
3 Getting Started

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This chapter provides an overview of the TSTool graphical user interface (GUI). The TSTool GUI has three main functions:

1. **Browse and view time series data.** In this capacity, a graph or summary can be created and then TSTool can be closed.
2. **Automate time series processing.** For example, format lists of time series for use with simulation models or other software. In this capacity, time series that are read and displayed can be incorporated into a command file, which can be run to generate time series files.
3. **Process time series products.** For example, create graphs for use on web sites or to facilitate review data or modeling results. In this capacity TSTool is used to generate data products in a streamlined fashion.

The remainder of this chapter provides an overview of the graphical user interface, in the general order of the main features and menus on the menu bar (left to right, top to bottom). The features necessary to accomplish the above tasks are described at an introductory level. See other chapters for more detailed information. See also the training materials that are available under the *doc\Training* folder of the software installation.

3.1 Starting TSTool

When using the State of Colorado's CDSS configuration for TSTool, the software can be started on Windows using **Start / All Programs / CDSS / TSTool-Version** (or **Start / Programs / CDSS / TSTool-Version**). The menus vary slightly depending on the operating system.

TSTool also has been implemented for Linux and Mac OS X, in which the `tstool` script can be run to start the software.

To process a command file in batch mode without showing the user interface, use a command line similar to the following:

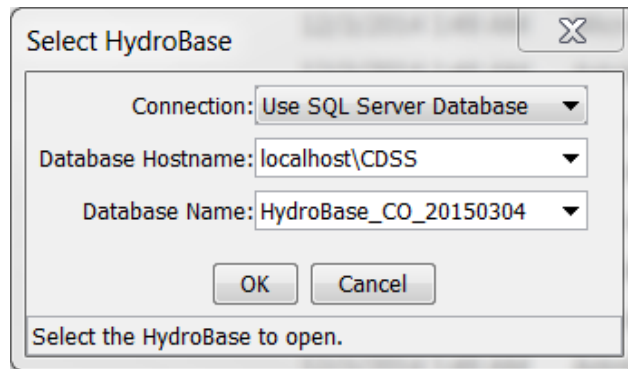
```
tstool -commands commands.TSTool
```

It is customary to name command files with a *.TSTool* file extension. It may be necessary to specify a full (absolute) path to the command file when running in batch mode in order for TSTool to fully understand the working directory. See the **Running TSTool in Various Modes** appendix for more information about running in batch and other modes.

3.2 Database Selection and User Authentication

Some data systems require authentication before a connection to the data can be established. A database selection also may be required. If database selection or authentication is required, TSTool may display a dialog at startup asking for information. **This convention is being phased out in favor of database datastores that are configured prior to runtime.**

For example, if the HydroBase input type is enabled (see the **HydroBase Input Type Appendix**), the HydroBase login dialog will be shown when TSTool starts in interactive mode. The dialog is used to select a server and database for the State of Colorado's HydroBase database. A HydroBase database can also be selected from the **File / Open / HydroBase...** menu. The following example illustrates using HydroBase on a local computer.



Select HydroBase Database Dialog

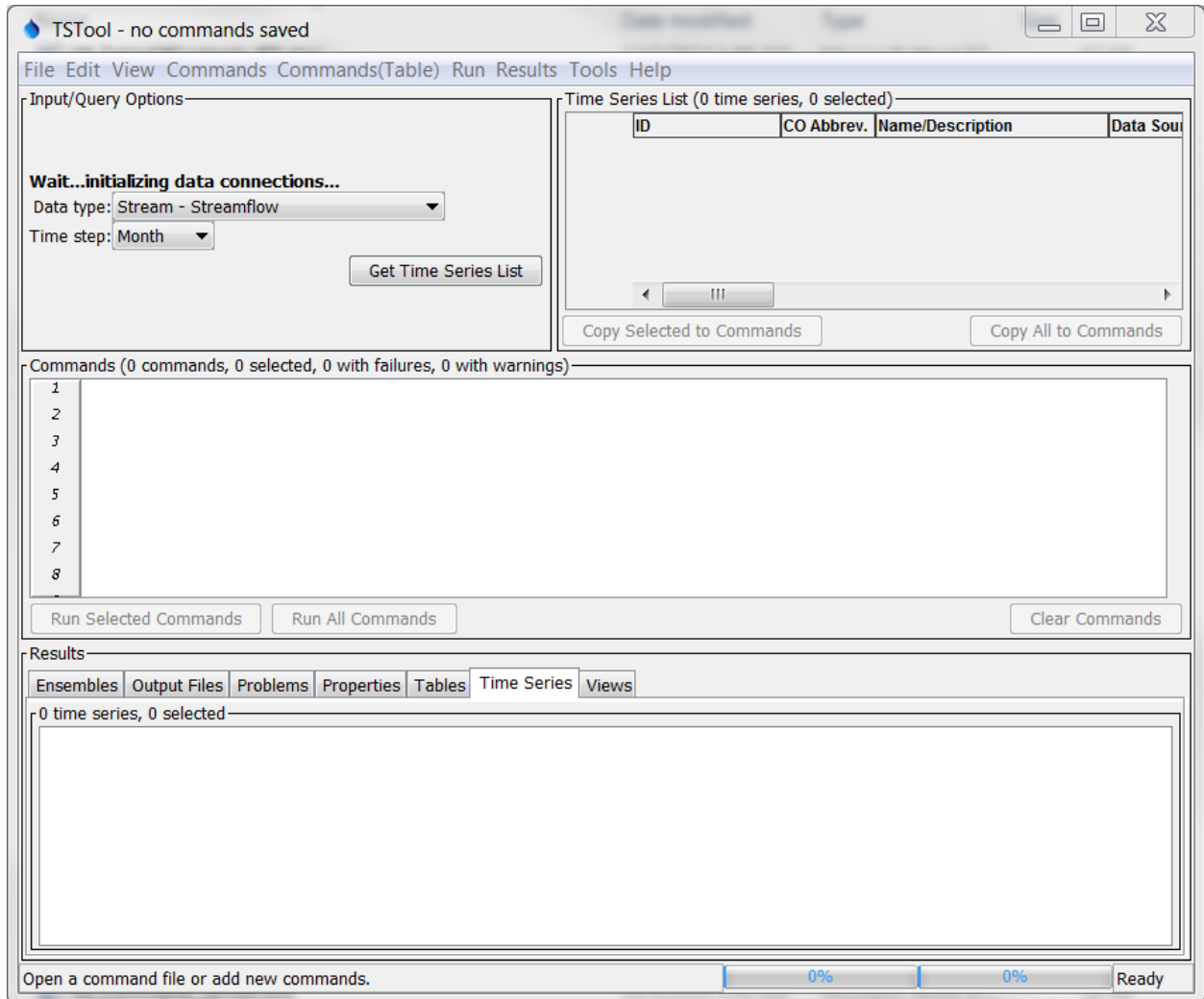
Menu_Open_HydroBase

HydroBase features will be disabled if the HydroBase login is canceled.

Database connections typically are configured using configuration files so that the dialog confirmation can be avoided. See the **Installation and Configuration** appendix and information in the data store appendices. The **Tools / Options** menu allows input types to be enabled and disabled.

3.3 Main Interface

The following figure illustrates the main TSTool interface immediately after startup. A message is displayed in the upper left letting the user know that data connections are still being initialized for configured datastores. Trying to use commands that depend on data connections that have not been initialized will result in errors.



