

### Resource Usage Service

OGF20 Working Group Session

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### Agenda



- Brief introduction to RUS (5")
- Core RUS Specification Comments (55")
  - XPath expression restrictions
  - IDL & WS-I/WS-RF rendering status
  - Batch processing
  - Audit Information and <RecordHistory>
  - Handling of Mandatory Elements
- Requirements for Advanced RUS (20")
- Project Presentations (10")

## Brief introduction to RUS (1)



- The RUS-WG defines an Web Services interface to a Resource Usage Service, allowing for operations such as (current draft):
  - insertUsageRecords
    - in: list of URs; out: OperationResult
  - modify/deleteUsageRecords
    - in: XUpdate/XPath expression; out: OperationResult
  - replaceUsageRecords
    - in: RUSRecordIds, new URs; out: OperationResult
  - extractRUSUsageRecords
    - in: XPath/XQuery expression, out: list of RUS-URs

## Brief introduction to RUS (2)



- Some features (current draft):
  - allows for keeping <u>audit trail</u> for record insertion/modification/deletion ...
    - currently: RUS-UR wraps UR + audit trail
  - allows to specify additional <u>mandatory elements</u> of the UR format, that a RUS implementation needs to be present in the stored UR instances
    - list of mandatory elements upon request
  - can return <u>faults</u> on specific operations:
    - RUSProcessingFault, RUSInsertFault, RUSUserNotAuthorisedFault, ...

## Core RUS: XPath expressions



- XPath can select parts of a UR.
- RUS Core returns only whole URs.
- Suggestion 1:
  - Allow RUS Core to return parts of a UR.
    - advantage: full compliance with XPath; user gets only what he wants
    - disadvantage: complex queries are less scalable (RUSQueryTooComplexFault?)
- Suggestion 2:
  - Restrict the allowed XPath expressions.

## Core RUS: IDL and renderings



- Currently: only WS-I
- Idea: have interface description independent of exact rendering (see Byte I/O WG)
  - advantage: specification more easily adaptable
  - disadvantage: lack of interoperability!?
- Interface Description Language (IDL) for describing methods, etc.

```
module RUS {
interface RUS { [...]
  rus:OperationResult insertUsageRecords(in ur:UsageRecords record);
[...] }; };
```

Renderings planned for WS-I & WS-RF.

# Core RUS: Batch Processing (1) Open Grid Forum

- Current status:
  - insert: input is a list of URs
  - modify: currently only single records can be modified (requires change)
  - replace: list of records to replace
  - delete: XPath or id-list to select records
  - query: Result is returned as one big message: needs an extension!

# Core RUS: Batch Processing (2) Open Grid Forum

- Additional WS-Enumeration-based method to get query results in small pieces?
  - Need also WS-Addressing!
  - Has the standard drawbacks?
- Client can request a limited number of records?
- Server returns a kind of RUSReplyTooBigFault?

# Core RUS: Audit Information (1)



- Currently recorded for:
  - Insertion
  - Modification (replace, increment, modify)
  - Candidate: deletion
- What is recorded:
  - Message, Signature, Timestamp, Operation, Requestor
  - Also record undo information, certificates?
  - Information on concurrency protection?

# Core RUS: Audit Information (2)



- Returned as RecordHistory in each RUSUsageRecord (upon query)
- Always returned, even if not wanted.
- Can only be returned as long as UR exists in RUS.
- Proposal: add a extractRecordHistory method.
- [Proposal: completely remove wrapping RUS-UR]

# Core RUS: Mandatory Elements Open Grid Forum

- Currently UR elements can be declared mandatory.
  - Can only declare elements from UR spec.
  - Cannot put restrictions on content.
- Proposal: Allow for other elements (UR Resource extensions) to be listed.

## MandatoryElementsType



### Currently a list of UR elements:

### Make it a list of XML names:

### **Advanced RUS**



- Requirements gathering:
  - aggregation (discuss with UR-WG)
  - notification service for changes?
    - interesting for data replication via RUS interface
  - other ideas?

### **RUS Advanced Features**



#### Context

- Service Interface Definition
- instead of implementation mechanisms

#### Aggregation

Summarize OGF-UR Usage Records with certain aggregation grouping criteria;

#### Data Replication

- Synchronization of two or more usage record storage;
- Out of the scope of SIDs;

# Aggregation (1)



- Aggregation as Extraction
  - Definition: aggregate and return OGF Usage Records relating to certain grouping criteria;
  - RUS:ExtractAggrUsageRecords
  - Input:
    - XPath statement
  - Output:
    - OperationResult
    - Aggregate Usage Records
  - Faults:
    - InvalidInput;
    - UserUnauthorisedFault;

## Aggregation (2)



- Aggregation as Insert
  - Definition: Aggregate and insert OGF usage records grouped with certain criteria into a separate aggregate repository;
  - Input:

### **Auditing**



- Who aggregate and insert usage records at when?
- Same mechanism as Job usage auditing?
- Useful for inter-grid RUS data synchronization.

### Modification



- Share same semantics with SIDs of job usage records
  - modifySpecAggrUsageRecords;
  - ReplaceAggrUsageRecords;
  - DeleteAggrUsageRecords;
- How to specify aggregate usage storage
  - As a parameter?
  - As a configuration element?
  - Others?

### Issues



- Not standard schema for aggregate usage records;
- Overlapping contexts with SIDs for job usage records;
- How to represents auditing information;
- If narrow SIDs into only "aggregation as extraction", worry about performance (implementation-specific as well?)

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