GWD-R, GWD-I or GWD-C GLUE-WG

Sergio Andreozzi, INFN Felix Ehm, CERN Laurence Field, CERN Balázs Kónya, Lund University January 17, 2008

GLUE Specification v. 2.0 (draft 19)

Status of This Document

This document provides information to the Grid community regarding the specification of the GLUE information model. Distribution is unlimited. <u>This document is a draft</u>.

Copyright Notice

Copyright © Open Grid Forum (2007). All Rights Reserved.

Trademark

Abstract

Open Grid Services Architecture and OGSA are trademarks of the Open Grid Forum.

Comment [SA1]: To be written

GWD-R, GWD-I or GWD-C GLUE-WG or RG or CG name

Sergio Andreozzi, INFN Balázs Kónya, Lund University Add final date

Contents

Abstract		.1
1. Intr	oduction	.4
2. Not	ational Conventions	.4
3. Cor	nceptual Model of the Main Entities	
3.1	Location	
3.2	Contact	.6
3.3	Domain	-
3.3.1	AdminDomain	
3.3.2	UserDomain	
3.4	Policy	
3.4.1	Management Policy	
3.4.2	AccessPolicy	
3.4.3	MappingPolicy	
3.5	Service	
3.6	Endpoint	
3.7	Dow ntime	
3.8	Share	
3.9	ShareState	
3.10	SharePolicy	
3.11	Resource	
3.12	Activity	
	(liar Entities	
4.1	Extension	-
4.2	Metadata	
	nceptual Model of the Storage Service	
5.1.1	StorageService	
5.2	StorageEndpoint	
5.3	StorageShare	
5.4	StorageEnvironment	
5.5	StorageSharePolicy	18
5.6	StorageShareState	19
5.7	StorageAccessPolicy	19
5.8	StorageShare – ComputingShare Relationship	19
	ationship to OGF Reference Model	
7. Ter	nplate	20
	curity Considerations	
	hor Information	
	htributors & Acknow ledgements	
	ssary	
	Illectual Property Statement	
	Copyright Notice	
	erences	
	pendix A: Data Types	
16.1	ContactType_t	
16.2	PolicyScheme_t	
16.3	DateTime	
16.4	ServiceCapability_t	
16.5	ServiceType_t	
16.6	QualityLevel_t	
16.7	EndpointCapability_t	
16.8	EndpointState_t	
16.9	DN_t2	
17. Lice	ense_t	20

glue-wg@ogf.org

GWD-	R, GWD-I or GWD-C	Sergio Andreozzi, INFN
GLUE	-WG or RG or CG name	Balázs Kónya, Lund University
		Add final date
18.	Appendix B: XML Rendering	
19.	Appendix C: LDA P Rendering	
20.	Appendix D: Relational Rendering	27

GWD-R, GWD-I or GWD-C	add final date
1. Introduction	
In this document, we present a conceptual information model for Grid entities descri language enriched with a graphical representation using UML Class Diagrams. As model, this is meant to be implementation-independent. Mapping to concrete data as XML Schema, LDAP, relational and RDF are provided in the Appendix, From view point, the concrete data model should represent the same concepts and relation conceptual information model; nevertheless it can contain simplifications specific data model in order to improve query performance or other aspects.	As a conceptual ata models such om the semantic ationships of the
This information model is based on the experience of several modeling approaches current production Grid infrastructures (e.g., GLUE Schema 1.x [glue-1.x], Nord [ng-schema], Naregi model [naregi-schema]). The proposed initial collection motivated also by the use cases document [glue-usecases].	rduGrid schema
The Information Model and its renderings have to be consider case-sensitive)	Comment [SA4]: To be moved in a better place
2. Notational Conventions	
Only include this section if applicable.	
The key words 'MUST," "MUST NOT," "REQUIRED," "SHALL," "SHALL NOT," "SHOULD NOT," "RECOMMENDED," "MAY," and "OPTIONAL" are to be interpreted described in RFC 2119 [BRADNER1]	

3. Conceptual Model of the Main Entities

The GLUE information model proposes a number of main entities and relationships represented in Figure 1.

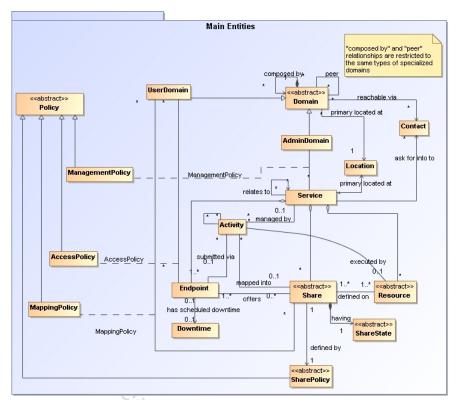


Figure 1 GLUEm ain entities and their relationships

3.1 Location

5.1 LOCATION	labarita fassa			Description
Entity	Inherits from			Description
Location				A geographical position
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
LocalID	String	1		An opaque local identifier
Name	String	1		A human-readable name
Address	String	01		Street address
Place	String	01		Name of town/city
Country	String	01		Country name
PostCode	String	01		Postal code
Latitude	Real32	01	Degree	The position of a place north or south of the equator measured from -90° to +90° with positive values going north and negative values going south
Longitude	Real32	01	Degree	The position of a place east or west of Greenwich, England measured from - 180° to +180° with positive values going

Comment [SA5]: extend intro

add final date

GWD-R, GWD-I or GV	VD-C		add final date
		-	
			east and negative values going west

The location entity is meant to be used for describing reference geographical positions of domains and services. They aim is to provide a simple way to express geographical information and is not intended to be used in complex geographical information systems. The accuracy of latitude and longitude should be defined in an interoperability profile.

