Emergency Checklists

Engine Failure During Takeoff Roll		
Throttle	IDLE	
Brakes	APPLY	
Flaps	RETRACT	
Mixture	CUT-OFF	
Magnetos	OFF	
Standby battery	OFF	
Master (ALT and BAT)	OFF	

Engine Failure Immediately After Takeoff

Flaps up: 70 KIAS Airspeed Flaps 10°-FULL: 65 KIAS **CUT-OFF** Mixture Fuel shutoff valve OFF (pull full out) Magnetos OFF AS REQUIRED (FULL recommended) Standby battery OFF Master (ALT and BAT) OFF Door UNLATCH Land STRAIGHT AHEAD

Engine Failure During Flight (Restart Procedures)

Airspeed 68 KIAS (best glide speed) Fuel shutoff valve ON (push full in) Fuel selector valve BOTH ON Fuel pump Mixture RICH (if restart has not occurred) Magnetos BOTH If propeller stopped: START, advance throttle slowly, lean mixture as required Fuel pump If fuel flow drops to zero, turn fuel

Emergency Landing Without Engine Power

pump back on

UPRIGHT, SECURE Seats, seatbelts Airspeed Flaps up: 70 KIAS Flaps 10°-FULL: 65 KIAS **CUT-OFF** Mixture Fuel shutoff valve OFF (pull) Magnetos **OFF** AS REQUIRED (FULL Flaps recommended) Standby battery OFF Master (ALT and OFF (when landing BAT) is assured) Doors UNLATCH BEFORE **TOUCHDOWN** Touchdown SLIGHTLY TAIL LOW APPLY HEAVILY Brakes

Precautionary Landing With Engine

Power	
Seats, seatbelts	UPRIGHT, SECURE
Airspeed	65 KIAS
Flaps	20°
Selected field FL\	OVER, noting terrain and obstructions
Flaps FUL	L (on final approach)
Airspeed	65 KIAS
Standby battery	OFF
Master (ALT and	OFF (when landing
BAT)	assured)
Doors	UNLATCH BEFORE
	TOUCHDOWN
Touchdown	SLIGHTLY TAIL LOW
Mixture	CUT-OFF
Magnetos	OFF
Brakes	APPLY HEAVILY

Ditchina

Radio MAYDAY on 121.5 MHz (Give location, intentions) Transponder **SOUAWK 7700** Heavy objects (in SECURE or baggage area) JETTISON (if possible) Seats, seatbelts UPRIGHT, SECURE Flaps 20°-FULL 300 FT/MIN DESCENT Power AT 55 KIAS If no power available, approach flaps up 70 KIAS or flaps 10° 65 KIAS Strong wind, heavy seas: LAND INTO Light wind, heavy swells: LAND PARALLEL TO SWELLS Doors UNLATCH Touchdown LEVEL ATTITUDE at established rate of descent CUSHION at touchdown with folded coat **ACTIVATE** Airplane EVACUATE THROUGH CABIN **DOORS** If necessary, open window and flood cabin to equalize pressure so doors

Life vests, raft INFLATE WHEN CLEAR

OF AIRPLANE

can be opened.

Fire During Start on Ground

Magnetos switch START (continue cranking to start the engine) If engine starts: Power 1800 RPM for a few minutes SHUTDOWN Engine If engine fails to start: **FULL** Throttle Mixture CUT-OFF Magnetos switch START (continue cranking) Fuel shutoff valve OFF (pull) Fuel pump OFF Magnetos OFF Standby battery OFF Master (ALT and BAT) OFF **SECURE** Engine Parking brake RELEASE Fire extinguisher OBTAIN **EVACUATE** Airplane EXTINGUISH via fire Fire extinguisher, wool blanket, or dirt Both cases: inspect and repair damage before conducting another flight.

Engine Fire in Flight

Mixture

Fuel shutoff valve
Fuel pump
OFF
Master (ALT and BAT)
Cabin heat and air
OFF (except
overhead vents)
Airspeed
If fire not extinguished, increase speed

CUT-OFF

to find an airspeed, within airspeed limitations, which provides an incombustible mixture Forced landing EXECUTE

Forced landing EXECUTE
Refer to Emergency Landing Without
Engine Power checklist

Electrical Fire in Flight Standby battery

Standby battery OFF
Master (ALT and BAT) OFF
Vents/cabin air/heat CLOSE
Fire extinguisher USE
Avionics (BUS 1 and BUS 2) OFF
All switches (except magnetos) OFF
Vents/cabin air/heat OPEN
When sure fire is completely
extinguished

If fire extinguished and electrical power necessary to continue flight:

ower necessary to continue flight:
Circuit breakers CHECK, do not reset
Master (ALT and BAT)
ON
Standby battery
ON
Avionics (BUS 1)
ON
Avionics (BUS 2)
ON

Cabin Fire

Standby I	battery	OFF
Master (A	ALT and BAT)	OFF
Vents/ca	bin air/	CLOSE (to avoid
heat		drafts)
Fire extin	guisher	USE
Vents/ca	bin air/heat	OPEN
When sure fire is completely		
extinguished		
Land ASAP to inspect for damage		

Emergency Checklists

Wing Fire

Landing, taxi lights OFF
Nav, strobe lights OFF
Pitot heat OFF
NOTE: Sideslip to keep flames away
from fuel tanks and cabin. Land ASAP
using flaps only as required for final
approach and touchdown.

