Version 1 PR 29

Emergency Checklists

| Engine Failure During Takeoff Roll | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|--|--|
| Throttle | IDLE | | |
| Brakes | APPLY | | |
| Flaps | RETRACT | | |
| Mixture | CUT-OFF | | |
| Magnetos | OFF | | |
| Standby battery | OFF | | |
| Master (ALT and BAT) | OFF | | |

Engine Failure Immediately After Takeoff

Airspeed Flaps up: 70 KIAS Flaps 10°-FULL: 65 KIAS Mixture CUT-OFF Fuel shutoff valve OFF (pull full out) Magnetos OFF Flaps AS REQUIRED (FULL recommended) Standby battery OFF Master (ALT and BAT) OFF UNLATCH STRAIGHT AHEAD Land

Engine Failure During Flight (Restart Procedures)

Airspeed 68 KIAS (best glide speed) Fuel shutoff valve ON (push full in) BOTH Fuel selector valve Fuel pump ON Mixture RICH (if restart has not occurred) BOTH If propeller stopped: START, advance throttle slowly, lean mixture as required OFF Fuel pump

If fuel flow drops to zero, turn fuel pump back on

Emergency Landing Without Engine

Power Seats, seatbelts UPRIGHT, SECURE Airspeed Flaps up: 70 KIAS Flaps 10°-FULL: 65 KIAS Mixture CUT-OFF Fuel shutoff valve OFF (pull) Magnetos OFF AS REOUIRED (FULL Flaps recommended) Standby battery OFF Master (ALT and OFF (when BAT) landing is assured) Doors UNLATCH BEFORE TOUCHDOWN SLIGHTLY TAIL LOW Touchdown APPLY HEAVILY Brakes

Precautionary Landing With Engine

Seats, seatbelts UPRIGHT, SECURE Airspeed Flaps 209 Selected field FLY OVER, noting terrain and obstructions Flaps FULL (on final approach) Airspeed 65 KIAS Standby battery OFF Master (ALT and OFF (when landing assured) BAT) UNLATCH BEFORE Doors TOUCHDOWN Touchdown SLIGHTLY TAIL LOW Mixture CUT-OFF Magnetos OFF Brakes APPLY HEAVILY

MAYDAY on 121.5 MHz (Give

Ditching Radio

location, intentions) Transponder SOUAWK 7700 Heavy objects (in SECURE or JETTISON (if baggage area) possible Seats, seatbelts UPRIGHT, SECURE Flaps 20°-FULL Power 300 FT/MIN DESCENT AT 55 KIAS If no power available, approach flaps up 70 KIAS or flaps 10° 65 KIAS Strong wind, heavy seas: LAND INTO WIND Light wind, heavy swells: LAND PARALLEL TO SWELLS Doors UNLATCH Touchdown LEVEL ATTITUDE at established rate of descent CUSHION at touchdown with Face folded coat ACTIVATE EVACUATE THROUGH Airplane CABIN DOORS If necessary, open window and flood

cabin to equalize pressure so doors

INFLATE WHEN

CLEAR OF AIRPLANE

can be opened.

Life vests, raft

Fire During Start on Ground

Magnetos switch START (continue cranking to start the engine) If engine starts: Power 1800 RPM for a few minutes Engine SHUTDOWN If engine fails to start: Throttle **FULL** Mixture **CUT-OFF** Magnetos START (continue witch cranking) Fuel shutoff valve OFF (pull) Fuel pump OFF Magnetos OFF Standby battery OFF Master (ALT and BAT) OFF Engine SECURE Parking brake RELEASE Fire extinguisher OBTAIN Airplane **EVACUATE** EXTINGUISH via fire Fire extinguisher, wool blanket, or

Both cases: inspect and repair damage before conducting another

Engine Fire in Flight

Mixture CUT-OFF Fuel shutoff valve OFF (pull) Fuel pump OFF Master (ALT and BAT) OFF Cabin heat and air OFF (except overhead vents) Airspeed 100 KIAS

If fire not extinguished, increase speed to find an airspeed, within airspeed limitations, which provides an incombustible mixture

Forced landing EXECUTE Refer to Emergency Landing Without **Engine Power checklist**

Electrical Fire in Flight

Standby battery OFF Master (ALT and BAT) OFF Vents/cabin air/heat CLOSE Fire extinguisher USE Avionics (BUS 1 and BUS 2) OFF All switches (except magnetos) OFF Vents/cabin air/heat OPEN When sure fire is completely extinguished

If fire extinguished and electrical power necessary to continue flight:

Circuit breakers CHECK, do not reset Master (ALT and BAT) ON Standby battery ON ON Avionics (BUS 1) Avionics (BUS 2)

ON

Cabin Fire OFF Standby battery Master (ALT and BAT) OFF Vents/cabin air/ CLOSE (to avoid heat drafts) Fire extinguisher USE Vents/cabin air/heat When sure fire is completely extinguished ASAP to inspect for damage

Emergency Checklists

| Wing Fire | | |
|--|-----|--|
| Landing, taxi lights | OFF | |
| Nav, strobe lights | OFF | |
| Pitot heat | OFF | |
| NOTE: Sideslip to keep flames away | | |
| from fuel tanks and cabin. Land ASAP | | |
| using flaps only as required for final | | |
| approach and touchdown. | | |
| | | |

