Command Reference: WriteTimeSeriesToExcel()

Write one or more time series to a Microsoft Excel workbook file

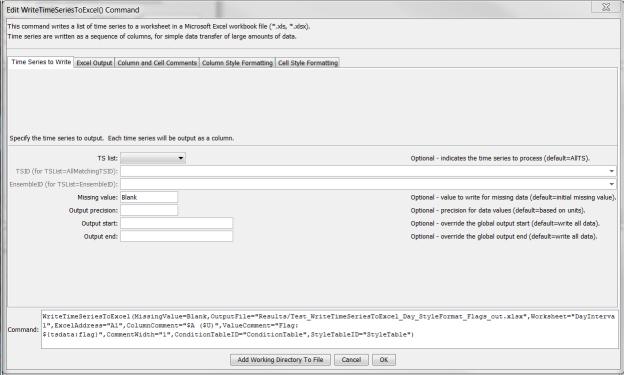
Version 11.04.00, 2015-07-06

The WriteTimeSeriesToExcel () command writes one or more time series to an Excel workbook. The following functionality is provided:

- Time series are written in columns (see WriteTimeSeriesToExcelBlock() for alternate formatting options).
- The worksheet and position in worksheet can be specified.
- The output can be created or appended.
- Separate columns can be written for date/time, date, and/or time. Currently date/time values are written as strings but Excel date objects will be enabled in the future.
- Cell comments can be formatted using data flags and other time series properties.

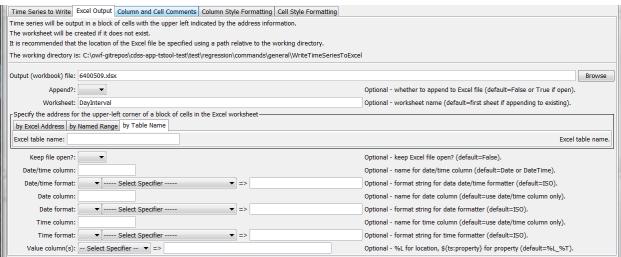
TSTool uses the Apache POI software (http://poi.apache.org) to read/write the Excel file and consequently functionality is constrained by the features of that software package.

The following figures illustrate the dialog used to edit the command and the syntax for the command.



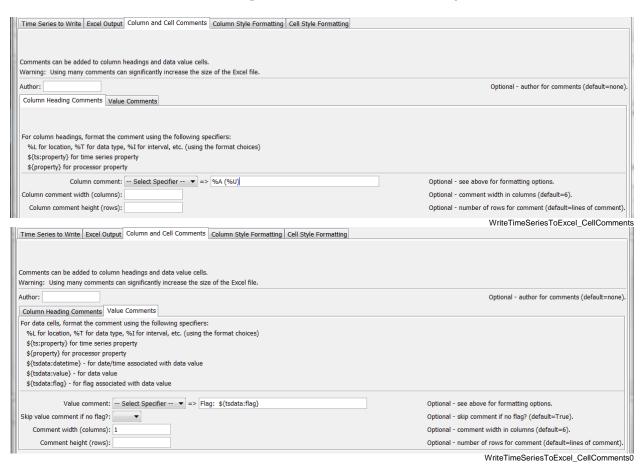
WriteTimeSeriesToExcel

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Editor



WriteTimeSeriesToExcel_ExcelOutput

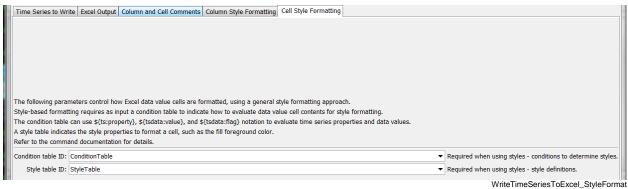
WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Editor for Excel Output Parameters



WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Editor for Column and Cell Comments Parameters

