

10th September 2003

Data Format Description Language – Basic Structures Ontology

Status of This Memo

This memo provides information to the Grid community regarding the specification of a Data Format Description Language. The specification is currently an early draft which does not represent a consensus within the group. Distribution is unlimited.

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Abstract

XML provides an essential mechanism for transferring data between services in an application and platform neutral format. However it is not well suited to large datasets with repetitive structures, such as large arrays or tables. Furthermore, many legacy systems and valuable data sets exist that do not use the XML format. The aim of this working group is to define an XML-based language, the Data Format Description Language (DFDL), for describing the structure of binary and character encoded (ASCII/Unicode) files and data streams so that their format, structure, and metadata can be exposed. This effort specifically does not aim to create a generic data representation language. Rather, DFDL endeavors to describe existing formats in an actionable manner that makes the data in its current format accessible through generic mechanisms.

This document defines the ontology of basic structures.

Contents

Abstract	1
1. Purpose of this Ontology.....	3
2. XML Schema additions	3
3. Structural definition	3
4. API	8
4.1 textInteger	8
Purpose: text representation of integers	8
4.2 textFloat	9
Purpose: text representation of floating point numbers	9
4.3 nullTermString	10
Purpose: null terminated string format	10
4.4 complex-32	11
Purpose: complex number composed of two 32 bit floats	11
4.5 complex-64	12
Purpose: complex number composed of two 64 bit floats	12
4.6 array	13
Purpose: a one dimensional array parameterized by size and type.....	13
4.7 array-2d	14
Purpose: a two dimensional array parameterized by size and type	14
4.8 array-3d	15
Purpose: a three dimensional array parameterized by size and type	15
4.9 array-4d	16
Purpose: a four dimensional array parameterized by size and type	16
4.10 separatedValueTable	17

10th September 2003

Purpose: a table of values with parameterized value and row separators	17
Author Information.....	18
Glossary	18
Intellectual Property Statement.....	18
Full Copyright Notice	18
References	18

1. Purpose of this Ontology

This document provides the second of two basic ontologies. This is the ontology of basic structures that builds on the ontology of primitive types.

2. XML Schema additions

The following elements were added to the schema:

- textInteger – text representation of integers
- textFloat – text representation of floating point numbers
- nullTermString – null terminated string format
- complex-32 – complex number composed of two 32 bit floats
- complex-64 – complex number composed of two 64 bit floats
- array – a one dimensional array parameterized by size and type
- array-2d – a two dimensional array parameterized by size and type
- array-3d – a three dimensional array parameterized by size and type
- array-4d – a four dimensional array parameterized by size and type
- separatedValueTable – a table of values with parameterized value and row separators

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!-- edited with XML Spy v4.4 U (http://www.xmlspy.com) by Mario Antonioletti
(EPCC) -->
<xs:schema targetNamespace="http://www.dfdl.org/2003/structures"
xmlns:structures="http://www.dfdl.org/2003/structures"
xmlns:dfdl="http://www.dfdl.org/2003/dfdl"
xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
xmlns:prim="http://www.dfdl.org/2003/primitives" elementFormDefault="qualified"
attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
  <xs:import namespace="http://www.dfdl.org/2003/primitives"
schemaLocation="primitives.xsd"/>
  <xs:element name="textInteger" type="prim:typeOfPrimType"
substitutionGroup="dfdl:type"/>
  <xs:element name="textFloat" type="prim:typeOfPrimType"
substitutionGroup="dfdl:type"/>
  <xs:element name="nullTermString" type="prim:typeOfPrimType"
substitutionGroup="dfdl:type"/>
  <xs:element name="complex-32" type="prim:typeOfPrimType"
substitutionGroup="dfdl:type"/>
  <xs:element name="complex-64" type="prim:typeOfPrimType"
substitutionGroup="dfdl:type"/>
  <xs:element name="array" type="prim:typeOfPrimType"
substitutionGroup="dfdl:type"/>
  <xs:element name="array-2d" type="prim:typeOfPrimType"
substitutionGroup="dfdl:type"/>
  <xs:element name="array-3d" type="prim:typeOfPrimType"
substitutionGroup="dfdl:type"/>
  <xs:element name="array-4d" type="prim:typeOfPrimType"
substitutionGroup="dfdl:type"/>
  <xs:element name="separatedValueTable" type="prim:typeOfPrimType"
substitutionGroup="dfdl:type"/>
</xs:schema>
```

3. Structural definition

The structural definition is an XML document written in SDL using the SDL schema extended with the schema extensions above. It defines the structure of the new types:

In SDL formal language:

```
textInteger := ( ( minusSign.? ):: ( digit.+ ) )
```

```

textFloat := ( ( minusSign.? )::( digit.+ )::( [fullStop; ( digit.+ )].? )::(
[( letter[ 'e' ] | letter[ 'E' ] ); textInteger].? ) )

nullTermString := [( char.* ); null]

complex-32 := [float; float]

complex-64 := [double; double]

array( type, size ) := ( type.size )

array-2d( type, size-0, size-1 ) := ( ( type.size-0 ).size-1 )

array-3d( type, size-0, size-1, size-2 ) :=
( ( ( type.size-0 ).size-1 ).size-2 )

array-4d( type, size-0, size-1, size-2, size-3 ) :=
( ( ( ( type.size-0 ).size-1 ).size-2 ).size-3 )

separatedValueTable( valueSeparator, rowSeparator ) :=
( [( [char - ( valueSeparator | rowSeparator ); valueSeparator].* );
rowSeparator].* )

```

In XML:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<?xml-stylesheet type="text/xsl" href="C:\Documents and Settings\martin\My
Documents\Grid\dfdl\Drafts\XML\xml2sdl.xsl"?>
<dfdl:dfdl xmlns="http://www.dfdl.org/2003/structures"
xmlns:dfdl="http://www.dfdl.org/2003/dfdl"
xmlns:prim="http://www.dfdl.org/2003/primitives"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.dfdl.org/2003/structures
structures.xsd">
  <dfdl:definitions>
    <dfdl:define>
      <textInteger/>
      <dfdl:toBe>
        <dfdl:concatenate>
          <dfdl:repeat number="zeroOrOne">
            <prim:minusSign/>
          </dfdl:repeat>
          <dfdl:repeat number="oneOrMore">
            <prim:digit/>
          </dfdl:repeat>
        </dfdl:concatenate>
      </dfdl:toBe>
    </dfdl:define>
    <!-- -->
    <dfdl:define>
      <textFloat/>
      <dfdl:toBe>
        <dfdl:concatenate>
          <dfdl:repeat number="zeroOrOne">
            <prim:minusSign/>
          </dfdl:repeat>
          <dfdl:repeat number="oneOrMore">
            <prim:digit/>
          </dfdl:repeat>
          <dfdl:repeat number="zeroOrOne">
            <dfdl:sequence>
              <prim:fullStop/>
              <dfdl:repeat number="oneOrMore">
                <prim:digit/>
              </dfdl:repeat>
            </dfdl:sequence>
          </dfdl:repeat>
        </dfdl:concatenate>
      </dfdl:toBe>
    </dfdl:define>
  </dfdl:definitions>

```

```

        </dfdl:repeat>
      </dfdl:sequence>
    </dfdl:repeat>
    <dfdl:repeat number="zeroOrOne">
      <dfdl:sequence>
        <dfdl:either>
          <prim:letter>e</prim:letter>
          <prim:letter>E</prim:letter>
        </dfdl:either>
        <textInteger/>
      </dfdl:sequence>
    </dfdl:repeat>
  </dfdl:concatenate>
</dfdl:toBe>
</dfdl:define>
<!-- -->
<dfdl:define>
  <nullTermString/>
  <dfdl:toBe>
    <dfdl:sequence>
      <dfdl:repeat number="unbounded">
        <prim:char/>
      </dfdl:repeat>
      <prim:null/>
    </dfdl:sequence>
  </dfdl:toBe>
</dfdl:define>
<!-- -->
<dfdl:define>
  <complex-32/>
  <dfdl:toBe>
    <dfdl:sequence>
      <prim:float varName="real"/>
      <prim:float varName="imaginary"/>
    </dfdl:sequence>
  </dfdl:toBe>
</dfdl:define>
<!-- -->
<dfdl:define>
  <complex-64/>
  <dfdl:toBe>
    <dfdl:sequence>
      <prim:double varName="real"/>
      <prim:double varName="imaginary"/>
    </dfdl:sequence>
  </dfdl:toBe>
</dfdl:define>
<!-- -->
<dfdl:define>
  <array>
    <dfdl:parameter name="type"/>
    <dfdl:parameter name="size"/>
  </array>
  <dfdl:toBe>
    <dfdl:repeat number="size">
      <dfdl:paramType name="type"/>
    </dfdl:repeat>
  </dfdl:toBe>
</dfdl:define>
<!-- -->
<dfdl:define>
  <array-2d>
    <dfdl:parameter name="type"/>

