Some things to consider while coding an Android application AKA OpenComm's Coding Rules By Rahul Arora

- 1. Logging output puts a damper on application performance
- 2. Proper commenting. Everybody has his/her own style but for pointers check out logincontroller.java at the end of this document.

```
3. Don't ignore exceptions
void setServerPort(String value) {
      try {
          serverPort = Integer.parseInt(value);
     } catch (NumberFormatException e) { }
}
4. Also don't catch generic exceptions.
try {
    someComplicatedIOFunction();
                                              // may throw IOException
    someComplicatedParsingFunction();
                                             // may throw ParsingException
    someComplicatedSecurityFunction();
                                            // may throw SecurityException
    // phew, made it all the way
} catch (Exception e) {
                                           // I'll just catch all exceptions
     handleError();
                                              // with one generic handler!
}
5. Fully qualified imports
import foo.Bar;
and not import foo.*;
6. Write short methods. If it is going beyond 40lines, then you need to shorten it
down.
7. Limit variable scope {int i=0}
8. Use standard brace style{
     }
9. Limit line length to make the code legible and fit in the screen (80 - 100 \text{ ch.})
```

10. Use TODO comments

/* [TODO] : I have to finish up this coding convention on time */

- 11. Limit line length but do not obfuscate code because you have to do that.
- 12. Use enhanced For loop syntax (also called as For-each)
- 13. Use Static Final for Constants
 Only applies to primitive types and String constants.
- 14. Try to avoid floating point where possible
- 15. Instead of hard-coding values in the code, use a XML to do so.
- 16. Learn how to debug

LoginController:

```
/**
* Controller called from LoginView. Takes care of login functionality.
 * It connects to the server and returns true if the login is a success.
 * If Login is successful it calls DashboardView.
* Issues [TODO]
 * - No login incorrect message on screen
 * - ProgressDialog is visible even if login is incorrect
 * - For any other issues search for string "TODO"
 * @author rahularora[hcisec], vinaymaloo[ui]
* */
package edu.cornell.opencomm.controller;
import java.util.concurrent.locks.ReentrantLock;
import org.jivesoftware.smack.XMPPException;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.AsyncTask;
import android.util.Log;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.EditText;
import edu.cornell.opencomm.Values;
import edu.cornell.opencomm.network.Network;
import edu.cornell.opencomm.network.NetworkService;
import edu.cornell.opencomm.view.DashboardView;
import edu.cornell.opencomm.view.LoginView;
import edu.cornell.opencomm.view.NotificationView;
public class LoginController {
      private LoginView loginView;
      // Debugging
      private static final boolean D = Values.D;
      // Logs
      private static final String LOG TAG = "LoginController";
      // Check successful login
```

```
private boolean islogin;
      private enum ReturnState{SUCEEDED, COULDNT CONNECT, WRONG PASSWORD,
ALREADY CLICKED };
      // Username and password strings
      private String username;
      private String password;
      private ReentrantLock loginLock = new ReentrantLock();
      // Instance of XMPP connection
      public static NetworkService xmppService;
      public LoginController(LoginView loginView) {
            this.loginView = loginView;
      }
      public void handleLoginButtonClick(final EditText usernameEdit, final EditText
passwordEdit) {
            new LoginTask().execute(usernameEdit.getText().toString(),
passwordEdit.getText().toString());
      }
      private class LoginTask extends AsyncTask<String, Void, ReturnState> {
            @Override
            protected void onPreExecute() {
                  loginView.getLoginOverlay().setVisibility(View.VISIBLE);
            }
            @Override
            protected ReturnState doInBackground(String... strings) {
                  if(loginLock.isLocked()) return ReturnState.ALREADY CLICKED;
                  loginLock.lock();
                  try{
                        if (D) {
                              \verb|Log.d(LOG_TAG, "Android app is attempting to connect to|\\
the server");
                              username = Network.DEBUG USERNAME;
```

```
password = Network.DEBUG PASSWORD;
                        else{
                              //username = strings[0];
                               String[] temp = strings[0].split("@");
                              try{
                                    username = temp[0]+temp[1];
                               catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
                                     username = temp[0];
                               }
                              password = strings[1];
                        }
                        if (D) Log.d(LOG TAG, "Got Herel");
                        xmppService = new NetworkService(Network.DEFAULT HOST,
Network.DEFAULT PORT);
                        if (xmppService.isConnected()){
                               if (D) {
                                    Log.d(LOG_TAG, xmppService.toString());
                                     Log.d(LOG TAG, "XMPP Connection established");
                             }
                        }
                        else {
                              return ReturnState.COULDNT CONNECT;
                        }
                        /** Check whether the login is successful or not
                         * In case it is, start DashboardView using Intent else, [TODO]
              / @author: rahularora, vinaymaloo **/
                        if (D) Log.d(LOG TAG, "Got Here2");
                        try {
                               islogin = xmppService.login(username, password);
                        } catch(XMPPException e) {
                              return ReturnState.WRONG PASSWORD;
                        }
                        if (D) Log.d(LOG TAG, "Got Here3");
                        if (islogin) {
```

```
i.putExtra(Network.KEY USERNAME, username);
                              i.setAction(Network.ACTION LOGIN);
                              loginView.startActivity(i);
                              loginView.finish();
                              return ReturnState.SUCEEDED;
                        }
                        else{
                             return ReturnState.WRONG PASSWORD;
                        }
                  catch (IllegalStateException e) {
                        // TODO Auto-generated catch block
                        e.printStackTrace();
                  catch (NullPointerException e) {
                        // TODO Auto-generated catch block
                        e.printStackTrace();
                  } catch(Exception e) {
                        e.printStackTrace();
                  finally {
                        loginLock.unlock();
                  if (D) Log.d(LOG TAG, "Got Here5");
                  return ReturnState.COULDNT CONNECT;
            }
            @Override
            protected void onPostExecute(ReturnState state) {
                  if(state == ReturnState.WRONG PASSWORD) {
                        NotificationView nv=new NotificationView(loginView);
                        nv.launch("incorrect username or password", "RED", "WHITE",
true);
                        Log.v(LOG TAG, "Login failed for username "+username+"
failed");
                        loginView.getLoginOverlay().setVisibility(View.INVISIBLE);
                  } else if(state == ReturnState.COULDNT CONNECT) {
                        NotificationView nv=new NotificationView(loginView);
                        nv.launch("Could not connect to server", "RED", "WHITE", true);
```

Intent i = new Intent(loginView, DashboardView.class);