# Command Reference: WriteTableToExcel()

Write a table to a Microsoft Excel workbook file

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The WriteTableToExcel() command writes a table to a worksheet in a Microsoft Excel workbook file. A contiguous block of cells (rectangle) must be specified in one of the following ways to receive the table:

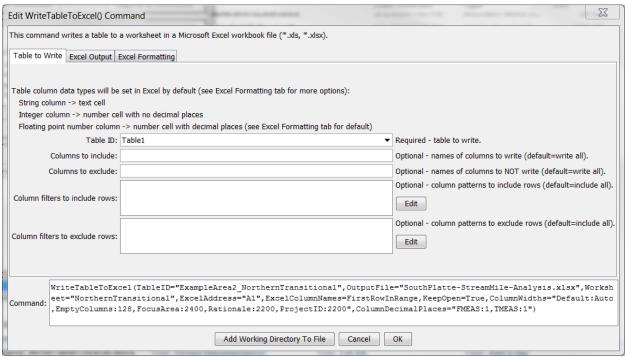
- Specify the upper-left cell in a range of cells using Excel address notation (e.g., A1)
- Specify a range of cells using Excel address notation (e.g., A1:D10)
- Specify the name of an Excel named range.
- Specify a table name (essentially a named range).

TSTool uses the Apache POI software (http://poi.apache.org) to read/write the Excel file and consequently functionality is constrained by the features of that software package.

The following are limitations of this command:

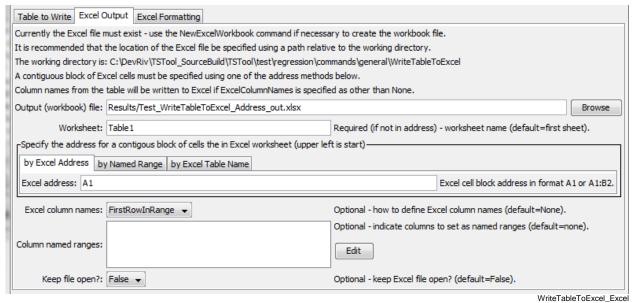
- Currently only the upper-left cell is utilized but in the future the range may be used to limit output.
- Cell data types are determined from the table columns being written. In the future a parameter may be provided to allow option of using original Excel formatting.

The following figures illustrate the dialog used to edit the command and the syntax for the command.

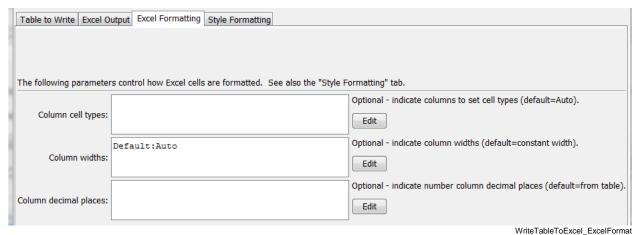


# WriteTableToExcel() Command Editor

WriteTableToExcel



WriteTableToExcel() Command Editor for Excel Output Parameters



# WriteTableToExcel() Command Editor for Excel Formatting Parameters

Table to Write Ex	ccel Output   Excel Formatting	Style Formatting			
The following para	meters control how Excel cells	are formatted, us	ing a general style formatting a	pproach.	
Style-based format	ting requires as input a condit	ion table to indicat	e how to evaluate cell contents	for style formatting.	
A style table indicates the style properties to format a cell, such as the fill foreground color.					
Refer to the command documentation for details.					
Condition table ID:	ConditionTable		▼	Required when using styles - conditions to determine styles.	
Style table ID:	StyleTable		▼	Required when using styles - style definitions.	

WriteTableToExcel\_Style

# WriteTableToExcel() Command Editor for Style Formatting Parameters

The command syntax is as follows:

WriteTableToExcel(Parameter=Value,...)