3.2 Contact

Entity Contact	Inherits from			Description Information enabling to establish a communication with a person or group of persons part of a domain
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
LocalID	String	1		An opaque local identifier
URL	URL	1		URL embedding the contact information. The syntax of URI depends on the communication channel
Туре	ContactType_t	1		Type of contact
OtherInfo	String	*		Placeholder to publish info that does not fit in any other attribute. Free-form string, comma-separated tags, (name, value) pair are example of syntax

Comment [SA6]: What about if an email address is used for usersupport and security? (multiple types or decoupling ID from contact info?)

This entity can be used to represent contact information for user support, security, sysadmin. The various types of contact are identified by the Type attribute. In case of time-depend contact information, the instances of this entity should represent only the active contact information.

For telephone and fax: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2806.txt For email: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2368.txt For irc: http://www.w3.org/Addressing/draft-mirashi-url-irc-01.txt

http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2806.txt

3.3 Domain

Entity	Entity Inherits from			Description			
Domain					A collection of actors that can be assigned with		
					roles and privileges to entities via policies. A		
					domain may have relationships to other domains.		
Property		Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description		
ID	[key]	URI	1		A global unique ID		
Name		String	01		Human-readable name		
Description		String	01		A description of the domain		
WWW		URL	*		The URL identifying a web page with more		
					information about the domain		
OtherInfo		String	*		Placeholder to publish info that does not fit in any		
		-			other attribute. Free-form string, comma-		
					separated tags, (name, value) pair are example		
					of syntax		

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated.

Comment [SA7]: Add recommendation from Stephen Burke mentioned document

3.3.1 AdminDomain

Entity	Inherits from			Description
AdminDomain	Domain			A collection of actors that can be assigned with administrative roles and privileges to services via policies. An AdminDomain manages services that can be geographically distributed, nevertheless a primary location should be identified.
Inherited Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
ID [key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Name	String	01		Human-readable name
Description	String	01		A description of the domain
WWW	URL	*		The URL identifying a web page with more information ab out the domain
OtherInfo	String	*		Placeholder to publish info that does not fit in any other attribute. Free-form string, comma-separated tags, (name, value) pair are example of syntax
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
Distributed	Boolean	01		True if the services managed by the admindomain are considered geographically distributed by the administrators themselves
Ow ner	String	*		Ow ner of the managed resources

3.3.2 UserDomain

Entity	Inherits from			Description
UserDomain	Domain			A collection of actors that can be
				assigned with user roles and privileges
				to services or shares via policies
Inherited Proper	ty Type	Mult.	Unit	Description
ID [k	ey] URI	1		A global unique ID
Name	String	01		Human-readable name
Description	String	01		A description of the domain
WWW	URL	*		The URL identifying a web page with
				more information about the domain
OtherInfo	String	*		Placeholder to publish info that does
				not fit in any other attribute. Free-form
				string, comma-separated tags, (name,
				value) pair are example of syntax
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
Level	Int32	01		The number of hops to reach the root
				for hierarchically organized domains
				described by the "composed by"
				association (0 is for the root)
Manager Endpoi	nt URI	*		The Endpoint ID managing the users
				part of the domain and the related
				attributes such as groups or roles

Comment [SA8]: Add recommendation from Stephen Burke mentioned document

Comment [SA9]: Add recommendation from Stephen Burke mentioned document

add final date

In the GLUE Information Model, the Virtual Organization can be realized by using the concept of UserDomain. If the VO has an internal structure, this can be represented by using different domains related to each other. A Virtual Organization (VO) comprises a set of individuals and/or institutions having direct access to computers, software, data, and other resources for collaborative problem-solving or other purposes. Resources utilized by a VO are expected to be accessible via network endpoints and constrained by defining utilization targets called shares. The VO can exhibit the internal structure in terms of groups of individuals, each of them being a UserDomain. UserDomains can be hierarchically structured. This structure can be represented via the "composed by" association. A userDomain can be also related to other other userDomains via a "peer" relationship.]

As regards the Manager Endpoint, a commonly used implementation is the VOMS.

Comment [SA10]: We do no have use cases for instantiating the peer relationship; **f** we won't have, then we should remove it

Comment [SA11]: Add reference

3.4 Policy

Entity	Inherits from	n		Description
Policy				Statements, rules or assertions that
				specify the correct or expected
				behavior of an entity
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated.

