A MetaScheduling Service for Co-allocating Arbitrary Types of Resources

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Algorithmen und Wissenschaftliches Rechnen







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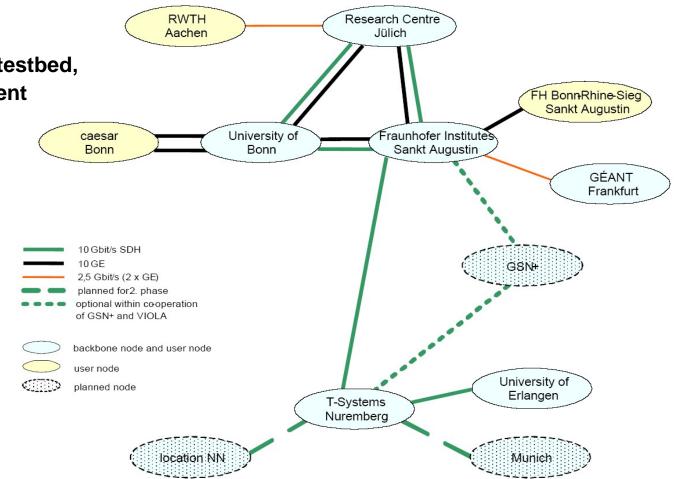




VIOLA Network

VIOLA-Networking

- Deployment and operation of the testbed, test of advanced network equipment
- Signaling and reservation
 - bandwidth- and QoS-reservations in the network
 - interfaces for user-driven reservation: immediate and in advance











Properties of local RMS required for a MetaScheduling Service

- Full backfill algorithm
- Estimation of worst case start/stop for each job (preview)
- Node range specification
- Start time specification (AT-jobs)
- Special resource requirement specification
- "very low priority" jobs (Z-jobs)
- Communication friendly node allocation strategy
- Portable: available on different parallel machines
- Graphical user interface
- Status information available via WEB interface
- Priority scheme (project, resources, waited time)









Pseudo-code of the co-allocation algorithm

```
set n
                         = number of requested resources
set resources[1..n]
                         = requested resources
set properties[1..n]
                        = requested property per resource # number of nodes, bandwidth, time, ...
set freeSlots[1..n]
                         = null
                                                                                       # start time of free slots
set endOfPreviewWindow
                                     = false
                        = currentTime+someMinutes
set nextStartupTime
                                                              # the starting point when looking for free slots
while (endOfPreviewWindow = false) do {
            for 1...n do in parallel {
                        freeSlots[i] = ResourceAvailableAt( resources[i], properties[i], nextStartupTime)
            for 1..n do {
                         set needNext = false
                         if ( nextStartupTime != freeSlots[i]) then {
                                     if (freeSlots[i] != null) then {
                                                  if( nextStartupTime < freeSlots[i]) then {
                                                              set nextStartupTime = freeSlots[i]
                                                              set needNext
                                                                                   = true
                                     } else {
                                                  set endOfPreviewWindow = true}
}
if ( ( needNext = false ) & ( endOfPreviewWindow = false) ) then return
            freeSlots[1] else return "no common slot found"
```

