GWD-R, GWD-I or GWD-C GLUE-WG

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1.1.1 GLUE Specification v. 2.0 (draft 19)

Status of This Document

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Abstract Comment [SA1]: To be written

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Sergio Andreozzi, INFN Balázs Kónya, Lund University Add final date

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2. Introduction

In this document, we present a conceptual information model for Grid entities described in natural language enriched with a graphical representation using UML Class Diagrams. As a conceptual model, this is meant to be implementation-independent. Mapping to concrete data models such as XML Schema, LDAP, relational and RDF are provided in the Appendix From the semantic viewpoint, the concrete data model should represent the same concepts and relationships of the conceptual information model; nevertheless it can contain simplifications specific to the target data model in order to improve query performance or other aspects.

This information model is based on the experience of several modeling approaches being used in current production Grid infrastructures (e.g., GLUE Schema 1.x [glue-1.x], NorduGrid schema [ng-schema], Naregi model [naregi-schema]). The proposed initial collection of entities is motivated also by the use cases document [glue-usecases]. [

[The Information Model and its renderings have to be consider case-sensitive]

3. Notational Conventions

Only include this section if applicable.

The key words 'MUST," "MUST NOT," "REQUIRED," "SHALL," "SHALL NOT," "SHOULD," "SHOULD NOT," "RECOMMENDED," "MAY," and "OPTIONAL" are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [BRADNER1]

Comment [SA2]: To be added

Comment [SA3]: To be extended

Comment [SA4]: To be moved in a better place

4. Conceptual Model of the Main Entities

The GLUE information model proposes a number of main entities and relationships represented in Figure 1.

Comment [SA5]: extend intro

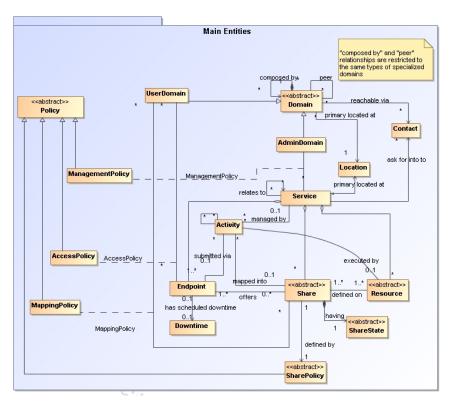


Figure 1 GLUE main entities and their relationships

4.1 Location				
Entity	Inherits fron	n		De scription
Location				A geographical position
Property	Type	Mult.	Unit	De scription
LocalID	String	1		An opaque local identifier
Name	String	1		A human-readable name
Address	String	01		Street address
Place	String	01		Name of town/city
Country	String	01		Country name
PostCode	String	01		Postal code
Latitude	Real32	01	Degree	The position of a place north or south of the equator measured from -90° to +90° with positive values going north and negative values going south
Longitude	Real32	01	Degree	The position of a place east or west of Greenwich, England measured from -

		east and negative values going west

The location entity is meant to be used for describing reference geographical positions of domains and services. They aim is to provide a simple way to express geographical information and is not intended to be used in complex geographical information systems. The accuracy of latitude and longitude should be defined in an interoperability profile.

4.2 Contact

Entity	Inherits from			De scription
Contact				Information enabling to establish a communication with a person or group of persons part of a domain
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription
LocalID	String	1		An opaque local identifier
URL	URL	1		URL embedding the contact information. The syntax of URI depends on the communication channel
Туре	ContactType_t	1		Type of contact
OtherInfo	String	*		Placeholder to publish info that does not fit in any other attribute. Free-form string, comma-separated tags, (name, value) pair are example of syntax

This entity can be used to represent contact information for user support, security, sysadmin. The various types of contact are identified by the Type attribute. In case of time-depend contact information, the instances of this entity should represent only the active contact information.

For telephone and fax: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2806.txt

For email: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2368.txt

For irc: http://www.w3.org/Addressing/draft-mirashi-url-irc-01.txt

http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2806.txt

4.3 Domain

Entity		Inherits from			Description		
Domain					A collection of actors that can be assigned with roles and privileges to entities via policies. A domain may have relationships to other domains.		
Property		Type	Mult.	Unit	De scription		
ID	[key]	URI	1		A global unique ID		
Name		String	01		Human-readable name		
Description		String	01		A description of the domain		
WWW		URL	*		The URL identifying a web page with more		
					information about the domain		
OtherInfo		String	*		Placeholder to publish info that does not fit in any		
					other attribute. Free-form string, comma-		
					separated tags, (name, value) pair are example of syntax		

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated.

