## 1. 标准模型:

max 
$$2X_1 + X_2 - X_3 + 0X_4 + 0X_5 + 0X_6$$
  
S.t.  $3X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 = 40$   
 $X_1 - X_2 + X_3 + X_5 = 10$   
 $X_1 + X_2 - X_3 + X_6 = 20$   
 $X_1 \ge 0$ ,  $j = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$ 

D

## 单纯型表:

BV	Χ,	XZ	x,	X4	χs	X 6	RHS
	3	ı	ı	1	0	٥	40
X4			1	0	1	0	10
ХF	1	- (	•				20
*6	ı	1	-1	0	0	ı	
1	2	ı	-1	D	0	0	2
V				×4	χ	x X <sub>6</sub>	RHS
ВV	X,	λ>	××	~4	•		
	D	4	-5	. 1	~	3 0	10
<b>%</b> 4	U	•					
$x_{i}$	1	-1	2	0	1	6	0 ا
× 6	D	2	-3	6	-1	(	(D
						. •	7-20
_	٥	3	-5	•	0 -	2 0	<b>0 1 3</b>
C				v	. <b>x</b>	5 × 16	RHS
₿V	11	Xν	X3	X			
• •		1	- 5	14	. <i>-</i>	3 0	<u>\$</u>
X	D	'	•				25
λ,	1	0	3	$\frac{1}{4}$	_	1 0	
×4	D	0	-54	-	3	1 0	S
<b>^</b> 6	•		5		3 -	<u>!</u>	5-17

国而当 X1=10. X2=10 X3=0. X4=0. X5=10 X6=0时, RHS最大为 30

## 2. 单纯型表:

By 
$$x_1$$
  $x_2$   $x_3$   $x_4$   $x_5$   $x_6$   $x_7$   $RHS$ 
 $x_1$   $x_2$   $x_3$   $x_4$   $x_5$   $x_6$   $x_7$   $RHS$ 
 $x_1$   $x_2$   $x_3$   $x_4$   $x_5$   $x_6$   $x_7$   $x_7$   $x_8$ 
 $x_1$   $x_2$   $x_3$   $x_4$   $x_5$   $x_6$   $x_7$   $x_7$ 
 $x_1$   $x_2$   $x_3$   $x_4$   $x_5$   $x_6$   $x_7$   $x_8$ 
 $x_1$   $x_2$   $x_3$   $x_4$   $x_5$   $x_7$ 
 $x_1$   $x_2$   $x_3$   $x_4$   $x_5$   $x_7$   $x_7$ 
 $x_1$   $x_2$   $x_3$   $x_4$   $x_7$   $x_7$ 

BV X<sub>1</sub> Y<sub>2</sub> X<sub>3</sub> X<sub>4</sub>  $\frac{3}{1}$  X<sub>6</sub> X<sub>7</sub> RHS X<sub>4</sub> 4 0 0 1 -32 -4 36 0 X<sub>4</sub> -1 0 0 4  $\frac{3}{2}$  -15 D X<sub>3</sub> 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 -3 0 0 0 4  $\frac{7}{2}$  -33  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

RHS χŢ  $\chi_{\mathcal{E}}$ **X**7 X2 X4 Xι BV χ4 X5 l 0 **X** 3 -18 2 2 0 -1 0

```
X5
                                                      RHS
                             74
                        ХJ
            -\frac{1}{8} 0 -\frac{3}{64} 1 0 \frac{3}{16}
Xδ
x s
                            -<del>1</del>
x3
                                                       2
                                               X7 RHS
                                          x<sub>6</sub>
                                    χL
                            Χ4
                       Хз
         χ,
               χν
                                    24 1
λ6
                             -\frac{3}{4} 16 0 3
x,
×3
                            54
                                                      RHS
                            X4 X5 X6
                                                 X7
                       \lambda_{3}
          ×ı
                 Xz
 BV
                                    D
                             0
 76
                    l = \frac{l}{4} - 8
 X,
                XZ
                                                      RHS
                                 χc
                       Хz
                  λι
  BV
           1 1
   X6
                   -\frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4}
  ۲,
                                  -24 0
                      1
                  2
   X4
                  -\frac{3}{2} -\frac{5}{4} 0 -2 0 -\frac{21}{2} -\frac{5}{4}
```