Time Series to Write Excel Output Column and Cell Comments Column Style Formatting Cell Style Formatting	
The following parameters control how Excel column heading cells are formatted, using a general style formatting approach.	
Style-based formatting requires as input a condition table to indicate how to evaluate column heading contents for style formatting.	
The condition table can use \${ts:property} notation to evaluate time series properties.	
A style table indicates the style properties to format a cell, such as the fill foreground color. Refer to the command documentation for details.	
Column condition table ID:	▼ Required when using styles - conditions to determine styles.
Column style table ID:	Required when using styles - style definitions.
	WriteTimeSeriesToExcel_ColumnStyleFormat

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Editor for Column Cell Style Formatting Parameters



WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Editor for Data Value Cell Style Formatting Parameters

The command syntax is as follows:

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel(Parameter=Value,...)

Command Parameters

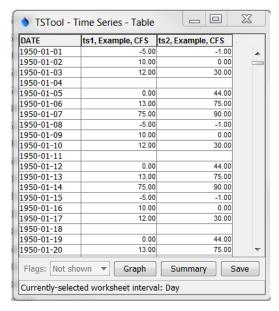
Parameter	Description	Default
TSList	Indicates the list of time series to be processed, one	AllTS
	of:	
	• AllMatchingTSID – all time series that match	
	the TSID (single TSID or TSID with wildcards)	
	will be processed.	
	• AllTS – all time series before the command.	
	• EnsembleID – all time series in the ensemble will be processed.	
	• FirstMatchingTSID – the first time series	
	that matches the TSID (single TSID or TSID	
	with wildcards) will be processed.	
	• LastMatchingTSID – the last time series that	
	matches the TSID (single TSID or TSID with	
	wildcards) will be processed.	

Parameter	Description	Default
	• SelectedTS – the time series are those	
	selected with the SelectTimeSeries()	
	command.	
TSID	The time series identifier or alias for the time series to	Required if
	be processed, using the * wildcard character to match	TSList=*TSID.
	multiple time series. Can be specified using	
	<pre>processor \${Property}.</pre>	
EnsembleID	The ensemble to be processed, if processing an	Required if
	ensemble. Can be specified using processor	TSList=
	\${Property}.	EnsembleID.
MissingValue	Value to write to Excel for missing data values.	Original missing
		value.
Precision	The number of digits after the decimal for data	Determine from
	values.	units.
OutputStart	The date/time for the start of the output. Can be	Use the global
	specified using processor \${Property}.	output period.
OutputEnd	The date/time for the end of the output. Can be	Use the global
	specified using processor \${Property}.	output period.
OutputFile	The name of the Excel workbook file (*.xls or *.xlsx)	None – must be
	to write, as an absolute path or relative to the	specified.
	command file location. If the Excel file does not	
	exist it will be created. Can be specified using	
	<pre>processor \${Property}.</pre>	
Append	Indicate whether the sheet being written should	False – create a
	appended to an existing workbook.	new workbook.
Worksheet	The name of the worksheet in the workbook to write.	Write to the first
	If the worksheet does not exist it will be created. Can	worksheet.
	be specified using processor \${Property}.	
ExcelAddress	Indicates the block of cells to write, using Excel	Must specify
	address notation (e.g., A1:D10).	address using one
		of available address
ExcelNamedRange	Indicates the block of cells to write, using an Excel	parameters.
Excernameditarige	named range.	Must specify address using one
	named range.	of available address
		parameters.
ExcelTableName	Indicates the block of cells to write, using an Excel	Must specify
	named range.	address using one
		of available address
		parameters.
KeepOpen	Indicate whether to keep the Excel file open (True)	False
	or close after creating (False). Keeping the file	
	open will increase performance because later	
	commands will not need to reread the workbook.	
	Make sure to close the file in the last Excel command.	
DateTime	The name of the column for the date/time.	Date if day,
Column		month, or year
		interval,

