### Notes – Multi-Grid Interoperation Planning Meeting

17-November 2005 Seattle, Washington, US

Moderators:

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> Satoshi Matsuoka Tokyo Institute of Technology (NAREGI Project)

#### Abstract

Many production grid projects have begun to offer services to end-users during the past several years, with an increasing number of application projects that require access to resources in multiple grid systems. Most of the production grid projects regularly interact with other grid projects in pair wise fashion, discussing opportunities to collaborate and to work toward interoperation. These bilateral discussions have identified a number of opportunities where, with minor modification, specific services offered by multiple grid systems could interoperate.

Directors and Technical leaders from nine major production grid projects in Europe, North America, and Asia-Pacific met together on 17-November-2005 to discuss these opportunities and to plan for production interoperation in three to six specific services within the next year.

This report documents that discussion, including four areas of production interoperation to be pursued by the group over the next year. As a next step, the group will develop application-driven plans for interoperation in these areas by the end of January 2006, followed by an open workshop at GGF-16 in February 2006 to invite other grid projects to join in these efforts to establish specific services with production interoperation.

#### Status of this Memo

This memo is a draft set of notes and action items from a meeting of leaders from multiple production grid projects. It does not describe standards, but rather provides a current set of plans to achieve production interoperation with a small set of services. These services are selected opportunistically based on current state of technology and standards. When final plans are prepared (January/February 2005) the intent is to integrate them with this report and submit as a GGF Informational document.

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#### **Participants**

#### Name

Grid / Institution

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DEISA/IDRIS TeraGrid/SDSC Pragma/UCSD TeraGrid/UC-ANL TeraGrid/UC-ANL GGF/Intel TeraGrid/UC-ANL APAC/CSIRO UK NGS/CCLRC OSG/CCR DEISA/MPG EGEE/GRnet Pragma/SDSC EGEE/CERN EGEE/CERN by telephone

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#### Grid / Institution

K\*Grid/KISTI *TeraGrid/UC-ANL* Pragma/NCHC GGF/HP OSG/UW NAREGI/TIT UK NGS/OMII APAC Pragma/SDSC OSG/FermiLab NAREGI/NII BusinessGrid/AIST TeraGrid/NCSA TeraGrid/UC-ANL



Front (left to right): Mike Showerman (TeraGrid), Ray Bair (TeraGrid), Charlie Catlett (TeraGrid), Satoshi Matsuoka (NAREGI), Satoshi Sekiguchi (BusinessGrid), Robert Fogel (GGF), Mark Linesch (GGF), Jongsuk Ruth Lee (K\*Grid), Dane Skow (TeraGrid), Kazushige Saga (NAREGI), Peter Arzberger (Pragma) Back (left to right): Ruth Pordes (OSG), Neil Geddes (UK NGS), Erwin Laure (EGEE), Steven Newhouse (UK NGS), John O'Callaghan (APAC), Rhys Francis (APAC), Mark Green (OSG), Stefan Heinzel (DEISA), Victor Alessandrini (DEISA), Fang-Pang Lin (Pragma), Mason Katz (Pragma), Phil Papadopolous (Pragma) Not pictured: Phil Andrews (TeraGrid), Dieter Kranzlmueller (EGEE), Ian Foster (TeraGrid), Lee Liming (TeraGrid), Miron Livny (OSG), Fotis Karayannis (EGEE)

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### **1** Introduction

Charlie Catlett provided background on the purpose of the meeting and a potential medium to long-term approach to deciding on interoperation focus areas and moving toward production interoperation in those areas. (see

Appendix: Introductory Slides) It was stressed that production interoperation in the near-term, *motivated by specific applications and use cases*, is the objective. Long term "interoperability" as a goal should be kept in mind and, where possible, captured and integrated into standardization efforts. "Near-term" was defined as "within one year," i.e. a near term solution is one that can be put into production within one year.

The objective to this meeting was as follows:

- a. Agree to work together to define specific opportunities for production interoperation, driven by real, specific applications.
- b. Identify several areas of "low hanging fruit"
- c. Volunteer effort to develop 1-2 page outline of problem space, solution space, and recommended approach to interoperation in each area.
- d. Volunteer effort to refine outlines into specific plans, with milestones, to reach interoperation over the course of 6-9 months.

Each participant introduced himself/herself along with institution and brief thoughts on interoperation needs and opportunities.

