Command Reference: RunPython()

Run a Python script

The RunPython () command runs a Python script, waiting until execution is finished before processing additional commands. Python is a powerful scripting language that is widely used (see http://www.python.org). This command allows Python scripts to be run using a variety of Python interpreters, as shown in the following table:

RunPython() Supported Python Interpreters

Interpreter (Website)	Language, Program Name (Example Install Home)	Comments
IronPython	.NET, ipy	Useful for integrating with .NET
(ironpython.net)	$(C:\Program\ Files\Iron\Python\ 2.6)$	applications, in particular to manipulate
		Microsoft Office software data files. Can
		use .NET assembly code (but this code in
		a Python script is only recognized by
		IronPython). Integration can occur within
		a running .NET application (essentially
		extending the functionality of the .NET
		application). Version 2.6 requires .NET
		2.0. Version 2.6.1 requires .NET 4.0.
Jython	Java, jython	Useful for integrating with Java
(www.jython.org)	$(C:\jython2.5.1)$	applications, such as TSTool. Can use
		Java code (but this code in a Python script
		is only recognized by Jython).
Jython embedded	Java	Useful for integrating with Java
(www.jython.org)	($C:\$) $jython 2.5.1$, but must use the	applications, such as TSTool. Can use
	installer option to create a JAR file in	Java code (but this code in a Python script
	order to embed – this is the file that is	is only recognized by Jython). Integration
	distributed with TSTool).	can occur within a running Java
		application (essentially extending the
		functionality of the Java application).
Python	C, python	The original Python interpreter, which
(www.python.org)	$(C:\Python25)$	defines the Python language specification.

Python implementations have similar file organization, with the main executable (or batch file) residing in the main install folder. Core functionality is typically completely handled within the interpreter code and/or Python code included in the *Lib* folder under the main installation folder. Extended capabilities such as third-party add-ons are made available as module libraries that are installed in the *Lib\site-packages* folder. These folders are typically automatically included in the Python path and will be found when import statements are used in Python scripts. The folder for the main Python script that is run to start an execution is also typically included in the Python path by the interpreter at runtime. If any additional Python modules needed to be found, they can be added to the Python path at runtime (see the PythonPath command parameter below).

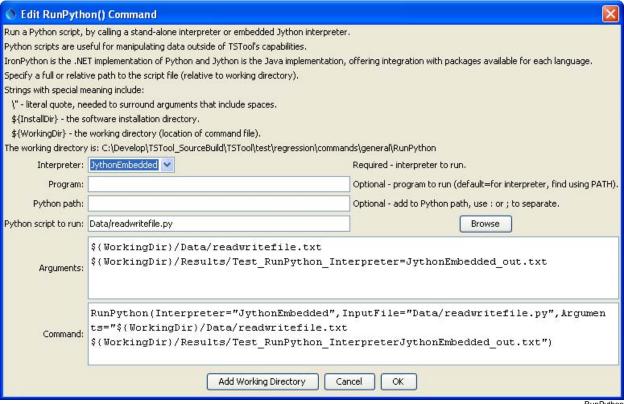
If the embedded Jython is used, then there may be no reliance on any other software if the core Python capabilities can be used. However, if third-party packages are used, it may be best to install them with the

Jython distribution (e.g., in Lib\site-packages) so that the packages can be used for independent testing prior to use in the embedded interpreter. For example, perform a typical Jython install (e.g., into C:\Jython2.5.1), install the third-party packages into this location (using the installer for the package or directly copying into the Lib\site-packages folder), and then specify the PythonPath=C:\Jython2.5.1\Lib\site-packages) command parameter.

If a non-embedded approach is used, then IronPython, Jython, or Python must be installed on the computer for the appropriate Interpreter command parameter value. The interpreter program will be found if the installation folder is defined in the PATH environment variable, or use the Program command parameter to specify the full path to the interpreter program to run. The script is then run by running the following (see full parameter descriptions below):

Program InputFile Arguments

The following dialog is used to edit the command and illustrates the command syntax.



RunPython() Command Editor

RunPython

The command syntax is as follows:

RunPython(Parameter=Value,...)

Command Parameters

Parameter	Description	Default
Interpreter	The Python interpreter to run, one of:	None – must be specified.
	• IronPython	
	Jython	
	JythonEmbedded	
	Python	
Program	The Python interpreter program to run.	Determined based on the
	Specify as a full path to the installed	Interpreter parameter:
	program, or only the program name (in	IronPython: ipy
	which case the path to the program must	Jython: jython
	be included in the PATH environment	Python: python
	variable).	
PythonPath	Additional locations for modules, to be	None – the core Python
	added to the Python path. Specify paths	capabilities are available.
	separated by ; or :. For embedded	
	Jython, the sys.path is updated prior	
	to running the script. For non-embedded	
	interpreters, the JYTHONPATH	
	environment variable is updated for the	
	interpreter, which results in sys.path	
	being updated.	
InputFile	The Python script to run, specified as an	None – must be specified.
	absolute path or relative to the command	
	file. See the Arguments parameter for	
	information about using properties to	
	specify the location.	
Arguments	Arguments to pass to the script, such as	None – arguments are optional.
	the names of files to process. Use the	
	\${WorkingDir} property to specify	
	the location of the command file. Use	
	\${InstallDir} for the TSTool	
	install folder. Use \" to surround	
	arguments that include spaces. Separate	
	arguments by a space.	

The following command example illustrates how to run a Python script.

RunPython(InputFile="Data/readwritefile.py",
Interpreter="JythonEmbedded",Arguments="\${WorkingDir}/Data/readwritefile.txt
\${WorkingDir}/Results/Test_RunPython_Interpreter=JythonEmbedded_out.txt")

The corresponding Python script is as follows:

```
# Test command for running Python script from TSTool
import sys
import os
print "start of script"
print 'os.getcwd()="' + os.getcwd() + '"'
infile = None
outfile = None
if (len(sys.argv) < 3):
    print "Error. Expecting input file name as first command line argument,
output file name as second."
   sys.exit(1)
else:
    infile = sys.argv[1]
    outfile = sys.argv[2]
    print 'Input file to process is "' + infile + '"'
   print 'Output file to create is "' + outfile + '"'
inf=open(infile,'r')
outf=open(outfile,'w')
for line in inf:
    outf.write("out: " + line)
inf.close()
outf.close()
print "end of script"
```

The data file is as follows:

```
Line 1 (first line)
Line 2
Line 3
Line 4
Line 5 (last line)
```

The output file is as follows:

```
out: Line 1 (first line)
out: Line 2
out: Line 3
out: Line 4
out: Line 5 (last line)
```