3.4.1 Management Policy

Entity	Inherits fron	n		Description
Management Policy	Policy			Statements, rules or assertions that
- -				assign management capabilities to actors as regards a manageable entity
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description

Comment [SA12]: Specify that this is added to have a consistent conceptual model; example implementation in LDAP/XML is parent-child relationship between AdminDomain and Service

The existence of relationship among an AdminDomain and a Service implies that an AdminDomain can manage a Service. Currently, there is no use cases for having attributes in this entity.

3.4.2 AccessPolicy

Entity	Inherits from			Description
AccessPolicy	Policy			Statements, rules or assertions
				that provides coarse-granularity
				information about the access by
				actors to an entity
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
Scheme	PolicyScheme_t	1		Scheme adopted to define the
				policy rules
Rule	String	*		A policy rule
TrustedCA	DN_t	*		Distinguished name of the trusted

Comment [SA13]: Add more clarification about why it is coarse-granular

Comment [SA14]: Add basic policy scheme with VO, VOMS FQAN, (ALLOW)/DENY

Comment [SA15]: Evaluate if trustedCA goes together with access control information

GWD-R, GWD-I or GWD-C					add final date
				Certification Authority	

This entity can be used to express which UserDomains can access a certain service endpoint. The granularity of these policies should be coarse-grained and suitable for pre-selection of services. The actual decision on the service side is performed by an authorization component that can contain a finer-grained set of policy rules that in some case can contradict the published coarse-grained policy rules. Examples of actors involved in this entity are userDomains representing VOs or groups.

3.4.3 MappingPolicy

Entity	Inherits from			Description
MappingPolicy	Policy			Statements, rules or assertions that
				provides coarse-granularity information about the mapping of activities to shares based on user membership
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
Scheme	PolicyScheme_t	1		Scheme adopted to define the policy rules
Rule	String	*		A policy rule

This entity can be used to express which UserDomains can consume a certain share of resources.

3.5	Service

Entity	Inherits from			Description
Service				An abstracted, logical view of actual softw are components that participate in the creation of an entity providing one or more functionalities useful in a Grid environment. A service exposes one or more endpoints having w ell-defined interfaces, zero or more shares and zero or more resources. The service is autonomous and denotes a w eak aggregation among endpoints, the exposed resources, and the defined shares. The service enables to identify the whole set of entities providing the functionality with a persistent name.
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
ID [key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Name	String	01		Human-readable name
Capability	ServiceCapability_t	*		The capability provided by this service according to the OGSA architecture
Туре	ServiceType_t	1		The type of service according to a middlew are classification
QualityLevel	QualityLevel_t	1		Maturity of the service in terms of quality of the software components
Status Page	URL	*		Web page providing additional information like monitoring aspects

Comment [SA16]: do we need this? Is it a special case of access policy or a different category?

Comment [SA17]: Add more clarification about why it is coarse-granular

add final date

Complexity	Chrime	0.1	Liuman readable aummany depariation
Complexity	String	01	Human-readable summary description
			of the complexity in terms of the
			number of endpoint types, shares and
			resources. The syntax should be:
			endpointType=X, share=Y, resource=Z.
OtherInfo	String	*	Placeholder to publish info that does
	5		not fit in any other attribute. Free-form
			string, comma-separated tags, (name,
			value) pair are example of syntax

The simplest Service is composed by one endpoint, no share and no resource (e.g. a metadata catalog service). In the context of a Service, the same resource part of it can be exposed via multiple endpoints based on defined shares. For instance, in the area of storage systems, SRMv1 and SRMv2.2 interfaces can expose the same resource via different endpoints offering different interface version; in the area of computing systems, the CREAM and GRAM endpoints can expose the same batch system. Endpoints, shares and resources can belong to only one service.]

Comment [SA18]: To be verified by real-world use cases

3.6 Endpoint

Entity	Inherits from		Description
Endpoint			A network location having
			a w ell-defined interface
			and exposing the service
			functionalities
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit
ID [key]	URI	1	A global unique ID
Name	String	01	Human-readable name
URL	URL	1	Netw ork location of the
			endpoint to contact the
			related service
Capability	EndpointCapability_t	*	The capability exposed by
			this interface
Туре	EndpointType_t	1	The type of endpoint
			according to a middlew are
			classification
QualityLevel	QualityLevel_t	1	Maturity of the service in
			terms of quality of the
			software components
SpecificationName	String	01	Name of the interface
-	-		specification
SpecificationVersion	String	01	Version of the interface
Implementor	String	01	Main organization
	-		implementing this software
			component
ImplementationName	String	01	Name of the
	_		implementation
ImplementationVersion	String	01	Version of the
-	-		implementation (e.g.,

Comment [SA19]: To be verified if we keep both here and in service or only in one part

Comment [SA20]: Suggestion to use URI for identifying categories; Donal will provide examples

Comment [SA21]: What is the relationship between values for this attribute and values for the service. qualityLev el?

