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Usage Record – Format Recommendation

Status of This Document

Group Working Draft (GWD)

Obsoletes

This document obsoletes GFD-R-P.098[1].

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Abstract

For resources to be shared, sites must be able to exchange basic accounting and usage data in a common format. This document describes a common format with which to exchange basic accounting and usage data on different resources. This record format is intended to facilitate the sharing of usage information, particularly in the area of job accounting, storage accounting and cloud accounting but with a structure that allows an easy extension to other resources. This document describes the Usage Record components both in natural language form and annotated XML.

This document does not address how these records should be used, nor does it attempt to dictate the format in which the accounting records are stored at a local site; instead, it defines a common exchange format. Furthermore, nothing is said regarding the communications mechanisms employed to exchange the records, i.e. transport layer, framing, authentication, integrity, etc.

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1 Introduction

In order for resources to be shared, sites must be able to exchange basic accounting and usage data in a common format. This document focuses on the representation of resource consumption data. The document then goes on to describe an XML-based format for usage records. The record format is intended to be specific enough to facilitate information sharing among grid sites, yet general enough that the usage data can be used for a variety of purposes: traditional usage accounting, charging, service usage monitoring, performance tuning, etc. The purpose of this document is to outline the basic building blocks of the accounting record, and how to properly represent them. All other tangential concerns such as the use, transport mechanism, and security are out of scope for this representation layer.

1.1 Context

To comprehend the structure of the schema presented in this document, it is important to understand the context in which this specification has been developed. The accounting of different use-cases involves recording:

- General properties related to the record itself
- Properties related to the consumer of the resources
- Usage of one or more resources.

Hence, the usage record schema is made up of a set of blocks for general properties, consumer and distinct resources.

1.1.1 History

Before the definition of UR-2.0, different usage record definitions building on the job accounting definition of UR-1.0[1], started to surface to describe various resource usages, such as the EMI Compute Accounting Record (CAR)[2], the EMI Storage Accounting Record (StAR)[3], the EGI Cloud Usage Record (CUR)¹ and the Storage Accounting Implementation (SAI)[4]. The definition of UR-2.0 came from the experience of these record definitions and is built as an easily extensible superset of these new usage records.

1.1.2 What This Document Is Not

This document and specification do not attempt to define a comprehensive "grid accounting" standard. As with all accounting implementations, there is no one-size-fits-all solution, that

 $^{{\}rm ^1https://wiki.egi.eu/wiki/Fedcloud-tf:WorkGroups:Scenario 4}$

will meet the needs of all projects and resource providers. This document does not address summary records, "grid job" records, consolidated records, or anything other than an atomic resource consumption instantiation. Sufficient resource and user information is collected to allow for effective and appropriate levels of aggregation, consolidation, and summarization, but the details of how sites implement these features (e.g., what grids do with the atomic data) are beyond the scope of this document.

1.2 Format of the Record Specification

1.2.1

2 Conventions Used in this Document

2.1 Notational Conventions

The key words "MUST" "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [5], except that the words do not appear in uppercase.

2.2 Meta Properties

Meta properties are associated with individual base properties to provide additional information and semantic meaning of the value for a base property. The meta properties outlined below are commonly encountered and should be supported for the indicated base properties.

2.2.1 Description

The description provides a mechanism for additional, optional information to be attached to a Usage Record base property. The value of this meta-property MAY provide clues to the semantic context to use while interpreting or examining the value of the owning base property.

2.2.2 Metric

This meta-property identifies the type of measurement used for quantifying the associated resource consumption if there are multiple methods to measure resource usage. As an example, disk usage may be measured as total, average, minimum or maximum usage. However, even if pertinent to the assessed charge, this meta-property does not attempt to differentiate between requested and utilized quantities of resource usage.

2.2.3 Time Stamps

Time stamps should follow the ISO 8601[6] standard as well. This includes enumerating the time zone, as specified in the standard.

2.3 Conventions

Unless otherwise stated, all fields are optional. A required field is only required if the corresponding block is present.

2.4 Supported Data Types

- 1. String: Data of this type has no required restrictions on the length or available characters.
- 2. Integer
- 3. Positive Integer: Data of this type must have a value of zero or greater.
- 4. Non-zero Integer: Data of this type must have a value of one or greater.
- 5. Float
- 6. Timestamp: Data of this type must comply with the UTC time zone format specified in ISO 8601.
- 7. DomainName: Data of this type must comply with RFC 1034[7] format for fully qualified domain names. The constraints are a maximum 255 characters long, containing only alphabetic and numeric characters, the "-", and the "." characters.

3 RecordIdentityBlock

This block contains the properties related to the identity of the usage record itself.

Example

```
<ur:RecordIdentityBlock>
<!| Identity properties go in here -->
</ur:RecordIdentityBlock>
```

3.1 RecordId

A record identity uniquely defines a record in the set of all usage record for the grid implementation.

- The RecordId attribute MUST be present in the RecordIdentityBlock.
- The *RecordId* MUST have the type string.

Example

```
<ur:RecordId>"host.example.org/ur/87912469269276"</ur:RecordId>
```

3.2 CreateTime

This attribute is used to specify the time when this particular Usage Record was created.

- The CreateTime attribute MUST be present in the RecordIdentityBlock.
- The CreateTime attribute MUST be an ISO 8601:2004 timestamp.

Example

```
<ur:CreateTime>2013-05-09T09:06:52Z</ur:CreateTime>
```

3.3 Site

This property describes the site at which the resource is located. This property should contain a descriptive name of the group of resources which are accounted for in the record. The *Site* value should be constructed in such a way that it is unique within the context where it is used.

• The *Site* field type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:Site>"ACME-University"</ur:Site>

3.4 Infrastructure

The infrastructure where the resource was used (e.g., EGI or OSG). The 'description' attribute SHOULD be used to give additional information on the used infrastructure.

• Infrastructure MUST be present

Example

<ur:Infrastructure>"OSG"</ur:Infrastructure>

4 SubjectIdentityBlock

This block contains the properties related to the identity of the subject accounted for. Note that as all fields in this block are optional, this block SHOULD be associated with a profile that defines at least one field that must be present in the specific implementation.

