# OpenCoin

a protocol for privacy preserving electronic cash payments

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For more information go to <a href="https://opencoin.org">https://opencoin.org</a>

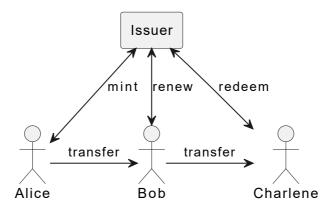


# Intro

We propose a protocol that allows cash-like payments in the electronic world. It is based on the invention by David Chaum <sup>1</sup>. The main focus are *untraceable* payments, which means that even though there is a central entity (called the issuer, something like a bank), this central entity can't see the transactions happening. This is good for the privacy of the users.

The focus of the project is the protocol. This means we standardize the way we exchange messages and their content in order to make electronic cash payments. But we don't deliver an implementation here. That is the scope of other project(s). OpenCoin is the foundation to build upon.

#### How does it work?



This is a high level (but strongly simplified) image describing the basic system. We have three participants: Alice and Bob are normal users, while the Issuer is something like a bank, capable of minting coins. It also acts as an exchange for 'real-world' currency. At this high level it works as follows:

- 1. Alice asks the Issuer to **mint** coins. This is done in a special way using *blind signatures*, which means that the coins *can't be linked to her* later on.
- 2. Alice then **transfers** the coins to Bob. She can do that any way she wants, e.g. using WhatsApp, Email or any other system of her choice (also depending on what her client software supports). This could even be done by printing the coins and handing them over.
- 3. Bob then **renews** the coins. He swaps the coins he got from Alice for fresh coins. This way he protects himself against Alice "accidentally" using the coins

- somewhere else. One can spend opencoins only once, so *double spending* needs to be ruled out, and this is done by immediately renewing received coins.
- 4. Bob might **transfer** the coins to yet another person, Charlene
- 5. Charlene decides to **redeem** the coins, meaning she asks the issuer to swap the opencoins for real-world money.

On **blind signatures**: at the core a coin is a serial number with a signature from the mint. In order to ensure that *a coin can't be traced back to the original client* we use blind signatures.

Imagine Bob hands in a coin that Alice had minted. In order to ensure the coin can't be traced back to Alice, the issuer has to sign the serial number without seeing it. In non-technical terms Alice puts the serial number in an envelope (along with carbon copy paper), and the issuer actually signs the envelope. Because of the carbon copy paper the signature presses through onto the serial number. Alice can then open up the envelope and has a signed serial, without the issuer ever seeing it.

### Who is it for?

OpenCoin (the protocol) allows the development of applications for electronic cash. So firstly OpenCoin is targeted at developers. These applications however should allow everyone to make and receive electronic payments. It still requires somebody to run the central issuer. This issuer would issue an OpenCoin based electronic money system. Because electronic money is quite regulated in Europe (and other countries), the issuer would be most likely a regulated electronic money provider or a bank. We think, that a central bank would be the best issuer, because central banks issue money anyhow. But nothing technical stops you from using OpenCoin for your private project  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

# **Alternatives**

Why don't just use one of the alternatives?

# Bitcoin / blockchain

Bitcoin (or blockchain in the more general form) is basically the opposite of OpenCoin: transfers have to happen within the system, they are visible to everybody, there is no central instance, there is no guaranteed value you can redeem the bitcoins for.

OpenCoin on the contrary makes the transfers invisible and untraceable, and has a central instance that is able to guarantee a value if you redeem the OpenCoin.

One could say that bitcoin behaves more like gold, while OpenCoin behaves more like cash.

# **GNU Taler**

GNU Taler is build around the same central idea as OpenCoin. It started later, and is more complete than OpenCoin. They differ in the way the take care of the renewal step and coin splitting. They also make more assumptions regarding the clients (e.g. clients having key identifying them), they have clearer roles (e.g. consumer and merchant) and by all of this hope to get around the inherent problems of untraceable transfers, e.g. tax-ability.

The trade-off seems to be that their system is harder is more complex and harder to understand. We also doubt that these complexities are necessary to reach the stated goals. We also doubt that the goals can really be reached, and also find that the system's documentation is quite hard to understand. This might be because they deliver implementations for all necessary software components, and are not really targeted at other implementations of they system.

Because of all this one could say that GNU Taler is less open to other developers.