Inadvertent Icing Encounter During

Pitot heat Turn or change altitude to obtain an OAT less conducive to icing. Cabin heat **FULL ON** OPEN Defrosters Cabin air **ADJUST** Maximize defroster heat and airflow Induction icing MONITOR Adjust throttle to hold RPM. Adjust mixture as needed for any change in power settings Land NEAREST AIRPORT

Land NEAREST AIRPORT
With an extremely rapid ice build-up,
select suitable off-airport landing site
With ≥ 1/4 inch of ice on the leading
edges, prepare for significantly higher
stall speed
Flaps LEAVE RETRACTED

Open left window and scrape ice from windshield, if necessary for visibility Forward slip if necessary for visibility Approach speed 65-75 KIAS

Depending on level of accumulation
Landing Perform in level attitude
Avoid missed approaches if possible
Missed approaches should be avoided
whenever possible

Static Source Blockage (Erroneous Instrument Reading Suspected)

Alternate static PULL ON
Cabin heat/air PULL ON
Vents CLOSED
Airspeed Consult calibration table
Section 5, Figure 5-1 of POH

Excessive Fuel Vapor (Fuel Flow Stabilization Procedures)

If flow fluctuates ≥ 1 GPH or power surges occur
Fuel pump ON
Mixture ADJUST
as necessary for smooth operation
Fuel selector valve SELECT OTHER
TANK (if symptoms continue)
Fuel pump OFF (after fuel flow stabilized)

Landing With a Flat Main Tire

Approach NORMAL
Flaps FULL
Touchdown GOOD MAIN TIRE FIRST
Keep flat tire in air as long as possible
with aileron control
Directional control MAINTAIN using
brake on good

wheel as required

Landing With a Flat Nose Tire

Approach NORMAL Flaps AS REQUIRED Touchdown ON MAINS Hold nosewheel off ground as long as possible, maintain full up elevator as airplane slows to stop

HIGH VOLTS or M Bat Amps > 40

Master (ALT only) OFF Reduce Electrical Load checklist RUN

LOW VOLTS Annunciator Comes On < 1000 RPM

Throttle 1000 RPM Low voltage annunciator VERIFY OFF If annunciator remains on, run "LOW VOLTS Annunciator On ≥ 1000 RPM" checklist, and have electrical system inspected before next flight

LOW VOLTS Annunciator On ≥ 1000 RPM

Master (ALT only) OFF
ALT FIELD breaker CHECK IN
Master (ALT and BAT) ON
LOW VOLTS annunciator) VERIFY OFF
M Bus volts VERIFY 27.5V minimum
M Bat amps VERIFY POSITIVE
If LOW VOLTS annunciator remains on:
Reduce Electrical Load RUN
checklist

Reduce Electrical Load

Avionics (BUS 1) OFF
Pitot heat OFF
Beacon, taxi, nav, strobe lights OFF
Landing light OFF (use as req'd for landing)
Cabin power 12V OFF

Note: When M bus volts drops below 20V, the standby battery will supply power to the essential bus for at least 30 minutes COM1. NAV1

COM1 MIC and NAV1 SELECT If COM2 MIC and NAV2 are selected when avionics bus 2 is off, the radios cannot be tuned

Avionics (BUS 2) OFF if clear of clouds The following items will not operate: autopilot, COM2, transponder, audio panel, NAV2, MFD

Land AS SOON AS PRACTICAL
Make sure a successful landing is
possible before extending flaps. Flap
motor is a large electrical load.

Red X - PFD Airspeed Indicator

ADC/AHRS circuit breakers CHECK IN (ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1)

If open, reset circuit breaker. If circuit breaker opens again, do not reset Standby airspeed USE for airspeed indicator information

Red X - PFD Altitude Indicator

ADC/AHRS circuit breakers CHECK IN (ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1)

If open, reset circuit breaker. If circuit breaker opens again, do not reset Standby altimeter CHECK current

barometric pressure SET. USE for altitude information

Red X - PFD Attitude Indicator

ADC/AHRS circuit breakers CHECK IN (ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1)

If open, reset circuit breaker. If circuit breaker opens again, do not reset Standby attitude USE for attitude indicator information

Red X - Horizontal Situation Indicator

ADC/AHRS circuit breakers CHECK IN (ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1)

If open, reset circuit breaker. If circuit breaker opens again, do not reset Magnetic compass USE for heading information

PFD1 COOLING or MFD1 COOLING Annunciator(s)

Cabin heat REDUCE (minimum preferred)
Forward avionics CHECK (feel for airflow from screen on glareshield)

If forward avionics fan failed:
Standby battery OFF unless needed

Standby battery OFF unless needed for emergency power

If PFD1 COOLING or MFD1 COOLING annunciator does not go off within 3 minutes or if both annunciators come

Standby battery OFF (land as soon as practical)

LOW VACUUM Annunciator Comes On

Vacuum indicator CHECK EIS ENGINE
page to make sure
vacuum pointer is
within green arc

If vacuum pointer not in green arc or gyro flag shows on standby attitude indicator, do not use standby attitude indicator

High Carbon Monoxide (CO) Level

Cabin heat OFF (push full in)
Cabin air ON (pull full out)
Cabin vents OPEN
Windows OPEN (163 KIAS maximum
windows open speed)

If high CO level remains:

Land AS SOON AS PRACTICAL