CISCO SYSTEMS

# **IETF** firewall traversal activities

Melinda Shore Cisco Systems mshore@cisco.com

Presentation ID

© 2005 Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.

Cisco Confidential

1

## Agenda

- "Firewall" ≈ (Firewall || NAT)
- Background
- Current work
- Future
- Working with IETF
- Coda: Cisco efforts

## Firewalls, NATs, ?

 In IETF, NAT traversal and firewall traversal treated similarly

**Except for BEHAVE**, more on that later

- NAT and firewall tend to sit at similar places in networks, perform (accidentally) similar functions
- Firewall is policy-based mechanism, NAT is not
- NAT modifies packets in transit, raises harder architectural questions

## Early work

- SOCKS (product of Authenticated Firewall Traversal working group)
  - Mechanism to allow secure proxying/relaying of individual data streams
  - Doesn't support UDP
  - **Doesn't support NAT**
  - Moderately wide deployment
- RSIP (product of NAT working group)
  - Mechanism to allow secure proxying/relaying of individual data streams
  - Endpoint uses RSIP to acquire address/port pair from NAT
  - UDP support optional
  - Doesn't support firewall
  - Not deployed much
- RFC 3093 "Firewall Enhancement Protocol"

## Background

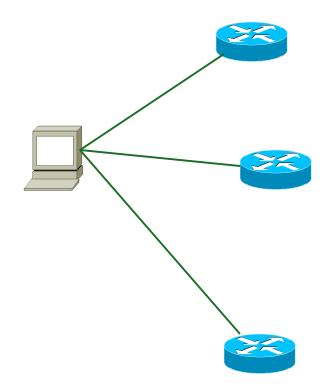
- VoIP uses distinct signaling (control) and media (voice) channels
- Signaling channel usually on well-known port, media channels allocated dynamically at run time
- Call control servers may be used to relay signaling on behalf of NATted endpoints ("trapezoid")
- Firewalls and NAT traversal problems usually addressed through use of ALGs
- ALGs will not work when signaling is encrypted
- ALGs will not work when signaling and media traverse different firewalls
- VoIP and video media are typically carried over UDP UDP support is critical

#### More background

- Around 1999, EP TIPHON brought firewall traversal problem to the IETF, with proposal for firewall control
- About the same time, Jonathan Rosenberg brought similar proposal
- midcom working group chartered as a result of requirements from VoIP community
- off-path vs on-path within the IETF

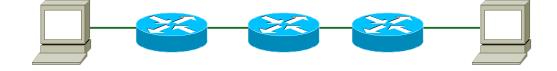
## **Off-path firewall control**

- "Off-path": direct communication between application entity and middlebox
- AKA "path-decoupled"
- Device location discovered through configuration or discovery
- Routing can be very hard



## **On-path firewall control**

- Request sent between application peers
- Intercepted by middleboxes en route
- Solves some hard topology problems
- Just about impossible to deploy in real networks



#### midcom

- "middlebox communication"
- Intended to generalize beyond firewall/NAT to other types of middleboxes
- Working method:
  - **Define requirements**
  - **Evaluate existing IETF protocols against requirements**
  - Choose
- SNMPv3 was chosen as midcom protocol
- Really unpopular choice
- Protocol passed WG last call, currently in IESG review
- <u>http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/midcom-</u> <u>charter.html</u>

#### nsis

- "Next steps in signaling"
- Originally intended to be a next-generation RSVP
- At Cisco we noticed that midcom introduced some very hard topology problems
- Developed RSVP-based firewall/NAT traversal protocol called "Topology-Insensitive Service Traversal"
- Work was turned into an nsis deliverable
- Should be going into WG last call in the next few months
- <u>http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/nsis-</u> <u>charter.html</u>

#### **Newer work**

#### • SIMCO

Purpose-developed protocol using same protocol semantics as midcom

Published as experimental, RFC 4540

Picked up by Asterisk (open source VoIP PBX) community, released by Digium as midcom library

• behave

Intended to define the behavior of "well-behaved" NATs

**Targeting unmodified NATs** 

STUN/TURN/ICE

Starting to branch out towards carrying policy in STUN requests

## **Newest work**

- Paul Francis (Cornell University) has proposed IRTF working group based on off-path communication between applications and network devices
- Components of work include
  - Naming
  - Rendezvous
  - off-path service requests
- Originally middlebox work focused on NATs but is now being extended to firewalls
- "offpath" BOF held in Montreal
- relabeled as EMERG ("end-middle-end research group") to meet in San Diego
- See <a href="http://www3.ietf.org/proceedings/06jul/offpath.html">http://www3.ietf.org/proceedings/06jul/offpath.html</a>
- Won't produce standards

## **Sporadic work**

 Distributed firewalls BOF -- motivated by Ioannidis, S. and Keromytis, A.D., and Bellovin, S.M. and J.M. Smith, "Implementing a Distributed Firewall"

2 BOFs held, broad participation, never went anywhere

"Distributed security" BOF (distsec)

**Basically distributed firewalls** 

**Experience in IETF was similar to distributed firewalls** 

Mailing list still alive, but quiet

https://www.machshav.com/mailman/listinfo.cgi/distsec

## Working within IETF

- If I were to take OGF firewalls work to IETF today, I would:
  - Engage distsec mailing list
  - Submit well-defined, clearly scoped and constrained requirements with clear use cases
  - **Talk to Security Area directors**
  - **Engage EMERG -- contact chairs**

## A little about what we're doing at Cisco

- Focusing on firewall control
- Consistent authorization environment across technologies
- Assumptions/values
  - We can change the firewall
  - We *must* allow the firewall to do its job
  - Don't allow or enable bypass of firewall policy enforcement
  - Granularity of authorization
  - **Performance matters**
  - Minimize "post-dial delay"
  - Headergrams are bad

Give the network administrator the tools he/she needs to control network boundaries

## **Off-path firewall control at Cisco**

- Authorized Firewall Control Application
  - Based on general-purpose authentication & authorization framework
  - **Prototype implemented in IOS**
  - http://www.ietf.org/internet-drafts/draft-shore-afwc-00.txt

## **On-path firewall control at Cisco**

#### Network-Layer Signaling

On-path signaling protocol

NAT traversal support in transport layer

Picked up by PacketCable as transport for discovery protocols

Implemented in IOS, shipping next year

**Requesting IETF publication as informational RFC** 

http://www.ietf.org/internet-drafts/draft-shore-nls-tl-03.txt

Firewall application written, probably not going to pursue it

http://internet-drafts.osmirror.nl/draft-shore-nls-fw-00.txt