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LEI Data File Format 1.0

Abstract

- As the Global LEI System (GLEIS) High Level Principles stipulate, the GLEIS should uniquely and unambiguously identify participants to financial transactions. The ISO 17442 standard defines a set of attributes that are the most essential elements of identification, but this structure alone is not sufficient. First, the semantic content of those attributes must be fully specified. Second, some additional elements, such an indication of the status of the information, are necessary for effective
- use of the data. Third, the form the information takes at any given pre-LOU must be such that it can
- be made to conform to a common standard, which must also be specified. This document proposes
- 12 the additional standards necessary in these areas to support the Interim GLEIS, particularly in
- 13 maintaining exclusive assignment of LEIs (one LEI per entity) and identifying, remediating data
- 14 quality issues, and supporting use of the data.

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- 16 After approval of the Interim Standards by the ROC and after due time for adjustments by pre-LOUs,
- 17 all pre-LOUs will use this file format to publish pre-LEIs and their reference data. In the very
- short term after ROC approval of the interim standards, pre-LOUs should prioritize any changes
- 19 to elements of their published data necessary for unambiguous mapping of the published data to
- the common standard.

21 Audience for this document

- The target audience for this interim standard includes:
- All pre-Local Operating Units (pre-LOUs) of the interim GLEIS
- All users or potential users of pre-LEI data from pre-LOUs
- All financial regulators who consume LEI data

26 Status of this document

- 27 This section describes the status of this document at the time of its publication. Other documents
- 28 may supersede this document.

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Introduction

- 85 As the Global LEI System (GLEIS) High Level Principles stipulates, the GLEIS should uniquely 86 and unambiguously identify participants to financial transactions. The ISO 17442 standard 87 defines a set of attributes that are the most essential elements of identification, but this structure 88 alone is not sufficient. First, the semantic content of those attributes must be fully specified. 89 Second, some additional elements, such an indication of the status of the information, are 90 necessary for effective use of the data. Third, the form the information takes at any given pre-91 LOU must be such that it can be made to conform to a common standard, which must also be 92 specified. This document proposes the additional standards necessary in these areas to support 93 the Interim GLEIS, particularly in maintaining exclusive assignment of LEIs (one LEI per entity) 94 and identifying, remediating data quality issues, and supporting use of the data.
- After approval of the Interim Standards by the ROC and after due time for adjustments by pre-LOUs, all pre-LOUs will use this file format to publish pre-LEIs and their reference data. In the very short term after ROC approval of the interim standards, pre-LOUs should prioritize any changes to elements of their published data necessary for unambiguous mapping of the published data to the common standard.
- 100 This document specifies a standard file format for pre-LEI reference data. As the Global LEI 101 System High Level Principles stipulates, the Global LEI system should uniquely identify 102 participants to financial transactions. Therefore, it is critically important to eliminate a potential 103 cause of duplicates to meet the requirements of the global regulatory community for accurate, 104 consistent and unique entity identification. The standard set by this document is expected to 105 reduce risk of duplicates stemming from differences in publication formats used by pre-LOUs, and to facilitate error detection to ensure data quality of the interim pre-LEI system. The standard 106 107 is expected to be used as a format for publishing reference data consolidated from all pre-LOUs, 108 for publishing reference data for an arbitrary subset of pre-LEIs, and so forth. It is also expected 109 the pre-LOUs which are currently publishing in their proprietary formats will adapt the standard accordingly. Hence, all pre-LOUs will use this file format to publish pre-LEIs and their reference 110 111 data eventually.
- The contents of this document are as follows:
- Section 2 defines terminology and typographical conventions.
- Section 3 specifies the abstract content of an LEI data file conforming to this standard, including a detailed description of each element of reference data associated with a pre-LEI. It also specifies the allowable values for data elements that are code lists.
- Section 4 specifies data validation constraints and other considerations intended to lead to high-quality data content.
- Section 5 specifies a concrete realization of the data definitions above in XML syntax, by means of XML schema (XSD 1.0).

- Section 6 specifies how this file format may be changed in the future, providing for versioning, forward- and backward-compatibility, etc.
- Section 7 provides examples to illustrate the file format.
- Section 8 lists documents referenced herein.

1.1 Assumptions and Constraints

- 126 The following assumptions have guided the content of this interim standard:
- Structured data is needed to accurately transmit data between the publishers and the audience of the LEI common file format.
- The file specification must account for and support the global implementation of the LEI system.
- The file format is designed for public consumption, and the audience may include financial industry participants, regulatory bodies, other pre-LOUs, the COU, data vendors, or other interested parties
- The file will be published for use by pre-LOUs, and may be utilized for file publications by the COU once the entity has become operational.
- Globally endorsed pre-LOUs will utilize this file format to publish their dataset of globally accepted pre-LEI records.
- Although not currently required, pre-LOUs may also utilize this file format for standard communications with other pre-LOUs. Specific use cases considered include cross-LOU communication of a record transfer as well as the notification of a duplicate. In this context, a broader expanse of the lifecycle of a registration may be covered, including a record that has yet to receive an identifier.
- Implementation best practices will be utilized when possible.
- The resulting data file must take into account future expansion and modification considerations as the GLEIS continues to evolve.
- 146 The following constraints have been considered:
- Information is already being published by pre-LOUs. As a result, consideration must be paid to how existing entity records will be modified to account for this format.
- The audience for this file format may not be in direct contact with any implementation body.

 As such, all possible uses of this information may not be accounted for.
- Information is already being consumed by stakeholders of the GLEIS. As a result, consideration must be paid in how users will be migrated to the new file format.

• The file format references and honors previous completed work published by the ROC in a document entitled "A Common Data Format for Pre-LOUs to Use for Sharing or Publication of Data, part 1".

2 Terminology and Typographical Conventions

- 157 Within this specification, the terms SHALL, SHALL NOT, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, MAY,
- NEED NOT, CAN, and CANNOT are to be interpreted as specified in Annex G of the ISO/IEC
- Directives, Part 2, 2001, 4th edition [ISODir2]. When used in this way, these terms will always
- be shown in ALL CAPS; when these words appear in ordinary typeface they are intended to have
- their ordinary English meaning.
- All sections of this document, with the exception of Section 1 are normative, except where
- explicitly noted as non-normative.
- 164 The following typographical conventions are used throughout the document:
- ALL CAPS type is used for the special terms from [ISODir2] enumerated above.
- Monospace type is used to denote programming language, UML, and XML identifiers, as well as for the text of XML documents.

3 Abstract Data Content

- This section specifies the abstract data content of a data file conforming to this standard.
- 170 A data file conforming to this standard SHALL consist of:
- An optional LEIFileHeader, as specified in Section 3.1.
- Zero or more LEI Data Records, as specified in Section 3.3.

173 **3.1 LEI File Header**

- 174 The LEI File Header describes the context for the LEI Data Records contained in the main body
- of the file. The header exists to answer such questions as where the data came from, when it was
- 176 collected into this file, etc. The content of the header SHALL NOT be required to interpret the
- data content of any LEI Data Record; each LEI Data Record is self contained.
- 178 The LEI File Header is optional. When included in an LEI Data File, the LEI File Header
- 179 SHALL include the following data elements:

Element Name	Type	Card	Description
ContentDate	DateTime	0,1	The date and time as of which the data contained in the file is valid. Often, this is the date and time when the data was extracted from a database.

Element Name	Type	Card	Description
Originator	LEI	01	The entity that created the content of this file. If the originating entity is a pre-LOU, this value SHALL be the LEI of the pre-LOU as would be used in the ManagingLOU field of an LEI Data Record (Section 3.3.2). If the originating entity is the COU, this value SHALL be the LEI of the GLEIF.
FileContent	FileContentE num	01	A code that describes the content of records
DeltaStart	DateTime	01	If FileContent is LOU_DELTA_PUBLISHED or COU_DELTA_PUBLISHED, the date and time of the baseline relative to which this file contains new or changed LEI Data records.
RecordCount	Integer	01	The number of LEI Data Records in the file.
Extension	Extension (Section 3.3.3)	0,1	An optional element for including header data beyond the standard data elements in an LEI data file. This may include data specific to an LOU, data specific to a publisher of LEI data, and so on.