Example

```
<ur:SubjectIdentityBlock>
<!| Identity properties go in here -->
</ur:SubjectIdentityBlock>
```

4.1 LocalUserId

This property describes the local identity of the user accountable for the resource consumption (e.g., the Unix user).

• The LocalUserId field type MUST be a string.

Example

```
<ur:LocalUserId>"johndoe"</ur:LocalUserId>
```

4.2 LocalGroupId

This property describes the local group accountable for the resource consumption (e.g., Unix group).

• The LocalGroupId field type MUST be a string.

Example

```
<ur:LocalGroupId>"projectA"</ur:LocalGroupId>
```

4.3 GlobalUserId

This property describes the global identity of the user accountable for the resource consumption. The property should identify the user globally, such that clashes do not happen accidentally, e.g. it could be an X500 identity.

• The GlobalUserId field type MUST be a string.

Example

```
<ur:GlobalUserId>"/O=Grid/OU=example.org/CN=John Doe"</ur:GlobalUserId>
```

4.4 GlobalGroupId

This property describes the global group accountable for the resource consumption. The property should identify the group globally, such that clashes do not happen accidentally, e.g. using a FQDN to construct it. In Grid terms, this would typically be the VO name.

• The GlobalGroupId field type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:GlobalGroupId>"binarydataproject.example.org"</ur:GlobalGroupId>

4.5 GlobalGroupAttribute

This property describes supplemental traits of the group property, e.g., sub-groups, role or authority. This makes it possible to account for segments of a group, while still being able to account for the group as a whole. The property consists of a type which denotes the type of attribute and an actual value for the attribute.

- The GlobalGroupAttribute property can be repeated.
- The GlobalGroupId property MUST exist in the record if GlobalGroupAttribute is specified.
- The GlobalGroupAttribute type and field values MUST exist.
- The GlobalGroupAttribute type MUST have the type string.
- The GlobalGroupAttribute field type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:GlobalGroupAttribute ur:type="subgroup">ukusers</ur:GlobalGroupAttribute>

5 ComputeUsageBlock

This block contains the properties related to compute usage.

Example

```
<ur:ComputeUsageBlock>
<!|Compute Record properties go in here -->
</ur:ComputeUsageBlock>
```

5.1 CpuDuration

This element contains the CPU time consumed. If the task ran on many cores/processors/nodes, all separate consumptions shall be aggregated in this value. This has an impact for example on on MPI usage, where the consumption of all the "nodes" get aggregated into this CPU consumption.

• CpuDuration MUST be present and MUST contain a time duration as defined in ISO 8601:2004[6].

Example

```
<ur:CpuDuration>PT3600S</ur:CpuDuration>
```

5.2 WallDuration

WallClock time elapsed during the process execution. In the case of MPI WallDuration might be lower than CpuDuration.

• WallDuration MUST be present and MUST contain a time duration as defined in ISO 8601:2004[6].

Example

```
<ur:WallDuration>PT3600S</ur:WallDuration>
```

5.3 StartTime

This property describes a timestamp indicating the time at which the measured resource consumption started. Together with *EndTime* this defines a period over which the resource has been consumed.

- The StartTime field MUST be present in the block.
- The StartTime field type MUST be an ISO 8601:2004 timestamp.

• The time zone may be specified as Z (UTC) or (+—-)hh:mm. Time zones that are not specified are considered undetermined.

Example

<ur:StartTime>2013-05-31T11:00:00</ur:StartTime>

5.4 EndTime

This property describes a timestamp indicating the time at which the measured resource consumption ended. Together with *StartTime* this defines a period over which the resource has been consumed.

- The *EndTime* field MUST be present in the block.
- The *EndTime* field type MUST be an ISO 8601:2004 timestamp.
- The time zone may be specified as Z (UTC) or (+—-)hh:mm. Time zones that are not specified are considered undetermined.

Example

<ur:EndTime>2013-05-31T12:00:00</ur:EndTime>

5.5 Host

This is used to identify the host where the user consumed the resource. As an example, in case of MPI process more than one Host parameter can be specified. If a master node for the computation can be identified, it can be flagged as "primary" with a dedicated attribute. The *processId* attribute SHOULD be used to identify the process ID of the process running at the host. For example this is required in case of MPI process that use multiple hosts.

- The *Host* field type MUST be a string.
- Host SHOULD be present. Multiple instances of this element MAY be present.
- The processId attribute MAY be present multiple times in this element.
- The processId attribute field type MUST be a non-zero Integer.

Example

<ur:Host ur:processId=1042>"compute-0-1.abel.uio.no"</ur:Host>

5.6 HostType

The type of service according to a namespace-based classification. The namespace MAY be related to a middleware name, and organization or other concepts; org.ogf.glue.* is reserved for Types defined by the OGF GLUE Working Group².

• The *HostType* field type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:HostType>"org.nordugrid.arex"</ur:HostType>

5.7 Processors

The number of processors used or requested. A processor definition may be dependent on the machine architecture. Typically processor is equivalent to the number of physical CPUs used. For example, if a process uses two cluster "nodes", each node having 16 CPUs each, the total number of processors would be 32.

• The *Processors* value MUST be of type Non-zero Integer

Example

<ur:Processors>1</ur:Processors>

5.8 NodeCount

Number of nodes used. A node definition may be dependent on the architecture, but typically a node is a physical machine. For example a cluster of 16 physical machines with each machine having one processor each is a 16 "node" machine, each with one "processor". A 16 processor SMP machine however, is 1 physical node (machine) with 16 processors.

• The *NodeCount* value MUST be of type Non-zero Integer

Example

<ur:NodeCount>1</ur:NodeCount>

5.9 Charge

This is property may be used for economic accounting purpose. It is the charge applied to the user resource usage.

²https://forge.ogf.org/sf/go/projects.glue-wg/wiki

- When specifying *Charge*, the following two attributes MUST be specified:
 - -unit defines the currency used to report the charge as defined in ISO 4217^3 .
 - The *unit* attribute type MUST be an ISO 4217 alphabetic code.
 - formula The cost computation formula adopted to compute the applied charge.
 - The formula attribute type MUST be a string.
- The *Charge* field type MUST be a float.

