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Contact:	fpki@gsa.gov	

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X.509 Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Extensions Profile for the Shared Service Providers (SSP) Program

Federal PKI Policy Authority Shared Service Provider Working Group

Version 1.9 May 9, 2018

Revision History Table

Date	Version	Description
March 9, 2004	1.0	Initial version of profile
July 8, 2004	1.1	The dual-use certificate profile for human end users has been
,		removed in order to align with Common Certificate Policy.
		2) The section on URIs now recommends the use of a single LDAP
		URI that specifies multiple attributes rather than use of multiple
		LPAP URIs in the authorityInfoAccess and subjectInfoAccess
		extensions.
		3) The section on URIs now indicates that the subjectInfoAccess
		extension may be omitted from CA certificates if the certificate
10.2006	1.0	subject does not issue CA certificates.
January 19, 2006	1.2	Added certificate profiles for Card Authentication Certificates and
		PIV Authentication Certificates as specified in FIPS 201 and aligned
Eshman, 6, 2006	1.3	algorithms with NIST SP 800-78. Modified the PIV Authentication Certificate Profile in Worksheet 9 to
February 6, 2006	1.3	reflect that these certificates cannot assert id-fpki-common-hardware
		in the certificatePolicies extension.
March 9, 2006	1.4	Added id-pki-common-cardAuth to the list of policy OIDs that may
7,2000	1	be asserted in CA certificates (worksheets 2 and 3).
January 7, 2008	1.5	1) Modified set of elliptic curve algorithms to align with NIST SP
J /		800-78-1.
		2) Added certificate profile for OCSP responders.
		3) Made subject DN in PIV Authentication certificates mandatory
		(Common Policy change proposal 2007-02).
		4) Allow legacy Federal PKIs to include either an LDAP or an HTTP
		URI in the cRLDistributionPoints extension of PIV Authentication
0-4-121 2012	1.6	certificates, rather than requiring the inclusion of both URIs.
October 31, 2012	1.6	Incorporates changes for Common Policy Change Proposal 2011-03 - Remove Requirements for LDAP URIs.
May 5, 2015	1.7	1) Added new Common Content Signing Certificate Worksheet 10, new Common Derived PIV Authentication Worksheet 11,
		2) Made changes in compliance with FIPS 201-2: added UUID to
		PIV Auth and PIV CardAuth certificates and changed Signature
		& Device worksheets to the piv-contentsigning EKU cannot be
		used after 10/31/2015
		3) Incorporated changes for Common Policy Change Proposal 2015-
		01 (Common Derived PIV) & 2015-02 (anyEKU optional)
July 17, 2017	1.8	Align with current practice & Common Policy CP v1.27
		Specify only minimum key size for Root CA
		Deleted comment about discouraging the use of policy
		Qualifiers
		Include Policy Constraints – non-critical – exception from
		RFC 5280
		Include InhibitAnyPolicy – non-critical – exception from
		RFC 5280
May 10, 2018	1.9	2018-03 Mandate specific EKU in Common Policy subscriber
		certificates to align with Industry Practices

1. Introduction

This document specifies the X.509 version 3 certificate and version 2 certificate revocation list (CRL) profiles for certificates and CRLs issued under the X.509 Certificate Policy for the U.S. Federal PKI Common Policy Framework [1]. The profiles serve to identify unique parameter settings for certificates and CRLs issued under this policy.

In the interest of establishing commonality and interoperability among PKI communities outside the Federal government, it was decided that this profile should be based on a "standard PKI profile" but still contain the unique parameter settings for Federal systems. The most widely accepted PKI profile is RFC 5280 Public Key Infrastructure (PKIX) profile developed by the PKIX working group [3]. The PKIX profile identifies the format and semantics of certificates and CRLs for the Internet PKI. Procedures are described for processing and validating certification paths in the Internet environment. Encoding rules are provided for all fields and extensions profiled in both the X.509 v3 certificate and v2 CRL. Encoding rules for cryptographic algorithms specified in this profile are specified in [7], [10], and [14].

1.1. Structure

This document is divided into six sections. Section 1 includes this introduction. Sections 2 and 3 describe the v3 certificate and v2 CRL respectively. These sections specifically describe the differences in generation and processing requirements between the PKIX profile and the profile for certificates and CRLs issued under the Common Certificate Policy. Unless otherwise noted in this profile, the reader should follow RFC 5280. Section 4 specifies rules for choosing character encoding sets for attribute values of type DirectoryString in distinguished names. Section 5 profiles the use of uniform resource identifiers (URIs) in certificates. Section 6 highlights certificate contents that are particular to PIV. Section 7 provides an overview of each of the certificate and CRL profiles included in the worksheets corresponding to this document.

1.2. Acronyms

AKID Authority Key Identifier

CA Certification Authority

CMS Cryptographic Message Syntax
CRL Certificate Revocation List

DER Distinguished Encoding Rules

DN Distinguished Name

FASC-N Federal Agency Smart Credential Number FBCA Federal Bridge Certification Authority

FBI Federal Bureau of Investigation

FIPS Federal Information Processing Standards

FPKI Federal Public Key Infrastructure

FTP File Transfer Protocol

HTTP Hypertext Transfer Protocol

IETF Internet Engineering Task Force

IP Internet Protocol

LDAP Lightweight Directory Access Protocol

NACI National Agency Check with Inquiries

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology

OCSP Online Certificate Status Protocol

OID Object Identifier

PIV Personal Identity Verification
PKI Public Key Infrastructure

PKIX Public Key Infrastructure (X.509)

RFC Request For Comments
RSA Rivest-Shamir-Adelman
SHA Secure Hash Algorithm
SKID Subject Key Identifier

S/MIME Secure/Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions

TLS Transport Layer Security

UPN User Principal Name

URI Uniform Resource Identifier
URL Uniform Resource Locator
URN Uniform Resource Name
UUID Universally Unique IDentifier

1.3. References

- [1] X.509 Certificate Policy for the U.S. Federal PKI Common Policy Framework.
- [2] Russel Housley and Paul Hoffman. Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure: *Operational Protocols: FTP and HTTP*, RFC 2585, May 1999.
- [3] David Cooper, Stefan Santesson, Stephen Farrell, Sharon Boeyen, Russel Housley, and Tim Polk. *Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile*, RFC 5280, May 2008.
- [4] Mark Smith and Tim Howes. *Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP): Uniform Resource Locator*, RFC 4516, June 2006.
- [5] Roy T. Fielding, James Gettys, Jeffrey C. Mogul, Henrik Frystyk Nielsen, Larry Masinter, Paul J. Leach, and Tim Berners-Lee. *Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.1*, RFC 2616, June 1999.
- [6] Steve Lloyd. AKID/SKID Implementation Guideline, September 2002.
- [7] Tim Polk, Russel Housley, and Larry Bassham. Internet Public Key Infrastructure: *Algorithms and Identifiers for the Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure*

- Certificate and CRL Profile, RFC 3279, April 2002.
- [8] W. Timothy Polk, Donna F. Dodson, William E. Burr, Hildegard Ferraiolo, and David Cooper. *Cryptographic Algorithms and Key Sizes for Personal Identity Verification*, NIST Special Publication 800-78-3, December 2010.
- [9] Blake Ramsdell and Sean Turner. Secure/Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (S/MIME) Version 3.2 Message Specification, RFC 5751, January 2010.
- [10] Jim Schaad, Burt Kaliski, and Russell Housley, Additional Algorithms and Identifiers for RSA Cryptography for use in the Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile, RFC 4055, June 2005.
- [11] Personal Identity Verification (PIV) of Federal Employees and Contractors, FIPS 201-2, August 2013.
- [12] Paul J. Leach, Michael Mealling, and Rich Salz. *A Universally Unique IDentifier* (UUID) URN Namespace, RFC 4122, July 2005.
- [13] Stefan Santesson, Tim Polk, and Magnus Nystrom. *Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure: Qualified Certificates Profile*, RFC 3739, March 2004.
- [14] Sean Turner, Kelvin Yiu, Daniel R. L. Brown, Russ Housley, and Tim Polk. *Elliptic Curve Cryptography Subject Public Key Information*, RFC 5480, March 2009.

2. X.509 v3 Certificates

X.509 v3 certificates contain the identity and attribute data of a subject using the base certificate with applicable extensions. The base certificate contains such information as the version number of the certificate, the certificate's identifying serial number, the signature algorithm used to sign the certificate, the issuer's distinguished name, the validity period of the certificate, the distinguished name of the subject, and information about the subject's public key. To this base certificate are appended numerous certificate extensions. More detailed information about X.509 certificates can be found in Recommendation X.509 and RFC 5280.

CAs create certificates for user authentication procedures that require one user to obtain another user's public key. So that users trust the public key, the CA employs a digital signature to cryptographically sign the certificate in order to provide assurance that the information within the certificate is correct. The fields in a certificate identify the issuer (i.e., CA), subject (i.e., user), version number, subject's public key, validity period, and serial number of the certificate along with the public key algorithm used to certify the certificate. A CA may also add certificate extensions containing additional information about the user or the CA, depending on the implementation.

All certification paths start from a trust anchor. A trust anchor is a CA that a user trusts to issue certificates based on out-of-band knowledge. The public key of a trust anchor is distributed to certificate users in the form of a "trust anchor certificate." A trust anchor certificate:

• is self-signed, that is, signed with the private key corresponding to the public key

contained in the subject public key field of the certificate;¹

- contains any needed parameters in the subject public key info field, where the digital signature algorithm used in the certificate requires the use of parameters;
- contains few or no extensions;
- is kept in protected memory or otherwise protected from alteration by an intruder;
- is transferred to the application or certificate using system in an authenticated manner. The signature on the trust anchor certificate cannot authenticate the certificate.

The trust anchor for the Federal Government, according to A-130 are operated by the FPKI Management Authority. The trust anchor used by a certificate using application may be the CA that issued it a certificate or may be a CA that is at the top of a hierarchy of CAs. Which trust anchors may be used by agency certificate using systems to start certification paths is a matter of agency security policy.

Agencies will designate the CAs that may be used as trust anchors by certificate using systems within the agency, and will establish the approved mechanisms for obtaining the trust anchors' public keys in a secure, authenticated manner. The FPKI Management Authority will make the self-signed certificate of the Common Certificate Policy Root CA available for use as a trust anchor, and it is expected that this CA will be used as the trust anchor for most users who are issued certificates under the Common Certificate Policy.

V3 certificates provide a mechanism for CAs to append additional information about the subject's public key, issuer's public key, and issuer's CRLs. Standard certificate extensions are defined for X.509 v3 certificates. These extensions provide methods of increasing the amount of information the X.509 certificate conveys to facilitate automated certificate processing.

3. X.509 v2 Certificate Revocation Lists

CAs use CRLs to publicize the revocation of a subject's certificate. The CRLs are stored in the directory as attributes or as HTTP accessible files and are checked by relying parties to verify that a user's certificate has not been revoked. The fields in a CRL identify the issuer, the date the current CRL was generated, the date by which the next CRL will be generated, and the revoked users' certificates.

