
Command Reference: RunSql()

Run an SQL statement on a datastore

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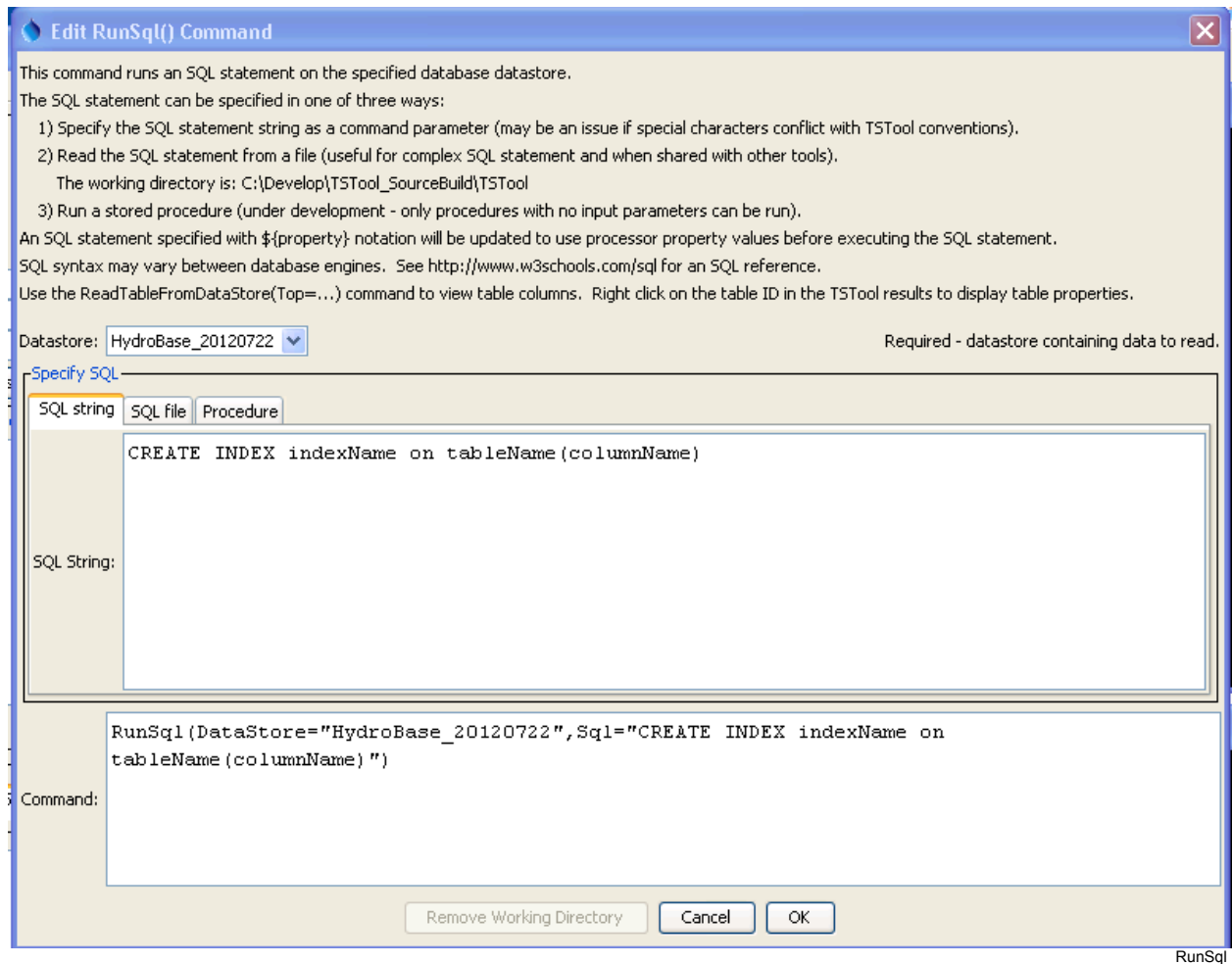
The `ReadSql()` command executes a Structured Query Language (SQL) statement on the specified database datastore. This command cannot be used with web service datastores because the underlying software relies on a database to execute the SQL statement. If database datastore support is not specifically provided by TSTool, a generic datastore can be used (see the **Generic Database DataStore** appendix). See also the `ReadTableFromDataStore()`, `WriteTableToDataStore()`, and other commands specific to datastores. This command is useful when a database task needs to be automated in sequence with other TSTool commands. The SQL statement can be specified in the following ways:

- Specify a SQL statement as a command parameter:
 - SQL must be valid for the database (syntax may vary based on database software).
 - Use `${Property}` notation to insert processor property values set with `SetProperty()`.
 - SQL syntax is not checked for validity and therefore error messages from the database may be more difficult to interpret.
- Specify an SQL select statement in a file:
 - Similar to the above option; however, the SQL statement is read from a file.
 - Useful if the SQL statement is also used by other tools.
- Specify a procedure to run:
 - Available procedures are listed and can be selected.
 - Currently, only procedures that do not require parameters can be run.

General constraints on executing the statement are as follows:

- The table, views, and procedures being queried must be readable (some databases restrict direct access to data and require using stored procedures).
- Any SQL statement can be run; consequently, suitable authentication and permissions should be in place to protect against unintended changes to the database
- SQL syntax varies between database software so care should be taken to use standard SQL if possible.
- Results from the statement currently are not displayed, although errors will be shown and added to the log file. Use the `ReadTableFromDataStore()` command to process statements that return a result set.

The following dialog is used to edit the command and illustrates the syntax for the command, in this case creating a database index.



RunSql() Command Editor

The command syntax is as follows:

```
RunSql (Parameter=Value, ...)
```

Command Parameters

Parameter	Description	Default
DataStore	The name of a database datastore.	None – must be specified.
Sql	The SQL statement text that will be executed, optionally using <code>\${Property}</code> notation to insert processor property values. If specified, do not specify <code>SqlFile</code> or <code>DataStoreProcedure</code> .	None.
SqlFile	The name of the file containing an SQL statement to execute, optionally using <code>\${Property}</code> notation in the SQL file contents to insert processor property values. If specified, do not specify <code>Sql</code> or <code>DataStoreProcedure</code> .	None.
DataStore Procedure	The name of the database procedure to run. Currently, only procedures that do not require parameters can be run. If specified, do not specify <code>Sql</code> or <code>SqlFile</code> .	None.

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