

# Planning-oriented Autonomous Driving

Yihan Hu\* Jiazhi Yang\* Li Chen\*\* Keyu Li\*

Chonghao Sima Xizhou Zhu Siqi Chai Senyao Du Tianwei Lin Wenhui Wang

Lewei Lu Xiaosong Jia Qiang Liu Jifeng Dai Yu Qiao Hongyang Li<sup>†</sup>

\*equal contribution <sup>†</sup>project lead



Yihan



Jiazhi



Li



Keyu



Hongyang



Poster: THU-AM-131

arXiv: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2212.10156>



上海人工智能实验室  
Shanghai Artificial Intelligence Laboratory

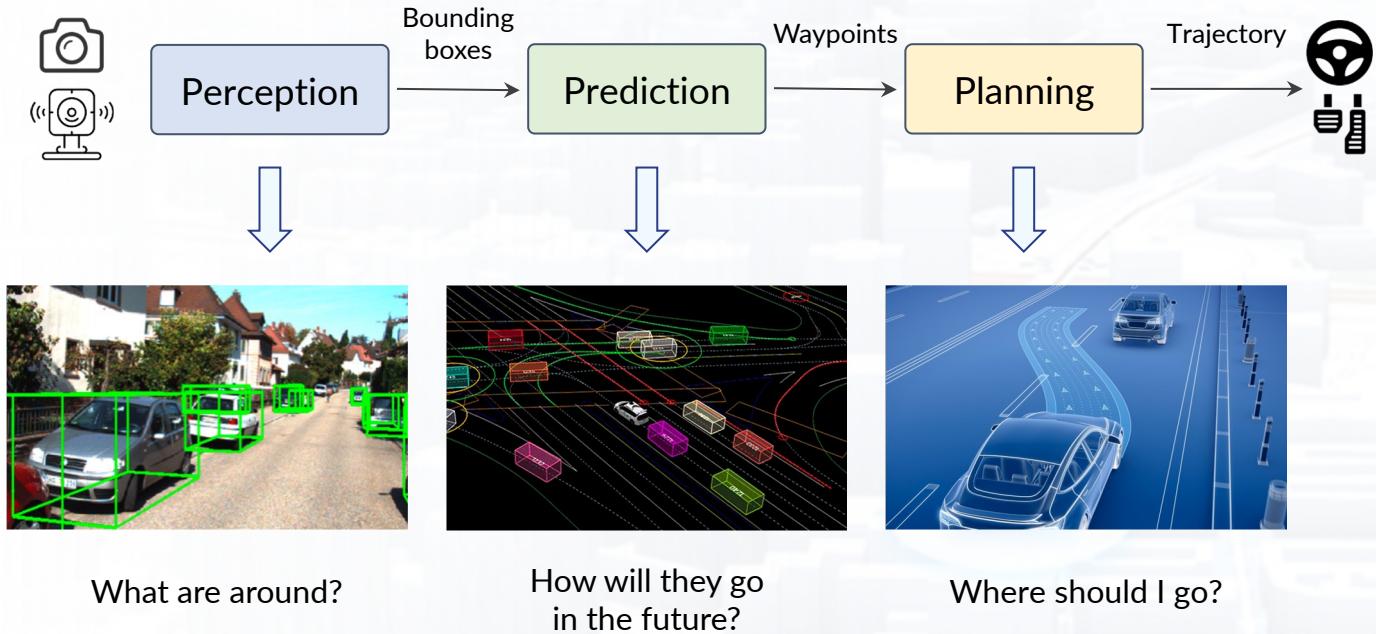
Shanghai AI Laboratory | 上海人工智能实验室



## Planning-oriented Autonomous Driving

# Background and Motivation

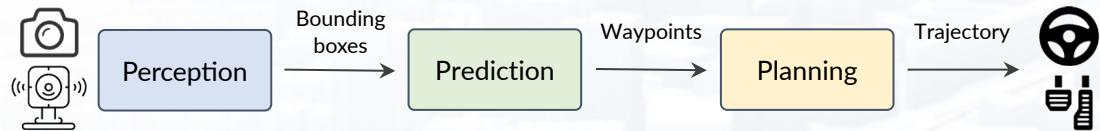
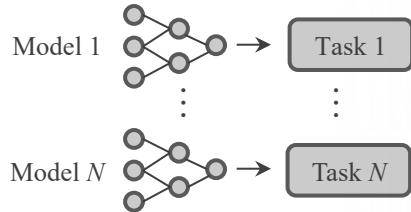
# Background - Autonomous Driving (AD) Systems



Various weathers, illuminations,  
and scenarios

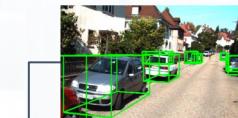
# Background - Design Options for Autonomous Driving (AD) Systems

## (a) Standalone Models



- Typical Industry solutions
- Independent teams for module developments
- ✗ • Severe error accumulation