add final date

			major version.minor
			version.pathcversion)
HealthState	EndpointHealthState_t	1	A state representing the
			health of the endpoint
HealthStateInfo	String	01	Textual explanation of the
			state endpoint
ServingState	ServingState_t	1	The serving state
			(production, draining,
			queueing, closed)
WSDL	URL	*	URL of the WSDL
			document describing the
			offered interface (applies
			to Web Services endpoint)
SupportedProfile	URI	*	URI identifying a
			supported profile
Semantics	URL	*	URL of a document
			providing a human-
			readable description of the
			semantics of the endpoint
			functionalities
StartTime	DateTime	01	The timestamp for the start
			time of the endpoint
lssuerCA	DN_t	01	Distinguished name of
			Certification Authority
			issuing the certificate for
			the endpoint
Association End		Mult.	Description
Association to User Do	omain via Access Policy		

For Grid services requiring a richer set of properties for the endpoint, specific models can be derived by specializing from the Endpoint entity and adding new properties or relationships. The current proposal contains the ComputingEndpoint specialization (see Section)

Comment [SA22]: Verfy f a single value is enough

Comment [SA23]: to be extended, should capture what is currently called AccessControlBaseR ule in GLUE 1.x

3.7 Dow ntime

Entity Dow ntime	Inherits from			Description A description of a scheduled dow ntime event
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	
Dow ntimeAnnounce	DateTime	01		The timestamp for the announcement of the next scheduled dow ntime
Dow ntimeStart	DateTime	1		The starting timestamp of the next scheduled dow ntime
Dow ntime End	DateTime	01		The ending timestamp of the next scheduled dow ntime
Dow ntime Info	String	01		Description of the next scheduled dow ntime

3.8 Share

Entity	Inherits from	Description	
Share		A utilization target for a set of resources	 Comme
		offered via related endpoints defined by	each oth

Comment [SA25]: shares can be related to each other for instance via hierarchy

example@ggf.org

Comment [SA24]: add section reference

add final date

					policies and characterized by status information
Property		Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
LocalID	[key]	String	1		An opaque local identifier
Name		String	01		Human-readable name

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated.

3.9 ShareState

Entity	Inherits from			Description
ShareState				State information for a share
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated.

3.10 SharePolicy

Entity	Inherits fr	om		Description
SharePolicy				Statements, rules or assertions that specify the correct or expected behavior of a share
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated.

3.11 Resource

Entity		Inherits from			Description
Resource					An entity useful in a Grid environment part of a logical service, reachable via one or more endpoints and having one or more shares defined on it. A resource usually represents aggregated information
Property		Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
ID	[key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Name		String	01		Human-readable name

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated. For Grid resources requiring a richer set of properties, specific models can be defined by specializing from the Resource entity and adding new properties or relationships. The current proposal contains the Computing Resource specialization (see Section).

Comment [SA26]: add section reference

3.12 Activity

Entity	Inherits from	Description
Activity		An activity is a unit of work managed by a
-		service and submitted via an endpoint; an
		activity can have relationships to other

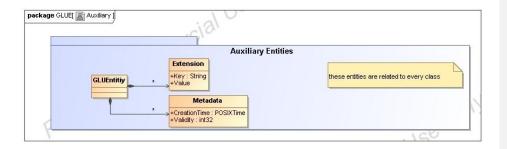
add final date

					activities being managed by different services, therefore it shares a common context.
Property		Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
ID	[key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Туре		ActivityType_t	1		The type of this activity

Grid jobs are example of activities for a Computing Service. An interesting type of relationship for jobs derives from its propagation through several services. For instance, a broker service submits a Grid job to a selected execution service, upon completion the execution service submits a logging record to an accounting service. Each of these services will have associated an instance of a Grid job related to the lifecycle of the job within the service. All instances refer to the same conceptual job submitted by the user.

4. Auxiliar Entities

The auxiliary entities currently provides extensibility mechanisms and metadata applicable to all GLUE entities. Widely used extensions will be considered for addition in future GLUE information model revision as primary properties.



4.1 Extension

Entity	Inherits from			Description
Extension				A key, value pair providing extra information not captured in the current model
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
Key	String	1		A local ID, typically an attribute name that
				could be added in future info model revisions
Value	String	*		A value for the attribute

4.2 Metadata

Entity	Inherits from			Description
Metadata				
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
CreationTime	DateTime	1		Timestamp w hen the entity instance w as generated
Validity	Int32	1	S	The time period for how long the generated

add final date

		information is considered to be relevant by the
		information provider

add final date

5. Conceptual Model of the Storage Service

Like the Computing Service, the conceptual model of the Storage Service is based upon the main entities and uses specializations for those entities. Further on, storage related concepts such as StorageShareState, StorageSharePolicy, StorageAccessPolicy, StorageEnvironment and StorageAccessProtocol are introduced.

