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## 4 Open Cloud Computing Interface – Text Rendering

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- 12 Abstract
- 13 This document, part of a document series produced by the OCCI working group within the Open Grid Forum
- (OGF), provides a high-level definition of a Protocol and API. The document is based upon previously gathered
- requirements and focuses on the scope of important capabilities required to support modern service offerings.

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#### 56 1 Introduction

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The Open Cloud Computing Interface (OCCI) is a RESTful Protocol and API for all kinds of management tasks.

OCCI was originally initiated to create a remote management API for laaS<sup>1</sup> model-based services, allowing
for the development of interoperable tools for common tasks including deployment, autonomic scaling and
monitoring. It has since evolved into a flexible API with a strong focus on interoperability while still offering a
high degree of extensibility. The current release of the Open Cloud Computing Interface is suitable to serve
many other models in addition to IaaS, including PaaS and SaaS.

In order to be modular and extensible the current OCCI specification is released as a suite of complementary documents, which together form the complete specification. The documents are divided into four categories consisting of the OCCI Core, the OCCI Protocols, the OCCI Renderings and the OCCI Extensions.

- The OCCI Core specification consists of a single document defining the OCCI Core Model. OCCI interaction occurs through renderings (including associated behaviors) and is expandable through extensions.
- The OCCI Protocol specifications consist of multiple documents, each describing how the model can be interacted with over a particular protocol (e.g. HTTP, AMQP, etc.). Multiple protocols can interact with the same instance of the OCCI Core Model.
- The OCCI Rendering specifications consist of multiple documents, each describing a particular rendering
  of the OCCI Core Model. Multiple renderings can interact with the same instance of the OCCI Core
  Model and will automatically support any additions to the model which follow the extension rules defined
  in OCCI Core.
- The OCCI Extension specifications consist of multiple documents, each describing a particular extension
  of the OCCI Core Model. The extension documents describe additions to the OCCI Core Model defined
  within the OCCI specification suite.

The current specification consists of seven documents. This specification describes version 1.2 of OCCI and is backward compatible with 1.1. Future releases of OCCI may include additional protocol, rendering and extension specifications. The specifications to be implemented (MUST, SHOULD, MAY) are detailed in the table below.

Table 1	What OCCL s	necifications	must he	implemented	for the	specific version.
rable 1.	Wilat OCCI S	pecifications	must be	Implemented	ior the s	specific version.

Document	OCCI 1.1	OCCI 1.2
Core Model Infrastructure Model Platform Model SLA Model HTTP Protocol Text Rendering JSON Rendering	MUST SHOULD MAY MAY MUST MUST MAY	MUST SHOULD MAY MAY MUST MUST MUST

### 2 Notational Conventions

All these parts and the information within are mandatory for implementors (unless otherwise specified). The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [1].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Infrastructure as a Service

#### 3 Text rendering

- This document presents the text-based renderings. To be complaint, OCCI implementations MUST implement the three renderings defined in sections 6, 7 and 8.
- The following specification of the text-based renderings is in the process of being deprecated and will be removed or significantly changed in the next MAJOR release of the standard.
- The document is structured by defining base ABNFs, which can then be combined into renderings, which will
- be rendered over a protocol (e.g., HTTP) by the specific rendering definitions.

#### **ABNF** Definitions 4

- For the following section of 5 these ABNF notations will be used. Implementations MUST hence implement
- the renderings according to these definitions.

#### Category ABNF 4.1

The following syntax MUST be used for Category renderings:

```
= "Category" ":" #category-value
   Category
      category-value
                          = term
101
                           ";" "scheme" "=" <"> scheme <">
102
                           ";" "class" "=" ( class | <"> class <"> )
103
                            [ ";" "title" "=" quoted-string ]
104
                            [ ";" "rel" "=" <"> type-identifier <"> ]
105
                            [ ";" "location" "=" <"> URI <"> ]
106
                           [ ";" "attributes" "=" <"> attribute-list <"> ]
107
                            [ ";" "actions" "=" <"> action-list <"> ]
                          = ( ALPHA | DIGIT ) *( ALPHA | DIGIT | "-" | "_" | "." )
      term
109
                          = URI
      scheme
110
                          = scheme term
     type-identifier
111
                          = "action" | "mixin" | "kind"
      class
112
     attribute-list
                          = attribute-def
113
                          | attribute-def *( 1*SP attribute-def)
114
     attribute-def
                          = attribute-name
115
                          | attribute-name
116
                             "{" attribute-property *( 1*SP attribute-property ) "}"
117
     attribute-property = "immutable" | "required"
118
     attribute-name
                          = term
119
     action-list
                          = action
120
                          | action *( 1*SP action )
121
                          = type-identifier
     action
122
```