3.2 FileContentEnum Code List

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A value of type FileContentEnum in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be one of the code strings specified in the following table:

Code	Definition
LOU_FULL_PUBLISHED	The file contains all LEI Data Records published by an LOU (all LEI Data Records for which the LOU is the ManagingLOU as defined in Section 3.3.2) as of the date/time the file is created.
LOU_DELTA_PUBLISHED	The file contains those LEI Data Records published by an LOU (all LEI Data Records for which the LOU is the ManagingLOU as defined in Section 3.3.2) which are new or changed since the DeltaDate specified in the header, as of the date/time the file is created.
COU_FULL_PUBLISHED	The file contains all LEI Data Records published by the COU (including all LEI Data Records from all LOUs) as of the date/time the file is created.

Code	Definition
COU_DELTA_PUBLISHED	The file contains those LEI Data Records published by the COU (including all LEI Data Records from all LOUs) which are new or changed since the DeltaDate specified in the header, as of the date/time the file is created.
QUERY_RESPONSE	The file contains records matching criteria specified in a query. (The mechanism for making queries is outside the scope of this standard.)

3.3 LEI Data Record

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An LEI Data Record describes a single LEI. Each LEI Data record in a file conforming to this standard SHALL include data elements as specified below.

Element Name	Type	Card	Description
LEI	LEI	0,1	The 20-character LEI of the legal entity described by this LEI Data Record.
			An LEI Data Record SHALL include this field if part of a file of type COU_FULL_PUBLISHED, COU_DELTA_PUBLISHED, or LOU_FULL_PUBLISHED, or LOU_DELTA_PUBLISHED (Section 3.1). This field MAY be omitted when a file is used to communicate LEI data between LOUs; for example, to communicate a pending registration for which no LEI is yet assigned.
Entity	Entity (Section 3.3.1)	1	Attributes describing the entity itself
Registration	Registration (Section 3.3.2)	1	Attributes describing the registration of this LEI with an LOU
Extension	Extension (Section 3.3.3)	0,1	An optional element for including data beyond the standard data elements in an LEI data file. This may include data specific to an LOU, data specific to a publisher of LEI data, and so on.

3.3.1 Entity Section of LEI Data Record

The Entity section of an LEI Data Record in a file conforming to this standard SHALL include data elements as specified below.

Element Name	Type	Card	Description
LegalName	Name	1	The Legal Name of the Entity.
			If an Entity is in a jurisdiction with more than one Legal Name (e.g., in different languages), this is the Primary Legal Name (see otherEntityNames for other names).
OtherEntityNames	Other EntityName	0n	An optional list of other Name instances for the Entity.
LegalAddress	Address	1	The address of the Entity as recorded in the registration of the Entity in its legal jurisdiction
HeadquartersAddress	Address	1	The address of the headquarters of the Entity
OtherAddresses	OtherAddress	0n	An optional list of other Address instances for the Entity. This may be used to provide alternative language forms of legal address or headquarters address
BusinessRegister EntityID	Business Register EntityID	0,1	The identifier of the legal entity as maintained by a business registry in the jurisdiction of legal registration or other registration authority.
			The entity identification code must be published when the relevant registry is included in the list of sources maintained by the ROC Secretariat as having no IP restrictions on redistribution. (available here).
			The ROC will publish a list of business registries, and will provide further guidance to pre-LOUs and market participants.
LegalJurisdiction	Jurisdiction Code	0,1	The jurisdiction of legal formation and registration of the entity (and on which the legalForm data element is also dependent).

Element Name	Type	Card	Description
LegalForm	Name	0,1	The legal form of the entity, specified as a language-specific freeform name.
			Explanation (non-normative): The definition of types of legal form is expected to become a normative enumeration (code list) in the future, but the work to define such a list is thought to be beyond the scope of this time-constrained process to agree upon Version 1.0 of this interim standard.
AssociatedEntity	Associated	*	Another entity associated with this entity if needed to fully identify this entity or to place it in an appropriate context.
			This data element should only be used to specify an additional Name or LEI value as needed to identify "umbrella funds". The AssociatedEntity element should contain the Name or LEI of the Fund Family to which the umbrella fund designated by the LEI in this record belongs.
			'Further discussion of "umbrella funds" can be found in the document 'Reference information on " umbrella funds" for the LEI' available <u>here</u>
			Further guidance on fund identification will be provided by the ROC.
EntityStatus	EntityStatus Enum	1	The status of the legal entity. This is not to be confused with the status of the registration; see RegistrationStatus.
			If this LEI record contains a non-empty SuccessorEntity field, EntityStatus is the last status of the legal entity before this record was superseded; this status is not necessarily the current status of the legal entity.
EntityExpirationDate	DateTime	0,1	The date that the legal entity ceased to operate, whether due to dissolution, merger or acquisition. Omitted if the legal entity has not ceased to operate.

Element Name	Type	Card	Description
EntityExpiration Reason	Entity Expiration ReasonEnum	0,1	The reason that a legal entity ceased to operate. This element SHALL be present if EntityExpirationDate is present, and omitted otherwise.
SuccessorEntity	Successor	0,1	The LEI of the LEI registration that supersedes or subsumes this LEI registration for the same legal entity.
			If RegistrationStatus is DUPLICATE, then SuccessorEntity is the LEI of the surviving LEI Registration. In this case, the successor SHALL be indicated using an LEI.
			If RegistrationStatus is MERGED, then SuccessorEntity SHALL be the LEI Registration of the new/acquiring entity when the successor has an LEI. In cases where the successor does not have an LEI, the name form of SuccessorEntity may be used.
			Otherwise, SuccessorEntity is omitted.
			When a successor is assigned to an LEI registration, the original LEI registration may no longer be updated (since updates would be applied to the successor registration, if any).
			As a consequence, other fields of the superseded registration record (address, entity status, etc) may no longer reflect the current state of the legal entity.

3.3.2 Registration Section of LEI Data Record

191 The Registration section of an LEI Data Record in a file conforming to this standard

192 SHALL include data elements as specified below.

Element Name	Type	Card	Description
InitialRegistrationDate	DateTime	1	Date/time the LEI record was created
LastUpdateDate	DateTime	1	Date/time the LEI record was most recently updated

Element Name	Type	Card	Description
RegistrationStatus	Registration StatusEnum	1	Status of the LEI registration. This is not to be confused with the status of the legal entity itself; see EntityStatus.
NextRenewalDate	DateTime	1	The next date by which the LEI registration should be renewed and re-certified by the legal entity.
ManagingLOU	LEI	1	The LEI of the LOU that is responsible for administering this LEI registration.
ValidationSources	Validation SourcesEnum	0,1	The current validation status of this LEI record, or omitted if the validation status is not known or not revealed.

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3.3.3 Extension Section of LEI Data record

- The Extension section of an LEI record may be used to include additional data not defined in this standard. For example, an LOU may use Extension to publish additional data elements it collects as part of registration.
- 198 The following rules must be observed:
- Each XML element included in the content of the Extension element SHALL be in an XML namespace that is not null and not equal to the XML namespace of the LEI Data File as specified in this standard.
- The XML namespace for an extension element SHALL be a namespace to which the creator of the extension element is entitled to use; e.g., a namespace derived from the Internet Domain Name of the creator, a namespace agreed upon by a group of trading partners, etc.
- An extension element SHALL NOT be defined in such a way as to require the recipient of the file to recognize the extension element in order to interpret the data elements specified in this standard. A recipient of the file must be able to ignore all extension elements and still interpret the standard content correctly.
- A recipient of a data file conforming to this standard SHALL NOT reject a file solely because it contains extensions not understood by the recipient. A recipient must be prepared to accept a file containing extensions and ignore any it does not understand, provided that the file complies to this standard.

3.4 Data Types

214 This section specifies the data types referenced by the tables in Section 3.3, in alphabetical order.

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3.4.1 Address Data Type

A value of type Address in a file conforming to this standard SHALL include data elements as specified below.

Element Name	Туре	Card inalit	Description
xml:lang	LanguageCode	0,1	The language in which all of the string-valued components of this address are expressed.
Line1	String	1	The first line of the street address
Line2	String	0,1	The second line of the street address
Line3	String	0,1	The third line of the street address. This element SHALL be omitted if addressLine2 is omitted.
Line4	String	0,1	The fourth line of the street address. This element SHALL be omitted if addressLine3 is omitted.
City	String	1	The name of the city
Region	RegionCode	0,1	The code for a region (state, province, county, canton, etc) as used in postal addresses for the country of this address.
Country	CountryCode	1	The 2-character ISO 3166-1 country code of the country
PostalCode	String	0,1	The postal code of this address as specified by the local postal service.