```

```

        <dfdl:parameter name="size-0"/>
        <dfdl:parameter name="size-1"/>
    </array-2d>
    <dfdl:toBe>
        <dfdl:repeat number="size-1">
            <dfdl:repeat number="size-0">
                <dfdl:paramType name="type"/>
            </dfdl:repeat>
        </dfdl:repeat>
    </dfdl:toBe>
</dfdl:define>
<!-- -->
<dfdl:define>
    <array-3d>
        <dfdl:parameter name="type"/>
        <dfdl:parameter name="size-0"/>
        <dfdl:parameter name="size-1"/>
        <dfdl:parameter name="size-2"/>
    </array-3d>
    <dfdl:toBe>
        <dfdl:repeat number="size-2">
            <dfdl:repeat number="size-1">
                <dfdl:repeat number="size-0">
                    <dfdl:paramType name="type"/>
                </dfdl:repeat>
            </dfdl:repeat>
        </dfdl:repeat>
    </dfdl:toBe>
</dfdl:define>
<!-- -->
<dfdl:define>
    <array-4d>
        <dfdl:parameter name="type"/>
        <dfdl:parameter name="size-0"/>
        <dfdl:parameter name="size-1"/>
        <dfdl:parameter name="size-2"/>
        <dfdl:parameter name="size-3"/>
    </array-4d>
    <dfdl:toBe>
        <dfdl:repeat number="size-3">
            <dfdl:repeat number="size-2">
                <dfdl:repeat number="size-1">
                    <dfdl:repeat number="size-0">
                        <dfdl:paramType name="type"/>
                    </dfdl:repeat>
                </dfdl:repeat>
            </dfdl:repeat>
        </dfdl:repeat>
    </dfdl:toBe>
</dfdl:define>
<dfdl:define>
    <separatedValueTable>
        <!-- NB these must be subsets of char for this to be valid -->
        <dfdl:parameter name="valueSeparator"/>
        <dfdl:parameter name="rowSeparator"/>
    </separatedValueTable>
    <dfdl:toBe>
        <dfdl:repeat number="unbounded">
            <dfdl:sequence>
                <dfdl:repeat number="unbounded">
                    <dfdl:sequence>
                        <!-- value -->
                        <dfdl:exclude>

```

```
        <dfdl:either>
            <dfdl:paramType name="valueSeparator"/>
            <dfdl:paramType name="rowSeparator"/>
        </dfdl:either>
        <dfdl:from>
            <prim:char/>
        </dfdl:from>
        </dfdl:exclude>
        <dfdl:paramType name="valueSeparator"/>
    </dfdl:sequence>
</dfdl:repeat>
    <dfdl:paramType name="rowSeparator"/>
</dfdl:sequence>
</dfdl:repeat>
</dfdl:toBe>
</dfdl:define>
</dfdl:definitions>
</dfdl:dfdl>
```

4. API

4.1 textInteger

Purpose: text representation of integers

call		semantic
byte	getAsByte();	raise an exception
short	getAsShort();	raise an exception
int	getAsInt();	return value, raise error on overflow
long	getAsLong();	return value, raise error on overflow
char	getAsChar();	return value, raise error on overflow
float	getAsFloat();	return value, raise error on overflow
double	getAsDouble();	return value, raise error on overflow
boolean	getAsBoolean();	raise an exception
String	getAsString();	return value
void	set (byte value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (short value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (int value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (long value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (char value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (float value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (double value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (boolean value);	raise an exception
void	set (String value);	set value, raise exception if invalid
byte[]	getAsByteArray();	return underlying byte representation
short[]	getAsShortArray ();	return an array with a single value, raise error on overflow
int[]	getAsIntArray();	return an array with a single value, raise error on overflow
long[]	getAsLongArray ();	return an array with a single value, raise error on overflow
char[]	getAsCharArray ();	return an array with a single value, raise error on overflow
float[]	getAsFloatArray ();	return an array with a single value, raise error on overflow
double[]	getAsDoubleArray ();	return an array with a single value, raise error on overflow
boolean[]	getAsBooleanArray ();	raise an exception
String[]	getAsStringArray ();	return an array with a single value
void	set (byte[] value);	Interpret as underlying byte representation
void	set (short[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (int[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (long[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (char[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (float[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (double[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (boolean[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (String[] value);	If the array has a single valid element set value else raise an exception