### **Problems**

- Tax
- Money laundering
- Blackmail and other crime

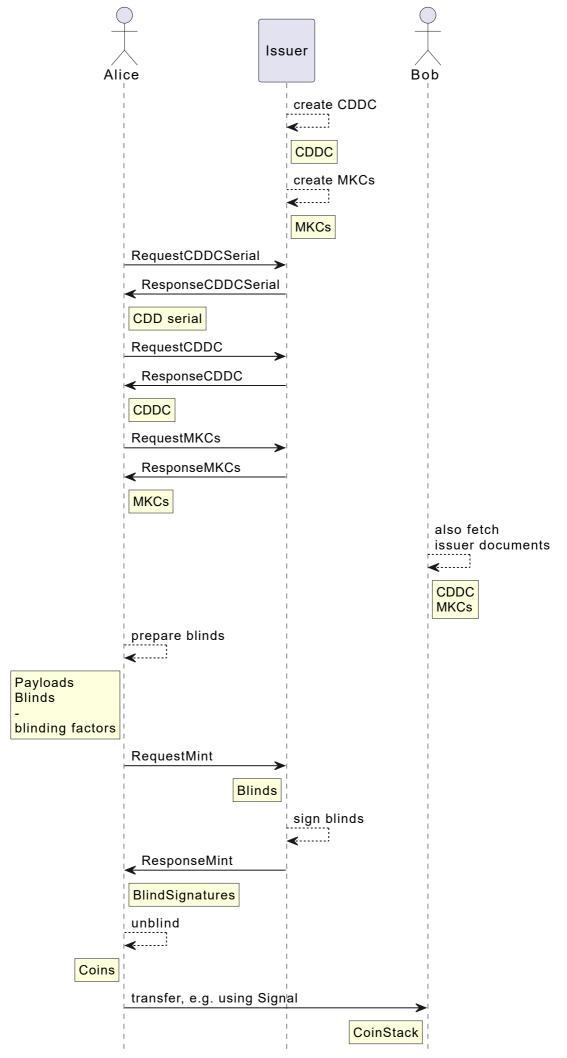
# The OpenCoin protocol

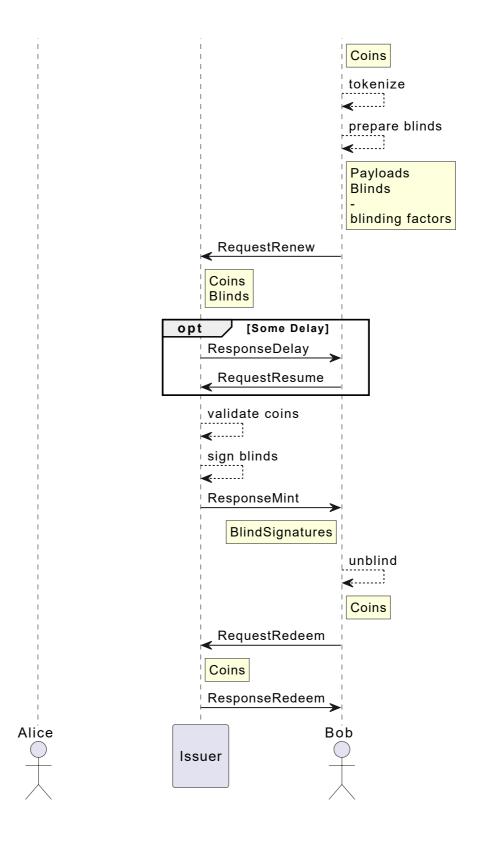
# **Assumptions**

The exchange of messages MUST happen over a **secure channel**. For HTTPS this means TLS, but other channels like messengers provide their own. For an email exchange GPG would be recommended. Either way, it is the responsibility of the developer to take care of the transport security.

When requesting the issuer to mint or redeem coins some form of **authentication & authorization** is most likely required - the issuer needs to secure payment for the coins, or make a payment somewhere for redeemed coins. Because auth\* might already be provided by the transport layer, we don't include it in the OpenCoin protocol.

### Overview





# **Description**

This is a high level description of the actual steps, details follow in the chapters in Details.  $^{3}$ 

# **Participants**

**Issuer** can mint, refresh and redeem coins. This entity will probably an account handling system (a.k.a. bank) behind it for doing actual real-world payments. The issuer is trusted to handle coins and payments correctly, but is *not trusted* regarding privacy - the target of OpenCoin is to protect the privacy of the transfers.

**Alice** and **Bob** are clients using OpenCoin. Technically they are software clients, and they represent the *users* of the system. <sup>4</sup> They need to be known by the customer in order to mint or redeem coins. Authentication could be required to renew coin. This would allow a "closed" system, in which accounts of the users could be monitored.

# Steps in the protocol

#### create CDDC

The issuer creates a pair of cryptographic keys (the currency keys), and signs a *Currency Description Document Certificate* (CDDC) with its secret key. This contains information about the currency, like denominations, urls but also the public key. This is the top document which establishes the trust in all other elements.

Not mentioned in the CDDC but probably somewhere on the issuer website is the relation between opencoins and actual real-world money. Let's say the currency of an example issuer is called "opencent". <sup>5</sup> The rule might be that one opencent is given out for one EUR cent, and redeemed for one EUR cent, effectively binding the opencent to the EUR.

#### create MKCs

For each denomination in the currency separate minting keys are generated, and a *Mint Key Certificate* (MKC) for them as well. Those MKCs are signed the secret currency key.

The mint keys are only valid for a defined period of time.

# RequestCDDCSerial

RequestCDDCSerial asks for the current serial number of the CDDC. The currency description could change over time, maybe because urls have changed. Every time a new CDDC is created, with a new, increasing serial number. The clients need to make sure to always use the most current CDDC, but they can cache it, allowing them to skip the next

step.

### ResponseCDDCSerial

ResponseCDDSerial contains the current serial of the CDDC.

### RequestCDDC

RequestCDDC asks for a CDDC. If no serial is provided, the message asks for the most current CDDC.

### ResponseCDDC

ResponseCDDC contains the CDDC

# RequestMKCs

RequestMKCs asks for the Mint Key Certificates. The client can specify specific denominations or *mint key ids*. An unspecified request will return all current MKCs.

# ResponseMKCs

ResponseMCKs contains the MKCs

# prepare blinds

This step prepares a coin. In essence this is a Payload with a serial number, which is later on signed by the issuer using a denomination specific mint key. The "envelope" mentioned above really means that the serial is blinded using a separate random secret blinding factor for each serial number. This factor is needed later on to "open up the envelope", reversing the blinding operation. Hence, the client has to store the blinding factor for later on. As the blinding factor is individual for each serial number, a reference number is created to reference serial, blinding factor and Blind.

The blinds contain the reference, the blind to be signed, and the mint key id for the denomination or value of the coin.

### RequestMint

RequestMint hands in the Blinds created in the step before, asking for the blind to be signed.

Most likely the issuer has authenticated the client. The mint key id tells the issuer what denomination to use for the signing operation. This will allow the issuer to deduct a payment for the minting operation (outside OpenCoin).

The message also carries a transaction\_reference (a random number), in case there is a delay in the minting process. The client can then later on ask again for the signatures to be delivered using the same transaction\_reference.

# sign blinds

The issuer uses the secret minting key for the desired operation to sign the Blind, creating Blind Signatures.

# ResponseMint

ResponseMint contains the Blind Signatures for the Blinds.

#### unblind

The client will unblind the Blind Signature using the before stored secret blinding factor. This gives the client the signature for the serial number, and both together give the Coin.

#### CoinStack

When sending coins multiple coins can be combined into a CoinStack. This CoinStack can also have a "subject", maybe containing an order reference - the reason the CoinStack is handed over in the first place.

The transfer of the CoinStack is out of scope of the OpenCoin protocol. We imagine multiple ways: using a messenger like Signal, using email or using the Browser. A CoinStack can also be encoded using a QR code, and maybe printed out and sent using normal postal mail.

Anyhow, the point of this step is that Alice transfers a CoinStack to Bob. And because she is a fair user, she will delete all coins that were contained in the CoinStack on her side.

### tokenize

Coins that are received need to be swapped for new ones, in order to protect the receiver against double spending. Bob needs to decide which new coins he wants to have, and tokenize amount in the right way to have a good selection of future coin sizes. <sup>7</sup>

# prepare blinds

Knowing the right coin selection from the step before Bob prepares Blinds the same way Alice has done with hers, creating Payloads (containing serials), and storing the blinding secrets under a reference.

### RequestRenew

The renewal process is effectively the same as in minting new coins, but it is paid for in opencoins, instead of making a payment in the background using accounts. Hence, the RequestRenew message needs to contain Coins that have a value that matches the sum of value of the Blinds. The message also contains a transaction\_reference in case a delay happens.

# ResponseDelay

This step is optional.

If something takes a while at the issuer when signing the blinds, either while handling a RequestMint or RequestRenew a ResponseDelay can be sent back to indicate that the client should try again sometime later. This allows the network connection be closed in the meantime. Hopefully operations resume in a short time.

Delays should be avoided on the issuer side.

### RequestResume

Bob will try a suitable amount of time later on to resume the transaction (the renewal in this case). The RequestResume message will send over the transaction reference, and the issuer will hopefully respond with a ResponseMint message, or with another ResponseDelay.

#### validate coins

Bob validates the Coins, just as Alice did.