Comment [SA6]: What about if an email address is used for usersupport and security? (multiple types or decoupling ID from contact info?)

Comment [SA7]: Add recommendation from Stephen Burke mentioned document

4.3.1 AdminDomain

= **				D 1.0
Entity AdminDomain	Inherits from Domain			Description A collection of actors that can be assigned with administrative roles and privileges to services via policies. An AdminDomain manages services that can be geographically distributed, nevertheless a primary location should be identified.
Inherited Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription
ID [key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Na me	String	01		Human-readable name
Description	String	01		A description of the domain
WWW	URL	*		The URL identifying a web page with
				more information about the domain
OtherInfo	String	*		Placeholder to publish info that does not fit in any other attribute. Free-form string, comma-separated tags, (name, value) pair are example of syntax
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription
Distributed	Boolean	01		True if the services managed by the admindomain are considered geographically distributed by the administrators themselves
Owner	String	*		Owner of the managed resources

Comment [SA8]: Add recommendation from Stephen Burke mentioned document

4.3.2 UserDomain

Entity	Inherits from			De scription
UserDomain	Domain			A collection of actors that can be assigned with user roles and privileges to services or shares via policies
Inherited Property	Type	Mult.	Unit	De scription
ID [key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Na me	String	01		Human-readable name
Description	String	01		A description of the domain
WWW	URL	*		The URL identifying a web page with more information about the domain
OtherInfo	String	*		Placeholder to publish info that does not fit in any other attribute. Free-form string, comma-separated tags, (name, value) pair are example of syntax
Property	Type	Mult.	Unit	De scription
Level	Int32	01		The number of hops to reach the root for hierarchically organized domains described by the "composed by" association (0 is for the root)
ManagerEndpoint	URI	*		The Endpoint ID managing the users part of the domain and the related attributes such as groups or roles

Comment [SA9]: Add recommendation from Stephen Burke mentioned document

In the GLUE Information Model, the Virtual Organization can be realized by using the concept of UserDomain. If the VO has an internal structure, this can be represented by using different domains related to each other. A Virtual Organization (VO) comprises a set of individuals and/or institutions having direct access to computers, software, data, and other resources for collaborative problem-solving or other purposes. Resources utilized by a VO are expected to be accessible via network endpoints and constrained by defining utilization targets called shares. The VO can exhibit the internal structure in terms of groups of individuals, each of them being a UserDomain. UserDomains can be hierarchically structured. This structure can be represented via the "composed by" association. A userDomain can be also related to other other userDomains via a "peer" relationship.]

As regards the ManagerEndpoint, a commonly used implementation is the VOMS.

Comment [SA10]: We do no have use cases for instantiating the peer relationship; if we won't have, then we should remove it

Comment [SA11]: Add reference

4.4 Policy

Entity	Inherits from)		De scription
Policy				Statements, rules or assertions that
				specify the correct or expected
				behavior of an entity
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated.

4.4.1 ManagementPolicy

Entity	Inherits from			De scription
ManagementPolicy	Policy			Statements, rules or assertions that
				assign management capabilities to actors as regards a manageable entity
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription

The existence of relationship among an AdminDomain and a Service implies that an AdminDomain can manage a Service. Currently, there is no use cases for having attributes in this entity.

4.4.2 AccessPolicy

Entity	Inherits from			De scription	
AccessPolicy	Policy			Statements, rules or assertions	
				that provides coarse-granularity	L
				information about the access by	ĺ
				actors to an entity	
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription	
Scheme	PolicyScheme_t	1		Scheme adopted to define the	L
	,			policy rules	ĺ
Rule	String	*		A policy rule	
TrustedCA	DN t	*		Distinguished name of the trusted	١.

Comment [SA12]: Specify that this is added to have a consistent conceptual model; example implementation in LDAP/XML is parent-child relationship between AdminDomain and Service

Comment [SA13]: Add more clarification about why it is coarse-granular

Comment [SA14]: Add basic policy scheme with VO, VOMS FQAN, (ALLOW)/DENY

Comment [SA15]: Evaluate if trustedCA goes together with access control information

example@ggf.org

8

		Certification Authority

This entity can be used to express which UserDomains can access a certain service endpoint. The granularity of these policies should be coarse-grained and suitable for pre-selection of services. The actual decision on the service side is performed by an authorization component that can contain a finer-grained set of policy rules that in some case can contradict the published coarse-grained policy rules. Examples of actors involved in this entity are userDomains representing VOs or groups.