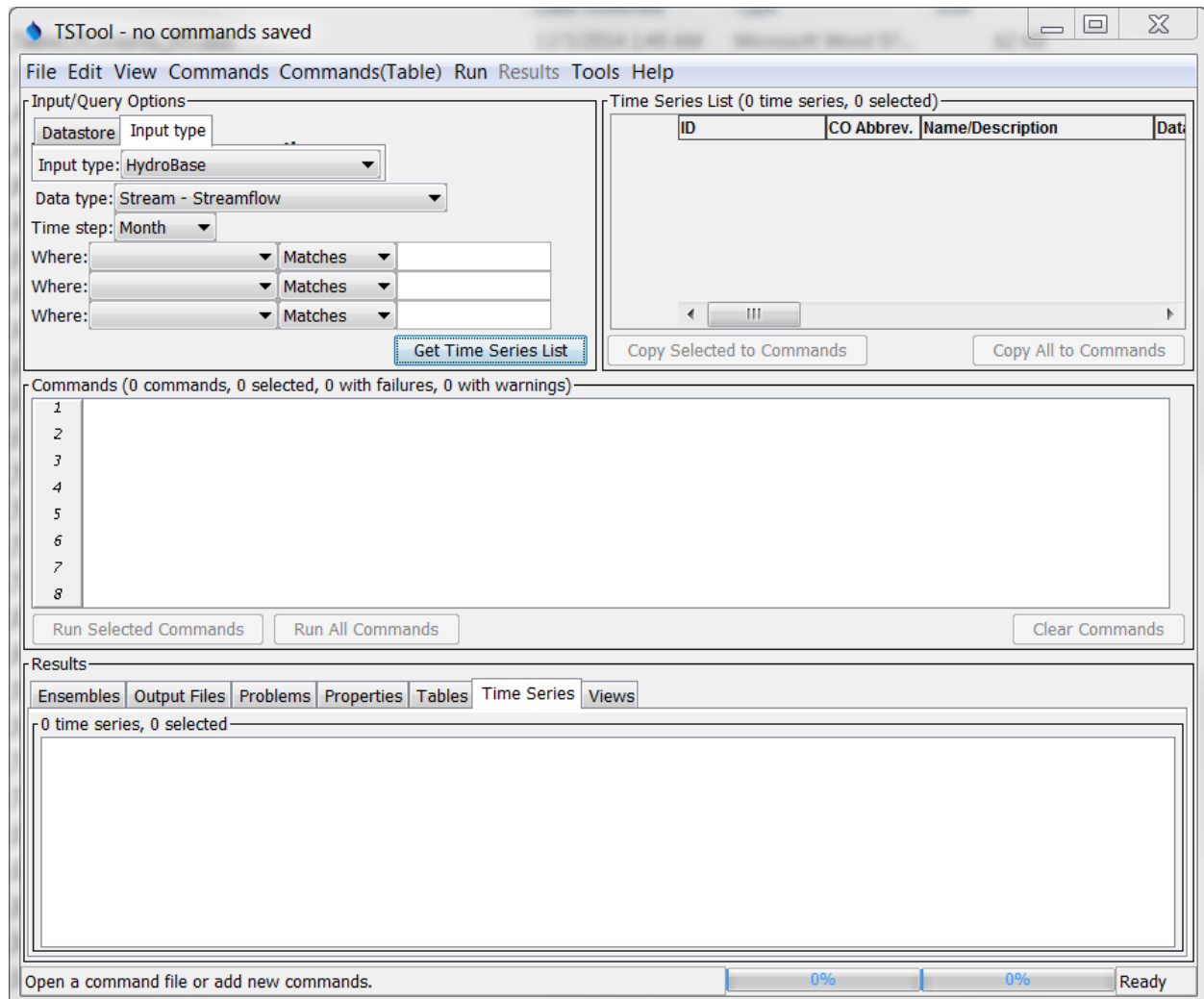
GUI_MainWait

TSTool At Startup, Waiting for Data Connections to be Initialized

The following figure illustrates the main TSTool interface after data connections are initialized. The interface is divided into three main areas:

- **Input/Query Options** (top left) and **Time Series List** area (top right)
- **Commands** (middle)
- **Results** (bottom)

Status and progress information is displayed at the bottom of the main window and also in the borders around main panels (e.g., to show how many items are in a list and how many are selected).



GUI_MainBlank

Initial TSTool Interface

3.3.1 Input/Query Options and Time Series List Area

The upper part of the main window contains the **Input/Query Options** and **Time Series List** area. The **Input/Query Options** choices help select time series information from datastores (databases and web services) and input types (typically files and some databases). The interactive query interface is useful when selecting a time series from a file, database, or web service (internet). An alternative to the following interactive approach is to use read commands from the **Commands** menu (see the **Commands** chapter). To select time series, perform the following steps:

1. **Select the source of the data.** Select a **Datastore** or **Input type**.
 - A data store is a repository that generally contains multiple time series (e.g., a database, web service, or file). The details about the datastore are included in a simple configuration file (see datastore appendices).
 - Input types define the storage format (e.g., database or file) for time series data, and may require an input name. Selecting some input types may prompt for a file, which is then listed in the **Input name** choices immediately below **Input type**.

The datastore design is being phased in because it provides more flexibility in defining data connections. In the future, all database connections will be transferred to datastores and remaining input types may be referred to as “file datastores”, which will use a filename.

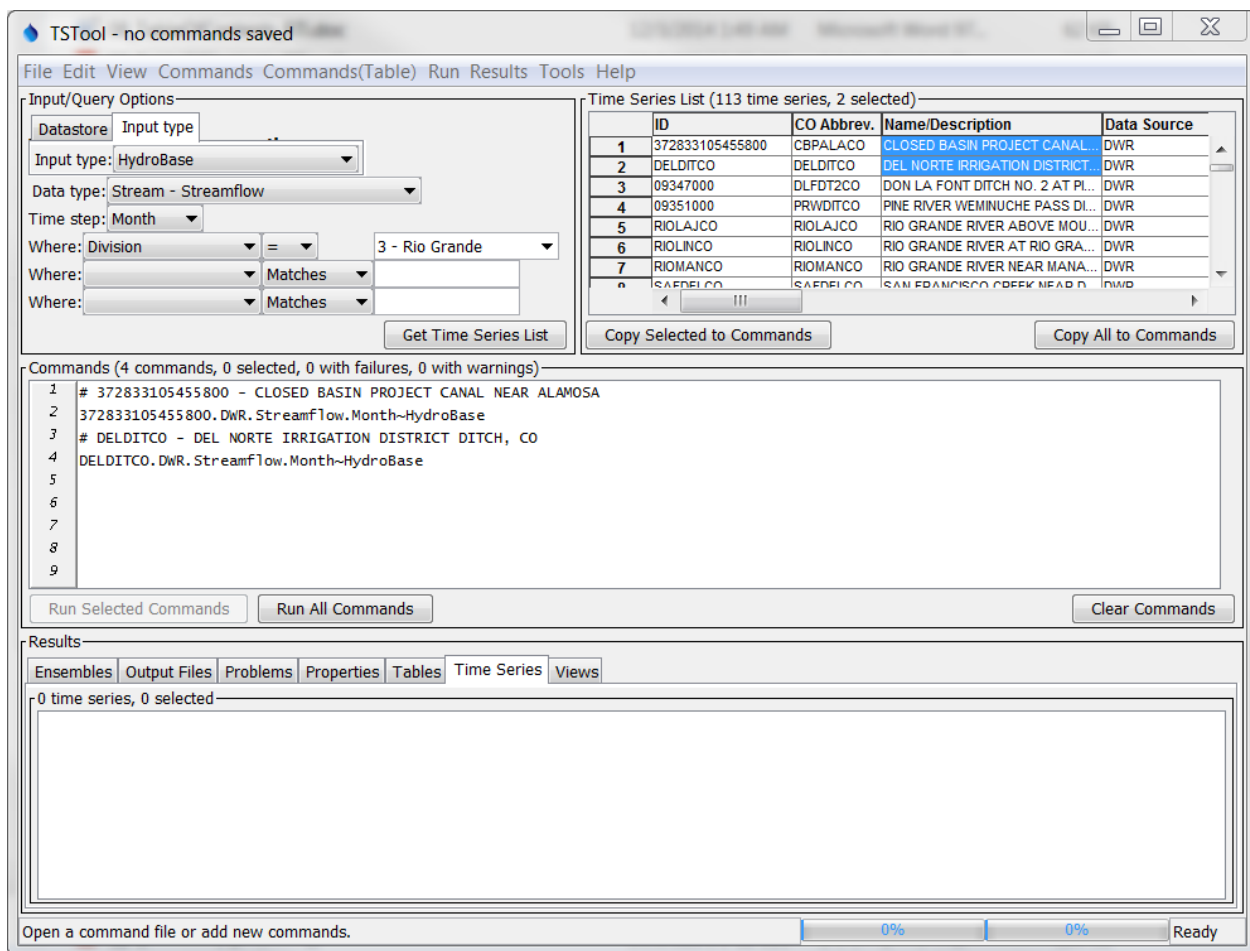
The DateValue input type is the default. More specific input types (e.g., HydroBase) may be the default if enabled. See the appropriate data store or input type appendix for more information.

Depending on the input type, some of the remaining selection choices described below may be disabled or limited.

2. **Select the time series data type.** Select the **Data type** (if appropriate for the input type). For example, select **Streamflow** or **Diversions** if using a HydroBase input type. For some input types, the data type will be listed as **Auto**, indicating that the data type automatically will be determined from the data.
3. **Select the time series time step (interval).** Select the **Time step** (if appropriate for the input type). The time step, also referred to as the data interval, generally will be limited by the input type. For example, if reading from the HydroBase database, the Streamflow data type will result in Day, Month, and Irregular (real-time) time steps being listed. The time step will be shown as **Auto** for input types where the time step is determined as data are read.
4. **Specify filter criteria for the time series list.** Specify the **Where** and **Is** clause(s) for the query (if appropriate for the input type). This information will limit the number of time series that are returned. The filters are highly dependent on the original data.
5. **Generate the time series list.** Press the **Get Time Series List** button in the **Input/Query Options** area, and TSTool will display a list of matching time series in the **Time Series List**. If the input type is a file, you may first be prompted to select the file containing the time series. The **Time Series List** shows a list of matching time series, typically including location and time series properties. As much as possible, the column headings are consistent between different input types. The results are typically sorted by name or identifier if from a database, or if read from a file are listed according to the order in the file. Right-click on the column headings and select **Sort Ascending** to sort by that column. The sorts are alphabetical so some numeric fields may not sort as expected due to spaces, etc.

6. **Copy time series identifiers to the command list.** TSTool requires that time series identifiers (TSIDs) be created in the **Commands** list area in order to read the time series data values. To create TSIDs from the **Time Series List**, selecting one or more rows in the **Time Series List** (note that the first column will not allow selections) and then press the **Copy Selected to Commands** button. Or, if appropriate, press the **Copy All to Commands** button.
7. **Read and display time series.** The **Commands** and **Results** areas are discussed below. To process time series having different data types or time steps, make multiple queries using the **Input/Query Options** and **Time Series List** areas and select from the lists as necessary, accumulating time series identifiers in the **Commands** list.

After selecting time series and copying to the **Commands** area, the main interface will appear similar to the following figure. As TSIDs are inserted, TSTool will attempt to read the time series properties to ensure that the TSID is correct, and an indicator will be shown for time series that could not be retrieved. This may result in a slight pause but helps ensure that commands are functional.