# RequestRedeem

Bob might want to swap some or all of the Coins he holds for real-world currency at the issuer. He sends in the coins in a RequestRedeem message. This effectively takes the coins out of circulation, and the issuer will make a payment to Bob's account. This requires the client to be authenticated for this step, which again is outside the OpenCoin protocol.

# ResponseRedeem

The issuer confirms that everything went ok using the ResponseRedeem message.

# **Details**

# **Cryptographic operations**

- hashes
- signatures

### **Field Reference**

# Field Types

This lists all the fields used in the protocol. All:

- String: A JSON string.
- Integer: A JSON integer.
- BigInt: A JSON string containing a large number represented as the hex representation of it.
- DateTime: A JSON string containing the ISO representation of a date.
- List: A JSON list that can contain all the possible field types mentioned here.
- URL: A JSON string containing the URL of a resource.
- WeightedURLList: A list of 2 element tuples [Int, URL]. Useful for round-robin, but also
  - reflects a preference. The lower the higher the priority.
- Schema / Object: A JSON object that conforms to the given schema.

All fields are mandatory, but can be empty in case of strings.

### **Fields**

#### additional\_info field

A field where the issuer can store additional information about the currency.

Type: String Used in: CDDC

# blind\_signature field

The signature on the blinded hash of a payload.

Type: BigInt

Used in: ResponseMint Message

# blind\_signatures field

A list of BlindSignatures.

Type: List of BlindSignatures
Used in: ResponseMint Message

### blinded\_payload\_hash field

The blinded hash of a payload.

Type: BigInt
Used in: Blind

#### blinds field

A List of Blinds

Type: List of Blinds

Used in: RequestMint Message, RequestRenew Message

### cdd field

Contains the Currency Description Document (CDD)

Type: CDD

Used in: CDDC

# cdd\_expiry\_date field

When does the CDD expire?

The cdd should not be used or validated after this date.

Type: String Used in: CDDC

# cdd\_location field

Hint to download the CDD if not available anyway.

Useful for clients to "bootstrap" a yet unknown currency.

Type: URL

Used in: CDDC, Payload

### cdd\_serial field

The version of the CDD.

Should be increased by 1 on a new version.

Type: Int

Used in: CDDC, MKC, RequestCDDC Message, ResponseCDDSerial Message

# cdd\_signing\_date field

When was the CDD signed?

Type: DateTime Used in: CDDC

#### cddc field

A full Currency Description Document Certificate.

Type: CDDC

Used in: ResponseCDDC Message

#### coins field

A list of coins.

Type: List of Coins

Used in: CoinStack Message, RequestRedeem Message, RequestRenew Message

### coins\_expiry\_date field

Coins expire after this date.

Do not use coins after this date. the coins before this date.

Type: DateTime Used in: MKC

### currency\_divisor field

Used to express the value in units of 'currency name'.

Example: a divisor of 100 can be used express cent values for EUR or USD.

Type: Int

Used in: CDDC

### currency\_name field

The name of the currency, e.g. Dollar.

Use the name of the 'full' unit, and not its fraction, e.g. 'dollar' instead of 'cent', and use the currency\_divisor to express possible fractions.

Type: String
Used in: CDDC

#### denomination field

The value of the coin(s).

Type: Int

Used in: MKC, Payload

#### denominations field

The list of possible denominations.

Should be chosen wisely and listed in increasing value.

Type: List of Int

Used in: CDDC, RequestMKCs Message

#### id field

Identifier, a somewhat redundant hash of the PublicKey

This is just a visual helper, and MUST not be relied on. Calculate the hash of the key in the client.

Type: BigInt

Used in: CDD, CDDC, MintKey, MKC

# info\_service field

A list of locations where more information about the currency can be found.

This refers to human-readable information.

Type: WeightedURLList

Used in: CDDC

# issuer\_cipher\_suite field

Identifier of the cipher suite that is used.

The format is: HASH-SIGN-BLINDING, e.g. SHA512-RSA-CHAUM83

Type: String Used in: CDDC

field: issuer\_id

Id (hash) of the issuer public master key in the CDDC

Type: BigInt

Used in: MKC, Payload

# issuer\_public\_master\_key field

The hash of the issuer's public key

The only valid identifier of a currency is the master key.

Type: PublicKey Used in: CDDC

### keys field

A list of Mint Key Certificates

Type: List of MKCs

Used in: ResponseMKCs Message

### message\_reference field

Client internal message reference

Set by the client, echoed by the issuer.

Type: Integer

Used in: RequestCDDSerial Message, RequestCDDC Message, RequestMint Message,

RequestMKCs Message, RequestRedeem Message, RequestRenew Message,

RequestResume Message, ResponseCDDSerial Message, ResponseCDDC Message,

ResponseDelay Message, ResponseMint Message, ResponseMKCs Message,

ResponseRedeem Message

#### mint\_key field

The mint key that was signed in the certificate

Type: MintKey Used in: MKC

### mint\_key\_id field

Identifier of the mint key used.

Type: BigInt

Used in: Blind, Payload

### mint\_key\_ids field

What mint keys should be returned?

If left emtpy, no filter is applied.

Type: List of BigInt

Used in: RequestMKCs Message

### mint\_service field

A list of locations where Blinds can be minted into Coins

Type: WeightedURLList

Used in: CDDC

#### modulus field

The modulus of the public key

Type: BigInt

Used in: PublicKey

# payload field

The payload of the coin.

Type: Payload Used in: Coin

# protocol\_version field

The protocol version that was used.

Type: Url

Used in: CDDC, Payload

# public\_exponent field

The exponent of the public key.

Type: BigInt

Used in: PublicKey

# public\_mint\_key field

The public key of the mint key.

Type: PublicKey
Used in: MintKey

## redeem\_service field

A list of locations where Coins can be redeemed.

Type: WeightedURLList

Used in: CDDC

#### reference field

An identifier that connects Blind, BlindSignature and blinding secrets.

Set by the client, echoed by the server.

Type: String

Used in: ResponseMint Message, Blind

### renew\_service field

A list of locations where Coins can be renewed.

Type: WeightedURLList

Used in: CDDC

#### serial field

The serial of the Coin.

This random value is generated by clients. It is used to identify coins and prevent double spending.

Once the coin is spent, the serial will be stored by the issuer. Because of its sufficient long length it is supposed to be unique for each coin. A high entropy (crypto grade quality) is important.

Type: BigInt Used in: Payload

# sign\_coins\_not\_after field

Use MintKey only before this date.

Type: DateTime Used in: MKC

### sign\_coins\_not\_before field

Use MintKey only after this date.

Type: String Used in: MKC

### signature field

A signature within a certificate.

Type: String

Used in: CDDC, Coin, MKC

#### status\_code field

The issuer can return a status code, like in HTTP 2XX SUCCESS 3XX DELAY / TEMPORARY ERROR 4XX PERMANENT ERROR

Type: Integer

Used in: ResponseCDDSerial Message, ResponseCDDC Message, ResponseDelay Message,

ResponseMint Message, ResponseMKCs Message, ResponseRedeem Message

#### status\_description field

Description that the issuer passes along with the status code.

