

N3290X NAND Loader Reference Guide

V1.1

Publication Release Date: Mar. 2017

Support Chips:

N3290X Series

Support Platforms:

Non-OS



The information in this document is subject to change without notice.

The Nuvoton Technology Corp. shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein; nor for incidental or consequential damages resulting from the furnishing, performance, or use of this material.

This documentation may not, in whole or in part, be copied, photocopied, reproduced, translated, or reduced to any electronic medium or machine readable form without prior consent, in writing, from the Nuvoton Technology Corp.

Nuvoton Technology Corp. All rights reserved.



Table of Contents

1. General Description			4
2.	Overv	view	5
	2.1. IBR Overview		
	2.2. N	AND Loader Overview	6
3.	Sourc	e Code Review	11
	3.1. Build NAND Loader Image		11
	3.2. Sc	ource Code Review	12
	3.2.1.	Set System Clock	13
	3.2.2.	Got Image Information Table	14
	3.2.3.	Load Image from NAND to RAM	15
	3.2.4.	Other Jobs	16
4.	Revisi	ion History	17



1. General Description

N3290X Non-OS library consists of a set of libraries. These libraries are built to access those on-chip functions such as VPOST, APU, SIC, USBH, USBD, GPIO, I2C, SPI and UART, as well as File System (NVTFAT), USB Mass Storage devices (UMAS) and Generic NAND library (GNAND). This document describes the basic function of NAND Loader. With this introduction, user can quickly understand the NAND Loader on N3290X microprocessor.



2. Overview

2.1. IBR Overview

N3290X built-in 16K bytes IBR (Internal Booting ROM) where stored the boot loader to initial chip basically when power on, and then try to find out the next stage boot loader from different type of storage. It could be SD card, NAND, SPI Flash, or USB storage. The search sequence by IBR as the Figure 2-1.

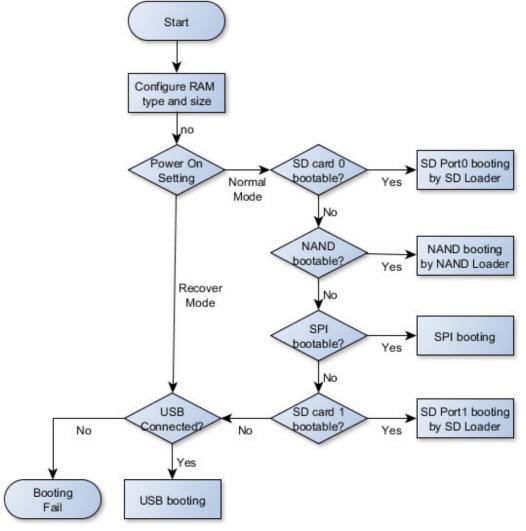


Figure 2-1 IBR Booting Flow



The boot loader in IBR will hand over the chip controlling to NAND Loader if SD card 0 has no valid SD Loader.

2.2. NAND Loader Overview

NAND Loader is a firmware stored at NAND chip block 0 ~ 3 as Figure 2-5. It has the following features:

- Initial system clock. The default system clock is 192MHz.
- Check and load images according to the configuration in **Image Information Table**
 - Load Logo image with image type "Logo"
 - Load next firmware with image type "Execute"
- Initial more modules such as SPU, RTC, and so on if necessary.
- Support User Define Function if necessary.
- Hand over chip controlling to next firmware. Normally, it should be NVT Loader

The **Image Information Table** is a table that records the image type, image execute address, and image stored location in NAND chip for each image. You can add or modify them by **TurboWriter** utility. Please follow the configuration below to make sure the NAND Loader work fine.