Example

```
<ur:Charge ur:formula="42 units/CPU/day" ur:unit="USD">1.75</ur:Charge>
```

5.10 Charge

This is property may be used for economic accounting purpose. It is the charge applied to the user resource usage.

- When specifying *Charge*, the following two attributes MUST be specified:
 - -unit defines the currency used to report the charge as defined in ISO 4217^4 .
 - The *unit* attribute type MUST be an ISO 4217 alphabetic code.
 - formula The cost computation formula adopted to compute the applied charge.
 - The formula attribute type MUST be a string.
- The *Charge* field type MUST be a float.

Example

<ur:Charge ur:formula="42 units/CPU/day" ur:unit="USD">1.75</ur:Charge>

 $^{^3} http://www.iso.org/iso/currency_codes$

⁴http://www.iso.org/iso/currency_codes

6 JobUsageBlock

This block contains the properties related to job usage. The block is intended to be used for jobs submitted to a batch system.

Example

```
<ur:JobUsageBlock>
<!|Job Record properties go in here -->
</ur:JobUsageBlock>
```

6.1 Global Jobld

This property describes the global identity of the job. The property should identify the job globally, such that clashes do not happen accidentally. This could for example be a combination of time stamp, local job id and host name.

• The GlobalJobId field type MUST be a string.

Example

```
<ur:GlobalJobId>"host.example.org/ab1234/2013-05-09T09:06:52Z"</ur:GlobalJobId>
```

6.2 LocalJobld

This property describes the local identity of the job.

- Local Job Id MUST contain the LRMS ID for the job as assigned by the batch system.
- The LocalJobId field type MUST be a string.

Example

```
<ur:LocalJobId>"ab1234"</ur:LocalJobId>
```

6.3 JobName

This attribute may contain a descriptive of the job. It has to be stressed that user defined job names are often difficult to retrieve from an accounting perspective and are not suitable for reliable accounting purposes.

• The JobName field type MUST be a string.

Example

```
<ur:JobName>"HiggsGammaGamma42"</ur:JobName>
```

6.4 MachineName

Identifier for the computing facility managing the job.

- MachineName SHOULD be the LRMS server host name.
- MachineName SHOULD be present in the record.
- The *MachineName* field type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:MachineName>"ce.example.org"</ur:MachineName>

6.5 SubmitHost

The host submitting the job.

- In a grid environment SubmitHost MUST be present
- In a grid environment SubmitHost MUST report the Computing Element Unique ID.
- The SubmitHost field type MUST be a string.

Example

```
<ur:SubmitHost>
   "nordugrid-cluster-name=ce.example.org,Mds-Vo-name=local,o=grid"
</ur:SubmitHost>
```

6.6 Middleware

The purpose of this element is to mark whether the job was submitted locally or through a grid middleware. At least the values "local" and "grid" MUST be supported. The description attribute SHOULD be used to give additional information on the used middleware.

- *Middleware* MUST be present.
- The values "local" and "grid" MUST be supported.
- The *Middleware* field type MUST be a string.
- The description attribute SHOULD be used.
- The description attribute type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:Middleware ur:description="ARC CE">"grid"</ur:Middleware>

6.7 Queue

The name of the queue from which the job was executed or submitted.

- Queue field type MUST be a string.
- A description attribute MAY be specified.
- The description attribute type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:Queue ur:description="execution">"Bigmem"</ur:Queue>

6.8 TimeInstant

This element may be used to insert in the records any time instant related to the user payload. Three optional values for the type attribute are defined as they are of common usage by batch systems. The semantic is derived from Torque.

- TimeInstant SHOULD be present in the record.
- TimeInstant MAY be present multiple times.
- The *TimeInstant* field type MUST be an ISO 8601:2004 timestamp.
- The following three types are defined and SHOULD be reported:
 - Ctime Time job was created
 - Qtime Time job was queued
 - Etime Time job became eligible to run
- The type attribute type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:TimeInstant ur:type="Etime">2013-05-31T10:59:42</ur:TimeInstant>

6.9 ServiceLevel

This element is used to insert computing benchmarks and normalization factors. At least one normalization factor MUST be present in the record.

• ServiceLevel MUST be present in the record.

- ServiceLevel MAY be present multiple times.
- The ServiceLevel field type MUST be of type float.
- At least the following types should be supported:
 - -Si2k SpecInt2000
 - -Sf2k SpecFloat2000
 - HEPSPEC HEPSpec
- The type attribute MUST be present in the element.
- The type attribute type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:ServiceLevel type="Si2k">3.14</ur:ServiceLevel>

6.10 Status

This property will represent the completion status of the job. For example, this may represent the exit status of an interactive running process or the exit status from the batch queuing system's accounting record. The semantic meaning of status is site dependent.

- The value of *Status MUST* be of type String.
- The Status property MUST exist in the record.
- The Status property MUST support the following values:
 - aborted A policy or human intervention caused the job to cease execution.
 - completed The execution completed.
 - failed Execution halted without external intervention.
 - held Execution is held at the time this usage record was generated.
 - queued Execution was queued at the time this usage record was generated.
 - started Execution started at the time this usage record was generated.
 - suspended Execution was suspended at the time this usage record was generated.
- The *Status* property MAY support other values, as agreed upon within the implementation context.

Example

<ur:Status>"aborted"</ur:Status>

7 MemoryUsageBlock

This block contains the properties related to memory usage. The block may be present several times to account for different types of memory (e.g., RAM and swap).

Example

```
<ur:MemoryUsageBlock>
<!| Memory Usage properties go in here -->
</ur:MemoryUsageBlock>
```

7.1 MemoryClass

This property describes the class of memory used (virtual and real memory must be supported but others might be specified). This is a descriptive value, which allows the memory system to provide details about the memory used.

- MemoryClass MUST be present in the record.
- The *MemoryClass* field type MUST be a string.
- The values "RAM" and "swap" MUST be supported.

Example

```
<ur:MemoryClass>"RAM"</ur:MemoryClass>
```

7.2 MemoryResourceCapacityUsed

This property describes the number of physical bytes used on the memory system (e.g., the amount of memory resources used for this process). This is the main metric for measuring memory consumption.

