CoreAlgorithm

March 2, 2023

1 Core Machine Learning Algorithm Realization by PyTorch

Every strings under '' (like '<Machine Tools Input factor Data>') must be changed to your own value before running!

- 1.1 make sure you have PyTorch installed before running this script
- 1.2 import training data and torch package

```
[]: import torch
# the format of machine_input_data and tool_value are tensor_format!
machine_input_data = torch.Tensor('<Machine Tools Input factor Data>')
tool_value = torch.Tensor('<Machine Tool predicting value>')
```

1.3 Define Neural Network Training Model

We use linear regression model which can be expressed by

 $Predict = weight * machine_input_data + bias$

```
[]: class LinearModel(torch.nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(LinearModel, self).__init__()
        # in_features stands for neural network nodes input number
        # output_features stands for neural network predicting nodes output
        in_features = 65
        out_features = 1
        self.linear = torch.nn.Linear(in_features, out_features, bias=True)

def forward(self, x):
        tool_value_pred = self.linear(x)
        return tool_value_pred

model = LinearModel()
```

1.4 Define Neural Network loss function and Optimization Algorithm

Using MSE (mean quared error) to measure the loss and its math expression as below:

$$\ell(x,y) = L = \{l_1, \dots, l_N\}^\top, \quad l_n = (x_n - y_n)^2$$

Implements stochastic gradient descent as gradient descent algorithm (optionally with momentum)

```
[]: # MSE loss function
    criterion = torch.nn.MSELoss(reduction='sum')
    # lr = learning_rate
    optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=0.01)
```

```
[]: for epoch in range('<Define Iteration Epoch Times>'):
    tool_value_pred = model(machine_input_data)
    loss = criterion(tool_value_pred, tool_value)
    print(epoch, loss)

    optimizer.zero_grad()
    loss.backward()
    optimizer.step()
```

1.5 Output Model Training Results and Test New Data