Appendix: DateValue Input Type

Overview

The DateValue time series file format can be used to store one or more time series of consistent time interval. The format has been developed by Riverside Technology, inc. The example below shows the format of the file. Important comments about the file format are:

- The file is divided into a header section (top) and data section (bottom). Comments can occur anywhere in the file and are lines that start with #.
- The default delimiter between property columns and data columns is a space. Use the Delimiter property to reset the delimiter (e.g., to a tab). Adjacent delimiters WILL NOT be merged into one column.
- If not specified, many of the header properties will be set to reasonable defaults as data are read by software such as TSTool. However, as much information as possible should be specified to allow complete time series handling. Header information is displayed by applications like TSTool to allow selection of time series before the data section is read.
- Properties are checked in a case-independent fashion.
- The TSID, Start, End, and Units properties are important for basic time series handling.
- The interval part of the TSID is used to determine how memory should be allocated for data.
- The Start and End values are used to allocate memory for regular interval time series. Dates associated with data values are used to allocate memory for irregular interval time series.
- For regular interval time series, if data lines between the start and end dates are omitted, the unspecified values are set to the missing data value for the time series (default is -999).

```
# DateValueTS 1.1 file
# This is a sample of a typical DateValue minute time series. This format
# was developed by Riverside Technology, inc. to store time series data. An
# example file is as follows and conforms to the following guidelines:
\# * Comments are lines that start with \#.
 * Applications often add a comments section at the top indicating how the
   file was created
# * Any line that starts with a number is assumed to be a data line.
# * Date hours should be in the range 0 to 23 (an hour of 24 will be
   converted to hour 0 of the next day).
@. If a space is used, use a date and time column headings,
   if headings are used.
# * The same general format is used for year, month, day, hour, and minute
   data, except the format of the date is adjusted accordingly.
# * If multiple time series are written, header variables are delimited with
   space or tab characters. Data are delimited by tab or space (or use the
   Delimiter property to set the delimiters used for data lines)
# * Internally, the time series identifier may initially be set using the file
   name. For example, a file name of XXX.USGS.Streamflow.MONTH will result
   in the location being set to "XXX", the data source to "USGS", the data
   type to "Streamflow", and the interval to 1 month. The identifier
   information is reset if individual properties are specified in the file.
# * This format is free-format and additional information may be added in
   future (e.g., data quality strings).
 * For portability, data in a DateValue file should have compatible intervals.
```

```
# * Header variables and column headers can be enclosed in double quotes if
   the data contain spaces.
# * Missing data can either be coded as the missing data value or no value
# * Missing records will result in missing data being used when read.
# The following header variables are recognized. This information can be
# used by software.
Version = 1.1
                             # Optional. File format version
                             # (to handle format changes)
Delimiter = " "
                             # Optional. Delimiter for property and data lines
                             # (default is space)
NumTS = 2
                             # Optional. Number of time series in file
                             # (default is 1)
TSID = "XXX.USGS.Streamflow.15MINUTE" "YYY.USGS.Streamflow.15Minute"
                             # Required.
                             # List of time series identifiers in file
                             # Location.Source.DataType.Interval.Scenario
                             # Do not include input type and name in identifier
Alias = "XXXX-Streamflow" "YYYY-Streamflow"
                             # Optional - assign the time series alias
SequenceNum = 1950 1951
                             # Optional - used with time series traces.
                             # Indicates the year for the trace
Description = "Flow at XXX" "Flow at Y"
                             # Optional. Description for each time series.
# Optional. Indicates whether data flags (e.g.,
DataFlags = true,1 false
                             # character data quality) are provided. If true,
                             # specify the maximum number of characters that
                             # will be be used in any flag (the default is 2 if
                             # not specified). The data value column for each
                             # time series with data flags is followed by a
                             # column for the data flag. Surround the flags by
                             # "" if a flag is not specified or is a space.
DataType = Streamflow Streamflow
                             # Optional. Data types for each time series
                             # (consistent with TSID if specified).
                             # The default is to use the data type in the TSID
                             # Supplied to simplify use by other programs.
Units = CFS CFS
                             # Optional. Units for each time series
                             # (default is no units).
MissingVal = -999 -999
                             # Optional. Missing data value for each
                             # time series (default is -999).
IncludeCount = true
                             # Optional. If true, column after date/time
                             # is record count (1...) (default is false).
IncludeTotalTime = true
                             # Optional. If true, column after date
                             # is cumulative time (0...) (default is false).
# Both of above can be true, and both columns will be added after the date
Start = 1996-10-18:00:00
                             # Required. Start date for time series
End = 1997-06-14:00:00
                             # Required. End date for time series
                             # Period dates should be of a precision consistent
                             # with the dates used in the data section below.
# Optional. The following line can be read into a spreadsheet or database for
# headers. The lines above this line can be ignored in a spreadsheet import.
# The number of headings should agree with the number of columns.
Date "Time" "Count" "TotalTime" "Description 1" "DataFlag1" "Description 2"
1996-10-18 00:00 1 0 110.74 "m" 14.2
1996-10-18 00:15 2 15 113.24 "" 13.7
```

DateValue Files and Standard Time Series Properties

The standard time series identifier for DateValue files is of the form:

Location.DataSource.DataType.Interval.Scenario~DateValue~PathToFile

Because DateValue time series files are a persistent storage format for in-memory time series objects that have been developed by RTi, the properties stored in the file closely match the standard time series properties of the objects. In particular, the time series data type, units, and missing data value are consistent with time series header information. The TSID property in a DateValue file is directly applied to time series objects read from the file, allowing explicit identification of the time series in the file, regardless of the name of the file. This allows multiple time series to be saved in a single file. The data source typically agrees with that determined from a data-supplying agency or model that generates the data.

Limitations

DateValue files have the following limitations:

- The header information in DateValue files may be too technical for some general tools. However, simple delimited files cannot be handled as rigorously by some applications, like TSTool. Spreadsheets can import DateValue files easily by ignoring the header lines.
- Because date/time values are included on every data line, processing DateValue time series files requires more disk space and processing time. However, using the dates on each line also allows gaps in data to be omitted from the file. Inclusion of the date/times for each data point is considered a reasonable trade-off to ensure data quality and readability. Many other time series file formats also include the date/time on each line.

DateValue Input Type	
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