*Isolated Optimization Objective*



Object Detection



Motion Prediction



Planning

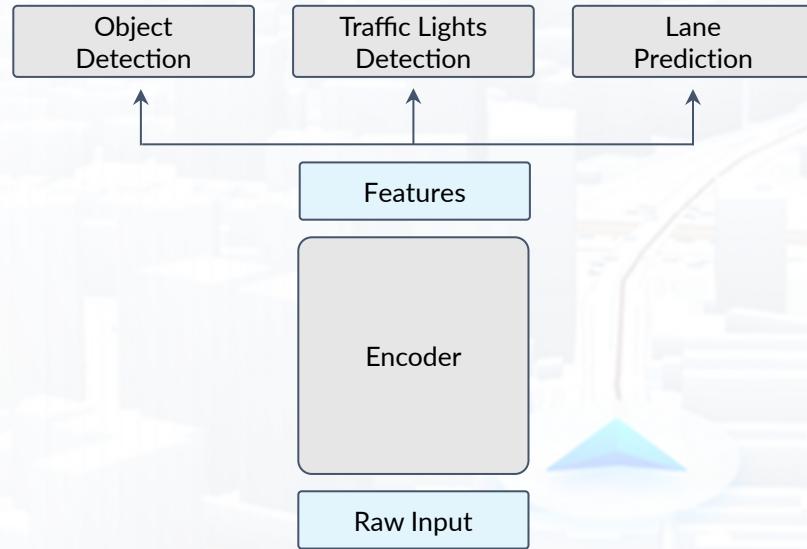
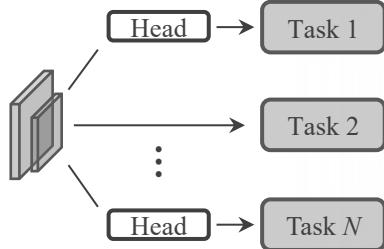
Optimization metric **mAP**

Optimization metric **minFDE**

Optimization target **Safety and Comfort**

# Background - Design Options for Autonomous Driving (AD) Systems

## (b) Multi-task Framework



- Shared feature for multiple tasks



- Easily extended to more tasks,  
Compute-efficient



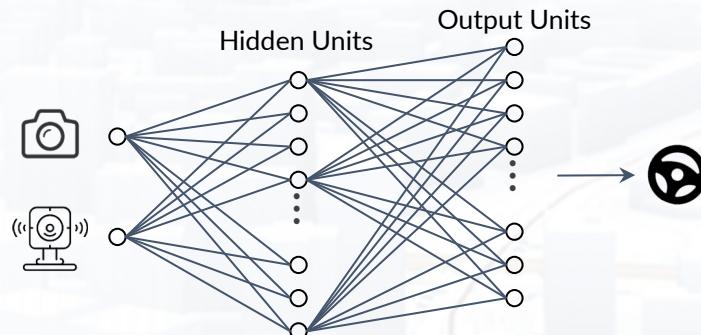
- Lack of tasks' coordination

credit to Tesla AI Day 2021

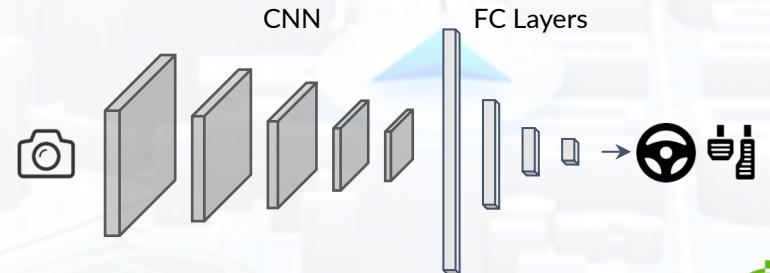


# Background - Design Options for Autonomous Driving (AD) Systems

## (c.1) End-to-end Framework - Vanilla Solutions

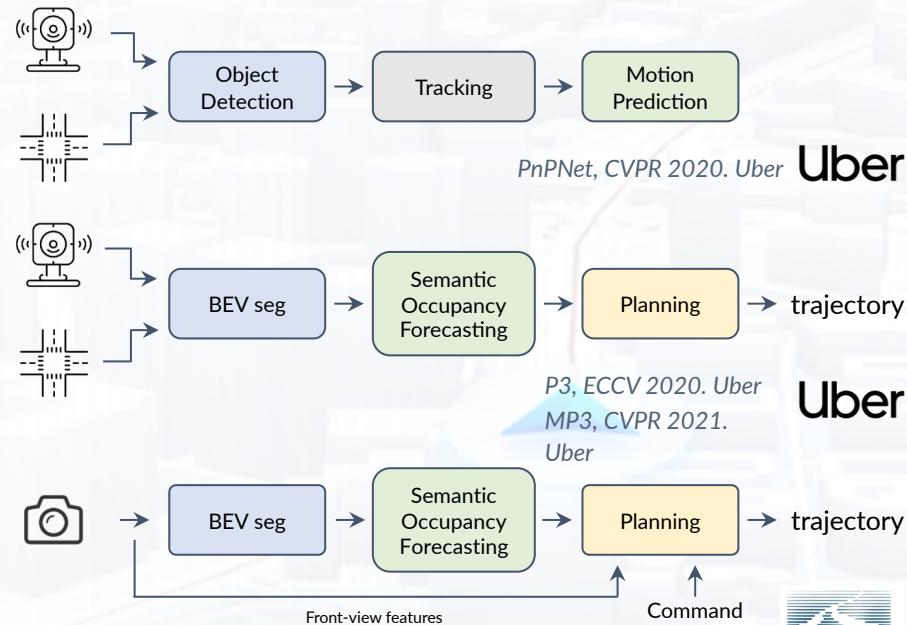
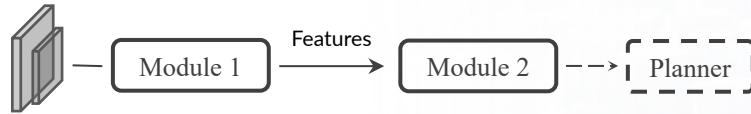