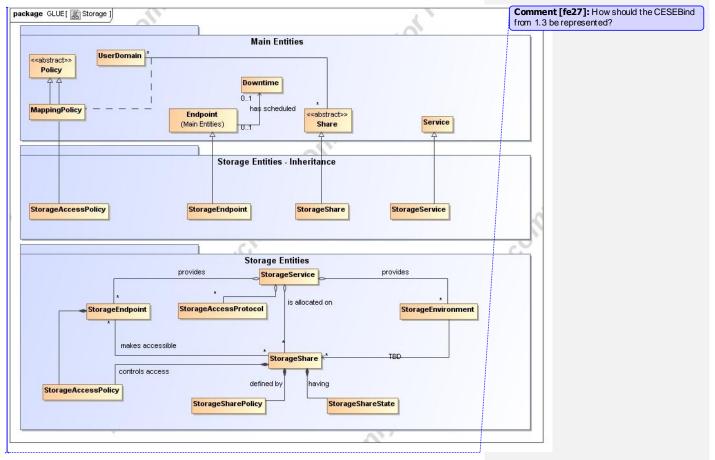


Figure 2 Entities and relationships for the Storage Element model

add final date

5.1.1 StorageService

Entity	Inherits from			Description
StorageService	Service			An abstracted, logical view of actual software components that participate in the creation of a storage capacity in a Grid environment. A storage service exposes one or more endpoints having well-defined interfaces and one or more storage shares. The service is autonomous and denotes a weak aggregation among endpoints and the defined storage
				The service enables to identify the whole set of entities providing the storage functionality with a persistent name.
Inherited Property	Туре	Mult	Unit	Description
ID [key]	UR	1		A global unique ID
Name	String	01		Human-readable name
Capability	ServiceCapability_t	*		The capability provided by this service according to the OGSA architecture
Туре	ServiceType_t	1		The type of service according to a middleware classification
QualityLevel	QualityLevel_t	1		Maturity of the service in terms of quality of the software components
StatusPage	URL	*		Web page providing additional information like monitoring aspects
Complexity	String	01		Human-readable summary description of the complexity in terms of the number of endpoint types, shares and resources. The syntax should be: endpoint Type=X, share=Y, resource=Z
OtherInfo	String	×		Placeholder to publish into that does not fit in any other attribute. Free-form string, comma-separated tags, (name, value) pair are example of syntax
Property	Туре	Mult	Unit	Description
Implementation Name	String	1		The name of the running software
Implementation Version	String	1	1	The version of the running software
Information Service URL	URI	01		A resource location where to retrieve local information
Architecture	String	1		The Architecture this storage management software is running on.
TotalOnlineSize	Int64	01	GB	Iotal storage capacity of the Service
l otalNearlineSize	Int64	01	GB	Iotal storage capacity of the Service on secondary storage
UsedOnlineSize	Int64	01	GB	Used storage capacity
UsedNearlineSize	Int64	01	GB	Used storage capacity on secondary storage

Comment [fe28]: Do we need to account separate disk/tape usage? Comment [fe29]: Attributes to be discussed

The storage service is formed by storage endpoints offering interfaces to the service and storage shares which represent allocated storage capacity on the service which can be utilized for storage activities. The access to the endpoint and shares is controlled by a mapping policy instance.

A storage service is instantiated when it offers at least one endpoint. It may have zero or more shares. A storage service without a storage share does not offer any storage capabilities.

The Total/Used-size numbers are capacity status metrics of the storage service. If no secondary storage (like a tape backend) is available on the service the 'Nearline' attribute is meaningless and should not be specified.

add final date

5.2 Storage Endpoint

Entity	Inherits from			Description
StorageEndpoint	Endpoint, Downtime			Endpoint for accessing and controlling
0 .	•			storage activities.
Inherited Property	Туре	Mult	Unit	Description
ID [key]	UR	1		A global unique ID
Name	String	01		Human-readable name
URL	URL	1		Network location of the endpoint to contact
				the related service
Capability	EndpointCapability_t	×		The capability exposed by this interface
Туре	EndpointType_t	1		The type of endpoint according to a
				middleware classification
QualityLevel	QualityLevel_t	1		Maturity of the service in terms of quality of
<u> </u>				the software components
SpecificationName	String	01		Name of the interface specification
SpecificationVersion	String	01		Version of the interface
Implementor	String	01		Main organization implementing this
				software component
ImplementationName	String	01		Name of the implementation
ImplementationVersion	String	01		Version of the implementation (e.g., major
				version.minor version.pathcversion)
HealthState	EndpointHealthState_t	1		A state representing the health of the
				endpoint
HealthStateInfo	String	01		lextual explanation of the state endpoint
ServingState	ServingState_t	1		The serving state (production, draining,
				queueing, closed)
WSDL	URL	Ŭ		URL of the WSDL document describing
				the offered interface (applies to Web
				Services endpoint)
SupportedProfile	UR	*		URI identifying a supported profile
Semantics	URL	*		URL of a document providing a human-
				readable description of the semantics of
				the endpoint functionalities
Startlime	Datelime	01		The timestamp for the start time of the
				endpoint
IssuerCA	DN_t	01		Distinguished name of Certification
				Authority issuing the certificate for the
				endpoint
DowntimeAnnounce	DateTime	01		The timestamp for the announcement of
				the next scheduled downtime
DowntimeStart	DateTime	1		The starting timestamp of the next
				scheduled downtime
DowntimeEnd	DateTime	01		The ending timestamp of the next
				scheduled downtime
DowntimeInto	String	01		Description of the next scheduled
				downtime
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
Capability	String	*		Other information regarding this Endpoint

Comment [SA30]: To be verified if we keep both here and in service or only in one part

Comment [SA31]: Suggestion to use URI for identifying categories; Donal will provide examples

Comment [SA32]: What is the relationship between values for this attribute and values for the service quality Level?