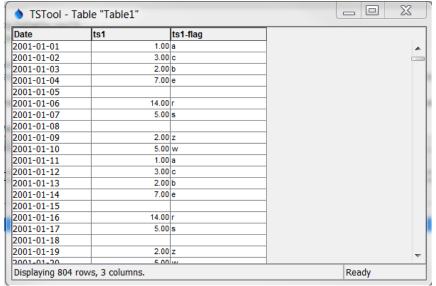
#### **Command Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Default
TableID	Identifier for table to write. Can specify using processor	None – must be
	\${Property}.	specified.
IncludeColumns	Names of columns in table to write.	Write all columns.
ExcludeColumns	Names of columns in table to exclude from writing.	Write all columns.
ColumnInclude	Indicate table column names and pattern to use to	Include all rows.
Filters	include rows. For example, include rows with blanks in	
	columns. The format of the parameter is:	
	ColumnName1:Pattern1,	
	ColumnName2:Pattern2,	
	where patterns can contain * to match a substring.	
ColumnExclude	Indicate table column names and pattern to use to	Include all rows.
Filters	exclude rows. For example, exclude rows with blanks	
	in columns. The format of the parameter is:	
	ColumnName1:Pattern1,	

Parameter	Description	Default
	ColumnName2:Pattern2,	
	where patterns can contain * to match a substring.	
OutputFile	The name of the Excel workbook file (*.xls or *.xlsx) to write, as an absolute path or relative to the command file location. If the Excel file does not exist it will be created. Can specify using processor \$ {Property}.	None – must be specified.
Worksheet	The name of the worksheet in the workbook to write. If the worksheet does not exist it will be created. Can specify using processor \${Property}.	Write to the first worksheet.
ExcelAddress	Indicates the block of cells to write, using Excel address notation (e.g., A1:D10).	Must specify address using one of available address parameters.
Excel NamedRange	Indicates the block of cells to write, using an Excel named range.	Must specify address using one of available address parameters.
ExcelTableName	Indicates the block of cells to write, using an Excel named range.	Must specify address using one of available address parameters.
ExcelColumn Names	<ul> <li>Indicate how to determine the column names for the Excel table (in order to not overwrite with data rows), one of:         <ul> <li>FirstRowInRange – column names are written to the first row in the Excel address range</li> <li>None – column names are not written</li> <li>RowBeforeRange – column names are written to the row before the Excel address range</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	None
ColumnNamed Ranges	The map of column names to named ranges, useful when the column of values is used as choices in Excel data validation.	No named ranges will be defined.
KeepOpen	Indicate whether to keep the Excel file open (True) or close after creating (False). Keeping the file open will increase performance because later commands will not need to reread the workbook. Make sure to close the file in the last Excel command.	False
Column CellTypes	Column names and corresponding cell types using notation:  ColumnName1:CellType1,ColumnName2:CellType2.  Column name can be Default to set the default for all output columns. Supported cell types are:  Auto – determine cell type from table column  Text – Excel text cell	Auto
ColumnWidths	Column names and corresponding widths using notation: ColumnName1:Width1,ColumnName2:Width2. Column name can be Default to set the default for all	Default column with determined by Excel.

Parameter	Description	Default
	output columns and EmptyColumns to set the width for columns with no data values. Supported width values are:	
	• Auto – determine width from table contents	
	• N – number of 1/256 of character widths (maximum is 256*256)	
ColumnDecimal Places	Column names and corresponding number of decimal places, for floating point numbers, using notation: ColumnName1:Num1, ColumnName2:Num2.	Determine from table column precision, or 6 if unable to determine from table.
Condition TableID	Identifier for condition table (see below). Can be specified using processor \${Property}.	Style formatting is not used.
StyleTableID	Identifier for style table (see below). Can be specified using processor \${Property}.	Style formatting is not used.

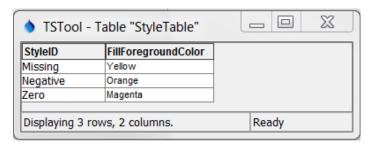
Excel cell formatting consists of number formatting, cell colors, cell width, etc. The *Excel Formatting* tab allows several formatting parameters to be specified. However, a more general formatting capability based on styles is being phased in and is configured using the *Style Formatting* tab. Consider the following data table, where the goal is to write the TSTool table to Excel and format cells to indicate specific conditions of interest. Note that this approach is implemented in a similar way for the WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() command.



WriteTableToExcel\_DataTable

Data Table used with WriteTableToExcel() Command Style Formatting

To configure style-based formatting, a style table is defined listing properties for formatting a cell. This table can be defined as a CSV file, Excel worksheet or other format and read into TSTool using a suitable command. The following figure illustrates a basic style table, which can be shared among commands.



