Command Reference: TS Alias = NewStatisticYearTS()

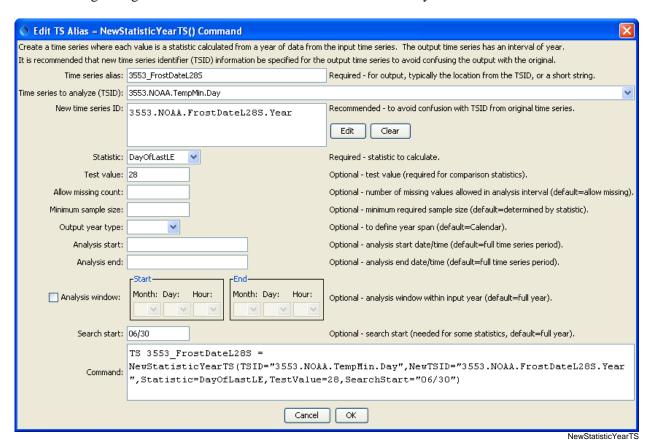
Create a new yearly time series containing a statistic determined from each year of another time series

Version 09.06.02, 2010-03-11

The TS Alias = NewStatisticYearTS() command creates a new yearly time series, where each yearly value in the resulting time series contains a statistic determined from the sample of points from the corresponding year in the original time series. For example, if the original time series has a daily time step, then the sample that is analyzed will contain 365 or 366 values (depending on leap year). Calendar years are used by default; however, the OutputYearType parameter can be used to specify that different year types are analyzed. Other commands (e.g., ChangeInterval()) can produce a similar result for a limited number of statistics, for example converting a monthly time series to an annual total or mean. See also the NewStatisticTimeSeries(),

For hourly and finer interval, values are considered to be in a year when the year in the date/time matches the year of interested. This may lead to some issues if the last value in a year is actually recorded at hour 0 or later of the following year.

The following dialog is used to edit the command and illustrates the syntax for the command.



TS Alias = NewStatisticYearTS() Command Editor

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The command syntax is as follows:

TS Alias = NewStatisticYearTS(Parameter=value,...)

Command Parameters

| Parameter | Description | Default |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Alias | The alias of the new time series, which can be used | None – must be |
| | instead of the TSID in other commands. | specified. |
| TSID | The time series identifier (or alias) of the time | None – must be |
| | series to analyze. | specified. |
| NewTSID | The time series identifier to be assigned to the new | Use the same |
| | time series, which is useful to avoid confusion with | identifier as the |
| | the original time series. | original time series, |
| | | with an interval of |
| | | Year and a scenario |
| | | matching the statistic. |
| Statistic | See the Available Statistics table below. | None – must be |
| | | specified. |
| TestValue | A test value used when analyzing the statistic. | This parameter is |
| | | required for some |
| | | statistics and not used |
| | | for others. See the |
| AllowMissingCount | The second of colors and the second of the s | statistics table below. |
| Allowmissingcound | The number of missing values allowed in the | Allow any number of |
| | source interval(s) in order to produce a result. If an | missing values. |
| | analysis window is specified (default is to analyze full years), then missing values outside of the | |
| | analysis window are not considered as missing. | |
| | Gaps at the end of the time series will be | |
| | considered missing if within the analysis window. | |
| MinimumSampleSize | The minimum sample size in order to compute the | No minimum, |
| _ | statistic. | although the statistic |
| | | may have |
| | | requirements. |
| OutputYearType | The output year type. For example, an output year | Calendar |
| | type of NovToOct spans November of the | |
| | previous calendar year to October of the current | |
| | calendar year. All other parameters should still be | |
| | specified in calendar year and the | |
| | AnalysisWindowStart can have a month that | |
| | is prior to the AnalysisWindowEnd month. | |
| AnalysisStart | The starting date/time for the analysis using | Analyze the full |
| | calendar dates (e.g., 2001-01-01), with precision | period, extending the |
| | consistent with the time series interval. This will | period to include full |
| | limit the data being analyzed at the ends of the time | years. |
| | series and controls the length of the output time | |
| | series. The analysis period is typically set to align | |
| AnalysisEnd | with years consistent with the output year type. | A nolygo the full |
| MITATABLEFILA | The ending date/time for the analysis using | Analyze the full |