For N32905

	NAND Loader	Logo Image	Next Firmware
Image No.	0	1	2
Image Name	File name for NAND Loader that selected by TurboWriter	File name for Logo image that selected by TurboWriter	File name for next firmware that selected by TurboWriter
Image Type	System Image	Logo	Execute
Image execute address	0x900000 and cannot be modified	0x500000	Depend on firmware (0x800000 for NVTLoader)
Image start block	Block 0 and cannot by modified	Behind NAND Loader	Behind Logo Image

For N32903

	NAND Loader	Logo Image	Next Firmware
Image No.	0	1	2
Image Name	File name for NAND Loader that selected by TurboWriter	File name for Logo image that selected by TurboWriter	File name for next firmware that selected by TurboWriter
Image Type	System Image	Logo	Execute
Image execute address	0x700000 and cannot be modified	0x500000	Depend on firmware (0x600000 for NVTLoader)
Image start block	Block 0 and cannot by modified	Behind NAND Loader	Behind Logo Image



For N32901

	NAND Loader	Logo Image	Next Firmware
Image No.	0	Don't support	1
Image Name	File name for NAND Loader that selected by TurboWriter	Don't support	File name for next firmware that selected by TurboWriter
Image Type	System Image	Don't support	Execute
Image execute address	0x180000 and cannot be modified	Don't support	Depend on firmware
Image start block	Block 0 and cannot by modified	Don't support	Behind NAND Loader

Please operate TurboWriter as below.

First, burn NAND Loader with image type "System Image" as Figure 2-2.

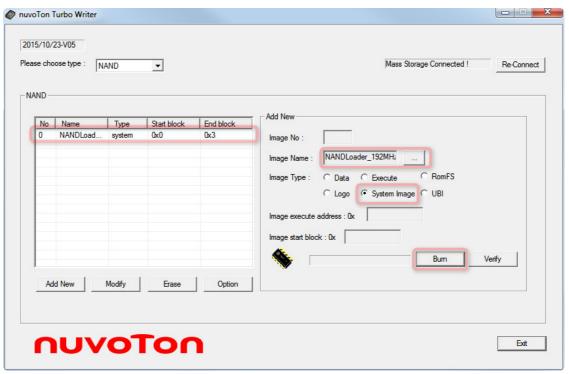


Figure 2-2 Burn NAND Loader by TurboWriter



Second, burn Logo image with image type "Logo" as Figure 2-3. Please note that the "Image start block" must behind the NAND Loader. For example, the end block of NAND Loader is block 3, the image start block of Logo should be 4.

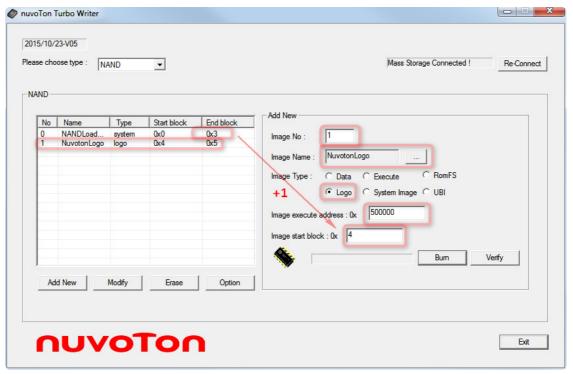


Figure 2-3 Burn Logo image by TurboWriter



Finally, burn next firmware with image type "Execute" as Figure 2-4. Please note that the "Image start block" must behind the last image. For example, the end block of Logo image is block 5, the image start block of next firmware should be 6.

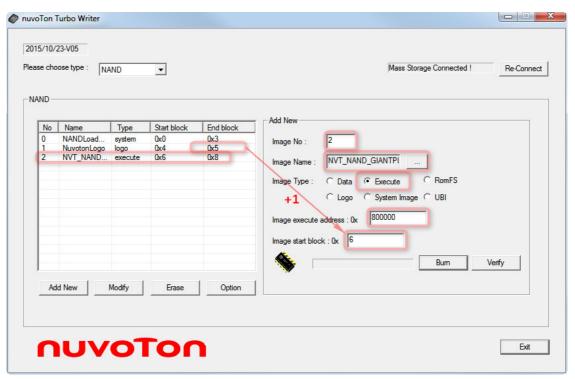


Figure 2-4 Burn next firmware by TurboWriter



After the above operation in TurboWriter, the NAND chip layout should be look like the Figure 2-5.