GUI_MainWithCommands

TSTool after Pressing *Get Time Series List* and selecting from *Time Series List*

3.3.2 Command List and Command Error Indicators

The **Commands** list occupies the middle of the main interface and contains:

- time series identifiers corresponding to time series selected from the **Time Series List**
- commands inserted using the **Commands** menu (see **Chapter 4 – Commands**).

Time series identifiers are added to the **Commands** list by selecting items in the **Time Series List** and copying the identifiers to the **Commands** list, as discussed above. An alternative to using the **Time Series List** to select time series is to use specific read commands from the **Commands** menu (e.g., use a `ReadDateValue()` command). Using read commands is useful when more control is needed during the data read or when processing more than one time series with one command.

The **Commands** and other TSTool GUI lists behave according to standard conventions for the operating system. For example, on Windows:

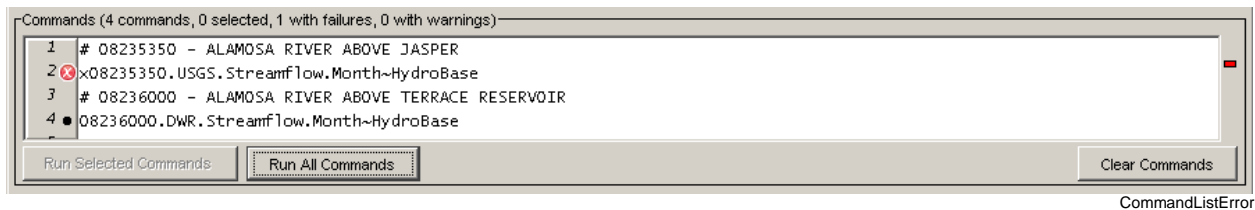
- **Single-click** to select one item.
- **Ctrl-click** to additionally select an item.
- **Shift-click** to select everything between the previous selection and the current selection.

Behavior on operating systems other than Windows may vary. Right-clicking over the **Commands** list displays a pop-up menu with useful command manipulation choices, some of which are further described in following sections. A summary of the pop-up menu choices is as follows:

Menu Choice	Description
Show Command Status Success/Warning/Failure	Displays the status of a command for each phase of command processing (more discussion below after table).
Edit	Edit the selected command using custom edit dialogs, which provide error checks and format commands. Double-clicking on a command also results in editing the command.
Cut	Cut the selected commands for pasting.
Copy	Copy the selected commands for pasting.
Paste (After Selected)	Paste commands that have been cut/copied, pasted after the selected row.
Delete Command(s)	Delete the selected commands (currently same as Cut).
Find Commands(s)	Find commands in the command list. This displays a dialog. Use the right-click in the found items to go to or select found items.
Select All Commands	Select all the commands.
Deselect All Commands	Deselect all the commands. This is useful because only selected commands are processed (or all if none are selected). It is therefore important not to unknowingly have one or a few commands selected during processing.
Convert Selected Commands to # Comments	Convert selected commands to # comments.
Convert Selected Commands from # Comments	Convert # comments to commands.

Menu Choice	Description
Convert TSID command to general ReadTimeSeries() command	Convert the selected TSID command to a <code>ReadTimeSeries()</code> command. This general command allows an alias to be assigned to the time series.
Convert TSID command to specific Read...() command	Convert the selected TSID command to a specific <code>Read...()</code> command. The TSID is examined to determine a suitable read command. Specific read commands may provide parameters to control reading the time series, and may also allow multiple time series to be read.
Run All Commands (create all output)	Run all commands and create output (e.g., graphs and files).
Run All Commands (ignore output commands)	Run all commands but skip any output commands. This is useful if a batch command file has been read and time series are to be listed in the GUI but output products are not to be generated automatically.
Run Selected Commands (create all output)	Run selected commands and create output (e.g., graphs and files).
Run Selected Commands (ignore output commands)	Run selected commands but skip any output commands. This is useful if a batch command file has been read and time series are to be listed in the GUI but output products are not to be generated automatically.

Commands are numbered to simplify editing. The command list also includes left and right gutters to display graphics that help with error handling. The following figure illustrates a command with an error (the first time series identifier has been edited to include an x, resulting in an invalid identifier).



Command List Illustrating Error

CommandListError

The following error handling features are available:

- The graphic in the left gutter indicates the severity of a problem (see below for full explanation).
- The colored indicator on the right indicates the severity of a problem by its color and, when clicked on, positions the visible list of commands to display the command corresponding to the problem.
- Commands have three phases: 1) initialization, 2) discovery, 3) run. Initialization occurs when reading a command file or adding a new command. The discovery phase is executed only for commands that generate time series for other commands and provides other commands with identifiers used in command editing. The run phase generates full output.
- Positioning the mouse over a graphic in the left or right gutter will show a popup message with the problem information. The popup is only visible for a few seconds so use the right-click popup menu **Show Command Status (Success/Warning/Failure)** for a dialog that does not automatically disappear.
- Clicking on the left gutter will hide and un-hide the gutter.

The meaning of the error handling symbols is described in the following table. The symbol for the most severe error will be displayed next to each command.

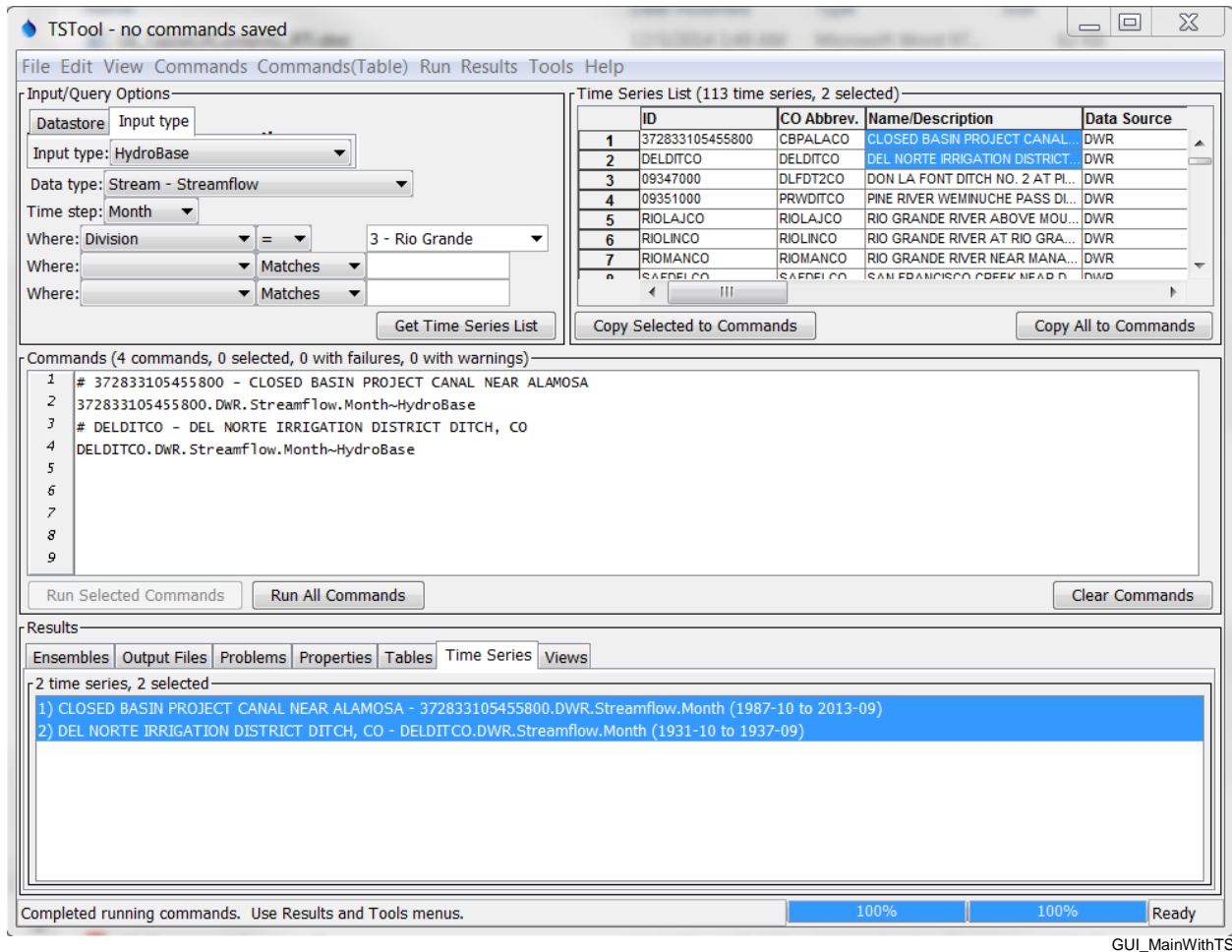
Command List Graphics for Problems

Problem Graphic	Description
No graphic	Command is successful (a warning or failure has not been detected).
●	The status is unknown, typically because the command has just been inserted.
⚠	The command has a problem that has been classified as non-fatal. For example, an input file has not been found. In general, commands with warnings need to be fixed unless work is preliminary.
✖	The command has failed, meaning that output is likely incomplete. A problem summary and recommendation to fix the problem are available in the status information. Commands with failures generally need to be fixed. Software support should be contacted if the fix is not evident.