4.2 textFloat

Purpose: text representation of floating point numbers

call		semantic
byte	getAsByte();	raise an exception
short	getAsShort();	raise an exception
int	getAsInt();	raise an exception
long	getAsLong();	raise an exception
char	getAsChar();	raise an exception
float	getAsFloat();	return value, raise error on overflow
double	getAsDouble();	return value, raise error on overflow
boolean	getAsBoolean();	raise an exception
String	getAsString();	return value
void	set (byte value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (short value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (int value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (long value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (char value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (float value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (double value);	set value as a string representation of a decimal
void	set (boolean value);	raise an exception
void	set (String value);	set value, raise exception if invalid
byte[]	getAsByteArray();	return underlying byte representation
short[]	getAsShortArray ();	raise an exception
int[]	getAsIntArrayt();	raise an exception
long[]	getAsLongArray ();	raise an exception
char[]	getAsCharArray ();	raise an exception
float[]	getAsFloatArray ();	return an array with a single value, raise error on overflow
double[]	getAsDoubleArray ();	return an array with a single value, raise error on overflow
boolean[]	getAsBooleanArray ();	raise an exception
String[]	getAsStringArray ();	return an array with a single value
void	set (byte[] value);	Interpret as underlying byte representation
void	set (short[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (int[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (long[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (char[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (float[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (double[] value);	If the array has a single element set value else raise an exception
void	set (boolean[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (String[] value);	If the array has a single valid element set value else raise an exception

4.3 nullTermString

Purpose: null terminated string format

call		semantic
byte	getAsByte();	raise an exception
short	getAsShort();	raise an exception
int	getAsInt();	raise an exception
long	getAsLong();	raise an exception
char	getAsChar();	raise an exception
float	getAsFloat();	raise an exception
double	getAsDouble();	raise an exception
boolean	getAsBoolean();	raise an exception
String	getAsString();	return value
void	set (byte value);	raise an exception
void	set (short value);	raise an exception
void	set (int value);	raise an exception
void	set (long value);	raise an exception
void	set (char value);	set value as a strin containing a single character
void	set (float value);	raise an exception
void	set (double value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean value);	raise an exception
void	set (String value);	set value as a string
byte[]	getAsByteArray();	return underlying bytes
short[]	getAsShortArray ();	raise an exception
int[]	getAsIntArrayt();	raise an exception
long[]	getAsLongArray ();	raise an exception
char[]	getAsCharArray ();	return characters that form the string in an array
float[]	getAsFloatArray ();	raise an exception
double[]	getAsDoubleArray ();	raise an exception
boolean[]	getAsBooleanArray ();	raise an exception
String[]	getAsStringArray ();	Return an array with a single element, the string value
void	set (byte[] value);	Set underlying bit, raise an exception if invalid
void	set (short[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (int[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (long[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (char[] value);	Convert characters to a string value
void	set (float[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (double[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (String[] value);	If one element, set value to this, otherwise raise error

4.4 complex-32

Purpose: complex number composed of two 32 bit floats

call		semantic
byte	getAsByte();	raise an exception
short	getAsShort();	raise an exception
int	getAsInt();	raise an exception
long	getAsLong();	raise an exception
char	getAsChar();	raise an exception
float	getAsFloat();	raise an exception
double	getAsDouble();	raise an exception
boolean	getAsBoolean();	raise an exception
String	getAsString();	Return a string representation of the floating points in a standard form
void	set (byte value);	raise an exception
void	set (short value);	raise an exception
void	set (int value);	raise an exception
void	set (long value);	raise an exception
void	set (char value);	raise an exception
void	set (float value);	raise an exception
void	set (double value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean value);	raise an exception
void	set (String value);	Set if string is valid (standard form), otherwise raise exception
byte[]	getAsByteArray();	Return underlying bytes
short[]	getAsShortArray ();	raise an exception
int[]	getAsIntArrayt();	raise an exception
long[]	getAsLongArray ();	raise an exception
char[]	getAsCharArray ();	raise an exception
float[]	getAsFloatArray ();	Return an array of size two containing the floating point numbers
double[]	getAsDoubleArray ();	Return an array of size two containing the floating point numbers
boolean[]	getAsBooleanArray ();	raise an exception
String[]	getAsStringArray ();	Return an array of size one with the string representation in it
void	set (byte[] value);	Set underlying bits, raise an exception if invalid
void	set (short[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (int[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (long[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (char[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (float[] value);	If the array is of size two set the values
void	set (double[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (String[] value);	If array is of size one and first string is a valid representation, set to this, otherwise raise exception

