
3 Getting Started

Version 08.15.03, 2008-06-10,

This chapter provides an overview of the TSTool graphical user interface. The TSTool GUI has three main functions:

1. Display and analyze time series data. In this capacity, a graph or summary can be created and then TSTool can be closed.
2. Format lists of time series for use with simulation models or other software. In this capacity, time series that are read and displayed can be incorporated into a command file, which can be run to generate model files.
3. Read time series and produce time series products (e.g., image files containing graphs), for use on web sites or to facilitate review of database contents or model output. In this capacity TSTool is used to generate data products in a streamlined fashion.

The remainder of this chapter provides an overview of the graphical user interface, in the order of the menus on the menu bar.

3.1 Starting TSTool

Within the State of Colorado's CDSS, TSTool can be started using **Start...All Programs...CDSS...TSTool** (or **Start...Programs...CDSS...TSTool**).

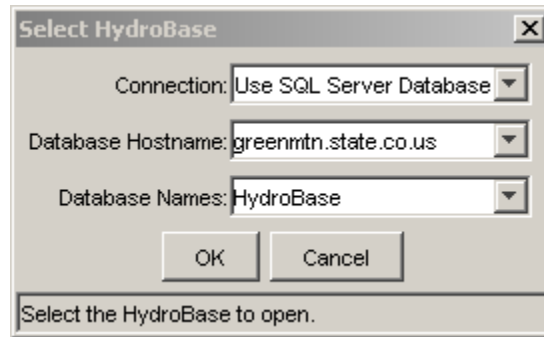
If a command file has been created, it can be processed in batch mode using the following command line:

```
tstool -commands commands.TSTool
```

It is customary to name command files with a *.TSTool* file extension.

3.2 Select HydroBase Dialog

If the HydroBase input type is enabled (see the **HydroBase Input Type Appendix**), the HydroBase login dialog will be automatically shown when TSTool starts in interactive mode. The dialog is used to select a server and database for the State of Colorado's HydroBase database. A HydroBase database can also be selected from the **File...Open...HydroBase...** menu.



Menu_Open_HydroBase

Select HydroBase Database Dialog

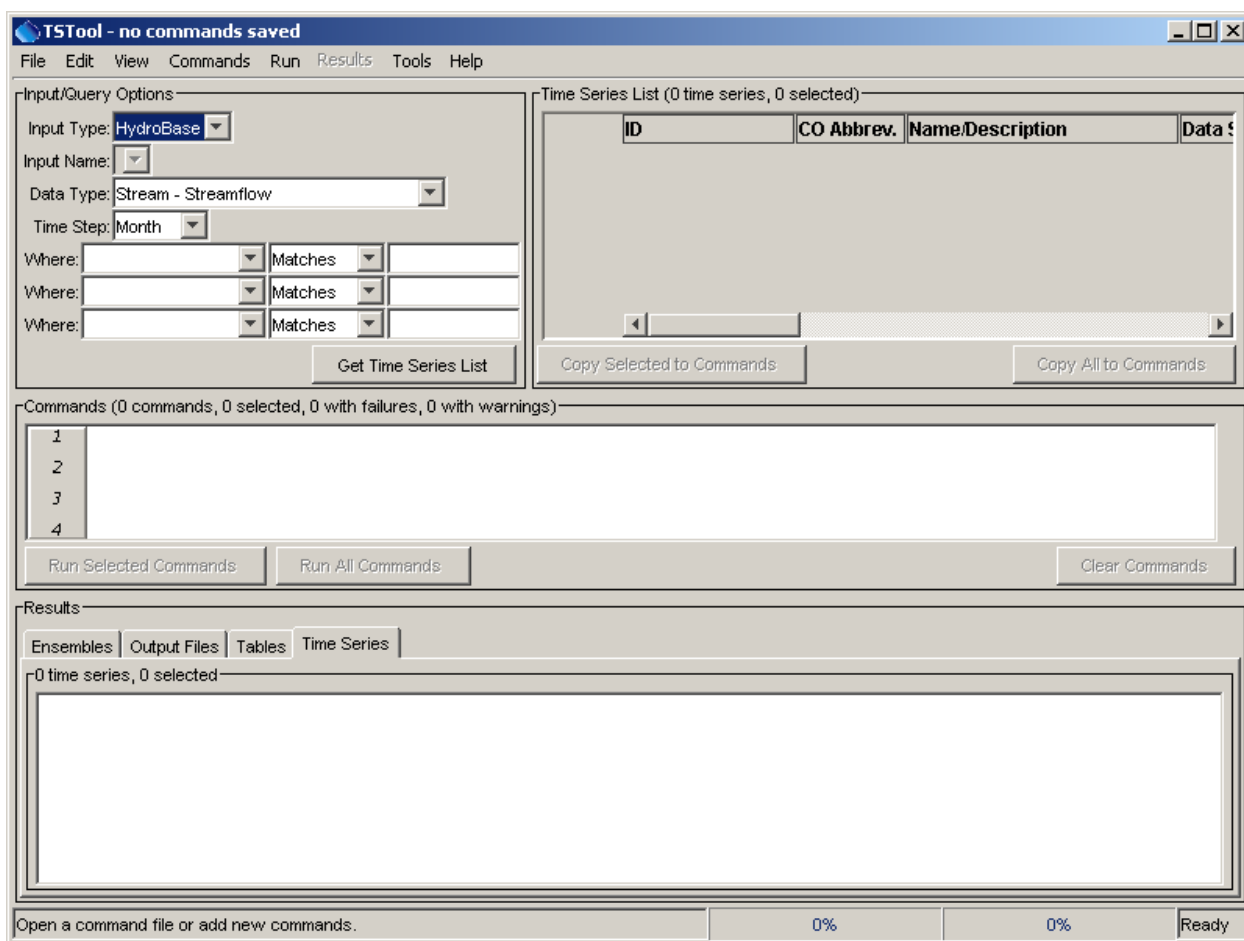
You can also cancel the login, in which case HydroBase features will be disabled but you will be able to work with other input types.

3.3 Main Interface

The following figure illustrates the main TSTool interface during a typical session, immediately after starting and completing the HydroBase database login. The main interface is divided into three main areas:

- **Input/Query Options** (top left) and **Time Series List** area (top right)
- **Commands** (middle)
- **Time Series Results** (bottom)

Status and progress information is displayed at the bottom of the main window and also in the borders around main panels (e.g., to show how many items are in a list and how many are selected).