Comment [SA33]: Verify if a single value is enough

A StorageEndpoint exposes one interface of how a storage service can be contacted. It gives information about the control protocol and its status as well as possible downtimes.

A storage endpoint is linked to storage shares and thereby knows which shares it gives access

to. The Capability field can be used to specify other restrictions such as WAN read-only/LAN read-

add final date

5.3 StorageAccessProtocol

Entity	Inherits fro	m		Description
StorageAccessProtocol				Describes the access protocols of a Service.
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
ID	URI	1		
Туре	String	1		
Port	Int64	1		
Version	String	1		
Streams	Int64	1		
SupportedSecurity	String	1		

5.4 StorageShare

Entity	Inherits from			Description
StorageShare	Share			A utilization target for a set of storage resources defined by policies and characterized by status information
Inherited Property	Туре	Mult	Unit	Description
LocalD [key]	String	1		An opaque local identifier
Name	String	01		Human-readable name
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
Path	String	01		A
ExpirationMode	expirationMode_t	01		Never, Warn, Release
Tag	String	*		A user defined tag for additional information

Comment [fe34]: Attributes to be discussed

A storage share represents allocated, (to a user domain) dedicated logical storage space within a storage service and can be accessed through the service's endpoint(s).

5.5 StorageEnvironment

Entity	Inherits from			Description
StorageEnvironment				Description of the storage environment of the StorageShare.
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
ĪD	String	1		
Туре	share_t	01		Volatile, Durable, Permanent
AccessLatency	accessLatency_t	01		Online, Nearline, Offline
RetentionPolicy	retentionPolicy_t	01		Custodial, Output, Replica

Comment [fe35]: Attributes to be discussed

5.6 StorageSharePolicy

Entity	Inherits from	Inherits from		Description
StoragesSharePolicy	SharePolicy	SharePolicy		Set of policies that define storage related attributes for share
Inherited Property	Туре	Mult	Unit	Description

Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
MinFileSize	Int64	01	GB	The minimum file size which is allowed in this Share
MaxFileSize	Int64	01	GB	The maximum file size which is allowed in this Share
MaxNumFiles	Int64	01		The maximum number of files which is allowed in this Share
MaxPinDuration	Int64	01	S	

GWD-R, GWD-I or GWD-C	add final date	

This entity describes the characteristics of a Share in a more detailed way. It is left to the implementations of a StorageService how to handle data in the Share if those attributes are **not** specified.

Example: StorageService A keeps by default the files in Share for 2 days pinned but StorageService B would keep them only for 12 hours.

The 'MinFileSize' attribute allows a StorageService to handle a Share more efficiently. Example : A Share is defined to be stored on tape permanently. Since it is more efficient in terms of reading time to have 'big' files on the tape it is permitted to store files with a minimum size (e.g. 500MByte).

The MaxFileSize attribute describes the maximum files size this Share can store. This is the case when the underlying storage resource (e.g. file system(s)) can only handle files up to a certain size.

5.7 StorageShareState

Entity	Inherits from			Description	
StorageShareState				Describes the State of a StorageShare.	
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description	
free space		1	GByte	The free space left on this Share	
used space		1	GByte	The used space of thid Share	
totalspace		1	GByte	The total size of this Share	
Status	ShareStatus_I	1		Up / Down / Maintenance	 Comment [fe37]: Attributes to be discussed

This entity contains rather dynamic information about the dedicated storage space in the grid. The free/used/total space can be used for accounting but also to determine where a job with specific space requirements may run.

The 'Total space' is the summation of 'free space' and 'used space'.

5.8 StorageAccessPolicy

Entity	Inherits fro	m		Description
StorageAccessPolicy	MappingPo	MappingPolicy		Statements, rules or assertions that specify which instantiation of a Domain may use the associated StorageShare or StorageEndpoint.
Inherited Property				Description
Scheme	PolicySche	eme_t		1
Rule	String			*
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	Description
LocalD	URI	1		A local identifier for this Policy
Name	String	1		An descriptive name for this Policy
Path	String	1		Path used by VO for writing in an associated Share
Tag	String	1		

Glue 1.3 : VOInfo

5.9 StorageShare - ComputingShare Relationship

Comment [fe36]: Attributes to be discussed

add final date

6. Relationship to OGF Reference Model

In this section, we describe the integration of the GLUE information model with the OGF Reference Model.