The CRLs issued to comply with the requirements of Section 4.9.7 of the Common Certificate Policy [1] must be complete for scope: they may not be indirect CRLs, delta-CRLs, or CRLs segmented by reason code. CAs may optionally issue additional CRLs, such as delta-CRLs, so long as complete for scope CRLs are also made available and are issued with sufficient frequency to meet the requirements specified in Section 4.9.7 of the Common Certificate Policy. CAs that issue segmented CRLs are strongly encouraged to also issue full CRLs in order to accommodate third parties that use CRLs to generate OCSP responses. CAs may optionally supplement the CRL based revocation mechanisms

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¹ NOTE: While in most cases, the public key of a CA that is to act as a trust anchor is distributed using self-signed certificates, this is not strictly necessary. Relying parties may obtain the public key of a trust anchor by other means.

with on-line revocation mechanisms.

If delta-CRLs are issued, then either the certificates or the complete CRLs that correspond to the delta-CRLs should include a FreshestCRL extension that points to the delta-CRLs.

CAs issuing certificates asserting id-fpki-common-authentication, id-fpki-common-derived-pivAuth-hardware, id-fpki-common-derived-pivAuth, id-fpki-common-cardAuth, id-fpki-common-public-trusted-serverAuth shall support Online Certificate Status checking via OCSP (RFC 2560).

When an OCSP server is available that provides status information about a certificate, then the authorityInfoAccess extension for that certificate shall include a pointer to the OCSP server.

4. Encoding Distinguished Names with Attributes of type DirectoryString

X.509 certificates and CRLs include distinguished names to identify issuers (of certificates and CRLs), subjects of certificates, and to specify CRL distribution points. Many of the attributes in distinguished names use the DirectoryString syntax. DirectoryString permits encoding of names in a choice of character sets: PrintableString, TeletexString, BMPString, UniversalString, and UTF8String.

PrintableString is currently the most widely used encoding for attribute values in distinguished names. PrintableString is a subset of ASCII; it does not include characters required for most international languages. UTF8String is an encoding that supports all recognized written languages, including some ancient languages (e.g., Runic). Any name that can be represented in PrintableString can also be encoded using UTF8String.

Name comparison is an important step in X.509 path validation, particularly for name chaining and name constraints computation. Many legacy implementations are unable to perform name comparisons when names are encoded using different character sets. To simplify correct operation of path validation, CAs are strongly encouraged to honor the subject's chosen character set when issuing CA certificates or populating extensions. That is, if a subject CA encodes its own name in the issuer field of certificates and CRLs it generates using TeletexString, the cross certificate should use the same character set to specify that CA's name.

Name constraints are specified in CA certificates. The names specified in name constraints must be compared with the subject names in subsequent certificates in a certification path. To help ensure that name constraints are applied correctly, CAs should encode each attribute value in a name constraint using the same encoding as is used to encode the corresponding attribute value in subject names in subsequent certificates. In general, it may be assumed that subject names are encoded in the same way as the issuer field in the certificates issued by the subject of the certificate containing the name constraints extension.

For certificates and CRLs issued under the Common Certificate Policy, attributes of type DirectoryString in the issuer fields of certificates and CRLs and the distributionPoint fields of cRLDistributionPoints and issuingDistributionPoint extensions shall be encoded

in PrintableString. In the subject field of end entity certificates, all attributes of type DirectoryString, except the common name attribute type, shall be encoded in PrintableString. The common name attribute type in the subject field of end entity certificates shall be encoded in PrintableString if it is possible to encode the certificate subject's name using that encoding. If the certificate subject's name cannot be encoded using PrintableString, then UTF8String shall be used. The subject name in CA certificates shall be encoded exactly as it is encoded in the issuer field of certificates and CRLs signed by the subject of the CA certificate.

5. Use of URIs in Distribution Points, AuthorityInfoAccess, and subjectInfoAccess Extensions

Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs) are used in four different extensions within the certificate and CRL profiles in this document: authorityInfoAccess, subjectInfoAccess, cRLDistributionPoints, and issuingDistributionPoint. Two different protocols are used in this document: LDAP and HTTP. The specifications for URIs for these protocols may be found in RFC 4516 and RFC 2616, respectively.

Except for the id-ad-ocsp access method of the authorityInfoAccess extension, the scheme portion of all URIs must be either "ldap" or "http" to indicate that the relevant information is located in an LDAP accessible directory or via HTTP. For the id-ad-ocsp access method of the authorityInfoAccess, the scheme portion of the URI must be "http" to indicate that the transport protocol for the OCSP request/response messages is HTTP. The hostname of every URI must be specified as a fully qualified domain name. The information must be made available via the default port number for the relevant protocol (80 for HTTP and 389 for LDAP) and so does not need to be specified in the URI.

In the cRLDistributionPoints extension, the URI is a pointer to a current CRL that provides status information about the certificate. If LDAP is used, the URI must include the DN of the entry containing the CRL and specify the directory attribute in which the CRL is located (certificateRevocationList, authorityRevocationList, or deltaRevocationList). If the directory in which the CRL is stored expects the "binary" option to be specified, then the attribute type must be followed by ";binary" in the URI. If HTTP is used, the URI must point to a file that has an extension of ".crl" that contains the DER encoded CRL (see RFC 2585). When a URI is used as the DistributionPointName in the issuingDistributionPoint extension in a CRL, the value must match the URI in the corresponding distribution points in the cRLDistributionPoints extensions in certificates covered by the CRL.

Some examples of URIs that may appear in a cRLDistributionPoints or issuingDistributionPoint extension are:

The authorityInfoAccess extension uses URIs for two purposes. When the id-ad-caIssuers access method is used, the access location specifies where certificates issued to the issuer of the certificate may be found. If LDAP is used, the URI must include the DN of the entry containing the relevant certificates and specify the directory attribute in which the

certificates are located. If the directory in which the certificates are stored expects the "binary" option to be specified, then the attribute type must be followed by ";binary" in the URI. If HTTP is used, the URI must point to a file that has an extension of ".p7c" that contains a certs-only CMS message (see RFC 5751). The CMS message should include all certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate, but must at least contain all certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate in which the subject public key may be used to verify the signature on this certificate.

Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy must include an authorityInfoAccess extension that contains at least one instance of the id-ad-caIssuers access method, accessible via HTTP. The access locations for this extension must be either (1) an HTTP URI or (2) an LDAP URI that specifies both the cACertificate and crossCertificatePair attributes (a CA may, alternatively, specify each of the attributes in a separate LDAP URI).

For a certificate issued by "Good CA", some examples of URIs that may appear as the access location in an authorityInfoAccess extension when the id-ad-caIssuers access method is used are:

http://www.example.com/fictitiousCertsOnlyCMSdirectory/certsIssuedToGoodCA.p7c

ldap://ldap.example.com/cn=Good%20CA,o=Test%20Certificates,c=US?cACertificate,crossCertificatePair ldap://ldap.example.com/cn=Good%20CA,o=Test%20Certs,c=US?cACertificate;binary,crossCertificatePair;binary

When the id-ad-ocsp access method is used, the access location specifies the location of an OCSP server that provides status information about the certificate. The URI may include a path. Where privacy is a requirement, the URI may specify the "https" scheme to indicate that the transport protocol for OCSP requests/responses is HTTP over SSL/TLS. In this case, the default port number is 443, and the URI must include the server's port number if this default port number is not used.

The id-ad-caRepository access method for the subjectInfoAccess extension uses URIs to specify the location where CA certificates issued by the subject of the certificate may be found. If LDAP is used, the URI must include the DN of the entry containing the relevant certificates and specify the directory attribute in which the certificates are located. If the directory in which the certificates are stored expects the "binary" option to be specified, then the attribute type must be followed by ";binary" in the URI. If HTTP is used, the URI must point to a file that has an extension of ".p7c" that contain a certs-only CMS message (see RFC 5751). The CMS message should include all CA certificates issued by the subject of this certificate, but must at least contain all CA certificates issued by the subject of this certificate in which the signature on the certificate may be verified using the subject public key in this certificate.

CA certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy should include a subjectInfoAccess extension that contains at least one instance of the id-ad-caRepository access method accessible via HTTP. The access locations in this extension should be either (1) an HTTP URI or (2) an LDAP URI that specifies both the cACertificate and crossCertificatePair attributes (a CA may, alternatively, specify each of the attributes in a separate LDAP URI). If the subject of the certificate only issues end entity certificates, then the subjectInfoAccess extension may be excluded. If the subject of the certificate issues self-issued certificates (e.g., key rollover certificates), but does not issue

certificates to other CAs, then the LDAP URI in the subjectInfoAccess extension only needs to specify the cACertificate attribute.

For a certificate issued to "Good CA", some examples of URIs that may appear as the access location in an subjectInfoAccess extension when the id-ad-caRepository access method is used are:

http://www.example.com/fictitiousCertsOnlyCMSdirectory/CAcertsIssuedByGoodCA.p7c ldap://ldap.example.com/cn=Good%20CA,o=Test%20Certificates,c=US?cACertificate,crossCertificatePair ldap://ldap.example.com/cn=Good%20CA,o=Test%20Certis,c=US?cACertificate;binary,crossCertificatePair;binary

6. PIV Certificates

The certificate profiles for the PIV Authentication, Derived PIVAuth, and Card Authentication certificates are based on the profile for End Entity Signature Certificates, but these profiles differ in a number of ways based on requirements that are specified in FIPS 201 [11]. The main differences in these profiles are as follows:

- There must be an OCSP server that responds on port 80 that provides certificate status information for PIV Authentication certificates and Card Authentication certificates and the authorityInfoAccess extension in these certificates must include an access method of type id-ad-ocsp where the access location is a URI with a scheme of "http".
- PIV Authentication certificates must assert the id-fpki-common-authentication policy OID.
- Card Authentication certificates must assert the id-fpki-common-cardAuth policy
 OID and must include a critical extended key usage extension that asserts
 id-PIV-cardAuth.
- Derived PIVAuth certifiates must assert either the id-fpki-common-derived-pivAuth or id-fpki-common-derived-pivAuth-hardware policy OID.
- The inclusion of a non-NULL subject name in Card Authentication certificates is optional.
- Both PIV Authentication certificates and Card Authentication certificates must include a subjectAltName extension that includes the FASC-N from the PIV Card that holds the certificates. For certificates issued after October 15, 2015, the subjectAltName extension in the Card Authentication certificates must also include a UUID, but must not include any other name forms. The subjectAltName extension in PIV Authentication certificates may contain any name forms in addition to the FASC-N and UUID that are required by the various applications with which the certificate will be used.
- The nonRepudiation key usage bit must not be set in PIV Authentication certificates, Common Derived PIV Authentication certificates, or Card Authentication certificates.
- PIV Authentication certificates, Common Derived PIV Authentication certificates, and Card Authentication certificates must include a piv-interim extension that indicates whether the certificate subject's NACI had been completed and

- successfully adjudicated at the time of certificate issuance.
- FIPS 201 also requires that certificates that can be used to verify signatures on the CHUID or biometric data on PIV Cards include an extended key usage extension that asserts id-PIV-content-signing. After October 15, 2015 the id-PIV-content-signing EKU can only be asserted in Common PIV ContentSigning certificates (i.e. the certificate must assert the id-fpki-common-piv-contentSigning certificate policy)

7. Worksheet Contents

The certificate and CRL profiles consist of twelve worksheets. Each worksheet lists mandatory contents of a particular class of certificates or CRLs. Optional features that will be widely supported in the Federal PKI are also identified. These features MAY be included at the issuer's option. Certificate and CRL issuers may include additional information in non-critical extensions for local use, but should not expect clients in the Federal PKI to process this additional information. Critical extensions that are not listed in these worksheets MUST NOT be included in certificates or CRLs issued under the Common Certificate Policy.