- MemoryResourceCapacityUsed MUST be present in the record.
- The MemoryResourceCapacityUsed attribute field type MUST be an Integer.

Example

<ur:MemoryResourceCapacityUsed>14728</ur:MemoryResourceCapacityUsed>

7.3 MemoryLogicalCapacityUsed

This property describes the number of bytes allocated for this process on the memory system (e.g., the amount of memory resources made available for this process; this value may be

higher than the *MemoryResourceCapacityUsed* because it may also include bytes that are not really used by the process).

• The MemoryLogicalCapacityUsed attribute field type MUST be an Integer.

Example

<ur:MemoryLogicalCapacityUsed>56437</ur:MemoryLogicalCapacityUsed>

7.4 MemoryResourceCapacityAllocated

This property describes the number of bytes required by the process (e.g., the memory requested in a job description).

• The MemoryResourceCapacityAllocated attribute field type MUST be an Integer.

Example

<ur:MemoryResourceCapacityAllocated>42000</ur:MemoryResourceCapacityUsed>

7.5 StartTime

Same as StartTime in ComputeUsageBlock.

7.6 EndTime

Same as EndTime in ComputeUsageBlock.

7.7 Host

Same as *Host* in *ComputeUsageBlock*.

7.8 HostType

Same as HostType in ComputeUsageBlock.

7.9 Charge

Same as Charge in ComputeUsageBlock.

8 StorageUsageBlock

This block contains the properties related to storage usage.

Example

```
<ur:StorageUsageBlock>
<!|Storage Record properties go in here -->
</ur:StorageUsageBlock>
```

8.1 StorageShare

This property describes the part of the storage system which is accounted for in the record. For a storage system, which is split into several logical parts, this can be used to account for consumption on each of these parts. The value should be able to identity the share of the storage system, given the storage system property.

• The StorageShare field type MUST be a string.

Example

```
<ur:StorageShare>pool-003</ur:StorageShare>
```

8.2 StorageMedia

This property describes the media type of storage that is accounted for in the record (eg.: "disk" or "tape". This allows for accounting of different backend storage types).

• The StorageMedia field type MUST be a string.

Example

```
<ur:StorageMedia>disk</ur:StorageMedia>
```

8.3 StorageClass

This property describes the class of the stored data, e.g. "pinned", "replicated", "precious". This is a descriptive value, which allows the storage system to provide details about the stored data.

• The StorageClass field type MUST be a string.

Example

```
<ur:StorageClass>replicated</ur:StorageClass>
```

8.4 DirectoryPath

This property describes the directory path being accounted for. If the property is included in the record, the record should account for all usage in the directory and only that directory.

• The *DirectoryPath* field type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:DirectoryPath>/projectA</ur:DirectoryPath>

8.5 FileCount

This property describes the number of files which are accounted for in the record.

• The *FileCount* field type MUST be a positive non-zero integer.

Example

<ur:FileCount>42</ur:FileCount>

8.6 StorageResourceCapacityUsed

This property describes the number of bytes used on the storage system or storage share where appropriate. This is the main metric for measuring resource consumption. It should include all resources for which the identity of the record is accountable for.

StorageResourceCapacityUsed can include reserved space, file metadata, space used for redundancy in RAID setups, tape holes, or similar. The decision about including such "additional" space is left to the resource owner but should be made known to the user e.g. via the usage policy. In contrary the StorageLogicalCapacityUsed denotes the pure file size. If available, reserved space can be recorded explicitly with StorageResourceCapacityAllocated.

- The StorageResourceCapacityUsed property MUST be present in the record.
- The StorageResourceCapacityUsed field type MUST be a nonnegative integer.
- StorageResourceCapacityUsed SHOULD include all resources that are used to store the files. The value MAY also include resources that are no longer in use but are unavailable for reuse (e.g., if a file is removed from tape, the tape may not be immediately available for reuse), as documented in the appropriate SLA or usage policy documents.

Example

<ur:StorageResourceCapacityUsed>14728</ur:StorageResourceCapacityUsed>

Implementation Note:

Using bytes saves us from the argument of discussing if 1000 or 1024 should be used as a base. However, this also means that the number reported can be very large. Therefore any implementation should use at least a 64-bit integer to hold this variable (a signed 64-bit integer will overflow at 8 Exabytes).

8.7 StorageLogicalCapacityUsed

This property describes an integer denoting the number of "logical" bytes used on the storage system by the identity of the record. By "logical" is meant the sum of bytes of the files stored, i.e. excluding reservation and any underlying replicas of files.

• The StorageLogicalCapacityUsed field type MUST be a nonnegative integer.

Example

<ur:StorageLogicalCapacityUsed>13617</ur:StorageLogicalCapacityUsed>

Implementation Note:

Same as for StorageResourceCapacityUsed property.

8.8 StorageResourceCapacityAllocated

This property describes the number of bytes allocated on the storage system or storage share where appropriate. Depending on implementation this property may be equal to StorageResourceCapacityUsed, however this property should only take into account space allocated to the entity described in the record, not resources used for redundancy in RAID setups, tape holes, or similar.

• The StorageLogicalCapacityUsed field type MUST be a non-negative integer.

Example

<ur:StorageResourceCapacityAllocated>14624</sr:StorageResourceCapacityAllocated>

Implementation Note:

Same as for StorageResourceCapacityUsed property.

8.9 StartTime

Same as StartTime in ComputeUsageBlock.

8.10 EndTime

Same as EndTime in ComputeUsageBlock.

8.11 Host

This property describes the storage system on which the resources have been consumed. This value should be chosen in such a way that it globally identifies the storage system, on which resources are being consumed (eg., the FQDN of the storage system could be used).

- The *Host* property MUST be present in the record.
- The *Host* field MUST have the type string.
- The *Host* value SHOULD be constructed in such a way, that it globally identifies the storage system.

Example

<ur:Host>host.example.org</ur:Host>

8.12 HostType

Same as HostType in ComputeUsageBlock.

8.13 Charge

Same as Charge in ComputeUsageBlock.