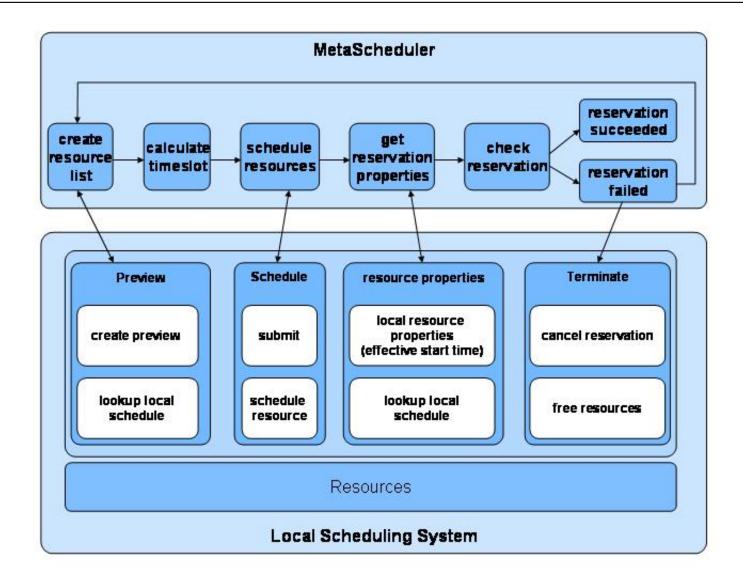
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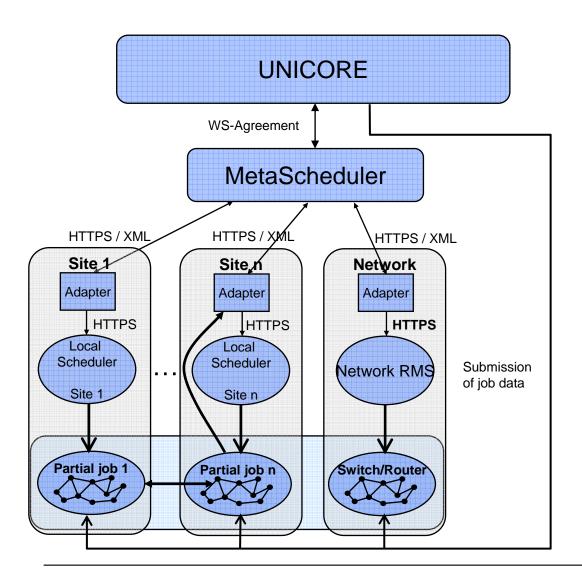
Allocation Agreement Protocol







MetaScheduler - Integration of local Schedulers



- Negotiation of timeslot & nodes with local schedulers for each job
- UNICORE initiates the reservation and submits the job-data
- UNICORE Client / MetaScheduler Service interface using WS-Agreement protocol
- Interface MetaScheduler / Adapters based on HTTPS/XML (SOAP)
- Interface between MetaScheduler Service and local RMS implemented with adapter pattern
- Communication between Adapter and local Scheduler with HTPPS



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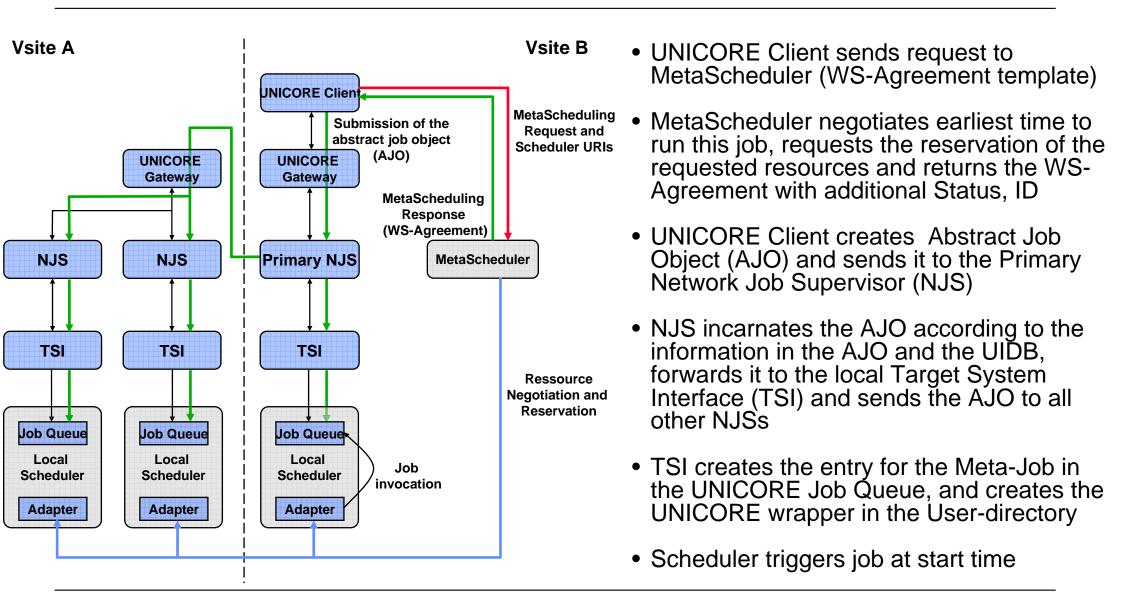
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MetaScheduler - Integration in UNICORE