WriteTableToExcel\_StyleTable

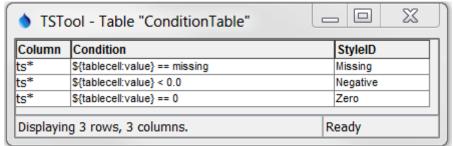
Style Table used with WriteTableToExcel() Command Style Formatting

The following style table columns are recognized. The default values for cell style properties not listed in the table are those provided by Excel.

### **Recognized Style Table Columns**

Column Name	Description	Default
StyleID	An identifier for the style, which is used in the	None – must be
	format table below.	specified.
FillForegroundColor	The foreground fill color as a named color (e.g.,	No fill color.
	"Red"), RGB triplet (255,255,255), or hex color	
	0xffffff. The following named colors are	
	recognized: black, blue, cyan, darkgray,	
	gray, green, lightgray, magenta, none,	
	orange, pink, red, white, yellow.	
FillPattern	Fill pattern for cells using	Currently always
	FillForegroundColor and	defaults to solid.
	FillBackgroundColor.	

The format table indicates how the styles are used for columns and cell values, as shown in the following example, which indicates that any columns with names starting with "ts" should be processed to evaluate for missing and negative values.



WriteTableToExcel\_FormatTable

Condition Table used with WriteTableToExcel() Command for Style Formatting

For the above style and format tables, the column names must be specified as shown. The **Condition** column recognizes the following specifiers:

- \${tablecell:value} the cell value (raw value before any formatting)
- \${tablecell:comment} the cell comment (currently not implemented in TSTool tables but is reserved for future implementation and Excel cell comments)

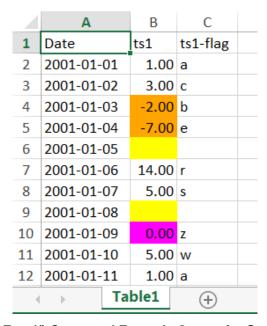
Values on the left and right of the operator must be separated with spaces to facilitate parsing the condition. The *Condition* column recognizes the following operators:

**Format Table Condition Operators** 

Operator	Description
<	Less than.
<=	Less than or equal to.
==	Equal to. Specify the right-side value as missing to check for missing.
! =	Not equal to. Specify the right-side value as missing to check for missing.
>	Greater than.
>=	Greater than or equal to.
contains	Specify for string values to check for substring (case-independent).

Multiple conditions can be specified by using AND (surrounded by a single space) between conditions.

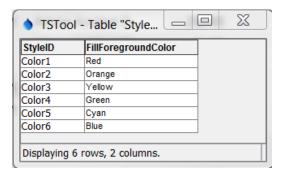
The following figure illustrates the output from the above example.



WriteTableToExcel\_Output

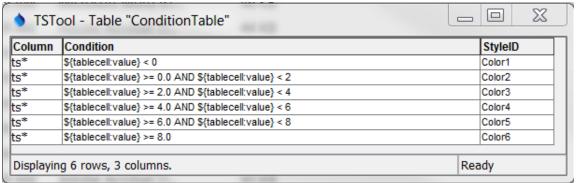
WriteTableToExcel() Command Example Output for Style Formatting

The following example illustrates using multiple conditions to implement a color scale.



WriteTableToExcel\_StyleTable2

## Style Table used with WriteTableToExcel() Command for Style Formatting and a Color Scale



WriteTableToExcel\_StyleTable2

## Condition Table used with WriteTableToExcel() Command for Style Formatting and a Color Scale

	Α	В	С
1	Date	ts1	ts1-flag
2	2001-01-01	-1.00	a
3	2001-01-02	1.00	С
4	2001-01-03	3.00	b
5	2001-01-04	5.00	e
6	2001-01-05		
7	2001-01-06	7.00	r
8	2001-01-07		s
9	2001-01-08		
10	2001-01-09		Z
11	2001-01-10	13.00	w
12	2001-01-11	-1.00	a
13	2001-01-12	1.00	С
14	2001-01-13	3.00	b
15	2001-01-14	5.00	e

WriteTableToExcel\_Output2

WriteTableToExcel() Command Example Output for Style Formatting