We may well want to introduce some API additions here

4.5 complex-64

Purpose: complex number composed of two 64 bit floats

call		semantic
byte	getAsByte() ;	raise an exception
short	getAsShort() ;	raise an exception
int	getAsInt() ;	raise an exception
long	getAsLong() ;	raise an exception
char	getAsChar() ;	raise an exception
float	getAsFloat() ;	raise an exception
double	getAsDouble() ;	raise an exception
boolean	getAsBoolean() ;	raise an exception
String	getAsString() ;	Return a string representation of the floating points in a standard form
void	set (byte value);	raise an exception
void	set (short value);	raise an exception
void	set (int value);	raise an exception
void	set (long value);	raise an exception
void	set (char value);	raise an exception
void	set (float value);	raise an exception
void	set (double value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean value);	raise an exception
void	set (String value);	Set if string is valid (standard form), otherwise raise exception
byte[]	getAsByteArray() ;	Return underlying bytes
short[]	getAsShortArray () ;	raise an exception
int[]	getAsIntArrayt() ;	raise an exception
long[]	getAsLongArray () ;	raise an exception
char[]	getAsCharArray () ;	raise an exception
float[]	getAsFloatArray () ;	Return an array of size two containing the floating point numbers, raise exception on overflow
double[]	getAsDoubleArray () ;	Return an array of size two containing the floating point numbers
boolean[]	getAsBooleanArray () ;	raise an exception
String[]	getAsStringArray () ;	Return an array of size one with the string representation in it
void	set (byte[] value);	Set underlying bits, raise an exception if invalid
void	set (short[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (int[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (long[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (char[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (float[] value);	If the array is of size two set the values
void	set (double[] value);	If the array is of size two set the values
void	set (boolean[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (String[] value);	If array is of size one and first string is a valid representation, set to this, otherwise raise exception

4.6 array

Purpose: a one dimensional array parameterized by size and type

call		semantic
byte	getAsByte();	raise an exception
short	getAsShort();	raise an exception
int	getAsInt();	raise an exception
long	getAsLong();	raise an exception
char	getAsChar();	raise an exception
float	getAsFloat();	raise an exception
double	getAsDouble();	raise an exception
boolean	getAsBoolean();	raise an exception
String	getAsString();	raise an exception
void	set (byte value);	raise an exception
void	set (short value);	raise an exception
void	set (int value);	raise an exception
void	set (long value);	raise an exception
void	set (char value);	raise an exception
void	set (float value);	raise an exception
void	set (double value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean value);	raise an exception
void	set (String value);	raise an exception
byte[]	getAsByteArray();	raise an exception
short[]	getAsShortArray ();	raise an exception
int[]	getAsIntArrayt();	raise an exception
long[]	getAsLongArray ();	raise an exception
char[]	getAsCharArray ();	raise an exception
float[]	getAsFloatArray ();	raise an exception
double[]	getAsDoubleArray ();	raise an exception
boolean[]	getAsBooleanArray ();	raise an exception
String[]	getAsStringArray ();	raise an exception
void	set (byte[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (short[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (int[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (long[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (char[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (float[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (double[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (String[] value);	raise an exception

Need to define values for this...needs some thought

4.7 array-2d

Purpose: a two dimensional array parameterized by size and type

call		semantic
byte	getAsByte();	raise an exception
short	getAsShort();	raise an exception
int	getAsInt();	raise an exception
long	getAsLong();	raise an exception
char	getAsChar();	raise an exception
float	getAsFloat();	raise an exception
double	getAsDouble();	raise an exception
boolean	getAsBoolean();	raise an exception
String	getAsString();	raise an exception
void	set (byte value);	raise an exception
void	set (short value);	raise an exception
void	set (int value);	raise an exception
void	set (long value);	raise an exception
void	set (char value);	raise an exception
void	set (float value);	raise an exception
void	set (double value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean value);	raise an exception
void	set (String value);	raise an exception
byte[]	getAsByteArray();	raise an exception
short[]	getAsShortArray ();	raise an exception
int[]	getAsIntArray();	raise an exception
long[]	getAsLongArray ();	raise an exception
char[]	getAsCharArray ();	raise an exception
float[]	getAsFloatArray ();	raise an exception
double[]	getAsDoubleArray ();	raise an exception
boolean[]	getAsBooleanArray ();	raise an exception
String[]	getAsStringArray ();	raise an exception
void	set (byte[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (short[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (int[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (long[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (char[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (float[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (double[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (String[] value);	raise an exception