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3.4.2 AssociatedEntity Data Type

A value of type AssociatedEntity in a file conforming to this standard SHALL include data elements as specified below.

Element Name	Туре	Card	Description
type	AssociatedEntity	1	The type of association represented by this AssociatedEntity instance.
			NOTE There is only one legal value for this enumeration – FUND FAMILY and that use is reserved to dealing with "umbrella" fund identification only.
Associated	LEI	0,1	The LEI of the associated entity.
LEI			Exactly one of AssociatedLEI or AssociatedEntityName SHALL be specified. AssociatedLEI SHOULD be used if the LEI of the associated entity is known.
Associated	Name	0,1	The name of the associated entity.
EntityName			Exactly one of AssociatedLEI or AssociatedEntityName SHALL be specified. AssociatedLEI SHOULD be used if the LEI of the associated entity is known.

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3.4.3 BusinessRegisterEntityID Data Type

A BusinessRegisterEntityID specifies identifier of the legal entity as maintained by a business registry in the jurisdiction of legal registration, or if the entity is one that is not recorded in a business registry (e.g., one of the varieties of funds registered instead with financial regulators), the identifier of the entity in the appropriate registration authority.

A value of type BusinessRegisterEntityID in a file conforming to this standard SHALL include data elements as specified below.

Element Name	Туре	Card	Description
register	BusinessRegisterEnum	1	A code that identifies the business register or other registration authority that supplied the value of EntityID. It may also be included without EntityID, to indicate that the entity is registered in the specified business register but that the identifier within that register is not available for publication
EntityID	String	0,1	The identifier of the legal entity as maintained by a business registry or other registration authority. If omitted, it indicates that the entity is registered in the specified business register but that the identifier within that register is not available for publication.

231 **3.4.4 CountryCode Data Type**

- A value of type CountryCode in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be a 2-character
- country code conforming to ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 [ISO3166]. Note that ISO 3166-1 alpha-2
- codes are all uppercase.

235 **3.4.5 DateTime Data Type**

- 236 A value of type DateTime in a conforming to this standard SHALL be a point in time
- 237 expressed as a string conforming to ISO 8601 having the following format:
- 238 YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss.sssTZ
- where the components of the above string are as follows:
- YYYY is the year
- MM is the month (01 = January, ..., 12 = December)
- DD is the day of the month (01 = first day of the month)
- T is the single character 'T'
- hh is the hour (00 23)
- mm is the minute

- ss.sss is the second and milliseconds. From one to three digits may be used for milliseconds, or omitted entirely along with the decimal point.
- TZ is the time zone specifier, which can be either:
- Z the single character 'Z', denoting Coordinated Universal Time (UTC); or
- +hh:mm denoting a positive offset from UTC; or
- -hh:mm denoting a negative offset from UTC
- In the XML representation specified in Section 5, the XSD type xs:dateTime is used;
- 253 however, whereas xs:dateTime permits the time zone specifier to be omitted, DateTime
- values in files conforming to this standard SHALL always include a time zone specifier.
- Explanation (non-normative): milliseconds are hardly necessary for LEI reference data, and
- likewise it might seem simpler to allow only "Z" as a time zone specifier; however, XML
- 257 processing tools support the full syntax given above and it is not always possible to restrict such
- 258 tools to avoid milliseconds or force the use of "Z" as the time zone specifier. The restriction that
- 259 the time zone specifier must be present is equivalent to using XSD type xs:timestamp;
- 260 however this was introduced in XSD 1.1 and not supported by the majority of XML processing
- tools which still only implement XSD 1.0.

3.4.6 JurisdictionCode Data Type

- 263 A value of type JurisdictionCode in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be a 2-
- 264 character country code conforming to ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 [ISO3166] or a region code
- 265 conforming to ISO 3166-2 [ISO3166-2]. Note that ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 codes and ISO 3166-2
- are all uppercase. An ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code SHALL be used to indicate a country
- jurisdiction, and an ISO 3166-2 code SHALL be sued to indicate a regional jurisdiction.

268 **3.4.7 LanguageCode Data Type**

- 269 A value of type LanguageCode in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be an IETF
- 270 Language Code conforming to [RFC4646]. Note that the first characters of an IETF Language
- 271 Code, up to the hyphen (if any), are all lowercase, and those following the hyphen (if any) are all
- 272 uppercase.

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273 **3.4.8 LEI Data Type**

- A value of type LEI in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be a 20-character Legal Entity
- 275 Identifier conforming to [ISO17422]. Conformance to [ISO17442] includes having correct
- check digits.

3.4.9 Name Data Type

- A Name is a string expressed in a natural language, including a code indicating which natural
- language is used.

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- A value of type Name in a file conforming to this standard SHALL include data elements as
- specified below.

Element Name	Туре	Card	Description
xml:lang	LanguageCode	0,1	The language of name
Name	String	1	The name itself.

3.4.10 OtherAddress Data Type

A value of type OtherAddress in a file conforming to this standard SHALL include data elements as specified below. Each Address element includes an optional language code, permitting OtherAddress to be repeated as many times as necessary to express the same address type in multiple languages. The purpose of the AddressTypeEnum code list is to accommodate legal address and headquarters address in different languages, not to add other address types (which could conceivably be added in the future).

Element Name	Type	Card	Description
type	AddressTypeEnum	1	The type of address represented by this OtherAddress instance.
Address	Address	1	The address

3.4.11 OtherEntityName Data Type

A value of type OtherEntityName in a file conforming to this standard SHALL include data elements as specified below. Each Name element includes an optional language code, permitting OtherEntityName to be repeated as many times as necessary to express the same name type in multiple languages. When type is PREFERRED_ASCII_TRANSLITERATED_LEGAL or AUTO_ASCII_TRANSLITERATED_LEGAL, the language code specifies the language of the name prior to transliteration.

Element Name	Туре	Card	Description
type	EntityNameTypeEnum		The type of name represented by this OtherEntityName instance.

Element Name	Туре	Card	Description
Name	Name	1	The name. If type is PREFERRED_ASCII_TRANSLITERAT ED_LEGAL or AUTO_ASCII_TRANSLITERATED_LE GAL, then this value SHALL only include characters from the character set specified in Section 9.

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3.4.12 RegionCode Data Type

A value of type RegionCode in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be a code conforming to ISO 3166-2. Note that ISO 3166-2 codes are all uppercase.

3.4.13 SuccessorEntity Data Type

A value of type SuccessorEntity in a file conforming to this standard SHALL include data elements as specified below.

Element Name	Туре	Card	Description
SuccessorLEI	LEI	0,1	The LEI of the successor entity. Exactly one of SuccessorLEI or SuccessorEntityName SHALL be specified. SuccessorLEI SHALL be used if the LEI of the successor entity is known.
Successor	Name	0,1	The name of the successor entity. Exactly one of SuccessorLEI or SuccessorEntityName SHALL be specified. SuccessorLEI SHALL be used if the LEI of the successor entity is known.

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3.5 Enumerated Code Lists

This section specifies the enumerated code list data types (all having the suffix Enum) referenced by the tables in Sections 3.3 and 3.3.2, in alphabetical order.

3.5.1 AddressTypeEnum Code List

- The AddressTypeEnum value in an OtherAddress instance specifies how the alternative
- address relates to the legal entity.
- A value of type AddressTypeEnum in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be one of the code
- 312 strings specified in the following table:

Code	Definition
LEGAL_ADDRESS	Registered address of the entity in the legal jurisdiction
HEADQUARTERS_ADDRESS	Address of the headquarters of the entity

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3.5.2 AssociatedEntityTypeEnum Code List

- 315 The AssociatedEntityTypeEnum value in a AssociatedEntity specifies how the
- associated entity relates to the legal entity.
- 317 A value of type AssociatedEntityTypeEnum in a file conforming to this standard SHALL
- be one of the code strings specified in the following table:

Code	Definition
FUND_FAMILY	The legal entity is a fund, and the associated entity is the manager of the fund.

3.5.3 BusinessRegisterEnum Code List

- The BusinessRegisterEnum value in an Entity instance specifies what business register
- 321 provided the value of BusinessRegisterEntityID for the legal entity.
- 322 The value of BusinessRegisterEnum SHALL be a code provided on the list of business
- register codes as published by the LEI ROC Secretariat.