GUI_MainBlank

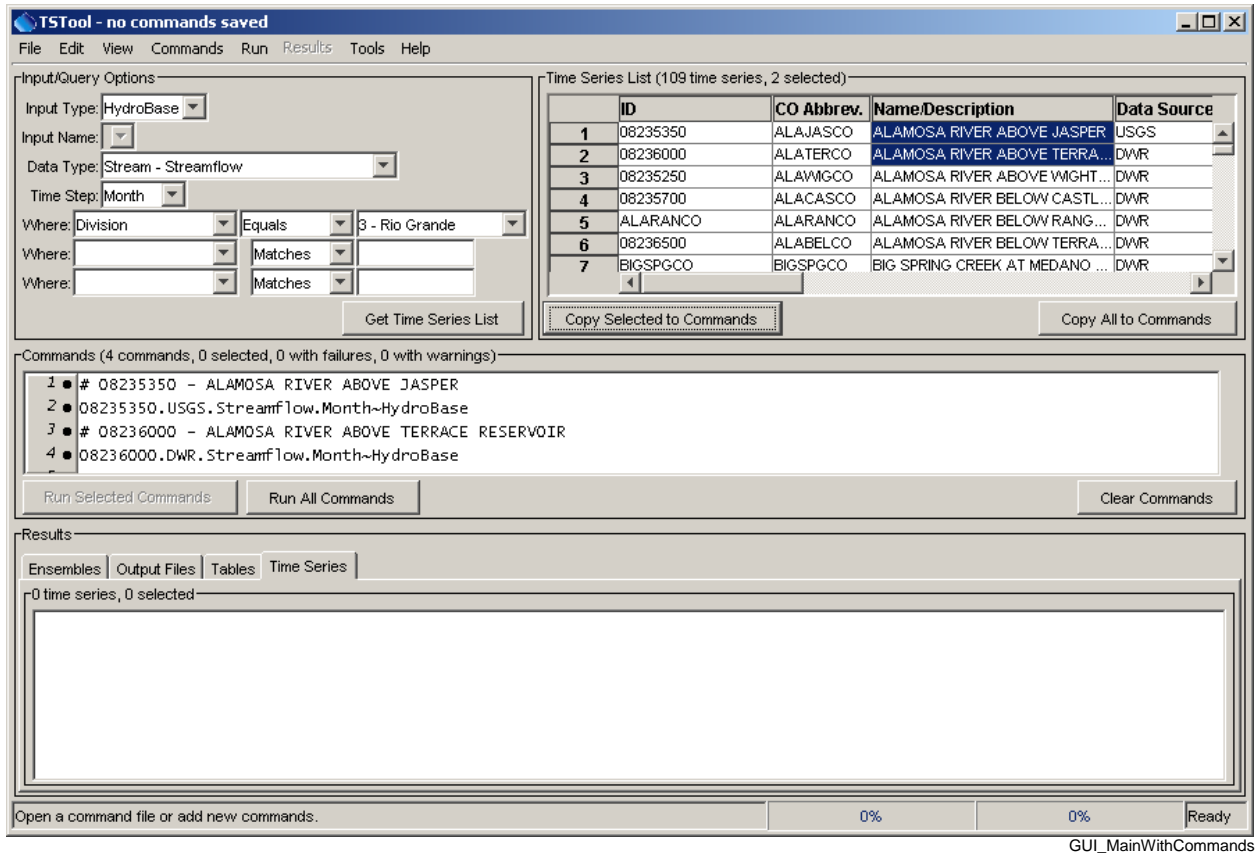
Initial TSTool Interface

3.3.1 Input/Query Options and Time Series List Area

The upper part of the main window contains the **Input/Query Options** and **Time Series List** area. The **Input/Query Options** choices help select time series information from input types. The interactive interface is useful when searching a database or selecting a time series from a file that includes multiple time series. An alternative to the following interactive approach is to use read commands from the **Commands** menu (see the **Commands** chapter), which is appropriate for more complicated analysis. To select time series, execute the following steps:

1. Select the **Input Type**. Input types define the storage format (e.g., database or file) for time series data. The DateValue input type is the default. More specific input types (e.g., the HydroBase database) may be the default if enabled. See the appropriate appendix for a description about supported input types. Depending on the input type, some of the remaining selection choices may be disabled or limited. In most cases, TSTool will assume that you are correctly associating an input type with the actual input that is selected (i.e., that you will select a file that matches the input type when **Get Time Series List** is pressed – see below). Selecting some input types may prompt for a file, which is then listed in the **Input Name** choices.
2. Select the **Data Type** (if appropriate for the input type). For example, select **Streamflow** or **Diversion** if using a HydroBase input type. For some input types, the data type will be listed as **Auto**, indicating that the data type automatically will be determined from the input itself.
3. Select the **Time Step** (if appropriate for the input type). The time step, also referred to as the data interval, will generally be limited by the input type. For example, if reading from the HydroBase database, the Streamflow data type will result in Day, Month, and Irregular (real-time) time steps being listed. The time step will be shown as **Auto** for some input and data types and will be determined as data are read.
4. Specify the **Where** and **Is** clause(s) for the query (if appropriate for the input type). This information will limit the number of time series that are returned. For some input types, choices will be displayed as choices, whereas for other input types, all time series for the input type will be listed.
5. Press the **Get Time Series List** button in the **Input/Query Options** area, and TSTool will display a list of matching time series in the **Time Series List**. If the input type is a file, you may first be prompted to select the file containing the time series. The **Time Series List** shows a list of matching time series, including standard time series information. As much as possible, the column headings are consistent between different input types. The results are typically sorted by name or identifier if from a database, or if read from a file are listed according to the order in the file. Right-click on the column headings and select **Sort Ascending** to sort by that column (the other columns will adjust accordingly). The sorts are alphabetical so some numeric fields may not sort as expected due to spaces, etc.
6. Move time series to the **Commands** list in the center of the main interface selecting rows in the Time Series list (must click in column two or greater) and then pressing the **Copy Selected to Commands** button. Or, if appropriate, press the **Copy All to Commands** button. The **Commands** and **Time Series Results** areas are discussed in the following section and can contain mixed data types and time steps. Analysis commands may require that the units are compatible, but general viewing tools do not require the same units. To mix data types, make multiple queries using the **Input/Query Options** and **Time Series List** areas and select from the lists as necessary, accumulating time series identifiers in the **Commands** list.

After providing selection information, the main interface might look like the following figure:



TSTool after Pressing *Get Time Series List* and selecting from *Time Series List*

3.3.2 Command List and Command Error Indicators

The **Commands** list occupies the middle of the main interface and contains:

- Time series identifiers corresponding to time series selected from the **Time Series List**, and
- Commands selected from the **Commands** menu (see **Chapter 4 – Commands**).

Time series identifiers are added to the **Commands** list by single clicking on items in the **Time Series List** and copying the identifiers to the **Commands** list. Time series identifiers are formatted by transferring information from the appropriate columns in the **Time Series List** to the **Commands** list.

An alternative to using the **Time Series List** to select time series is to use specific read commands from the **Commands** menu (e.g., use a `ReadDateValue()` command). Using read commands is useful when performing a more complicated analysis on specific input sources (e.g., specific data files) or when processing large amounts of data. The interactive interface is useful when searching a database or generating a simple graph.