It is possible that a problem indicator will be shown during command editing and will be cleared when commands are run. For example, a command may depend on a file that is created by a previous command. It is important that errors displayed after running commands are resolved.

3.3.3 Time Series Results

The commands in the **Commands** list are processed by pressing the **Run Selected Commands** or **Run All Commands** buttons below the commands list area (or by using the **Run** menu). The time series and other output that result from processing are listed in the bottom of the main interface, as shown in the following figure:



TSTool after Running Commands

The time series listed in the **Time Series Results** list can then viewed using the **Results** menu, analyzed further using the **Tools** menu, and output using the **File / Save** menus. Only the selected time series will be output (or all if none are selected).

The following results may be available, depending on commands that were run:

- **Ensembles** – groups of time series with an ensemble identifier. Individual time series that are associated with an ensemble also are shown in the **Time Series** tab. Right-click on item to access viewing and analysis options.
- **Output Files** – files that are created during processing. Single click on a file to view.
- **Problems** – a full listing of warning and failure messages from all commands.
- **Tables** – column-oriented tables created during processing. Right-click on a table in the list to view the table.
- **Time Series** – time series created during processing. Right-click on one or more time series to view the time series.
- **Views** – alternate views of time series, other than the list of time series that is ordered based on command output.

Two progress bars at the bottom of the main window are updated during processing. The left progress bar indicates the overall progress in processing the commands (100% means that all commands have been

processed). The right progress bar is used with commands that provide incremental progress during processing, a feature that will be phased in over time for commands that take longer to run. For example, if a single command processes many time series, this progress bar can be used to indicate progress in the command.

Right-clicking over the **Time Series Results** list displays a pop-up menu with useful time series viewing choices, including a choice to view the time series properties. The right-click menu choices are summarized below:

Time Series Results List Popup Menu Choices

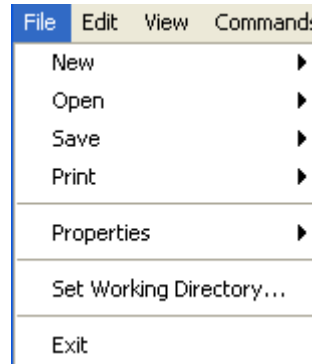
Menu Choice	Description
Graph – Area	Display a graph where the area below time series is filled in.
Graph – Area (stacked)	Display a graph where the area below time series is filled in, with the time series values being cumulative.
Graph – Bar (left of date)	Display bar graph for selected time series, drawing bars to the left of the date.
Graph – Bar (center on date)	Display bar graph for selected time series, drawing bars centered on the date.
Graph – Bar (right of date)	Display bar graph for selected time series, drawing bars to the right of the date.
Graph – Duration	Display a duration graph for the selected time series.
Graph – Line	Display a line graph for selected time series.
Graph – Line (log Y-axis)	Display a line graph for the selected time series, using a log10 y-axis.
Graph – Period of Record	Display a period of record graph for the selected time series.
Graph – Point	Display a graph using symbols but no connecting lines.
Graph – Predicted Value	Display a graph of data and the predicted values from regression.
Graph – Predicted Value Residual	Display a graph of data minus the predicted values from regression.
Graph – XY-Scatter	Display an XY-scatter plot for the selected time series.
Table	Display a scrollable table for the selected time series.
Report – Summary (HTML)	Display an HTML summary for selected time series using the default web browser.
Report – Summary (Text)	Display a text summary for selected time series.
Find Time Series...	Find time series in the time series list. This displays a dialog. Use the right-click in the found items to go to or select found items.
Select All for Output	Select all time series for output.
Deselect All	Deselect all time series for output.
Time Series Properties	Display the time series properties dialog (see the TSView Time Series Viewing Tools appendix for a complete description of the properties interface).

The **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools** appendix provides additional information about time series products.

The remainder of this chapter summarizes the TSTool menus.

3.4 File Menu - Main Input and Output Control

The **File** menu provides standard input and output features as described below. Some menus are visible only when certain input types are enabled or when time series have been processed.



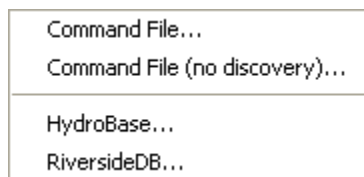
Menu_File

File Menu

3.4.1 File / New – Open Command File or Databases

The **File / New / Command File** menu item clears the current commands so that a new command file can be started. A new command file name will be requested when the commands are saved.

3.4.2 File / Open – Open Command File or Databases



Menu_File_Open

File / Open Menu

The **File / Open / Command File** menu item displays a dialog to select an existing command file. The menu may also show a list of previously opened command files and options specific to a database. For example, some databases allow interactive logins. After a file is selected, the file contents replace the contents of the **Commands** list. A prompt is displayed if commands already exist in the **Commands** list and have been modified. Opening a command file causes the working directory (folder) to be set to the folder from which the command file was read. All other files specified with a relative path will be found relative to the command file. The **File / Open / Command File (no discovery)** menu item can be selected to load a command file without running discovery mode, which may be appropriate when loading large command files such as generated by expanding a template. Discovery mode is needed when editing commands because it provides lists of time series and other data to command editors.

TSTool automatically will attempt to update older command files to new syntax if a command has changed. If a change occurs, the command file will be marked as modified and will need to be saved to reflect the changes. If an error occurs updating a command, it will be marked with an error and a comment will be inserted with the original command indicating that an automated update could not occur. Unrecognized commands are marked with an error and will generate errors if run.

If appropriate for the TSTool configuration, other menu items will be displayed to allow opening databases. It is recommended that database connections be configured to automatically open; however, the menus are useful for development and troubleshooting.

3.4.3 File / Save – Save Command File, and Time Series



Menu_File_Save

File / Save Menu

The **File / Save / Commands** and **File / Save / Commands As** menu items save the contents of the **Commands** list to a file. The name of the current command file is shown in the TSTool title bar and can be referred to when deciding a new command file name. All commands are saved, even if only a subset is selected. Saving a command file causes the working directory to be set to the folder where the command file was written. All other files specified with a relative path will be found relative to the command file.

The **File / Save / Commands As (Version 9 Syntax)...** menu items saves the commands to a version 9 format command file. The primary difference between version 9 and later syntax is that the `TS Alias = Command (...)` syntax was replaced with `Command (Alias=...)` syntax in TSTool version 10.

The **File / Save / Time Series As** menu item displays a file chooser dialog for saving time series in the **Time Series Results** list. See the **Input Type Appendices** for examples of supported file formats. Only the selected time series in the **Time Series Results** list are saved (or all, if none are selected). Not all formats are supported because in most cases the write commands are used to automate processing of time series and provide greater control.

3.4.4 Print Commands

The **File / Print / Commands** menu prints the contents of the **Commands** list. This is useful when editing and troubleshooting commands.

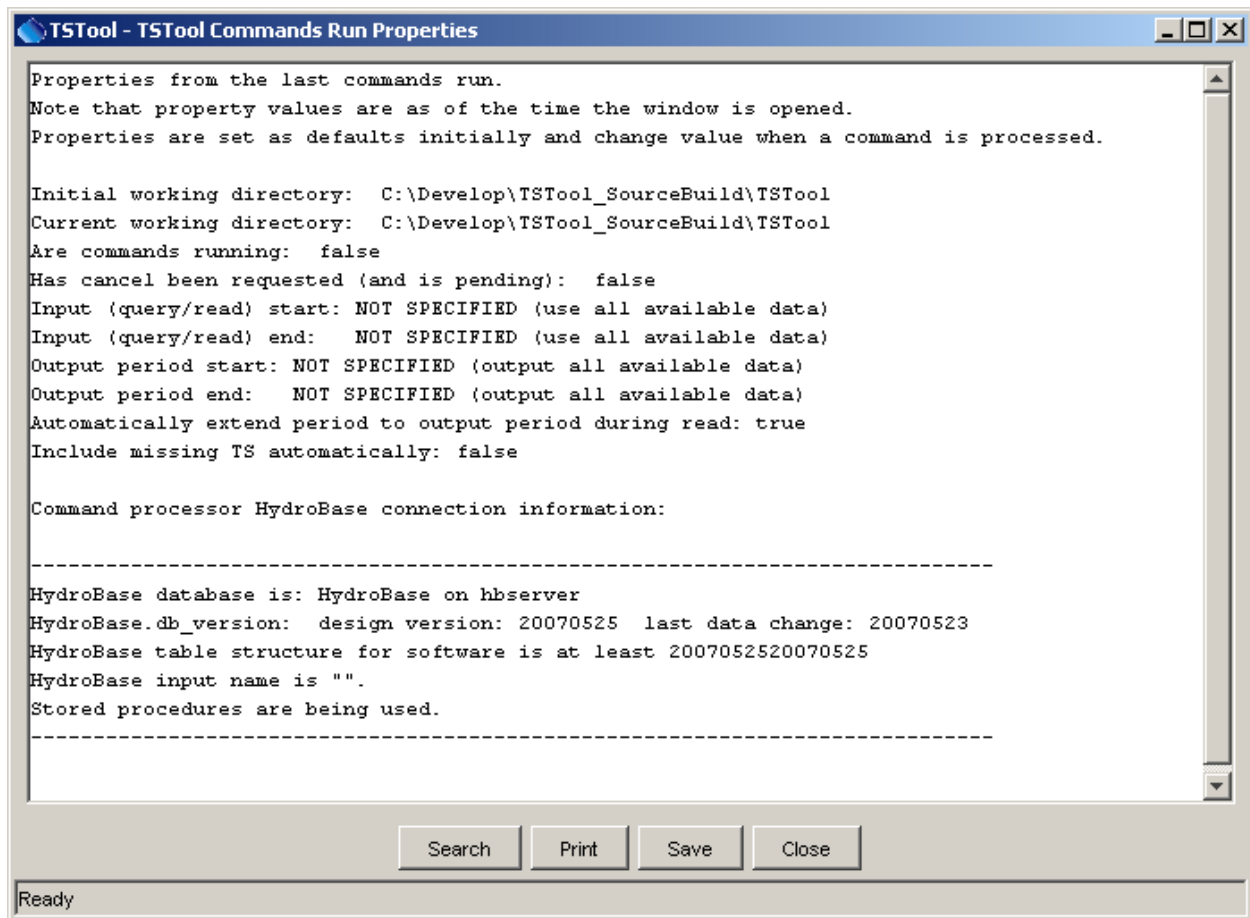
3.4.5 Properties for Commands Run, TSTool Session, and Input Types