## 2 Exploring Areas for Production Interoperation in 2006

Satoshi Matsuoka provided an overview of areas that many bilateral grid project discussions have identified as potential opportunities for interoperation (see Appendix: Introductory Slides).

General Area	Score
Authorization & Identity Management	20
Resource and Information Schema and Services	10
Job Submission, Audit, Tracking	13
Data Movement & Management	13
Workflow	4
Co-Scheduling	3
Accounting and Allocations	1

Table 1: Areas for Possible Interoperation

Table 1 shows the general areas discussed. The table also shows results of a rough poll taken by show of hands where each of the participants was asked to indicate his or her selection of the three areas where interoperation would be highest priority for his or her user community, and was potentially achievable within one year at least at a basic level.

Within the top four general areas we discussed specific interoperation components, refining the general area into specific capabilities within that area. The results of these discussions are indicated in Table 2 along with an identified organizer for each.

General Area	Specific Topic	Leader
Motivating Applications	A set of applications that	Ray Bair (TeraGrid)
and Use Cases	require one or more of the	
	four areas of interoperation,	
	covering all four.	
Authorization & Identity	Authentication,	Dane Skow (TeraGrid)
Management	Authorization, and	
	Delegation	
Resource and Information	Mapping between	Satoshi Matsuoka
Schema and Services	predominant schemas	(NAREGI/TIT)
	(CIM, Glue)	
Job Submission, Audit,	job description language	Steven Newhouse
Tracking		(UK_NGS/OMII)
Data Movement &	Data location description	Ruth Pordes (OSG/FNAL)
Management	and movement	

Table 2: Specific Topic Areas and Volunteer Organizers

Additional individuals were suggested for each of these topics, along with general approaches for each area as outlined below. *NOTE: Apologies to individuals whose names appear below but who have not yet been asked to participate!* 

### 2.1 Motivating Applications and Use Cases

The selection of interoperation areas and their prioritization must begin with user need and requirements. Many application projects have been initiated between two or more Grid projects and it is important to use these types of projects to drive interoperation. A set of application and use case scenarios that motivate the need for interoperation must be documented. Many of these were seen during the SC05 conference, where a large number of application projects showed use of multiple grids.

To provide a context to frame the four selected interoperation efforts there will be a team focusing on bringing together a set of representative application use cases. Ray Bair (TeraGrid) will lead this group, working with Victor Alessandrini (DEISA) and John O'Callaghan (APAC)

who agreed to participate. In addition, the following individuals were suggested to join and will be invited to do so: Yoshiyuki Watase (NAREGI), and Vincent Breton (EGEE).

#### 2.2 Authorization and Identity Management

The subject of nearly unanimous interest was in managing identity and supporting secure authorization for users attempting to access resources in multiple autonomous Grid infrastructures. EGEE and OSG have extensive experience in the area of cross-grid authorization and identity management. Dane Skow presented an outline of the EGEE/OSG approach done with Ake Edlund in September 2005 (see Appendix: Introductory Slides).

Dane Skow will work with a team to take interoperation plans developed by EGEE and OSG and use these as a base for general application among multiple grid projects. Individuals suggested to join this team were: Stephen Pickles (UK NGS), Shinichi Mineo (NAREGI) and Von Welch (TeraGrid).

#### 2.3 Resource Information Schema and Services

In order for users to identify appropriate resources within a Grid infrastructure there must be some form of resource information, provided through standard schema and with standard query mechanisms. Most of the represented production grid projects today use some form of the GLUE schema for historical reasons, however CIM is widely adopted within industry as a standard system resource schema, and the organization developing CIM (DMTF) is starting to work closely with the Grid community through its alliance with GGF. NAREGI has experience extending the CIM schema to be applicable to Grids, as well as building an actual distributed information system for grids that can collect information from the information providers, perform translation and store the information into the CIM database, and allow the clients to query the info using the extended CIM schema and the OGSA-DAI service API. A separate activity, primarily in the UK with the UniGridS project, has been looking at the commonalities as well as the differences between Glue and CIM, including possible mappings between them.

Satoshi Matsuoka will work with a team to pursue a Glue/CIM mapping approach. Suggested individuals to be invited to participate in this team included: Jennifer Schopf (TeraGrid), Yuji Saeki (NAREGI), Dave Snelling (UniGridS), Hiro Kishimoto (BusinessGrid), and Sergio Andreozzi (EGEE).