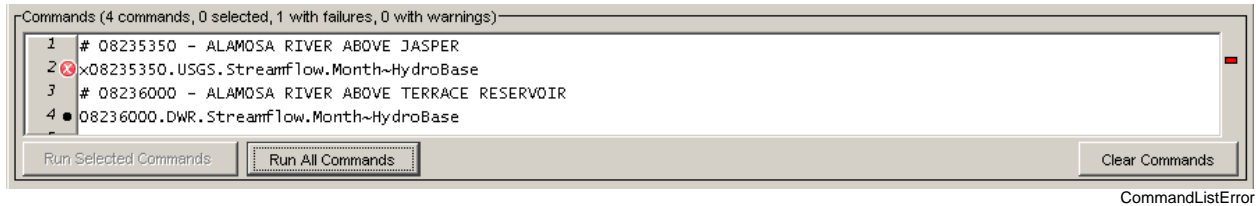
The **Commands** (and the **Time Series Results**) lists behave according to Windows conventions:

- **Single-click** to select one item.
- **Ctrl-click** to additionally select an item.
- **Shift-click** to select everything between the previous selection and the current selection.

Right-clicking over the **Commands** list displays a pop-up menu with useful command manipulation choices, some of which are further described in following sections (e.g., edit menu choices are discussed in **Section 3.5 - Edit Menu**). A summary of the pop-up menu choices is as follows:

Menu Choice	Description
Show Command Status Success/Warning/Failure	Displays the status of a command for each phase of command processing (more discussion below after table).
Edit	Edit the selected command using custom edit dialogs, which provide error checks and format commands. Double-clicking on a command also results in editing the command.
Cut	Cut the selected commands for pasting.
Copy	Copy the selected commands for pasting.
Paste	Paste commands that have been cut/copied, pasted after the selected row.
Delete	Delete the selected commands (currently same as Cut).
Find Commands(s)	Find commands in the command list. This displays a dialog. Use the right-click in the found items to go to or select found items.
Select All	Select all the commands.
Deselect All	Deselect all the commands. This is useful because only selected commands are processed (or all if none are selected). It is therefore important not to unknowingly have one or a few commands selected during processing.
Convert Selected Commands to # Comments	Convert selected commands to # comments.
Convert Selected Commands from # Comments	Convert # comments to commands.
Run All Commands (create all output)	Run all commands and create output (e.g., graphs and files).
Run All Commands (ignore output commands)	Run all commands but skip any output commands. This is useful if a batch command file has been read and time series are to be listed in the GUI but output products are not to be generated automatically.
Run Selected Commands (create all output)	Run selected commands and create output (e.g., graphs and files).
Run Selected Commands (ignore output commands)	Run selected commands but skip any output commands. This is useful if a batch command file has been read and time series are to be listed in the GUI but output products are not to be generated automatically.

Initial enhancements to command editing and error handling were implemented in version 7.00.00 and continue to be implemented. Commands are numbered to simplify editing. The command list also includes left and right gutters to display graphics that help with error handling. The following figure illustrates a command with an error (the first time series identifier has been edited to include an x, resulting in an invalid identifier).



Command List Illustrating Error

The following error handling features are available:

- Clicking on the left gutter will hide and un-hide the gutter.
- The graphic in the left gutter indicates the severity of a problem (see below for full explanation).
- The colored box on the right indicates the severity of a problem and, when clicked on, positions the visible list of commands to display the command corresponding to the problem.
- Commands have three phases: 1) initialization, 2) discovery, 3) run. Initialization occurs when reading a command file or adding a new command. The discover phase is executed only for commands that generate time series for other commands and provides other commands with identifiers used in command editing. The run phase is when commands are processed to generate output.
- Positioning the mouse over a graphic in the left or right gutter will show a popup message with the problem information. The popup is only visible for a few seconds so use the right-click popup menu **Show Command Status (Success/Warning/Failure)** for a dialog that does not automatically disappear.

The meaning of the gutter symbols is described in the following table. The goal is to display the most severe status to indicate problems; however, some commands are still being enhanced to support this feature and may not display a status until after they are run.

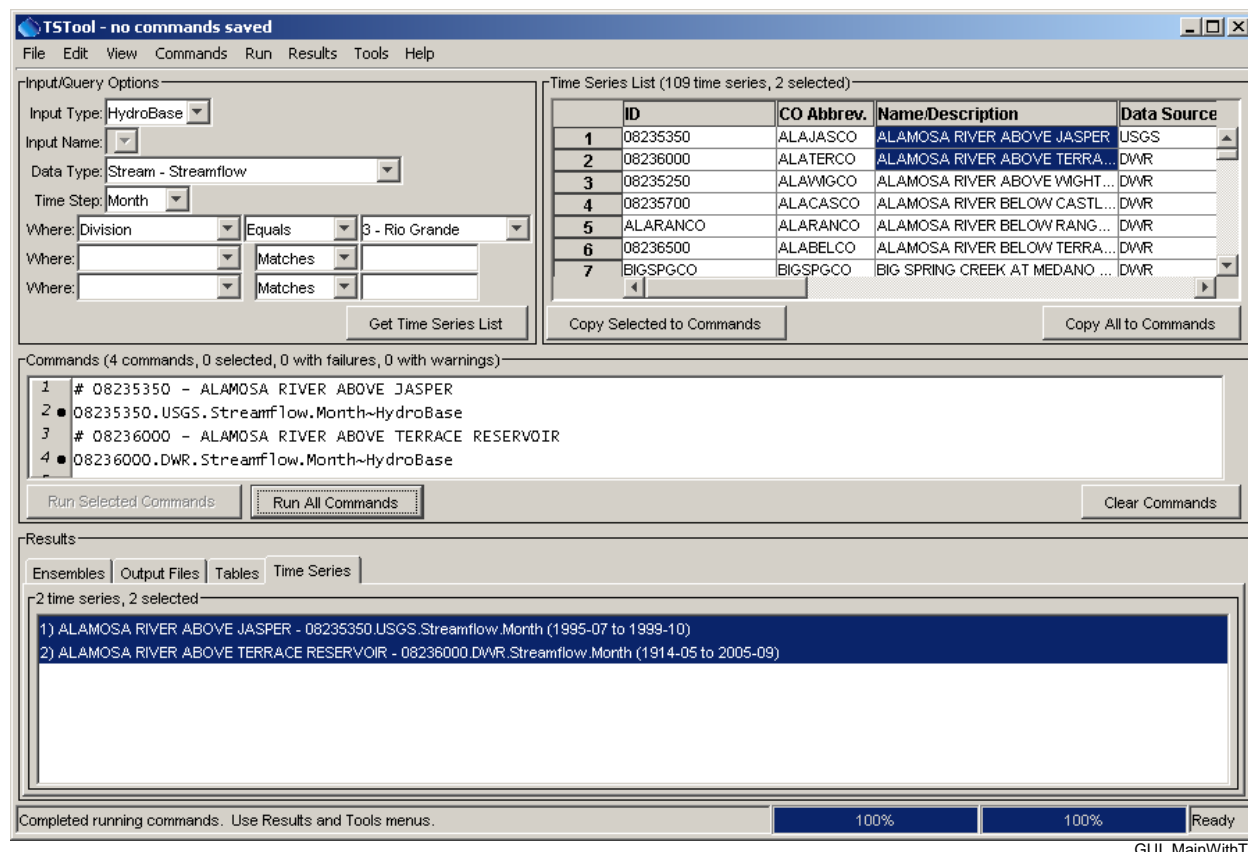
Command List Error Handling Graphics

Command List Left Gutter Graphic	Description
No graphic	Command is successful (a warning or failure has not been detected).
■	The status is unknown, typically because the command has not been updated to fully take advantage of error handling features.
⚠	The command has a problem that has been classified as non-fatal. For example, a command to fill data may be used but results in no data being filled. In general, commands with warnings need to be fixed unless work is preliminary.
✖	The command has failed, meaning that output is likely incomplete. A problem summary and recommendation to fix the problem are available in the status information. Commands with failures generally need to be fixed. Software support should be contacted if the fix is not evident.