4.4.3 MappingPolicy

Entity	Inherits from			De scription
MappingPolicy	Policy			Statements, rules or assertions that
				provides coarse-granularity information
				about the mapping of activities to
				shares based on user membership
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription
Scheme	PolicyScheme_t	1		Scheme adopted to define the policy
				rules
Rule	String	*		A policy rule

This entity can be used to express which UserDomains can consume a certain share of resources.

4.5 Service

Entity		Inherits from			Description
Service					An abstracted, logical view of actual software components that participate in the creation of an entity providing one or more functionalities useful in a Grid environment. A service exposes one or more endpoints having well-defined interfaces, zero or more shares and zero or more resources. The service is autonomous and denotes a weak aggregation among endpoints, the exposed resources, and the defined shares. The service enables to identify the whole set of entities providing the functionality with a persistent name.
Property		Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription
ID	[key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Name		String	01		Human-readable name
Capability		ServiceCapability_t	*		The capability provided by this service according to the OGSA architecture
Туре		ServiceType_t	1		The type of service according to a middleware classification
QualityLevel		QualityLevel_t	1		Maturity of the service in terms of quality of the software components
StatusPage		URL	*		Web page providing additional information like monitoring aspects

Comment [SA16]: do we need this? Is it a special case of access policy or a different category?

Comment [SA17]: Add more clarification about why it is coarse-granular

add final date

Complexity	String	01	Human-readable summary description of the complexity in terms of the number of endpoint types, shares and resources. The syntax should be:
			endpointType=X, share=Y, resource=Z.
OtherInfo	String	*	Placeholder to publish info that does not fit in any other attribute. Free-form string, comma-separated tags, (name, value) pair are example of syntax

The simplest Service is composed by one endpoint, no share and no resource (e.g. a metadata catalog service). In the context of a Service, the same resource part of it can be exposed via multiple endpoints based on defined shares. For instance, in the area of storage systems, SRMv1 and SRMv2.2 interfaces can expose the same resource via different endpoints offering different interface version; in the area of computing systems, the CREAM and GRAM endpoints can expose the same batch system. Endpoints, shares and resources can belong to only one service.]

Comment [SA18]: To be verified by real-world use cases

4.6 Endpoint

Entity	Inherits from			De scription
Endpoint				A network location having
				a well-defined interface
				and exposing the service
				functionalities
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	
ID [key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Name	String	01		Human-readable name
URL	URL	1		Network location of the
				endpoint to contact the
				related service
(Capability)	EndpointCapability_t	*		The capability exposed by
· ·				thisinterface
Туре	EndpointType_t	1		The type of endpoint
				according to a middleware
				classification
QualityLevel	QualityLevel_t	1		Maturity of the service in
				terms of quality of the
				software components
SpedficationName	String	01		Name of the interface
				specification
SpedficationVersion	String	01		Version of the interface
Implementor	String	01		Main organization
				implementing this software
				component
ImplementationName	String	01		Name of the
				implementation
ImplementationVersion	String	01		Version of the
				implementation (e.g.,

Comment [SA19]: To be verified if we keep both here and in service or only in one part

Comment [SA20]: Suggestion to use URI for identifying categories; Donal will provide examples

Comment [SA21]: What is the relationship between values for this attribute and values for the service quality Level?

example@ggf.org

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			major version.minor version.pathcversion)
HealthState	EndpointHealthState_t	1	A state representing the health of the endpoint
HealthStateInfo	String	01	Textual explanation of the state endpoint
ServingState	ServingState_t	1	The serving state (production, draining, queueing, closed)
WSDL	URL	*	URL of the WSDL
			document describing the offered interface (applies to Web Services endpoint)
SupportedProfile	URI	*	URI identifying a supported profile
Semantics	URL	*	URL of a document providing a human-readable description of the semantics of the endpoint functionalities
StartTime	DateTime	01	The timestamp for the start time of the endpoint
IssuerCA	DN_t	01	Distinguished name of Certification Authority issuing the certificate for the endpoint
Association End		Mult.	Description
Association to UserDo	main via Access Policy)		

For Grid services requiring a richer set of properties for the endpoint, specific models can be derived by specializing from the Endpoint entity and adding new properties or relationships. The current proposal contains the Computing Endpoint specialization (see Section)