The twelve worksheets are:

- 1. The *Self-Signed Certificates* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of self-signed CA certificates issued by CAs for use by PKI client systems when establishing trust anchors.
- 2. The *Self-Issued CA Certificates* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of key rollover certificates.
- 3. The *Cross-Certificates* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of certificates issued by CAs under the Common Certificate Policy where the subject is another CA and the public key will be used to verify the signature on certificates and CRLs.
- 4. The *CRL* worksheet table defines the mandatory and optional contents of CRLs issued by CAs that issue certificates under the Common Certificate Policy.
- 5. The *End Entity Signature Certificates* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of certificates issued by CAs to Federal employees and contractors where the public key will be used to verify the signatures.
- 6. The *Key Management Certificates* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of certificates issued by CAs to Federal employees and contractors where the public key will be used to perform key management operations.
- 7. The *Certificates for Computing and Communications Devices* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of certificates issued by CAs to computing or communications devices (e.g., routers, firewalls, servers, etc.).
- 8. The *Card Authentication Certificates* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of certificates that correspond to the Card Authentication Key

defined in Section 4.2.2 of FIPS 201.

- 9. The *PIV Authentication Certificates* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of certificates that correspond to the PIV Authentication Key defined in Section 4.2.2 of FIPS 201.
- 10. The *PIV Content Signing Certificate* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of certificates that correspond to the Common PIV Content Signing key defined in Section 4.2.1 of FIPS 201.
- 11. The Common *Derived PIV Authentication Certificates* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of certificates that correspond to the Derived PIV Authentication Key defined in Section 4.2.2 of FIPS 201.
- 12. The *Delegated OCSP Responders* worksheet defines the mandatory and optional contents of certificates issued to OCSP responders.

Worksheet 1: Self-Signed Certificate Profile

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Certificate			
tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique Positive Integer
signature			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm			Choice of following algorithms:
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78-2 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-Sha256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-Sha384
parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter
		NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
issuer			
Name			Will match the subject DN.
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
validity			
notBefore			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
notAfter			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
subject			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Name			Will match the issuer DN.
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
subjectPublicKeyInfo			
algorithm			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
		1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
ECParameters			
namedCurve		Implicitly specify paran	neters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2:
		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	Curve P-256
		1.3.132.0.34	Curve P-384
subjectPublicKey		BIT STRING	For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048, 3072, or 4096 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form.
required extensions			
subjectKeyldentifier	FALSE		This extension is required to assist in path development.
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
subjectInfoAccess	FALSE		subjectInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Only one access method is defined for use in CA certificates.
AccessDescription			
accessMethod		id-ad-caRepository (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.5)	Each self-signed certificate must include at least one instances of this access method that includes either a URI name form to specify an HTTP accessible Web server or one that includes the URI name form to specify the location of an LDAP accessible directory server. Each URI must point to a location where certificates issued by the subject of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
basicConstraints	TRUE		The contents of this extension are not used in the X.509 path validation algorithm. Path length constraints should not be included since they will not be enforced.
cA		TRUE	
keyUsage	TRUE		The contents of this extension are not used in the X.509 path validation algorithm. If the subject public key may be used for purposes other than certificate and CRL signing (e.g., signing OCSP responses), then the digitalSignature and/or nonRepudiation bits may be set as well.
digitalSignature		0	
nonRepudiation		0	
keyEncipherment		0	
dataEncipherment		0	
keyAgreement		0	
keyCertSign		1	
cRLSign		1	
encipherOnly		0	
decipherOnly		0	
otional extensions			
issuerAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the most commo are specified here.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
rfc822Name		IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration

Worksheet 2: Self-Issued CA Certificate Profile

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Certificate			
tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique positive integer.
signature			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm		Cho	oice of following algorithms:
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78-2 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-Sha256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-Sha384
parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter
		NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
issuer			
Name			
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
validity			
notBefore			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
notAfter			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
subject			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Name			Subject name should be encoded exactly as it is encoded in the issuer field of this certificate.
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	encoding of name must use the encoding of the issuer field in certificates and CRLs issued by this subject CA
subjectPublicKeyInfo			
algorithm			
Algorithmldentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
		1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
ECParameters			
namedCurve		Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST curve referenced in 800-78-2:	
		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	Curve P-256
		1.3.132.0.34	Curve P-384
subjectPublicKey		BIT STRING	For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048, 3072, or 4096 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form.
required extensions			
authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
subjectKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
keyUsage	TRUE		If the subject public key may be used for purposes other than certificate and CRL signing (e.g., signing OCSP responses), then the digitalSignature and/or nonRepudiation bits may be set as well.
digitalSignature		0	
nonRepudiation		0	
keyEncipherment		0	

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
dataEncipherment		0	
keyAgreement		0	
keyCertSign		1	
cRLSign		1	
encipherOnly		0	
decipherOnly		0	
certificatePolicies	FALSE		
PolicyInformation			The following eight OIDs are defined in the Common Certificate Policy. CA certificates may assert one or more of the following OIDs. Other policy OIDs may be asserted as well.
policyldentifier		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.6	id-fpki-common-policy
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.7	id-fpki-common-hardware
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.8	id-fpki-common-devices
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.13	id-fpki-common-authentication
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.16	id-fpki-common-High
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.17	id-fpki-common-cardAuth
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.36	id-fpki-common-devices-hardware
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.39	id-fpki-common-piv-contentSigning
basicConstraints	TRUE		This extension must appear in all CA certificates. The pathLenConstraint field should not appear in self-issued certificates.
cA		TRUE	
cRLDistributionPoints	FALSE		This extension is required in all CA certificates and must contain at least one URI either HTTP or LDAP. The reasons and cRLIssuer fields must be omitted.
DistributionPoint			
distributionPoint			
DistributionPointName			
fullName			
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
uniformResourceldentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
authorityInfoAccess	FALSE		authorityInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Two access methods are defined: one for locating certificates issued to the certificate issuer and of for locating an OCSP server that provides statu information about this certificate. Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy muinclude an authorityInfoAccess extension with a least one instance of the calssuers access method: that specifies either an HTTP URI or a LDAP URI. The OCSP access method may also be included if status information for this certification is available via OCSP.
AccessDescription			
accessMethod		id-ad-calssuers (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.2)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to speci the location of an HTTP accessible Web server an LDAP accessible directory server where certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceldentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
subjectInfoAccess	FALSE		CA Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy must include a subjectInfoAccess extension. subjectInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Only one access method defined for use in CA certificates.
AccessDescription			
accessMethod		id-ad-caRepository (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.5)	Each CA certificate must include at least one instance of this access method that includes the URI name form to specify the location of an HT accessible Web server or a URI name form to specify an LDAP accessible directory server. Each URI should point to a location where certificates issued by the subject of this certification may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
optional extensions			
issuerAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the mos
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
rfc822Name		IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration

Worksheet 3: Cross Certificate Profile

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Certificate			
tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique positive integer.
signature			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm		Ch	noice of following algorithms:
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78-2 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-SHA256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-SHA384
parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter
		NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
issuer			
Name			
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
validity			
notBefore			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
notAfter			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
subject			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Name			X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the subject public key in the certificate. Subject name should be encoded exactly as it is encoded in the issuer field of certificates issued by the subject.
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	encoding of name must use the encoding of the issuer field in certificates and CRLs issued by this subject CA
subjectPublicKeyInfo			
algorithm			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
		1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
ECParameters			
namedCurve			ers through an OID associated with a NIST approved urve referenced in 800-78-2:
		С	urve referenced in 800-78-2:
		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	urve referenced in 800-78-2: Curve P-256
namedCurve		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 1.3.132.0.34	Curve P-256 Curve P-384 For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048, 3072, or 4096 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public
namedCurve subjectPublicKey	FALSE	1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 1.3.132.0.34	Curve P-256 Curve P-384 For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048, 3072, or 4096 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public
namedCurve subjectPublicKey required extensions	FALSE	1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 1.3.132.0.34	Curve P-256 Curve P-384 For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048, 3072, or 4096 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public
namedCurve subjectPublicKey required extensions authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE	1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 1.3.132.0.34 BIT STRING	Curve P-256 Curve P-384 For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048, 3072, or 4096 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form.
namedCurve subjectPublicKey required extensions authorityKeyldentifier keyldentifier		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 1.3.132.0.34 BIT STRING	Curve P-256 Curve P-384 For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048, 3072, or 4096 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. The value in this field must be the same as the value that the subject CA uses in the authority key
namedCurve subjectPublicKey required extensions authorityKeyldentifier keyldentifier subjectKeyldentifier		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 1.3.132.0.34 BIT STRING OCTET STRING	Curve P-256 Curve P-384 For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048, 3072, or 4096 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. The value in this field must be the same as the value that the subject CA uses in the authority key identifier extension of the certificates and CRLs that it signs with the private key that corresponds to the
namedCurve subjectPublicKey required extensions authorityKeyldentifier keyldentifier subjectKeyldentifier keyldentifier	FALSE	1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 1.3.132.0.34 BIT STRING OCTET STRING	Curve P-256 Curve P-384 For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048, 3072, or 4096 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. The value in this field must be the same as the value that the subject CA uses in the authority key identifier extension of the certificates and CRLs that it signs with the private key that corresponds to the subject public key included in this certificate. If the subject public key may be used for purposes other than certificate and CRL signing (e.g., signing OCSP responses), then the digitalSignature and/or

