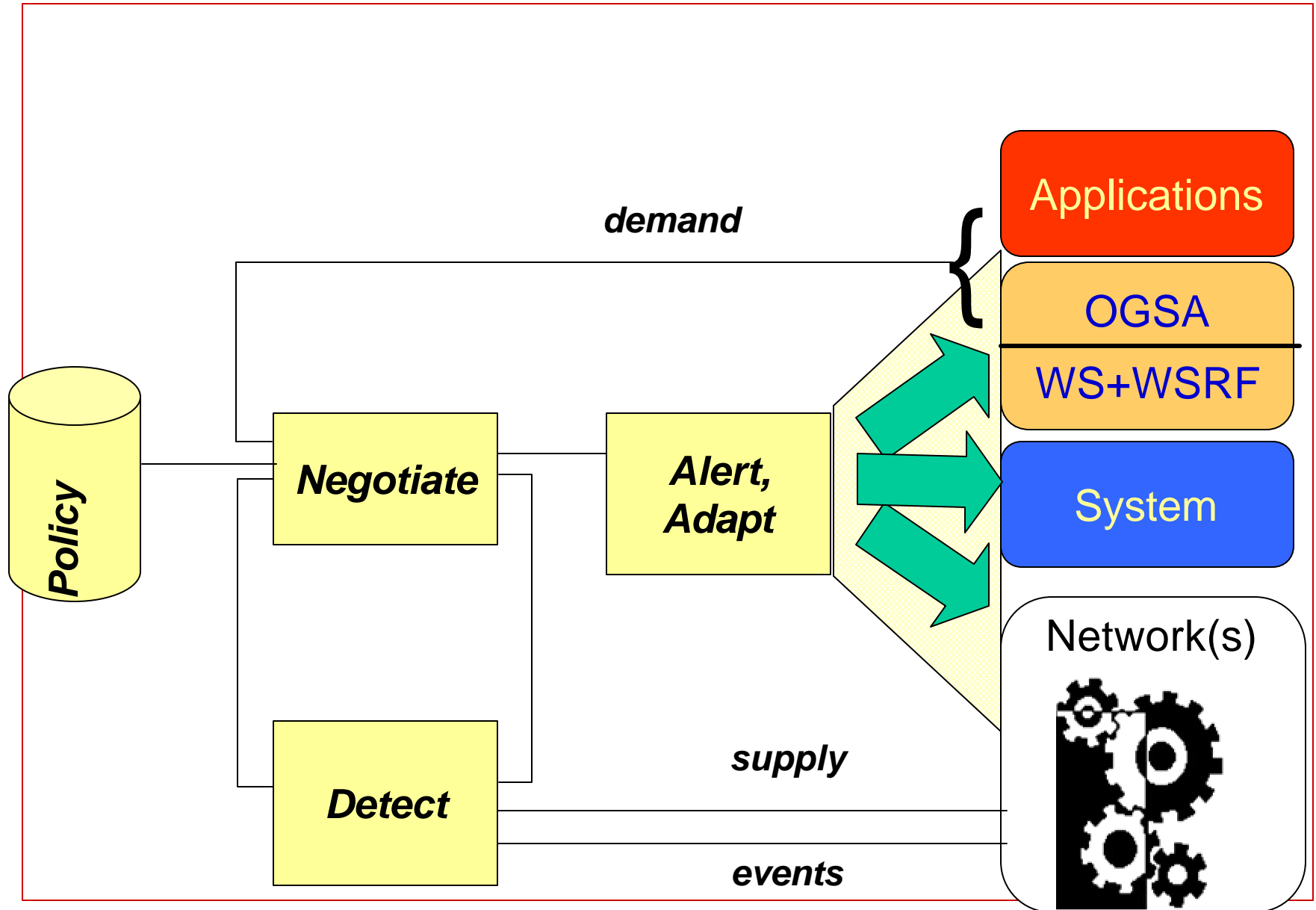# GRID NETWORK SERVICES

# - GHPN Research Group -

Draft-ggf-ghpn-netservices-0

Authors: George Clapp, Tiziana Ferrari, Doan Hoang, Gigi
Karmous-Edwards, Tal Lavian, Mark Leese, Paul Mealor,
Inder Monga, Volker Sander, Franco Travostino