Type: String

Used in: ResponseCDDSerial Message, ResponseCDDC Message, ResponseDelay Message,

ResponseMint Message, ResponseMKCs Message, ResponseRedeem Message

### subject field

A message that can be passed along with the coin stack.

Can be left empty. Used informally to indicate a reason for payment etc.

Type: String

Used in: CoinStack Message

### transaction\_reference field

A random identifier that allows the client to resume a delayed mint/renew process.

This should be a good random number.

Type: BigInt

Used in: RequestMint Message, RequestRenew Message, RequestResume Message

## type field

String identifying the type of message.

This is the id that is used for parsing the message.

One of:

- blinded payload hash
- blind signature
- cdd
- cdd certificate
- coin
- coinstack
- mint key certificate
- mint key
- payload
- rsa public key
- request cddc
- request cdd serial
- request mint key certificates
- request mint
- request redeem
- request renew
- request resume
- response cddc
- response cdd serial
- response delay
- response mint key certificates
- response mint
- response redeem

Type: String

Used in: ResponseMint Message, Blind, CDDC, CDDC, Coin, CoinStack Message, MKC, MKC, Payload, RequestCDDSerial Message, RequestCDDC Message, RequestMint Message, RequestMKCs Message, RequestRedeem Message, RequestRenew Message, RequestResume Message, ResponseCDDSerial Message, ResponseCDDC Message, ResponseDelay Message, ResponseMint Message, ResponseMKCs Message, ResponseRedeem Message, PublicKey

### **Schemata**

Elements of messages, but never used standalone

### **CDD**

#### **Fields**

- additional\_info: A field where the issuer can store additional information about the currency. *String*
- **cdd\_expiry\_date**: When does the CDD expire? *String*
- cdd location: Hint to download the CDD if not available anyway. URL
- **cdd\_serial**: The version of the CDD. *Int*
- **cdd\_signing\_date**: When was the CDD signed? *DateTime*
- currency\_divisor: Used to express the value in units of 'currency name'. Int
- **currency name**: The name of the currency, e.g. Dollar. *String*
- **denominations**: The list of possible denominations. *List of Int*
- id: Identifier, a somewhat redundant hash of the PublicKey BigInt
- **info\_service**: A list of locations where more information about the currency can be found. *WeightedURLList*
- **redeem\_service**: A list of locations where Coins can be redeemed. *WeightedURLList*
- **issuer cipher suite**: Identifier of the cipher suite that is used. *String*
- **issuer public master key**: The hash of the issuer's public key *PublicKey*
- **protocol version**: The protocol version that was used. *Url*
- **renew\_service**: A list of locations where Coins can be renewed. *WeightedURLList*
- type: String identifying the type of message. String
- mint\_service: A list of locations where Blinds can be minted into Coins -WeightedURLList

### **Example**

```
"additional_info": "",
      "cdd_expiry_date": "2023-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
 3
      "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
      "cdd_serial": 1,
      "cdd_signing_date": "2022-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
      "currency_divisor": 100,
      "currency_name": "OpenCent",
      "denominations": [1, 2, 5],
      "id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
      "info_service": [
11
            [10, "https://opencent.org"]
          ],
13
      "issuer_cipher_suite": "RSA-SHA512-CHAUM86",
14
      "issuer_public_master_key": {
15
        "modulus":
    "a45b9342b15deff8a5ba1a0dce50c06a0d34ac8ab251d0cf62ff6db825a714b57fcb8b243862ae539c3e997
    ebefc31c9983a6300ea08b81a4f613447f9123829",
        "public_exponent": 65537,
17
        "type": "rsa public key"
18
19
      "mint_service": [
20
            [10, "https://opencent.org"],
21
        [20, "https://opencent.com/validate"]
          ],
      "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
24
      "redeem_service": [
            [10, "https://opencent.org"]
          ],
27
      "renew_service": [
28
            [10, "https://opencent.org"]
29
      "type": "cdd"
32 }
```

#### Source

#### **CDDC**

#### **Fields**

- cdd: Contains the Currency Description Document (CDD) CDD
- **signature**: A signature within a certificate. *String*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

# **Example**

```
{
      "cdd": {
        "additional_info": "",
 3
        "cdd_expiry_date": "2023-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
        "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
        "cdd_serial": 1,
        "cdd_signing_date": "2022-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
        "currency_divisor": 100,
 8
        "currency_name": "OpenCent",
9
        "denominations": [1, 2, 5],
        "id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
11
        "info_service": [
12
            [10, "https://opencent.org"]
13
          ],
14
        "issuer cipher suite": "RSA-SHA512-CHAUM86",
15
        "issuer_public_master_key": {
           "modulus":
17
    "a45b9342b15deff8a5ba1a0dce50c06a0d34ac8ab251d0cf62ff6db825a714b57fcb8b243862ae539c3e997
    ebefc31c9983a6300ea08b81a4f613447f9123829",
           "public_exponent": 65537,
18
          "type": "rsa public key"
20
        },
        "mint_service": [
21
            [10, "https://opencent.org"],
22
          [20, "https://opencent.com/validate"]
23
24
        "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
        "redeem_service": [
26
            [10, "https://opencent.org"]
27
          ],
28
        "renew_service": [
29
            [10, "https://opencent.org"]
30
          ],
        "type": "cdd"
33
      "signature":
34
    "1e38b379d5259d7d09094a458955b3892d36aa98bd40ff6625ffd15d145da2d7f3997360ceb9d9d86a004e3
    62249f01dd7c35779ae79987121430402f8d43c5d",
      "type": "cdd certificate"
```

#### Source

# **PublicKey**

### **Fields**

- modulus: The modulus of the public key BigInt
- public\_exponent: The exponent of the public key. *BigInt*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

# **Example**

```
1  {
2    "modulus":
    "a45b9342b15deff8a5ba1a0dce50c06a0d34ac8ab251d0cf62ff6db825a714b57fcb8b243862ae539c3e997e
    befc31c9983a6300ea08b81a4f613447f9123829",
3    "public_exponent": 65537,
4    "type": "rsa public key"
5  }
```

#### Source

See MKC

# MintKey

### **Fields**

- **cdd\_serial**: The version of the CDD. *Int*
- **coins expiry date**: Coins expire after this date. *DateTime*
- **denomination**: The value of the coin(s). *Int*
- id: Identifier, a somewhat redundant hash of the PublicKey BigInt
- issuer\_id: Id (hash) of the issuer public master key in the CDDC BigInt
- public\_mint\_key: The public key of the mint key. PublicKey
- **sign\_coins\_not\_after**: Use MintKey only before this date. *DateTime*
- **sign\_coins\_not\_before**: Use MintKey only after this date. *String*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

# **Example**

```
"cdd_serial": 1,
      "coins_expiry_date": "2023-10-19T08:39:38.421080",
 3
      "denomination": 1,
      "id": "e3e053d4fa03ba6b857051bbd3b9f7c7b0c05e42f6260712139450e18b2c94bc",
      "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
      "public_mint_key": {
        "modulus":
    "9cf7454307e7cb5a7cee5bf46eeb0e214daeed0fd9ad35192434af31195fc32b190ec32c2270517a5985639
    7242601b365ca57bf3b64dd66e3c61f7d253e2dbf",
        "public_exponent": 65537,
9
        "type": "rsa public key"
10
11
      "sign_coins_not_after": "2023-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
12
      "sign_coins_not_before": "2022-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
13
      "type": "mint key"
15 }
```

#### Source

### **MKC**

A Mint Key Certificate.

