Stratified Simple Random Sampling: Quality Control

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```
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyve
## v ggplot2 3.0.0
               v purrr
                      0.2.5
## v tibble 1.4.2
               v dplyr
                      0.7.6
## v tidyr
        0.8.1
               v stringr 1.3.1
## v readr
        1.1.1
               v forcats 0.3.0
## -- Conflicts ------ tidyverse_co
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
              masks stats::lag()
```

Outline

Quality control at each each stage in the process.

- 1. Sampling Frame
- 2. Sample Size Data Set
- 3. Check Sampling Strata Across the Sampling Frame and Sample Size Data Set
- 4. Probability of Selection
- 5. Sample Indicator
- 6. Design Weight
- 7. Sample Selection Summary
- 8. Session Information
- 9. References

For this study, the sampling unit is the physician.

1. Sampling Frame

At the time of sampling, the frame consists of eligible sampling units.

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
    id = col_integer(),
##
    samplingStratum = col_integer(),
##
    probabilityOfSelection = col_double(),
    sampleIndicator = col_integer(),
##
##
    designWeight = col_double()
## )
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 1200 obs. of 5 variables:
                       : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ id
## $ samplingStratum
                       : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ sampleIndicator
                       : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ designWeight
                       : num 6.67 6.67 6.67 6.67 ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=List of 2
```

```
##
     ..$ cols
               :List of 5
                                : list()
##
    .. ..$ id
    ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_integer" "collector"
##
##
     ....$ samplingStratum
                                : list()
    ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_integer" "collector"
##
##
    ....$ probabilityOfSelection: list()
     ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_double" "collector"
                               : list()
##
     .. ..$ sampleIndicator
##
    ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_integer" "collector"
##
    ...$ designWeight
                                : list()
    ..... attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_double" "collector"
##
    ..$ default: list()
    ....- attr(*, "class")= chr "collector_guess" "collector"
    ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "col_spec"
```

1.1. Check for Missing IDs

Pass: All observations have a value for the identifier.

1.2. Check for Duplicate IDs

Pass: All observations have a unique identifier.

1.3. Check for Missing Stratification Values

Pass: All observations have a value for the sampling stratum.

2. Sample Size Data Set

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
    samplingStratum = col_integer(),
    populationCount = col_integer(),
##
    sampleSize = col_integer()
## )
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame':
                                            4 obs. of 5 variables:
   $ samplingStratum: int 1 2 3 4
## $ populationCount: int 100 200 300 600
                    : int 15 20 25 100
## $ sampleSize
                    : num 0.15 0.1 0.0833 0.1667
## $ posPop
                    : num 6.67 10 12 6
## $ dw
```

Pass: All observations have a value for the sampling stratum.

2.1. Check for Duplicate Strata

Pass: All observations have a unique sampling stratum value.

2.2. Check for Strata with Sample Size Less Than Two

Pass: All sampling strata have at least two sampling units.

3. Check Sampling Strata Across the Sampling Frame and Sample Size Data Set

Pass: All sampling strata have the expected number of sampling units.

4. Probability of Selection

4.1. Check Probability of Selection Values

In a sampling stratum, all sampling uints should have the same probability of selection.

Pass: In a sampling stratum, all sampling units have the same value for the probability of selection.

4.2. Check Sum of Probabilities of Selection

In a sampling stratum, the sample size should equal the sum of the probabilities of selection. For the h^{th} sampling stratum, the sample size, n_h , should equal the sum of the probabilities of selection, p_{hi} . That is, in the h^{th} sampling stratum, the check to ensure that the probability of selection was calculated correctly is

$$n_h = \sum_{i=1}^{N_h} p_{hi}.$$

Pass: All sampling strata have the sum of the probabilities of selection equal to the sample size.

5. Sample Indicator

In a sampling stratum, the sample size should equal the sum of the sample indicators. For the h^{th} sampling stratum, the sample size, n_h , should equal the sum of the sample indicators, s_{hi} . That is, in the h^{th} sampling stratum, the check to ensure that the sample indicators were calculated correctly is

$$n_h = \sum_{i=1}^{N_h} s_{hi}.$$

Pass: All sampling strata have the sum of the sample indicators equal to the sample size.

6. Design Weight

6.1. Check Design Weight Values

In a sampling stratum, all the sampled sampling units should have the same design weight, and all non-sampled sampling units should have a design weight of zero.

Pass: In a sampling stratum, when the design weight is greater than zero, all sampling units have the same value for the design weight.

6.2. Check Sum of the Design Weights

In a sampling stratum, the population count should equal the sum of the design weights. For the h^{th} sampling stratum, the population count, N_h , should equal the sum of the design weights, d_{hi} . That is, in the h^{th} sampling stratum, the check to ensure that the design weights were calculated correctly is

$$N_h = \sum_{i=1}^{N_h} d_{hi}.$$

Pass: All sampling strata have the sum of the design weights equal to the population size. # 7. Quality Control Summary

Pass: In a sampling stratum, all sampling units have the same value for the probability of selection

Pass: All sampling strata have the sum of the probabilities of selection equal to the sample size.

Pass: All sampling strata have the sum of the sample indicators equal to the sample size.

Pass: In a sampling stratum, when the design weight is greater than zero, all sampling units have th

Pass: All sampling strata have the sum of the design weights equal to the population size.

Table 1: Sampling Summary Table

samplingStratum	populationCount	sampleSize	probabilityOfSelection	sample Indicator	designWeight	n
1	100	15	0.15	0	0.00	85
1	100	15	0.15	1	6.67	15
2	200	20	0.10	0	0.00	180
2	200	20	0.10	1	10.00	20
3	300	25	0.08	0	0.00	275
3	300	25	0.08	1	12.00	25
4	600	100	0.17	0	0.00	500
4	600	100	0.17	1	6.00	100

8. Table, Document, and Session Information

The tables in this document were created using the xtable package (Dahl et al. 2018). This package was used in the R language and environment for statistical computing (R Core Team 2018). This document was created using the knitr package (Xie 2018) in RStudio (RStudio).

Session information:

```
## R version 3.5.1 (2018-07-02)
## Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)
## Running under: Windows 7 x64 (build 7601) Service Pack 1
##
## Matrix products: default
##
## locale:
## [1] LC_COLLATE=English_United States.1252
```

[2] LC CTYPE=English United States.1252

```
## [3] LC_MONETARY=English_United States.1252
## [4] LC NUMERIC=C
  [5] LC_TIME=English_United States.1252
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats
                 graphics grDevices utils
                                                datasets methods
                                                                    base
##
## other attached packages:
##
    [1] bindrcpp_0.2.2
                        xtable_1.8-3
                                         forcats_0.3.0
                                                         stringr_1.3.1
   [5] dplyr_0.7.6
##
                        purrr_0.2.5
                                         readr_1.1.1
                                                         tidyr_0.8.1
   [9] tibble_1.4.2
                        ggplot2_3.0.0
                                         tidyverse_1.2.1
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
   [1] Rcpp_0.12.19
                         cellranger_1.1.0 pillar_1.3.0
                                                            compiler_3.5.1
##
   [5] plyr_1.8.4
                         bindr_0.1.1
                                          tools_3.5.1
                                                            digest_0.6.18
   [9] lubridate_1.7.4
                         jsonlite_1.5
                                           evaluate_0.12
                                                            nlme_3.1-137
## [13] gtable_0.2.0
                         lattice_0.20-35
                                          pkgconfig_2.0.2
                                                            rlang_0.2.2
## [17] cli 1.0.1
                         rstudioapi_0.8
                                          vaml 2.2.0
                                                            haven 1.1.2
## [21] withr_2.1.2
                         xml2_1.2.0
                                          httr_1.3.1
                                                            knitr_1.20
## [25] hms 0.4.2
                         rprojroot 1.3-2
                                          grid 3.5.1
                                                            tidyselect_0.2.5
## [29] glue_1.3.0
                         R6_2.3.0
                                           readxl_1.1.0
                                                            rmarkdown_1.10
## [33] modelr_0.1.2
                         magrittr_1.5
                                           backports_1.1.2
                                                            scales_1.0.0
## [37] htmltools_0.3.6
                         rvest_0.3.2
                                           assertthat_0.2.0 colorspace_1.3-2
## [41] stringi 1.1.7
                         lazyeval 0.2.1
                                          munsell 0.5.0
                                                            broom 0.5.0
## [45] crayon_1.3.4
```

9. References

Dahl, David B., David Scott, Charles Roosen, Arni Magnusson, and Jonathan Swinton. 2018. *Xtable: Export Tables to Latex or Html*. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=xtable.

R Core Team. 2018. R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing. Vienna, Austria: R Foundation for Statistical Computing. https://www.R-project.org/.

Xie, Yihui. 2018. Knitr: A General-Purpose Package for Dynamic Report Generation in R. https://CRAN. R-project.org/package=knitr.