Warning and failure messages continue to be enhanced as commands are updated to support the new error handling features.

3.3.3 Time Series Results

The commands in the **Commands** list are processed by pressing the **Run Selected Commands** or **Run All Commands** buttons below the commands list area (or by using the **Run** menu). The time series and other output that result from processing are listed in the bottom of the main interface, as shown in the following figure:



TSTool after Running Commands

The time series listed in the **Time Series Results** list can then viewed using the **Results** menu, analyzed further using the **Tools** menu, and output using the **File...Save...** menus. Only the selected time series will be output (or all if none are selected).

In addition to time series, the following results may also be available:

- **Ensembles** – groups of time series with an ensemble identifier. Time series in an ensemble are also shown in the **Time Series** tab. Right-click on item to access viewing and analysis options.
- **Output Files** – files that are created during processing. Single click on a file to view.
- **Tables** – column-oriented tables created during processing.

Two progress bars at the bottom of the main window are updated during processing. The left progress bar indicates the overall progress in processing the commands (100% means that all commands have been processed). The right progress bar is used with command that support incremental progress status

updating, a feature that will be phased in over time. For example, if a single command processes many time series, this progress bar can be used to indicate progress in the command.

Right-clicking over the **Time Series Results** list displays a pop-up menu with useful time series viewing choices, including a choice to view the time series properties. The right-click menu choices are summarized below:

Time Series Results List Popup Menu Choices

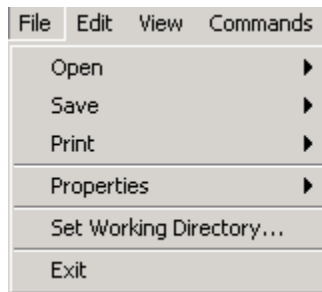
Menu Choice	Description
Graph - Bar (left of date)	Display bar graph for selected time series, drawing bars to the left of the date.
Graph - Bar (center on date)	Display bar graph for selected time series, drawing bars centered on the date.
Graph - Bar (right of date)	Display bar graph for selected time series, drawing bars to the right of the date.
Graph - Duration	Display a duration graph for the selected time series.
Graph - Line	Display a line graph for selected time series.
Graph - Line (log Y-axis)	Display a line graph for the selected time series, using a log10 y-axis.
Graph - Period of Record	Display a period of record graph for the selected time series.
Graph - Point	Display a graph using symbols but no connecting lines.
Graph - Predicted Value	Display a graph of data and the predicted values from regression.
Graph - Predicted Value Residual	Display a graph of data minus the predicted values from regression.
Graph - XY-Scatter	Display an XY-scatter plot for the selected time series.
Table	Display a scrollable table for the selected time series.
Report - Summary	Display a summary for selected time series.
Find Time Series...	Find time series in the time series list. This displays a dialog. Use the right-click in the found items to go to or select found items.
Select All for Output	Select all time series for output.
Deselect All	Deselect all time series for output.
Time Series Properties	Display the time series properties dialog (see the TSView Time Series Viewing Tools appendix for a complete description of the properties interface).

Viewing capabilities are described further in **Section 3.9 - Results Menu** and the **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools** appendix.

The remainder of this chapter summarizes the TSTool menus.

3.4 File Menu - Main Input and Output Control

The **File** menu provides standard input and output features as described below. Some menus are visible only when certain input types are enabled (see the **Installation and Configuration Appendix**). Some menus are only enabled when time series have been processed.

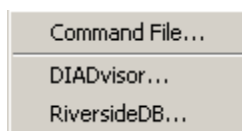


Menu_File

File Menu

3.4.1 File...Open – Open Command File or Databases

The **File...Open** menu displays menu items as follows:



Menu_File_Open

File...Open Menu

The **File...Open...Command File** menu item displays a dialog to select an existing command file. After a file is selected, the file contents replace the contents of the **Commands** list. If commands already exist in the **Commands** list and have been modified, you are given the option of saving the existing commands first. Opening a command file causes the working directory to be set to the directory from which the command file was read, as if the `setWorkingDir()` command was executed. Consequently, `setWorkingDir()` commands may not be needed.

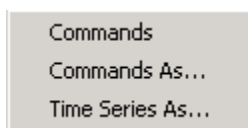
TSTool will attempt to automatically update older command files to new syntax if a command has changed. If a change occurs, the command file will be marked as modified and will need to be saved to reflect the changes. If an error occurs updating a command, it will be marked with an error and a comment will be inserted with the original command and indicating that an automated update could not occur. Unrecognized commands are marked with an error and will generate errors if run.

The **File...Open...HydroBase** menu item displays the **Select HydroBase** dialog discussed in **Section 3.2** (see also the **HydroBase Input Type Appendix**).

The **File...Open...RiversideDB** menu item displays a dialog to select a RiverTrak[®] System configuration file, which specifies the location of a RiversideDB database (see the **RiversideDB Input Type Appendix**).

3.4.2 File...Save – Save Command File, and Time Series

The **File...Save** menu displays the following menu choices:



Menu_File_Save

File...Save Menu

The **File...Save...Commands** and **File...Save...Commands As** menu items save the contents of the **Commands** list to a file. The name of the current command file is shown in the TSTool title bar. All commands are saved, even if only a subset is selected. Saving a command file causes the working directory to be set to the where the command file was written, as if the `setWorkingDir()` command was executed. Consequently, `setWorkingDir()` commands may not be needed.

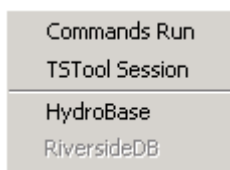
The **File...Save...Time Series As** menu item displays a file chooser dialog for saving time series in the **Time Series Results** list. See the **Input Type Appendices** for examples of supported file formats. Only the selected time series in the **Time Series Results** list are saved (or all, if none are selected). Not all formats are supported because in most cases the write commands are used to automate processing of time series.

3.4.3 Print Commands

The **File...Print...Commands** menu prints the contents of the **Commands** list. This is useful while editing and troubleshooting commands.

