

1-)Mqtt protokolü aracılığı ile Sisteme Tanımlı Yüzler (Yüz Tanıma) İle Açılan Kapı Projesini çalıştıran kodu yazınız.

Arduino Kodu

```
#include <MQTT.h>

#include <MQTTClient.h>

#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>

#include <MQTTClient.h>

#define led1 D2

char ssid[] = "Redmi";

char pass[] = "onur1905";

const char* broker = "onurgonullu.cloud.shiftr.io";

char mqttUserName[] = "onurgonullu";

char mqttPass[] = "12345";

WiFiClient net;

MQTTClient client;

unsigned long lastMillis = 0;

int alinan_mesaj_topic1;

int alinan_aktivasyon;

void connect() {

  Serial.print("\nconnecting to wifi.");

  while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {

    Serial.print(".");

    delay(5000);

  }

  char clientID[] = "OnurGonullu";

  Serial.print("\nconnecting to broker...");

  while (!client.connect(clientID,mqttUserName,mqttPass)) {

    Serial.print(".");

    delay(5000);

  }

  Serial.println("\nconnected!");

  client.subscribe("kapi_control");

}

void messageReceived(String &topic, String &payload) {

  if (topic=="kapi_control") {

    alinan_mesaj_topic1 = (payload.toInt());

    girdi_oku();

  }

}
```

```

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
  pinMode(led1, OUTPUT);
  WiFi.begin(ssid, pass);
  client.begin(broker, net); //broker , wifi
  client.onMessage(messageReceived);
  connect();
}

void loop() {
  client.loop();
  delay(10); // <- fixes some issues with WiFi stability
  if (!client.connected())connect();
  if (millis() - lastMillis > 3000) {
    girdi_oku();
    lastMillis = millis();
  }
}

void girdi_oku() {
  if (alınan_mesaj_topic1 == 1) {
    digitalWrite(led1, HIGH);
    Serial.println("kapi acildi");
  }
  else {
    digitalWrite(led1, LOW);
    Serial.println("kapi kapatildi");
  }
}

```

Python(Main) Kodları

```

import cv2

from simple_facerec import SimpleFacerec
from mqtt_adapter import mqtt_yaz
from excel_adapter import excel_yaz

# Encode faces from a folder
sfr = SimpleFacerec()
sfr.load_encoding_images("image_databasefile/")

cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)

while True:
    ret, frame = cap.read()

    # Detect Faces

```

```

face_locations, face_names = sfr.detect_known_faces(frame)
for face_loc, name in zip(face_locations, face_names):
    y1, x2, y2, x1 = face_loc[0], face_loc[1], face_loc[2], face_loc[3]
    cv2.putText(frame, name,(x1, y1 - 10), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_DUPLEX, 1, (0, 0, 200), 2)
    cv2.rectangle(frame, (x1, y1), (x2, y2), (0, 0, 200), 4)
    mqtt_yaz(name) #mqtt burada cagiriyoruz
    excel_yaz(name)
cv2.imshow("Yuz Tanim", frame)
key = cv2.waitKey(1) #bir tuşa basılırsa
if key == 27: # ve bu tuş esc ise
    break
cap.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

```

Python Mqtt Kodları

```

import paho.mqtt.client as mqttclient
import time

def on_connect(client,userdata,flags,rc):
    if rc==0:
        print("client is connected")
        global connected
        connected=True
    else:
        print("connection failed")

#mqtt broker codes:
connected=False
mqtt_port = 1883
mqtt_broker = "onurgonullu.cloud.shiftr.io"
mqtt_username = "onurgonullu"
mqtt_password = "12345"
client = mqttclient.Client("MQTT")
client.username_pw_set(mqtt_username,password=mqtt_password)
client.on_connect=on_connect
client.connect(mqtt_broker,port=mqtt_port)
client.loop_start()

while connected!=True:
    time.sleep(0.2)

#mqtt kodları burada bitti.

def mqtt_yaz(name): #name değişkeni mainden gönderilir
    if (name == "unknown"):
        client.publish("kapi_control", 0)

```

```

client.publish("isim_control", name)

client.loop_stop()

else:

    client.publish("kapi_control", 1)

    client.publish("isim_control", name)

    time.sleep(2)

    client.publish("kapi_control", 0)

    client.publish("isim_control", "unknown")

    #client.publish("kapi_control", "ac")

    client.loop_stop()

```

Python SimpleFacerec Klasörü

```

import face_recognition
import cv2
import os
import glob
import numpy as np

class SimpleFacerec:

    def __init__(self):

        self.known_face_encodings = []

        self.known_face_names = []

        # Resize frame for a faster speed

        self.frame_resizing = 0.25

    def load_encoding_images(self, images_path):

        """

        Load encoding images from path

        :param images_path:

        :return:

        """

        # Load Images

        images_path = glob.glob(os.path.join(images_path, "*.jpg"))

        print("{} encoding images found.".format(len(images_path)))

        # Store image encoding and names

        for img_path in images_path:

            img = cv2.imread(img_path)

            rgb_img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

            # Get the filename only from the initial file path.

            basename = os.path.basename(img_path)

            (filename, ext) = os.path.splitext(basename)

            # Get encoding

            img_encoding = face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb_img)[0]

```

```

# Store file name and file encoding
self.known_face_encodings.append(img_encoding)

self.known_face_names.append(filename)

print("Encoding images loaded")

def detect_known_faces(self, frame):
    small_frame = cv2.resize(frame, (0, 0), fx=self.frame_resizing, fy=self.frame_resizing)

    # Find all the faces and face encodings in the current frame of video

    # Convert the image from BGR color (which OpenCV uses) to RGB color (which face_recognition uses)
    rgb_small_frame = cv2.cvtColor(small_frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

    face_locations = face_recognition.face_locations(rgb_small_frame)

    face_encodings = face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb_small_frame, face_locations)

    face_names = []

    for face_encoding in face_encodings:
        # See if the face is a match for the known face(s)
        matches = face_recognition.compare_faces(self.known_face_encodings, face_encoding)
        name = "unknown"

        ## If a match was found in known_face_encodings, just use the first one.
        # if True in matches:
        #     first_match_index = matches.index(True)
        #     name = known_face_names[first_match_index]

        # Or instead, use the known face with the smallest distance to the new face
        face_distances = face_recognition.face_distance(self.known_face_encodings, face_encoding)
        best_match_index = np.argmin(face_distances)
        if matches[best_match_index]:
            name = self.known_face_names[best_match_index]

        face_names.append(name)

    # Convert to numpy array to adjust coordinates with frame resizing quickly
    face_locations = np.array(face_locations)
    face_locations = face_locations / self.frame_resizing

    return face_locations.astype(int), face_names

```