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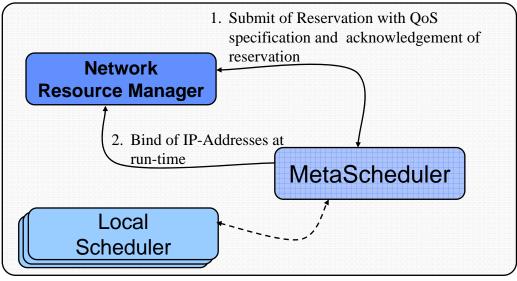
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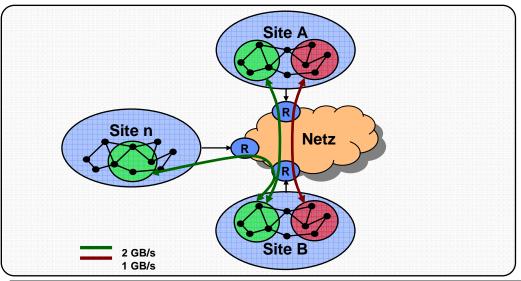






Netzwork Resource Management System





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in der Heimholtz-Remeinschaf

1.) Reservation of required Resources

- Submit of a Reservation to the Network Resource Manager
- Acknowledgement of Reservation

2.) Bind of IP-Addresses at Run-time

- IP-Addresses are published at run-time of the job through the local Adapter
- Bind of the IP-Addresses by the Network Resource Manager
- Without explicit Bind the QoS Parameters for the Site-to-Site Interconnection are used

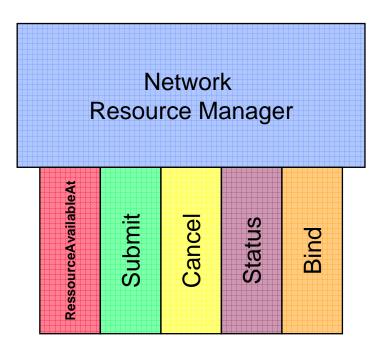




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Applikation Interface of the Network Resource Manager



Necessary Functions:

- ResourceAvailableAt (Preview)
 - Returns time slots when a Resource (End-to-end connection with QoS Level) will be available
- Submit
 - Start-time, Duration, Class, Start-/End-pointt (Site), User,
 - Returns a Resource Identifier (RESID)
- Cancel <RESID>
 - Resource Manager frees the Resources attached to Resource Identifier (RESID)
- Status <RESID>
 - Returns state of a connection (submitted, active, released, Class, start-time, end-time, user, etc.)
- Bind <RESID>
 - Binding of IP-Addresses of nodes