| Parameter | Description | Default |
|---------------------|---|------------------------|
| | calendar dates (e.g., 2001-01-01), with precision | period, extending the |
| | consistent with the time series interval. This will | period to include full |
| | limit the data being analyzed at the ends of the time | years. |
| | series and controls the length of the output time | |
| | series. The analysis period is typically set to align | |
| | with years consistent with the output year type. | |
| AnalysisWindowStart | The calendar date/time for the analysis start within | Analyze the full year. |
| | each year. Specify using the format MM, MM-DD, | |
| | MM-DD hh, or MM-DD hh: mm, consistent with | |
| | the time series interval precision. A year of 2000 | |
| | will be used internally to parse the date/time. Use | |
| | this parameter to limit data processing within the | |
| | year, for example to analyze only a season. Data | |
| | will be considered missing only if missing within | |
| | this analysis window. If specifying for other than | |
| | calendar year, the analysis window start month may | |
| | be greater than the analysis window end month. | |
| AnalysisWindowEnd | Specify date/time for the analysis end within each | Analyze the full year. |
| | year. See AnalysisWindowStart for details. | |
| SearchStart | Within the analysis window, this indicates the | Use the analysis |
| | starting date/time for the search. Specify using the | window start and |
| | format MM, MM-DD, MM-DD hh, or MM-DD | end. Search forward |
| | hh: mm, consistent with the time series interval | for most statistics. |
| | precision. A year of 2000 will be used internally | Search backward for |
| | to parse the date/time. This parameter is useful in | DayOfLast* and |
| | cases where the processing considers seasonal | MonthOfLast* |
| | aspects of the analysis window; for example, use | statistics. |
| | when determining frost dates (when temperature is | |
| | less than or equal to freezing) to ensure that the | |
| | search starts from the middle of the normal growing | |
| | season. Searches move forward in time except for | |
| | the following statistics, in which case | |
| | SearchStart will be the start of the search | |
| | window, but will be the last value checked: | |
| | DayOfLast*, MonthOfLast*. | |

Available Statistics

The following statistics are computed from a sample determined using the analysis window. If no analysis window is specified, then the default is to analyze complete years, where the years correspond to the OutputYearType. For example, for OutputYearType=NovToDec, November 1, 2000 to October 31, 2001 from the input corresponds to output year 2001.

| Statistic | Description | Limitations |
|--------------|--|----------------------------|
| DayOfFirstGE | Julian day of the year (1-366, relative to the start | Input time series must be |
| | of the OutputYearType) for the first data | daily or smaller interval. |
| | value >= TestValue. Searches start at the | |
| | start of the analysis window and move forward. | |
| DayOfFirstGT | Similar to DayOfFirstGE, for values > | Input time series must be |
| | TestValue. | daily or smaller interval. |

| Statistic | Description | Limitations | |
|-------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| DayOfFirstLE | Similar to DayOfFirstGE, for values <= | Input time series must be | |
| _ | TestValue. | daily or smaller interval. | |
| DayOfFirstLT | Similar to DayOfFirstGE, for values < | Input time series must be | |
| _ | TestValue. | daily or smaller interval. | |
| DayOfLastGE | Julian day of the year (1-366, relative to the start | Input time series must be | |
| | of the OutputYearType) for the last data value | daily or smaller interval. | |
| | >= TestValue. Searches start at the start of | | |
| | the analysis window and move backward. | | |
| DayOfLastGT | Similar to DayOfLastGE, for values > | Input time series must be | |
| | TestValue. | daily or smaller interval. | |
| DayOfLastLE | Similar to DayOfLastGE, for values <= | Input time series must be | |
| | TestValue. | daily or smaller interval. | |
| DayOfLastLT | Similar to DayOfLastGE, for values < | Input time series must be | |
| | TestValue. | daily or smaller interval. | |
| DayOfMax | Julian day of the year (1-366, relative to the start | Input time series must be | |
| | of the OutputYearType) for the first | daily or smaller interval. | |
| | maximum value in the time series. | | |
| DayOfMin | Julian day of the year (1-366, relative to the start | Input time series must be | |
| | of the OutputYearType) for the first minimum | daily or smaller interval. | |
| | value in the time series. | | |
| GECount | Count of values in a year >= TestValue. | | |
| GEPercent | Percent of values in a year >= TestValue, | | |
| | based on the total number of points in the year. | | |
| GTCount | Count of values in a year > TestValue. | | |
| GTPercent | Percent of values in a year > TestValue, based | | |
| | on the total number of points in the year. | | |
| LECount | Count of values in a year <= TestValue. | | |
| LEPercent | Percent of values in a year <= TestValue, | | |
| | based on the total number of points in the year. | | |
| LTCount | Count of values in a year < TestValue. | | |
| LTPercent | Percent of values in a year < TestValue, based | | |
| 7. | on the total number of points in the year. | | |
| Max | Maximum value in a year. | | |
| Mean | Mean of values in a year. | | |
| Min | Minimum value in a year. | | |
| MissingCount | Number of missing values in a year. | | |
| MissingPercent | Percent missing values in a year. | | |
| MonthOfFirstGE | Month the year (1-12, relative to the start of the | Input time series must be | |
| | OutputYearType) for the first data value >= | monthly or smaller | |
| | TestValue. Searches start at the start of the | interval. | |
| MonthOfFirstGT | analysis window and move forward. | Toward Alman and | |
| MOHUMOLFIESUGT | Similar to DayOfFirstGE, for values > | Input time series must be | |
| | TestValue. | monthly or smaller | |
| MonthOfFirstLE | Similar to DayOfFi ngt CF for values <- | Input time series must be | |
| MOHUMETTECHE | Similar to DayOfFirstGE, for values <= TestValue. | Input time series must be | |
| | restvatue. | monthly or smaller interval. | |
| MonthOfFirstLT | Similar to DayOfFirstGE, for values < | Input time series must be | |
| TIOTICITOTETTECHT | TestValue. | monthly or smaller | |
| | TEBLVATUE. | monuny of smaller | |