- Direct policy learning from sensor inputs, bypassing intermediate tasks
- Simple design with good performance in the simulator
- ✖ ● Deficient in interpretability



# Background - Design Options for Autonomous Driving (AD) Systems

## (c.2) End-to-end Framework - Explicit / Interpretable Design

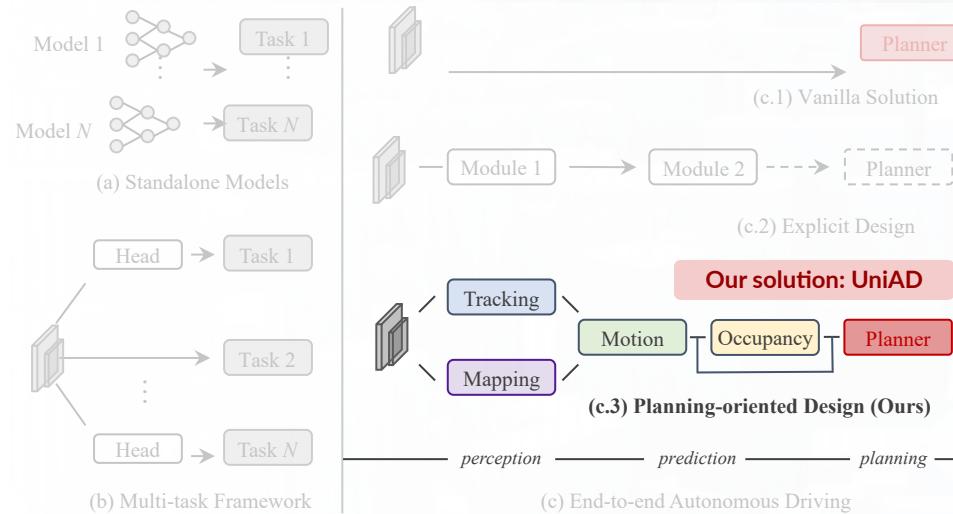


- Introducing **intermediate tasks** to assist planning
- Better interpretability (e.g. Bird's-eye-view, BEV)
- ✗ • Lack some crucial components<sup>1</sup>

1. *The necessities of each component is mentioned in Appendix.*

# Motivation- Towards Reliable Planning

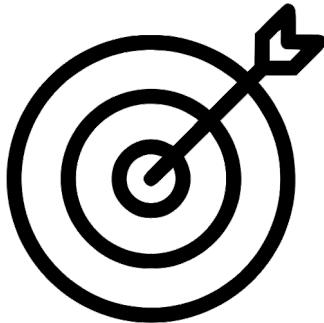
## Ours: Planning-oriented Autonomous Driving



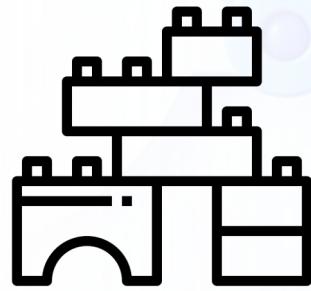
What do we want:

- ✓ • **Unify full-stack AD tasks**
- ✓ • **Coordinate all task towards safe planning**

# UniAD - Overview



Which tasks?



How to construct?



How to train?



## Planning-oriented Autonomous Driving

# Delving into Details

# UniAD - Which Tasks?

## Perception System

- Object Detection
- Object Tracking
- Online Mapping
- ...

Track agents behavior

Guide with map (lane)

## Prediction System

- Motion Forecasting
- Occupancy Prediction
- ...

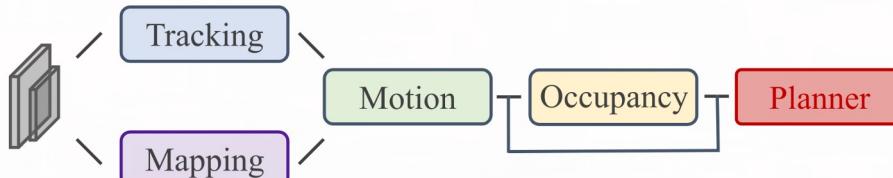
Interact with environment

Find free space

## Planning

...  
...