3.4.4 Properties for Commands Run, TSTool Session, and Input Types

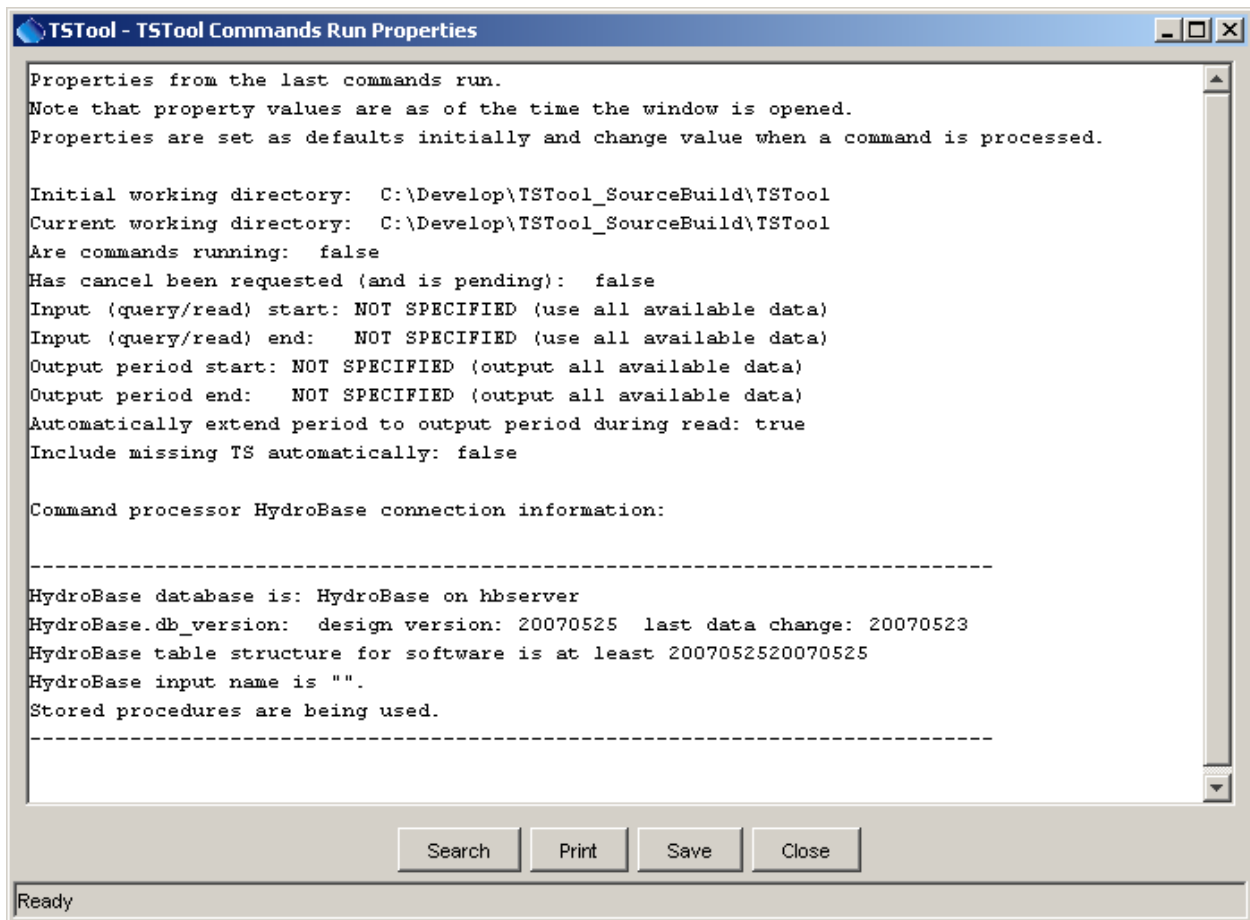
The **File...Properties** menu displays the following menu items:



Menu_File_Properties

File...Properties Menu

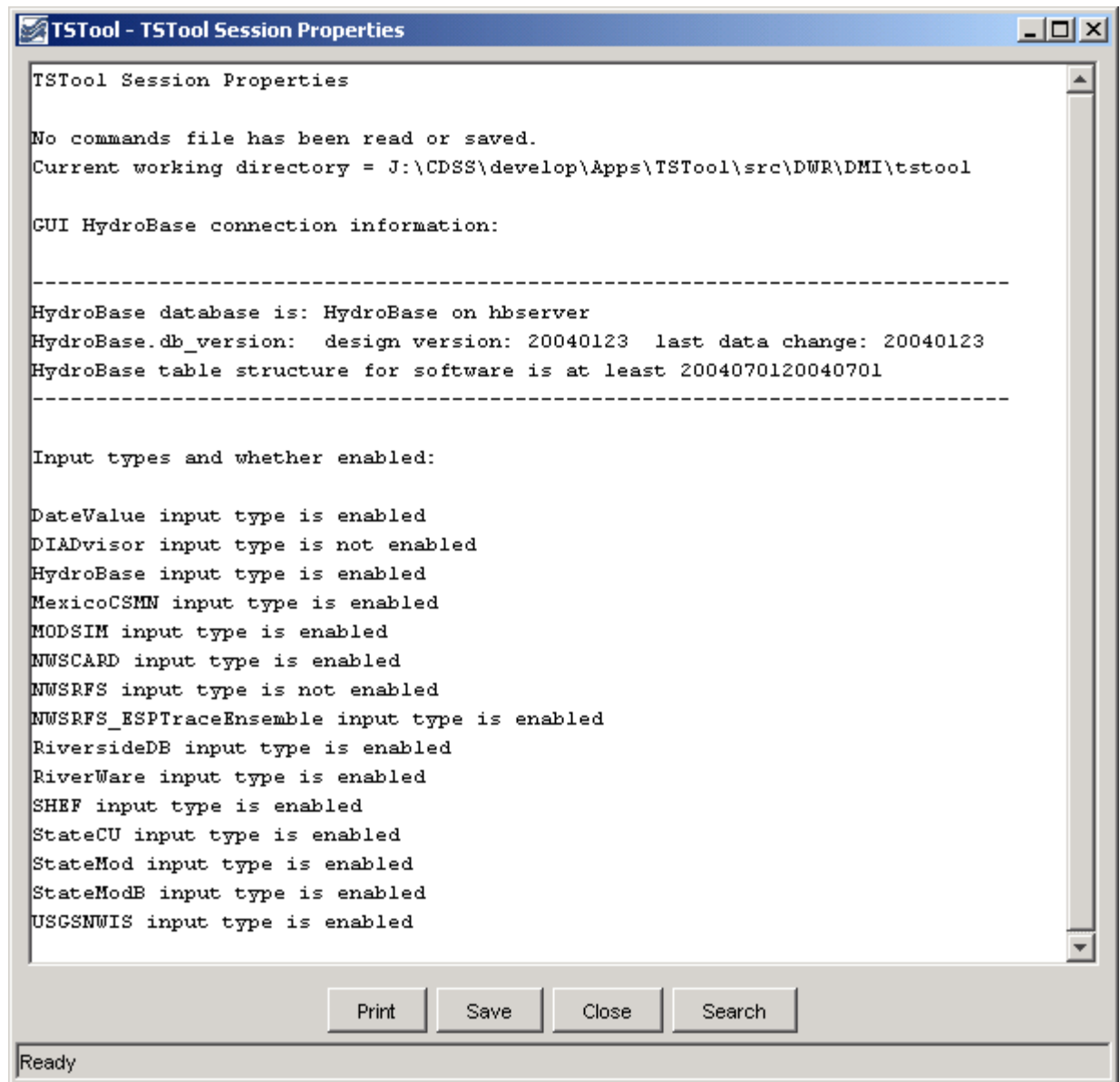
The **File...Properties...Commands Run** menu item displays information from the last time that the commands were run, including global properties that impact results:



Menu_File_PropertiesRun

Properties of the Last Commands Run

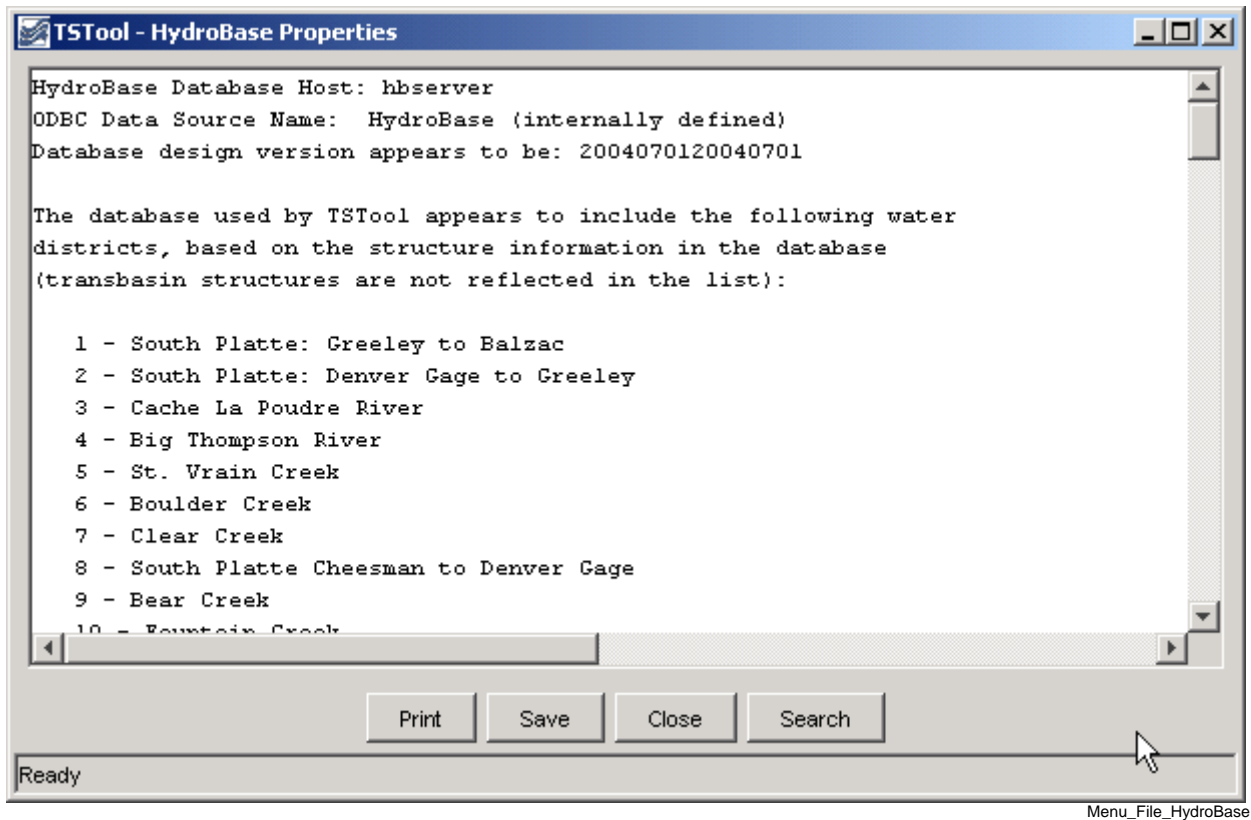
The **File...Properties...TSTool Session** menu item displays information about the current TSTool session, as follows:



TSTool Session Properties

Menu_File_Properties_TSToolSession

The **File...Properties...HydroBase** menu item displays HydroBase properties, including the database that is being used, database version, and the water districts that are in the database being queried. The water districts are determined from the structure table in HydroBase. The information that is shown is consistent with that shown by other State of Colorado tools and is useful for troubleshooting.



HydroBase Properties Dialog

The **File...Properties...RiversideDB** menu item displays RiversideDB properties, if a RiversideDB connection is in place.

3.4.5 Set Working Directory

The **File...Set Working Directory** menu item displays a file chooser dialog that allows you to select the working directory. The working directory, when set properly, can greatly simplify command files because relative file paths can be used for input and output. The working directory is normally set in one of the following ways, with the current setting being defined by the most recent item that has occurred:

1. The startup directory for the TSTool program,
2. The directory where a command file was opened,
3. The directory where a command file was saved,
4. The directory specified by a `SetWorkingDir()` command,
5. The directory specified by **File...Set Working Directory**.

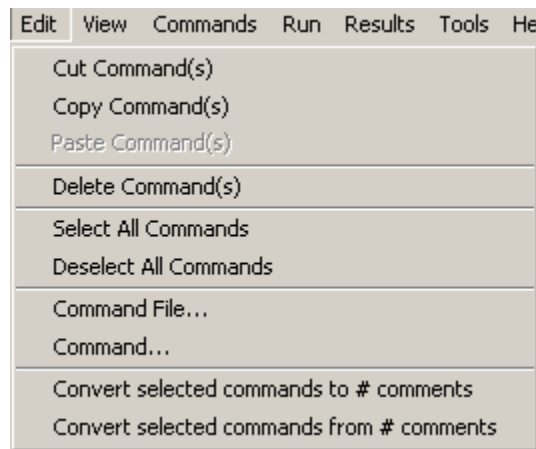
The menu item is provided to allow the working directory to be set before a command file has been saved (or opened) and it typically eliminates the need for `SetWorkingDir()` commands in command files.

3.4.6 Exit

The **File...Exit** menu exits TSTool. You will be prompted to confirm the exit. If commands have been modified, you will be prompted to save before exiting. Commands may have been automatically updated by TSTool if an old command file was read.

3.5 Edit Menu – Editing Commands

The **Edit** menu can be used to edit the **Commands** list. Edit options are enabled and disabled depending on the status of the **Commands** list. Specific edit features are described below. Right clicking over the **Commands** list provides a popup menu with many choices described below.



Edit Menu

Menu_Edit

3.5.1 Cut/Copy/Paste/Delete

The **Edit...Cut** and **Edit...Copy** menu items are enabled if there are items in the **Commands** list. **Currently, these features do not allow interaction with other applications.** **Cut** deletes the selected item(s) from the **Commands** list and saves its information in memory. **Copy** just saves the information in memory. After **Cut** or **Copy** is executed, select an item in the **Commands** list and use **Paste** (see below).

Paste is enabled if one or more commands from the **Commands** list has been cut or copied. To paste the command(s), select commands in the **Commands** list and press **Edit...Paste**. The commands will be added after the last selected command. To insert at the front of the list, paste after the first command, and then cut and paste the first command to reverse the order.

The **Delete** choice currently works exactly like the **Cut** choice. Additionally, after lines in the **Commands** have been selected, you can press the **Clear Commands** button below the **Commands** list to cut/delete.

The **Clear Commands** button in the **Commands** area deletes the selected commands or all commands if none are selected. You will be prompted to confirm the clear of no commands are specifically selected.