4.7 Downtime

Entity Downtime	Inherits from			Description A description of a scheduled downtime event
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	
DowntimeAnnounce	DateTime	01		The timestamp for the announcement of the next scheduled downtime
DowntimeStart	DateTime	1		The starting timestamp of the next scheduled downtime
DowntimeEnd	DateTime	01		The ending timestamp of the next scheduled downtime
DowntimeInfo	String	01		Description of the next scheduled downtime

4.8 Share

Entity	Inherits from	De scription
Share		A utilization target for a set of resources
		offered via related endpoints defined by

Comment [SA22]: Verify if a single value is enough

Comment [SA23]: to be extended, should capture what is currently called AccessControlBaseRule in GLUE 1.x

Comment [SA24]: add section reference

Comment [SA25]: shares can be related to each other for instance via hierarchy

					policies and characterized by status information
Property		Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription
LocalID	[key]	String	1		An opaque local identifier
Name		String	01		Human-readable name

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated.

4.9 ShareState

Entity	Inherits fro	om		De scription
ShareState				State information for a share
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated.

4.10 SharePolicy

Entity	Inherits fro	om		De scription
SharePolicy				Statements, rules or assertions that specify the correct or expected behavior of a share
Property	Type	Mult.	Unit	De scription

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated.

4.11 Resource

Entity		Inherits fro	m		De scription
Re source					An entity useful in a Grid environment part of a logical service, reachable via one or more endpoints and having one or more shares defined on it. A resource usually represents aggregated information
Property		Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription
ID	[key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Name		String	01		Human-readable name

This is an abstract entity not meant to be instantiated. For Grid resources requiring a richer set of properties, specific models can be defined by specializing from the Resource entity and adding new properties or relationships. The current proposal contains the Computing Resource specialization (see Section).

Comment [SA26]: add section reference

4.12 Activity

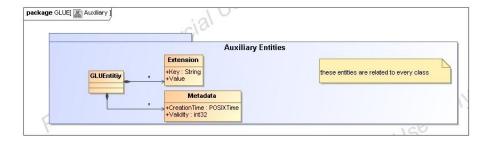
Entity	Inherits from	De scription
Activity		An activity is a unit of work managed by a
·		service and submitted via an endpoint; an
		activity can have relationships to other

					activities being managed by different services, therefore it shares a common context.
Property		Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription
ID	[key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Туре		ActivityType_t	1		The type of this activity

Grid jobs are example of activities for a Computing Service. An interesting type of relationship for jobs derives from its propagation through several services. For instance, a broker service submits a Grid job to a selected execution service, upon completion the execution service submits a logging record to an accounting service. Each of these services will have associated an instance of a Grid job related to the lifecycle of the job within the service. All instances refer to the same conceptual job submitted by the user.

5. Auxiliar Entities

The auxiliary entities currently provides extensibility mechanisms and metadata applicable to all GLUE entities. Widely used extensions will be considered for addition in future GLUE information model revision as primary properties.



5.1 Extension

Entity	Inherits from			De scription
Extension				A key,value pair providing extra information not captured in the current model
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription
Key	String	1		A local ID, typically an attribute name that could be added in future info model revisions
Value	String	*		A value for the attribute

5.2 Metadata

Entity	Inherits fro	m		De scription
Metadata				
Property	Туре	Mult.	Unit	De scription
CreationTime	DateTime	1		Timestamp when the entity instance was generated
Validity	Int32	1	S	The time period for how long the generated

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	information is considered to be relevant by the information provider

6. Conceptual Model of the Storage Service

Like the Computing Service, the conceptual model of the Storage Service is based upon the main entities and uses specializations for those entities. Further on, storage related concepts such as StorageShareState, StorageSharePolicy, StorageAccessPolicy and StorageEnvironment are introduced.