Menu_File_Properties

File / Properties Menu

The **File / Properties / Commands Run** menu item displays information from the last time that the commands were run, including global properties that impact results:

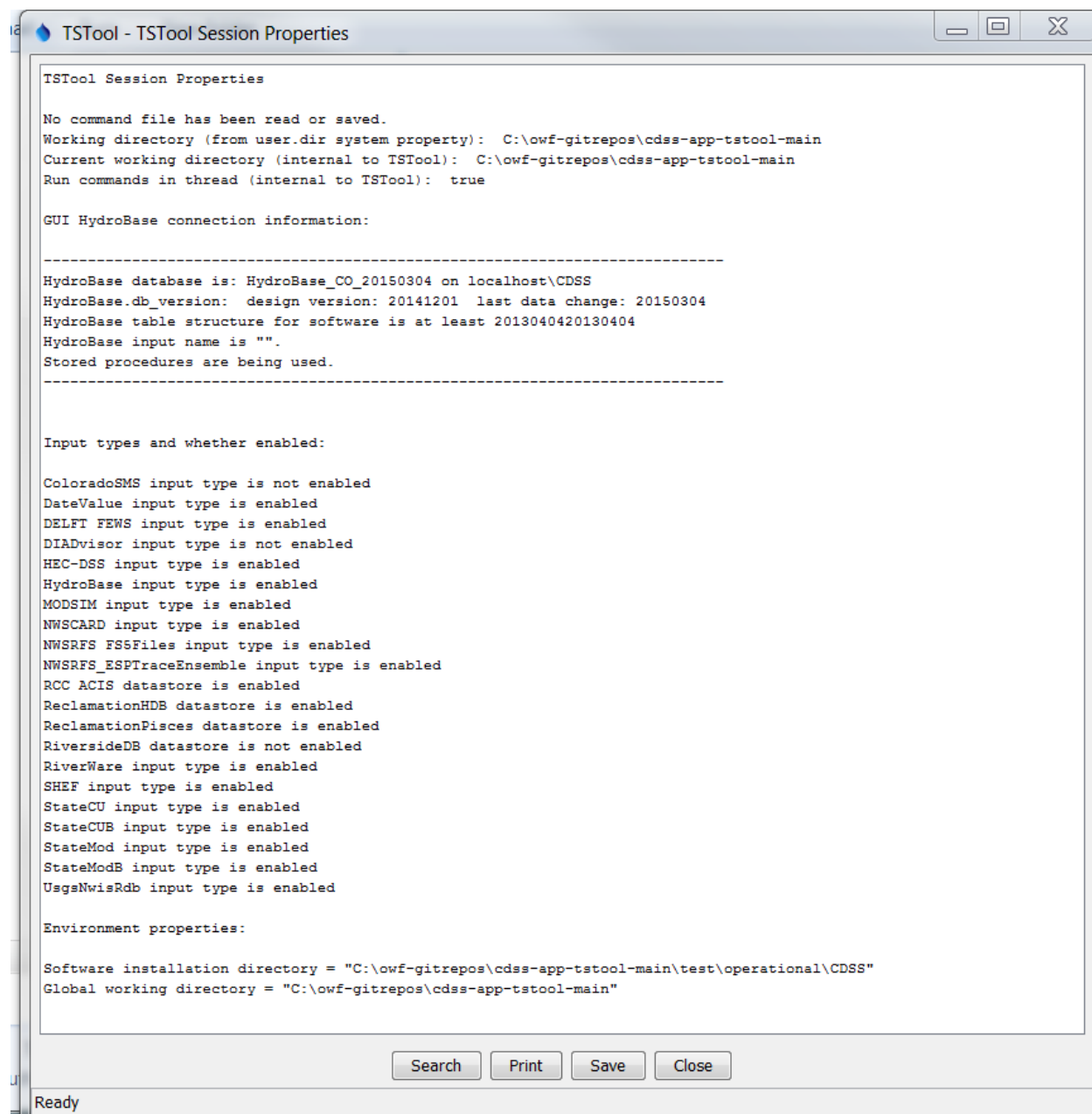


Properties of the Last Commands Run

Menu_File_PropertiesRun

This information is useful for troubleshooting processing.

The **File / Properties / TSTool Session** menu item displays information about the current TSTool session, as follows:

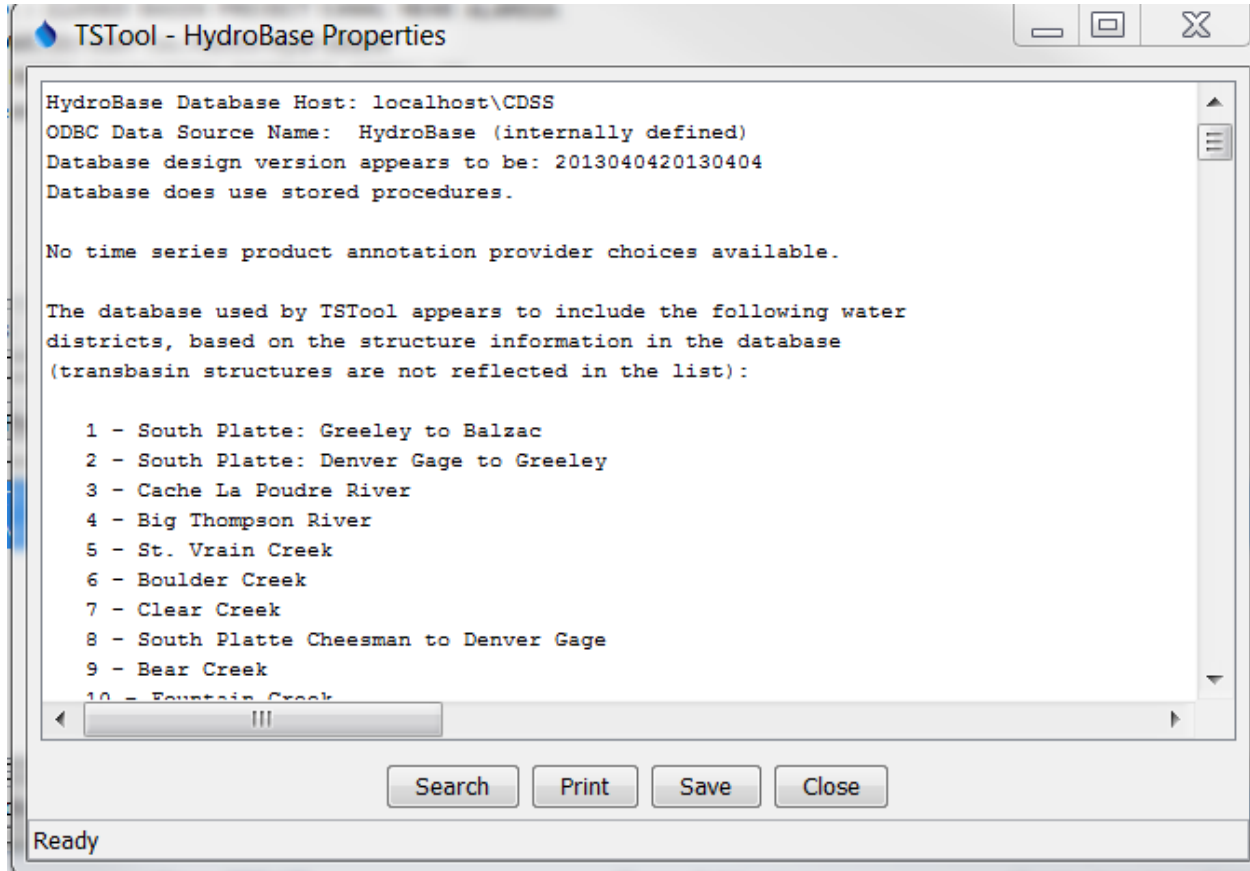


TSTool Session Properties

Menu_File_Properties_TSToolSession

This information is useful for checking the TSTool configuration.

Additional properties displays may be available depending on enabled input types. For example, the **File / Properties / HydroBase** menu item displays HydroBase properties, including the database that is being used, database version, and the water districts that are in the database being queried. The water districts are determined from the structure table in HydroBase. The information that is shown is consistent with that shown by other State of Colorado tools and is useful for troubleshooting.