3.5.4 EntityExpirationReasonEnum Code List

- 325 The EntityExpirationReasonEnum value in an LEI record specifies the reason that the
- 326 legal entity expired.
- 327 A value of type EntityExpirationReasonEnum in a file conforming to this standard
- 328 SHALL be one of the code strings specified in the following table:

Code	Definition
DISSOLVED	The entity ceased to operate
CORPORATE_ACTION	The entity was acquired or merged with another entity
OTHER	The reason for expiry is not one of the above

3.5.5 EntityNameTypeEnum Code List

- The EntityNameTypeEnum value in an EntityName specifies how the name relates to the
- 332 legal entity.

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- A value of type EntityNameTypeEnum in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be one
- of the code strings specified in the following table:

Code	Definition
OTHER_LEGAL	Registered name of the entity in an alternate language in the legal jurisdiction in which the entity is registered
PREFERRED_ASCII_TRANSLITERATED_LEGAL	Legal name of the entity transliterated to ASCII characters, provided by the entity for this purpose
AUTO_ASCII_TRANSLITERATED_LEGAL	Legal name of the entity transliterated to ASCII characters, auto-transliterated by the managing LOU

3.5.6 EntityStatusEnum Code List

- The EntityStatusEnum value in an LEI record indicates the status of the legal entity itself.
- 337 This is not to be confused with the status of the LEI registration, which is specified by
- 338 RegistrationStatusEnum (Section 3.5.7). See also Section 10, which illustrates how the
- 339 EntityStatusEnum value changes over the lifecycle of an LEI registration.
- 340 A value of type EntityStatusEnum in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be one of
- the code strings specified in the following table:

Code	Definition		
ACTIVE	As of the last report or update, the legal entity reported that is was legally registered and operating.		
INACTIVE	It has been determined that the entity that was assigned the LEI is no longer legally registered and/or operating, whether as a result of:		
	1. Business closure		
	2. Acquisition by or merger with another (or new) entity		
	3. Determination of illegitimacy		

3.5.7 RegistrationStatusEnum Code List

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The RegistrationStatusEnum value in an LEI record indicates the status of the registration of the legal entity with an LOU. This is not to be confused with the status of the legal entity itself, which is specified by EntityStatusEnum (Section 3.5.6). See also Section 10, which illustrates how the EntityStatusEnum value changes over the lifecycle of an LEI registration, and Section 11, which provides further explanation.

A value of type RegistrationStatusEnum in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be one of the code strings specified in the following table:

Code	Definition		
PENDING_VALIDATION	An application for an LEI that has been submitted and which is being processed and validated.		
	NOTE: LEI registrations in the PENDING state are not intended for public release, but could be used internally between LOUs.		
ISSUED	An LEI Registration that has been validated and issued, and which identifies an entity that was an operating legal entity as of the last update.		
DUPLICATE	An LEI Registration that has been determined to be a duplicate registration of the same legal entity as another LEI Registration; the DUPLICATE status is assigned to the non-surviving registration (i.e., the LEI that should no longer be used). Only one of the potential multiple identifiers will survive; for all other duplicate registrations:		
	1. The RegistrationStatus is set to DUPLICATE,		
	2. The LEI of the surviving LEI Registration is set in the SuccessorLEI data element of (each) duplicate LEI registration;		
	3. The LastUpdateDate is set to reflect the date of this update, and		
	4. No further updates of the DUPLICATE registration record will occur.		

Code	Definition			
LAPSED	An LEI registration that has not been renewed and has exceeded any allowed grace period for renewal.			
	After being issued an LEI, an entity must regularly do the following:			
	 Periodically verify the continued accuracy of its registration reference data that is recorded in the LOU that is responsible for managing the LEI registration of the entity, updating any aspect of the registration reference data that has changed; 			
	 Periodically renew its LEI registration agreement with the LOU, paying the renewal fee. 			
	(Although both of the above actions are typically performed at the same time, it is certainly possible that the frequency of each action could be different.)			
	If, after being issued an LEI,			
	• A legal entity fails to renew and re-certify its LEI registratio with the LOU responsible to manage the registration by the leiNextRenewalDate, and			
	The legal entity fails to do so for a pre-determined (as yet unspecified) period of time, and			
	• The legal entity is not known by public sources to have ceased operation			
	Then			
	1. The leiRegistrationStatus is set to LAPSED,			
	2. Updates to the LEI registration are permitted, notably to reinstate the registration to the ISSUED status.			

Code	Definition			
MERGED	An LEI registration for an entity that has been merged into another legal entity, such that this legal entity no longer exists as an operating entity.			
	If			
	After being issued an LEI, the entity is acquired by, or merged with, another legal entity;			
	• Per agreements among the parties to the transaction, the LEI of the acquired or merged entity will not be used to identify the surviving entity (or if a new entity is created that is issued a new LEI)			
	Then			
	1. The leiRegistrationStatus is set to "MERGED",			
	2. The LEI of the surviving/new legal entity is set in the successorLEI data element of (each) LEI registration that is no longer to be used;			
	3. The leiRecordLastUpdate is set to reflect the date of this update,			
	4. The EntityExpirationDate is also set to the date of this update,			
	5. The EntityExpirationReason is set to "CORPORATE_ACTION",			
	6. The EntityStatus is set to "INACTIVE"; and			
	7. No further updates of the MERGED registration record(s) will occur.			

Code	Definition				
RETIRED	An LEI registration for an entity that has ceased operation, without having been merged into another entity.				
	If				
	After being issued an LEI, the entity ceases to operate (goes out of business and/or dissolves its legal standing)				
	• The entity informs the LOU of the cessation of business, OR, the managing LOU determines by public sources that the legal entity has been dissolved or ceased to operate (and the LOU seeks to confirm this status through all available channels with the entity)				
	Then				
	1. The leiRegistrationStatus is set to "RETIRED";				
	2. The leiRecordLastUpdate is set to reflect the date of this update;				
	3. The EntityExpirationDate is also set to the date of this update;				
	4. The EntityExpirationReason is set to "DISSOLVED";				
	5. The EntityStatus is set to "INACTIVE"; and				
	6. No further updates of the RETIRED registration record will occur.				
ANNULLED	An LEI registration that was marked as erroneous or invalid after it was issued.				
CANCELLED	An LEI registration that was abandoned prior to issuance of an LEI. A record in this state is not published, but may be exchanged inter-LOU.				
TRANSFERRED	An LEI registration that has been transferred to a different LOU as the managing LOU. A record in this state is not published, but may be used internally by the prior LOU for audit trail purposes.				
PENDING_TRANSFER	An LEI registration that has been requested to be transferred to another LOU. The request is being processed at the sending LOU. When the receiving LOU is ready, the status will be changed to PENDING_ARCHIVAL by the sending LOU prior to completion of the transfer.				

Code	Definition
PENDING_ARCHIVAL	An LEI registration is about to be transferred to a different LOU, after which its registration status will revert to a non-pending status. The PENDING_ARCHIVAL status serves to inform recipients of LOU-provided data files that an LEI record will be removed from that LOU's published file after the transfer is complete.

3.5.8 ValidationSourcesEnum Code List

A value of type ValidationSourcesEnum in a file conforming to this standard SHALL be one of the code strings specified in the following table:

Code	Definition
PENDING	The validation of the reference data provided by the registrant has not yet occurred.
ENTITY_SUPPLIED_ONLY	Based on the validation procedures in use by the LOU responsible for the record, the information associated with this record has significant reliance on the information that a submitter provided due to the unavailability of corroborating information.
PARTIALLY_CORROBORATED	Based on the validation procedures in use by the pre-LOU responsible for the record, the information supplied by the registrant can be partially corroborated by public authoritative sources, while some of the record is dependent upon the information that the registrant submitted, either due to conflicts with authoritative information, or due to data unavailability.
FULLY_CORROBORATED	Based on the validation procedures in use by the pre-LOU responsible for the record, there is sufficient information contained in authoritative public sources to corroborate the information that the submitter has provided for the record.