#### **Fields**

- mint\_key: The mint key that was signed in the certificate MintKey
- **signature**: A signature within a certificate. *String*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

# **Example**

```
"mint_key": {
    "cdd_serial": 1,
    "coins_expiry_date": "2023-10-19T08:39:38.421080",
    "denomination": 1,
    "id": "e3e053d4fa03ba6b857051bbd3b9f7c7b0c05e42f6260712139450e18b2c94bc",
    "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
    "public_mint_key": {
```

```
"modulus":
    "9cf7454307e7cb5a7cee5bf46eeb0e214daeed0fd9ad35192434af31195fc32b190ec32c2270517a5985639
    7242601b365ca57bf3b64dd66e3c61f7d253e2dbf",
          "public_exponent": 65537,
10
          "type": "rsa public key"
11
        "sign_coins_not_after": "2023-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
13
        "sign_coins_not_before": "2022-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
        "type": "mint key"
15
      },
16
      "signature":
    "4c33d555c14e0728ac0e5676fcc4e1665abb7db1f4ec9bd0173bd52dea0801ab81c63742bd82b243a4464aa
    119178a9af8c23504fabc77ef9268167c2443e231",
      "type": "mint key certificate"
19 }
```

#### Source

# Payload

#### **Fields**

- cdd\_location: Hint to download the CDD if not available anyway. URL
- **denomination**: The value of the coin(s). *Int*
- **issuer\_id**: Id (hash) of the issuer public master key in the CDDC *BigInt*
- mint\_key\_id: Identifier of the mint key used. BigInt
- **protocol\_version**: The protocol version that was used. *Url*
- **serial**: The serial of the Coin. *BigInt*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

### **Example**

```
1  {
2    "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
3    "denomination": 1,
4    "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
5    "mint_key_id": "e3e053d4fa03ba6b857051bbd3b9f7c7b0c05e42f6260712139450e18b2c94bc",
6    "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
7    "serial": "947c8ab50b05b92e7949362b1e714b833ac2748ab9df43d7a3b7a9c33a5a46eb",
8    "type": "payload"
9  }
```

### Blind

#### **Fields**

- **blinded\_payload\_hash**: The blinded hash of a payload. *BigInt*
- mint\_key\_id: Identifier of the mint key used. BigInt
- **reference**: An identifier that connects Blind, BlindSignature and blinding secrets. *String*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

# **Example**

```
1  {
2    "blinded_payload_hash":
    "9920380bd19718b319833af6166b5a22d9c1265084e4a2ab08740e2e9ccdbbabce575c14ead9d97783b0095d
    97023471ff018cc7d334fbdc8a13a3281a2cc3fc",
3    "mint_key_id": "e3e053d4fa03ba6b857051bbd3b9f7c7b0c05e42f6260712139450e18b2c94bc",
4    "reference": "a0",
5    "type": "blinded payload hash"
6  }
```

#### Source

# BlindSignature

#### **Fields**

- **blind\_signature**: The signature on the blinded hash of a payload. *BigInt*
- **reference**: An identifier that connects Blind, BlindSignature and blinding secrets. *String*
- type: String identifying the type of message. String

# **Example**

```
1  {
2    "blind_signature":
    "470f61eefcf2fa82afd216a618df615d9a8a4d26047b448d94f61c6dd2514cb93032e17b842e63747723ed9b
    c729934012597207f269be208e437709455f10f9",
3    "reference": "a0",
4    "type": "blind signature"
5  }
```

Source

Coin

#### **Fields**

- payload: The payload of the coin. Payload
- **signature**: A signature within a certificate. *String*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

# **Example**

```
"payload": {
        "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
        "denomination": 1,
        "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
        "mint_key_id": "e3e053d4fa03ba6b857051bbd3b9f7c7b0c05e42f6260712139450e18b2c94bc",
        "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
        "serial": "947c8ab50b05b92e7949362b1e714b833ac2748ab9df43d7a3b7a9c33a5a46eb",
8
        "type": "payload"
9
      },
10
      "signature":
    "50be266f4644cd09e7dc222b64b1e002f1760290f13ff7ddbd52fcdf3d8b3c1ef8b981e68b655f5be128526
    aba718775ab947f322c074031a3380cdb5dd1feb",
      "type": "coin"
12
13 }
```

#### Source

# RequestCDDSerial Message

#### **Fields**

- message\_reference: Client internal message reference *Integer*
- type: String identifying the type of message. String

# **Example**

```
1 {
2   "message_reference": 100000,
3   "type": "request cdd serial"
4 }
```

#### Source

# ResponseCDDSerial Message

- **cdd\_serial**: The version of the CDD. *Int*
- message\_reference: Client internal message reference *Integer*
- **status\_code**: The issuer can return a status code, like in HTTP *Integer*
- **status\_description**: Description that the issuer passes along with the status\_code. *String*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

#### **Fields**

# **Example**

```
1 {
2    "cdd_serial": 1,
3    "message_reference": 100000,
4    "status_code": 200,
5    "status_description": "ok",
6    "type": "response cdd serial"
7 }
```

#### Source

# RequestCDDC Message

- **cdd\_serial**: The version of the CDD. *Int*
- message\_reference: Client internal message reference *Integer*
- type: String identifying the type of message. String

### **Fields**

### **Example**

```
1  {
2    "cdd_serial": 1,
3    "message_reference": 100001,
4    "type": "request cddc"
5  }
```

#### Source

# ResponseCDDC Message

#### **Fields**

- cddc: A full Currency Description Document Certificate. CDDC
- message\_reference: Client internal message reference *Integer*
- **status\_code**: The issuer can return a status code, like in HTTP *Integer*
- **status\_description**: Description that the issuer passes along with the status code. *String*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

