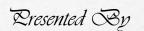
BANK PERFORMANCE LOSS ANALYSIS



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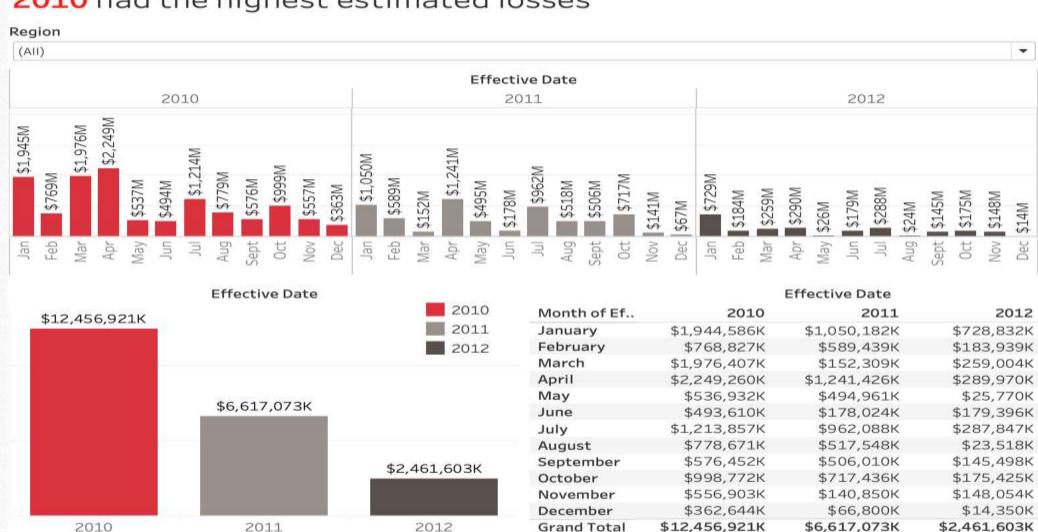
OBJECTIVES

This analysis aims to provide insights for data-driven decision-making by focusing on:

- Analyzing financial loss patterns from 2010 to 2012 to determine the year with the highest impact and possible causes.
- Examine the region experiencing the highest losses and identify contributing factors.
- Strengthen Risk Mitigation Strategies Provide data-driven recommendations to help reduce future financial losses through better oversight, predictive analytics, and targeted interventions.