Menu_File_Properties_HydroBase

HydroBase Properties Dialog

3.4.6 Set Working Directory

The **File / Set Working Directory** menu item displays a file chooser dialog that selects the working directory. The working directory is used by TSTool to local files specified with relative paths. The working directory normally is set in one of the following ways, with the current setting being defined by the most recent selection:

1. The startup directory for the TSTool program,
2. The directory where a command file was opened,
3. The directory where a command file was saved,
4. The directory specified by a `SetWorkingDir()` command (use of this command is discouraged because it hard-codes a system-specific folder in command files),
5. The directory specified by **File / Set Working Directory**.

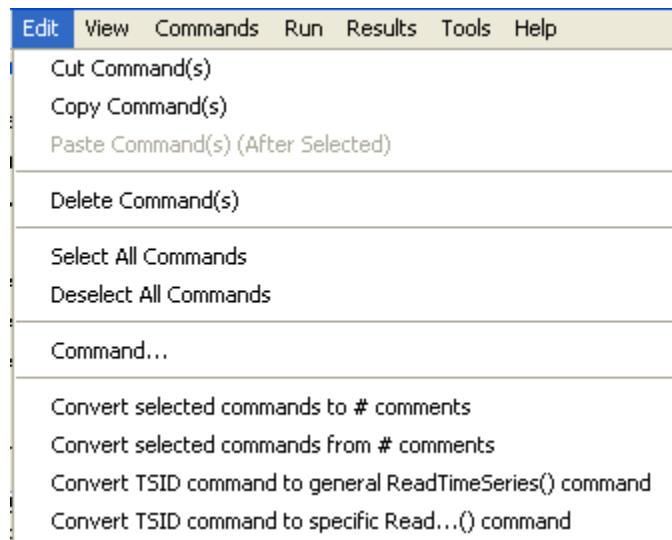
The menu item is provided to allow the working directory to be set before a command file has been saved (or opened).

3.4.7 Exit

The **File / Exit** menu exits TSTool. A confirmation prompt is displayed before exiting. If commands have been modified, they can be saved before exiting. Commands may have been automatically updated by TSTool if an old command file was read.

3.5 Edit Menu – Editing Commands

The **Edit** menu can be used to edit the **Commands** list. Edit options are enabled and disabled depending on the status of the **Commands** list. Specific edit features are described below. Right clicking over the **Commands** list provides a popup menu with choices similar to those described below.



Menu_Edit

Edit Menu

3.5.1 Cut/Copy/Paste/Delete

The **Edit / Cut Command(s)** and **Edit / Copy Command(s)** menu items are enabled if there are items in the **Commands** list. **Currently, these features do not allow interaction with other applications.** **Cut Command(s)** deletes the selected item(s) from the **Commands** list and saves its information in memory. **Copy Command(s)** just saves the information in memory. After **Cut Command(s)** or **Copy Command(s)** are executed, select an item in the **Commands** list and use **Paste Command(s) (After Selected)** (see below).

Paste Command(s) (After Selected) is enabled if one or more commands from the **Commands** list has been cut or copied. To paste the command(s), select commands in the **Commands** list and press **Edit / Paste Command(s) (After Selected)**. The commands will be added after the last selected command. To insert at the front of the list, paste after the first command, and then cut and paste the first command to reverse the order.

The **Delete** choice currently works exactly like the **Cut Command(s)** choice. Additionally, after lines in the **Commands** list have been selected, you can press the **Clear Commands** button below the **Commands** list to cut/delete.

The **Clear Commands** button in the **Commands** area deletes the selected commands or all commands if none are selected. A confirmation prompt is displayed if no commands are selected.

3.5.2 Select All Commands/Deselect All Commands

The **Edit / Select All Commands** and **Edit / Deselect All Commands** menu items are enabled if there are items in the **Commands** list. Use these menus to facilitate editing. Note that when editing commands it is often useful to deselect all commands so that new commands are added at the end of the commands list.

3.5.3 Edit Command

The **Edit / Command** menu can be used to edit an individual command. TSTool will determine the command that is being edited and will display the editor dialog for that command, performing data checks. **Most old commands automatically will be detected and will be converted to new command syntax.** This feature is also accessible by right clicking on the **Commands** list and selecting the **Edit** menu item and by double-clicking on a command.

3.5.4 Convert Selected Commands To/From Comments

The **Edit / Convert selected commands to comments** menu can be used to toggle selected commands in the **Commands** list to comments (lines that begin with #). This is useful when temporarily disabling commands, rather than deleting them.

The **Edit / Convert selected commands from comments** menu can be used to toggle selected commands in the **Commands** list from comments back to active commands. This is useful when re-enabling commands that were temporarily disabled.

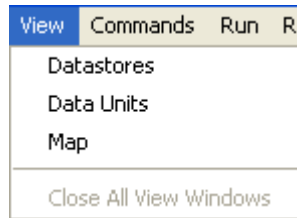
Note that the multi-line `/* */` comment notation can be inserted using the **Commands...General – Comments** menu.

3.5.5 Convert TSID to Read Commands

The **Edit / Convert TSID command to general ReadTimeSeries() command** inserts a new `ReadTimeSeries()` command using the TSID and replaces the original TSID command. The `ReadTimeSeries()` command allows an alias to be specified for the time series.

The **Edit / Convert TSID command to specific Read...() command** inserts a new read command using the TSID and replaces the original TSID command. Specific read commands may not be available for all input types and therefore the `ReadTimeSeries()` command may need to be used. Alternatively, insert a read command using the **Commands** menu choices.

3.6 View Menu – Display Useful Information and Map Interface



Menu_View

View Menu

The **View / Datastores** menu item displays a list of configured data stores, which is useful when troubleshooting whether a data store is properly configured. Note that some data stores are not listed in the main window **Datastore** choices but are available for use by commands.

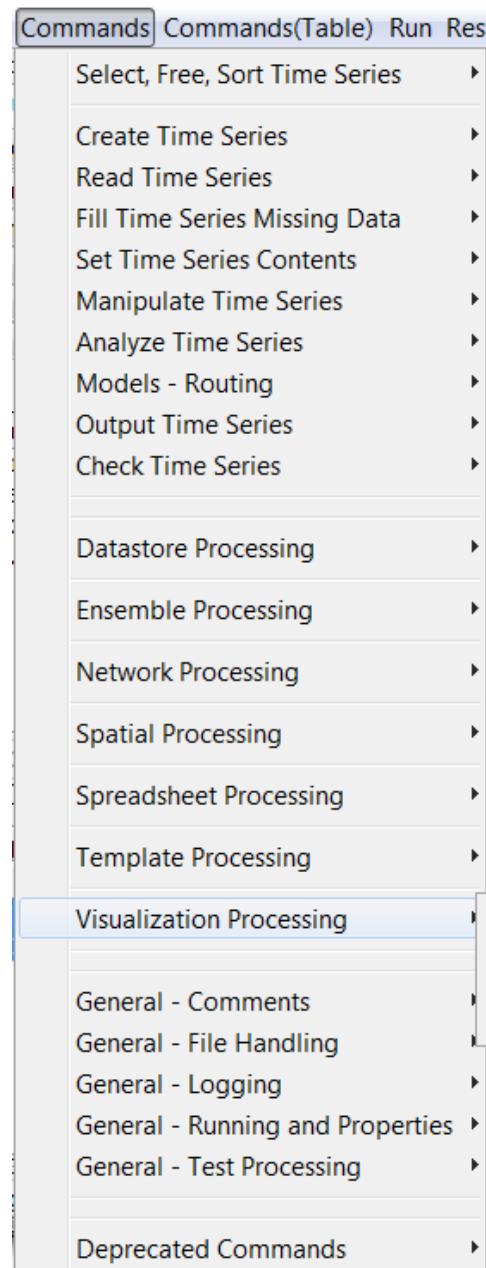
The **View / Data Units** menu item displays a list of configured data units, which are recognized by the `ConvertDataUnits()` command and other TSTool features that enforce data unit consistency. Data units from all data repositories are not automatically understood by TSTool, although additional capabilities may be added in the future.

The **View / Map** menu displays a map interface in a separate window. See the **Using the Map** chapter for more information.

The **View / Close All View Windows** menu closes all visible view windows, including graphs. This is useful if the command file has generated many graphs and the user wishes to close them all at once.

3.7 Commands Menus

The **Commands** menu provides several menus (as shown in the following figure), which insert commands into the **Commands** list.



Menu_Commands

Commands Menu

Time series commands are organized into the following categories:

Select, Free, Sort Time Series – select or deselect time series for processing, free or sort time series

Create Time Series – create one or more new time series

Read Time Series – read time series from a file or database

Fill Time Series Missing Data – fill missing data

Set Time Series Contents – set time series data or properties

Manipulate Time Series – manipulate data (e.g., scale a time series' data values)

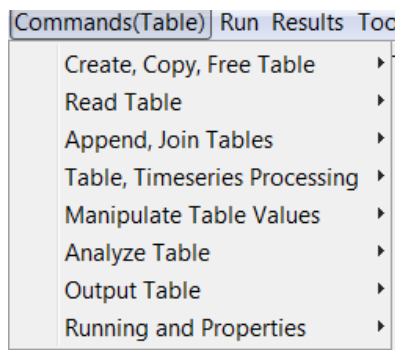
Analyze Time Series – perform analysis on time series (e.g., determine wet/dry/average pattern)

Models – Routing – lag and attenuate time series

Output Time Series – write time series results to a file or produce graphical products

Check Time Series – check time series values and statistics against criteria
Datastore Processing – read data from and write data to datastores, using general functionality
Ensemble Processing – commands that are specific to ensemble processing
Network Processing – commands that process networks of nodes and links
Spatial Processing – commands that process spatial data
Spreadsheet Processing – commands that process spreadsheet files
Template Processing – commands that are specific to template processing
Visualization Processing – commands that are specific to visualization
General – Comments – insert comments
General – File Handling – commands to manipulate files and perform FTP and web retrieval
General – Logging – commands for logging (e.g., open a log file, set message levels)
General – Running and Properties – commands to control processing and run external programs
General – Test Processing – commands to process tests, to validate software and procedures
Deprecated Commands – commands that are planned for removal

The **Commands(Table)** menu provides commands for table processing.