9 CloudUsageBlock

This block contains the properties related to cloud usage.

Example

Example

```
<ur:CloudUsageBlock>
<!|Cloud Record properties go in here -->
</ur:CloudUsageBlock>
```

9.1 LocalVirtualMachineld

This property describes the local identity of the Virtual Machine.

- LocalVirtualMachineId MUST contain Virtual Machine ID as assigned by the Cloud system.
- The LocalVirtualMachineId field type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:LocalVirtualMachineId>"ab1234"</ur:LocalVirtualMachineId>

9.2 GlobalVirtualMachineld

This property describes the global identity of the Virtual Machine. The property should identify the Virtual Machine globally, such that clashes do not happen accidentally. This could for example be a combination of time stamp, local Virtual Machine id and host name.

• The Global Virtual Machine Id field type MUST be a string.

Example

<ur:GlobalVirtualMachineId>"host.example.org/ab1234/2013-05-09T09:06:52Z"</ur:GlobalVirtualMachineId>"host.example.org/ab1234/2013-05-09T09:06:52Z"</ur>

9.3 SuspendDuration

SuspendDuration is a value that count for the amount of time in which the Virtual Machine changed status to "suspended".

• SuspendDuration MUST be present when Status if the Virtual Machine was suspended "suspended".

• SuspendDuration MUST contain a time duration as defined in ISO 8601:2004.

9.4 Imageld

ImageId identify provides the ID of the image used to instanciate the Virtual Machine associated with the record.

9.5 MachineName

Same as MachineName in JobUsageBlock.

9.6 SubmitHost

Same as SubmitHost in JobUsageBlock.

9.7 TimeInstant

Same as TimeInstant in JobUsageBlock.

9.8 ServiceLevel

Same as ServiceLevel in JobUsageBlock.

9.9 Status

This property describes the status of the Virtual Machine.

- This property MUST contain data of type string.
- This property MUST exist.
- This property MUST support the following values:
 - completed The execution completed.
 - started Execution started at the time this usage record was generated.
 - suspended Execution was suspended at the time this usage record was generated.
- This property MAY support other values, as agreed upon within the implementation context.

Example

Example

<ur:Status>"started"</ur:Status>

10 Attributes Matrix

UR 2.0	UR 1.0	StAR 1.0	SAI 1.0	CAR 1.0	ClAUR 1.0	GLUE 2.0
Record- Identity- Block		Record- Identity		Record- Identity		
recordId	Record- Identity	recordId	Record- Identity	recordId	Record- Id/Storage- RecordId	
createTime		createTime	TimeInstant			
Site		Site		Site	Site	Admin- Domain Name
					ZoneName	
					TimeZone	
Infrastructure				Infrastructure		
Subject- Identity- Block		Subject- Identity		User- Identity		
LocalUserId	LocalUserId	LocalUser	LocalUserId	LocalUserId	LocalUserId	
LocalGroupId		LocalGroup		LocalGroup	LocalGroup- Id	
GlobalUserId		UserIdentity	GlobalUser- Name	GlobalUser- Name	GlobalUser- Name	
Global- GroupId	Global- Username	Group	Project- Name	Group	FQAN	
Global- Group- Attribute	Project- Name	Group- Attribute	Global- Group	Group- Attribute		
Compute- Usage- Block				JobIdentity		
CpuDuration	CpuDuration			CpuDuration	CpuDuration	
WallDuration	WallDuration			WallDuration	WallDuration	
StartTime	StartTime			StartTime	StartTime	
EndTime	EndTime			EndTime	EndTime	
Host	D 11	Host		D 11		
ProcessId	ProcessId			ProcessId	CI IT	G
HostType	D			D	CloudType	ServiceType_t
Processors	Processors			Processors	CpuCount	
ExitStatus NodeCount	NodeCount			ExitStatus NodeCount		
Charge	Charge			Charge		
	Onarge		1			
JobUsage- Block				Job- Identity		

GlobalJobId	GlobalJobId			GlobalJobId		
LocalJobId	LocalJobId			LocalJobId		
JobName	JobName			JobName		
Machine-	Machine-			Machine-		
Name	Name			Name		
SubmitHost	SubmitHost			SubmitHost		
Middleware						
Queue	Queue			Queue		
- Quodo	Time-			Time-		
	Duration			Duration		
TimeInstant	TimeInstant			TimeInstant		
ServiceLevel	ServiceLevel			ServiceLevel		
BerviceBever	Extensions			Extensions		
Status	Status			Status		
	Status			Status		
Memory-						
Usage- Block						
	N.f. /			N. (M	
Memory-	Memory/			Memory/	Memory	
Class	Swap			Swap		
Memory-						
Resource-						
Capacity-						
Used	7.5			7.5	7.5	
Memory-	Memory/			Memory/	Memory	
Logical-	Swap			Swap		
Capacity-						
Used						
Memory-						
Resource-						
Capacity-						
Allocated						
StartTime						
EndTime						
Host						
HostType						ServiceType_t
Charge						
Storage-						
Usage-						
Block						
StorageShare		StorageShare				
StorageMedia	(Disk)	StorageMedia				
StorageClass	` '	StorageClass	ServiceLevel			
Directory-		Directory-	Project-			
Path		Path	Partition			
FileCount		FileCount				

Storage-	Disk	Resource-	Disk	Disk	
Resource-		Capacity-			
Capacity-		Used			
Used					
Storage-	Disk	Logical-			
Logical-		Capacity-			
Capacity-		Used			
Used					
Storage-		Resource-			
Resource-		Capacity-			
Capacity-		Allocated			
Allocated					
StartTime		StartTime	Time-		
			Instant/		
			Time-		
			Duration		
EndTime		EndTime	Time-		
			Instant/		
			Time-		
			Duration		
Host		Storage-	Host		
		System			
HostType			StorageType		ServiceType_t
Charge			Charge		
			LocalFileId		
			GlobalFileId		
			Status		
			SubmitHost		
			Operation-		
			Type		
Cloud-					
Usage-					
Block				3.5 1.	
Local-				Machine-	
Virtual-				Name	
MachineId				TA HILLID	
Global-				VMUUID	
Virtual-					
MachineId Status				Status	
Status				SuspendTime	
Suspend-				Suspendrine	
Duration					
ImageId				ImageId	
TimeInstant				magenu	
1 momstallt					