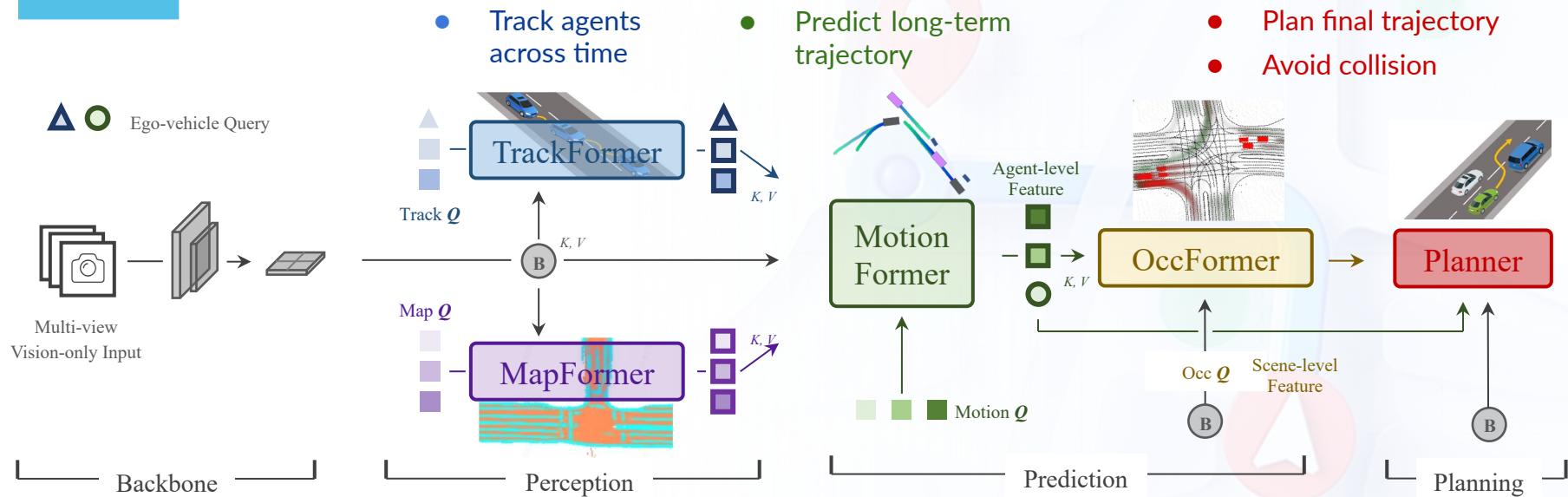
Incorporate all tasks in a hierarchical manner



- Five **safety-critical tasks**: Model the static and dynamic information
- Task hierarchy: Tasks are **well-organized** to optimize information flow to the planner

# UniAD - How to Construct?

## Pipeline

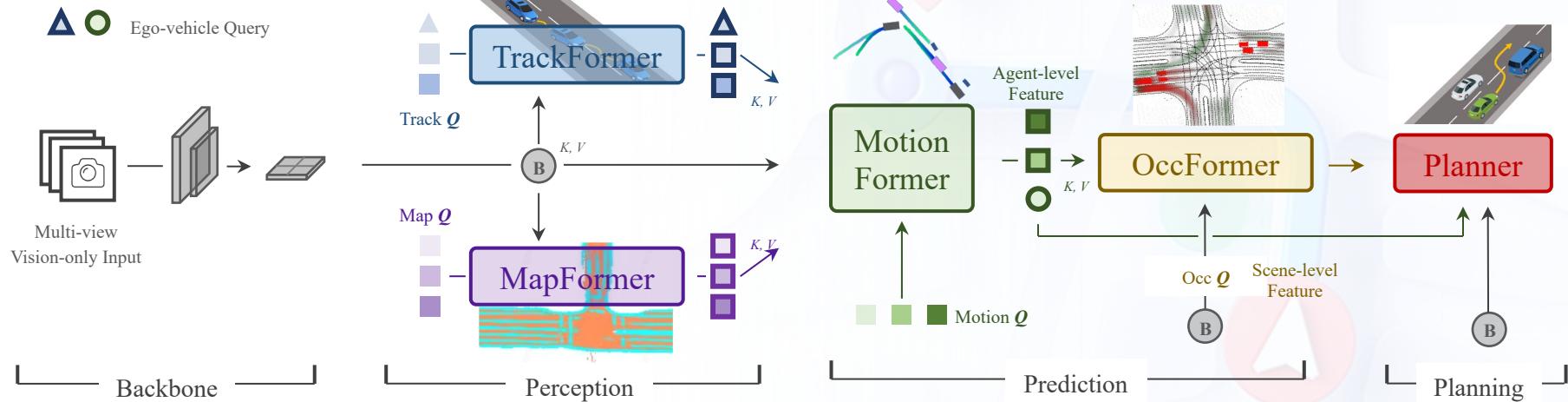


- Segment map elements

- Scene-level representation

# UniAD - How to Construct?

## Pipeline



- Entire pipeline connected by queries
- Tasks coordinated with queries
- Interactions modeled by attention

Unified Query

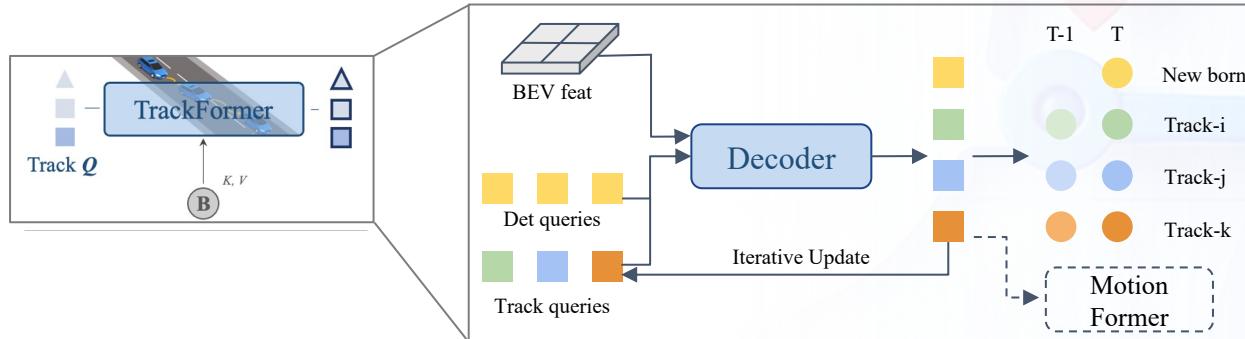
Transformer-based

First time to unify  
full-stack AD tasks!

