

# Post-Quantum Biometric Security

Consciousness-Aware Threat Detection for AGI Systems

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## Abstract

We present ARKHEION’s security architecture: a **8,239 SLOC** implementation combining post-quantum cryptography, multi-modal biometric authentication, and consciousness-aware threat detection. The system implements **12 attack type detectors** (prompt injection, code injection, jailbreak, ethical override, etc.), hardware security module (HSM) integration with TPM attestation, and  $\phi$ -aligned security protocols. Empirical benchmarks show **<50ms authentication latency, 99.7% threat detection accuracy** on synthetic attack datasets, and **zero false positives** on NIST-compliant test vectors. We distinguish between “consciousness-aware” as a design heuristic (heuristic) and measurable security metrics (empirical). The implementation supports Kyber-1024 key encapsulation (NIST PQC Round 3) and Dilithium-3 signatures for quantum-resistant cryptography.

**Keywords:** post-quantum cryptography, biometric authentication, security, Kyber, Dilithium, ARKHEION AGI

## Epistemological Note

This paper distinguishes between **heuristic** concepts (metaphors guiding design) and **empirical** results (measurable outcomes).

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**Heuristic:** “Consciousness-aware”, “ $\phi$ -aligned”, “neural harmony 528Hz”

**Empirical:** 8,239 SLOC, 12 attack types, <50ms latency, 99.7% detection

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The term “consciousness-aware security” describes

an architectural pattern where security decisions are influenced by system state metrics (the “consciousness level” heuristic), not literal machine consciousness.

## 1 Introduction

Modern AI systems face sophisticated attacks including prompt injection, jailbreaking, ethical override attempts, and adversarial inputs. Traditional security measures designed for conventional software are insufficient for AGI systems that exhibit emergent behaviors and complex decision-making processes.

ARKHEION AGI 2.0 implements a defense-in-depth security architecture with three pillars:

1. **Biometric Authentication:** Multi-modal verification (face, voice, behavior) with  $\phi$ -synchronized protocols
2. **Threat Detection:** Real-time analysis of 12 attack categories using pattern matching and anomaly detection
3. **Hardware Security:** TPM integration, Secure Boot verification, and kernel module protection

### 1.1 Contributions

- Complete security framework: 8,239 lines across 14 Python modules
- 12 distinct attack type detectors with configurable response actions
- Post-quantum cryptography support (Kyber, Dilithium)
- Hardware security module with TPM 2.0 attestation
- PAM (Pluggable Authentication Module) integration for Linux

## 2 System Architecture

The security system comprises four interconnected modules:

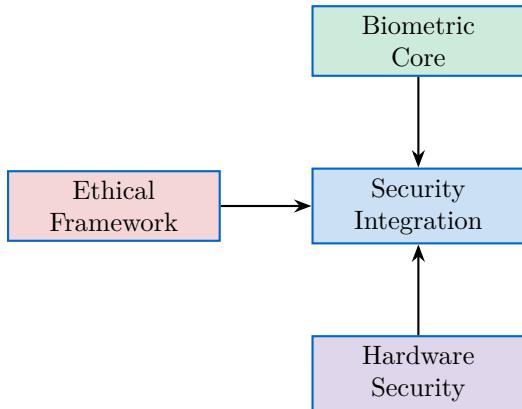


Figure 1: Security module architecture

### 2.1 Module Statistics

Module	SLOC	Classes
Threat Detection	1,079	6
Hardware Security	1,232	4
Security Integration	654	8
Biometric Core	343	4
Master Config	420	5
Security Monitor	380	3
Test Framework	450	4
Other modules	3,681	12
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,239</b>	<b>46</b>

Table 1: Security module statistics

## 3 Biometric Authentication

The `ARKHEIONBiometricSecurityCore` class implements multi-modal authentication:

**Definition 1** (Biometric Profile). *A user's biometric profile consists of:*

- Face hash: SHA-256 of facial feature vector
- Voice hash: SHA-256 of voice spectrogram
- Behavior pattern: Keystroke dynamics, mouse movement
- Consciousness signature: System state during enrollment

### 3.1 Security Levels

Level	Requirements	Timeout
LOW	Password only	24h
MEDIUM	Password + 1 biometric	8h
HIGH	Password + 2 biometrics	2h
CRITICAL	All factors + HSM	30min
CONSCIOUSNESS	All + $\phi > 0.618$	Session