4 Constraints and Data Validation

All values of type String specified in Section 3 SHALL be 500 or fewer characters in length, shall not contain the carriage return (#xD), line feed (#xA) nor tab (#x9) characters, shall not begin or end with a space (#x20) character, and shall not include a sequence of two or more adjacent space characters. Otherwise, all characters in the Universal Character Set specified in [ISO10646] which match the Char production of [XML1.0] are permitted. (This constraint is equivalent to saying that the value must fall within the lexical space of xsd:token as defined in [XSD1.0], limited to 500 or fewer characters.)

361 5 XML Syntax

This section specifies the XML schema for an LEI data file conforming to this standard.

5.1 XML Design Rules

- The XSD schema conforms to [XSD1,XSD2]
- The XML namespace is http://www.leiroc.org/data/schema/leidata/2014
- All interior XML elements are namespace-qualified (element form = qualified)
- All XML attributes are in the null namespace (attribute form = unqualified), with the exception of xml:lang.
- Element names are upper camel case
- Attribute name are lower camel case
- XSD type names are upper camel case
- Enumeration code list values are all caps with underscores
- Elements are used in preference to attributes *except* for language and type qualifiers
- For a data element specified in Section 3 as having unbounded cardinality, the XML includes a single container element whose subelements are one or more instances of the data element whose cardinality is unbounded. The name of the container element is formed as the plural of the name of the contained elements.

5.2 XML Schema

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An XML file conforming to this standard SHALL be valid according to the following XSD 1.0 schema.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
            elementFormDefault="qualified"
            targetNamespace="http://www.leiroc.org/data/schema/leidata/2014"
            xmlns:lei="http://www.leiroc.org/data/schema/leidata/2014">
  <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace"</pre>
schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml.xsd"/>
  <xs:element name="LEIData" type="lei:LEIData" />
  <xs:complexType name="LEIData">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="LEIHeader" type="lei:LEIHeaderType" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="LEIRecords" type="lei:LEIRecordsType"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="LEIHeaderType">
    <xs:sequence>
       <xs:element name="ContentDate" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="Originator" type="lei:LEIType" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:element name="FileContent" type="lei:FileContentEnum" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="DeltaStart" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0"/>
```

```
<xs:element name="RecordCount" type="xs:int" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element name="NextVersion" type="lei:HeaderNextVersionType" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="Extension" type="lei:ExtensionType" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="HeaderNextVersionType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax"</pre>
namespace="##targetNamespace"/>
   </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="LEIRecordsType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="LEIRecord" type="lei:LEIRecordType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="LEIRecordType" >
        <xs:element name="LEI" type="lei:LEIType"/>
        <xs:element name="Entity" type="lei:EntityType"/>
        <xs:element name="Registration" type="lei:RegistrationType"/>
<xs:element name="NextVersion" type="lei:LEIRecordNextVersionType" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="Extension" type="lei:ExtensionType" minOccurs="0"/>
      </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="LEIRecordNextVersionType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax"</pre>
namespace="##targetNamespace"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="EntityType" >
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="LegalName" type="lei:NameType"/>
        <xs:element name="OtherEntityNames" type="lei:OtherEntityNamesType" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="LegalAddress" type="lei:AddressType"/>
        <xs:element name="HeadquartersAddress" type="lei:AddressType"/>
        <xs:element name="OtherAddresses" type="lei:OtherAddressesType" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="BusinessRegisterEntityID" type="lei:BusinessRegisterEntityIDType"</pre>
minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="LegalJurisdiction" type="lei:JurisdictionCodeType" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="LegalForm" type="lei:NameType" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="AssociatedEntity" type="lei:AssociatedEntityType" minOccurs="0"/>
         <xs:element name="EntityStatus" type="lei:EntityStatusEnum"/>
        <xs:element name="EntityExpirationDate" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0"/>
<xs:element name="EntityExpirationReason" type="lei:EntityExpirationReasonEnum"</pre>
minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="SuccessorEntity" type="lei:SuccessorEntityType" minOccurs="0"/>
         <xs:element name="NextVersion" type="lei:EntityNextVersionType" minOccurs="0"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="EntityNextVersionType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax"</pre>
namespace="##targetNamespace"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="RegistrationType" >
     <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="InitialRegistrationDate" type="xs:dateTime"/>
         <xs:element name="LastUpdateDate" type="xs:dateTime"/>
        <xs:element name="RegistrationStatus" type="lei:RegistrationStatusEnum"/>
        <xs:element name="NextRenewalDate" type="xs:dateTime" />
<xs:element name="ManagingLOU" type="lei:LEIType"/>
```

```
<xs:element name="ValidationSources" type="lei:ValidationSourcesEnum" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="NextVersion" type="lei:RegistrationNextVersionType" minOccurs="0"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:complexType name="RegistrationNextVersionType">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax"</pre>
namespace="##targetNamespace"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
   <xs:complexType name="ExtensionType">
     <xs:sequence>
        <xs:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContents="lax" namespace="##other"/>
     </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
   <xs:complexType name="AddressType">
     <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="Line1" type="lei:Token500Type"/>
        <xs:element name="Line2" type="lei:Token500Type" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="Line3" type="lei:Token500Type" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="Line4" type="lei:Token500Type" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="City" type="lei:Token500Type" />
        <xs:element name="Region" type="lei:RegionCodeType" minOccurs="0"/>
        <xs:element name="Country" type="lei:CountryCodeType" />
<xs:element name="PostalCode" type="lei:Token500Type" minOccurs="0"/>
         </xs:sequence>
         <xs:attribute ref="xml:lang" use="optional"/>
       </xs:complexType>
    <xs:complexType name="AssociatedEntityType">
     <xs:choice>
        <xs:element name="AssociatedLEI" type="lei:LEIType"/>
        <xs:element name="AssociatedEntityName" type="lei:NameType"/>
      </xs:choice>
      <xs:attribute name="type" type="lei:AssociatedEntityTypeEnum" use="required"/>
    </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="BusinessRegisterEntityIDType">
       <xs:simpleContent>
              <xs:extension base="lei:Token500Type">
                <xs:attribute name="register" type="lei:BusinessRegisterEnum"/>
              </xs:extension>
       </xs:simpleContent>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:simpleType name="JurisdictionCodeType">
     <xs:union memberTypes="lei:CountryCodeType lei:RegionCodeType" />
    </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:complexType name="NameType">
       <xs:simpleContent>
              <xs:extension base="lei:Token500Type">
               <xs:attribute ref="xml:lang" use="optional"/>
              </xs:extension>
       </xs:simpleContent>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:complexType name="OtherAddressType">
           <xs:complexContent>
              <xs:extension base="lei:AddressType">
                <xs:attribute name="type" type="lei:AddressTypeEnum" use="required"/>
              </xs:extension>
           </xs:complexContent>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:complexType name="OtherAddressesType">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="OtherAddress" type="lei:OtherAddressType" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
```

```
</xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
    <xs:complexType name="OtherEntityNamesType">
      <xs:sequence>
       <xs:element name="OtherEntityName" type="lei:OtherEntityNameType" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="OtherEntityNameType">
    <xs:complexContent>
          <xs:extension base="lei:NameType">
           <xs:attribute name="type" type="lei:EntityNameTypeEnum" use="required"/>
          </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="SuccessorEntityType">
    <xs:choice>
      <xs:element name="SuccessorLEI" type="lei:LEIType"/>
      <xs:element name="SuccessorEntityName" type="lei:NameType"/>
    </xs:choice>
  </xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleType name="CountryCodeType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
      <xs:minLength value="2"/>
      <xs:maxLength value="2"/>
      <xs:pattern value="([A-Z]{2})"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
 <xs:simpleType name="RegionCodeType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
      <xs:minLength value="4"/>
      <xs:maxLength value="6"/>
     <xs:pattern value="([A-Z]{2}-[A-Z0-9]{1,3})"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
 <xs:simpleType name="LEIType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
     <xs:minLength value="20"/>
      <xs:maxLength value="20"/>
      <xs:pattern value="([0-9A-Z]{18}[0-9]{2})"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:simpleType name="Token500Type">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
      <xs:maxLength value="500"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
 <1--
    All enumeration types provide for forward compatibility by accepting any string as valid at
the schema level.
     The legal values for Version 1.0 are indicated in a 1.0-suffixed type which is unioned with
xs:string to
    form the complete enumeration type.
 <xs:simpleType name="FileContentEnum1.0">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
       <!-- Enumeration values for 1.0: -->
       <xs:enumeration value="LOU_FULL_PUBLISHED" />
<xs:enumeration value="LOU_DELTA PUBLISHED" />
       <xs:enumeration value="COU FULL PUBLISHED" />
```