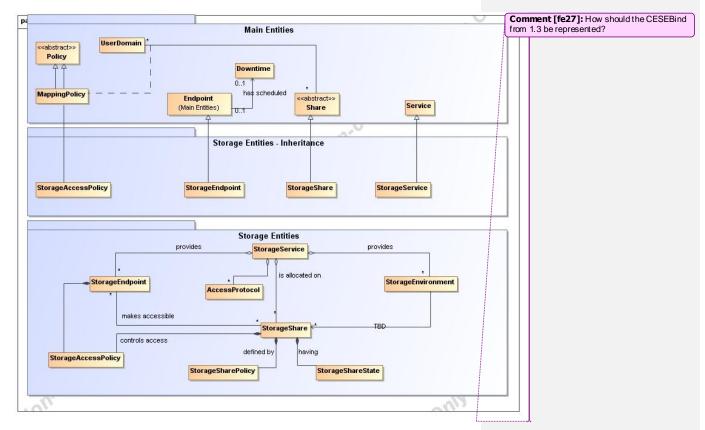


Figure 2 Entities and relationships for the Storage Element model

6.1.1 StorageService

Entity	Inherits from			Description
StorageService	Service			An abstracted, logical view of actual software components that participate in the creation of a storage capacity in a Grid environment. A storage service exposes one or more endpoints having well-defined interfaces and one or more storage shares.
				The service is autonomous and denotes a weak aggregation among endpoints and the defined storage shares. The service enables to identify the whole set of entities providing the storage functionality with a persistent name.
Inherited Property	Ту ре	Mult	Unit	Description
ID [key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Name	String	01		Human-readable name
Capability	ServiceCapability_t	*		The capability provided by this service according to the OGSA architecture
Туре	ServiceType_t	1		The type of service according to a middleware classification
QualityLevel	QualityLevel_t	1		Maturity of the service in terms of quality of the software components
StatusPage StatusPage	URL	*		Web page providing additional information like monitoring aspects
Complexity	String	01		Human-readable summary description of the complexity in terms of the number of endpoint types, shares and resources. The syntax should be: endpoint Type=X, share=Y, resource=Z.
OtherInto	String	*		Placeholder to publish into that does not tit in any other attribute. Free-form string, comma-separated tags, (name, value) pair are example of syntax
Property	Ту ре	Mult	Unit	Description
Implementation Name	String	1		The name of the running software
Implementation Version	String	1		The version of the running software
Information Service URL	URI	01		A resource location where to retrieve local information
Architecture	String	1		The Architecture this storage management software is running on.
TotalOnlineSize	Int64	01	GB	Total storage capacity of the Service
TotalNearlineSize	Int64	01	GB	[lotal storage capacity of the Service on secondary storage]
UsedOnlineSize	Int64	01	GB	Used storage capacity
UsedNearlineSize	Int64	01	GB	Used storage capacity on secondary storage
·				

The storage service is formed by storage endpoints offering interfaces to the service and storage shares which represent allocated storage capacity on the service which can be utilized for storage activities. The access to the endpoint and shares is controlled by a mapping policy instance.

A storage service is instantiated when it offers at least one endpoint. It may have zero or more shares. A storage service without a storage share does not offer any storage capabilities.

The Total/Used-size numbers are capacity status metrics of the storage service. If no secondary storage (like a tape backend) is available on the service the 'Nearline' attribute is meaningless and should not be specified.

Comment [fe28]: Do we need to account separate disk/tape usage?

Comment [fe29]: Attributes to be discussed

6.2 StorageEndpoint

Entity	Inherits from			Description
StorageEndpoint	Endpoint, Downtime		Endpoint for accessing and controlling	
Laborito d Donnard	T			storage activities.
Inherited Property	Ту ре	Mult	Unit	Description
TD [key]	URI	1		A global unique ID
Name	String	01		Human-readable name
URL	URL	1		Network location of the endpoint to contact
				the related service
Capability	Endpoint Capability_t	*		The capability exposed by this interface
Туре	Endpoint Type_t	1		The type of endpoint according to a
				middlew are classification
QualityLevel	QualityLevel_t	1		Maturity of the service in terms of quality of
,				the software components
SpecificationName	String	0 1		Name of the interface specification
SpecificationVersion	String	0 1		Version of the interface
Implementor	String	01		Main organization implementing this
				software component
ImplementationName	String	0 1		Name of the implementation
ImplementationVersion	String	0 1		Version of the implementation (e.g., major
·				version. minor version. pathcversion)
HealthState	EndpointHealthState_t	1		A state representing the health of the
	_			endpoint
HealthStateInfo	String	0 1		lextual explanation of the state endpoint
ServingState	ServingState_t	1		The serving state (production, draining,
_	_			queueing, closed)
WSDL	URL	Ű		URL of the WSDL document describing
		V		the offered interface (applies to Web
				Services endpoint)
SupportedProfile	URI	*		URI identifying a supported profile
Semantics	URL	*		URL of a document providing a human-
				readable description of the semantics of
				the endpoint functionalities
Start Time	Date Time	01		The timestamp for the start time of the
				endpoint
IssuerCA	DN_t	0 1		Distinguished name of Certification
				Authority issuing the certificate for the
				endpoint
DowntimeAnnounce	DateTime	01		The timestamp for the announcement of
				the next scheduled downtime
DowntimeStart	DateTime	1		The starting timestamp of the next
				scheduled downtime
DowntimeEnd	Date lime	0 1		The ending timestamp of the next
				scheduled downtime
DowntimeInto	String	0 1	1	Description of the next scheduled
				downtime
Property	Ту ре	Mult.	Unit	Description
Capability	String	*		Other information regarding this Endpoint
	 	-	1	
	1			

