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Leading the pervasive adoption of grid computing for research and industry

# **INFOD Session GGF15**

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INFOD-WG 4 October, 2005 (GGF15 in Boston)

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- Introduction and Next Steps Susan Malaika 10 minutes
- INFOD specification Abdeslem Djaoui 30 minutes
  INFOD patterns and use cases – Dieter Gawlick
  - 30 minutes



- Information Dissemination supports timely and efficient dissemination of information customized according to consumers' needs.
- It is assumed that the information (a message) to be disseminated is created in response to an *event* and an objective is to disseminate information as soon as it becomes available.



#### **History and Status**

- The INFOD group was formed in 2003
  - Currently having weekly phone calls
  - A 1 day F2F was held immediately prior to GGF15
  - Further F2Fs are likely
- Oasis WS-Notification activities are tracked to try to ensure consistency across INFOD and WS-Notification specifications
- Do join us INFODers ☺
  - Providing a Use Case is a good way to contribute



- Event based systems are becoming more common
  - sensor based computing where sensors produce messages as a result of events
  - message publishing from computing resources to help monitor and debug grid systems
  - Data streams BOF held at GGF15 on 3 October
- Standards are being developed to describe interfaces that help support message based systems, e.g.,
  - WS-Notification in Oasis, which describes interfaces for message publishers and brokers, to publish and filter messages; and for subscribers and consumers to express interest and consume messages
- INFOD pushes the envelope by
  - Supporting creation of messages based on events or state changes
  - Supporting publishers in the dissemination of messages
  - Supporting matching of publishers and consumers



- Publishers detect events and produce messages as required
- Subscribers can express interest in messages on behalf of potential consumers through subscriptions
  - Subscriptions are not a prerequisite for information dissemination to take place
- Dissemination can occur as soon as the information becomes available, or it can be deferred
- Information Dissemination makes it possible for INFOD objects (e.g., publishers, subscribers, and consumers) to play a part in defining events and messages, and in determining who consumes messages



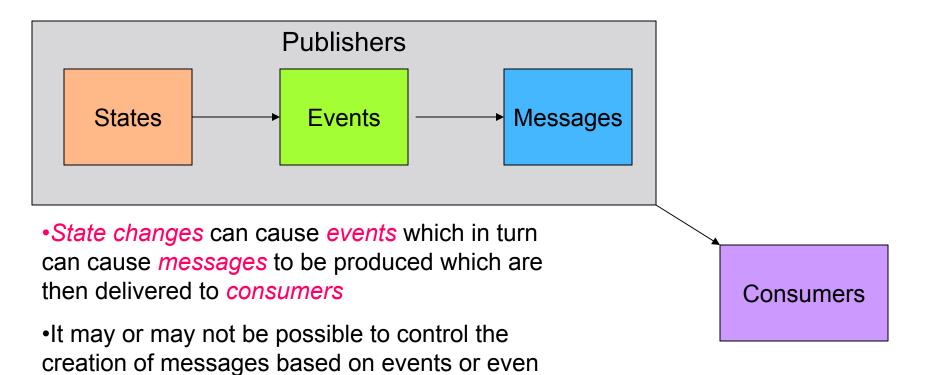
# Some INFOD capabilities

- Message subscribers and consumers have increased control, e.g.,
  - subscribers can define dynamically what constitutes events that cause messages to be published
  - subscribers can define dynamically what should appear in messages
  - Consumers can limit messages received
- Message publishers have increased control, e.g.,
  - publishers can target specific consumers
- Message filters and transformations can be applied flexibly, e.g.,
  - filters can be applied at various stages