3.5.2 Select All Commands/Deselect All Commands

The **Edit...Select All Commands** and **Edit...Deselect All Commands** menu items are enabled if there are items in the **Commands** list. Use these menus to facilitate editing. Note that when editing commands it is often useful to deselect all commands so that new commands are added at the end of the commands list.

3.5.3 Edit Command File

The **Edit...Command File** menu choice can be used to edit a command file using **Notepad** on Windows or **edit** on UNIX machines. Currently, there is no way to change the editor. You must re-read the command file into TSTool after using the editor for TSTool to recognize the time series commands in the command file. This feature is less useful than in the past because editor dialogs have now been implemented for all commands.

3.5.4 Edit Command

The **Edit...Command** menu can be used to edit an individual command. TSTool will determine the command that is being edited and will display the editor dialog for that command, performing data checks. **Most old commands will be automatically detected and will be converted to new command syntax.** This feature is also accessible by right clicking on the **Commands** list and selecting the **Edit** menu item.

3.5.5 Convert Selected Commands To/From Comments

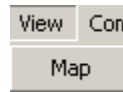
The **Edit...Convert selected commands to comments** menu can be used to toggle selected commands in the **Commands** list to comments (lines that begin with #). This is useful when temporarily disabling commands, rather than deleting them.

The **Edit...Convert selected commands from comments** menu can be used to toggle selected commands in the **Commands** list from comments back to active commands. This is useful when re-enabling commands that were temporarily disabled.

Note that the multi-line `/* */` comment notation can be inserted using the **Commands...General – Comments** menu.

3.6 View Menu – Display Map Interface

The **View** menu currently has limited choices:



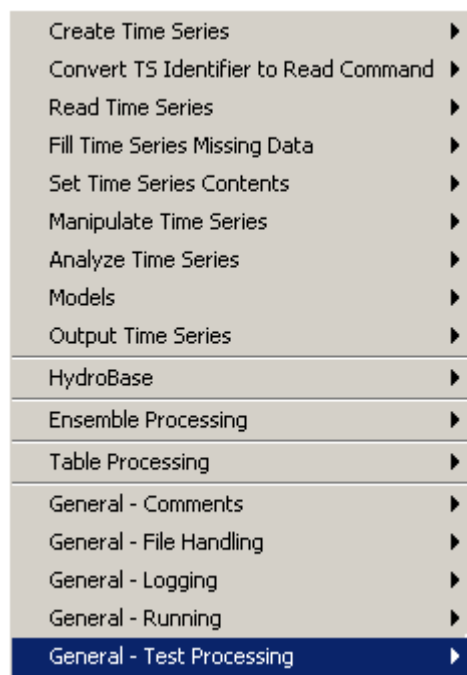
Menu_View

View Menu

The **View...Map** menu displays a map interface in a separate window. See the **Using the Map** chapter for more information.

3.7 Commands Menu

The **Commands** menu provides several menus (as shown in the following figure), which allow time series processing commands to be inserted into the **Commands** list.



Menu_Commands

Commands Menu

Time series commands are organized into the following categories:

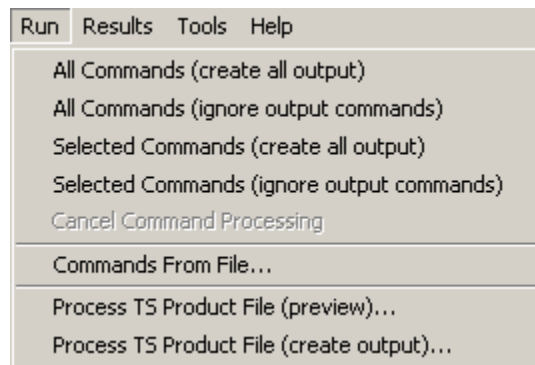
1. **Create Time Series** - create one or more new time series in memory
2. **Convert TS Identifier to Read Command** – convert a time series identifier in the **Commands** list area to a read command
3. **Read Time Series** – read time series from a file or database
4. **Fill Time Series Missing Data** - fill missing data
5. **Set Time Series Contents** – set time series data or properties
6. **Manipulate Time Series** - manipulate data by transforming the contents of the time series (e.g., scale a time series' data values)
7. **Analyze Time Series** – perform analysis on time series, without modifying the time series

8. **Models** – advanced or specific models that operate on time series data
9. **Output Time Series** – write time series results to a file or produce graphical products
10. **HydroBase** – commands specific to the HydroBase database
11. **Ensemble Processing** – commands that are specific to ensemble processing
12. **Table Processing** – commands that are specific to table processing
13. **General – Comments** – insert comments
14. **General – File Handling** – commands to manipulate files (e.g., remove)
15. **General – Logging** – commands for logging (e.g., open a log file, set message levels)
16. **General – Running** – commands to control running external programs
17. **General – Test Processing** – commands to process tests, to validate software and procedures

Chapter 4 – Commands discusses commands in more detail and the **Command Reference** at the back of this documentation provides a reference for each command.

3.8 Run Menu – Run Commands

The **Run** menu processes the **Commands** list to generate the **Time Series Results** for output.



Menu_Run

Run Menu

The **Run...All Commands (create all output)** menu will process all the commands in the **Commands** list and create output if appropriate. For example, the `writeStateMod()` command will write the time series that are in memory to a StateMod file.

The **Run...All Commands (ignore output commands)** menu will process the commands in the **Commands** list, ignoring commands that generate output products. With this option, you can process a command file prepared for batch mode, but only have the time series available for viewing in the GUI rather than generating the output files. For example, `writeStateMod()` commands will not be processed. This increases performance and minimizes creation of files.

The **Run...Selected Commands** menu items are similar to the above, except that only selected commands are run.

The **Run...Cancel Command Processing** menu items will be enabled if command processing is active, and allows the processing to be cancelled. Processing may continue until the current command finishes.

The **Run...Commands From File** choice will run a command file but not generate any time series for viewing in the GUI. This is equivalent to running in batch mode but initiating the run from the TSTool GUI.

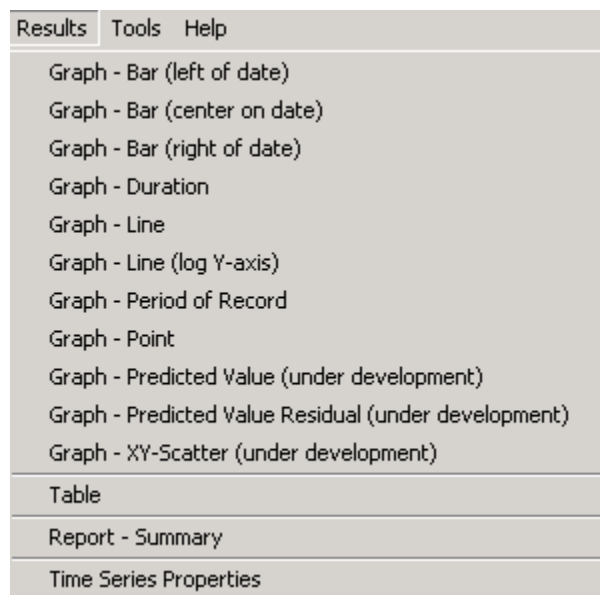
Menu items similar to the above are also available in a popup menu by right clicking on the **Commands** list.