A Storage Endpoint exposes one interface of how a storage service can be contacted. It gives information about the control protocol and its status as well as possible downtimes.

A storage endpoint is linked to storage shares and thereby knows which shares it gives access to

The Capability field can be used to specify other restrictions such as WAN read-only/LAN read-write.

Comment [SA30]: To be verified if we keep both here and in service or only in one part

Comment [SA31]: Suggestion to use URI for identifying categories; Donal will provide examples

Comment [SA32]: What is the relationship between values for this attribute and values for the service quality Level?

Comment [SA33]: Verify if a single value is enough

6.3 StorageShare

Entity	Inherits from			Description
StorageShare	Share			A utilization target for a set of storage resources defined by policies and characterized by status information
Inherited Property	Туре	Mult	Unit	Description
LocalID [key]	String	1		An opaque local identifier
Name	String	01		Human-readable name
Property	Ту ре	Mult.	U nit	Description
Path	String	01		A
ExpirationMode	expirationMode_t	01		Never, Warn, Release
UserTag	String	*		A user defined tag for additional information

A storage share represents allocated, (to a user domain) dedicated logical storage space within a storage service and can be accessed through the service's endpoint(s).

In SRM world this entity would keep the SpaceTokenDescription in the UserTag field

6.4 StorageEnvironment

Entity	Inherits from			Description
StorageEnvironment				Description of the storage environment of the
				StorageShare.
Property	Ту ре	Mult.	Unit	Description
ly pe	share_t			Volatile, Durable, Permanent
AccessLatency	accessLatency_t			Online, Nearline, Offline
RetentionPolicy	retentionPolicy_t			Custodial, Output, Replica

Comment [fe35]: Attributes to be discussed

Comment [fe34]: Attributes to be discussed

6.5 StorageSharePolicy

Entity StoragesSharePolicy	Inherits from SharePolicy			Description Set of policies that defines a storage share
Inherited Property	Туре	Mult	Unit	Description

Property	Ту ре	Mult.	Unit	Description
MinFileSize	Int64	01	GB	
MaxFileSize	Int64	01	GB	
MaxNumFiles	Int64	01		
MaxPinDuration	Int64	01	S	
			J	

Comment [fe36]: Attributes to be discussed

6.6 StorageShareState

Entity	Inherits from			Description
StorageShareState				Describes the State of a StorageShare.
Property	Ту ре	Mult.	U nit	Description
free space		1	GByte	The free space left on this Share
used space		1	GByte	The used space of thid Share
lotal space		1	GByte	The total size of this Share
Status	ShareStatus_I	1		Up / Down / Maintenance
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1	<u> </u>	

Comment [fe37]: Attributes to be discussed

example@ggf.org

18

This entity contains rather dynamic information about the dedicated storage space in the grid. The free/used/total space can be used for accounting but also to determine where a job with specific space requirements may run.

The 'Total space' is the summation of 'free space' and 'used space'.

StorageAccessPolicy 6.7

Entity	Inherits fro	m		Description
StorageAccessPolicy				Statements, rules or assertions that specify which instantiation of a Domain may use the associated StorageShare or StorageEndpoint.
Property	Ту ре	Mult.	Unit	Description
LocaliD	URI	1		A local identifier for this Policy
Name	String	1		An descriptive name for this Policy
Path	String	1		Path used by VO for writing in an associated Share
		1		

Glue 1.3: VOInfo

6.8 StorageShare - ComputingShare Relationship

7. Relationship to OGF Reference Model

In this section, we describe the integration of the GLUE information model with the OGF Reference Model.