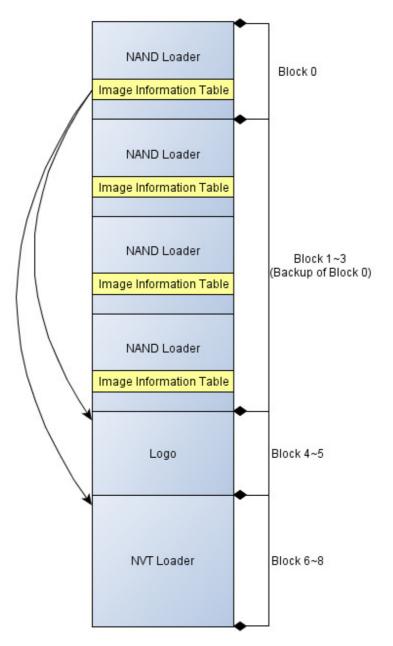


Figure 2-5 NAND flash layout after burn booting image

Note that the location of Image Information Table always is the second last page of block 0.



3. Source Code Review

3.1. Build NAND Loader Image

NAND Loader project support both Metrowerks CodeWarrior for ARM Developer Suite (ADS) and Keil uVision IDE. Each project file provides several targets for different system clock or configuration. Please select "NANDLoader_192MHz" as the standard target for N3290x demo board.

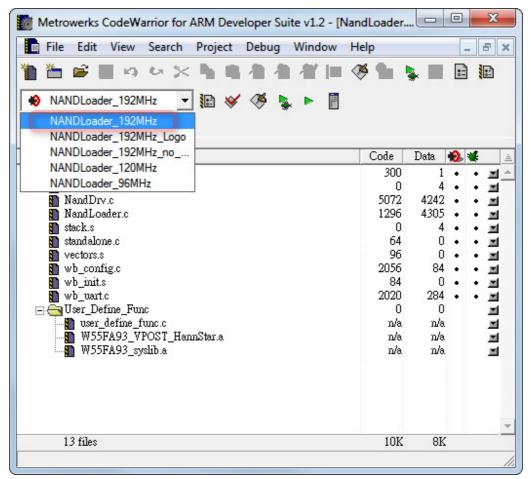


Figure 3-1 NAND Loader project in ADS



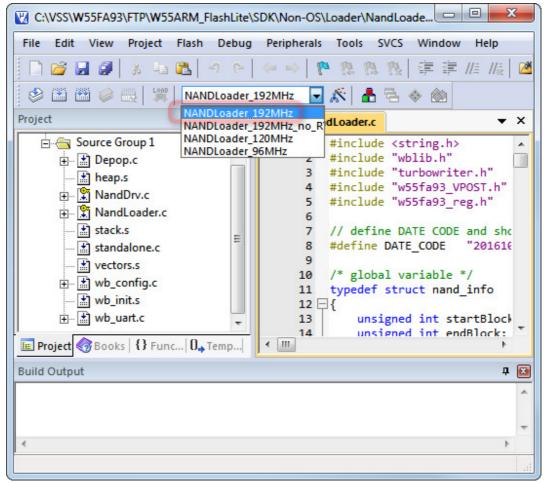


Figure 3-2 NAND Loader project in Keil

3.2. Source Code Review

If you want to modify NAND Loader by yourself, following description about NAND Loader source code could be helpful for you.

Since the Image Information Table always located at the second last page of block 0 in NAND chip, the NAND Loader binary file size has upper limitation to (page size) * (pages per block -2). Please don't add too many code to meet the binary file size limitation.