# Goals

- To scope out all the services that are required to elevate the network to Grid-managed resource
  - Dynamic provisioning
  - Dynamic topology discovery
  - Monitoring, AAA, etc.
- A breadth-first exercise !
  - Name the necessary and sufficient <u>abstractions</u>
  - Establish guidelines for new abstractions
  - Use cases
  - Labeling portTypes is a way out

# Other than abstracting, NetServices enact feedback loops

**demand**

**Applications**

**OGSA**

**WS+WSRF**

**System**

**Network(s)**

**Policy**

**Negotiate**

**Alert, Adapt**

**Detect**

**supply**

**events**

# Network services

1. Network (advance) reservation service

   – Grid network resource service (Network resource management)

2. Connectivity service
3. Network information service
4. Network monitoring service
5. Network cost estimation service

# (1) Network (advance) reservation

- Based on the notion of "Network Resource":
  - bandwidth
  - connectivity (or equivalently, path)
    - Diffserv QoS, MPLS, lambda, L1/L2/L3 VLAN, ...
  - Network measurement session
- Should extend the agreement service (WS-Agreement) by adding network-specific agreement terms
  - Grid Network Agreement Provider
  - Grid Network (Resource) Service Provider (Network Resource Manager)
  - Grid Network Agreement Initiator: the user or application
- Abstraction of "Network Resource" still to be defined:
  - Peter's proposal:
    - physical, per-domain, tecnology-dependent
    - Logical, technology-independent, inter-domain

- Use cases: they depend on the network resources to be managed

  - Connectivity service
  - Deadline file transfer
  - Visualization
  - Network monitoring

  - Co-allocation

# (2) Connectivity service

- types:
  - Bandwidth
  - path with QoS support
  - Optical bypass
  - Transparent optical channel
  - L1/L2/L3 VLAN
  - (Multicast path)
  - ...
- Use cases:
  - High throughput file transfer with scheduled connectivity
  - High throughput file transfer with deadline
  - Visualization
  - Replica management

# (3) Nework information

- ?

# (4) Network monitoring

- Provides a means of asking for new measurements to be made (network monitoring service)
- Provides access to historical data (as part of network information service?)
- Uses of network monitoring:
  - Set up continuous periodic measurements for status monitoring and shorter-term problem diagnosis by administrators
  - Automated problem diagnosis systems (E2E piPES)
  - Provide up-to-date and even predicted information to network cost services
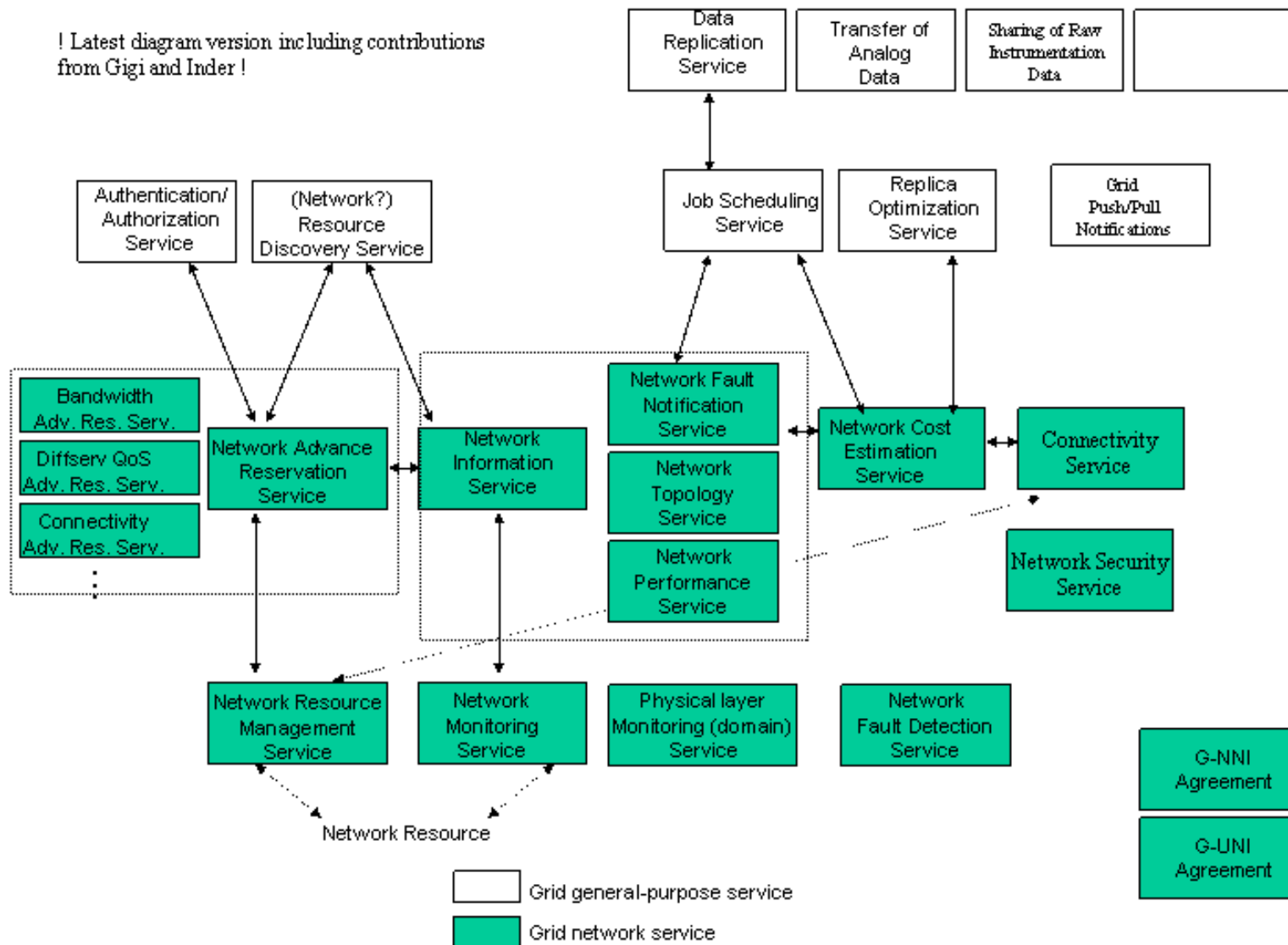
# (4) Network monitoring (cont)