Inadvertent Icing Encounter During Flight

Pitot heat ON Turn or change altitude to obtain an OAT less conducive to icing. Cabin heat FULL ON OPEN Defrosters Cabin air ADJUST Maximize defroster heat and airflow Induction icing MONITOR Adjust throttle to hold RPM, Adjust mixture as needed for any change in power settings

NEAREST AIRPORT With an extremely rapid ice build-up, select suitable off-airport landing site With $\geq 1/4$ inch of ice on the leading edges, prepare for significantly higher stall speed

LEAVE RETRACTED Open left window and scrape ice from windshield, if necessary for visibility Forward slip if necessary for visibility Approach speed 65-75 KIAS Depending on level of accumulation Perform in level attitude Landing Avoid missed approaches if possible Missed approaches should be avoided

Static Source Blockage (Erroneous Instrument Reading Suspected)

whenever possible

Alternate static PULL ON Cabin heat/air PULL ON CLOSED Vents Airspeed Consult calibration table Section 5, Figure 5-1 of POH

Excessive Fuel Vapor (Fuel Flow Stabilization Procedures)

If flow fluctuates ≥ 1 GPH or power surges occur Fuel pump Mixture ADJUST as necessary for smooth operation Fuel selector valve SELECT OTHER TANK (if symptoms continue) OFF (after fuel flow Fuel pump stabilized)

Landing With a Flat Main Tire

Approach NORMAL Flaps FULL Touchdown GOOD MAIN TIRE FIRST Keep flat tire in air as long as possible with aileron control Directional control MAINTAIN using brake on good

wheel as required

Landing With a Flat Nose Tire

NORMAL Approach AS REQUIRED Flaps Touchdown ON MAINS Hold nosewheel off ground as long as possible, maintain full up elevator as airplane slows to stop

HIGH VOLTS or M Bat Amps > 40

Master (ALT only) OFF Reduce Electrical Load checklist RUN

LOW VOLTS Annunciator Comes On < 1000 RPM

Throttle 1000 RPM Low voltage annunciator VERIFY OFF If annunciator remains on, run "LOW VOLTS Annunciator On ≥ 1000 RPM" checklist, and have electrical system inspected before next flight

LOW VOLTS Annunciator On ≥ 1000

Master (ALT only) OFF ALT FIELD breaker CHECK IN Master (ALT and BAT) ON LOW VOLTS annunciator) VERIFY OFF M Bus volts VERIFY 27.5V minimum M Bat amps VERIFY POSITIVE If LOW VOLTS annunciator remains on:

Reduce Electrical Load RUN checklist

OFF

Reduce Electrical Load Avionics (BUS 1)

Pitot heat OFF Beacon, taxi, nav, strobe lights OFF Landing light OFF (use as req'd for landing) Cabin power 12V OFF Note: When M bus volts drops below 20V, the standby battery will supply power to the essential bus for at least

30 minutes COM1, NAV1 TUNE COM1 MIC and NAV1 SELECT If COM2 MIC and NAV2 are selected when avionics bus 2 is off, the radios cannot be tuned

Avionics (BUS 2) OFF if clear of clouds The following items will not operate: autopilot, COM2, transponder, audio panel, NAV2, MFD

Land AS SOON AS PRACTICAL Make sure a successful landing is possible before extending flaps. Flap motor is a large electrical load.

Red X - PFD Airspeed Indicator

ADC/AHRS circuit breakers CHECK IN (ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1)

If open, reset circuit breaker, If circuit breaker opens again, do not reset

Standby airspeed USE for airspeed indicator information

Red X - PFD Altitude Indicator

ADC/AHRS circuit breakers CHECK IN (ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1)

If open, reset circuit breaker. If circuit breaker opens again, do not

Standby altimeter CHECK current barometric

pressure SET, USE for altitude information

Red X - PFD Attitude Indicator

ADC/AHRS circuit breakers CHECK IN (ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1)

If open, reset circuit breaker. If circuit breaker opens again, do not reset

Standby attitude USE for attitude indicator information

Red X - Horizontal Situation Indicator

ADC/AHRS circuit breakers CHECK IN (ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1)

If open, reset circuit breaker, If circuit breaker opens again, do not

Magnetic compass USE for heading information

PFD1 COOLING or MFD1 COOLING Annunciator(s)

Cabin heat REDUCE (minimum preferred) Forward avionics CHECK (feel for

airflow from fan screen on glareshield)

If forward avionics fan failed: Standby battery OFF unless needed

for emergency power If PFD1 COOLING or MFD1 COOLING

annunciator does not go off within 3 minutes or if both annunciators come

Standby battery OFF (land as soon as practical)

LOW VACUUM Annunciator Comes

Vacuum indicator CHECK EIS ENGINE page to make sure

vacuum pointer is within green arc

If vacuum pointer not in green arc or gyro flag shows on standby attitude indicator, do not use standby attitude indicator

High Carbon Monoxide (CO) Level

OFF (push full in) Cabin heat Cabin air ON (pull full out) Cabin vents Windows OPEN (163 KIAS maximum

windows open speed)

If high CO level remains:

Land AS SOON AS PRACTICAL