For example, if you use NAND flash that with 2048 bytes page size and 64 pages per block, the NAND Loader binary file size MUST < (2048*(64-2)) bytes. That is 124K bytes. If you use NAND flash that with 512 bytes page size and 32 pages per block, the NAND Loader binary file size MUST < (512*(32-2)) bytes. That is 15K bytes.



3.2.1. Set System Clock

The first job of NAND Loader is to set system clock. It is implemented by function <code>initClock</code> (). The standard system clock is 192MHz because the predefined constant <code>__UPLL_192__</code> is defined in target "NANDLoader_192MHz" in the project file. Select different target will build NAND Loader image with different system clock.

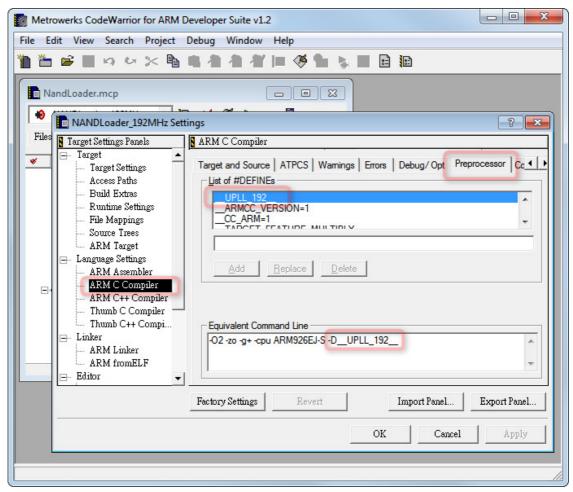


Figure 3-3 Predefined constant for system clock in project file



```
outp32(REG SDREF, 0x80C0);
   }
#ifdef __UPLL_192
   if((inp32(REG_CHIPCFG) & SDRAMSEL) == 0x20) // Power On Setting SDRAM type is DDR2
       outp32(REG_SDMR, 0x432);
       outp32(REG_DQSODS, 0x00001010);
       outp32(REG MISCPCR, 0x00000001);
                                           // Driving strength
       outp32(REG_SDTIME, 0x21667525);
   else if((inp32(REG CHIPCFG) & SDRAMSEL)==0x30) // Power On Setting SDRAM type is DDR
   #ifdef DDR 75
       outp32(REG_SDTIME, 0x098E7549); // DDR Speed grade-75
   #endif
   #ifdef
            DDR 6
       outp32(REG_SDTIME, 0x094E7425); // DDR Speed grade-6
   #endif
   #ifdef
            DDR 5
       outp32(REG_SDTIME, 0x094E6425); // DDR Speed grade-5
   #endif
       outp32(REG_SDMR, 0x22);
                                       // Cas Latency = 2
   sysSetSystemClock(eSYS_UPLL, //E_SYS_SRC_CLK eSrcClk,
                  192000,
                                 //UINT32 u32P11KHz,
                  192000,
                                  //UINT32 u32SysKHz,
                  192000,
                                  //UINT32 u32CpuKHz,
                  192000/2,
                                  //UINT32 u32HclkKHz,
                                  //UINT32 u32ApbKHz
                  192000/4);
#endif
#ifdef __UPLL_96__
#endif
#ifdef __UPLL_120__
#endif
```

Different system clock need different setting value about SDTIME. If you don't know how to get correct SDTIME, please don't modify it.

The proposed system clock for N3290X is **192MHz**. It can be divided to 48MHz for USBD engine and make N3290X run stably. If you want to run N3290X at higher system clock, you have to take risks by yourself.

3.2.2. Got Image Information Table

The location of Image Information Table always is **the second last page of block 0**. NAND Loader reads and parses it to found out all images that TurboWriter write into.