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
keyEncipherment		0	
dataEncipherment		0	
keyAgreement		0	
keyCertSign		1	
cRLSign		1	
encipherOnly		0	
decipherOnly		0	
certificatePolicies	FALSE		
PolicyInformation			The following eleven OIDs are defined in the Common Certificate Policy. CA certificates may assert one or more of the following OIDs. Other policy OIDs may be asserted as well.
policyldentifier		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.6	id-fpki-common-policy
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.7	id-fpki-common-hardware
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.8	id-fpki-common-devices
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.13	id-fpki-common-authentication
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.16	id-fpki-common-High
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.17	id-fpki-common-cardAuth
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.36	id-fpki-common-devices-hardware
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.39	id-fpki-common-piv-contentSigning
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.40	id-fpki-common-derived-pivAuth
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.41	id-fpki-common-derived-pivAuth-hardware
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.42	id-fpki-common-public-trusted-serverAuth
basicConstraints	TRUE		This extension must appear in all CA certificates.
cA		TRUE	
pathLenConstraint		INTEGER	The use of a path length constraint is optional.
cRLDistributionPoints	FALSE		This extension is required in all CA certificates and must contain at least one URI either HTTP or LDAP. The reasons and cRLIssuer fields must be omitted.
DistributionPoint			
distributionPoint			
DistributionPointName			
fullName			
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
directoryName			
Name			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
authorityInfoAccess	FALSE		authorityInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Two access methods are defined: one for locating certificates issued to the certificate issuer and one for locating an OCSP server that provides status information about this certificate. Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy must include an authorityInfoAccess extension with at least one instance of the calssuers access method that specifies either an HTTP URI or an LDAP URI. The OCSP access method may also be included if status information for this certificate is available via OCSP.
AccessDescription			
accessMethod		id-ad-calssuers (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.2)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an HTTP accessible Web server or LDAP accessible directory server where certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
subjectInfoAccess	FALSE		CA Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy must include a subjectInfoAccess extension (unless the certificate subject does not issue any CA certificates, as specified in Section 8). subjectInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Only one access method is defined for use in CA certificates.
AccessDescription			
accessMethod		id-ad-caRepository (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.5)	Each CA certificate must include at least one instance of this access method either one that includes the URI name form to specify the location of an HTTP accessible Web or an LDAP accessible directory server. Each URI should point to a location where certificates issued by the subject of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceldentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
PolicyConstraints	FALSE		When this extension appears, at least one of requireExplicitPolicy or inhibitPolicyMapping must be present. When present, this extension should be marked as noncritical*, to support legacy applications that cannot process policyConstraints

required splicit Policy SkipCerts ShipCerts ShipCerts ShipCerts ShipCerts Interest sessed to a cross-certified PKI. Unwhen issued to a SSP2, which has infrastructs to a CA which may be a seeper you which is provided in the FPKI of the support to a splicit sessed to a cross-certified PKI. Unwhen issued to a SSP2, which has infrastructs to a CA which may issue a cross-certified PKI. Unwhen issued to a SSP2, which has infrastructs to a CA which may issue a cross-certified PKI. Unwhen issued to a SSP2, which has infrastructs to a CA which may issue a cross-certified PKI. Unwhen issued to a SSP2, which has infrastructs to a CA which may issue a cross-certified PKI. Unwhen issued to a SSP2, which has infrastructs to a CA which may issue a cross-certified pKI. Unwhen issued to a support to a su	Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
InhibitPolicyMapping Should be included if local policy proliabits policy mapping. SkipCetts INTEGER In cett issued to a cross-erficit PKI. O when issued to a SSP, 2 whith the infrastructure to a CA which may issue a cross-certificate to a Bridge inhibitPAnyPolicy FALSE This extension should be marked as sonchiticall*, to support tigacy applicances that cannot process fromblanyPolicy SkipCetts INTEGER O - specific policies are required in the FPKI optional extensions issuerAltName FALSE GeneralNames GeneralNames GeneralName fries22Name IASString Electronic mail address of the PKI administration policyMappings This extension may be included in cross-certificates if the subject CA issues certificates under a policy subject CA issues certificates under a policy subject CA issues certificates under a policy subject CA is source certificates under a policy subject CA issues certificates under a policy subject CA so policy is deemed. As domain that may be accepted in leu of the issuing CA domain that may be accepted in leu of the issuing domain policy. InameConstraints TRUE TRUE TRUE True GeneralSubtrees GeneralSubtrees GeneralSubtree GeneralSubtree GeneralSubtree GeneralSubtree GeneralSubtree RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndyalue	requireExplicitPolicy			
SkipCerts INTEGER I in certs issued to a cross-certified PKI, 0 when issued to an SSP, 2 within the infilamentar to a CA which may issue a cross-certificate to a Bridge InhibitAnyPolicy FALSE This extension should be accessed inhibitAnyPolicy. SkipCerts INTEGER 0 - specific policies are required in the FPKI optional extension should be accessed inhibitAnyPolicy. SkipCerts INTEGER 0 - specific policies are required in the FPKI optional extensions issued. Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here. GeneralName FALSE Any and Interest inhibitAny of the FPKI administration policyMappings GeneralName IASString Electronic mail address of the PKI administration in the subject CA issues certificates under a policy subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy subject CA issues certificates under a policy subject CA issues certificates under a policy of subject CA issues certificates under a policy subject CA issues certificates under a policy of subject CA issues certificates under a policy of subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the subject CA issues certi	SkipCerts		INTEGER	
an SSR 2 within terificate runter to a CA which may issue a cross-certificate to a Bridge inhibitality Policy FALSE This extension should be marked as noncritical*, to support legory applications that cannot process (nhibitality Policy) SkipCcrts INTEGER 0 - specific policies are required in the FPKI optional extensions IssuerAttName FALSE Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here. GeneralNames GeneralName fce822Name IA5String Electronic mail address of the PKI administration policyMappings This extension may be included in cross-certificates folicy and the subject CA issues certificates under a policy other than the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA spolicy is deemed by the FPKI PAL on map to the Common efficiate Policy and the subject CAs policy is deemed by the FPKI PAL on map to the Common efficiate Policy and the subject CAs policy is deemed by the FPKI PAL on map to the Common efficate Policy and the subject CAs domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CAs domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CAs domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CAs domain policy. nameConstraints TRUE This extension is optional in CA certificates. If present, any combination of permitted and excluded subtrees may appear if permitted and excluded	inhibitPolicyMapping			
SkipCars INTEGER 0 - specific policies are required in the FPKI optional extensions issuerAltName FALSE Any name types may be present, only the most common are specified here. GeneralName GeneralName rfc822Name IASString Electronic mail address of the PKI administration policyMappings FALSE II String Electronic mail address of the PKI administration policyMappings FALSE OID II String I	SkipCerts		INTEGER	an SSP, 2 within the infrastructure to a CA which may
ptional extensions issuerAltName FALSE Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here. GeneralNames GeneralName rfc822Name IASString Electronic mail address of the PKI administration policyMappings This extension may be included in cross-certificates if the subject CA issues certificates under a policy other than the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the common Certificate Policy on the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the common Certificate Policy on the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the common Certificate Policy on the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the common Certificate Policy on the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the common Certificate Policy on the subject CA's policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain that	InhibitAnyPolicy	FALSE		support legacy applications that cannot process
Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here. GeneralName	SkipCerts		INTEGER	0 – specific policies are required in the FPKI
GeneralNames GeneralName rfc822Name IA5String Electronic mail address of the PKI administration policyMappings This extension may be included in cross-certificates if the subject CA issues certificates under a policy other than the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the PFKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the PFKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's domain that map be accepted in lieu of the issuing domain policy. In ameConstraints TRUE TRUE	optional extensions			
GeneralName r/c822Name IASString IElectronic mail address of the PKI administration policyMappings This extension may be included in cross-certificates if the subject CA issues certificates under a policy other than the Common Certificate Policy; other than the Common Certificate Policy; and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy. issuerDomainPolicy OID OID of policy from the issuing CA domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain. SubjectDomainPolicy OID OID of policy in the subject CA's domain that may be accepted in lieu of the issuing domain policy. nameConstraints This extension is optional in CA certificates. If present, any combination of permitted and excluded subtrees overlap, the excluded subtree was uppear. If permitted and excluded subtrees overlap, the excluded subtree takes precedence. permittedSubtrees GeneralSubtrees GeneralSubtree base GeneralSubtree base GeneralName directoryName Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	issuerAltName	FALSE		
rfc822Name IA5String Electronic mail address of the PKI administration policyMappings This extension may be included in cross-certificates if the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of the the number of the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy, and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the common Certificate Policy. issuerDomainPolicy OID OID of policy from the issuing CA domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain. subjectDomainPolicy OID OID of policy in the subject CA's domain that may be accepted in lieu of the issuing domain policy. nameConstraints This extension is optional in CA certificates. If present, any combination of permitted and excluded subtrees way appear. If permitted and excluded subtrees way appear. If permitted and excluded subtrees overlap, the excluded subtree takes precedence. permittedSubtrees GeneralSubtrees GeneralSubtree Dase GeneralName directoryName Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	GeneralNames			
policyMappings This extension may be included in cross-certificates if the subject CA issues certificates under a policy other than the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy. IssuerDomainPolicy OID OID of policy from the issuing CA domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain. SubjectDomainPolicy OID OID of policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain. This extension is optional in CA certificates. If present, any combination of permitted and excluded subtrees may appear, if permitted and excluded subtrees were appear if permitted and excluded subtrees were present. GeneralSubtrees GeneralSubtrees GeneralSubtree GeneralSubtree directoryName Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	GeneralName			
FALSE If the subject CA issues certificates under a policy of ther than the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to map to the Common Certificate Policy. IssuerDomainPolicy OID OID of policy from the issuing CA domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain. SubjectDomainPolicy OID OID of policy in the subject CA's domain that maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain. This extension is optional in CA certificates. If present, any combination of permitted and excluded subtrees overlap, the excluded subtree takes precedence. TRUE	rfc822Name		IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration
maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's domain. subjectDomainPolicy OID OID of policy in the subject CA's domain that may be accepted in lieu of the issuing domain policy. nameConstraints TRUE T	policyMappings	FALSE		if the subject CA issues certificates under a policy other than the Common Certificate Policy and the subject CA's policy is deemed by the FPKI PA to
be accepted in lieu of the issuing domain policy. nameConstraints This extension is optional in CA certificates. If present, any combination of permitted and excluded subtrees may appear. If permitted and excluded subtrees overlap, the excluded subtree takes precedence. permittedSubtrees minimum is always zero, maximum is never present. GeneralSubtrees GeneralSubtree base GeneralName directoryName Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	issuerDomainPolicy		OID	maps to the equivalent policy in the subject CA's
nameConstraints This extension is optional in CA certificates. If present, any combination of permitted and excluded subtrees may appear. If permitted and excluded subtrees overlap, the excluded subtree takes precedence. permittedSubtrees minimum is always zero, maximum is never present. GeneralSubtrees GeneralSubtree base GeneralName directoryName Mame RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue AttributeTypeAndValue	subjectDomainPolicy		OID	
GeneralSubtrees GeneralSubtree base GeneralName directoryName Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	nameConstraints	TRUE		This extension is optional in CA certificates. If present, any combination of permitted and excluded subtrees may appear. If permitted and excluded subtrees overlap, the excluded subtree
GeneralSubtree base GeneralName directoryName Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	permittedSubtrees			
base GeneralName directoryName Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	GeneralSubtrees			
GeneralName directoryName Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	GeneralSubtree			
directoryName Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	base			
Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	GeneralName			
RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	directoryName			
RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	Name			
AttributeTypeAndValue	RDNSequence			
	RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeType OID	AttributeTypeAndValue			
	AttributeType		OID	

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Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.	
minimum		0	minimum is always zero, maximum is never present.	
excludedSubtrees				
GeneralSubtrees				
GeneralSubtree				
base				
GeneralName				
directoryName				
Name				
RDNSequence				
RelativeDistinguishedName				
AttributeTypeAndValue				
AttributeType		OID		
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.	
minimum		0	minimum is always zero, maximum is never present.	
Designed by Robert Moskowitz (ICSA) and modified by Booz Allen & Hamilton and NIST				

^{*}Note: The recommended criticality setting is different from RFC 5280.