### **Example**

```
"cddc": {
    "cdd": {
        "additional_info": "",
        "cdd_expiry_date": "2023-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
        "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
        "cdd_serial": 1,
        "cdd_signing_date": "2022-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
        "currency_divisor": 100,
```

```
"currency_name": "OpenCent",
           "denominations": [1, 2, 5],
           "id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
           "info_service": [
             [10, "https://opencent.org"]
14
15
           "issuer_cipher_suite": "RSA-SHA512-CHAUM86",
16
           "issuer_public_master_key": {
17
             "modulus":
18
    "a45b9342b15deff8a5ba1a0dce50c06a0d34ac8ab251d0cf62ff6db825a714b57fcb8b243862ae539c3e997
    ebefc31c9983a6300ea08b81a4f613447f9123829",
             "public_exponent": 65537,
19
             "type": "rsa public key"
          },
          "mint_service": [
22
            [10, "https://opencent.org"],
            [20, "https://opencent.com/validate"]
24
          ],
          "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
          "redeem_service": [
            [10, "https://opencent.org"]
28
          ],
          "renew_service": [
30
            [10, "https://opencent.org"]
          ],
           "type": "cdd"
        "signature":
    "1e38b379d5259d7d09094a458955b3892d36aa98bd40ff6625ffd15d145da2d7f3997360ceb9d9d86a004e3
    62249f01dd7c35779ae79987121430402f8d43c5d",
        "type": "cdd certificate"
      },
      "message_reference": 100001,
38
      "status_code": 200,
      "status_description": "ok",
40
       "type": "response cddc"
41
42
```

#### Source

# RequestMKCs Message

- **denominations**: The list of possible denominations. *List of Int*
- message\_reference: Client internal message reference Integer
- mint\_key\_ids: What mint keys should be returned? List of BigInt
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

#### **Fields**

### **Example**

```
1 {
2  "denominations": [1, 2, 5],
3  "message_reference": 100002,
4  "mint_key_ids": [],
5  "type": "request mint key certificates"
6 }
```

#### Source

# ResponseMKCs Message

- keys: A list of Mint Key Certificates List of MKCs
- message\_reference: Client internal message reference *Integer*
- **status\_code**: The issuer can return a status code, like in HTTP *Integer*
- **status\_description**: Description that the issuer passes along with the status code. *String*
- type: String identifying the type of message. String

### **Fields**

# **Example**

```
"keys": [
          "mint_key": {
            "cdd_serial": 1,
            "coins_expiry_date": "2023-10-19T08:39:38.421080",
            "denomination": 1,
            "id": "e3e053d4fa03ba6b857051bbd3b9f7c7b0c05e42f6260712139450e18b2c94bc",
            "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
9
            "public_mint_key": {
10
              "modulus":
11
    "9cf7454307e7cb5a7cee5bf46eeb0e214daeed0fd9ad35192434af31195fc32b190ec32c2270517a5985639
    7242601b365ca57bf3b64dd66e3c61f7d253e2dbf",
              "public_exponent": 65537,
              "type": "rsa public key"
13
            },
14
```

```
"sign_coins_not_after": "2023-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
15
             "sign coins not before": "2022-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
             "type": "mint key"
          },
18
           "signature":
    "4c33d555c14e0728ac0e5676fcc4e1665abb7db1f4ec9bd0173bd52dea0801ab81c63742bd82b243a4464aa
    119178a9af8c23504fabc77ef9268167c2443e231",
           "type": "mint key certificate"
        },
           "mint_key": {
            "cdd_serial": 1,
24
             "coins_expiry_date": "2023-10-19T08:39:38.421080",
             "denomination": 2,
             "id": "3f3a34c8df9abaee2030bb7aee86bfdb896f85affc9a01fec984deb06c077c62",
27
             "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
28
            "public mint key": {
               "modulus":
    "9d218bbeaf2a8a2074e208082f8f02f91b8afd20909e023a347a97a3c0b56059013148ae9f81c3aa242c382
    2682e572dab24a74bd344a651ef7f06fc1493bc91",
               "public_exponent": 65537,
              "type": "rsa public key"
            },
             "sign_coins_not_after": "2023-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
             "sign_coins_not_before": "2022-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
            "type": "mint key"
          },
           "signature":
38
    "1ad4952f625078188de83c4f76ef7a47a696056a4f7acefe24f2309867775fcce3fbbf87f76944a1a8a7bc4
    277c532720c5fd13c4cbf65eb23d222401b4b99c9",
           "type": "mint key certificate"
        },
40
41
          "mint_key": {
42
             "cdd serial": 1,
43
             "coins expiry date": "2023-10-19T08:39:38.421080",
             "denomination": 5,
45
             "id": "2aaa99a9ffbd0377b46d757bbf82d4f65b4f05a170a2da23743066849c403776",
46
             "issuer id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
47
             "public_mint_key": {
48
              "modulus":
49
    "acd3ad0b8e8bf5c27f9b9c00d3057e0be8617837f1a33427dd3eaffe00f9f785d5632268d919ac5623d55f1
    73b47eb975cb103dad8886b771f13f0b804405f81",
               "public_exponent": 65537,
              "type": "rsa public key"
51
            },
             "sign_coins_not_after": "2023-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
            "sign_coins_not_before": "2022-07-11T08:39:38.421080",
            "type": "mint key"
          },
           "signature":
     "153660ad076ded345b99701cf62ca50473ec7f80e76193cf4a5cf476175e9ca3d366859590d1dbd56e31447
    bb319b98f5c368d181478e011c135eacb66b99b03",
```

# RequestMint Message

### **Fields**

- blinds: A List of Blinds List of Blinds
- message\_reference: Client internal message reference Integer
- **transaction\_reference**: A random identifier that allows the client to resume a delayed mint/renew process. *BigInt*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

```
"blinds": [
          "blinded_payload_hash":
    "9920380bd19718b319833af6166b5a22d9c1265084e4a2ab08740e2e9ccdbbabce575c14ead9d97783b0095
    d97023471ff018cc7d334fbdc8a13a3281a2cc3fc",
          "mint key id": "e3e053d4fa03ba6b857051bbd3b9f7c7b0c05e42f6260712139450e18b2c94bc",
          "reference": "a0",
          "type": "blinded payload hash"
        },
8
          "blinded_payload_hash":
10
    "20e5236334720449c4bd930900e607804711b6cff41fefbeea8ed7f79a6093a29b27a74541bbc6b1967984f
    88347c24f34b4e2463ca0250deb78f3f982b21a70",
          "mint_key_id": "3f3a34c8df9abaee2030bb7aee86bfdb896f85affc9a01fec984deb06c077c62",
11
          "reference": "a1",
12
          "type": "blinded payload hash"
13
        },
14
        {
15
```

```
"blinded_payload_hash":
    "46a495a7a62536885c244c4fb79eaa1ae0b6d9ba2a66157a0558727502abd6a57861a387f52a3e040799dd8
    dcc758083b00cfc312ace4fc4eebbc787bf742448",
          "mint_key_id": "2aaa99a9ffbd0377b46d757bbf82d4f65b4f05a170a2da23743066849c403776",
17
          "reference": "a2",
18
          "type": "blinded payload hash"
19
       }
20
21
      "message_reference": 100003,
      "transaction_reference":
    "f2b96ff94fe2becca5ff385cb6989de4f6f06eefdc64a909906e56d11a5460ad",
      "type": "request mint"
24
```