```
<xs:enumeration value="COU DELTA PUBLISHED" />
     <xs:enumeration value="QUERY RESPONSE" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="FileContentEnum">
  <xs:union memberTypes="lei:FileContentEnum1.0 xs:string" />
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="BusinessRegisterEnum">
 <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:annotation>
      <xs:documentation>
        <!-- Enumeration values for 1.0 are maintained elsewhere -->
      </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="EntityNameTypeEnum1.0">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
     <!-- Enumeration values for 1.0: -->
     <xs:enumeration value="OTHER_LEGAL" />
     <xs:enumeration value="PREFERRED ASCII TRANSLITERATED LEGAL" />
     <xs:enumeration value="AUTO ASCII TRANSLITERATED LEGAL" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="EntityNameTypeEnum">
  <xs:union memberTypes="lei:EntityNameTypeEnum1.0 xs:string" />
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="AddressTypeEnum1.0">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
     <!-- Enumeration values for 1.0: -->
     <xs:enumeration value="LEGAL ADDRESS" />
     <xs:enumeration value="HEADQUARTERS ADDRESS" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="AddressTypeEnum">
  <xs:union memberTypes="lei:AddressTypeEnum1.0 xs:string" />
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="AssociatedEntityTypeEnum1.0">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
     <!-- Enumeration values for 1.0: -->
     <xs:enumeration value="FUND FAMILY" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="AssociatedEntityTypeEnum">
  <xs:union memberTypes="lei:AssociatedEntityTypeEnum1.0 xs:string" />
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="EntityStatusEnum1.0">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
     <!-- Enumeration values for 1.0: -->
     <xs:enumeration value="ACTIVE" />
     <xs:enumeration value="INACTIVE" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="EntityStatusEnum">
  <xs:union memberTypes="lei:EntityStatusEnum1.0 xs:string" />
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="EntityExpirationReasonEnum1.0">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
     <!-- Enumeration values for 1.0: -->
     <xs:enumeration value="DISSOLVED" />
```

```
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695
              <xs:enumeration value="CORPORATE ACTION" />
              <xs:enumeration value="OTHER" />
           </xs:restriction>
         </xs:simpleType>
         <xs:simpleType name="EntityExpirationReasonEnum">
           <xs:union memberTypes="lei:EntityExpirationReasonEnum1.0 xs:string" />
         </xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="RegistrationStatusEnum1.0">
           <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
              <!-- Enumeration values for 1.0: -->
              <xs:enumeration value="PENDING VALIDATION" />
              <xs:enumeration value="ISSUED" />
              <xs:enumeration value="DUPLICATE" />
              <xs:enumeration value="LAPSED" />
              <xs:enumeration value="MERGED" />
             <xs:enumeration value="RETIRED" />
              <xs:enumeration value="ANNULLED" />
              <xs:enumeration value="CANCELLED" />
              <xs:enumeration value="TRANSFERRED" />
              <xs:enumeration value="PENDING TRANSFER" />
              <xs:enumeration value="PENDING ARCHIVAL" />
           </xs:restriction>
         </xs:simpleType>
         <xs:simpleType name="RegistrationStatusEnum">
           <xs:union memberTypes="lei:RegistrationStatusEnum1.0 xs:string" />
         </xs:simpleType>
         <xs:simpleType name="ValidationSourcesEnum1.0">
           <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
              <!-- Enumeration values for 1.0:
              <xs:enumeration value="PENDING" />
              <xs:enumeration value="ENTITY SUPPLIED ONLY" />
              <xs:enumeration value="PARTIALLY CORROBORATED" />
              <xs:enumeration value="FULLY_CORROBORATED" />
           </xs:restriction>
         </xs:simpleType>
         <xs:simpleType name="ValidationSourcesEnum">
           <xs:union memberTypes="lei:ValidationSourcesEnum1.0 xs:string" />
         </xs:simpleType>
       </xs:schema>
```

6 Change Management

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Changes to this standard that affect the data schema SHALL be made by approval and publication of a new version of this document. A new version SHALL be one of the following:

- Errata Version An errata version makes corrections to the normative content of the standard (excluding corrections which would change the data schema) and/or makes changes to non-normative content such as explanatory material. An errata version does not change the XML schema, and so does not affect the interoperability of systems implementing the standard. An errata version is indicated by incrementing the third version number; e.g., 1.0 to 1.0.1, or 1.0.1 to 1.0.2
- *Minor Version* A minor version may include all changes permitted in an errata version, and in addition adds one or more data elements and/or adds one or more codes to a code list ("enum" data type). A minor version changes the XML schema. Minor version changes to

- schema follow the procedure in Section 6.1 which provides for forward and backward compatibility. This allows existing implementations to continue to interoperate even if they are using different minor versions. A minor version is indicated by incrementing the second version number; e.g., 1.0 to 1.1 or 1.1.3 to 1.2.
- Major Version A major version may make any change at all, including incompatible changes to the XML schema. Major version changes to schema follow the procedure in Section 6.2 which specifies that the new version uses a different XML namespace. This requires existing implementations to separately understand both the old and new versions during a period of transition. A major version is indicated by incrementing the first version number; e.g., 1.1 to 2.0.
- The release of a new minor or major version shall always be accompanied by a transition plan for LOUs and the COU, to ensure a smooth and time-bounded migration to the new version.

6.1 Minor Version Changes to the XML Schema

- A minor version may introduce new XML elements and/or adds one or more codes to a code list ("enum" data type). Minor version changes to schema SHALL be made as specified below, in
- order to achieve forward and backward compatibility. Forward compatibility means that an LEI
- Data File which is valid according to the older version's schema is also valid according to the
- newer version's schema. Backward compatibility means that an LEI Data File which is valid
- according to the newer version's schema is also valid according to the older version's schema.
- New data elements may be added at pre-defined extension points within the schema.
- 767 Corresponding to each extension point is an optional XML element <NextVersion>. New
- data elements are always added within a <NextVersion> element. When a minor version
- adds a new data element to a <NextVersion> element, a new <NextVersion> element is
- also added inside the old <nextVersion> element, to accommodate additional data elements
- in subsequent minor versions.

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772 To illustrate, here is the <Entity> portion of an LEI Data Record in the first minor version:

If the next minor version adds two data elements to the <Entity> portion, a data file conforming to that minor version looks like this:

```
779 <Entity>
780 ...
781 <SuccessorLEI>...</SuccessorLEI>
782 <NextVersion>
783 <NewElement1>...</NewElement1>
784 <NewElement2>...</NewElement2>
785 </NextVersion>
```

```
786 </Entity>
```

If the next minor version after that adds one more data elements to the <Entity> portion, a data file conforming to that minor version looks like this:

```
789
     <Entity>
790
791
       <SuccessorLEI>...</SuccessorLEI>
792
       <NextVersion>
793
          <NewElement1>...</NewElement1>
794
          <NewElement2>...</NewElement2>
795
          <NextVersion>
796
            <NewElement3>...</NewElement3>
797
          </NextVersion>
798
       </NextVersion>
799
     </Entity>
```

- The following rules SHALL be observed to ensure forward and backward compatibility:
- 801 The initial XSD declaration for a <NextVersion> element SHALL be as follows:

```
802
      <xsd:element name="NextVersion" type="lei:NextVersion1Type"</pre>
803
     minOccurs="0"/>
804
805
     <xsd:complexType name="NextVersion1Type">
806
        <xsd:sequence>
807
          <xsd:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContent="lax"</pre>
808
     namespace="##targetNamespace" />
809
        </xsd:sequence>
810
     </xsd:complexType>
```

- The minOccurs declaration on the <NextVersion> element allows it to be omitted in files conforming to the first minor version. The schema wildcard (<xsd:any>) allows for forward compatibility: a file conforming to a new minor version still validates in the old version because the wildcard matches any new elements introduced in the new minor version.
- New elements SHALL be introduced in a subsequent minor version by modifying the declaration for the above type declaration as follows:

```
817
     <xsd:complexType name="NextVersion1Type">
818
       <xsd:sequence>
819
         <xsd:element name="NewElement1" type="..." minOccurs="0" />
820
         <xsd:element name="NewElement2" type="..." minOccurs="0" />
821
         <xsd:element name="NextVersion2Type" type="..." minOccurs="0" />
822
       </xsd:sequence>
823
     </xsd:complexType>
824
     <xsd:complexType name="NextVersion2Type">
825
       <xsd:sequence>
826
         <xsd:any minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" processContent="lax"</pre>
827
     namespace="##targetNamespace" />
828
       </xsd:sequence>
829
     </xsd:complexType>
```

- 830 Each new element SHALL be declared minOccurs="0", to ensure backward compatibility: a file
- conforming to the old version still validates in the new version because the new schema does not
- require the presence of elements not defined in the old version. If a new element is mandatory
- for conformance to the new version, this must be enforced outside schema validation.
- The new definition of the <NextVersion> element SHALL include a declaration of an inner
- 835 <NextVersion> element, as illustrated above, to provide for additional elements in
- 836 subsequent minor versions. The nesting of <NextVersion> elements is required to satisfy the
- "unique particle attribution" constraint of XSD 1.0.
- 838 Each code list (Enum types) is implemented in the XML schema simply as the XSD string
- 839 data type. This provides for forward compatibility because the schema for an older minor
- version will validate any string, including codes defined in newer minor versions. The schema
- for each minor version includes the list of valid codes for that minor version as a documentation
- annotation to the type declaration for each Enum type.

6.2 Major Version Changes to the XML Schema

- A major version may make any change to the XML schema whatsoever, including incompatible
- 845 changes.

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- A schema introduced in a new major version SHALL use an XML namespace URI that is
- different from the XML namespace URI defined in any other major version of this standard. The
- namespace URI for a new major version SHOULD be the same as the namespace URI specified
- section 5, with the year at the end changed to the year in which the new major version is
- introduced. If more than one major version is introduced in the same year, a letter "a", "b", "c",
- etc, may be appended to the year as needed.
- A new major version must be accompanied by an implementation plan which explains how
- implementations will make the transition from the old major version to the new major version.
- 854 Generally speaking, such a plan typically provides for a period of transition in which an
- implementation capable of receiving the new major version is required to also receive the old
- major version.

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7 Examples (non-normative)

The following is an example of an LEI Data File conforming to XML syntax defined this standard, containing a single LEI record.