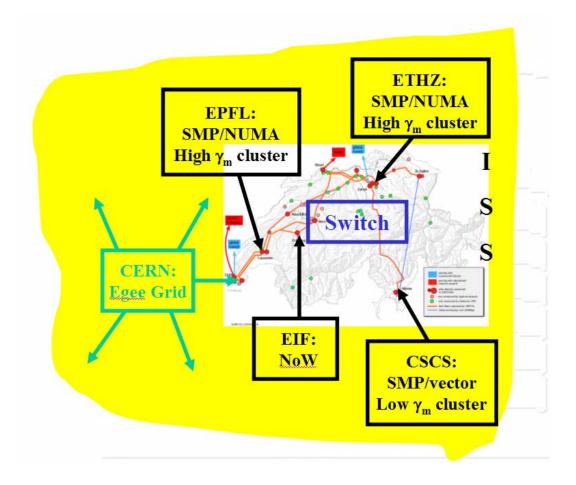
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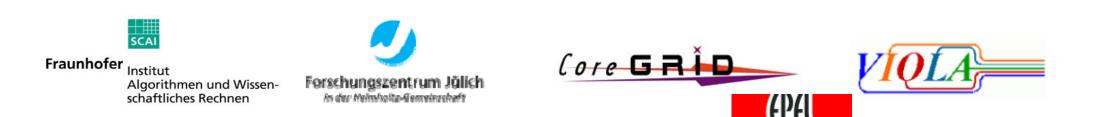