# UniAD - How to Construct?

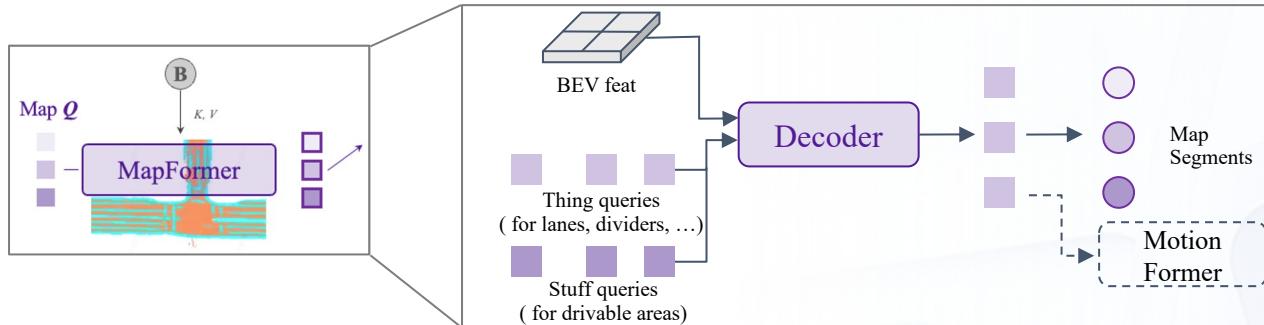
Perception → Prediction → Planning

## TrackFormer - MOTR (ECCV 2022)



- End-to-end trainable tracking without post-association

## MapFormer - Panoptic SegFormer (CVPR 2022)



- Each query represents a map element

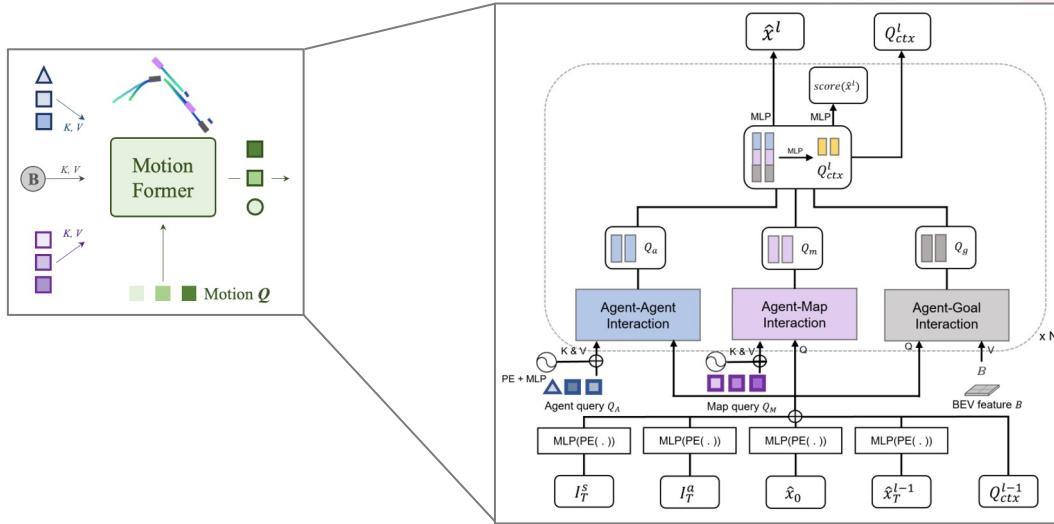
# UniAD - How to Construct?

Perception

Prediction

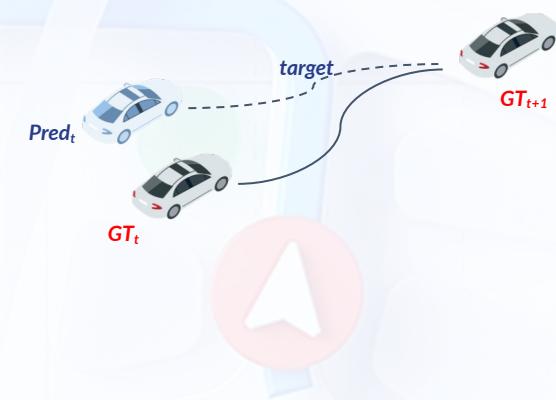
Planning

## MotionFormer (Proposed in UniAD)



- Diverse **relation modelings** via attentions:  
Agent-agent, agent-map, agent-goal

- Non-linear optimization:**  
Adjust ground-truth trajectory based on upstream predictions



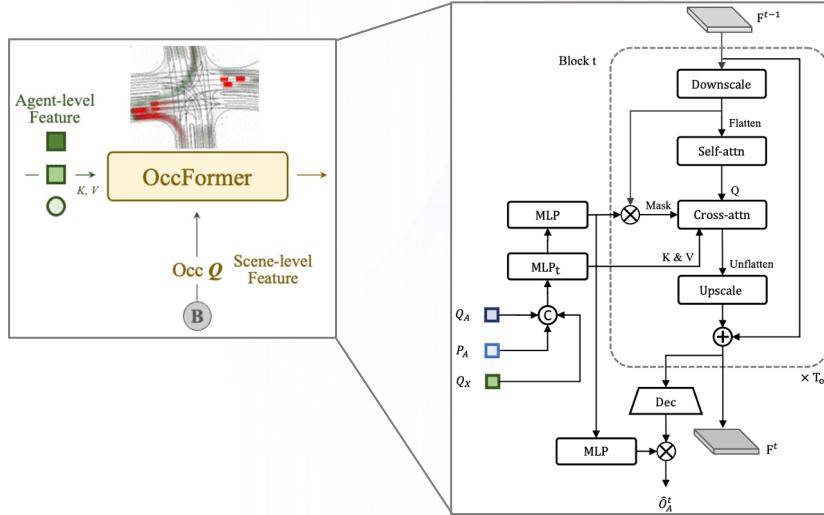
# UniAD - How to Construct?

