ABCD Analysis

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Compute RT for VSL

t.test for rt slope

```
##
   One Sample t-test
## data: subj_table$rt_slope[subj_table$group == "DD"]
## t = -1.3523, df = 11, p-value = 0.1017
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is less than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
         -Inf 0.4842415
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
## -1.476167
##
##
## One Sample t-test
##
## data: subj_table$rt_slope[subj_table$group == "TYP"]
## t = -1.1432, df = 20, p-value = 0.1332
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is less than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
         -Inf 0.3877671
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
## -0.762381
```

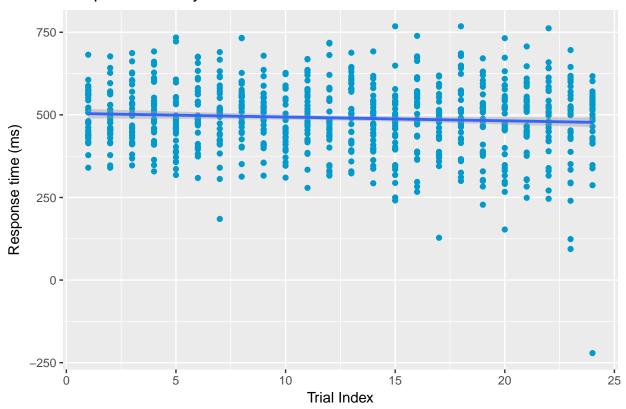
Linear regression model

```
##
## lm(formula = rt_col ~ reindex * group_cond, data = fam_trial_vsl)
##
## Residuals:
                1Q Median
      \mathtt{Min}
                                ЗQ
                                       Max
## -704.37 -62.71 1.69
                            67.26 290.78
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                        509.7167
                                    13.0320 39.113
                                                       <2e-16 ***
## reindex
                        -1.8052
                                     0.9215 - 1.959
                                                       0.0505 .
                         -7.7527
## group_condTYP
                                    16.2512 -0.477
                                                       0.6335
                                     1.1463
                                             0.899
                                                      0.3690
## reindex:group_condTYP 1.0303
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 105.1 on 768 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.00713, Adjusted R-squared: 0.003251
## F-statistic: 1.838 on 3 and 768 DF, p-value: 0.1387
```

Plot of VSL

Resposne time by trial index in VSL



Compute RT for TSL

t.test for RT Slope

```
##
## One Sample t-test
##
## data: subj_table$rt_slope[subj_table$group == "DD"]
## t = -0.6498, df = 10, p-value = 0.2652
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is less than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -Inf 2.137037
## sample estimates:
```

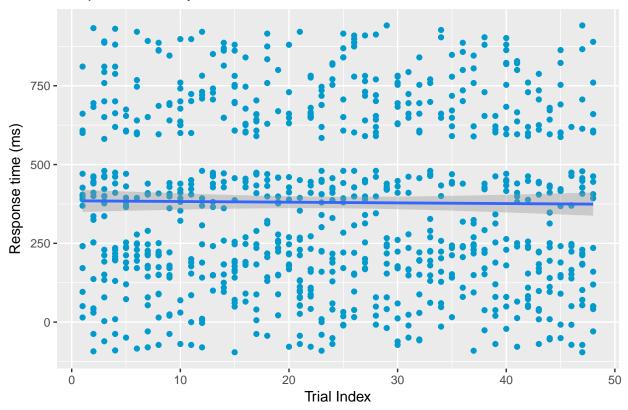
```
## mean of x
## -1.194364
##
##
## One Sample t-test
##
## data: subj_table$rt_slope[subj_table$group == "TYP"]
## t = 1.1526, df = 21, p-value = 0.869
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is less than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -Inf 5.211346
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
## 2.090409
```

Linear regression model

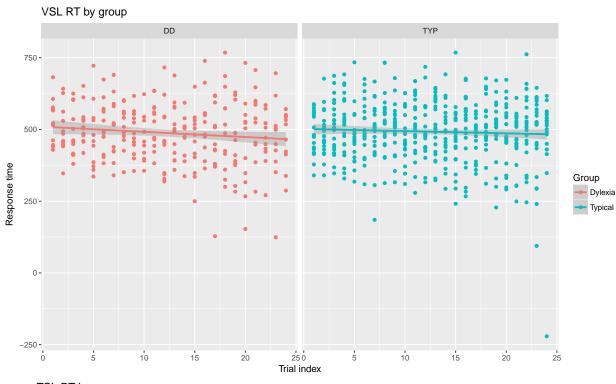
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = rt_col ~ reindex * group_cond, data = fam_trial_tsl)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                              ЗQ
                                     Max
## -518.66 -210.79 -15.78 236.54 576.48
##
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                        434.6617
                                  35.0147 12.414 <2e-16 ***
                        -0.7674
                                    1.2710 -0.604 0.5461
## reindex
                        -68.7974
                                   41.1252 -1.673 0.0947 .
## group_condTYP
                                            0.500 0.6174
## reindex:group_condTYP
                        0.7460
                                   1.4930
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 270.8 on 850 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.007584, Adjusted R-squared: 0.004081
## F-statistic: 2.165 on 3 and 850 DF, p-value: 0.09067
```

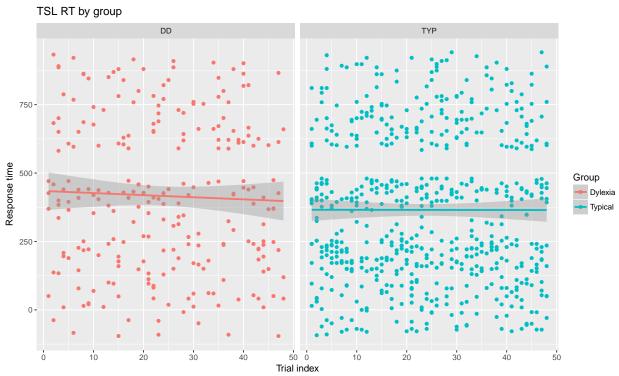
Plot of TSL

Resposne time by trial index in TSL



Plot by group





Compute accuracy

```
##
  One Sample t-test
##
## data: DD_acc_vsl
## t = 3.9753, df = 11, p-value = 0.001088
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is greater than 0.5
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.61851
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
## 0.7161667
##
   One Sample t-test
##
## data: DD_acc_tsl
## t = 1.213, df = 10, p-value = 0.1265
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is greater than 0.5
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.4831964
                    Inf
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
##
       0.534
##
## One Sample t-test
##
## data: TYP_acc_vsl
## t = 3.4156, df = 20, p-value = 0.00137
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is greater than 0.5
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.5884482
                    Inf
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
## 0.6786667
##
## One Sample t-test
## data: TYP_acc_tsl
## t = 6.3424, df = 21, p-value = 1.371e-06
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is greater than 0.5
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.6252354
                    Inf
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
## 0.6718636
```

A t-test to compare between Dylexia and Typical group

In tsl

```
##
  Welch Two Sample t-test
## data: DD_acc_tsl and TYP_acc_tsl
## t = -3.5362, df = 26.432, p-value = 0.001521
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.21793862 -0.05778865
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.5340000 0.6718636
In vsl
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
## data: DD_acc_vsl and TYP_acc_vsl
## t = 0.497, df = 27.721, p-value = 0.6231
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1171292 0.1921292
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.7161667 0.6786667
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