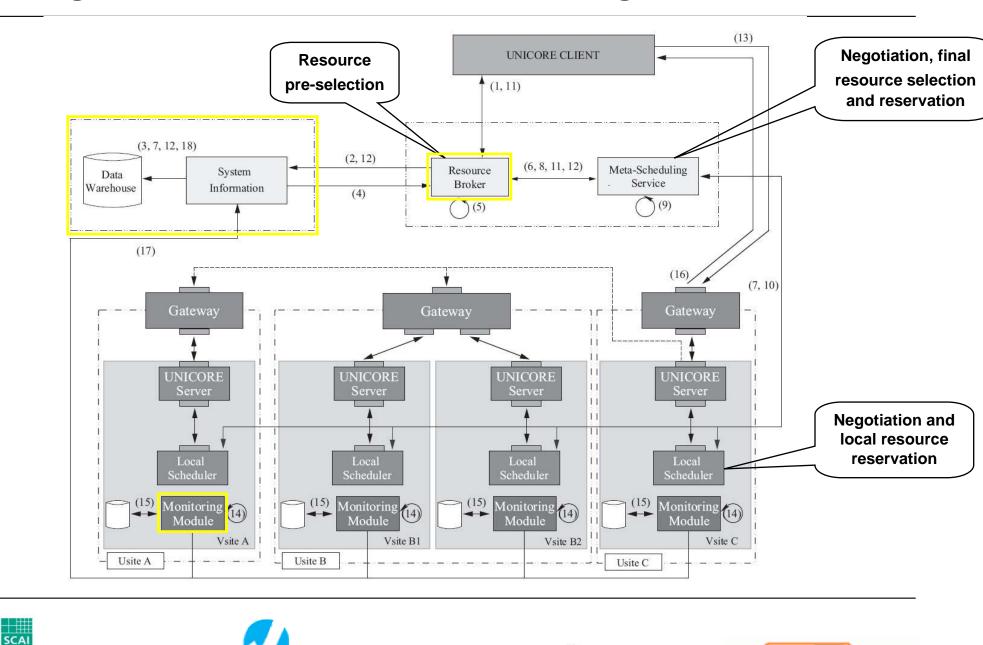


SwissGrid – Integration of UNICORE, MetaScheduling Service and ISS





Scheduling Architecture of the VIOLA-ISS Integration



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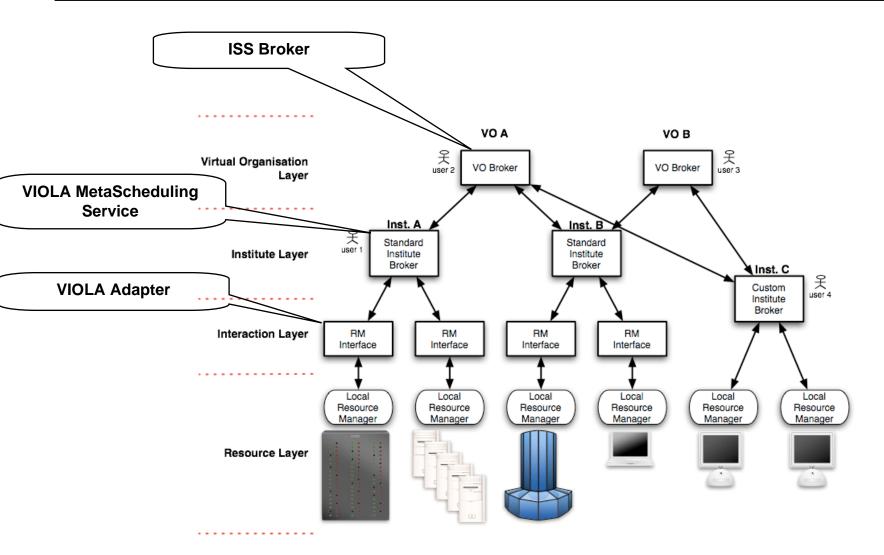
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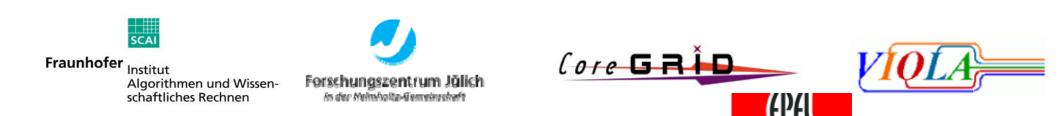
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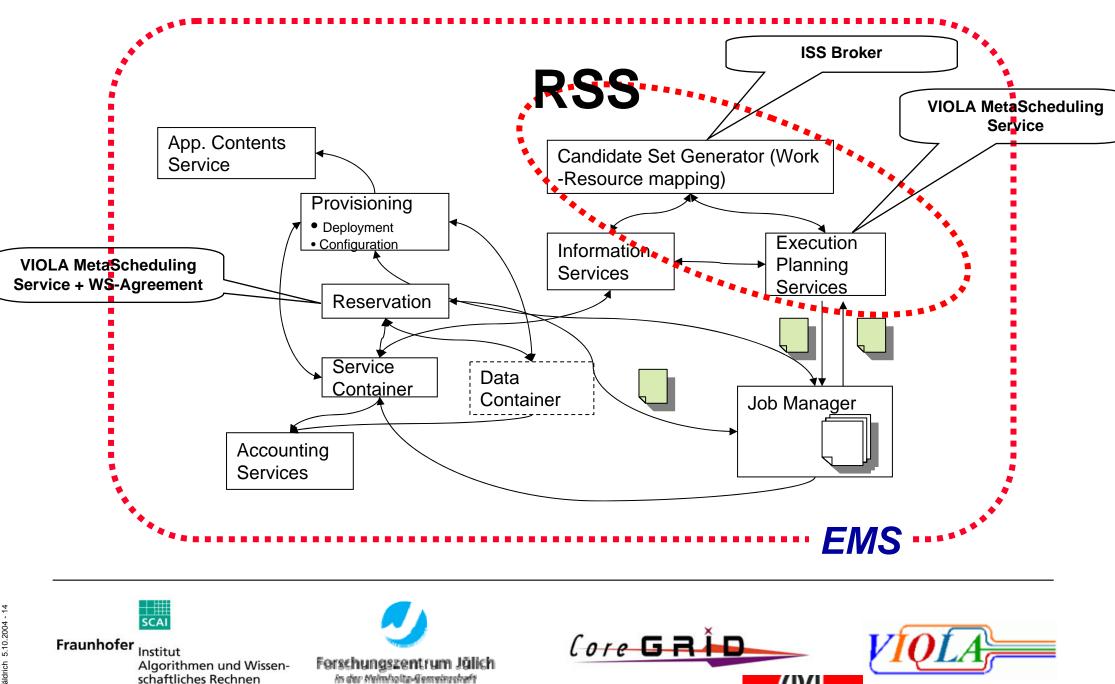
Example of a scheduling infrastructure for HPC Grids (from GSA Requirements)





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Mapping to the OGSA-EMS structure



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