#### 2.4 Job Submission, Audit, Tracking

To submit a task or set of tasks for execution on a resource or set of resources it is essential that there exist some basic common description format. The alternative requires users to learn and track how to describe jobs to execute on the many resources in various Grid infrastructures that

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they may need to access. In this area there is substantial adoption, or plan for adoption, of the recently published GGF JSDL specification. Many mappings (such as to Globus or Condor) and extensions have been developed for JSDL already.

Steven Newhouse will work with a team to identify a specific set of JSDL functions necessary for interoperation, and will coordinate with the GGF JSDL working group to ensure support from the standards activity. Suggested individuals to be invited to participate in this team included: Paolo Malfetti (DEISA), Kazu Saga (NAREGI), Mark Green (OSG), Massimo Sgaravatto (EGEE) and Stuart Martin (TeraGrid).

#### 2.5 Data Movement and Management

Participants generally found that multi-grid applications require some common method for specifying and moving data. Many possibilities could be pursued in this area, ranging from grid filesystems to high-performance transport, replication, or catalog approaches. The group felt that the key interoperation area would be to support data specification (i.e. location of data) and movement. Most grid efforts plan to support the SRM standard, which is transport-independent however most SRM use is expected to be in conjunction with GridFTP.

Ruth Pordes will lead a team to develop plans for interoperation based on SRM/GridFTP. Suggested individuals to be invited to participate in this team included: Erwin Laure (EGEE), Rhys Francis (APAC), Ari Shoshone (OSG), and Andreas Schott (DEISA).

## 3 Next Steps

Each group organizer agreed to contact team members to verify their willingness to help with the following schedule of action items:

- Develop a 1-2 page draft plan that outlines the problem area, including the user/application capabilities that drive interoperation needs. The plan should also summarize the solution space and recommended interoperation plans for both near term (2006) and long-term (2007 or later, if known) production implementation. These plans may need to specify a timeline for evaluating options and making decisions during early 2006.
  Deadline: 13-January-2006.
- Refine this plan based on feedback from the planning group (those who participated in this meeting), resulting in a final draft plan. The final draft should include specific applications that will be enabled along with metrics for determining success.

Deadline: 3-February-2006.

- 3) Present plans for discussion at an open workshop at GGF-16 in Athens, Greece (likely to be held early in the week, e.g. 13-February), refining as necessary based on workshop discussions and interactions with relevant GGF working groups at GGF-16.
- 4) Lead the execution of the plan for interoperation during 2006. We expect that these teams will meet periodically (e.g. at GGF meetings or various grid project meetings) and communicate regularly (via mailing lists and teleconference calls). *The plans developed in the first three steps should outline specific milestones that can be tracked, including metrics for evaluating success. Plans should also include, where applicable, interactions with appropriate standards activities.*

<b>Grid/Organization</b>	<u>Website</u>
APAC	www.apac.edu.au/programs/GRID/
BusinessGrid	www.jpgrid.org/english/
DEISA	www.deisa.org/
EGEE	public.eu-egee.org/
GGF	www.ggf.org
GRnet	www.grnet.gr/index.php?language=en
K*Grid	www.ksc.re.kr/eng/project/project3.htm
NAREGI	www.naregi.org/index_e.html
US NMI	www.nsf-middleware.org
OMII	www.omii.ac.uk/
OSG	www.opensciencegrid.org
Pragma	www.pragma-grid.net/
TeraGrid	www.teragrid.org
UK NGS	<u>www.ngs.ac.uk/</u>
UniGridS	www.unigrids.org
<b>Technology</b>	Website
CIM	www.dmtf.org/standards/cim/
Condor	www.cs.wisc.edu/condor/
Globus	www.globus.org
GLUE	www.cnaf.infn.it/~andreozzi/datatag/glue/
GridFTP	www.ggf.org/documents/GFD.47.pdf
JSDL	www.ggf.org/documents/GFD.56.pdf
OGSA	www.ggf.org/documents/GFD.53.pdf
OGSA-DAI	www.ogsadai.org.uk/
SRM	forge.gridforum.org/projects/gsm-wg/

### 4 Glossary and References: For More Information

# 5 Appendix: Introductory Slides

Appended are introductory slides used by Charlie Catlett and Satoshi Matsuoka at the start of this meeting as well as slides shown by Dane Skow providing an overview of authentication and identity management approaches.



















