| Statistic | Description | Limitations |
|---------------|---|--|
| | | interval. |
| MonthOfLastGE | Month of the year (1-12, relative to the start of the OutputYearType) for the last data value >= TestValue. Searches start at the end of the analysis window and move backward. | Input time series must be monthly or smaller interval. |
| MonthOfLastGT | Similar to DayOfLastGE, for values > TestValue. | Input time series must be monthly or smaller interval. |
| MonthOfLastLE | Similar to DayOfLastGE, for values <= TestValue. | Input time series must be monthly or smaller interval. |
| MonthOfLastLT | Similar to DayOfLastGE, for values < TestValue. | Input time series must be monthly or smaller interval. |
| MonthOfMax | Month of the year (1-12, relative to the start of the OutputYearType) for the first maximum value in the time series. | Input time series must be monthly or smaller interval. |
| MonthOfMin | Month of the year (1-12, relative to the start of the OutputYearType) for the first minimum value in the time series. | Input time series must be monthly or smaller interval. |
| Total | Total of values in a year. | |

Example

The following example commands file computes the last spring frost date for 28 degrees and 32 degrees, searching backwards from June 30 each year, and the first fall frost date for 32 and 28 degrees, searching forwards from July 1 each year:

```
StartLog(LogFile="FrostDates_HydroBase.log")
SetOutputPeriod(OutputStart="1950-01",OutputEnd="2004-12")
# 3553 - GREELEY UNC
3553.NOAA.TempMin.Day~HydroBase
TS 3553_FrostDateL28S = NewStatisticYearTS(TSID="3553.NOAA.TempMin.Day",
 NewTSID="3553.NOAA.FrostDateL28S.Year",
  Statistic=DayOfLastLE, TestValue=28,
 SearchStart="06/30")
TS 3553 FrostDateL32S = NewStatisticYearTS(TSID="3553.NOAA.TempMin.Day",
 NewTSID="3553.NOAA.FrostDateL32S.Year",
  Statistic=DayOfLastLE, TestValue=32,
  SearchStart="06/30")
TS 3553_FrostDateF32F = NewStatisticYearTS(TSID="3553.NOAA.TempMin.Day",
 NewTSID="3553.NOAA.FrostDateF32F.Year",
  Statistic=DayOfFirstLE, TestValue=32,
 SearchStart="07/01")
TS 3553_FrostDateF28F = NewStatisticYearTS(TSID="3553.NOAA.TempMin.Day",
 NewTSID="3553.NOAA.FrostDateF28F.Year",
  Statistic=DayOfFirstLE, TestValue=28,
  SearchStart="07/01")
Free(TSID="*.*.TempMin.*")
WriteStateCU(OutputFile="Results/Test.FrostDates")
```

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