To prevent the bad block in NAND chip, TurboWriter copies block 0 to block 1, 2, and 3. If block 0 is bad block, NAND Loader can read Image Information Table from block 1, 2, or 3 by for loop instruction in following source code.

```
for (i=0; i<4; i++)
{
    if (!sicSMpread(0, i, pSM0->uPagePerBlock-2, imagebuf))
    {
        if (((*(pImageList+0)) == 0x574255aa) && ((*(pImageList+3)) == 0x57425963))
        {
            sysprintf("Get NANDLoader image from block 0x%x ..\n", i);
            break;
        }
    }
}
```

3.2.3. Load Image from NAND to RAM

After got Image Information Table, NAND Loader will found out the Logo image first and then copy it from NAND to RAM. NAND Loader doesn't process the Logo image on RAM since it will be used by next firmware. The second parameter of **MoveData** () is **FALSE** that means NAND Loader doesn't execute this image after copy it to RAM.

Finally, NAND Loader will found out first image with image type "Execute", copy it from NAND to RAM, and then hand over chip controlling to it. The second parameter of **MoveData** () is **TRUE** that means NAND Loader will execute this image after copy it to RAM.

```
if (((*(pImageList+0)) == 0x574255aa) && ((*(pImageList+3)) == 0x57425963))
       count = *(pImageList+1);
       /* load logo first */
       pImageList = pImageList+4;
       for (i=0; i<count; i++)
           if (((*(pImageList) >> 16) & 0xffff) == 4) // logo
               image.startBlock = *(pImageList + 1) & 0xffff;
               image.endBlock = (*(pImageList + 1) & 0xffff0000) >> 16;
               image.executeAddr = *(pImageList + 2);
               image.fileLen = *(pImageList + 3);
               MoveData(&image, FALSE);
               break;
           /* pointer to next image */
           pImageList = pImageList+12;
       }
       pImageList=((unsigned int*)(((unsigned int)image_buffer)|0x80000000));
       memset((char *)&image, 0, sizeof(NVT_NAND_INFO_T));
#ifdef __USER_DEFINE_FUNC
       //--- call user define function before jump to next application.
       user_define_func();
```



```
#endif

/* load execution file */
pImageList = pImageList+4;
for (i=0; i<count; i++)
{
    if (((*(pImageList) >> 16) & 0xffff) == 1) // execute
        {
        image.startBlock = *(pImageList + 1) & 0xffff;
        image.endBlock = (*(pImageList + 1) & 0xffff;
        image.executeAddr = *(pImageList + 2);
        image.fileLen = *(pImageList + 2);
        image.fileLen = *(pImageList + 3);
        MoveData(&image, TRUE);
        break;
    }
    /* pointer to next image */
    pImageList = pImageList+12;
}
return 0;
}
```

3.2.4. Other Jobs

Section 3.2.1, 3.2.2, and 3.2.3 are the necessary jobs of NAND Loader. You MUST keep them work fine in any case. Except them, you can do something in NAND Loader if you wanted such as enable SPU, disable RTC, initial Timer, and so on.

The major source codes of NAND Loader are coding in file *NandLoader.c*. It is a good idea to avoid modifying it. You can add your source code to another file *user_define_func.c* and keep *NandLoader.c* unmodified. NAND Loader will call function **user_define_func**() that defined in *user_define_func.c* to execute your source code if it exist.



4. Revision History

Version	Date	Description
V1.0	Feb. 24, 2011	Created
V1.1	Mar. 7, 2017	 Add the TurboWriter parameters for N32905 / N32903 / N32901 Revise the description about NAND Loader features Revise the description about TurboWriter operation. Add the description about NAND Loader building and source code review



Important Notice

Nuvoton products are not designed, intended, authorized or warranted for use as components in equipment or systems intended for surgical implantation, atomic energy control instruments, aircraft or spacecraft instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, or for any other applications intended to support or sustain life. Furthermore, Nuvoton products are not intended for applications whereby failure could result or lead to personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage.

Nuvoton customers using or selling these products for such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Nuvoton for any damages resulting from their improper use or sales.