ServiceLevel					
SubmitHost					
Machine-					
Name					
Network-					
Usage-					
Block					
				NetworkType	
		Network	Network	Network-	
				Inbound	
		Network	Network	Network-	
				Outbound	
		Protocol-			
		Type			

11 Field Summaries

11.1 RecordIdentityBlock

Element	Attribute	Short Description	Field Type	Requirement
RecordId		Identity of the record	String	REQUIRED
CreateTime		Time of creation of the record	ISO8601	REQUIRED
Site		The site where resource resides	String	OPTIONAL
Infrastructure		The infrastructure where the resource was	String	REQUIRED
		used		
	description	Additional information on the used infras-	String	RECOMMENDED
		tructure		

11.2 SubjectIdentityBlock

Element	Attribute	Short Description	Field Type	Requirement
Local User Id		Identity of the local user	String	OPTIONAL
Local Group Id		Identity of the local group	String	OPTIONAL
GlobalUserId		Global identity of the user	String	OPTIONAL
GlobalGroupId		Global identity of the group	String	REQUIRED if
				GlobalGroup-
				Attribute exists
Global Group Attribute		Global group attribute	String	OPTIONAL
	type	Type of attribute	String	REQUIRED if
				GlobalGroup-
				Attribute exists
	field	Description	String	REQUIRED if
				GlobalGroup-
				Attribute exists

11.3 ComputeUsageBlock

Element	Attribute	Short Description	Field Type	Requirement
CPUDuration		CPU duration	ISO	REQUIRED
			8601:2004	
WallDuration		Wall duration	ISO	REQUIRED
			8601:2004	
StartTime		Start of consumption	ISO	REQUIRED
			8601:2004	
EndTime		End of consumption	ISO	REQUIRED
			8601:2004	

Host		Host where resource is consumed	String	RECOMMENDED
	processID	UNIX pid of the process	Non-zero In-	OPTIONAL
			teger	
HostType		Type of service	String	OPTIONAL
Processors		Number of processors requested/used	Non-zero In-	OPTIONAL
			teger	
Node Count		Number of nodes requested/used	Non-zero In-	OPTIONAL
			teger	
ExitStatus		Exit status of the process	Integer	REQUIRED
Charge		The charge to the user for the resource used	Float	OPTIONAL
	unit	Currency used	ISO	REQUIRED if
			4217:2008	Charge is present
			Currency	
	formula	Cost consumption formula	String	REQUIRED if
				Charge is present

11.4 JobUsageBlock

Element	Attribute	Short Description	Field Type	Requirement
GlobalJobId		Global identity of the job	String	OPTIONAL
Local Job Id		Local identity of the job	String	OPTIONAL
JobName		Description of the job	String	OPTIONAL
Machine Name		Computer facility	String	RECOMMENDED
SubmitHost		Host submitting the job	String	REQUIRED if in
				a grid environ-
				ment
Middleware		Type of middleware	String	REQUIRED
	description	Description of the middleware used	String	REQUIRED
Queue		Queue name	String	OPTIONAL
	description	Description of the queue name	String	OPTIONAL
TimeInstant		Time instant related to the user payload	ISO	OPTIONAL
			8601:2004	
	type	Type of time instant	String	OPTIONAL
ServiceLevel		Normalization/benchmark	Float	REQUIRED
	type	Type of service level	String	REQUIRED
Status		Status of the job	String	REQUIRED

11.5 MemoryUsageBlock

Element	Attribute	Short Description	Field Type	Requirement
MemoryClass		Class of memory	String	REQUIRED
MemoryResource-		Bytes used	Integer	REQUIRED
Capacity Used				

MemoryLogical-		Logical bytes used	Integer	OPTIONAL
Capacity Used				
MemoryResource-		Bytes allocated	Integer	OPTIONAL
CapacityAllocated				
StartTime		Start of consumption	ISO	REQUIRED
			8601:2004	
EndTime		End of consumption	ISO	REQUIRED
			8601:2004	
Host		Host where resource is consumed	String	RECOMMENDED
HostType		Type of service	String	OPTIONAL
	processID	UNIX pid of the process	Non-zero In-	OPTIONAL
			teger	
Charge		The charge to the user for the resource used	Float	OPTIONAL
	unit	Currency used	ISO	REQUIRED if
			4217:2008	Charge is present
			Currency	
	formula	Cost consumption formula	String	REQUIRED if
				Charge is present

11.6 StorageUsageBlock

Element	Attribute	Short Description	Field Type	Requirement
StorageShare		Part of the storage used	String	OPTIONAL
Storage Media		Details on the stored data	String	OPTIONAL
StorageClass		Class of the stored data	String	OPTIONAL
DirectoryPath		Directory path of the data accounted	String	OPTIONAL
FileCount		Number of files accounted	Non-zero In- teger	OPTIONAL
StorageResource- CapacityUsed		Bytes used	Integer	REQUIRED
StorageLogical- CapacityUsed		Logical bytes used	Integer	OPTIONAL
StorageResource- CapacityAllocated		Bytes allocated	Integer	OPTIONAL
StartTime		Start of consumption	ISO 8601:2004	REQUIRED
EndTime		End of consumption	ISO 8601:2004	REQUIRED
Host		Host in which the storage is consumed	String	REQUIRED
HostType		Type of service	String	OPTIONAL
	processID	UNIX pid of the process	Non-zero In- teger	OPTIONAL
Charge		The charge to the user for the resource used	Float	OPTIONAL

unit	Currency used	ISO	REQUIRED	if
		4217:2008	Charge is presen	nt
		Currency		
formula	Cost consumption formula	String	REQUIRED	if
			Charge is presen	nt

11.7 CloudUsageBlock

Element	Attribute	Short Description	Field Type	Requirement
$\begin{tabular}{ l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l$		Local Id of the Virtual Machine	String	OPTIONAL
Id				
Global Virtual-		Global Id of the Virtual Machine	String	OPTIONAL
Machine Id				
Status		Status of the Virtual Machine	String	REQUIRED
SuspendDuration		Amount of time in suspension	ISO	OPTIONAL
			8601:2004	
ImageId		Virtual Machine Image Id	String	OPTIONAL
TimeInstant		Time instant related to the user payload	ISO	OPTIONAL
			8601:2004	
	type	Type of time instant	String	OPTIONAL
ServiceLevel		Normalization/benchmark	Float	REQUIRED
SubmitHost		Host submitting the request for the Virtual	String	OPTIONAL
		Machine		
Machine Name		Computer facility	String	RECOMMENDED

12 Examples

12.1 Full example

Full example including all defined elements. Note that this does not necessarily make a useful working example as some resource blocks do not necessarily make sense when used together in a single record.

Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<UsageRecord xmlns="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf"</pre>
xmlns:ur="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf">
   <ur:RecordIdentityBlock>
      <ur:RecordId>"host.example.org/ur/87912469269276"</ur:RecordId>
      <ur:CreateTime>2013-05-09T09:06:52Z</ur:CreateTime>
      <ur:Site>"ACME-University"</ur:Site>
      <ur:Infrastructure>"OSG"</ur:Infrastructure>
   </ur:RecordIdentityBlock>
   <ur:SubjectIdentityBlock>
      <ur:LocalUserId>"johndoe"</ur:LocalUserId>
      <ur:LocalGroupId>"projectA"</ur:LocalGroupId>
      <ur:GlobalUserId>"/O=Grid/OU=example.org/CN=John Doe"</ur:GlobalUserId>
      <ur:GlobalGroupId>"binarydataproject.example.org"</ur:GlobalGroupId>
      <ur:GlobalGroupAttribute ur:type="subgroup">ukusers</ur:GlobalGroupAttribute>
   </ur:SubjectIdentity>
   <ur:ComputeUsageBlock>
      <ur:CpuDuration>PT3600S</ur:CpuDuration>
      <ur:WallDuration>PT3600S</ur:WallDuration>
      <ur:StartTime>2013-05-31T11:00:00</ur:StartTime>
      <ur:EndTime>2013-05-31T12:00:00</ur:EndTime>
      <ur:Host ur:processId=1042>"compute-0-1.abel.uio.no"</ur:Host>
      <ur:HostType>"org.nordugrid.arex"</ur:HostType>
      <ur:Processors>1</ur:Processors>
      <ur:NodeCount>1</ur:NodeCount>
      <ur:Charge ur:formula="42 units/CPU/day" ur:unit="USD">1.75</ur:Charge>
      <ur:ExitStatus>0</ur:ExitStatus>
   </ur:ComputeUsageBlock>
   <ur:JobUsageBlock>
      <ur:GlobalJobId>"host.example.org/ab1234/2013-05-09T09:06:52Z"</ur:GlobalJobId>
```

```
<ur:LocalJobId>"ab1234"</ur:LocalJobId>
  <ur:JobName>"HiggsGammaGamma42"</ur:JobName>
  <ur:MachineName>"ce.example.org"</ur:MachineName>
  <ur:SubmitHost>
      "nordugrid-cluster-name=ce.example.org,Mds-Vo-name=local,o=grid"
  </ur:SubmitHost>
  <ur:Middleware ur:description="ARC CE">"grid"</ur:Middleware>
  <ur:Queue ur:description="execution">"Bigmem"</ur:Queue>
  <ur:TimeInstant ur:type="Ctime">2013-05-31T10:30:00</ur:TimeInstant>
  <ur:TimeInstant ur:type="Qtime">2013-05-31T10:31:00</ur:TimeInstant>
  <ur:TimeInstant ur:type="Etime">2013-05-31T10:59:42</ur:TimeInstant>
  <ur:ServiceLevel ur:type="Si2k">3.14</ur:ServiceLevel>
   <ur:Status>"aborted"</ur:Status>
</ur:JobUsageBlock>
<ur: Memory Usage Block>
  <ur: MemoryClass>"RAM"</ur: MemoryClass>
  <ur:MemoryResourceCapacityUsed>14728</ur:MemoryResourceCapacityUsed>
  <ur:MemoryLogicalCapacityUsed>56437</ur:MemoryLogicalCapacityUsed>
  <ur:MemoryResourceCapacityAllocated>42000</ur:MemoryResourceCapacityUsed>
  <ur:Charge ur:formula="42 units/MB/day" ur:unit="USD">0.0735</ur:Charge>
  <ur:Host ur:processId=1042>"compute-0-1.abel.uio.no"</ur:Host>
  <ur:StartTime>2013-05-31T11:00:00</ur:StartTime>
   <ur: EndTime>2013-05-31T12:00:00</ur: EndTime>
</ur:MemoryUsageBlock>
<ur:StorageUsageBlock>
  <ur:Host>host.example.org</ur:Host>
  <ur:StorageShare>pool-003</ur:StorageShare>
  <ur:StorageMedia>disk</ur:StorageMedia>
  <ur:StorageClass>replicated</ur:StorageClass>
  <ur:DirectoryPath>/projectA</ur:DirectoryPath>
  <ur:FileCount>42</ur:FileCount>
  <ur:StorageResourceCapacityUsed>14728</ur:StorageResourceCapacityUsed>
  <ur:StorageLogicalCapacityUsed>13617</ur:StorageLogicalCapacityUsed>
  <ur:StorageResourceCapacityAllocated>14624</sr:StorageResourceCapacityAllocated>
  <ur:Charge ur:formula="42 units/MB" ur:unit="USD">0.01473</ur:Charge>
  <ur:StartTime>2013-05-07T09:31:40Z</ur:StartTime>
  <ur:EndTime>2013-05-08T09:29:42Z</ur:EndTime>
  <ur:HostType>"org.dcache.storage"</ur:HostType>
</ur:StorageUsageBlock>
<ur:CloudUsageBlock>
<!|Cloud Record properties go in here -->
</ur:CloudUsageBlock>
```