Worksheet 4: CRL Profile

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
CertificateList			
tbsCertList			Fields to be signed.
version		1	Integer Value of "1" for Version 2 CRL.
signature			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm		CI	noice of following algorithms:
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78- 2 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-SHA256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-SHA384
parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter
		NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
issuer			
Name			Issuer name should be encoded exactly as it is encoded in the issuer fields of the certificates that are covered by this CRL.
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		See Comment.	See preamble text on naming.
thisUpdate			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
nextUpdate			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
revokedCertificates			
userCertificate		INTEGER	serial number of certificate being revoked
revocationDate			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
crlEntryExtensions			
Extensions			
reasonCode	FALSE		
CRLReason			Any one of these CRL reasons may be asserted: keyCompromise, cAcompromise, affiliationChanged, superseded, cessationOfOperation, certificateHold. If the revocation reason is unspecified, then the reasonCode extension should not be included. The removeFromCRL reason code may only be used in delta CRLs. The certificateHold reason code may only be used for end entity certificates.
invalidtyDate	FALSE		This extension may be included if the invalidity date precedes the revocation date.
GeneralizedTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	use this format for all dates.
crlExtensions			
Extensions			
authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE		Must be included in all CRLs.
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
cRLNumber	FALSE	INTEGER	Monotonically increasing sequential number. Musbe included in all CRLs.
issuingDistributionPoint	TRUE		This extension appears in segmented CRLs. If the CRL covers all unexpired certificates issued by the CRL issuer (i.e., all unexpired certificates in which the issuer field contains the same name as the issuer field of the CRL), then this extension does not need to be included. CRLs must cover all reason codes and may not be indirect. Thus, the onlySomeReasons field must be absent and the indirectCRL flag must be false.
distributionPoint			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
DistributionPointName			If the issuer generates segmented CRLs (i.e., CRLs that do not cover all unexpired certificates which the issuer field contains the same name the issuer field in the CRL), this field must be present and must specify the same names as a specified in the distributionPoint field of the cRLDistributionPoints extensions of certificate covered by this CRL.
fullName			
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		See comment.	
uniformResourceIdentifier		IA5String	
onlyContainsUserCerts		BOOLEAN	If set to TRUE, this CRL only covers end entit certificates
onlyContainsCACerts		BOOLEAN	If set to TRUE, this CRL only covers CA certificates. If onlyContainsUserCerts is TRUE this field must be FALSE.
IndirectCRL		FALSE	

Worksheet 5: End Entity Signature Certificate Profile

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Certificate			
tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique positive integer.
signature			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm		CI	hoice of following algorithms:
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78-2 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-SHA256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-SHA384
parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter
		NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
issuer			
Name			
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
validity			
notBefore			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
notAfter			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
subject			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Name			X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate.
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
subjectPublicKeyInfo			
algorithm			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
		1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
ECParameters			
namedCurve		Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST curve referenced in 800-78-2:	
		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	Curve P-256
		1.3.132.0.34	Curve P-384
subjectPublicKey		BIT STRING	For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form.
required extensions			
authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
subjectKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
keyUsage	TRUE		Both digitalSignature and nonRepudiation shall be set.
digitalSignature		1	
nonRepudiation		1	
keyEncipherment		0	
dataEncipherment		0	
keyAgreement		0	
keyCertSign		0	
cRLSign		0	

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
encipherOnly		0	
decipherOnly		0	
certificatePolicies	FALSE		
PolicyInformation			Three policy OIDs are defined for digital signature certificates issued to human subscribers under the Common Certificate Policy. End Entity certificates should assert one of the three policies. Other policy OIDs may be asserted as well.
policyldentifier		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.6	id-fpki-common-policy
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.7	id-fpki-common-hardware
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.16	id-fpki-common-High
cRLDistributionPoints	FALSE		This extension is required in all end entity certificates and must contain at least one URI, either HTTP or LDAP. The reasons and cRLIssuer fields must be omitted.
DistributionPoint			
distributionPoint DistributionPointName			
fullName GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
uniformResourceldentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
authorityInfoAccess	FALSE		authorityInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Two access methods are defined: one for locating certificates issued to the certificate issuer and one for locating an OCSP server that provides status information about this certificate. Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy must include an authorityInfoAccess extension with at least one instance of the calssuers access method that specifies either an HTTP URI or an LDAP URI. The OCSP access method may also be included if status information for this certificate is available via OCSP.
AccessDescription			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
accessMethod		id-ad-calssuers (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.2)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an HTTP accessible Web server or an LDAP accessible directory server where certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
extKeyUsage	BOOLEAN		This extension MUST appear in certificates issued after June 30, 2019. The extension should be marked non-critical and shall not include the anyExtendedkeyUsage value. The 3 values listed below for keyPurposeID are recommended for inclusion. Additional keyPurposeIDs may be specified. Note: For certificates issued prior to June 30, 2019, anyExtendedKeyUsage may be present or the entire extension may be absent.
keyPurposeID		1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.4	id-kp-emailProtection
		1.3.6.1.4.1.311.10.3.12	MSFT Document Signing
		1.2.840.113583.1.1.5	Adobe Certified Document Signing Note: This value is optional as Adobe has deprecated its use
optional extensions			
issuerAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
rfc822Name		IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration
subjectAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here. Other names may be included to support local applications.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName		14501	
rfc822Name		IA5String	This field contains the electronic mail address of the subject.
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.

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Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments			
Designed by Robert Moskowitz (ICSA) and modified by Booz Allen & Hamilton and NIST						

Worksheet 6: Key Management Certificate Profile

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Certificate			
tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique positive integer.
signature			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm		Choice of following algorithms:	
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78- 2 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-SHA256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-SHA384
parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter
		NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
issuer			
Name			
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
validity			
notBefore			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
notAfter			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
subject			

RDNSequence RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndvalue AttributeType AttributeValue SubjectPublicKeyinfo algorithm AlgorithmIdentifier AlgorithmIdentifier Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. #### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. ###################################	Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndYalue AttributeType AttributeType AttributeType AttributeValue see comment See preamble text on naming. SubjectPublicKeyInfo algorithm AlgorithmIdentifier Algorithm AlgorithmIdentifier Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. 1.2.840.113549.1.1.1 RSA Encryption 1.2.840.10345.2.1 Elliptic curve key parameters RSAParameters NULL For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL ECParameters namedCurve Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2: 1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 Curve P-256 1.3.132.0.34 Curve P-384 subjectPublicKey BIT STRING For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyIdentifier keyIdentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. keyJusage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 ResPicipherment 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keySerement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyGerement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve.	Name			
AttributeType AndValue AttributeType AttributeType AttributeType AttributeType AttributeValue see comment See preamble text on naming. See preamble text on naming. See preamble text on naming. AttributeValue see comment See preamble text on naming. Public key algorithm Algorithm Algorithm Algorithm 1.2.840.113549.1.1.1 RSA Encryption 1.2.840.10045.2.1 Elliptic curve key Parameters Pormat and meaning dependent upon algorithm RSAParameters NULL For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL ECParameters Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2. 1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 Curve P-256 1.3.132.0.34 Curve P-384 SubjectPublicKey BIT STRING For RSA public keys, motulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. subjectKeyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Implicitly seed using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. subjectKeyIdentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for Using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. for	RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
AttributeType AttributeValue See comment See preamble text on naming. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve key ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve key ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve key ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve key ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve key ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve key ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key must be public key for RSA public key and algorithm and of the public key. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key is RSA. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key is elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key is elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key is elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key is elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key is elliptic curve. ### Public key algorithm associated with the public key is elliptic curve. ### Pu	RelativeDistinguishedName			
Attribute/value see comment See preamble text on naming. subjectPublicKeyInfo algorithm AlgorithmIdentifier Algorithm	AttributeTypeAndValue			
algorithm AlgorithmIdentifier Algorithm AlgorithmIdentifier Algorithm 1.2.840.113549.1.1.1 RSA Encryption 1.2.840.113549.1.1.1 RSA Encryption 1.2.840.10045.2.1 Elliptic curve key Parameters RSAParameters NULL For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL ECParameters namedCurve Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2: 1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 Curve P-256 1.3.132.0.34 Curve P-384 subjectPublicKey BIT STRING For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE correct STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. required using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. TRUE nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyOartSign 0	AttributeType		OID	
Algorithm Algorithm Algorithm Algorithm Algorithm 1.2 840.113549.1.1.1 RSA Encryption 1.2 840.103549.1.1.1 RSA Encryption 1.2 840.10045.2.1 Elliptic curve key Parameters NULL For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL ECParameters Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2: 1.2 840.10045.3.1.7 Curve P-256 Curve P-384 SubjectPublicKey BIT STRING For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. subjectKeyIdentifier FALSE digitalSignature 0 concept STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. ReyUsage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve.	AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
Algorithm associated with the public key May be either RSA or elliptic curve. algorithm 1.2.840.113549.1.1.1 RSA Encryption 1.2.840.10045.2.1 Elliptic curve key parameters Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm RSAParameters NULL For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL. ECParameters Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2. 1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 Curve P-256 1.3.132.0.34 Curve P-384 subjectPublicKey BIT STRING For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public key, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. subjectKeyIdentifier FALSE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyGerement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign	subjectPublicKeyInfo			
Algorithm 1.2.840.113549.1.1.1 RSA Encryption 1.2.840.10045.2.1 Elliptic curve key Parameters Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm RSAParameters NULL For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL. ECParameters Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2: 1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 Curve P-256 1.3.132.0.34 Curve P-384 subjectPublicKey BIT STRING For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public key, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. keyUsage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve.	algorithm			
parameters parameters 1.2.840.10045.2.1 Elliptic curve key	AlgorithmIdentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
parameters RSAParameters NULL For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL. ECParameters Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2: 1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 Curve P-256 1.3.132.0.34 Curve P-384 SubjectPublicKey BIT STRING For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. keyUsage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyGertSign 0	algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
RSAParameters NULL For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.			1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
ECParameters namedCurve Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2: 1.2.840.10045.3.1.7 Curve P-256 1.3.132.0.34 Curve P-384	parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2: 1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
subjectPublicKey BIT STRING For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyIdentifier keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE digitalSignature onnoRepudiation onnoRepudiation keyEncipherment because of the public key is RSA. dataEncipherment because of the public key is elliptic curve. because of the public key is elliptic curve. 1 2.840.10045.3.1.7 Curve P-256 Curve P-384 Curve P-384 Curve P-384 Curve P-384 For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. FOR TRUE OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. ReyCertSign 0	ECParameters			
subjectPublicKey BIT STRING For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyldentifier FALSE keyldentifier FALSE keyldentifier FALSE keyldentifier FALSE keyldentifier FALSE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment be 2048 bits. For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public keys, public keys pub	namedCurve		Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-2:	
subjectPublicKey BIT STRING For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE COTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. subjectKeyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. keyUsage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0			1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	Curve P-256
For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form. required extensions authorityKeyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier FALSE keyIdentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. required extensions in the public key. Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. ReyUsage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0			1.3.132.0.34	Curve P-384
authorityKeyldentifier FALSE keyldentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. subjectKeyldentifier FALSE keyldentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. keyUsage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0	subjectPublicKey		BIT STRING	For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be
keyldentifier FALSE subjectKeyldentifier FALSE keyldentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. keyUsage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0	required extensions			
subjectKeyldentifier FALSE keyUsage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0	authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier OCTET STRING Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key. keyUsage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0	keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
keyUsage TRUE digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0	subjectKeyldentifier	FALSE		
digitalSignature 0 nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0	keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
nonRepudiation 0 keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0	keyUsage	TRUE		
keyEncipherment 1 Asserted when public key is RSA. dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0	digitalSignature		0	
dataEncipherment 0 keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0	nonRepudiation		0	
keyAgreement 1 Asserted when public key is elliptic curve. keyCertSign 0	keyEncipherment		1	Asserted when public key is RSA.
keyCertSign 0	dataEncipherment		0	
	keyAgreement		1	Asserted when public key is elliptic curve.
cRLSign 0	keyCertSign		0	
	cRLSign		0	

