Command Reference: WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock()

Write 1+ time series to a Microsoft Excel workbook file using block layout

ersion 11.09.00, 2015-06-26

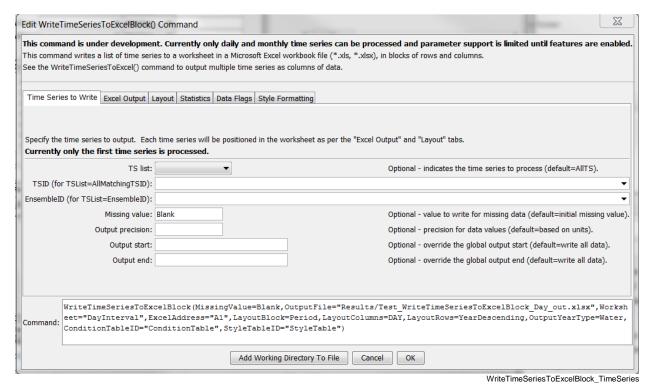
This command is under development.

The WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock() command writes one or more time series to an Excel workbook with output being in block layout. The following functionality is provided:

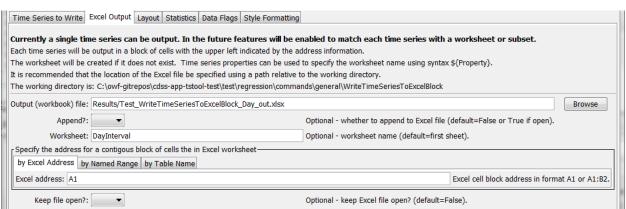
- Time series are written in blocks (see WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() for simple column output).
- The worksheet and position in worksheet can be specified.
- The output can be created or appended.
- Options are provided to select how the blocks of data are oriented. For example, for monthly time series rows may contain years of data and columns may contain months of data.

TSTool uses the Apache POI software (http://poi.apache.org) to read/write the Excel file and consequently functionality is constrained by the features of that software package.

The following figures illustrate the dialog used to edit the command and the syntax for the command.

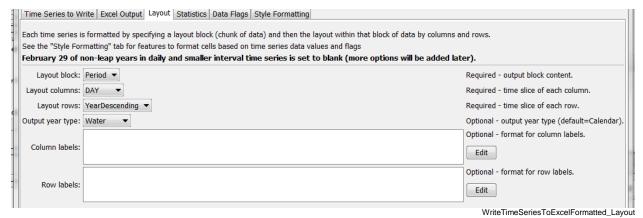


WriteTimeSeriesToExcelFormatted() Command Editor for Time Series Parameters

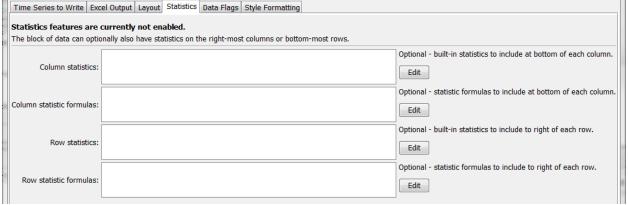


WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock_ExcelOutput

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Editor for Excel Output Parameters



WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Editor for Layout Parameters



WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock Statistics

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Editor for Statistics Parameters

	Time Series to Write Exce	Output Layout Statistics Data Flags Style Formatting	
	Cell formatting based on	data flags currently is not enabled.	
ı	Data flags associated with ti	me series values can be used to "decorate" the worksheet cells.	
	Options are to set the cell co	olor, set the cell border, display an icon, and/or set a comment.	
Ш			Optional - cell color for data flag.
	Data flag cell color:		Edit
Ш			Optional - cell outline color for data flag.
	Data flag cell outline color:		Edit
			Optional - cell icon for data flag.
	Data flag cell icon:		Edit
			Optional - cell comment for data flag.
	Data flag cell comment:		Edit

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Editor for Data Flag Parameters



WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock_Style

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Editor for Style Formatting Parameters

The command syntax is as follows:

WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock(Parameter=Value,...)