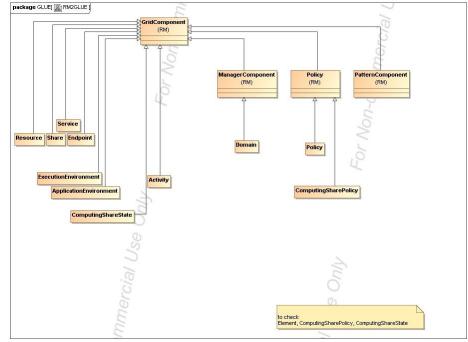


Figure 3 GLUE and Reference Model integration (draft)

7. Tem plate

 Entity
 Inherits from
 Description

 Property
 Type
 Mult.
 Unit
 Description

 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure

 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure

 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure

 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure
 Image: Structure

8. Security Considerations

Please refer to RFC 3552 [RESCORLA] for guidance on writing a security considerations section. This section is required in all documents, and should not just say "there are no security considerations." Quoting from the RFC:

example@ggf.org

Comment [SA38]: Describe template

add final date

"Most people speak of security as if it were a single monolithic property of a protocol or system, how ever, upon reflection, one realizes that it is clearly not true. Rather, security is a series of related but somew hat independent properties. Not all of these properties are required for every application.

We can loosely divide security goals into those related to protecting communications (COMMUNICATION SECURITY, also known as COMSEC) and those relating to protecting systems (ADMINISTRATIVE SECURITY or SYSTEM SECURITY). Since communications are carried out by systems and access to systems is through communications channels, these goals obviously interlock, but they can also be independently provided."

9. Author Information

Contact information for authors.

The actual Authors (or Editors) listed on the title page are those committed to taking permanent stewardship for this document – receiving communication in the future and otherwise being responsive to its content. The GFSG recommends at most three Author/Editors belisted on the title page, unless there are compelling reasons to list more.

10. Contributors & Acknowledgements

We gratefully acknow ledge the contributions made to this document (in no particular order) by

11. Glossary

Recommended but not required.

12. Intellectual Property Statement

The OGF takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this document or the extent to which any license under such rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent that it has made any effort to identify any such rights. Copies of claims of rights made available for publication and any assurances of licenses to be made available, or the result of an attempt made to obtain a general license or permission for the use of such proprietary rights by implementers or users of this specification can be obtained from the OGF Secretariat.

The OGF invites any interested party to bring to its attention any copyrights, patents or patent applications, or other proprietary rights which may cover technology that may be required to practice this recommendation. Please address the information to the OGF Executive Director.

13. Disclaimer

This document and the information contained herein is provided on an "As s" basis and the OGF disclaims all w arranties, express or implied, including but not limited to any w arranty that the use of the information herein w ill not infringe any rights or any implied w arranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

add final date

14. Full Copyright Notice

Copyright (C) Open Grid Forum (applicable years). All Rights Reserved.

This document and translations of it may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works that comment on or otherwise explain it or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied, published and distributed, in whole or in part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice and this paragraph are included on all such copies and derivative works. How ever, this document itself may not be modified in any way, such as by removing the copyright notice or references to the OGF or other organizations, except as needed for the purpose of developing Grid Recommendations in which case the procedures for copyrights defined in the OGF Document process must be follow ed, or as required to translate it into languages other than English.

The limited permissions granted above are perpetual and will not be revoked by the OGF or its successors or assignees.

Comment [HK39]: I don't think it is just "current year." For example, a document wad started to create from 2003, it should be "2003, 2004, 2005" or "2003-2005."

GWD-R, GWD-I or GWD-C	add final date	
15. References Note that only permanent documents should be cited as references pages or working groups, should be cited inline (i.e., see the Open http://www.ogf.org). References should conform to a standard suc Chicago or similar. Include an author, year, title, publisher, place o materials, also add a URL. It is acceptable to separate out "normal documents typically do. Some sample citations:	Grid Forum, h as used by IEEE/ACM, MLA, f publication. For online	
[glue-w g] The Glue Working Group of OGF, <u>https://forge.gridforum</u> [glue-usecases] Glue 2.0 Use Cases (early draft), <u>https://forge.gridforum.org/sf/go/a</u> [glue-1.x] The Glue Schema 1.3, <u>https://forge.gridforum.org/sf/go/a</u> [ng-schema] The Nordu Grid/ARC Information System, NORDUGR 4, https://forge.gridforum.org/sf/go/doc14273 [naregi-schema] NAREGI information and data model, <u>https://forge</u> [ogf-ts] Technical Strategy for the Open Grid Forum 2007-2010. GF http://www.ogf.org/documents/GFD.113.pdf [omii-jra2-djra2.1] Sergio Andreozzi, Antonia Ghiselli, Chunming Hu Morris Riedel, Davy Virdee, Li Zha. D: JRA2.0 Report on Grid Activ identification of new services <u>http://omii-europe.org/OMII-Europe/N</u>	Iforum.org/sf/go/doc14621 loc14185 ID-TECH e.gridforum.org/sf/go/doc14300 FD-I.113. J, Jinlei Jiang, Balazs Konya, ities relevant to the	

16. Appendix A: Data Types

16.1 ContactType_t

Open enumeration: security, sysadmin, usersupport, general

- 16.2 PolicyScheme_t
- 16.3 DateTime

	Comment [SA40]: Ad examples or more
This data type maps the XSD dateTime simple type.	description
We restrict this syntax to GMT timezone: yyyy '-' mm '-' dd 'T' hh ':' mm ':' ss Z	

