## Command Reference: WriteTableToGeoJSON()

Write a table to a GeoJSON file

Version 11.12.00, 2016-08-20

The WriteTableToGeoJSON () command writes a table to a GeoJSON file, which is a spatial data format that can be viewed in geographic information system (GIS) software and other visualization tools. See:

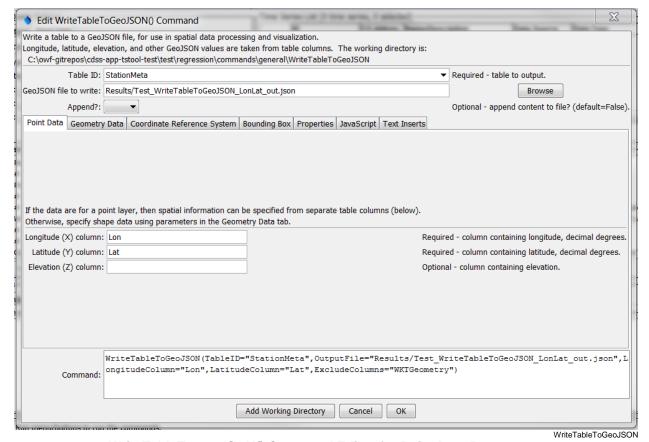
http://geojson.org/geojson-spec.html

The table must include columns for longitude and latitude or a column containing Well Known Text (WKT) geometry strings. See:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Well-known\_text

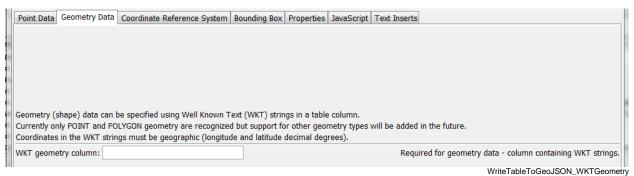
Currently only point and polygon data can be processed but in the future support for well-known text for other geometry types will be added. A future enhancement of this command will allow the geometry feature data to be read from other spatial formats.

The following dialog is used to edit the command and illustrates the command syntax for point data in separate columns.



WriteTableToGeoJSON() Command Editor for Point Data Parameters

The following figure illustrates the command syntax for layers specified with a geometry data column.



WriteTableToGeoJSON() Command Editor for Geometry Data Parameter

The following figure illustrates the command syntax for coordinate reference system parameter.



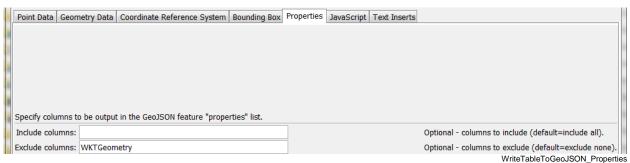
WriteTableToGeoJSON() Command Editor for Coordinate Reference System Parameter

The following figure illustrates the command syntax for bounding box parameters.



WriteTableToGeoJSON() Command Editor for Bounding Box Parameters

The following figure illustrates the command syntax for specifying table columns to include as properties in the GeoJSON output.



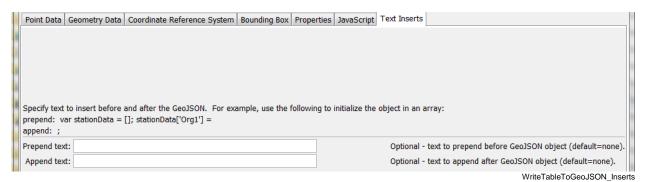
WriteTableToGeoJSON() Command Editor for Property Parameters

The following figure illustrates the command syntax for specifying the JavaScript variable for the output object.

```
Point Data | Geometry Data | Coordinate Reference System | Bounding Box | Properties | JavaScript | Text Inserts
 The default is to output GeoJSon in a format similar to the following:
   "type": "FeatureCollection",
    "features": [
        "type": "Feature",
         "properties": {
         "geometry": {
           "type": "Point",
           "coordinates": [-105.89194, 38.99333]
     }, { repeat for each feature },...
   1
 The entire output will correspond to one JavaScript object.
 However, if a JavaScript variable is specified, the object will be assigned to a JavaScript variable. This allows direct use of the file in a website.
JavaScript variable:
                                                                                               Optional - JavaScript variable for GeoJSON object (default=none).
                                                                                                                              WriteTableToGeoJSON JavaScript
```

WriteTableToGeoJSON() Command Editor for JavaScript Parameters

The following figure illustrates the command syntax for specifying inserts before and after the GeoJSON content.