Outstanding Issues:

– Does information service provide capability information about underlying network?

– Where is the line between information service and monitoring service?

– How much network information can be transmitted in a completely generic grid information service

– Is monitoring service a [Clarke] primitive service?

– Can we fit network monitoring into an aggregate network resource service model [Clarke]?

– Do we want reservation service for measurement-making resources?

– How are the capabilities of network monitoring services discovered?

# (5) Network cost estimation service

- Network cost function
  - Specific cost models can be defined for each use case
- Based on network performance information and monitoring services
- Use cases:
  - Data replication
  - Deadline file transfer
  - Job scheduling service
  - Adaptive remote file access

! Latest diagram version including contributions from Gigi and Inder !

Diagram contents:

Grid general-purpose services (white boxes):
- Data Replication Service
- Transfer of Analog Data
- Sharing of Raw Instrumentation Data
- Job Scheduling Service
- Replica Optimization Service
- Grid Push/Pull Notifications
- Authentication/Authorization Service
- (Network?) Resource Discovery Service

Grid network services (green boxes):
- Bandwidth Adv. Res. Serv.
- Diffserv QoS Adv. Res. Serv.
- Connectivity Adv. Res. Serv.
- Network Advance Reservation Service
- Network Information Service
- Network Fault Notification Service
- Network Topology Service
- Network Performance Service
- Network Cost Estimation Service
- Connectivity Service
- Network Security Service
- Network Resource Management Service
- Network Monitoring Service
- Physical layer Monitoring (domain) Service
- Network Fault Detection Service
- G-NNI Agreement
- G-UNI Agreement

Network Resource

Legend:
- ☐ Grid general-purpose service
- ▉ Grid network service

Berlin, GGF 10, March 2004    *Grid Network Services – draft-ggf-ghpn-netservices-0*    12

# Current (implicit) hierarchy of the services

- Network services
  - With interfaces to both the user and Network services
    - Network advance reservation
    - Network monitoring
    - Network information

  - With interfaces to other Network services
    - Network cost estimation service
    - Connectivity service
    - Network resource service

    - Network monitoring schedule
    - Network monitoring results
    - Network monitoring negotiation
    - Network monitoring prediction

# (Some) Open problems

1. *Grid* network services vs network services
2. Coherent network services architecture still missing
   – Network services could be organized in layers (Clarke)?
     • Yes, could be applicable to the connectivity service
   – Or: Some network services can be directly accessed by the user/application, others are hidden and provide support to other higher-layer services, better structure needed
3. Network resource abstraction
4. Service schema

- The draft currently mixes use cases, functional description and implementation description
- More services to be added: "grid data transport service", multicast, ...
- Use cases