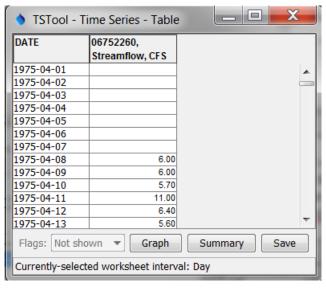
Command Parameters

Parameter	Description	Default
TSList	Indicates the list of time series to be processed, one of:	AllTS
	• AllMatchingTSID – all time series that match the	
	TSID (single TSID or TSID with wildcards) will be	
	processed.	
	• AllTS – all time series before the command.	
	• EnsembleID – all time series in the ensemble will	
	be processed.	
	• FirstMatchingTSID – the first time series that	
	matches the TSID (single TSID or TSID with	
	wildcards) will be processed.	
	• LastMatchingTSID – the last time series that	
	matches the TSID (single TSID or TSID with	
	wildcards) will be processed.	
	SelectedTS – the time series are those selected	
	with the SelectTimeSeries() command.	

Parameter	Description	Default
TSID	The time series identifier or alias for the time series to be	Required if
	processed, using the * wildcard character to match	TSList=*TSID.
	multiple time series. Can be specified with processor	
	\${Property}.	
EnsembleID	The ensemble to be processed, if processing an ensemble.	Required if
	Can be specified with processor \${Property}.	TSList=
		EnsembleID.
MissingValue	Value to write to Excel for missing data values, can be	Original missing
	literal Blank to output blank cell.	value.
Precision	The number of digits after the decimal for data values.	Determine from
		units.
OutputStart	The date/time for the start of the output. Can be specified	Use the global
	with processor \${Property}.	output period.
OutputEnd	The date/time for the end of the output. Can be specified	Use the global
	with processor \${Property}.	output period.
OutputFile	The name of the Excel workbook file (*.xls or *.xlsx) to	None – must be
	write, as an absolute path or relative to the command file	specified.
	location. If the Excel file does not exist it will be created.	
71	Can be specified with processor \${Property}.	
Append	Indicate whether the sheet being written should appended	False – create a
T-7 1 1 1	to an existing workbook.	new workbook.
Worksheet	The name of the worksheet in the workbook to write. If	Write to the first
	the worksheet does not exist it will be created. Can be	worksheet.
ExcelAddress	specified with processor \${Property}.	Must specify
Exceladdless	Indicates the block of cells to write, using Excel address	Must specify address using one
	notation (e.g., A1:D10).	of available address
		parameters.
Excel	Indicates the block of cells to write, using an Excel named	Must specify
NamedRange	range.	address using one
,	8	of available address
		parameters.
Excel	Indicates the block of cells to write, using an Excel named	Must specify
TableName	range.	address using one
		of available address
		parameters.
KeepOpen	Indicate whether to keep the Excel file open (True) or	False
	close after creating (False). Keeping the file open will	
	increase performance because later commands will not	
	need to reread the workbook. Make sure to close the file	
	in the last Excel command.	
LayoutBlock	Indicate data blocks for output:	None – must be
	Period – time series period of record is output as a	specified.
	block	
	Year – year of data is output in a block	
LayoutColumns	For the output block, indicate what columns contain:	None – must be
	Day – one day per column	specified.
	Month – one month per column	

Parameter	Description	Default
	Year – one year per column	
LayoutRows	For the output block, indicate what rows contain:	None – must be
	YearAscending – year, with earliest at top	specified.
	• YearDescending – year, with most recent at top	
Output	The output year type, which controls the start and end	Calendar
YearType	dates for the output.	
Condition	Identifier for condition table (see below). Can be	Style formatting is
TableID	specified using processor \${Property}.	not used.
StyleTableID	Identifier for style table (see below). Can be specified	Style formatting is
	using processor \${Property}.	not used.

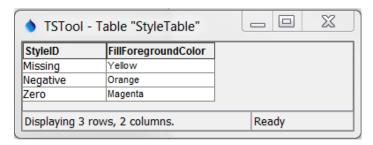
Excel cell formatting consists of number formatting, cell colors, cell width, etc. The **Style Formatting** tab provides general formatting capabilities for data cells. Consider the following time series data table, where the goal is to write the TSTool time series to Excel and format cells to indicate specific conditions of interest. This approach is implemented similarly in the WriteTableToExcel() command.



WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock_DataTable

Data Table used with WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock() Command Style Formatting

To configure style-based formatting, a style table is defined listing properties for formatting cells. This table can be defined as a CSV file, Excel worksheet or other format and read into TSTool using a suitable command. The following figure illustrates a basic style table, which can be shared among commands.



WriteTableToExcel_StyleTable

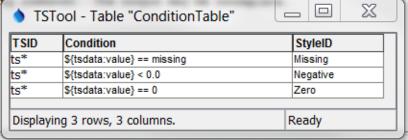
Style Table used with WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock() Command for Specific Checks and Formatting

The following style table column names are recognized. The default values for cell style properties not listed in the table are those provided by Excel.

Recognized Style Table Column Names

Column Name	Description	Default
StyleID	An identifier for the style, which is used in the	None – must be
	format table below.	specified.
FillForegroundColor	The foreground fill color as a named color (e.g.,	No fill color.
	"Red"), RGB triplet (255,255,255), or hex color	
	0xffffff. The following named colors are	
	recognized: black, blue, cyan, darkgray,	
	gray, green, lightgray, magenta, none,	
	orange, pink, red, white, yellow.	
FillPattern	Fill pattern for cells using	Currently always
	FillForegroundColor and	defaults to solid.
	FillBackgroundColor.	

The condition table indicates how the styles are used for time series data. The following example indicates that any time series with identifier (or alias) starting with "ts" should be processed to evaluate for missing, negative, and zero values.



WriteTimeSeriesToExcel_ConditionTable

Condition Table used with WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock() Command for Specific Checks and Formatting

The column names for the condition table must be specified as shown. The *Condition* column recognizes the following time series data specifiers:

- \${tsdata:value} the time series data value, used to evaluate numerical conditions
- \${tsdata:flag} the time series flag, used to evaluate string conditions

Values on the left and right of the operator must be separated with spaces to facilitate parsing the condition. The *Condition* column recognizes the following operators:

Condition Table Operators

Operator	Description
<	Less than.
<=	Less than or equal to.
==	Equal to. Specify the right-side value as missing to check for missing.

Operator	Description	
! =	Not equal to. Specify the right-side value as missing to check for missing.	
>	Greater than.	
>=	Greater than or equal to.	
contains	Specify for string values to check for substring (case-independent).	

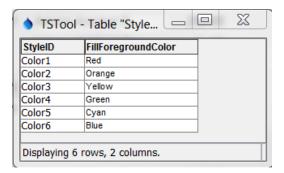
Multiple conditions can be specified by using AND (surrounded by a single space) between conditions.

Need an example of a raster plot for data checks.

WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock_Output

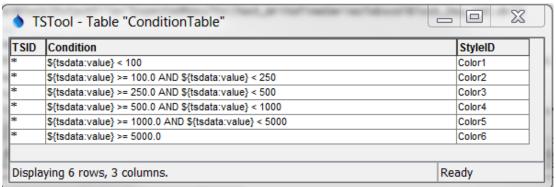
WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock() Command Example Output for Specific Checks and Formatting

The following example illustrates using multiple conditions to implement a color scale.



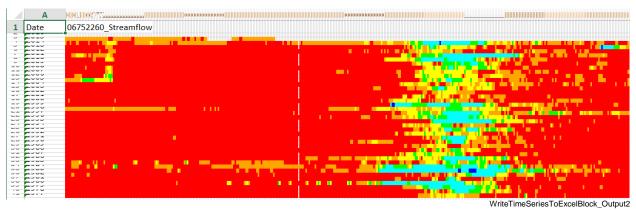
WriteTableToExcel_StyleTable2

Style Table used with WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock() Command for a Color Scale



WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock_ConditionTable2

Condition Table used with WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock() Command for a Color Scale



WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock() Command Example Output for Style Formatting