Parameter	Description	Default
		DateTime
		otherwise.
DateTime	Specify the date/time formatter type, which indicates	С
FormatterType	the syntax for DateTimeFormat. Currently, only	
	C is supported, corresponding to the C programming	
	language strftime() function, which is also used	
	by other software (see Linux date command).	
DateTime	The format used to expand the date/time	
Format	corresponding to each time series data value. The	
	format string can contain literal strings and specifiers	
	supported by the DateTimeFormatterType.	
DateColumn	The name of the column for the date, if date and time	Date
	need to be in separate columns.	
Date	Specify the date/time formatter type, which indicates	С
FormatterType	the syntax for DateFormat. Currently, only C is	
	supported, corresponding to the C programming	
	language strftime() function, which is also used	
	by other software (see Linux date command).	
DateFormat	The format used to expand the date/time	
	corresponding to each time series data value. The	
	format string can contain literal strings and specifiers	
	supported by the DateFormatterType.	
TimeColumn	The name of the column for the time, if date and time	Time
	need to be in separate columns.	
Time	Specify the date/time formatter type, which indicates	С
FormatterType	the syntax for TimeFormat. Currently, only C is	
	supported, corresponding to the C programming	
	language strftime() function, which is also used	
	by other software (see Linux date command).	
TimeFormat	The format used to expand the date/time	
	corresponding to each time series data value. The	
	format string can contain literal strings and specifiers	
	supported by the TimeFormatterType.	
ValueColumns	The name(s) of the column(s) corresponding to each	%L_%T
	time series, to use for the values. Specify with %	
	formatters, \${ts:property} and	
	\${property}. In the future a parameter may be	
	added to more specifically define the column names.	
Author	Name to use in comments for author.	No author
ColumnComment	A string to format for column heading comments for	No comments.
	each time series. See ValueColumns for	
	formatting options.	
ColumnComment	Width of column comments (number of columns).	6
Width		
ColumnComment	Height of column comments (number of rows).	Number of lines in
Height		comment.

Parameter	Description	Default
ValueComment	See ValueColumns for formatting options. The	No comments.
	string \${tsdata:flag} can also be specified to	
	include the data flag for the cell.	
SkipValueComment	Indicate whether the ValueComment should be	True
IfNoFlag	skipped if the data flag for a cell is blank.	
CommentWidth	Width of data value comments (number of columns).	6
CommentHeight	Height of data value comments (number of rows).	Number of lines in comment.
ColumnCondition	Identifier for condition table used to format column	Style formatting is
TableID	headings (see below). Can be specified using	not used.
	<pre>processor \${Property}.</pre>	
ColumnStyleTable	Identifier for style table used to format column	Style formatting is
ID	headings (see below). Can be specified using	not used.
	<pre>processor \${Property}.</pre>	
Condition	Identifier for condition table used to format data	Style formatting is
TableID	value cells (see below). Can be specified using	not used.
	<pre>processor \${Property}.</pre>	
StyleTableID	Identifier for style table used to format data value	Style formatting is
	cells (see below). Can be specified using processor	not used.
	\${Property}.	

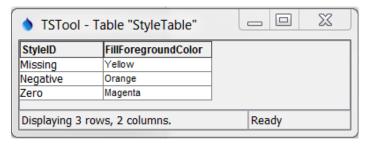
Excel cell formatting consists of number formatting, cell colors, cell width, etc. The **Style Formatting** tab provides general formatting capabilities for data cells. Consider the following time series data table, where the goal is to write the TSTool time series to Excel and format cells to indicate specific conditions of interest. This approach is implemented similarly in the WriteTableToExcel() command.



WriteTimeSeriesToExcel_DataTable

Data Table used with WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Style Formatting

To configure style-based formatting, a style table is defined listing properties for formatting cells. This table can be defined as a CSV file, Excel worksheet or other format and read into TSTool using a suitable command. The following figure illustrates a basic style table, which can be shared among commands.



WriteTableToExcel_StyleTable

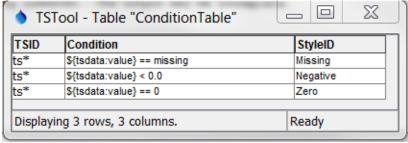
Style Table used with WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command for Specific Checks and Formatting

The following style table column names are recognized. The default values for cell style properties not listed in the table are those provided by Excel.