因此、 $x_1 = \frac{3}{4}$ ,  $x_2 = 0$   $x_3 = 0$   $x_4 = 1$   $x_5 = 0$   $x_6 = 1$   $x_7 = 0$  时

## 3. 第一阶段:

$$max - x_5 - x_6$$

$$s.t. \quad x_1 + 4x_2 - 2x_3 + 8x_4 + x_5 = 2$$

$$-x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + 4x_4 + x_6 = 1$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6 \ge 0$$

BV X, X2 X, X4 X5 X6 PHS

$$\lambda_{2} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad 1 \quad -\frac{1}{2} \quad 2 \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad 0 \quad \frac{1}{2}$$
 $\lambda_{3} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad 0 \quad \frac{4}{4} \quad 0 \quad -\frac{1}{2} \quad 1 \quad 0$ 
 $\lambda_{6} \quad -\frac{3}{2} \quad 0 \quad 4 \quad 0 \quad -\frac{3}{2} \quad 0 \quad 2$ 

BV X, X2 X, X4 | X5 X6 PHS

$$\frac{1}{16}$$
 1 0 2 |  $\frac{3}{16}$   $\frac{1}{8}$   $\frac{1}{2}$ 

第二阶段

因此,当 N =8. N=0. N=3. N=0时 RHS最大为31

0 -66 0 -130 2-31

讨论:下例

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 4x_2 - 2x_3 + 8x_4 = 2 & \textcircled{2} \\ -x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + 4x_4 = 1 & \textcircled{2} \\ 2x_1 + 2x_2 - 5x_3 + 4x_4 = 1 & \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

时③=①-①、效③式可以删点后按西阶段方法求解。

当分数难阵非行福铁时,在第二阶段可防出现某行生为。无法继续

进行,此时可利用线性组合关系消至冗余行,使系数阵行高秩.

4. max 
$$6x_1-2x_1+10x_3+0x_4+0x_5$$
  
S.t. 
$$\begin{cases} a_{11}x_1+a_{12}x_2+a_{13}x_3+x_4=b_1\\ a_{21}x_1+a_{22}x_2+a_{23}x_3+x_5=b_2\\ x_1.x_2,x_3.x_4,x_5\geq 0 \end{cases}$$

BV 
$$X_1$$
  $X_2$   $X_3$   $X_4$   $X_5$  RHS  
 $\beta_{11}$   $1$   $2$   $\beta_{14}$   $0$   $5$   
 $\beta_{21}$   $\beta_{22}$   $\frac{1}{3}$   $\beta_{24}$   $\frac{1}{3}$   $\delta_{2}'$   
 $\beta_{15}$   $\beta_{25}$   $\beta_{25}$   $\beta_{25}$   $\delta_{25}$   $\delta_{25}$ 

由于 5 + 1 1 + 1 2 + 0 极 电基变量 Xs 进基变量 Xi X2, X3仍为非基变量 X3 基变量 即 出基变量为 Xs 进基变量为 Xi

(1).  $\Rightarrow$  (1)  $\Rightarrow$  (1)  $\Rightarrow$  (1)  $\Rightarrow$  (2)  $\Rightarrow$  (2)  $\Rightarrow$  (3)  $\Rightarrow$  (4)  $\Rightarrow$  (5)  $\Rightarrow$  (4)  $\Rightarrow$  (5)  $\Rightarrow$  (6)  $\Rightarrow$  (7)  $\Rightarrow$  (8)  $\Rightarrow$  (8)

 $30 (6 -2 10 0 0 0) - k_2(3 a_{22} 10 1 b_2)$   $= (0 0 6_3 0 6_5 - 20)$ 

t/2  $K_2 = 2$ .  $b_2 = 10$   $0_{22} = -1$ .  $6_3 = 8$   $6_5 = -2$   $\eta = \frac{10}{3}$   $\beta_{22} = -\frac{1}{3}$ 

S.t. 
$$\begin{cases} x_2 + 2x_3 \le 5 \\ 3x_1 - x_2 + x_3 \le 10 \end{cases}$$
  
 $\begin{cases} x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 \ge 0 \end{cases}$