3.8.1 Process TSProduct

The **Run...Process TS Product File** menu items can be used to create time series products by processing time series product definition files. The **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** describes the format of these files. Time series product definition files can be saved from graph views using **Save As...Time Series Product**. The `ProcessTSProduct()` command provides equivalent functionality.

3.9 Results Menu – Display Time Series

The **Results** menu displays time series that are listed in the **Time Series Results** list. The time series can be viewed multiple times, using the same time series results.



Menu_Results

Results Menu

Graphing time series results in slightly different viewing options being available, depending on the type of graph. In many cases, you will be able to see three views of time series, consisting of a graph, summary, and table. Additionally, you can select the graph properties and choose the colors and symbols to be used for each time series. The **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** describes in detail the graphing tools.

Most of the main **Results** menu choices are available in a popup menu that is displayed when right-clicking on the **Time Series Results** list.

3.9.1 Graph - Bar

Bar graphs are generated by selecting time series from the **Time Series Results** list and pressing **Results...Graph - Bar** menus. See the **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** for information about bar graphs. The position of the bars relative to the date/time position depends on whether data are instantaneous, mean, or accumulated.

3.9.2 Graph - Duration

Duration graphs are generated by selecting time series in the **Time Series Results** list and selecting the **Results...Graph - Duration** menu. See the **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** for information about duration graphs.

3.9.3 Graph - Line

A line graph is generated by selecting time series in the **Time Series Results** list and then selecting the **Results...Graph - Line** menu. See the **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** for information about line graphs.

3.9.4 Graph - Line (log Y-axis)

Log Y-axis line graphs are generated by selecting time series in the **Time Series Results** list and then selecting the **Results...Graph - Line (log Y-axis)** menu. See the **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** for information about log Y-axis line graphs.

3.9.5 Graph - Period of Record

The period of record graph is useful to display the availability of data over a period. Horizontal lines are drawn for each time series, with breaks in the line indicating missing data. An alternative to this graph type is to use the **Tools...Data Coverage by Year** report (see **Chapter 5 – Tools**). See the **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** for information about period of record graphs.

3.9.6 Graph – Point

Point graphs are useful for data that are collected infrequently. For example, the interval of the data may be daily; however, values may only be available once per month, on various days of the months. See the **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** for information about point graphs.

3.9.7 Graph – Predicted Value

The predicted value graph requires as input two time series. First, a regression analysis is performed, similar to the analysis done for the XY-Scatter plot. The original two time series are then plotted, additionally with the time series that would be generated using the regression results. The predicted time series and the original time series will be the same where their periods overlap, with only the predicted time series shown outside of that period.

3.9.8 Graph – Predicted Value Residual

The predicted value residual graph performs the same analysis as the predicted value graph. Where the original and predicted time series overlap, the difference is computed and plotted as a time series. The resulting bar graph therefore shows the relative goodness of fit of the estimated time series.

3.9.9 Graph - XY-Scatter

An XY-scatter graph is generated by selecting two or more time series from the **Time Series Results** list and then selecting the **Results...Graph - XY-Scatter** menu. See the **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** for information about XY-Scatter graphs.

3.9.10 Table

A table display is generated by selecting one or more time series from the **Time Series Results** list and then selecting the **Results...Table** menu. See the **TSTool Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** for information about table displays.

3.9.11 Report - Summary

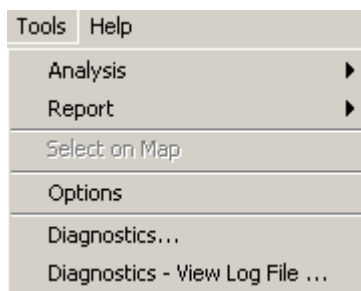
A summary report for time series can be generated by selecting time series in the **Time Series Results** list and then selecting the **Results...Report - Summary** menu. See the **TSTool Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** for information about summary displays.

3.9.12 Time Series Properties

Time series properties include all the information other than the data values. For example, properties include the period of record, data units, processing history, etc

3.10 Tools Menu

The **Tools** menu lists tools that perform additional analysis on time series that are selected in the **Time Series Results** list. These features are similar to the **Results** features in that a level of additional analysis is performed to produce the data product.



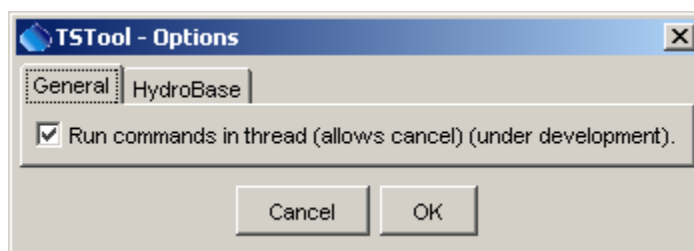
Menu_Tools

Tools Menu

Analysis tools are described in more detail in **Chapter 5 – Tools**. The following sections describe the **Tools...Options** and **Tools...Diagnostics** features.

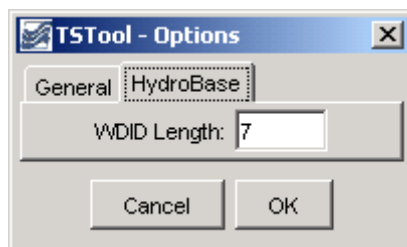
3.10.1 Options

The **Tools...Options** menu displays program options. The **General** tab configures whether processing is run in a thread (the default), meaning that the GUI will be responsive while processing occurs. Running without threading should only be used at the suggestion of support when troubleshooting.



Menu_Tools_Options_General

The **HydroBase** tab can be used to specify the total length of water district identifiers (WDIDs), for use with the HydroBase input type.



Tools_Options_HydroBase

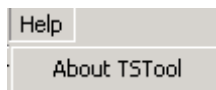
The WDIDs are used as the location part of the time series identifier. A water district identifier is comprised of a two-digit zero-padded water district (e.g., 01, 20) and a zero-padded identifier for structures within the water district. For example, ditch headgates are typically numbered 500 or greater, within each water district. For modeling purposes, the WDIDs are typically treated as character strings. To allow for distinct and unambiguous identifiers, WDIDs are typically padded with zeros to have consistent overall lengths. In the past, six characters were used for identifiers in model data sets. However, this length is insufficient to handle identifiers in some water districts and therefore the default in TSTool is seven characters. This menu item can be used to set the length if TSTool is being used to create time series and the default length is not compatible with the needed output. The WDID length is enforced when time series are listed. If necessary, the time series identifiers can be edited manually to add or remove padding zeros.

3.10.1 Diagnostics

The **Tools...Diagnostics** menu displays the diagnostics interface, which is used to set message levels and view messages as TSTool processes data. **The Tools...Diagnostics – View Log File** menu displays the log file viewer. These tools are useful for troubleshooting problems. Refer to **Chapter 5 Tools** for more information.

3.11 Help Menu

The help menu displays the version of TSTool.



Help Menu

Menu_Help

The **Help...About TSTool** menu displays the program version number, for use in troubleshooting and support.