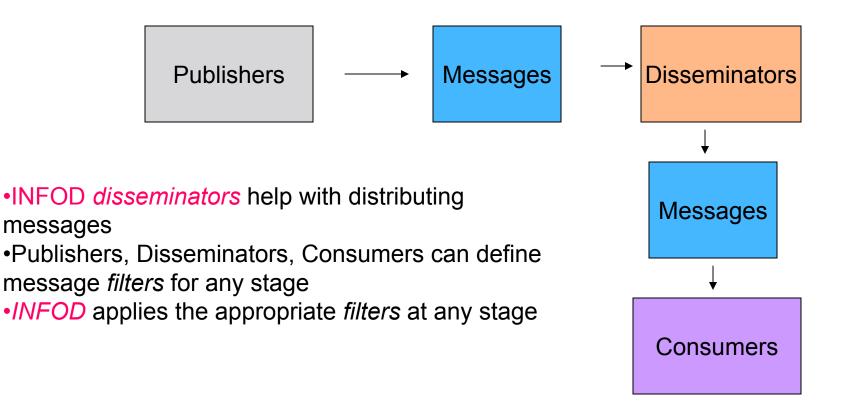
#### **INFOD Message Creation**

state



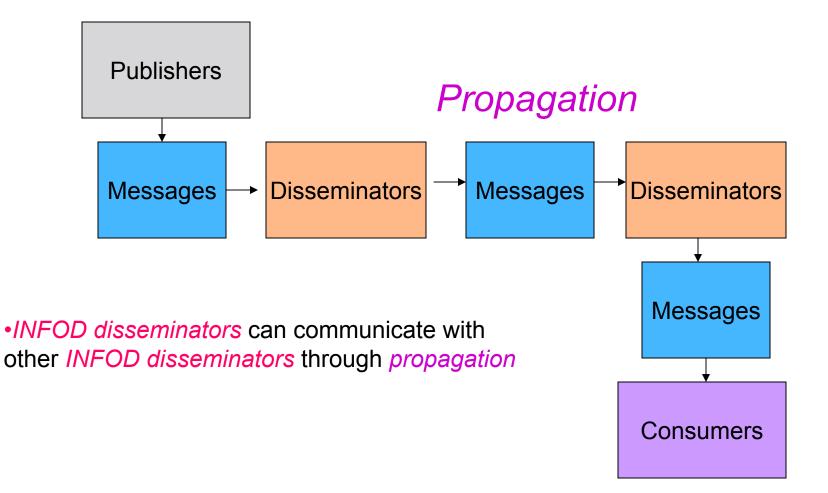


#### **INFOD Disseminators**



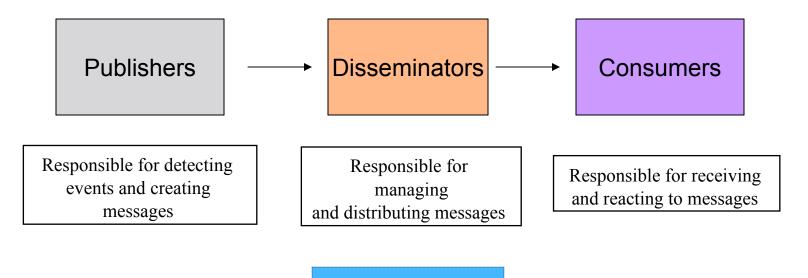


#### **INFOD** Propagation





### **INFOD** Objects



Subscriptions



# **INFOD Registration Manager**

- Contains information about all objects
  - -Name
  - Properties
    - Application specific
    - Operational
  - Relations

#### This is the core of the matching

- Subscribe to all publishers who 'understand by request' and 'are trustworthy'
- Send message to people in reporting directly or indirectly to Larry and are currently on duty
- Accept messages only from publishers 'I trust'
- Send messages only to consumers ' who are entitled to see them.'



#### **Relationships Summary**

- OGSA Data
- DAIS
- WSN



### **General WSN Comparison**

- There are three distinct stages in the Publishing process
  - (1) Observation of the Situation and its noteworthy characteristics;
  - (2) Creation of the NotificationMessage artifact that captures the noteworthy characteristics of the Situation; and
  - (3) Distribution of copies of the NotificationMessage to zero or more interested parties.
- Stages (1) and (2) happen largely outside of the scope of the WS-Notification architecture; WSN does not restrict the means by which these stages must occur. WSN refers to an entity that performs stages 1 and 2 as a Publisher
- INFOD enables subscribers to influence (1) and (2) by explicitly permitting subscribers to refer to predefined or application defined situations and to cause the publisher to execute processes (usually preinstalled) that issue messages that correspond to the subscribers requirements



# Actions from GGF14 Status

One INFOD F2F meetings was held since GGF14

Actions: From GGF14

- Work on Use Cases
- Produced INFOD patterns and new use cases template around which the use cases will be revised
- Produced new use case (car dealer)

Work on Specification

Interfaces have been cleaned up

Work on Issues List

- Single issues list produced

**Revise Charter** 

Goal to produce specification and use cases document prior to GGF16

Implementations

Not certain yet



#### **Next Steps**

Produce Use Cases Document prior to GGF16

Revise: RGMA; Sensornet, Nextgrid Animation, Car Dealer, DAIS third party delivery use cases in accordance with new template Create: Chemical Spill use case

Produce Specification Document prior to GGF16

Work on Specification

Apply Issues to the specification

Review specification support of use cases

- Continue compiling and managing single issues list
- Long term steps proposal
  - 1 Base spec ignoring WSN by GGF16
  - 2 Base spec modified to augment WSN
  - 3 Higher level spec (propagation etc)
- Volunteers needed



# INFOD F2F in Chicago