Perception

Prediction

Planning

## OccFormer (Proposed in UniAD)



- **Encode agent-wise knowledge** into the scene representation
- Predict **occupancy as attention mask** to restrict the interactions between the agents and their corresponding BEV features.

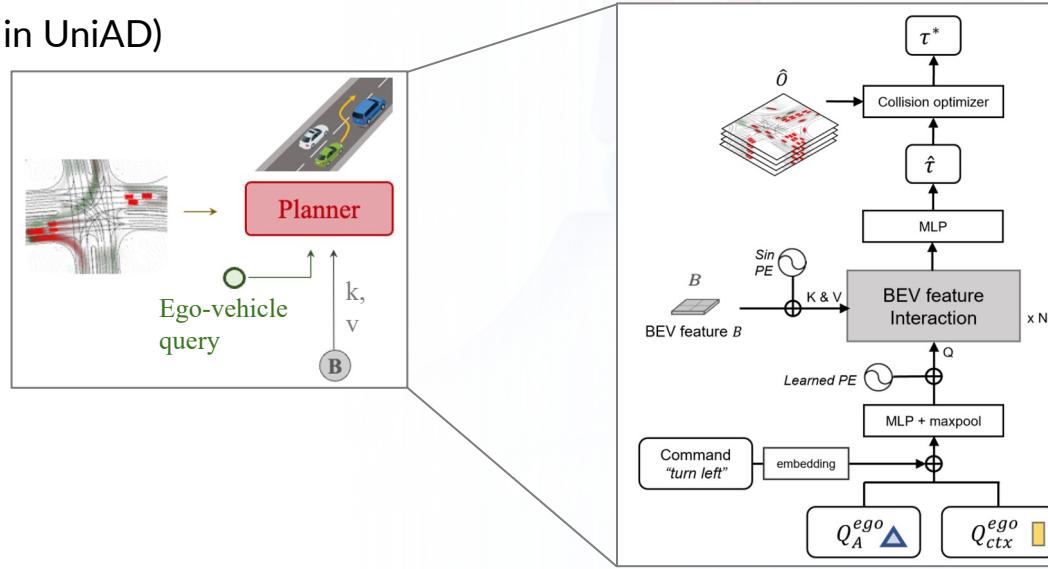
# UniAD - How to Construct?

Perception

Prediction

Planning

## Planner (Proposed in UniAD)

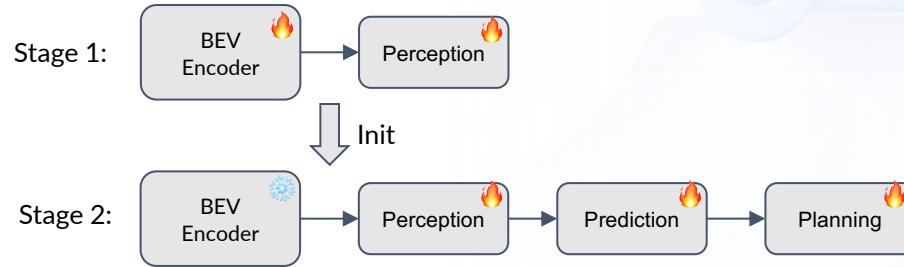


- **Ego-vehicle query:** consistently models the ego-vehicle
- **Collision optimization:** Steer the predicted trajectories clear of predicted occupancy.

# The Recipe - How to Train?

**Two-phase training.** Perception stage + End-to-end stage

- The stabilized perception capability helps the end-to-end stage **converge faster**