```
</ur:UsageRecord>
```

12.2 Grid example

Example of how a grid usage record may look like.

Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<UsageRecord xmlns="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf"</pre>
xmlns:ur="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf">
   <ur:RecordIdentityBlock>
      <ur:RecordId>"host.example.org/ur/87912469269276"</ur:RecordId>
      <ur:CreateTime>2013-05-09T09:06:52Z</ur:CreateTime>
      <ur:Infrastructure>"EGI"</ur:Infrastructure>
   </ur:RecordIdentityBlock>
   <ur:SubjectIdentityBlock>
      <ur:GlobalGroupId>"binarydataproject.example.org"</ur:GlobalGroupId>
      <ur:GlobalGroupAttribute ur:type="subgroup">ukusers</ur:GlobalGroupAttribute>
   </ur:SubjectIdentity>
   <ur:ComputeUsageBlock>
      <ur:CpuDuration>PT3600S</ur:CpuDuration>
      <ur:WallDuration>PT3600S</ur:WallDuration>
      <ur:StartTime>2013-05-31T11:00:00</ur:StartTime>
      <ur:EndTime>2013-05-31T12:00:00</ur:EndTime>
      <ur:Host ur:processId=1042>"compute-0-1.abel.uio.no"</ur:Host>
      <ur:HostType>"org.nordugrid.arex"</ur:HostType>
      <ur:ExitStatus>0</ur:ExitStatus>
   </ur:ComputeUsageBlock>
   <ur:JobUsageBlock>
      <ur:GlobalJobId>"host.example.org/ab1234/2013-05-09T09:06:52Z"</ur:GlobalJobId>
      <ur:MachineName>"ce.example.org"</ur:MachineName>
      <ur:SubmitHost>
         "nordugrid-cluster-name=ce.example.org,Mds-Vo-name=local,o=grid"
      </ur:SubmitHost>
      <ur:Middleware ur:description="ARC CE">"grid"</ur:Middleware>
      <ur:ServiceLevel ur:type="Si2k">3.14</ur:ServiceLevel>
      <ur:Queue ur:description="execution">"Bigmem"</ur:Queue>
      <ur:TimeInstant ur:type="Ctime">2013-05-31T10:30:00</ur:TimeInstant>
      <ur:TimeInstant ur:type="Qtime">2013-05-31T10:31:00</ur:TimeInstant>
      <ur:TimeInstant ur:type="Etime">2013-05-31T10:59:42</ur:TimeInstant>
```

```
<ur:Status>"aborted"</ur:Status>
  </ur:JobUsageBlock>
</ur:UsageRecord>
```

12.3 Cloud example

12.4 Local example

Example of how a storage record accounting for a local user could look like.

Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<UsageRecord xmlns="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf"</pre>
xmlns:ur="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf">
   <ur:RecordIdentityBlock>
      <ur:RecordId>"host.example.org/ur/87912469269276"</ur:RecordId>
      <ur:CreateTime>2013-05-09T09:06:52Z</ur:CreateTime>
      <ur:Infrastructure>"OSG"</ur:Infrastructure>
   </ur:RecordIdentityBlock>
   <ur:SubjectIdentityBlock>
      <ur:LocalUserId>"johndoe"</ur:LocalUserId>
   </ur:SubjectIdentityBlock>
   <ur:StorageUsageBlock>
      <ur:Host>host.example.org</ur:Host>
      <ur:StorageResourceCapacityUsed>13617</ur:StorageResourceCapacityUsed>
      <ur:StartTime>2013-05-07T09:31:40Z</ur:StartTime>
      <ur:EndTime>2013-05-08T09:29:42Z</ur:EndTime>
   </ur:StorageUsageBlock>
</ur:UsageRecord>
```

12.5 Minimal examples

12.5.1 Job record

Minimal useful job record for a job run by the ukusers team of the binarydataproject.example.org group.

Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

```
<UsageRecord xmlns="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf"</pre>
xmlns:ur="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://schema.ogf.org/urf/2013/04/urf">
   <ur:RecordIdentityBlock>
      <ur:RecordId>"host.example.org/ur/87912469269276"</ur:RecordId>
      <ur:CreateTime>2013-05-09T09:06:52Z</ur:CreateTime>
      <ur:Infrastructure>"EGI"</ur:Infrastructure>
   </ur:RecordIdentityBlock>
   <ur:SubjectIdentityBlock>
      <ur:GlobalGroupId>"binarydataproject.example.org"</ur:GlobalGroupId>
      <ur:GlobalGroupAttribute ur:type="subgroup">ukusers</ur:GlobalGroupAttribute>
   </ur:SubjectIdentity>
   <ur:ComputeUsageBlock>
      <ur:CpuDuration>PT3600S</ur:CpuDuration>
      <ur:WallDuration>PT3600S</ur:WallDuration>
      <ur:StartTime>2013-05-31T11:00:00</ur:StartTime>
      <ur:EndTime>2013-05-31T12:00:00</ur:EndTime>
      <ur:Host ur:processId=1042>"compute-0-1.abel.uio.no"</ur:Host>
      <ur:ExitStatus>0</ur:ExitStatus>
   </ur:ComputeUsageBlock>
   <ur:JobUsageBlock>
      <ur:GlobalJobId>"host.example.org/ab1234/2013-05-09T09:06:52Z"</ur:GlobalJobId>
      <ur:MachineName>"ce.example.org"</ur:MachineName>
      <ur:Middleware ur:description="ARC CE">"grid"</ur:Middleware>
      <ur:ServiceLevel ur:type="Si2k">3.14</ur:ServiceLevel>
      <ur:Status>"aborted"</ur:Status>
   </ur:JobUsageBlock>
</ur:UsageRecord>
```

12.5.2 Storage record

Minimal storage record that is actually useful. There is no SubjectIdentity block, which should be interpreted as the record accounts for all usage on the storage system.

Example

13 Security Considerations

There may be security concerns that should be addressed with respect to usage data. Possible security issues might include:

- Non-repudiation
- Confidentiality of certain elements
- Integrity
- Secure Transport

Recommendation of required solutions for these security concerns is out of scope for this layer. Another layer should address the necessary security requirements.

14 Glossary

Recommended but not required.

15 Contributors

Contact information for authors. You can also use this section to recognize contributions by other people who are not listed as authors, but made a useful contribution.

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16 Acknowledgments

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