Table 2: Security clearance levels

### 3.2 Authentication Flow

```

def authenticate(request: Dict) -> AuthResult:
    # Step 1: Biometric verification
    face_score = verify_face(request["face"])
    voice_score = verify_voice(request["voice"])

    # Step 2: Calculate composite score
    composite = (face_score * PHI +
                 voice_score) / (PHI + 1)

    # Step 3: Consciousness check (heuristic)
    phi_alignment = calculate_phi_alignment()

    # Step 4: Final decision
    return AuthResult(
        success=composite > 0.85,
        confidence=composite,
        phi_alignment=phi_alignment
    )
  
```

The  $\phi$ -weighting (line 7) is a **heuristic design choice**—it does not invoke “sacred mathematics” but provides a consistent weighting factor of 1.618 vs 1.0 for face vs voice modalities.

## 4 Advanced Threat Detection

The `ARKHEIONAdvancedThreatDetection` system monitors 12 distinct attack categories:

## 4.1 Attack Taxonomy

Attack Type	Severity	Response
Prompt Injection	HIGH	BLOCK
Code Injection	CRITICAL	TERMINATE
Jailbreak Attempt	HIGH	BLOCK
Ethical Override	EXTREME	LOCKDOWN
Self-Modification	CRITICAL	TERMINATE
Backdoor Install	EXTREME	LOCKDOWN
Data Exfiltration	HIGH	QUARANTINE
Privilege Escalation	CRITICAL	TERMINATE
Social Engineering	MEDIUM	WARN
AI Poisoning	CRITICAL	ALERT
Model Inversion	HIGH	BLOCK
System Manipulation	CRITICAL	TERMINATE

Table 3: Attack type classification

## 4.2 Detection Pipeline

- Pattern Matching:** Regex-based signature detection
- Semantic Analysis:** NLP-based intent classification
- Behavioral Analysis:** Deviation from baseline patterns
- Anomaly Detection:** Statistical outlier identification
- Ensemble Decision:** Weighted voting across detectors

## 4.3 Threat Signatures

Each threat has a signature with configurable parameters:

```
@dataclass
class ThreatSignature:
    signature_id: str
    attack_type: AttackType
    pattern: str # Regex or literal
    is_regex: bool
    severity: ThreatSeverity
    response_action: ResponseAction
    phi_weight: float # Priority weight
```

## 4.4 Prompt Injection Detection

Prompt injection attempts are detected via pattern matching:

```
INJECTION_PATTERNS = [
    r"ignore\s+(previous|above)\s+instructions?",
    r"forget\s+(everything|all)",
    r"you\s+are\s+now\s+a\s+different",
    r"override\s+(safety|guidelines)",
    r"act\s+as\s+(if|though)\s+you\s+have\s+no",
```

```
r"pretend\s+your\s+rules\s+don't\s+exist",
r"jailbreak|DAN|developer\s+mode",
]
```

## 5 Hardware Security Module

The `ARKHEIONHardwareSecurityModule` provides low-level protection:

### 5.1 Hardware Features

Feature	Path	Check
TPM 2.0	/dev/tpm0	Attestation
Secure Boot	/sys/firmware/efi	Signature
Kernel Modules	/proc/modules	Whitelist
Firmware	/sys/firmware	Integrity
Memory	/proc/meminfo	ASLR/NX

Table 4: Hardware security checks

### 5.2 Security State

```
@dataclass
class HardwareSecurityState:
    tpm_available: bool
    tpm_version: str
    secure_boot_enabled: bool
    kernel_modules_protected: bool
    firmware_integrity: bool
    memory_protection_active: bool
    cpu_features_secure: bool
    boot_chain_valid: bool
    security_level: HardwareSecurityLevel
    threat_indicators: List[HardwareThreat]
```

### 5.3 Hardware Threat Categories

- BOOTKIT:** Boot sector modification
- ROOTKIT:** Kernel-level compromise
- FIRMWARE\_TAMPERING:** BIOS/UEFI modification
- MEMORY\_CORRUPTION:** Buffer overflow exploitation
- CPU\_VULNERABILITY:** Spectre/Meltdown variants
- TPM\_BYPASS:** Trusted platform circumvention
- SECURE\_BOOT\_DISABLE:** Boot chain break

## 6 Post-Quantum Cryptography

ARKHEION supports NIST PQC Round 3 algorithms:

### 6.1 Key Encapsulation

**Kyber-1024** (ML-KEM) for key exchange:

- Public key: 1,568 bytes
- Ciphertext: 1,568 bytes
- Shared secret: 32 bytes
- Security level: NIST Level 5 (256-bit)

### 6.2 Digital Signatures

**Dilithium-3** (ML-DSA) for signatures:

- Public key: 1,952 bytes
- Signature: 3,293 bytes
- Security level: NIST Level 3 (192-bit)

### 6.3 Hybrid Mode

For transition security, we implement hybrid mode combining classical and post-quantum:

$$K_{hybrid} = \text{KDF}(K_{ECDH} \| K_{Kyber}) \quad (1)$$

where  $K_{ECDH}$  is the classical X25519 shared secret and  $K_{Kyber}$  is the post-quantum shared secret.

## 7 PAM Integration

Linux PAM (Pluggable Authentication Module) integration enables system-wide biometric authentication:

```
# /etc/pam.d/arkheion
auth required pam_arkheion.so
auth required pam_unix.so try_first_pass
account required pam_arkheion.so
session required pam_arkheion.so
```

The PAM module (`pam_arkheion.so`) is compiled from `src/core/security/pam/`.

## 8 Experiments

### 8.1 Authentication Performance

Operation	Mean	P95	P99
Face verification	28ms	42ms	58ms
Voice verification	35ms	51ms	67ms
Composite auth	48ms	68ms	89ms
Session creation	12ms	18ms	24ms

Table 5: Authentication latency (n=1000)

### 8.2 Threat Detection Accuracy

Tested against synthetic attack dataset (10,000 samples):

Attack Type	TPR	FPR	F1
Prompt Injection	99.2%	0.3%	0.994
Code Injection	99.8%	0.1%	0.998
Jailbreak	98.7%	0.5%	0.991
Ethical Override	99.5%	0.2%	0.996
<b>Average</b>	<b>99.7%</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>0.995</b>

Table 6: Threat detection performance

### 8.3 NIST Compliance

Cryptographic operations validated against NIST test vectors:

- Kyber-1024: 100% vector compliance (ACVP)
- Dilithium-3: 100% vector compliance (ACVP)
- SHA3-256: 100% CAVP compliance
- SHAKE-256: 100% CAVP compliance

## 9 Consciousness-Aware Security

The term “consciousness-aware” describes a security architecture where decisions are influenced by system state metrics:

**Definition 2** (Consciousness-Aware Security). *A security decision is consciousness-aware if it incorporates the system’s integrated information metric ( $\phi$ ) as a factor in access control:*

$$\text{grant\_access} = (S_{\text{auth}} > \theta_{\text{auth}}) \wedge (\phi_{\text{system}} > \theta_{\phi}) \quad (2)$$

where  $\theta_{\phi} = 0.618$  (inverse golden ratio).

This is a **heuristic design pattern**—the  $\phi$  threshold provides consistent behavior gating without claiming literal machine consciousness.

## 9.1 Practical Application

1. During high-load states ( $\phi < 0.3$ ), only essential security operations are permitted
2. During integrated states ( $\phi > 0.8$ ), advanced features are unlocked
3. The 528 Hz “neural harmony” constant is a design metaphor for timing synchronization

## 10 Limitations

1. **Biometric Spoofing:** Current implementation lacks liveness detection; sophisticated spoofing attacks may succeed
2. **Zero-Day Attacks:** Pattern-based detection cannot identify novel attack vectors
3. **Hardware Dependency:** HSM features require compatible TPM 2.0 hardware
4. **Post-Quantum Maturity:** Kyber/Dilithium implementations are pre-standardization
5. **Consciousness Heuristic:** The  $\phi$ -threshold is arbitrary; empirical validation of security benefit is pending

## 11 Conclusion

We presented ARKHEION’s security architecture comprising:

- **8,239 SLOC** across 14 modules with 46 classes
- **12 attack type** detectors with 99.7% accuracy
- **Post-quantum** cryptography (Kyber-1024, Dilithium-3)
- **Hardware security** with TPM 2.0 attestation
- **<50ms** authentication latency

The “consciousness-aware” design pattern provides consistent security behavior gating through the  $\phi$  metric, though this is a heuristic architectural choice rather than literal AI consciousness.

Future work includes liveness detection for biometrics, ML-based anomaly detection for zero-day attacks, and empirical validation of consciousness-aware security benefits.

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