**Shared matching.** Matching results of tracking reused in motion and occupancy

- Consistent learning of agent identities
- Converging faster



# Planning-oriented Autonomous Driving Experiments

# UniAD - Ablation Results

Tasks benefit each other and contribute to safe planning

ID	Modules					Tracking			Mapping		Motion Forecasting			Occupancy Prediction				Planning	
	Track	Map	Motion	Occ.	Plan	AMOTA↑	AMOTP↓	IDS↓	IoU-lane↑	IoU-road↑	minADE↓	minFDE↓	MR↓	IoU-n.↑	IoU-f.↑	VPQ-n.↑	VPQ-f.↑	avg.L2↓	avg.Col.↓
0*	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	0.356	1.328	893	0.302	0.675	0.858	1.270	0.186	55.9	34.6	47.8	26.4	1.154	0.941
1	✓					0.348	1.333	791	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2		✓				-	-	-	<b>0.305</b>	<b>0.674</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3	✓	✓				0.355	1.336	<b>785</b>	0.301	0.671	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4			✓			-	-	-	-	-	<b>0.815</b>	1.224	0.182	-	-	-	-	-	
5	✓		✓			<u>0.360</u>	1.350	919	-	-	<b>0.751</b>	1.109	0.162	-	-	-	-	-	
6	✓	✓	✓			0.354	1.339	820	0.303	0.672	<b>0.736(-9.7%)</b>	1.066(-12.9%)	0.158	-	-	-	-	-	
7				✓		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>60.5</b>	37.0	52.4	29.8	-	
8	✓			✓		<u>0.360</u>	<b>1.322</b>	809	-	-	-	-	-	<b>62.1</b>	38.4	52.2	32.1	-	
9	✓	✓	✓	✓		0.359	1.359	1057	<b>0.304</b>	<b>0.675</b>	<b>0.710(-3.5%)</b>	<b>1.005(-5.8%)</b>	<b>0.146</b>	<b>62.3</b>	39.4	<b>53.1</b>	32.2	-	-
10					✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>1.131</b>	<b>0.773</b>	
11	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>0.366</b>	1.337	889	0.303	0.672	0.741	1.077	0.157	-	-	-	-	<b>1.014</b>	<b>0.717</b>
12	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	0.358	<u>1.334</u>	<b>641</b>	0.302	0.672	<u>0.728</u>	<u>1.054</u>	<u>0.154</u>	<b>62.3</b>	<b>39.5</b>	<b>52.8</b>	<b>32.3</b>	<b>1.004</b>	<b>0.430</b>

## Conclusion:

- ID. 4-6: Track & Map → Motion🚀
- ID. 7-9: Motion🚀 ↔ Occupancy🚀
- ID. 10-12: Motion & Occupancy → Planning🚀

# UniAD - Results

Even outperforms LiDAR-based counterparts on planning

## Planning

†: LiDAR-based

Camera-based

Method	L2( $m\downarrow$ )				Col. Rate(%) $\downarrow$			
	1s	2s	3s	Avg.	1s	2s	3s	Avg.
NMP <sup>†</sup> [88]	-	-	2.31	-	-	-	1.92	-
SA-NMP <sup>†</sup> [88]	-	-	2.05	-	-	-	1.59	-
FF <sup>†</sup> [36]	0.55	1.20	2.54	1.43	0.06	0.17	1.07	0.43
EO <sup>†</sup> [42]	0.67	1.36	2.78	1.60	0.04	0.09	0.88	0.33
ST-P3 [37]	1.33	2.11	2.90	2.11	0.23	0.62	1.27	0.71
<b>UniAD</b>	<b>0.48</b>	<b>0.96</b>	<b>1.65</b>	<b>1.03</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>0.17</b>	<b>0.71</b>	<b>0.31</b>

# UniAD - Results

SOTA performance on all investigated tasks

## Multi-object Tracking

Method	AMOTA↑	AMOTP↓	Recall↑	IDS↓
Immortal Tracker <sup>†</sup> [82]	0.378	1.119	0.478	936
ViP3D [30]	0.217	1.625	0.363	-
QD3DT [35]	0.242	1.518	0.399	-
MUTR3D [91]	0.294	1.498	0.427	3822
<b>UniAD</b>	<b>0.359</b>	<b>1.320</b>	<b>0.467</b>	<b>906</b>

## Mapping

Method	Lanes↑	Drivable↑	Divider↑	Crossing↑
VPN [63]	18.0	76.0	-	-
LSS [66]	18.3	73.9	-	-
BEVFormer [48]	23.9	<b>77.5</b>	-	-
BEVerse <sup>†</sup> [92]	-	-	<b>30.6</b>	<b>17.2</b>
<b>UniAD</b>	<b>31.3</b>	69.1	25.7	13.8

## Motion Forecasting

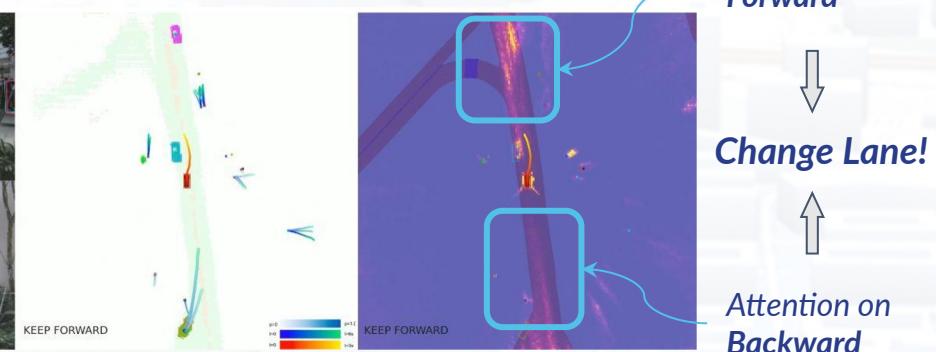
Method	minADE( $m$ )↓	minFDE( $m$ )↓	MR↓	EPA↑
PnPNet <sup>†</sup> [50]	1.15	1.95	0.226	0.222
ViP3D [30]	2.05	2.84	0.246	0.226
Constant Pos.	5.80	10.27	0.347	-
Constant Vel.	2.13	4.01	0.318	-
<b>UniAD</b>	<b>0.71</b>	<b>1.02</b>	<b>0.151</b>	<b>0.456</b>

## Occupancy Prediction

Method	IoU-n.↑	IoU-f.↑	VPQ-n.↑	VPQ-f.↑
FIERY [34]	59.4	36.7	50.2	29.9
StretchBEV [1]	55.5	37.1	46.0	29.0
ST-P3 [37]	-	38.9	-	32.1
BEVerse <sup>†</sup> [92]	61.4	<b>40.9</b>	54.3	<b>36.1</b>
<b>UniAD</b>	<b>63.4</b>	40.2	<b>54.7</b>	33.5

