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# Command Reference: WritePropertiesToFile()

## Write one or more time series processor properties to a file

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The `WritePropertiesToFile()` command writes the value of one or more time series processor properties to a file (this command replaces the older `WriteProperty()` command, which is being phased out). The `ReadPropertiesFromFile()` command can be used to read properties from a file. Processor properties include global defaults such as `InputStart`, `InputEnd`, `OutputStart`, `OutputEnd`, `OutputYearType`, `WorkingDir`, and also user-defined properties set with `SetProperty()` and other commands. Internally, properties have a name and a value, which is of a certain type (Boolean, string, integer, date/time, etc.). Examples of using the command include:

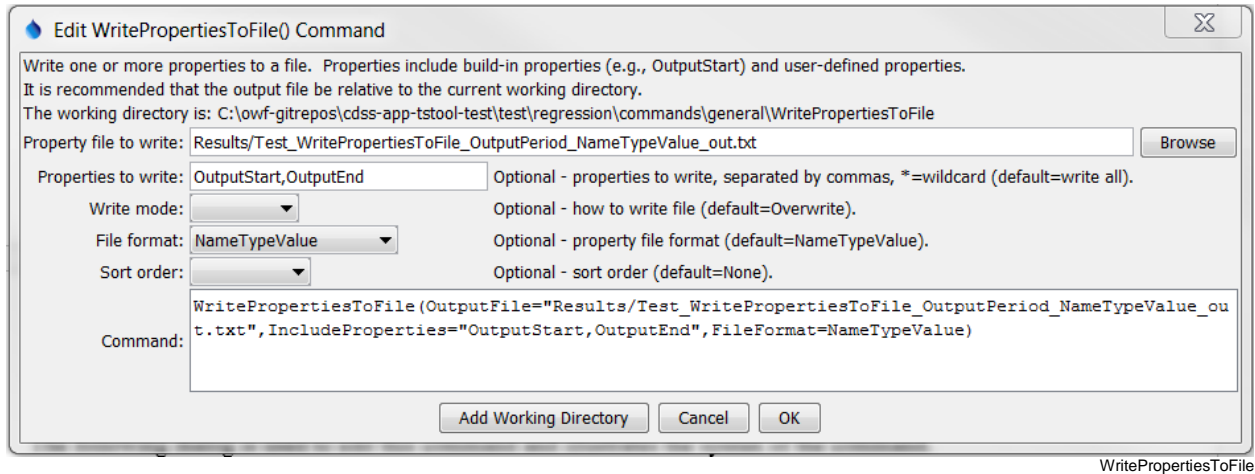
- creating tests to verify that properties are being set
- passing information from TSTool to another program, such as a Python script
- storing persistent information for later use, such as the date/time that data were last downloaded from a web service

A number of property formats are supported as listed in the following table.

**Property File Formats**

| Format                  | Description   |
|-------------------------|---|
| NameValue               | Simple format, all properties handled as text:<br><code>PropertyName=PropertyValue</code><br><code>PropertyName="Property value, quoted if necessary"</code>  |
| NameTypeValue           | Same as NameValue format, with non-primitive objects treated as simple constructors:<br><code>PropertyName=PropertyValue</code><br><code>DateTimeProperty=DateTime("2010-10-01 12:30")</code>   |
| NameTypeValue<br>Python | Similar to the NameTypeValue format, however, objects are represented using "Pythonic" notation, to allow the file to be used directly by Python scripts:<br><code>PropertyName="PropertyValue"</code><br><code>DateTimeProperty=DateTime(2010,10,1,12,30)</code> |

The following dialog is used to edit this command and illustrates the syntax of the command.



**WritePropertiesToFile() Command Editor**

The command syntax is as follows:

```
WritePropertiesToFile (Parameter=Value,...)
```

#### Command Parameters

| Parameter         | Description  | Default   |
|-------------------|--|---|
| OutputFile        | The property file to write, as an absolute path or relative to the command file.   | None – must be specified.                                   |
| IncludeProperties | The names of properties to write, separated by commas. The * wildcard can be used to indicate multiple properties.   | If not specified, all processor properties will be written. |
| WriteMode         | Indicates how the file should be written: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Append – append the properties to the file without checking for matches (create the file if it does not exist)</li> <li>Overwrite – overwrite the properties file</li> <li>Update – update the properties in the file by first checking for matching property names (which will be updated) and then appending unmatched properties (<b>not yet implemented</b>)</li> </ul> | Overwrite   |
| FileFormat        | Format of the properties file (see descriptions in the above <b>Property File Formats</b> table): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NameValue</li> <li>NameTypeValue</li> <li>NameTypeValuePython</li> </ul>  | NameValue   |
| SortOrder         | The order to sort properties: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ascending</li> <li>Descending</li> <li>None</li> </ul>  | None – order depends on order in processor.                 |