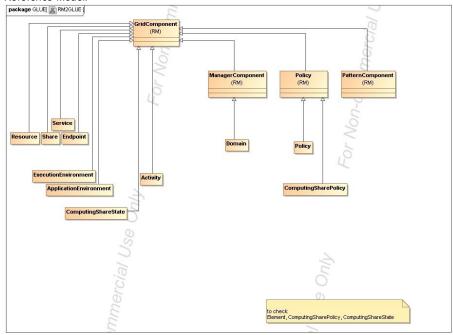


Figure 3 GLUE and Reference Model integration (draft)

8. Template

Entity Inherits from Description

Property Type Mult. Unit Description

9. Security Considerations

Please refer to RFC 3552 [RESCORLA] for guidance on writing a security considerations section. This section is required in all documents, and should not just say "there are no security considerations." Quoting from the RFC:

Comment [SA38]: Describe template

"Most people speak of security as if it were a single monolithic property of a protocol or system, however, upon reflection, one realizes that it is clearly not true. Rather, security is a series of related but somewhat independent properties. Not all of these properties are required for every application.

We can loosely divide security goals into those related to protecting communications (COMMUNICATION SECURITY, also known as COMSEC) and those relating to protecting systems (ADMINISTRATIVE SECURITY or SYSTEM SECURITY). Since communications are carried out by systems and access to systems is through communications channels, these goals obviously interlock, but they can also be independently provided."

10. Author Information

Contact information for authors.

The actual Authors (or Editors) listed on the title page are those committed to taking permanent stewardship for this document – receiving communication in the future and otherwise being responsive to its content. The GFSG recommends at most three Author/Editors be listed on the title page, unless there are compelling reasons to list more.

11. Contributors & Acknowledgements

We gratefully acknowledge the contributions made to this document (in no particular order) by

12. Glossary

Recommended but not required.

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Comment [HK39]: I don't think it is just "current y ear." For example, a document wad started to create from 2003, it should be "2003, 2004, 2005" or "2003-2005."

16. References

Note that only permanent documents should be cited as references. Other items, such as Web pages or working groups, should be cited inline (i.e., see the Open Grid Forum, http://www.ogf.org). References should conform to a standard such as used by IEEE/ACM, MLA, Chicago or similar. Include an author, year, title, publisher, place of publication. For online materials, also add a URL. It is acceptable to separate out "normative references," as IETF documents typically do. Some sample citations:

[glue-wg] The Glue Working Group of OGF, https://forge.gridforum.org/sf/projects/glue-wg [glue-usecases] Glue 2.0 Use Cases (early draft), https://forge.gridforum.org/sf/go/doc14621 [glue-1.x] The Glue Schema 1.3, https://forge.gridforum.org/sf/go/doc14185 [ng-schema] The NorduGrid/ARC Information System, NORDUGRID-TECH

4, https://forge.gridforum.org/sf/go/doc14273

[naregi-schema] NAREGI information and data model, https://forge.gridforum.org/sf/go/doc14300 [ogf-ts] Technical Strategy for the Open Grid Forum 2007-2010. GFD-I.113. http://www.ogf.org/documents/GFD.113.pdf

[omii-jra2-djra2.1] Sergio Andreozzi, Antonia Ghiselli, Chunming Hu, Jinlei Jiang, Balazs Konya, Morris Riedel, Davy Virdee, Li Zha. D:JRA2.0 Report on Grid Activities relevant to the identification of new services http://omii-europe.org/OMII-Europe/News/DJRA20.pdf

17. Appendix A: Data Types

17.1 ContactType_t

Open enumeration: security, sysadmin, usersupport, general

17.2 PolicyScheme_t

17.3 DateTime

Extended ISO 8061 format: [-]CCYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss[Z|(+|-)hh:mm]

This data type maps the XSD dateTime simple type.