Need to define values for this...needs some thought

4.8 array-3d

Purpose: a three dimensional array parameterized by size and type

call		semantic
byte	getAsByte();	raise an exception
short	getAsShort();	raise an exception
int	getAsInt();	raise an exception
long	getAsLong();	raise an exception
char	getAsChar();	raise an exception
float	getAsFloat();	raise an exception
double	getAsDouble();	raise an exception
boolean	getAsBoolean();	raise an exception
String	getAsString();	raise an exception
void	set (byte value);	raise an exception
void	set (short value);	raise an exception
void	set (int value);	raise an exception
void	set (long value);	raise an exception
void	set (char value);	raise an exception
void	set (float value);	raise an exception
void	set (double value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean value);	raise an exception
void	set (String value);	raise an exception
byte[]	getAsByteArray();	raise an exception
short[]	getAsShortArray ();	raise an exception
int[]	getAsIntArray();	raise an exception
long[]	getAsLongArray ();	raise an exception
char[]	getAsCharArray ();	raise an exception
float[]	getAsFloatArray ();	raise an exception
double[]	getAsDoubleArray ();	raise an exception
boolean[]	getAsBooleanArray ();	raise an exception
String[]	getAsStringArray ();	raise an exception
void	set (byte[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (short[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (int[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (long[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (char[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (float[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (double[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (String[] value);	raise an exception

Need to define values for this...needs some thought

4.9 array-4d

Purpose: a four dimensional array parameterized by size and type

call		semantic
byte	getAsByte();	raise an exception
short	getAsShort();	raise an exception
int	getAsInt();	raise an exception
long	getAsLong();	raise an exception
char	getAsChar();	raise an exception
float	getAsFloat();	raise an exception
double	getAsDouble();	raise an exception
boolean	getAsBoolean();	raise an exception
String	getAsString();	raise an exception
void	set (byte value);	raise an exception
void	set (short value);	raise an exception
void	set (int value);	raise an exception
void	set (long value);	raise an exception
void	set (char value);	raise an exception
void	set (float value);	raise an exception
void	set (double value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean value);	raise an exception
void	set (String value);	raise an exception
byte[]	getAsByteArray();	raise an exception
short[]	getAsShortArray ();	raise an exception
int[]	getAsIntArrayt();	raise an exception
long[]	getAsLongArray ();	raise an exception
char[]	getAsCharArray ();	raise an exception
float[]	getAsFloatArray ();	raise an exception
double[]	getAsDoubleArray ();	raise an exception
boolean[]	getAsBooleanArray ();	raise an exception
String[]	getAsStringArray ();	raise an exception
void	set (byte[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (short[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (int[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (long[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (char[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (float[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (double[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (String[] value);	raise an exception

Need to define values for this...needs some thought

4.10 separatedValueTable

Purpose: a table of values with parameterized value and row separators

call		semantic
byte	getAsByte();	raise an exception
short	getAsShort();	raise an exception
int	getAsInt();	raise an exception
long	getAsLong();	raise an exception
char	getAsChar();	raise an exception
float	getAsFloat();	raise an exception
double	getAsDouble();	raise an exception
boolean	getAsBoolean();	raise an exception
String	getAsString();	raise an exception
void	set (byte value);	raise an exception
void	set (short value);	raise an exception
void	set (int value);	raise an exception
void	set (long value);	raise an exception
void	set (char value);	raise an exception
void	set (float value);	raise an exception
void	set (double value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean value);	raise an exception
void	set (String value);	raise an exception
byte[]	getAsByteArray();	raise an exception
short[]	getAsShortArray ();	raise an exception
int[]	getAsIntArrayt();	raise an exception
long[]	getAsLongArray ();	raise an exception
char[]	getAsCharArray ();	raise an exception
float[]	getAsFloatArray ();	raise an exception
double[]	getAsDoubleArray ();	raise an exception
boolean[]	getAsBooleanArray ();	raise an exception
String[]	getAsStringArray ();	raise an exception
void	set (byte[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (short[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (int[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (long[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (char[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (float[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (double[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (boolean[] value);	raise an exception
void	set (String[] value);	raise an exception

Need to define values for this...needs some thought

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Glossary

DFDL – Data Format Description Language

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