## ResponseMint Message

### **Fields**

- **blind\_signatures**: A list of BlindSignatures. *List of BlindSignatures*
- message\_reference: Client internal message reference Integer
- status\_code: The issuer can return a status code, like in HTTP Integer
- **status\_description**: Description that the issuer passes along with the status\_code. *String*
- type: String identifying the type of message. String

```
},
12
           "blind signature":
14
    "8cebe20e9464e4afe22d8db136a6a7dcf75ed868a1d3683b4a888bdd0e98cfa84a0edc00963317667850b9c
    e06df8048f617a58bda8bd340c935ba309e8ce5bd",
          "reference": "a2",
15
           "type": "blind signature"
        }
17
18
      "message_reference": 100003,
19
      "status_code": 200,
20
      "status_description": "ok",
21
      "type": "response mint"
```

# CoinStack Message

### **Fields**

- coins: A list of coins. List of Coins
- **subject**: A message that can be passed along with the coin stack. *String*
- type: String identifying the type of message. String

```
"coins": [
          "payload": {
            "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
            "denomination": 1,
            "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
            "mint key id":
    "e3e053d4fa03ba6b857051bbd3b9f7c7b0c05e42f6260712139450e18b2c94bc",
            "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
            "serial": "947c8ab50b05b92e7949362b1e714b833ac2748ab9df43d7a3b7a9c33a5a46eb",
            "type": "payload"
          },
12
          "signature":
13
    "50be266f4644cd09e7dc222b64b1e002f1760290f13ff7ddbd52fcdf3d8b3c1ef8b981e68b655f5be128526
    aba718775ab947f322c074031a3380cdb5dd1feb",
          "type": "coin"
14
        },
```

```
{
          "payload": {
17
            "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
            "denomination": 2,
            "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
            "mint key id":
    "3f3a34c8df9abaee2030bb7aee86bfdb896f85affc9a01fec984deb06c077c62",
            "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
22
            "serial": "e2c1c0093af6535f3d801e811d904b2891ef35a65d0e87955397db3db993ca59",
            "type": "payload"
          },
          "signature":
    "66c2befe37d30744691fec39a9056c530f439a4879c9a388018409ece20446b342bc7889f40efad4674d778
    b9f130b13a39bea03a214c80c4703bf0ba4993294",
          "type": "coin"
27
        },
28
29
          "payload": {
30
            "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
            "denomination": 5,
32
            "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
            "mint_key_id":
    "2aaa99a9ffbd0377b46d757bbf82d4f65b4f05a170a2da23743066849c403776",
            "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
            "serial": "c58356123496667ac18786f09123be1bf9116596ad30ceb676c34c8c439f1377",
            "type": "payload"
          },
38
          "signature":
39
    "6ae0dcc4af9e47e4e4478b7f2ec172645fa744fa7dcf55a4544ab01eadd601188099e6c27dc441231b73913
    a95f33e64915f5a4d43c1e21f5fd6f27a61a5304e",
          "type": "coin"
40
       }
41
42
      "subject": "a little gift",
43
      "type": "coinstack"
44
45
```

# RequestRenew Message

Coins that are received need to be swapped for new ones, in order to protect the receiver against double spending. Otherwise, the sender could keep a copy of the coins and try to use the coins again. Before doing so we need to ask: what coin sizes should be chosen for the coins to be minted?

What if we have not the right coin selection for an amount to pay? Imagine that the price is 5 opencent, but we just have coins in the sizes: 2, 2, 2.

One solution would be to require the recipient to give change. This would make the protocol more complicated, and would just shift the problem to the recipient. Another approach is to allow partial spending coins, but this again makes the protocol more complicated. <sup>8</sup>

The easy way out is to aim for a selection of coins that allows us to pay *any* amount below or equal to the sum of all coins. E.g. if we own the value of 6 opencent it would be advisable to have coin selection 2,2,1,1 in order to pay all possible amounts. This also prevents *amount tracing*, where an awkward price (13.37) asks for an awkward coin exchange at the issuer beforehand.

So, we need to look at the combined sum of coins received and coins already in possession, and needs to find the right coin selection to be able to make all possible future coin transfers. We will then know which coins to keep, and what blinds to make and paying for the minting using *all* the just received coins and using *some* existing coins.

### **Fields**

- blinds: A List of Blinds List of Blinds
- coins: A list of coins. *List of Coins*
- message\_reference: Client internal message reference *Integer*
- **transaction\_reference**: A random identifier that allows the client to resume a delayed mint/renew process. *BigInt*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

```
"blinds": [
 3
          "blinded_payload_hash":
    "2186fc8b344ad4339214d8d3784fccd75e39d6f39e9c85457f95c663a091147fe5afb03097566ca976bd2ca
    0a7c0690679cdfdd33906112773b46f6d8a7aa4db",
          "mint_key_id": "3f3a34c8df9abaee2030bb7aee86bfdb896f85affc9a01fec984deb06c077c62",
          "reference": "b0",
6
          "type": "blinded payload hash"
7
        },
9
          "blinded_payload_hash":
10
    "468410cb8c4b386a89c2bc2daa263132c704c99eeb4bfa26e37310800dd809f7659b9d1c38ec624858cf523
    24adc121cab3444344657f117e2e49ee274c229ff",
          "mint_key_id": "3f3a34c8df9abaee2030bb7aee86bfdb896f85affc9a01fec984deb06c077c62",
11
          "reference": "b1",
          "type": "blinded payload hash"
```

```
},
13
          "blinded payload hash":
    "ab7d98df621495a7d4c190bf1aecc6693a2ae7c3d5ded687fa8643f815f7029a46f8cc1581cc73d1566e934
    5a5559ee7c52b25c44c438ede424d17660b3abf3",
          "mint key id": "3f3a34c8df9abaee2030bb7aee86bfdb896f85affc9a01fec984deb06c077c62",
          "reference": "b2",
18
          "type": "blinded payload hash"
19
        },
21
          "blinded_payload_hash":
    "9917a14a00dc164c65aad8ad9041c15d6525c7b2d6ce5e1374b67392f354ab8b1f633482dc9da6570b87431
    3b501c5e7cf0051654e7d619d6008539f2f8704cf",
          "mint_key_id": "3f3a34c8df9abaee2030bb7aee86bfdb896f85affc9a01fec984deb06c077c62",
          "reference": "b3",
24
          "type": "blinded payload hash"
       }
27
      "coins": [
28
          "payload": {
30
            "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
            "denomination": 1,
32
             "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
            "mint_key_id":
    "e3e053d4fa03ba6b857051bbd3b9f7c7b0c05e42f6260712139450e18b2c94bc",
             "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
            "serial": "947c8ab50b05b92e7949362b1e714b833ac2748ab9df43d7a3b7a9c33a5a46eb",
            "type": "payload"
37
          },
38
          "signature":
    "50be266f4644cd09e7dc222b64b1e002f1760290f13ff7ddbd52fcdf3d8b3c1ef8b981e68b655f5be128526
    aba718775ab947f322c074031a3380cdb5dd1feb",
          "type": "coin"
40
        },
41
42
          "payload": {
43
             "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
44
            "denomination": 2,
45
            "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
46
            "mint_key_id":
47
    "3f3a34c8df9abaee2030bb7aee86bfdb896f85affc9a01fec984deb06c077c62",
            "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
48
             "serial": "e2c1c0093af6535f3d801e811d904b2891ef35a65d0e87955397db3db993ca59",
49
            "type": "payload"
          },
          "signature":
    "66c2befe37d30744691fec39a9056c530f439a4879c9a388018409ece20446b342bc7889f40efad4674d778
    b9f130b13a39bea03a214c80c4703bf0ba4993294",
          "type": "coin"
        },
54
          "payload": {
```

```
"cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
58
             "denomination": 5,
58
            "issuer id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
            "mint_key_id":
    "2aaa99a9ffbd0377b46d757bbf82d4f65b4f05a170a2da23743066849c403776",
            "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
61
             "serial": "c58356123496667ac18786f09123be1bf9116596ad30ceb676c34c8c439f1377",
            "type": "payload"
63
          },
64
          "signature":
    "6ae0dcc4af9e47e4e4478b7f2ec172645fa744fa7dcf55a4544ab01eadd601188099e6c27dc441231b73913
    a95f33e64915f5a4d43c1e21f5fd6f27a61a5304e",
          "type": "coin"
66
        }
67
68
      "message_reference": 100004,
69
      "transaction_reference": "a88b8ba5519ed859d7bfa076d4c12937",
70
      "type": "request renew"
71
72
```