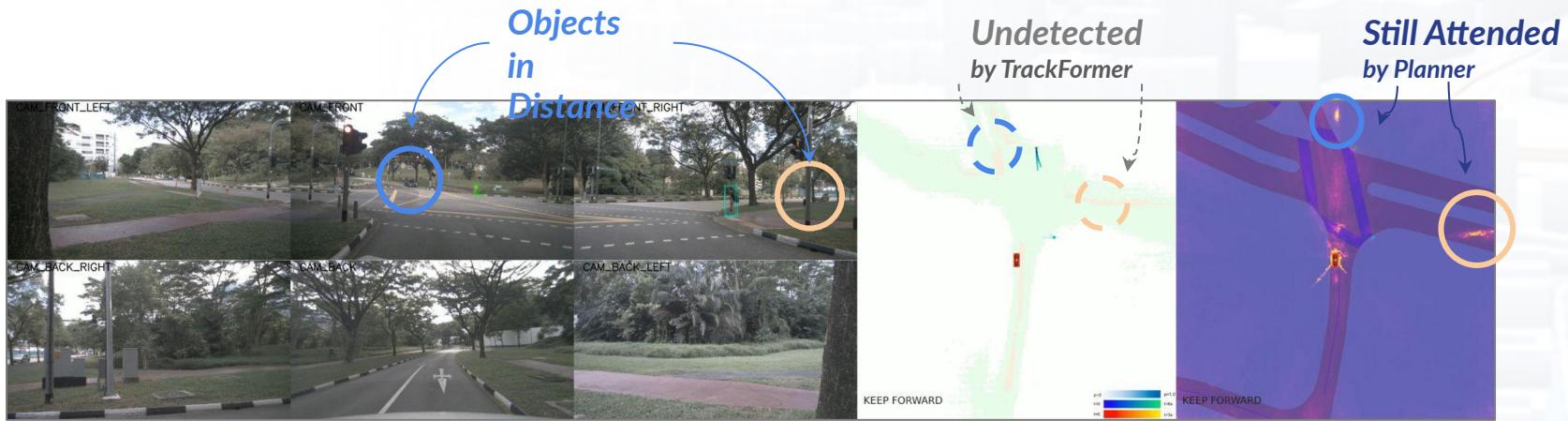
# UniAD - Visualizations

Planner attends to crucial areas in complex scenes



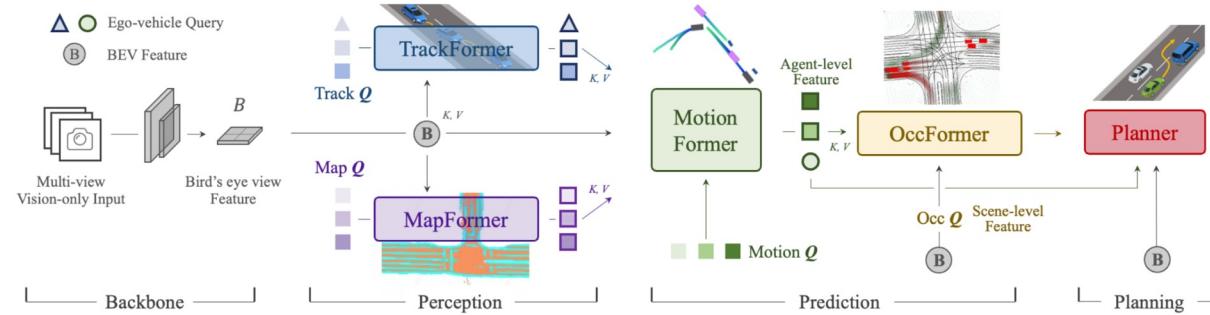
# UniAD - Recover from Upstream Errors

Planner could still attend to 'undetected' regions/objects



# One-page Summary

- **Planning-oriented Philosophy:** An end-to-end autonomous driving (AD) framework in pursuit of safe planning, equipped with a wide span of AD tasks.
- **Unified Query design:** Queries as interfaces to connect and coordinate all tasks.
- **State-of-the-art (SOTA) Performance** with vision-only input.
- **First Step towards Autonomous Driving Foundation Models**





What's next? beyond UniAD

# Embracing Foundation Models for Autonomous Driving



## Data & Training Strategy

- Multiple datasets with labels for various tasks?

## Shippable Algorithm

- More modules integration, extensible to applications (e.g. V2X)

## Closed-loop System

- Closed-loop training and testing in simulator & real world

Check out the latest **Survey Paper!**

[https://github.com/OpenDriveLab/  
End-to-end-Autonomous-Driving](https://github.com/OpenDriveLab/End-to-end-Autonomous-Driving)



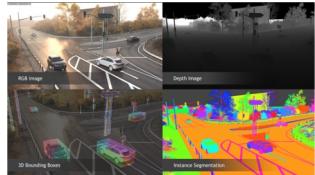
# Beyond UniAD: DriveAGI

## Data-centric Pipeline

### Data Collection



### Data Generation



## Pre-training DriveCore



How to formulate?  
What's the objective goal?

## Applications

### Autonomous Driving



### Broader Impact



Partial photo by courtesy of online resources.

OpenDriveLab



Poster: THU-AM-131

# THANKS

<https://opendrivelab.com>



上海人工智能实验室  
Shanghai Artificial Intelligence Laboratory

