
Command Reference: ResequenceTimeSeriesData()

Resequence time series data (shuffle years of data)

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The `ResequenceTimeSeriesData()` command resequences data in time series by shifting values from one period to another, creating new time series for each time series. For example, January 1950 might be shifted to January 1990. This command is useful for generating synthetic time series by resequencing historical data. The following constraints apply to the command as currently implemented:

1. Processing occurs by calendar year, with the sequence specified as years.
2. The sequence of years must currently be supplied as a column of years in a table (rows of years may be added in a future enhancement).
3. Full start and end years are required.
4. Currently the command can only be applied to month interval data. For a daily data interval, several issues must be resolved based on user input:
 - a. If a short year (i.e., non-leap year with 365 days) is transferred to a long year (i.e., a leap year with 366 days), the first day after the short year is used for the 366th day during the transfer. What to do if the year being transferred is the last in the data set and no more years are available for the 366th day – repeat the last day?
 - b. If a long year (i.e., leap year with 366 days) is transferred to a short year (i.e., a non-leap year with 365 days), the 366th day in the leap year is not transferred.
5. The original period is by default retained in the output time series. For example, if the original data are 1937 to 1997, the resequenced data will also be in a time series with a period 1937 to 1997. The `OutputStart` parameter can be used to shift the start year of output.

The command is designed to work with a table that provides sequence information. See the `ReadTableFromDelimitedFile()` command – additional table processing commands will be added in the future.

The following dialog is used to edit the command and illustrates the syntax of the command.

Edit ResequenceTimeSeriesData() Command

Resequence time series data by "shuffling" the original years of data, creating new time series.
Currently, only resequencing of monthly time series using calendar years is supported.
An identifier for the table with the new year sequence must be specified, and each sequence of years must be provided in a column with a unique column heading.
The resulting time series will start in the indicated year and have a time series identifier that is the same as the original time series, additionally with the indicated scenario.
If not specified, the output start is taken from the global output start or the time series.

TS list: **AllTS** Optional - indicates the time series to process (default=AllTS).

TSID (for TSList=AllMatchingTSID):

EnsembleID (for TSList=EnsembleID):

Table ID for year sequence: **KNN_Seq**

Column name in table for year sequence: **1** Required - column name for year sequence.

New scenario: **KNN01** Required - for TSID of new time series.

First row number in table for year sequence:

Last row number in table for year sequence:

Output start: **1908** Optional - starting year of resequenced time series.

Alias to assign: **%L-KNN01** Optional - use %L for location, etc. (default=no alias).

Command:

```
ResequenceTimeSeriesData(TSList=AllTS, TableID="KNN_Seq", TableColumn="1", OutputStart="1908", NewScenario="KNN01", Alias="%L-KNN01")
```

Cancel OK

resequenceTimeSeriesData

ResequenceTimeSeriesData() Command Editor

The command syntax is as follows:

`ResequenceTimeSeriesData (Parameter=Value, ...)`

Command Parameters

Parameter	Description	Default
TSList	Indicates the list of time series to be processed, one of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> AllMatchingTSID – all time series that match the TSID (single TSID or TSID with wildcards) will be processed. AllTS – all time series before the command will be processed. EnsembleID – all time series in the ensemble will be processed. FirstMatchingTSID – the first time series that matches the TSID will be processed. LastMatchingTSID – the last time series that matches the TSID (single TSID or TSID with wildcards) will be processed. SelectedTS – the time series selected with the SelectTimeSeries() command will be processed. 	AllTS
TSID	The time series identifier or alias for the time series to be modified, using the * wildcard character to match	Required when TSList=*TSID.

Parameter	Description	Default
	multiple time series.	
EnsembleID	The ensemble to be modified, if processing an ensemble.	Required when TSList=EnsembleID.
TableID	The identifier for the sequence table to use, which indicates the dates to use when resequencing data (e.g., list of years for data sequence). For example, see the ReadTableFromDelimitedFile() command.	None – must be specified.
TableColumn	The column name containing the sequence information. Note that the input table must have column names in a header record.	None – must be specified.
TableRowStart	The first data row number (1+) containing the first year in the new sequence.	Use all rows.
TableRowEnd	The last data row number (1+) containing the first year in the new sequence.	Use all rows.
OutputStart	The output start (a four-digit year, since processing full calendar years). The output end is relative to the output start and includes the number of years in the sequence.	Same as the original input data or use the global output start if specified.
NewScenario	The new scenario to assign to the created time series, resulting in a unique TSID.	Not specified, but a new scenario and/or alias must be specified.
Alias	Alias to assign to the output time series. See the LegendFormat property described in the TSView Time Series Viewing Tools appendix. For example, %L is full location, %T is data type, %I is interval, and %Z is scenario.	Not specified, but a new scenario and/or alias must be specified.

The following example:

1. Reads a list of time series from a StateMod model file.
2. Reads a sequence of years from a delimited file.
3. Resequences the StateMod time series data.
4. Writes the resequenced file to a new StateMod file.

```
# Read all demand time series...
ReadStateMod(InputFile="..\StateMod\gunnC2005.xbm")
# Read the sequence of years to use...
Table 0001HK0101 = ReadTableFromDelimitedFile(InputFile="0001HK0101.csv")
# Resequence the StateMod time series...
ResequenceTimeSeriesData(TSList=AllTS,TableID="0001HK0101",
TableColumn="Tracel",NewScenario="KNN0101",Alias="%L-KNN0101")
# Write the resequenced data for StateMod
WriteStateMod(TSList=AllMatchingTSID,TSID="*KNN*",
OutputFile="..\StateMod0101\gunnC2005.xbm")
```

The year sequence is specified in a file similar to the following.

```
# Some comments
"Tracel","Trace2",...
1905,1967,...
1920,1943,...
etc.
```

Variations on the example can be implemented, for example, to process output products after the run.