#### Link ABNF 4.2

The following syntax MUST be used to represent OCCI Link type instance references: 124

```
= "Link" ":" #link-value
   Link
125
                        = "<" URI-reference ">"
     link-value
                         ";" "rel" "=" <"> resource-type <">
127
                         [ ";" "self" "=" <"> link-instance <"> ]
128
                         [ ";" "category" "=" link-type
129
                           *( ";" link-attribute ) ]
```

```
= ( ALPHA | DIGIT ) *( ALPHA | DIGIT | "-" | "_" | "." )
     term
131
                        = URT
     scheme
                        = scheme term
     type-identifier
133
                        = type-identifier *( 1*SP type-identifier )
     resource-type
134
                        = type-identifier *( 1*SP type-identifier )
     link-type
135
     link-instance
                        = URI-reference
136
     link-attribute
                        = attribute-name "=" ( token | quoted-string )
137
      attribute-name
                        = term
138
   The following syntax MUST be used to represent OCCI Action instance references:
                        = "Link" ":" #link-value
   ActionLink
140
     link-value
                        = "<" action-uri ">"
141
                         ";" "rel" "=" <"> action-type <">
142
                        = ( ALPHA | DIGIT ) *( ALPHA | DIGIT | "-" | "_" | "." )
     term
143
     scheme
     type-identifier
                        = scheme term
145
     action-type
                        = type-identifier
146
                        = URI "?" "action=" term
     action-uri
```

#### 4.3 Attribute ABNF

```
= "X-OCCI-Attribute" ":" #attribute-repr
149
                       = attribute-name "=" attribute-value
     attribute-repr
150
                       = ( ALPHA | DIGIT ) *( ALPHA | DIGIT | "-" | "_" | "." )
151
     attribute-name
     attribute-value = ( string | number | bool | enum-val )
                       = quoted-string
     string
153
     number
                       = (int | float)
154
     int
                       = *DIGIT
155
                       = *DIGIT "." *DIGIT
     float
                       = ("true" | "false")
157
     enum-val
                       = string
158
```

#### 159 4.4 Location ABNF

```
Location = "X-OCCI-Location" ":" location-value location-value = URI-reference
```

## 5 Renderings

The renderings defined in this section will be used in the specific text rendering defined in section 6 and 7

#### 5.1 Entity Instance Rendering

Entity instances MUST be rendered according to the following definitions.

### 5.1.1 Resource Instance Rendering

<sup>167</sup> A Resource instance MUST be rendered using the following definition:

```
resource_rendering = 1*( Category CRLF )

*( Link CRLF )

*( Attribute CRLF )
```

The rendering of a Resource instance MUST represent any associated Action instances using the ActionLink CRLF.

5.1.1.1 Action Invocation Rendering Upon an Action invocation the client MUST send along the following definition:

```
action_definition = 1( Category CRLF )

*( Attribute CRLF )
```

#### 77 5.1.2 Link Instance Rendering

A Link instance MUST be rendered using the following definition:

### 182 5.2 Category Instance Rendering

<sup>183</sup> A Category instances MUST be rendered as defined below.

#### 5.2.1 Kind Instance Rendering

A Kind instance MUST be rendered as a Category CRLF.

#### 5.2.2 Mixin Instance Rendering

187 A Mixin instance MUST be rendered as a Category CRLF.

#### 188 5.2.3 Action Instance Rendering

```
An Action instance MUST be rendered as a Category CRLF.
```

Note that an Action instance MUST NOT have Link and Actions references.