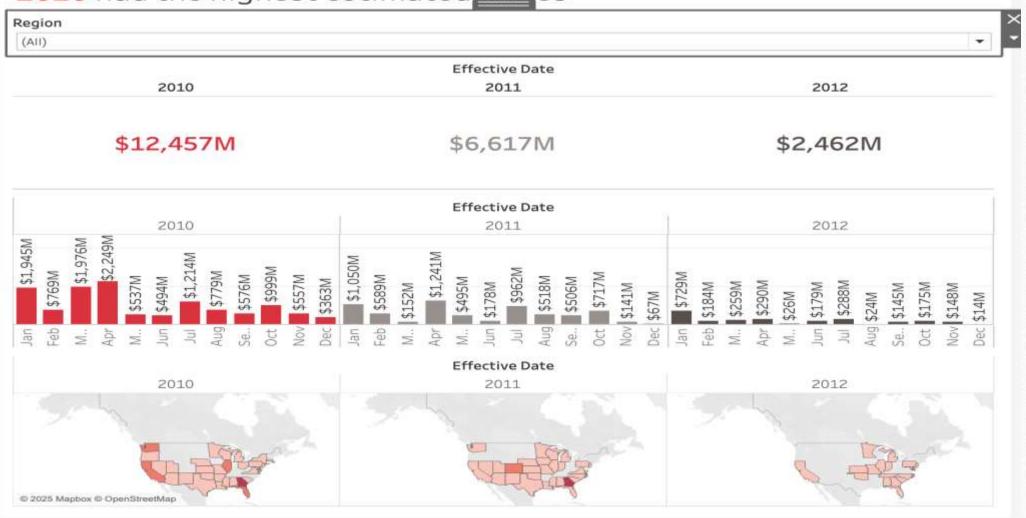
INSIGHTS

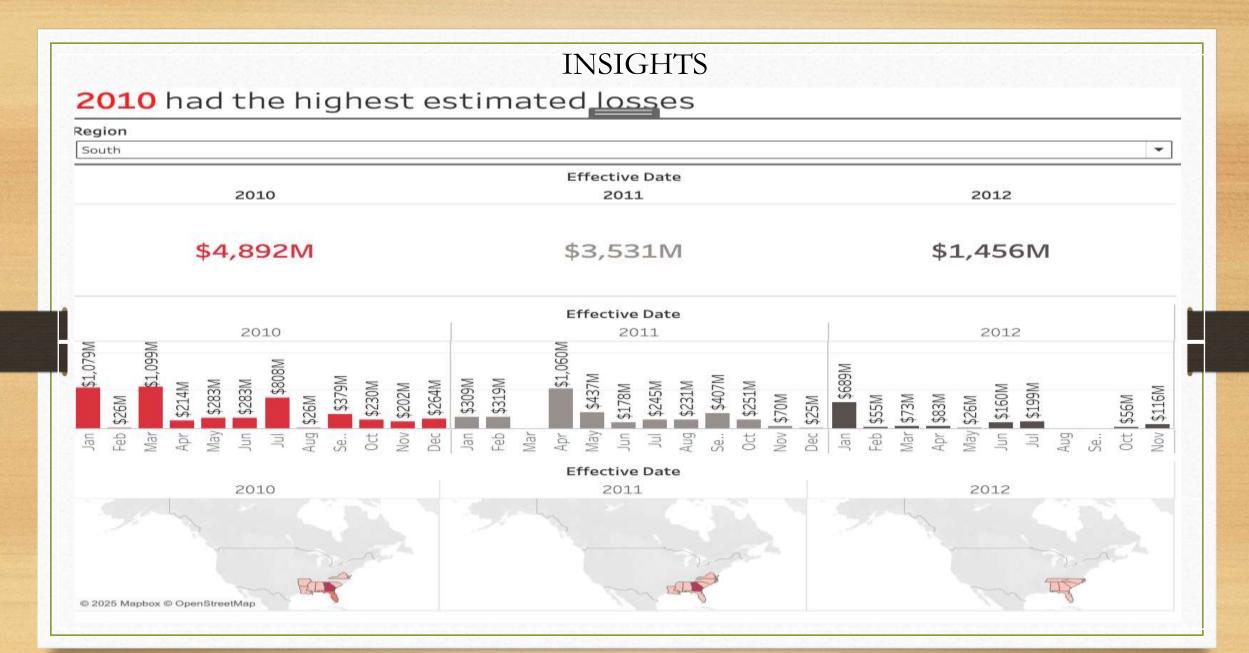
2010 had the highest estimated losses



INSIGHTS

2010 had the highest estimated losses





KEY INSIGHT

Trend Analysis

- 2010 had the highest loss, more than double the loss in 2011 and five times that of 2012.
- Steady decline in losses from 2010 to 2012, suggesting either improved financial oversight or fewer failing institutions.

Regional Impact

• The Southern region was the most affected, indicating possible economic challenges, high-risk lending, or fraud incidents.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Loss Analysis & Root Cause Investigation

★ Deep dive into 2010 losses – Identify key drivers such as economic downturns, fraud, or poor loan management to understand why losses peaked that year.

Regional Risk Management

★ Conduct a regional risk assessment – Investigate why the Southern region was the most impacted and apply targeted risk mitigation strategies.

Predictive & Preventive Measures

★ Develop predictive analysis models – Use historical data trends to create early warning systems for identifying financial distress before it escalates.