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
encipherOnly		0	There is no requirement to support this key usage.
decipherOnly		0	There is no requirement to support this key usage.
certificatePolicies	FALSE		
PolicyInformation			Three policy OIDs are defined for key management certificates issued to human subscribers under the Common Certificate Policy. End Entity certificates should assert one of the three policies. Other policy OIDs may be asserted as well.
policyldentifier		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.6	id-fpki-common-policy
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.7	id-fpki-common-hardware
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.16	id-fpki-common-High
cRLDistributionPoints	FALSE		This extension is required in all end entity certificates and must contain at least one URI either HTTP or LDAP. The reasons and cRLIssuer fields must be omitted.
DistributionPoint			
distributionPoint			
DistributionPointName			
fullName			
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
uniformResourceIdentifier		Idap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
authorityInfoAccess	FALSE		authorityInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Two access methods are defined: one for locating certificates issued to the certificate issuer and one for locating an OCSP server that provides status information about this certificate. Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy must include an authorityInfoAccess extension with at least one instance of the calssuers access method: one that specifies either an HTTP URI or an LDAP URI. The OCSP access method may also be included if status information for this certificate is available via OCSP.
AccessDescription			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
accessMethod		id-ad-calssuers (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.2)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specif the location of an HTTP accessible Web server of an LDAP accessible directory server where certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		Idap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
extKeyUsage	BOOLEAN		This extension MUST appear in certificates issued after June 30, 2019. The extension should be non-critical and shall not include the anyExtendedKeyUsage value. The values listed below for keyPurposeID are recommended for inclusion. Additional keyPurposeIds consistent with key management purposes may be specified. Note: for certificates issued prior to June 30, 2019 anyExtendedKeyUsage may be present or the entire extension may be absent
keyPurposeID		1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.4	id-kp-emailProtection
optional extensions			
issuerAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the mos common are specified here.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
rfc822Name		IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration
subjectAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the mos common are specified here. Other names may lincluded to support local applications.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
rfc822Name		IA5String	This field contains the electronic mail address of the subject.
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.

Worksheet 7: Certificate Profile for Computing and Communications Devices

Piald	Cuitic ality Elevi	Value	Comments
Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Certificate			
tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique positive integer.
signature			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm		С	hoice of following algorithms:
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.5	Sha1WithRSAEncryption (Use is limited to certificates that are issued before 1/1/2011)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78-2 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-SHA256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-SHA384
parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter
		NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
issuer			
Name			
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
validity			
notBefore			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
notAfter			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
subject			
Name			X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate.
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
subjectPublicKeyInfo			
algorithm			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
		1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
ECParameters			
namedCurve			ers through an OID associated with a NIST approved urve referenced in 800-78-2:
		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	Curve P-256
		1.3.132.0.34	Curve P-384
subjectPublicKey		BIT STRING	For RSA public keys, modulus must be 2048 or 3072 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form.
required extensions			
authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
subjectKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
keyUsage	TRUE		Use of a single certificate for both digital signatures and key management is deprecated, but may be used to support legacy applications that require the use of such certificates.
digitalSignature		1	May be asserted. Note: If a certificate is used for authentication of ephemeral keys, the Key Usage bit in the certificate must assert the DigitalSignature bit and may or may not assert Key Encryption and Key Agreement depending on the public key in the SPKI of the certificate only if required

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
nonRepudiation		0	Must not be asserted in certificates issued to computing or communications devices.
keyEncipherment		1	May be asserted when public key is RSA.
dataEncipherment		0	
keyAgreement		1	May be asserted when public key is elliptic curve.
keyCertSign		0	
cRLSign		0	
encipherOnly		0	
decipherOnly		0	
certificatePolicies	FALSE		
PolicyInformation			Other policy OIDs may be asserted in addition to the OID from the Common Certificate Policy.
policyldentifier		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.8	id-fpki-common-devices
cRLDistributionPoints	FALSE		This extension is required in all end entity certificates and must contain at least one URI either HTTP or LDAP. The reasons and cRLIssuer fields must be omitted.
DistributionPoint			
distributionPoint			
DistributionPointName			
fullName			
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
authorityInfoAccess	FALSE		authorityInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Two access methods are defined: one for locating certificates issued to the certificate issuer and one for locating an OCSP server that provides status information about this certificate. Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy must include an authorityInfoAccess extension with at least one instance of the calssuers access method that specifies either an LDAP URI or an HTTP URI. The OCSP access method may also be included if status information for this certificate is available via OCSP.
AccessDescription			
accessMethod		id-ad-calssuers (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.2)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an LDAP accessible directory server or HTTP accessible Web server where certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
extKeyUsage	BOOLEAN		This extension MUST be included as either a critical or non-critical extension in certificates issued after June 30, 2018 and must not include the anyExtendedKeyUsage. Key purposes consistent with the keyUsage shall be specified. Note: for certificates issued prior to June 30, 2018 anyExtendedKeyUsage may be present or the entire extension may be absent There is a separate profile for PIV Content Signing Certificates – see Worksheet 10
optional extensions			
issuerAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
rfc822Name		IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration
subjectAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here. Other names may be included to support local applications.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
dNSName		IA5String	This field contains the DNS name of the subject
iPAddress		IA5String	This field contains the IP address of the subject
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			

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Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments	
RelativeDistinguishedName				
AttributeTypeAndValue				
AttributeType		OID		
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.	
Designed by Robert Moskowitz (ICSA) and modified by Booz Allen & Hamilton and NIST				

Worksheet 8: Card Authentication Certificate Profile

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Certificate			
tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique positive integer.
signature			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm		Cł	noice of following algorithms:
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78-2 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-SHA256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-SHA384
parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter
		NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
issuer			
Name			
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
validity			
notBefore			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
notAfter			The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV Card expiration date.
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
subject			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Name			This field may include a NULL DN.
RDNSequence			If DN is not NULL (i.e., an empty sequence), must use the name form specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
subjectPublicKeyInfo			
algorithm			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
		1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
ECParameters			
namedCurve			ers through an OID associated with a NIST approved urve referenced in 800-78-2:
		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	Curve P-256
subjectPublicKey		BIT STRING	For RSA public keys, public key shall have a modulus of 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form.
required extensions			
authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
subjectKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
keyUsage	TRUE		Only digitalSignature shall be set.
digitalSignature		1	
nonRepudiation		0	
keyEncipherment		0	
dataEncipherment		0	
keyAgreement		0	
keyCertSign		0	
cRLSign		0	
encipherOnly		0	

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
decipherOnly		0	
extKeyUsage	TRUE		This extension shall assert only the id-PIV-cardAuth keyPurposeID.
keyPurposeID		2.16.840.1.101.3.6.8	The id-PIV-cardAuth keyPurposeID specifies that the public key is used to authenticate the PIV Card rather than the PIV card holder.
certificatePolicies	FALSE		
PolicyInformation			One policy OID is specified for Card Authentication certificates. Other policy OIDs may be asserted as well.
policyldentifier		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.17	id-fpki-common-cardAuth (must be asserted in Card Authentication Certificates).
cRLDistributionPoints	FALSE		This extension is required in all end entity certificates and must contain at least one URI either HTTP or LDAP. The reasons and cRLIssuer fields must be omitted.
DistributionPoint			
distributionPoint			
DistributionPointName			
fullName			
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
uniformResourceldentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
authorityInfoAccess	FALSE		authorityInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Two access methods are defined: one for locating certificates issued to the certificate issuer and one for locating an OCSP server that provides status information about this certificate. Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy must include an authorityInfoAccess extension with at least one instance of the calssuers access method that specifies either an HTTP URI or an LDAP URI. The OCSP access method must also be included since Common Certificate Policy mandates OCSP distribution of status information for this certificate.
AccessDescription			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
accessMethod		id-ad-calssuers (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.2)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an LDAP accessible directory server or HTTP accessible Web server where certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
accessMethod		id-ad-ocsp (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.1)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an HTTP accessible OCSP server distributing status information for this certificate.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		http://	See preamble text on URIs.
subjectAltName	See comment		If the subject name contains a DN, set criticality to FALSE. Otherwise set criticality to TRUE.
GeneralNames			Must include FASC-N name form and after October 15, 2015 must also include a UUID. No other name forms may be included.
GeneralName			
otherName			This field contains the FASC-N
type-id		2.16.840.1.101.3.6.6	pivFASC-N
value		OCTET STRING	This field specifies the FASC-N of the PIV Card that contains the corresponding Card Authentication key.
uniformResourceldentifier		UUID	This field contains the UUID from the GUID data element of the CHUID of the PIV Card encoded as a URI as specified in Section 3 of RFC 4122.
piv-interim (2.16.840.1.101.3.6.9.1)	FALSE		The PIV interim indicator extension is defined in appendix B.2 of FIPS 201-2.
interim_indicator		BOOLEAN	The value of this extension is asserted as follows: TRUE if, at the time of credential issuance, (1) the FBI National Criminal History Fingerprint Check has completed successfully, and (2) a NACI has been initiated but has not completed.
			FALSE if, at the time of credential issuance, the subject's NACI has been completed and successfully adjudicated.
optional extensions			
issuerAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
rfc822Name		IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration

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Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments	
Designed by Robert Moskowitz (ICSA) and modified by Booz Allen & Hamilton and NIST				

Worksheet 9: PIV Authentication Certificate Profile

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Certificate			
tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique positive integer.
signature			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm		Cr	noice of following algorithms:
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78-2 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-SHA256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-SHA384
parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter
		NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
issuer			
Name			
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
validity			
notBefore			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
notAfter			The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV Card expiration date.
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
subject			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Name			X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate.
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
subjectPublicKeyInfo			
algorithm			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
		1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
ECParameters			
namedCurve		Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST app curve referenced in 800-78-2:	
		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	Curve P-256
subjectPublicKey		BIT STRING	For RSA public keys, public key shall have a modulus of 2048 bits. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form.
required extensions			
authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
subjectKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
keyUsage	TRUE		Only digitalSignature shall be set.
digitalSignature		1	
nonRepudiation		0	
keyEncipherment		0	
dataEncipherment		0	
keyAgreement		0	
keyCertSign		0	
cRLSign		0	
encipherOnly		0	

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
decipherOnly		0	
certificatePolicies	FALSE		
PolicyInformation			One policy OID is specified for PIV Authentication certificates. Other policy OIDs may be asserted as well.
policyldentifier		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.13	id-fpki-common-authentication (must be asserted in PIV Authentication Certificates).
cRLDistributionPoints	FALSE		This extension is required in all end entity certificates and must contain at least one URI either HTTP or LDAP. The reasons and cRLIssuer fields must be omitted.
DistributionPoint			
distributionPoint			
DistributionPointName			
fullName			
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
authorityInfoAccess	FALSE		authorityInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Two access methods are defined: one for locating certificates issued to the certificate issuer and one for locating an OCSP server that provides status information about this certificate. Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy must include an authorityInfoAccess extension with at least one instances of the calssuer access method: one that specifies either an HTTP URI or an LDAP URI. The OCSP access method must also be included since FIPS 201 mandates OCSP distribution of status information for this certificate.
AccessDescription			
accessMethod		id-ad-calssuers (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.2)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an HTTP accessible Web server or an LDAP accessible directory server where certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
GeneralName			
uniformResourceldentifier		Idap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
accessMethod		id-ad-ocsp (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.1)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an HTTP accessible OCSP server distributing status information for this certificate.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		http://	See preamble text on URIs.
subjectAltName	FALSE		
GeneralNames			This extension MUST include the FASC-N and after October 15, 2015 must also include a UUID as specified below. Any additional name types may be present; only the most common are specified here. Other names may be included to support local applications.
GeneralName			
otherName			This field MUST be present and MUST contain the FASC-N
type-id		2.16.840.1.101.3.6.6	pivFASC-N
value		OCTET STRING	This field specifies the FASC-N of the PIV Card that contains the corresponding PIV Authentication key.
uniformResourceldentifier		UUID	This field contains the UUID from the GUID data element of the CHUID of the PIV Card encoded as a URI as specified in Section 3 of RFC 4122.
otherName			
type-id		1.3.6.1.4.1.311.20.2.3	UPN OtherName OID
value		UTF8String	This field specifies Microsoft user principal name for use with Microsoft Windows logon.
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
piv-interim (2.16.840.1.101.3.6.9.1)	FALSE		The PIV interim indicator extension is defined in appendix B.2 of FIPS 201-2.

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
interim_indicator		BOOLEAN	The value of this extension is asserted as follows: TRUE if, at the time of credential issuance, (1) the FBI National Criminal History Fingerprint Check has completed successfully, and (2) a NACI has been initiated but has not completed. FALSE if, at the time of credential issuance, the subject's NACI has been completed and successfully adjudicated.
extKeyUsage	BOOLEAN		This extension MUST appear in certificates issued after June 30, 2018. The extension should be noncritical and shall not include the anyExtendedKeyUsage value. The values listed below for keyPurposeID are recommended for inclusion. Additional keyPurposelds consistent with authentication purposes may be specified. Note: for certificates issued prior to June 30, 2018 anyExtendedKeyUsage may be present or the entire extension may be absent
keyPurposeID		1.3.6.1.4.1.311.20.2.2	Microsoft Smart Card Logon
		1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.2	TLS client authentication
		1.3.6.1.5.2.3.4	id-pkinit-KPClientAuth
		1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.21	id-kp-secureShellClient
			This key purpose value may be implemented as needed by the Subscriber, eg. may only be required for administrators
optional extensions			
issuerAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
rfc822Name		IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration
subjectDirectoryAttributes	FALSE		This extension may be included to indicate the cardholder's country or countries of citizenship, as specified in [13].
Attribute			
type		1.3.6.1.5.5.7.9.4	countryOfCitizenship
values			ISO 3166 Country Code(s)

Worksheet 10: Common PIV Content Signing Certificate Profile

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Certificate			
tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
Version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique Positive Integer
Signature			, ,
Algorithmldentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field.
			The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm		Choice of following algorithms:	
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78-1 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-Sha256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-Sha384
parameters		For id-RSASSA-PSS (1.2.840.113549.1.1.10) only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter	
Issuer			
Name			Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
Validity			
notBefore			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
notAfter			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
Subject			
Name			Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
subjectPublicKeyInfo			
Algorithm			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
Algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
		1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
Parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
EcpkParameters			
namedCurve		Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78-1:	
		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	Curve P-256
		1.3.132.0.34	Curve P-384
authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE		This extension is required to assist in path development and must match the subjectKeyldentifier in the issuing CA's certificate.
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
required extensions			
subjectKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
keyUsage	TRUE		digitalSignature shall be set.
digitalSignature		1	
nonRepudiation		0	Must not be asserted in certificates issued to computing or communications devices
keyEncipherment		0	
dataEncipherment		0	
keyAgreement		0	
keyCertSign		0	
cRLSign		0	
encipherOnly		0	
decipherOnly		0	
extKeyUsage	TRUE		
keyPurposeID		2.16.840.1.101.3.6.7	Id-PIV-content-signing keyPurposeID specified that the public key may be used to verify signatures on PIV CHUIDs and PIV biometrics

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
certificatePolicies	FALSE		
PolicyInformation		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.39	Id-fpki-common-contentSigning
cRLDistributionPoints	FALSE		This extension is required in all CA certificates and must contain at least HTTP URL Or LDAP URI. The reasons and cRLIssuer fields must be omitted.
DistributionPoint			
distributionPoint			
DistributionPointName			
fullName			
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
authorityInfoAccess	FALSE		authorityInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Two access methods are defined: one for locating certificates issued to the certificate issuer and one for locating an OCSP server that provides status information about this certificate. Certificates must include an authorityInfoAccess extension with at least one instances of the calssuers access method that specifies an HTTP URI. The OCSP access method may also be included if status information for this certificate is available via OCSP.
AccessDescription			
accessMethod		id-ad-calssuers (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.2)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an HTTP accessible server. Certificates may contain an additional URI name form to specify an LDAP accessible directory server Each URI must point to a location where certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		http:// or ldap://	See preamble text on URIs.
accessMethod		id-ad-ocsp (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.1)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an HTTP accessible OCSP server distributing status information for this certificate.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		http://	See preamble text on URIs.

False		
Falco		
i aise		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here.
	IA5String	Electronic mail address of the subject
	OID	
	See comment	See preamble text on naming.
False		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here.
	IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration
False		Not Recommended
False		Must not create interoperability issues
False		Not Recommended Usage period requirements are listed in Section 6.3.2 of the Common CP.
	False False False	OID See comment False IA5String False False