### 5.3 Entity Collection Rendering

<sup>192</sup> A collection of Resource or Link instances MUST be rendered as following:

```
entity_collection_rendering = *( Location CRLF )
```

#### 94 5.3.1 Resource Collection Rendering

see above

### 5.3.2 Link Collection Rendering

see above

#### 5.4 Category Collection Rendering

For the Query interface the following Category instance rendering MUST be used:

```
category_collection_rendering = *( Category CRLF )
```

#### 201 5.4.1 Kind Collection Rendering

202 see above

#### 203 5.4.2 Mixin Collection Rendering

204 see above

#### 205 5.4.3 Action Collection Rendering

206 see above

### 207 5.5 Attributes Rendering

#### 208 5.5.1 Entity Instance Attribute Rendering Specifics

For Entity instances the following model attribute name to attribute name rendering mappings MUST be used:

Attribute Attribute name once rendered Entity.id occi.core.id Entity.title occi.core.title Resource.summary occi.core.summary Link.target occi.core.target Link.target.kind occi.core.target.kind Link.source occi.core.source Link.source.kind occi.core.source.kind

Table 2. Entity attribute naming convention

#### 5.5.2 Mixin Instance Attribute Rendering Specifics

- When rendering Mixin.depends and Mixin.applies to the rel attribute in the Category instance rendering, only Mixin.depends value MUST be used. If Mixin.depends contains multiple values, only the first value MUST be used.
- 5.5.3 Attribute Description Rendering
- Attributes MUST be rendered as defined by the Attribute CRLF. If used, the pattern model attribute MUST be represented as a string in the ERE [2] format.

#### **OCCI Text Plain rendering** 6 217

```
The OCCI Text plain rendering specifies a rendering of OCCI instance types in a simple text format.
218
```

The rendering can be used to render OCCI instances independently of the protocol being used. Thus messages can be delivered by, e.g., the HTTP protocol as specified in [3]. 220

The following media-types MUST be used for the OCCI Text plain rendering: 221

```
text/occi+plain
   and
223
   text/plain
```

224

Each entry in the body consists of a name followed by a colon (":") and the field value. 225

#### 6.1 Example

The following example show an Entity instance rendering using the Text plain rendering.

```
< Category: compute; \
228
         scheme="http://schemas.ogf.org/occi/infrastructure#" \
229
         class="kind";
   < Link: </users/foo/compute/b9ff813e-fee5-4a9d-b839-673f39746096?action=start>; \
231
         rel="http://schemas.ogf.org/occi/infrastructure/compute/action#start"
232
   < X-0CCI-Attribute: occi.core.id="urn:uuid:b9ff813e-fee5-4a9d-b839-673f39746096"</pre>
233
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.core.title="My Dummy VM"
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.architecture="x86"
235
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.state="inactive"
236
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.speed=1.33
237
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.memory=2.0
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.cores=2
239
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.hostname="dummy"
```

#### **OCCI Header Rendering** 7

The following media-type MUST be used for the OCCI header Rendering: 242

```
text/occi
```

While using this rendering the HTTP Protocol [3] MUST be used and the renderings MUST be placed in the HTTP Header. The body MUST contain the string "OK" on successful operations. 245

The HTTP header fields MUST follow the specification in RFC 7230 [4]. A header field consists of a name followed by a colon (":") and the field value. 247

Limitations: HTTP header fields MAY appear multiple times in a HTTP request or response. In order to be OCCI compliant, the specification of multiple message-header fields according to RFC 7230 MUST be 249 fully supported. In essence there are two valid representations of multiple HTTP header field values. A header 250 field might either appear several times or as a single header field with a comma-separated list of field values. Due to implementation issues in many web frameworks and client libraries it is RECOMMENDED to use the comma-separated list format for best interoperability. 253

HTTP header field values, which contain separator characters, MUST be properly quoted according to RFC 7230.

Space in the HTTP header section of a HTTP request is a limited resource. By this, it is noted that many HTTP servers limit the number of bytes that can be placed in the HTTP header area. Implementers MUST be aware of this limitation in their own implementations and take appropriate measures so that truncation of 257 header data does NOT occur. 258

### <sup>259</sup> 7.1 Example

The following example shows an Entity instance rendering using the Text header rendering.

```
< Category: compute; \
261
       scheme="http://schemas.ogf.org/occi/infrastructure#" \
       class="kind";
   < Link: </users/foo/compute/b9ff813e-fee5-4a9d-b839-673f39746096?action=start>; \
       rel="http://schemas.ogf.org/occi/infrastructure/compute/action#start"
265
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.core.id="urn:uuid:b9ff813e-fee5-4a9d-b839-673f39746096", \
266
    occi.core.title="My Dummy VM", occi.compute.architecture="x86", \
267
    occi.compute.state="inactive", occi.compute.speed=1.33, \
268
    occi.compute.memory=2.0, occi.compute.cores=2, \
269
    occi.compute.hostname="dummy"
270
   < OK
```

### 272 8 URI Listing Rendering

<sup>273</sup> The following media-types MUST be used for the URI Rendering:

```
274 text/uri-list
```

This rendering cannot render resource instances or Kinds or Mixins directly but just links to them. For concrete rendering of Kinds and Categories the Content-types text/occi, text/plain MUST be used. If a request is done with the text/uri-list in the Accept header, while not requesting for a Listing a Bad Request MUST be returned. Otherwise a list of resources MUST be rendered in text/uri-list format as defined in [5], which can be used for listing resource in collections or the name-space of the OCCI implementation.