Menu_CommandsTable

Commands(Table) Menu

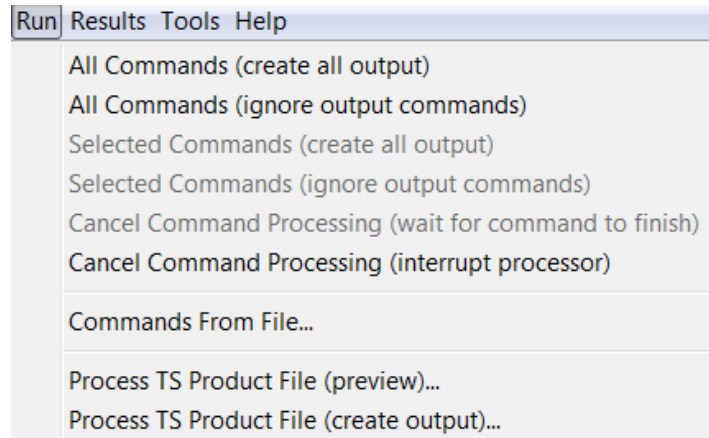
Table commands are organized into the following categories:

Create, Copy, Free Table – create, copy and free memory for tables
Read Table – read tables from various input
Append, Join Tables – append and join tables
Table, Timeseries Processing – manipulate data between tables and time series
Manipulate Table Values – manipulate table contents
Analyze Table – analyze table contents, for example to compare tables
Output Table – write tables to various output formats
Running and Properties – manipulate processor properties in and out of tables

Chapter 4 – Commands discusses commands in more detail and the **Command Reference Appendix** provides a reference for each command.

3.8 Run Menu – Run Commands

The **Run** menu processes the **Commands** list to generate results.



Menu_Run

Run Menu

The **Run / All Commands (create all output)** menu will process all the commands in the **Commands** list and create output.

The **Run / All Commands (ignore output commands)** menu will process the commands in the **Commands** list, ignoring commands that generate output products. This increases performance and minimizes creation of files.

The **Run / Selected Commands** menu items are similar to the above, except that only selected commands are run.

The **Run / Cancel Command Processing (wait for command to finish)** menu items will be enabled if command processing is active, and allows the processing to be canceled. Processing may continue until the current command finishes.

The **Run / Cancel Command Processing (interrupt processor)** menu will interrupt processing of the current command. This should only be used in cases where a large or long command file run has been started unintentionally.

The **Run / Commands From File...** choice will run a command file but will not generate any time series for viewing in the GUI. This is equivalent to running in batch mode but initiating the run from the TSTool GUI.

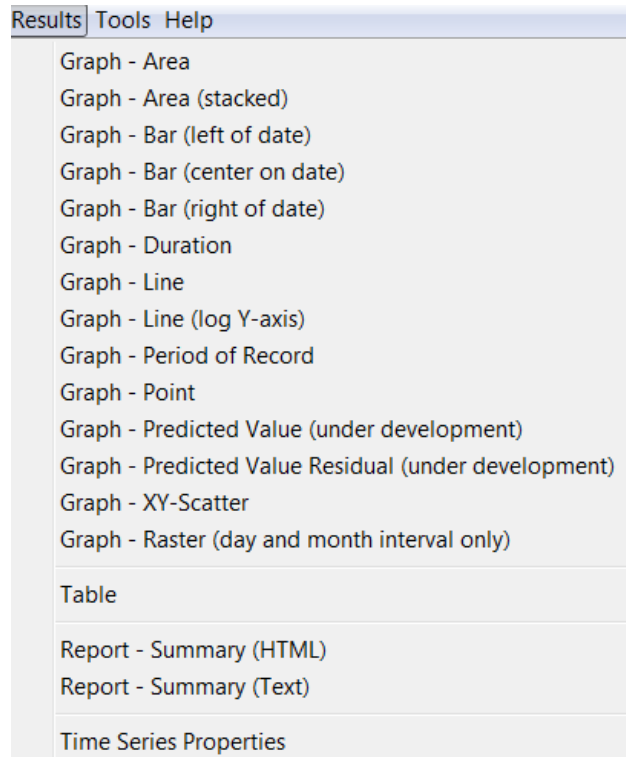
Menu items similar to the above also are available in a popup menu by right clicking on a command in the **Commands** list.

3.8.1 Process TSProduct

The **Run / Process TS Product File** menu items can be used to create time series products by processing time series product definition files. The time series identifiers in the files will be run similar to TSID commands. The **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** describes the format of these files. Time series product definition files can be saved from graph views using **Save As / Time Series Product**. The `ProcessTSProduct()` command provides equivalent functionality.

3.9 Results Menu – Display Time Series

The **Results** menu displays time series that are listed in the **Results** list at the bottom of the TSTool main window and can also be displayed by right-clicking on results in the **Time Series Results area**. The time series can be viewed multiple times, using the same time series results.



Results Menu

Menu_Results

Graphing time series results in slightly different viewing options being available, depending on the type of graph. Three views of time series are generally available: graph, summary, and table. Graph properties can be edited by right-clicking on the graph. The **TSView Time Series Viewing Tools Appendix** describes the graphing tools in detail. The following table summarizes **Results** menu items.

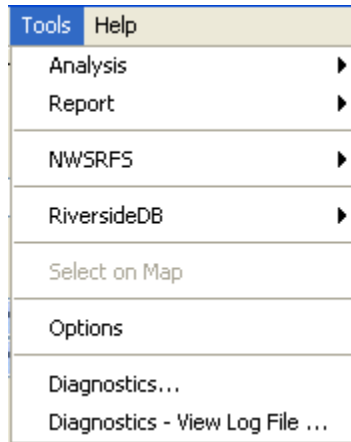
Results Menu Choices

Menu Choice	Description
Graph – Area	Display a graph where the area below time series is filled in.
Graph – Area (stacked)	Display a graph where the area below time series is filled in, with the time series values being cumulative.
Graph – Bar (left of date)	Display bar graph for selected time series, drawing bars to the left of the date.
Graph – Bar (center on date)	Display bar graph for selected time series, drawing bars centered on the date.
Graph – Bar (right of date)	Display bar graph for selected time series, drawing bars to the right of the date.
Graph – Duration	Display a duration graph for the selected time series.
Graph – Line	Display a line graph for selected time series.

Menu Choice	Description
Graph – Line (log Y-axis)	Display a line graph for the selected time series, using a log10 y-axis.
Graph – Period of Record	Display a period of record graph for the selected time series. Each time series' period is indicated by a horizontal line. An alternative to this graph type is to use the Tools...Data Coverage by Year report (see Chapter 5 – Tools).
Graph – Point	Display a graph using symbols but no connecting lines. This is useful for data that have infrequent measurements.
Graph – Predicted Value	Display a graph of data and the predicted values from regression. First, a regression analysis is performed, similar to the analysis done for the XY-Scatter plot. The original two time series are then plotted, additionally with the time series that would be generated using the regression results. The predicted time series and the original time series will be the same where their periods overlap, with only the predicted time series shown outside of that period.
Graph – Predicted Value Residual	Display a graph of data minus the predicted values from regression. The predicted value residual graph performs the same analysis as the predicted value graph. Where the original and predicted time series overlap, the difference is computed and plotted as a time series. The resulting bar graph therefore shows the relative goodness of fit of the estimated time series.
Graph – XY-Scatter	Display an XY-scatter plot for the selected time series.
Table	Display a scrollable table for the selected time series.
Report – Summary (HTML)	Display an HTML summary for selected time series using the default web browser.
Report – Summary (Text)	Display a text summary for selected time series.
Find Time Series...	Find time series in the time series list. This displays a dialog. Use the right-click in the found items to go to or select found items.
Select All for Output	Select all time series for output.
Deselect All	Deselect all time series for output.
Time Series Properties	Display the time series properties dialog (see the TSView Time Series Viewing Tools appendix for a complete description of the properties interface).

3.10 Tools Menu

The **Tools** menu lists tools that perform additional analysis on time series that are selected in the **Time Series Results** list. These features are similar to the **Results** features in that a level of additional analysis is performed to produce the data product.