16.4 ServiceCapability_t

List of values initially drafted from [omii-jra2-djra2.1]. To be refined by examples

Security.Authentication	Capacity of providing authentication mechanisms for Grid users machine and services
Security.CredentialStorage	Capacity of providing an online credential repository that allow s users to securely obtain credentials when and where needed
Security.Delegation	capacity for a user to give a service the authority to undertake specific activities or decisions on its behalf
Security.Authorization	capacity of handling authorization aspects, making authorization decisions about the subject and the requested mode of access based upon combining information from a number of distinct sources

23

add final date

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Security. Identy Mapping	capacity of mapping Grid-level credentials to local level credentials (e.g., mapping a user X.509 certificate into a
	UNIX account).
Security.AttributeAuthority	capacity of associating a user with a set of attributes in a
	trusted manner to a relying party, by way of digitally signed assertions
Security.Accounting	capacity of systematically recording, reporting, and analyzing the usage of resources
Data. Transfer	capacity of moving a file from one network location to
	another. It refers to the actual transfer (e.g., as performed by protocols like FTP, GridFTP, or HTTP)
Data. Management. Transfer	capacity of managing a transfer of files from the start to
	the completion
Data. Management. Replica	capacity of managing the creation of file replicas upon
	request
Data. Management. Storage	capacity of managing a storage resource, from simple systems like disk-servers to complex hierarchical systems
Data. Naming. Resolver	capacity of resolving one name to another (for example,
	search the associated abstract name to a certain human-
	oriented name)
Data. Naming. Scheme	capacity of attaching names to data resources. (To evaluate
	if it should moved to the main category infrastructure instead
	of data). In OGSA, a three-level naming scheme is defined:
	(1) human-oriented name, (2) abstract name and (3) address
Data.Access.Relational	capacity of providing access to a relational data source

add final date

Data.Access.XML	capacity of providing access to an XML data source
Data.Access.FlatFiles	capacity of providing access to a flat file
Information. Model	capacity of modelling resources based on a community accepted definition
Information.Discovery	capacity of locating unknown resources or services, possibly satisfying a set of requirements
Information.Logging	capacity of recording data, often chronologically
Information. Monitoring	capacity of periodically observing measurements, transform them and make available to users or other applications
Information. Provenance	capacity of providing long-term storage of information related to Grid activity and to let this information be accessed by users or other applications.
ExecMan.BES	capacity of executing a job or set of jobs.
ExecMan.JobDescription	capacity of letting users be able to describe a job submission request based on a machine-processable language
ExecMan.JobManager	capacity of managing the execution of a job or set of jobs from start to finish
Exec Man. Execution And Planning	capacity of building schedules for jobs, that is, the capability of defining mappings between services and resources, possibly with time constraints
ExecMan.CandidateSetGenerator	capacity of determining the set of resources on which a nit of workcan execute
ExecMan.Reservation	capacity of managing reservation of resources for future usage

Open enumeration:

16.5 ServiceType_t

Every item should start with org.MIDDLEWARENAME.

Open enumeration: org.glite.wms, org.glite.lb

16.6 QualityLevel_t

Closed enumeration: production, pre-production, testing, development

16.7 EndpointCapability_t

The initial set of values is drafted from [omii-jra2-djra2.1]. To be refined by examples.

add final date

Security.Authentication Security.CredentialStorage Security.Delegation Security.Authorization Security. AttributeA uthority Security. Identy Mapping Security.Accounting Data. Transfer Data. Management. Transfer Data. Management. Replica Data. Management. Storage Data. Naming. Resolver Data. Naming. Scheme Data.Access.Relational Data.Access.XML Data.Access.FlatFiles Information. Model Information.Discovery Information.Logging Information. Monitoring Information. Provenance ExecMan.BES ExecMan.JobDescription ExecMan.JobManager Exec Man. Execution And Planning ExecMan.CandidateSetGenerator ExecMan.Reservation

Open enumeration:

16.8 EndpointState_t

Closed enumeration: OK, Warning, Critical, Unknown, Other

16.9 DN_t

17. License_t Closed enumeration: opensource, commercial, unknow n

18. Appendix B: XML Rendering

In the final section, this page will contain the XML Schema rendering of GLUE 2.0. Meanwhile, the draft schema can be located at the following page:

http://forge.ogf.org/sf/wiki/do/view Page/projects.glue-wg/wiki/GLUE2XMLSchema

19. Appendix C: LDAP Rendering

add final date

In the final section, this page will contain the LDA P rendering of GLUE 2.0 (both schema and Directory Information Tree description). Meanwhile, the draft schema can be located at the following page:

http://forge.ogf.org/sf/wiki/do/view Page/projects.glue-wg/wiki/GLUE2LDAP

20. Appendix D: Relational Rendering

In the final section, this page will contain the Relational Schema rendering of GLUE 2.0. Meanw hile, the draft schema can be located at the following page:

http://forge.ogf.org/sf/wiki/do/view Page/projects.glue-wg/wiki/GLUE2Relational