## 9 Security Considerations

OCCI does not require that an authentication mechanism be used nor does it require that client to service communications are secured. It does RECOMMEND that an authentication mechanism be used and that where appropriate, communications are encrypted using HTTP over TLS. The authentication mechanisms that MAY be used with OCCI are those that can be used with HTTP and TLS. For further discussion see the appropriate section in [3].

# 10 Glossary

	Term	Description		
	Action	An OCCI base type. Represents an invocable operation on an Entity sub-type		
		instance or collection thereof.		
	Attribute	A type in the OCCI Core Model. Describes the name and properties of attributes		
		found in Entity types.		
	Category	A type in the OCCI Core Model and the basis of the OCCI type identification		
		mechanism. The parent type of Kind.		
	capabilities	In the context of Entity sub-types capabilities refer to the Attributes and Actions		
		exposed by an <b>entity instance</b> .		
	Collection	A set of Entity sub-type instances all associated to a particular Kind or Mixin		
		instance.		
	Entity	An OCCI base type. The parent type of Resource and Link.		
	entity instance	An instance of a sub-type of Entity but not an instance of the Entity type itself. The		
		OCCI model defines two sub-types of Entity: the Resource type and the Link type.		
		However, the term <i>entity instance</i> is defined to include any instance of a sub-type		
		of Resource or Link as well.		
	Kind	A type in the OCCI Core Model. A core component of the OCCI classification		
		system.		
287	Link	An OCCI base type. A Link instance associates one Resource instance with another.		
	Mixin	A type in the OCCI Core Model. A core component of the OCCI classification		
		system.		
	mix-in	An instance of the Mixin type associated with an <i>entity instance</i> . The "mix-in"		
	0.661	concept as used by OCCI <i>only</i> applies to instances, never to Entity types.		
	OCCI	Open Cloud Computing Interface.		
	OGF	Open Grid Forum.		
	Resource	An OCCI base type. The parent type for all domain-specific Resource sub-types.		
	resource instance	See entity instance. This term is considered obsolete.		
	tag	A Mixin instance with no attributes or actions defined. Used for taxonomic organi-		
		sation of entity instances.		
	template	A Mixin instance which if associated at instance creation-time pre-populate certain		
		attributes.		
	type	One of the types defined by the OCCI Core Model. The Core Model types are		
	concrete ture /end to	Category, Attribute, Kind, Mixin, Action, Entity, Resource and Link.		
	concrete type/sub-type URI	A concrete type/sub-type is a type that can be instantiated. Uniform Resource Identifier.		
	URL URN	Uniform Resource Locator.		
288	UKIN	Uniform Resource Name.		

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92 Next to these individual contributions we value the contributions from the OCCI working group.

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#### <sub>4</sub> 13 Disclaimer

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### 20 References

[1] S. Bradner, "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels," RFC 2119 (Best Current Practice), Internet Engineering Task Force, Mar. 1997. [Online]. Available: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

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- [3] R. Nyren, T. Metsch, and A. Edmonds, "Open Cloud Computing Interface HTTP Protocol," Draft, November 2015. [Online]. Available: TBD
- <sup>327</sup> [4] R. Fielding and J. Gettys, "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP/1.1): Message Syntax and Routing," RFC 7230, Internet Engineering Task Force, Jun. 2014. [Online]. Available: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc7230.txt
- [5] M. Mealling and J. R. Daniel, "URI Resolution Services Necessary for URN Resolution," RFC 2483, Internet Engineering Task Force, Jan. 1999. [Online]. Available: https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2483

## A Change Log

The corrections introduced by the February 23, 2016 update are summarized below. This section describes the possible impact of the corrections on existing implementations and associated dependent specifications.

- Relaxed rules on term values allowing the use of: alphanumerical characters (a-zA-Z0-9), "\_", "-" and ".".
- Explicitly stated how Mixin.depends and Mixin.applies should be rendered to rel on Mixin instances.