Worksheet 11: Derived PIV Authentication Certificate Profile

tbsCertificate version 2 Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate. Version 3 Cartificate 2 INTEGER 2 Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate. Algorithmidentifier 3 Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate. Algorithmidentifier 3 Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate. Algorithmidentifier 4 Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate. Algorithmidentifier 5 Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate. Algorithmidentifier 6 Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate. Algorithmidentifier 6 Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate when the algorithm is RSA. Choice of following algorithms is RSA. Choice of following algorithms. Integer Value of the case with shad algorithm is RSA. Choice of following algorithms is RSA. Choice of following algorithm	Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Version SerialNumber Signature Sig	Certificate			
INTEGER	tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
Algorithmidentifier Algorithmidentifier Algorithmidentifier Algorithmidentifier Algorithmidentifier BinghatureAlgorithmidentifier in signatureAlgorithmidentifier in signature Algorithmidentifier in signature Al	version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
Algorithmidentifier signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA. Choice of following algorithms: 1.2.840.113549.1.1.10 id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm) in RSA. 1.2.840.11045.4.3.2 ecdsa-with-SHA256 ecdsa-with-SHA344 ecdsa-with-SHA344 ecdsa-with-SHA354 ecd	serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique positive integer.
algorithm Choice of following algorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA. Choice of following algorithms: 1.2.840.113549.1.1.10 id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78 requires use with-SHA356 hash algorithm) 1.2.840.103549.1.1.11 Sha256WithRSAEncryption 1.2.840.10045.4.3.2 ecdsa-with-SHA364 2.16.840.1.013.4.2.1 For ia-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter NULL For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS Name and a parameter NULL For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS Name RDNSequence RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue AttributeValue see comment See preamble text on naming. validity notBefore Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence RDNSequence AttributeTypeAndValue	signature			
1.2,840.113549.1.1.10 id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding: 800-78 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm) 1.2,840.103549.1.1.11 Sha256WithRSAEncryption 1.2,840.10045.4.3.2 ecdsa-with-SHA256 1.2,840.10045.4.3.3 ecdsa-with-SHA256 1.2,840.10045.4.3.3 ecdsa-with-SHA384 parameters 2.16,840.1.101.3.4.2.1 For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter NULL For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS	AlgorithmIdentifier			signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is
requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm) 1.2.840.113549.1.1.11 Sha256WithRSAEncryption 1.2.840.10045.4.3.2 ecdsa-with-SHA256 1.2.840.10045.4.3.3 ecdsa-with-SHA384 parameters 2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1 For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter NULL For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS NULL For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS Number Number Number Number RelativeDistinguishedName Number Number Number Number AttributeTypeAndValue Number Number Number Number AttributeTypeAndValue See comment See preamble text on naming. Validity Validity Validity Number Number Number Number Number utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. utcTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049	algorithm		CI	noice of following algorithms:
1.2.840.10045.4.3.2 ecdsa-with-SHA256 1.2.840.10045.4.3.3 ecdsa-with-SHA384 parameters 2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1 For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter NULL For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS issuer Nume RDNSequence Relative Distinguished Name Attribute Type OID Attribute Type OID Attribute Value validity notibe fore Time utcTime yYMMDDHHMMSSZ general Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. general Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notiAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notiAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notiAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notiAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notiAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notiAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notiAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notiAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notiAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time vyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notiAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date.			1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	
parameters 1.2.840.10045.4.3.3 ecdsa-with-SHA384 2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1 For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter NULL For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS			1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
parameters 2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1 For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter NULL For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS ISSUE			1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-SHA256
NULL For all RSA algorithm as a parameter			1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-SHA384
Issuer Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue AttributeValue AttributeValue AttributeValue AttributeValue see comment YYMMDDHHMMSSZ generalTime utcTime yYYMMDDHHMMSSZ The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time yYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time yYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates after 2049 The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time yYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates after 2049 Subject Name X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	
Name RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue AttributeValue AttributeValue AttributeValue See comment See preamble text on naming. Validity notBefore Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ generalTime Time UtcTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates after 2049 The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time UtcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates after 2049 Subject Name X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue			NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
RDNSequence RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue AttributeType AttributeType AttributeValue AttributeValue Time utcTime yYYMMDDHHMMSSZ peneralTime utcTime yYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Time Time Time Time Time Time YYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. The notAfter ime MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime yYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. The notAfter ime MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time Time YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates up to and including 2049. The notAfter ime MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time VYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates up to and including 2049. Time VYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates up to and including 2049. Was use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	issuer			
RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue AttributeTypeAndValue AttributeType AttributeValue See comment See preamble text on naming. validity notBefore Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. yyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 notAfter The notAfter ime MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates after 2049 The notAfter ime MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates up to and including 2049. Use for dates up to and including 2049. Was use one of the name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	Name			
AttributeTypeAndValue AttributeType OID AttributeValue see comment See preamble text on naming. validity notBefore Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ GeneralTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 notAfter Time yYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time yYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 **Subject** Name X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
AttributeType AttributeValue See comment See preamble text on naming. validity notBefore Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 notAfter The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 subject Name X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeValue see comment See preamble text on naming. validity notBefore Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 notAfter The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 subject Name X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	AttributeTypeAndValue			
validity notBefore Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 notAfter The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 subject X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	AttributeType		OID	
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Time utcTime yYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. yYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 notAfter notAfter The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime yYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. yYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. yYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 subject Name X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	validity			
utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 notAfter The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 subject X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	notBefore			
generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 subject Name X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	Time			
notAfter The notAfter time MUST not be after the PIV card expiration date. Time utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. yyyyMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 subject Name X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
Time utcTime yYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 subject Name X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
utcTime YYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates up to and including 2049. generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 subject X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	notAfter			
generalTime YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ Use for dates after 2049 X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	Time			
subject X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
Name X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate. RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
RDNSequence Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	subject			
3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy. RelativeDistinguishedName AttributeTypeAndValue	Name			
AttributeTypeAndValue AttributeTypeAndValue	RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
	RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeType OID	AttributeTypeAndValue			
	AttributeType		OID	

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
subjectPublicKeyInfo			
algorithm			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
		1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
EcpkParameters			
namedCurve			ers through an OID associated with a NIST approved curve referenced in 800-78:
		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	Curve P-256
subjectPublicKey		BIT STRING	
required extensions			
authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
subjectKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
keyUsage	TRUE		Only digitalSignature shall be set.
digitalSignature		1	
nonRepudiation		0	
keyEncipherment		0	
dataEncipherment		0	
keyAgreement		0	
keyCertSign		0	
cRLSign		0	
encipherOnly		0	
decipherOnly		0	
certificatePolicies	FALSE		
PolicyInformation			Two policy OID are specified for Derived PIV Authentication certificates. Other policy OIDs may be asserted as well.
policyldentifier		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.40	id-fpki-common-derived-pivAuth
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.41	Id-fpki-common-derived-pivAuth-hardware
cRLDistributionPoints	FALSE		This extension is required in all end entity certificates and must contain an HTTP URL. The reasons and cRLIssuer fields must be omitted.
DistributionPoint			
distributionPoint			
DistributionPointName			
fullName			
GeneralNames			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
GeneralName			
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
uniformResourceldentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
authorityInfoAccess	FALSE		authorityInfoAccess consists of a sequence of accessMethod and accessLocation pairs. Two access methods are defined: one for locating certificates issued to the certificate issuer and one for locating an OCSP server that provides status information about this certificate. Certificates issued under the Common Certificate Policy must include an authorityInfoAccess extension with at least one instances of the calssuers access method: that specifies an HTTP URI. The OCSP access method must also be included since the Common Policy mandates OCSP distribution of status information for this certificate.
AccessDescription			
accessMethod		id-ad-calssuers (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.2)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an LDAP accessible directory server or HTTP accessible Web server where certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
accessMethod		id-ad-ocsp (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.1)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an HTTP accessible OCSP server distributing status information for this certificate.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceldentifier		http://	See preamble text on URIs.
subjectAltName	FALSE		
GeneralNames			This extension MUST include a UUID as specified below. Any additional name types may be present. Other names may be included to support local applications.
GeneralName			
uniformResourceIdentifier		urn:uuid:	A UUID encoded as a URN, as specified in Section 3 of RFC 4122.
piv-interim (2.16.840.1.101.3.6.9.1)	FALSE		The PIV interim indicator extension is defined in appendix B.2 of FIPS 201-1.

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
interim_indicator		BOOLEAN	The value of this extension is asserted as follows: TRUE if, at the time of credential issuance, (1) the FBI National Criminal History Fingerprint Check has complete successfully, and (2) a NACI has been initiated but has not completed. FALSE if, at the time of credential issuance, the subject's NACI has been completed and successfully adjudicated.
extKeyUsage	FALSE		This extension MUST appear in certificates issued after June 30, 2019. The extension should be non-critical an shall not include the anyExtendedKeyUsage value. The values listed below must be included. Additional keyPurposeIds consistent with authentication purposes may be specified. Note: For certificates issued prior to June 30, 2019, anyExtendedKeyUsage may be present or the entire extension may be absent
		1.3.6.1.5.2.3.4	id-pkinit-KPClientAuth
		1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.2	TLS client authentication
optional extensions			
issuerAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
rfc822Name		IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration

Worksheet 12: Certificate Profile for Delegated OCSP Responders

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Certificate			
tbsCertificate			Fields to be signed.
version		2	Integer Value of "2" for Version 3 certificate.
serialNumber		INTEGER	Unique positive integer.
signature			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Must match Algorithm Identifier in signatureAlgorithm field. The parameters field is only populated when the algorithm is RSA.
algorithm		Choice of following algorithms:	
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.10	id-RSASSA-PSS (RSA with PSS padding; 800-78- 2 requires use with SHA-256 hash algorithm)
		1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	Sha256WithRSAEncryption
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.2	ecdsa-with-SHA256
		1.2.840.10045.4.3.3	ecdsa-with-SHA384
parameters		2.16.840.1.101.3.4.2.1	For id-RSASSA-PSS only, specify the SHA-256 hash algorithm as a parameter
		NULL	For all RSA algorithms except id-RSASSA-PSS
issuer			
Name			
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
validity			
notBefore			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
notAfter			
Time			
utcTime		YYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates up to and including 2049.
generalTime		YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ	Use for dates after 2049
subject			

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
Name			X.500 Distinguished name of the owner of the certificate.
RDNSequence			Must use one of the name forms specified in Section 3.1.1 of the Common Certificate Policy.
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.
subjectPublicKeyInfo			
algorithm			
AlgorithmIdentifier			Public key algorithm associated with the public key. May be either RSA or elliptic curve.
algorithm		1.2.840.113549.1.1.1	RSA Encryption
		1.2.840.10045.2.1	Elliptic curve key
parameters			Format and meaning dependent upon algorithm
RSAParameters		NULL	For RSA, parameters field is populated with NULL.
ECParameters			
namedCurve		Implicitly specify parameters through an OID associated with a NIST as curve referenced in 800-78-2:	
		1.2.840.10045.3.1.7	Curve P-256
		1.3.132.0.34	Curve P-384
subjectPublicKey		BIT STRING	As per Section 6.1.5 of [1], the subject public key shall be type (RSA or elliptic curve) and key size as used by the issuing CA to sign CRLs. For elliptic curve public keys, public key must be encoded in uncompressed form.
required extensions			
authorityKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
subjectKeyldentifier	FALSE		
keyldentifier		OCTET STRING	Derived using the SHA-1 hash of the public key.
keyUsage	TRUE		
digitalSignature		1	
nonRepudiation		0	
keyEncipherment		0	
dataEncipherment		0	
keyAgreement		0	
keyCertSign		0	

Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
cRLSign		0	
encipherOnly		0	
decipherOnly		0	
id-pkix-ocsp-nocheck	FALSE	NULL	
extKeyUsage	BOOLEAN		This extension may be included as either a critical or non-critical extension.
KeyPurposeID		1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.9	id-kp-OCSPSigning
optional extensions			
certificatePolicies	FALSE		
PolicyInformation			The following eight OIDs are defined in the Common Certificate Policy. CA certificates may assert one or more of the following OIDs. Other policy OIDs may be asserted as well.
policyldentifier		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.6	id-fpki-common-policy
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.7	id-fpki-common-hardware
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.8	id-fpki-common-devices
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.13	id-fpki-common-authentication
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.16	id-fpki-common-High
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.17	id-fpki-common-cardAuth
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.36	id-fpki-common-devices-hardware
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.39	id-fpki-common-piv-contentSigning
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.40	id-fpki-common-derived-pivAuth
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.41	id-fpki-common-derived-pivAuth-hardware
		2.16.840.1.101.3.2.1.3.42	id-fpki-common-public-trusted-serverAuth
authorityInfoAccess	FALSE		
AccessDescription			
accessMethod		id-ad-calssuers (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.48.2)	When this access method is used, the access location should use the URI name form to specify the location of an LDAP accessible directory server or HTTP accessible Web server where certificates issued to the issuer of this certificate may be found.
accessLocation			
GeneralName			
uniformResourceldentifier		ldap:// or http://	See preamble text on URIs.
issuerAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			

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Field	Criticality Flag	Value	Comments
rfc822Name		IA5String	Electronic mail address of the PKI administration
subjectAltName	FALSE		Any name types may be present; only the most common are specified here.
GeneralNames			
GeneralName			
dNSName		IA5String	This field contains the DNS name of the subject
iPAddress		IA5String	This field contains the IP address of the subject
directoryName			
Name			
RDNSequence			
RelativeDistinguishedName			
AttributeTypeAndValue			
AttributeType		OID	
AttributeValue		see comment	See preamble text on naming.