找一份工作没什么困难。
He doesn't a job.
4. 不管你是去还是留,都要在8点前给我打电话。
 you go stay, you should call me before 8:00.
5. 英国的天气一年到头都很温暖。
The weather in Britain is warm .

III. 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空

search rapid offer sudden believe

1. The old man made his son the house.
2. They are very little counselling or support.
3. I find it that people can accept this sort of behavior.
4. He was moving around the room.
5. I was sleeping when the rainstorm came.

IV. 单项选择

1. —Look at the box apples. Who does it ?
—I think it is Vivian's.
A. is full of; belong B. full of; belong
C. is full of; belong to D. full of; belong to
2. —Who can help me carry the heavy box?
—I think David is to do it. But the door is too narrow for him to go through.
A. enough tall B. tall enough
C. strong enough D. enough strong
3. She finds hard to finish the work on time. She only has five minutes left.
A. that B. this C. it D. its
4. It was lovely weather .

we decided to spend the day on the beach.

- A. such a; that B. such; that
C. so; as D. so; that

5. Jim was listening to music his sister was playing with a toy.

- A. until B. while C. because D. after

6. —He doesn't feel very well.
A. What's the matter with you?
B. What's the matter with him?
C. What's the wrong with you?
D. What's the wrong with him?

7. —Where are the teachers now?
—In the meeting room. They the meeting for 10 minutes.

- A. have begun B. have been on
C. have had D. have been held

8. We gave away books to the school library last year.
A. six thousands B. six thousand
C. six thousands of D. six thousand of

V. 短文填空

阅读下面的短文,在空白处填入一个适当的词,或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

Christmas was coming. Mr. Smith had no money to buy any presents for his children. He was quite 1. (worry) about it.

"We had only a cock," said Mrs. Smith one day. "You'd better 2. it to the town. 3. (sell) it there and buy some cakes and sweets for our children."

"It's a good 4. !" said the man. He caught the cock the next morning and 5. it into a box. It was difficult for him 6. (walk) because thick snow was here and there on the road. Two hours' journey was really very 7. (tire), so he wanted to have a rest. He put the box to the ground and sat down.

"The air outside the box must be 8. (fresh) than that in the box," the man said to 9. (him). "I'd better let the cock walk outside for a minute, or it'll die."

So he put the cock to the ground. After a few minutes he started again, but couldn't catch it any longer.

"How foolish you are!" Mr. Smith called out angrily. "At night you can tell break of day, 10. why can't you find the way back to the box in the daytime?"

VI. 阅读理解

Then Alice saw a small glass table. There was a little golden key on it. She picked it up and put it in all the locks on the doors but it

didn't open any of them. She moved a curtain on one of the walls and discovered another door, a very small one. She put the key in the lock. It was exactly the right size! She opened the door and looked through it. At the end of a low passage she saw a beautiful garden. It was full of brightly coloured flowers and fountains.

"Oh, how beautiful!" she said. "I'd love to go there but I'm too big to get through the door." She walked back to the table. There was a bottle on it now.

"I'm sure that bottle wasn't there before," she said, a little confused.

She put down the key and picked up the bottle. She read the words "DRINK ME" on it. Alice wasn't a stupid girl. She didn't drink it immediately. First she looked at the bottle carefully. There wasn't a label on it that said "POISON".

So she put the bottle to her lips and drank.

"Mmm, it's nice," she said. It tasted like cherry tart, pineapple, roast turkey and toast—all the things that she liked to eat—so she drank some more. And some more. Soon the bottle was empty.

"What a curious feeling," she said. "I'm getting smaller and smaller." It was true! She was now as small as her cat Dinah.

"Good! I can go through the door into the garden," she said. But, poor Alice! When she got to the door, she didn't have the key! It was on the table. She couldn't reach it because she was too small now. She sat down and cried.

After a while she said, "Alice!" "Stop crying. Crying doesn't help. Dry your tears immediately!"

When she looked at the table again, she saw a small glass box under it. She picked it up and opened it. There was a small cake inside. It had the words "EAT ME" on it. She put a small piece of it in her mouth.

"If I grow bigger I can reach the key," she thought. "And if I grow smaller I can go under the door."

But nothing happened so she finished it.

1. From the passage we can know that _____.
 - A. at first Alice could go through the door into the garden easily
 - B. then Alice found there was a little golden key on a small wooden table
 - C. Alice was as small as her rabbit Dinah after she drank something in the bottle
 - D. Alice saw a small glass box with a small cake in it under the table
2. Alice did the following things in the order of _____.
 - a. She saw a beautiful garden at the end of a low passage.
 - b. She moved a curtain and discovered another door.
 - c. She put a small piece of the cake in her mouth.
 - d. She put the bottle to her lips and drank.
 - e. She cried because she couldn't reach the key.

- A. a-b-c-d-e B. b-a-d-e-c
- C. d-a-b-e-c D. b-d-e-a-c

3. The underlined word "it" in the last paragraph refers to "_____".

- A. the small box B. the glass table
- C. the small cake D. the golden key

4. According to the passage, the best words to describe Alice are _____.
 - A. careful and brave
 - B. curious and helpful
 - C. clever and friendly
 - D. organized and strange

VII. 任务型阅读

Once upon a time, in the forest there lived a baby elephant, who had no friends. None of the animals wanted to be his friend because he was too large.

One day, a wild fire happened in the forest. The animals ran to safer places. The dry trees caught the fire and the fire was sure to go all around the forest. The baby elephant ran to the nearest river, collected much water in his trunk(象鼻) and rushed to the burning trees. He sprayed(喷) the water on the fire. Finally, he _____ the fire.

Later, while he was resting after the hard job, all the animals and birds came to him and expressed their thanks for his kind help in time. They were now ready to regard him as their good friend and their hero. They said, "A friend in need is a friend indeed."

The baby elephant was happy to get so many friends and played games with them. He walked through the forest, carrying several small animals and birds on his back.

阅读下面短文，并根据短文后的要求答题。

1. Why did the baby elephant have no friends at first?

2. Where did the wild fire happen?

3. Fill the blank with proper words. (no more than 3 words)

4. Try to translate the underlined sentence into Chinese.

5. Give a proper title(题目) to the passage.