Menu_Tools

Tools Menu

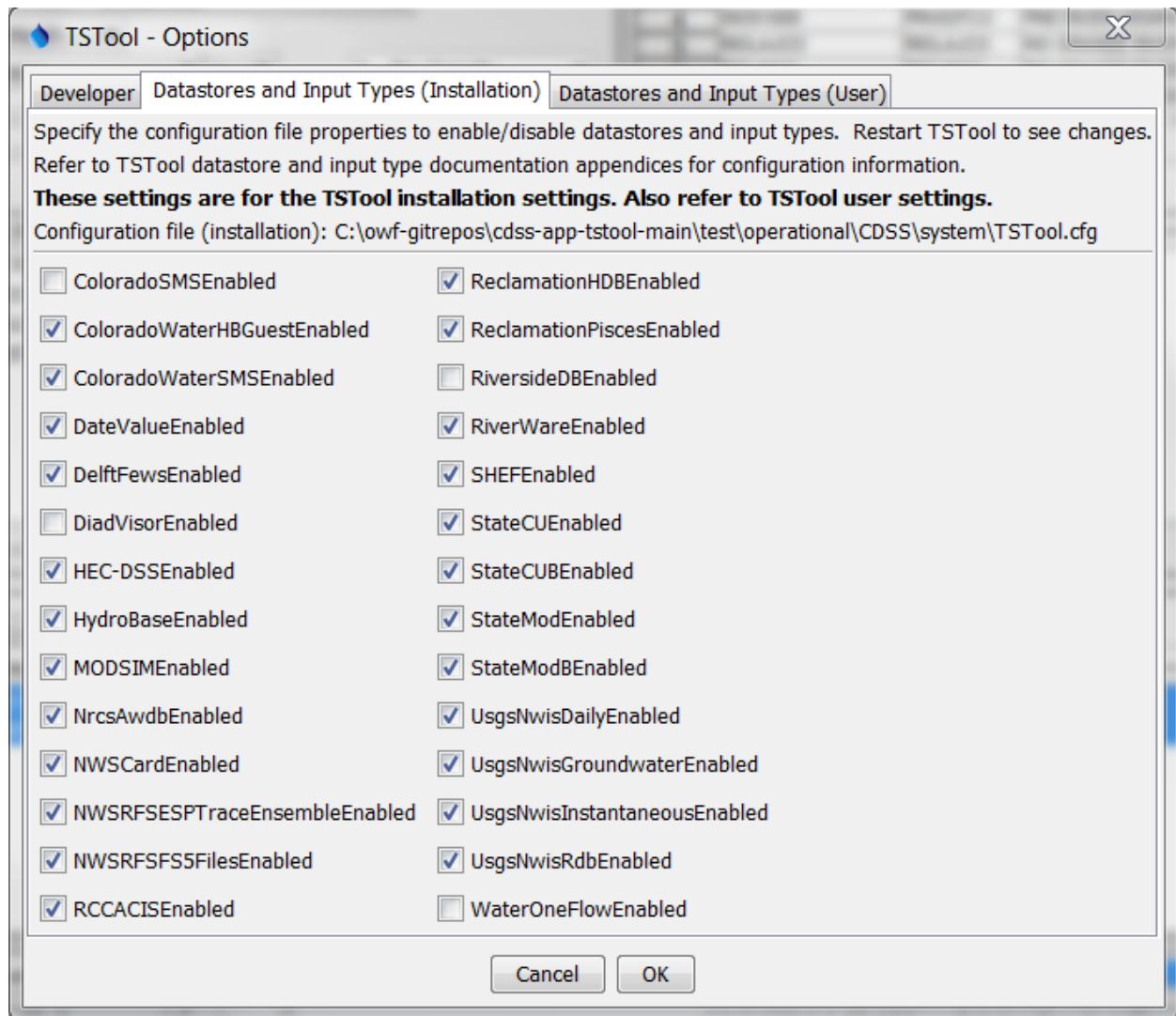
Analysis tools are described in more detail in **Chapter 5 – Tools**. The following sections describe the **Tools / Options** and **Tools / Diagnostics** features. Some tools are provided based on enabled input types.

3.10.1 Options

The **Tools / Options** menu displays program options. The **Developer** tab configures information that should only be modified by software developers.

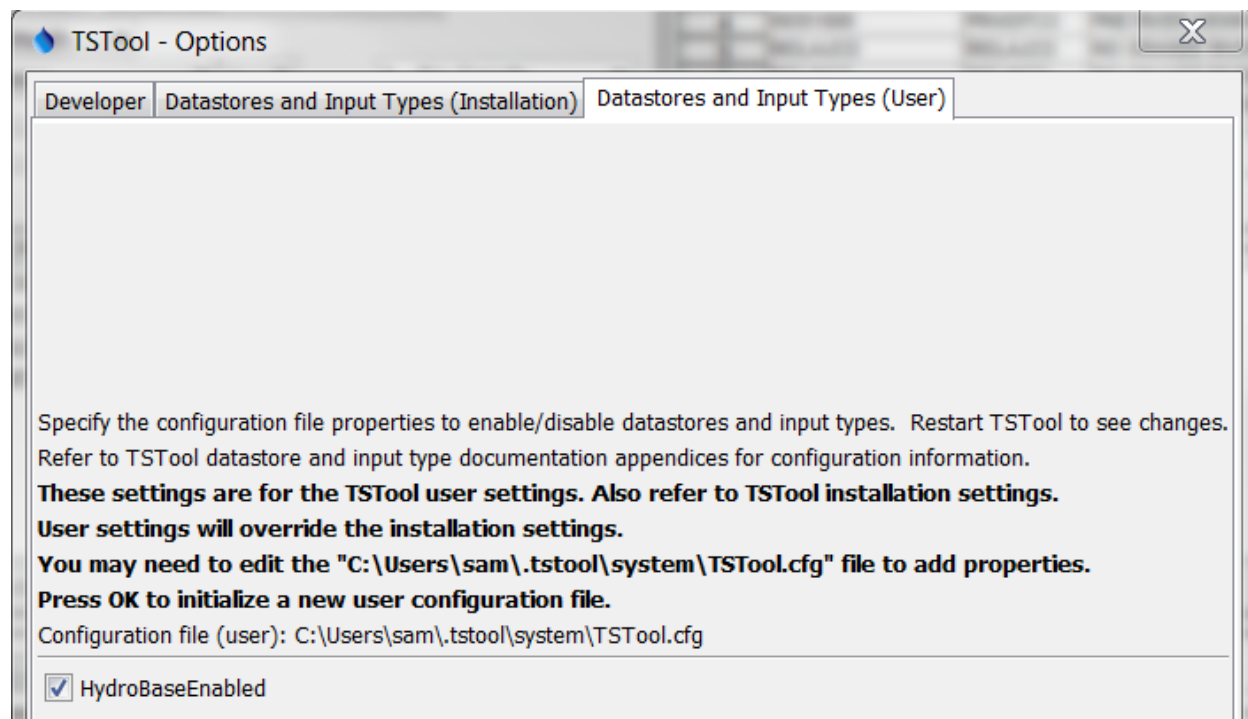
The **Datastores and Input Types (Installation)** tab displays the datastores and input types that are enabled in the TSTool installation configuration file and allows the values to be changed. A warning will be shown if there are insufficient permissions to read or write the configuration file. These settings can only be changed by someone that has permission to edit files in the software installation folder. TSTool by default installs with standard configuration. However, features can be enabled or disabled to meet the needs of the user. This can improve performance because fewer software components are active. TSTool must be restarted to reflect changes to the list of enabled input types. Enabling an input type may result in additional commands and tools being shown; however, additional configuration may be required to fully enable access to data. Refer to the input type and data shore appendices for more information.

As of TSTool 11.09.00 the **Datastores and Input Types (User)** tab is also provided and allows enabling/disabling datastores and input types. The user settings will override the software installation settings. Datastores and input types will not be listed in the user configuration file by default and must be added to the file with a text editor. Once added, the **Tools / Options** editor will allow the settings to be toggled and rewritten to the configuration files.



Menu_Tools_Options_InputTypes

Datastore and Input Types that are Enabled based on Installation Configuration File



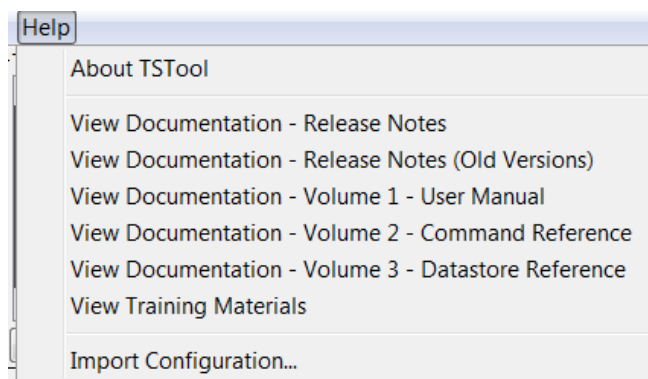
Menu_Tools_Options_InputTypes

Datastore and Input Types that are Enabled based on User Configuration File

3.10.1 Diagnostics

The **Tools / Diagnostics** menu displays the diagnostics interface, which is used to set message levels and view messages as TSTool processes data. The **Tools / Diagnostics – View Log File** menu displays the log file viewer. These tools are useful for troubleshooting problems. Refer to **Chapter 5 Tools** for more information.

3.11 Help Menu



Menu_Help

Help Menu

The **Help / About TSTool** menu item displays the program version number, for use in troubleshooting and support. Information about the software and system can be displayed from the version dialog, to help with troubleshooting.

The **Help / View Documentation** menu items display the PDF documentation using the default PDF viewer.

The **Help / View Training Materials** menu item opens a file system browser to the location of the training materials. Training materials are organized by topic and provide working examples.

The **Help / Import Configuration** menu item is used to import an old TSTool configuration file into a new software installation. It may be necessary to manually copy configuration old files, in particular for data store configuration. TSTool configuration files are saved in the *system* folder under the TSTool installation. This feature is needed less as of TSTool version 11.09.00 because user configuration files are used across TSTool versions.