We restrict this syntax to GMT timezone: yyyy '-' mm '-' dd 'T' hh ':' mm ':' ss Z

17.4 ServiceCapability_t

List of values initially drafted from [omii-jra2-djra2.1]. To be refined by examples

Security.Authentication	Capacity of providing authentication mechanisms for Grid users machine and services
Security.CredentialStorage	Capacity of providing an online credential repository that allows users to securely obtain credentials when and where needed
Security.Delegation	capacity for a user to give a service the authority to undertake specific activities or decisions on its behalf
Security.Authorization	capacity of handling authorization aspects, making authorization decisions about the subject and the requested mode of access based upon combining information from a number of distinct sources

Comment [SA40]: Ad examples or more description

<u> </u>
capacity of mapping Grid-level credentials to local level credentials (e.g., mapping a user X.509 certificate into a
UNIX account).
capacity of associating a user with a set of attributes in a
trusted manner to a relying party, by way of digitally signed assertions
capacity of systematically recording, reporting, and analyzing
the usage of resources
capacity of moving a file from one network location to
another. It refers to the actual transfer (e.g., as performed by
protocols like FTP, GridFTP, or HTTP)
capacity of managing a transfer of files from the start to
the completion
capacity of managing the creation of file replicas upon
request
capacity of managing a storage resource, from simple
systems like disk-servers to complex hierarchical systems
capacity of resolving one name to another (for example,
search the associated abstract name to a certain human-
oriented name)
capacity of attaching names to data resources. (To evaluate
if it should moved to the main category infrastructure instead
of data). In OGSA, a three-level naming scheme is defined:
(1) human-oriented name, (2) abstract name and (3) address
capacity of providing access to a relational data source

D. C. A VIII	1. C 111 . TD FT 1
Data.Access.XML	capacity of providing access to an XML data source
Data.Access.FlatFiles	capacity of providing access to a flat file
Information.Model	capacity of modelling resources based on a community
	accepted definition
Information.Discovery	capacity of locating unknown resources or services,
	possibly satisfying a set of requirements
Information.Logging	capacity of recording data, often chronologically
Information.Monitoring	capacity of periodically observing measurements,
	transform them and make available to users or other
	applications
Information.Provenance	capacity of providing long-term storage of information
	related to Grid activity and to let this information be
	accessed by users or other applications.
ExecMan.BES	capacity of executing a job or set of jobs.
ExecMan.JobDescription	capacity of letting users be able to describe a job
	submission request based on a machine-processable
	language
ExecMan.JobManager	capacity of managing the execution of a job or set of
	jobs from start to finish
ExecMan.ExecutionAndPlanning	capacity of building schedules for jobs, that is, the
	capability of defining mappings between services and
	resources, possibly with time constraints
ExecMan.CandidateSetGenerator	capacity of determining the set of resources on which a
	nit of workcan execute
ExecMan.Reservation	capacity of managing reservation of resources for future
	usage

Open enumeration:

17.5 ServiceType_t

Every item should start with org.MIDDLEWARE NAME.

Open enumeration: org.glite.wms, org.glite.lb

17.6 QualityLevel_t

Closed enumeration: production, pre-production, testing, development

17.7 EndpointCapability_t

The initial set of values is drafted from [omii-jra2-djra2.1]. To be refined by examples.

add final date

Security.Authentication Security.CredentialStorage Security.Delegation Security. Authorization Security. Attribute Authority Security.ldentyMapping Security. Accounting Data.Transfer Data.Management.Transfer Data.Management.Replica Data.Management.Storage Data.Naming.Resolver Data.Naming.Scheme Data.Access.Relational Data.Access.XML Data.Access.FlatFiles Information.Model Information.Discovery Information.Logging Information. Monitoring Information.Provenance ExecMan.BES ExecMan.JobDescription ExecMan.JobManager ExecMan.ExecutionAndPlanning ExecMan.CandidateSetGenerator ExecMan.Reservation

Open enumeration:

17.8 EndpointState_t

Closed enumeration: OK, Warning, Critical, Unknown, Other

17.9 DN_t

18. License_t

Closed enumeration: opensource, commercial, unknown

19. Appendix B: XML Rendering

In the final section, this page will contain the XML Schema rendering of GLUE 2.0. Meanwhile, the draft schema can be located at the following page:

http://forge.ogf.org/sf/wiki/do/viewPage/projects.glue-wg/wiki/GLUE2XMLSchema

20. Appendix C: LDAP Rendering

add final date

In the final section, this page will contain the LDAP rendering of GLUE 2.0 (both schema and Directory Information Tree description). Meanwhile, the draft schema can be located at the following page:

 $\underline{http://forge.ogf.org/sf/wiki/do/viewPage/projects.glue-wg/wiki/GLUE2LDAP}$

21. Appendix D: Relational Rendering

In the final section, this page will contain the Relational Schema rendering of GLUE 2.0. Meanwhile, the draft schema can be located at the following page:

http://forge.ogf.org/sf/wiki/do/viewPage/projects.glue-wg/wiki/GLUE2Relational