# ResponseDelay Message

### **Fields**

- message\_reference: Client internal message reference Integer
- **status\_code**: The issuer can return a status code, like in HTTP *Integer*
- **status\_description**: Description that the issuer passes along with the status code. *String*
- type: String identifying the type of message. String

### **Example**

```
1 {
2    "message_reference": 100004,
3    "status_code": 300,
4    "status_description": "ok",
5    "type": "response delay"
6 }
```

#### Source

# RequestResume Message

#### **Fields**

- message\_reference: Client internal message reference Integer
- **transaction\_reference**: A random identifier that allows the client to resume a delayed mint/renew process. *BigInt*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

### **Example**

#### Source

# RequestRedeem Message

#### **Fields**

- coins: A list of coins. *List of Coins*
- message\_reference: Client internal message reference *Integer*
- type: String identifying the type of message. String

```
"type": "payload"
10
          },
12
          "signature":
13
    "5d4c7ca9e97426aeb59f2fe22220e164f1b37f0931920494a359fdbc30d90064c843a04e0d16dda3dc1d838
    14b8bac934873a0c5317fc04b51cf3a912967d8b8",
          "type": "coin"
14
       },
16
          "payload": {
17
            "cdd_location": "https://opencent.org",
            "denomination": 2,
            "issuer_id": "96fb652e249ddb9045f04fe64ba9663893ed46cf2bc117eb2674cbe09312762e",
20
            "mint_key_id":
21
    "3f3a34c8df9abaee2030bb7aee86bfdb896f85affc9a01fec984deb06c077c62",
            "protocol_version": "https://opencoin.org/1.0",
22
            "serial": "cca2647b1fd803e5fe5f0131489d450a1b5980ffa739da18b3b143ca8bd6fc79",
23
            "type": "payload"
24
25
         },
          "signature":
    "5bb381233bd3a0c9437ce7009b81263784fddf594a9843f611a752355025fdaf04368b51be50f311de9fb28
    8b6ae927b50aa2885f64ca54bfba629d08c19c5c4",
          "type": "coin"
       }
28
29
      "message_reference": 100006,
      "type": "request redeem"
31
32
```

# ResponseRedeem Message

#### **Fields**

- message\_reference: Client internal message reference *Integer*
- **status\_code**: The issuer can return a status code, like in HTTP *Integer*
- **status\_description**: Description that the issuer passes along with the status\_code. *String*
- **type**: String identifying the type of message. *String*

# Example

```
"message_reference": 100006,
"status_code": 200,
"status_description": "ok",
"type": "response redeem"
}
```

### Source

# **Appendix**

# **FAQ**

### Scope

Having said all of the above, we scope the protocol, and it's description in the following way:

**Targeted at developers** - developers should be enabled (and motivated) by the OpenCoin protocol to implement standard confirming software components and apps. However, we hope that this documentation is also understandable for the interested user (or founder, investor, auditor, etc.)

**Just the protocol** - we don't deliver any ready to use implementations. This allows us to fully focus on the protocol, and keeps a separation to actual implementations.

**Easy to understand** - we try to avoid complexity. This affects the protocol itself as well as its documentation. This means: if you, the reader, don't understand a sentence or a concept, please contact us. We will improve the description. Being easy to understand is one of the main goals of OpenCoin.

**Only the core** - lots of developments have happened since we started. Take the example of messengers like Signal, Telegram or WhatsApp. The have opened new ways to transport messages, and they take care of identifying the communication partner. This especially means that message transport and authentication stays out of scope.

# History and old results

- Project history
- Project papers
- Crypto report
- Legal report
- Code bases (v1, sandbox, javascript implementation)

### **Artifacts**

## **JSON Schemata**

### **Ideas**

- use .oc file ending
- oc over html
- opencoin.org as a web interface demo provider, that can handle .oc files

# **Building blocks for writing**

create CDDC

create MKCs

RequestCDDSerial

ResponseCDDSerial

RequestCDDC

ResponseCDDC

RequestMKCs

ResponseMKCs

prepare blinds

RequestMint

sign blinds

ResponseMint

unblind

transfer CoinStack, e.g. using Signal

tokenize sum

prepare blinds

RequestRenew

ResponseDelay

RequestResume

validate coins

RequestRedeem

ResponseRedeem

### Header

Example
1
Source
Request
Fields
Example
1
Source
Response
Fields
Example
1
Source

Fields

- 1. David Chaum, "Blind signatures for untraceable payments", Advances in Cryptology Crypto '82, Springer-Verlag (1983), 199-203. ↔
- 2. Please check with your lawyer if this is a good idea. ↔
- 3. It is easier to follow along with the above diagram open in a second window (or printout).  $\boldsymbol{\leftarrow}$
- 4. To keep the diagram simple we have left out Charlene who was mentioned above in "How does it work?". Bob does everything she does. ↔
- 5. "opencent" refers to the specific example currency. The generic term "opencoin" refers to any currency following the OpenCoin protocol (of which opencent is one). ↔
- 6. This is to minimize damage in case the mint keys get compromised. ←
- 7. It might be that also some existing coins might be needed to be swapped to get a good coin selection. See Renew. ↔
- 8. GNU Taler experiments with this approach: in essence coins don't have serials but keys, which can sign a partial amount to be spent. This requires more smartness to avoid double spending, introducing new problems to be solved. ↔