```
<lei:OtherEntityName xml:lang="fr" type="OTHER LEGAL">Exemple
       Société</lei:OtherEntityName>
                 <lei:OtherEntityName xml:lang="fr" type="AUTO ROMANIZED LEGAL">Exemple
       Societe</lei:OtherEntityName>
               </lei:OtherEntityNames>
               <lei:LegalAddress xml:lang="en">
                 <lei:Line1>1234 Legal Entity Lane</lei:Line1>
                 <lei:Line2>Suite 4321</lei:Line2>
                 <lei:City>Exampleville</lei:City>
                 <lei:Region>US-MA</lei:Region>
                 <lei:Country>US</lei:Country>
                 <lei:PostalCode>02400</lei:PostalCode>
               </lei:LegalAddress>
               <lei:HeadquartersAddress xml:lang="en">
                 <lei:Linel>One Large Office Building</lei:Linel>
                 <lei:Line2>500th Floor</lei:Line2>
                 <lei:Line3>Suite 444</lei:Line3>
                 <lei:City>Côte d'Exemple</lei:City>
                 <lei:Region>FR-D</lei:Region>
                 <lei:Country>FR</lei:Country>
               </lei:HeadquartersAddress>
               <lei:OtherAddresses>
                 <lei:OtherAddress xml:lang="fr" type="HEADQUARTERS ADDRESS">
                   <lei:Line1>Un Grand Immeuble de Bureaux</lei:Line1>
                   <lei:Line2>500e étage</lei:Line2>
                   <lei:Line3>Suite 444</lei:Line3>
                   <lei:City>Côte d'Exemple</lei:City>
                   <lei:Region>FR-D</lei:Region>
                   <lei:Country>FR</lei:Country>
                   <lei:PostalCode>lei:PostalCode</lei:PostalCode>
                 </lei:OtherAddress>
               </lei:OtherAddresses>
               <lei:BusinessRegisterEntityID register="BR-US-MA">2-
       718281828</lei:BusinessRegisterEntityID>
<lei:LegalJurisdiction>US-MA</lei:LegalJurisdiction>
               <lei:LegalForm xml:lang="en">C Corporation</lei:LegalForm>
              <lei:AssociatedEntity type="FUND MANAGER">
                 <lei:AssociatedLEI>98765432109876543210</lei:AssociatedLEI>
               </lei:AssociatedEntity>
               <lei:EntityStatus>INACTIVE</lei:EntityStatus>
               <lei:EntityExpirationDate>2013-12-31T01:02:03Z</lei:EntityExpirationDate>
               <lei:EntityExpirationReason>CORPORATE ACTION</lei:EntityExpirationReason>
               <lei:SuccessorEntity>
                 <lei:SuccessorLEI>17320508075680000000</lei:SuccessorLEI>
               </lei:SuccessorEntity>
             </lei:Entity>
             <lei:Registration>
               <lei:InitialRegistrationDate>2001-11-30T12:00:00Z</lei:InitialRegistrationDate>
               <lei:LastUpdateDate>2014-03-15T12:00:00Z</lei:LastUpdateDate>
               <lei:RegistrationStatus>MERGED</lei:RegistrationStatus>
               <lei:NextRenewalDate>2015-12-31T01:02:03Z</lei:NextRenewalDate>
               <lei:ManagingLOU>31415926535897932384</lei:ManagingLOU>
               <lei:ValidationSources>FULLY CORROBORATED</lei:ValidationSources>
             </lei:Registration>
           </le>
         </lei:LEIRecords>
       </lei:LEIData>
```

8 References

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- 941 Directives, Part 2, 2001, 4th edition)," July 2002.
- 942 [XSD1] H. Thompson, D. Beech, M. Maloney, N. Mendelsohn, "XML Schema Part 1:
- 943 Structures," W3C Recommendation, May 2001, http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-1/.
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- 945 May 2001, http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/.

9 Appendix: Character Codes Allowed in ASCII Transliterated Names

When a Name instance is of type PREFERRED_ASCII_TRANSLITERATED_LEGAL or AUTO_ASCII_TRANSLITERATED_LEGAL, the value of the name field SHALL consist only of non-control characters drawn from the "invariant subset" of ISO 646. These characters are enumerated below. The "Hex Value" column indicates the code point value (expressed in hexadecimal) for each character in both ISO 646 and ISO 10646.

Graphic Symbol	Name	Hex Value	Graphic Symbol	Name	Hex Value
!	Exclamation Mark	21	М	Capital Letter M	4D
TT	Quotation Mark	22	N	Capital Letter N	4E
%	Percent Sign	25	0	Capital Letter O	4F
&	Ampersand	26	Р	Capital Letter P	50
1	Apostrophe	27	Q	Capital Letter Q	51
(Left Parenthesis	28	R	Capital Letter R	52
)	Right Parenthesis	29	S	Capital Letter S	53
*	Asterisk	2A	Т	Capital Letter T	54
+	Plus sign	2B	U	Capital Letter U	55
,	Comma	2C	V	Capital Letter V	56
_	Hyphen/ Minus	2D	W	Capital Letter W	57

Graphic Symbol	Name	Hex Value	Graphic Symbol	Name	Hex Value
•	Full Stop	2E	X	Capital Letter X	58
/	Solidus	2F	Y	Capital Letter Y	59
0	Digit Zero	30	Z	Capital Letter Z	5A
1	Digit One	31	_	Low Line	5F
2	Digit Two	32	a	Small Letter a	61
3	Digit Three	33	b	Small Letter b	62
4	Digit Four	34	С	Small Letter c	63
5	Digit Five	35	d	Small Letter d	64
6	Digit Six	36	е	Small Letter e	65
7	Digit Seven	37	f	Small Letter f	66
8	Digit Eight	38	g	Small Letter g	67
9	Digit Nine	39	h	Small Letter h	68
:	Colon	3A	i	Small Letter i	69
;	Semicolon	3B	j	Small Letter j	6A
<	Less-than Sign	3C	k	Small Letter k	6B
=	Equals Sign	3D	1	Small Letter l	6C
>	Greater-than Sign	3E	m	Small Letter m	6D
?	Question Mark	3F	n	Small Letter n	6E
A	Capital Letter A	41	0	Small Letter o	6F
В	Capital Letter B	42	р	Small Letter p	70
С	Capital Letter C	43	q	Small Letter q	71
D	Capital Letter D	44	r	Small Letter r	72
E	Capital Letter E	45	s	Small Letter s	73
F	Capital Letter F	46	t	Small Letter t	74
G	Capital Letter G	47	u	Small Letter u	75
Н	Capital Letter H	48	V	Small Letter v	76
I	Capital Letter I	49	W	Small Letter w	77
J	Capital Letter J	4A	X	Small Letter x	78
K	Capital Letter K	4B	У	Small Letter y	79
L	Capital Letter L	4C	Z	Small Letter z	7A

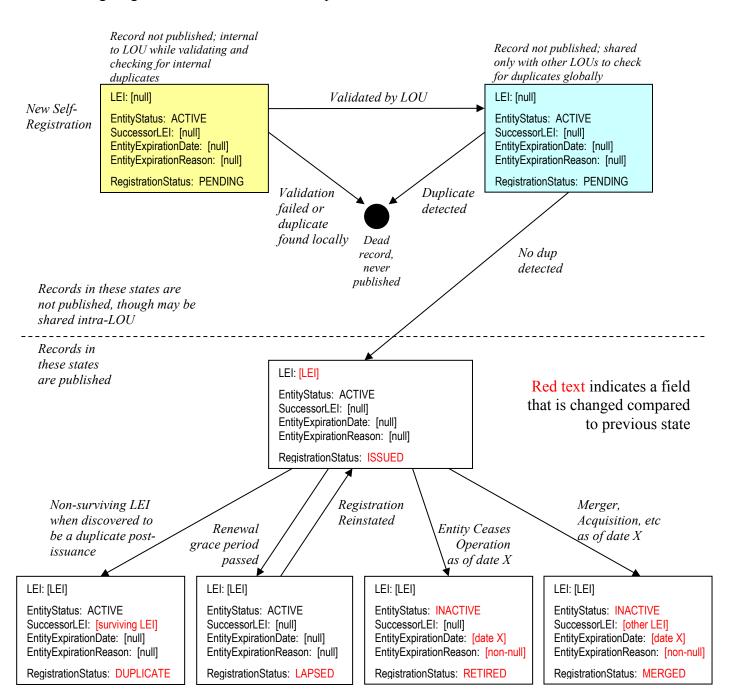
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Graphic Symbol	Name	Hex Value	Graphic Symbol	Name	Hex Value
	Space	20			

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10 Appendix: LEI Record Transition Diagram

The following diagram illustrates the relationship between status fields of the LEI record.



- 957 In rare circumstances, a record may pass directly from PENDING to RETIRED or MERGED; e.g.,
- 958 retroactive reporting of a failed or merged entity. In that case, the EntityStatus would be
- 959 INACTIVE while the record is in the PENDING state.
- Not shown in the diagram are possible transitions from ISSUED to ANNULLED (remaining
- below the line), from PENDING to CANCELLED (remaining above the line), and from ISSUED
- to TRANSFERRED (the latter being a record that is neither published nor shared intra-LOU, but
- maintained only internally by the sending LOU).

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11 Appendix: Considerations Regarding RegistrationStatus (non-normative)

- The RegistrationStatus operational data element indicates the state that an LEI registration record can have over its life-cycle.
- The defined status codes fall into three broad categories:
- Normal registration life cycle: These are codes applied in the normal life cycle of an LEI registration from submission through issuance through the termination of the registration if and when the entity becomes inactive.
- 972 2. Registration Errors: These are codes that are needed to correct errors that may occur in LEI registration procedures
- Transient conditions: These are codes that support certain transient conditions having to do with transfer of the management of an LEI registration from one LOU to another
- 976 The following table categorizes the RegistrationStatusEnum codes defined in 977 Section 3.5.7.

RegistrationStatus Value	Category	Record Publication
PENDING_VALIDATION	Normal life cycle	Internal
ISSUED	Normal life cycle	Published
DUPLICATE	Registration Errors	Published
LAPSED	Normal life cycle	Published
MERGED	Normal life cycle	Published
RETIRED	Normal life cycle	Published
ANNULLED	Registration Errors	Published
CANCELLED	Registration Errors	Archived
TRANSFERRED	Transient condition	Archived
PENDING_TRANSFER	Transient condition	Transient

RegistrationStatus Value	Category	Record Publication
PENDING_ARCHIVAL	Transient condition	Transient

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- Each RegistrationStatus code also implies something about how the LEI registration record is published, as indicated in the Record Publication column in the table above:
- *Published* The LEI record is included in the public files published by the managing LOU and the COU.
- *Transient* The LEI record is included in the public file published by the managing LOU, but only for a transient period during a record transfer from one LOU to another.
- *Archived* The LEI record is not included in the public file published by the managing LOU or by the CO, but is retained by the managing LOU as part of its archival records
- *Internal* The LEI record is not included in the public file published by the managing LOU or by the COU, but may be exchanged between LOUs and/or the COU as part of the validation process prior to issuance.

11.1 Normal Lifecycle

- 991 PENDING_VALIDATION and ISSUED are the most basic registration status codes. If an entity
- 992 registers and receives an LEI, and never ceases operation or transfers its registration to another
- 1993 LOU, these two codes are the only ones ever used.
- 994 PENDING_VALIDATION is "Internal" with respect to publication because LEI registrations are
- expected to be fully validated prior to the LEI being assigned, issued, and published. Should
- 996 reference data for LEI registrations whose validations are pending be shared for purposes of
- 997 avoiding duplicate LEI registrations prior to issuance, a general principle is that an LEI code
- 998 does not accompany this reference data.
- A normal part of the lifecycle of an LEI registration is the timely update and recertification of its
- 1000 reference data. The registration status code LAPSED distinguishes between LEI registrations
- that are "current" (i.e., in good standing, paid up, and updated) and those whose renewals and
- required periodic maintenance updates are "overdue."

11.2 Changes in Registration Status When the Status of the Legal Entity Changes

Two transitions in the status of a legal entity that will cause a change in the status of the LEI registration record for the legal entity are (1) the cessation of business, or closure (legal termination) of the legal entity (registration status RETIRED), and (2) a merger or acquisition of the legal entity by another legal entity that causes the first legal entity to cease to exist as a separate entity (registration status MERGED). These are "end states" of an LEI registration record (as shown in the state transition diagram in Section 10), and an update that assigns either

- of these two registration status codes to the LEI registration record is the last update that is made
- 1012 to that record. In order to satisfy the ISO 17442 persistence criteria of the LEI (i.e., the ability to
- properly interpret existing and historical records and reports that refer to LEIs in this state), these
- LEI registrations records are still part of the "Published" LEI registrations.

11.3 Changes in Registration Status When a Registration error is Resolved

- 1017 There are three registration status codes that apply to situations in which a registration
- 1018 assignment error has been made: DUPLICATE, ANNULLED, and CANCELLED. The
- 1019 DUPLICATE code refers to the non-surviving record under an exclusivity violation. The
- 1020 ANNULLED code applied to any other type of assignment error detected *after* an LEI registration
- has been publicly issued. The CANCELLED code refers to any type of assignment error detected
- before publication.

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- Like RETIRED and MERGED, these error states are terminal: no further updates to registration
- records in these states are expected to occur. Records in the DUPLICATE or ANNULLED states
- are retained as "Published" records in the GLEIS to support the historical record and to provide
- resolution to any external query of the LEI. Records with the state CANCELLED are retained
- internally by an LOU to support auditing.

11.4 Registration Status Codes for Transient Purposes

- 1029 The three registration status codes TRANSFERRED, PENDING TRANSFER, and
- 1030 PENDING ARCHIVAL exist to accommodate the transfer of the management of an LEI
- registration from one LOU to another.
- 1032 TRANSFERRED is used in the archival records of a "sending" LOU after having successfully
- 1033 completed the transfer of that responsibility to another ("receiving") LOU.
- 1034 PENDING TRANSFER and PENDING ARCHIVAL are used in the transitional period between
- the receipt of a porting request by a "sending" pre-LOU and the final confirmation of the
- transfer. Particularly in the early stages of the GLEIS, it may happen that for a short time a
- given record appears in more than one published file: once in the "receiving" pre-LOU's
- published file with the registration status ISSUED and also in the "sending" pre-LOU's
- published file with registration status PENDING ARCHIVAL.