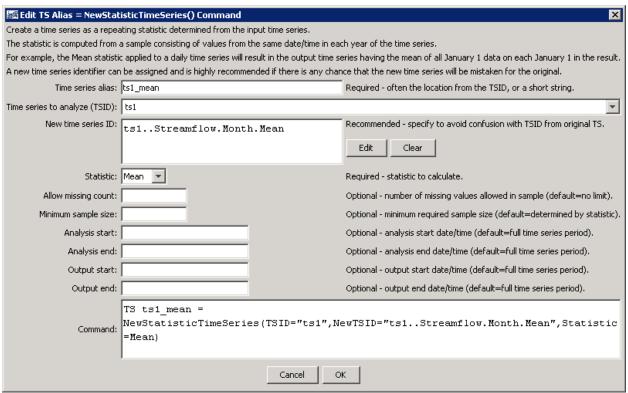# Command Reference: TS Alias = NewStatisticTimeSeries()

Create a time series containing a repeating year of statistics determined from a time series

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The `TS Alias = NewStatisticTimeSeries()` command uses data from a time series to calculate a statistic for each interval in the year, and assigns the statistic value to each corresponding interval for the full period. For example, for a statistic of `Mean` calculated from a daily time series, all January 1 values will be averaged and the resulting January 1 values for the entire time series will be set to the mean value. Similarly, if monthly data are analyzed, all January values in the result will be set to the mean of the January values in the original time series. This command is useful for superimposing the long-term historical statistic on the original time series or real-time conditions. Leap year statistics are computed and are only visible in leap years of the output time series. Missing data in the original time series will by default still result in the statistic being computed, but the `AllowMissingCount` and `MinimumSampleSize` parameters control the impacts of missing values.

The following dialog is used to edit the command and illustrates the syntax for the command.

TS Alias = NewStatisticTimeSeries() Command Editor

The command syntax is as follows:

```
TS Alias = NewStatisticTimeSeries(Parameter=value,…)
```

Command Parameters

Parameter	Description	Default
Alias	The alias of the new time series, which can be used instead of the TSID in other commands.	None – must be specified.
TSID	The time series identifier (or alias) of the time series to analyze.	None – must be specified.
NewTSID	The time series identifier to be assigned to the new time series, which is useful to avoid confusion with the original time series.	None – use the same identifier as the original time series.
Statistic	See the **Available Statistics** table below.	None – must be specified.
Allow Missing Count	The number of missing values allowed in the source interval(s) in order to produce a result. This capability should be used with care because it may result in data that are not representative of actual conditions.	Allow any number of missing values.
MinimumSampleSize	The minimum number of values required in the sample to compute the statistic. If the minimum sample size is not available, the result will be set to missing.	Minimum sample size is defined by the statistic.
AnalysisStart	The date/time for the analysis start, using a precision that matches the original time series. This controls the sample size.	Analyze the full period.
AnalysisEnd	The date/time for the analysis start, using a precision that matches the original time series. This controls the sample size.	Analyze the full period.
OutputStart	The date/time for the output start, using a precision that matches the original time series. The repeating statistic will fill this period.	Output the full period.
OutputEnd	The date/time for the analysis start, using a precision that matches the original time series. The repeating statistic will fill this period.	Output the full period.

Available Statistics

Statistic	Description	Limitations
Max	Maximum of all values in the sample.	None.
Mean	Mean of all values in the sample.	None.
Median	Median of all values in the sample.	None.
Min	Minimum of all values in the sample.	None.

Examples

The following example command file illustrates how to generate test data and a corresponding statistics time series:

```
# Test of computing a statistic time series for monthly data,
# Assign 2 months of data so that the mean is different from any month
TS ts1 = NewPatternTimeSeries(NewTSID="ts1..Streamflow.Month",Description="Test data",
    SetStart="1950-01",SetEnd="1951-12",Units="CFS",
    PatternValues=".5,1.5,,3.5,4.5,5.5,6.5,7.5,8.5,9.5,10.5,11.5,1.5,2.5,3.5,
    4.5,5.5,6.5,7.5,8.5,9.5,10.5,11.5,12.5")
# Double the above
TS ts2 = NewPatternTimeSeries(NewTSID="ts2..Streamflow.Month",
    Description="Test data",
    SetStart="1951-01",SetEnd="1952-12",Units="CFS",
    PatternValues="1.5,3.5,,7.5,9.5,11.5,13.5,15.5,17.5,19.5,
    21.5,23.5,2.5,4.5,6.5,8.5,10.5,12.5,14.5,16.5,18.5,20.5,22.5,24.5")
TS ts1_mean = NewStatisticTimeSeries(TSID="ts1",NewTSID="ts1..Streamflow.Month.Mean",
    Statistic=Mean)
TS ts2_mean = NewStatisticTimeSeries(TSID="ts2",NewTSID="ts2..Streamflow.Month.Mean",
    Statistic=Mean)
WriteDateValue(OutputFile="Results\Test_NewStatisticTimeSeries_Month_Mean_out.dv")
```

The following figure illustrates the results. Note that by default the statistic is computed even if missing values exist in the sample. This can be controlled by the `AllowMissingCount` and `MinimumSampleSize` parameters.

DATE	ts1, Streamflow, CFS	ts2, Streamflow, CFS	ts1_mean, Streamflow, CFS	ts2_mean, Streamflow, CFS
1950-01	0.50		1.00	
1950-02	1.50		2.00	
1950-03			3.50	
1950-04	3.50		4.00	
1950-05	4.50		5.00	
1950-06	5.50		6.00	
1950-07	6.50		7.00	
1950-08	7.50		8.00	
1950-09	8.50		9.00	
1950-10	9.50		10.00	
1950-11	10.50		11.00	
1950-12	11.50		12.00	
1951-01	1.50	1.50	1.00	2.00
1951-02	2.50	3.50	2.00	4.00
1951-03	3.50		3.50	6.50
1951-04	4.50	7.50	4.00	8.00
1951-05	5.50	9.50	5.00	10.00
1951-06	6.50	11.50	6.00	12.00
1951-07	7.50	13.50	7.00	14.00
1951-08	8.50	15.50	8.00	16.00
1951-09	9.50	17.50	9.00	18.00
1951-10	10.50	19.50	10.00	20.00
1951-11	11.50	21.50	11.00	22.00
1951-12	12.50	23.50	12.00	24.00
1952-01		2.50		2.00
1952-02		4.50		4.00
1952-03		6.50		6.50
1952-04		8.50		8.00
1952-05		10.50		10.00
1952-06		12.50		12.00
1952-07		14.50		14.00
1952-08		16.50		16.00
1952-09		18.50		18.00
1952-10		20.50		20.00
1952-11		22.50		22.00
1952-12		24.50		24.00

Graph | Summary | Save | Close

Currently-selected worksheet interval: Month