Recognized Style Table Column Names

Column Name	Description	Default
StyleID	An identifier for the style, which is used in the	None – must be
	format table below.	specified.
FillForegroundColor	The foreground fill color as a named color (e.g.,	No fill color.
	"Red"), RGB triplet (255,255,255), or hex color	
	0xffffff. The following named colors are	
	recognized: black, blue, cyan, darkgray,	
	gray, green, lightgray, magenta, none,	
	orange, pink, red, white, yellow.	
FillPattern	Fill pattern for cells using	Currently always
	FillForegroundColor and	defaults to solid.
	FillBackgroundColor.	

The condition table indicates how the styles are used for time series data. The following example indicates that any time series with identifier (or alias) starting with "ts" should be processed to evaluate for missing, negative, and zero values.



WriteTimeSeriesToExcel_ConditionTable

Condition Table used with WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command for Specific Checks and Formatting

The column names for the condition table must be specified as shown. The **Condition** column recognizes the following specifiers:

• \${ts:property} - a time series property, which can be used to format comments for column headings or data value cells

- \${tsdata:value} the time series data value, used to evaluate numerical conditions (cannot be used to format column headings)
- \${tsdata:flag} the time series flag, used to evaluate string conditions (cannot be used to format column headings)

Values on the left and right of the operator must be separated with spaces to facilitate parsing the condition. The *Condition* column recognizes the following operators:

Condition Table Operators

Operator	Description
<	Less than.
<=	Less than or equal to.
==	Equal to. Specify the right-side value as missing to check for missing.
!=	Not equal to. Specify the right-side value as missing to check for missing.
>	Greater than.
>=	Greater than or equal to.
contains	Specify for string values to check for substring (case-dependent).
startswith	Specify for string values to check for substring at start (case-dependent).
endswith	Specify for string values to check for substring at end (case-dependent).

Multiple conditions can be specified by using AND (surrounded by a single space) between conditions.

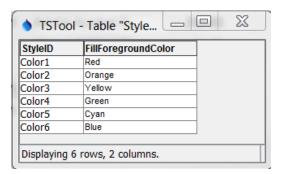
The following figure illustrates the output from the above example.

4	Α	В	С
1	Date	ts1_Example	ts2_Example
2	1950-01-01	-5	-1
3	1950-01-02	10	0
4	1950-01-03	12	30
5	1950-01-04		
6	1950-01-05	0	44
7	1950-01-06	13	75
8	1950-01-07	75	90
9	1950-01-08	-5	-1
10	1950-01-09	10	0
11	1950-01-10	12	30
12	1950-01-11		
13	1950-01-12	0	44

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel_Output

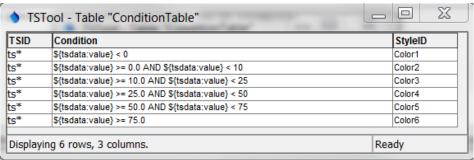
WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Example Output for Specific Checks and Formatting

The following example illustrates using multiple conditions to implement a color scale.



WriteTableToExcel_StyleTable2

Style Table used with WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command for a Color Scale



WriteTimeSeriesToExcel_ConditionTable2

Condition Table used with WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command for a Color Scale

	Α	В	С
1	Date	ts1_MyData	ts2_MyData
2	1950-01-01	-5	-1
3	1950-01-02	10	0
4	1950-01-03	12	30
5	1950-01-04		
6	1950-01-05	0	44
7	1950-01-06	13	
8	1950-01-07	75	
9	1950-01-08	-5	-1
10	1950-01-09	10	0
11	1950-01-10	12	30
12	1950-01-11		
13	1950-01-12	0	44
14	1950-01-13	13	
15	1950-01-14	75	
16	1950-01-15	-5	-1

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel_Output2

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() Command Example Output for Style Formatting

WriteTimeSeriesToExcel() C	Command
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TSTool Documentation

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