WriteTableToGeoJSON() Command Editor for Text Insert Parameters

The command syntax is as follows:

WriteTableToGeoJSON(Parameter=Value,...)

## **Command Parameters**

Parameter	Description	Default
TableID	Identifier for the table to write. Can be specified using	None – must be
	\${Property} notation.	specified.
OutputFile	The name of the GeoJSON file to write, as an absolute path or	None – must be
-	relative to the command file location. Can be specified using	specified.
	\${Property} notation.	
Append	Indicate whether to append the GeoJSON content to the output	False
	file, True or False.	
Longitude	The name of the table column that contains longitude. Can be	None – must be
Column	specified using \${Property} notation.	specified.
Latitude	The name of the table column that contains latitude. Can be	None – must be
Column	specified using \${Property} notation.	specified.
Elevation	The name of the table column that contains elevation. Can be	Elevation is
Column	specified using \${Property} notation.	omitted.
WKTGeometry	The name of the table column that contains Well Known Text	
Column	(WKT) geometry strings. Can be specified using	
	\${Property} notation.	
CRSText	Full text to define the coordinate reference system using the	No crs property
	crs GeoJSON property. The text will be inserted at the top	is included which
	level of the GeoJSON. This should be used when other than	means that
	geographic coordinates are used. For more information, see:	GeoJSON defaults
	http://geojson.org/geojson-spec.html#named-crs	to EPSG: 4326
	• <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spatial_reference_system">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spatial_reference_system</a>	(geographic).
	http://spatialreference.org/	
IncludeBBox	Indicate whether to include bbox GeoJSON property for the	True
	full layer.	
Include	Indicate whether to include bbox GeoJSON property for each	True
FeatureBBox	feature.	
IncludeColumns	List of comma-separated table column names to include as	Include all
	feature properties. Can be specified using \${Property}	columns.
	notation.	
ExcludeColumns	List of comma-separated table column names to exclude as	Exclude no
	feature properties. Can be specified using \${Property}	columns.
	notation.	
JavaScriptVar	Name of JavaScript variable to assign object to in output. This	Output GeoJSON
	parameter will be ignored if PrependText or AppendText	object surrounded
	are specified. Can be specified using \${Property} notation.	by { }.
PrependText	Provide text to insert before the GeoJSON object, for example	No insert.
	to provide custom JavaScript. Can be specified using	
	\${Property} notation.	
AppendText	Provide text to append after the GeoJSON object, for example	
	to provide custom JavaScript. Can be specified using	
	\${Property} notation.	

The following example illustrates a CSV table that specifies WKT for points (see WKTGeometry column):

```
"ID","ID_text","Lon","Lat","Name","WKTGeometry"
50263,050263,-105.891940,38.993330,ANTERO RSVR,"POINT (-105.891940 38.993330)"
50454,050454,-105.476670,39.404720,BAILEY,"POINT (-105.476670 39.404720)"
50848,050848,-105.266670,39.991940,BOULDER,"POINT (-105.266670 39.991940)"
```

The following example illustrates a CSV table that specifies WKT for polygons:

```
"ID", "ID_text", "Lon", "Lat", "Name", "WKTGeometry" 50263,050263,-105.891940,38.993330,ANTERO RSVR, "POLYGON (-105.891940 38.993330,-106 39,-106 37.5)" 50454,050454,-105.476670,39.404720,BAILEY, "POLYGON (-105.476670 39.404720, -104 39, -103 37.5)"
```

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