# MIP Formulation for Human-Centered Dispatch

# Sets:

- R: Set of resources (indexed by r)
- S: Set of shifts (indexed by s)
- B: Set of demand types/roles (indexed by b)
- P: Set of construction sites (baustellen, indexed by p)
- T: Set of timeslots (indexed by t)

#### Parameters:

- $d_{s,b}$ : Number of resources required for demand b in shift s
- $z_s$ : Timeslot of shift s
- $p_s$ : Baustelle of shift s
- $c_r$ : Cost of assigning resource r (higher for externals)
- $a_{r,b}$ : 1 if resource r can cover demand b, 0 otherwise

# **Decision Variables:**

$$x_{r,s,b} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if resource } r \text{ is assigned to shift } s \text{ for demand } b \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

 $y_p \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$  (penalty for instability at baustelle p)

change<sub> $p,s_1,s_2,r,b$ </sub>  $\in \{0,1\}$  (penalty if assignment changes between consecutive shifts  $s_1, s_2$  at p) total\_shifts<sub>r</sub>  $\in Z_{\geq 0}$  (total shifts assigned to r)

 $\min_{shifts}, \max_{shifts} \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ 

# Objective:

# Constraints:

#### 1. Demand coverage:

$$\sum_{r \in R} x_{r,s,b} \cdot a_{r,b} \ge d_{s,b} \qquad \forall s \in S, \ b \in B$$

# 2. Resource assignment per timeslot:

$$\sum_{s \in S: z_s = t} \sum_{b \in B} x_{r,s,b} \le 1 \qquad \forall r \in R, \, t \in T$$

3. Max 7 shifts in any 9-day window:

$$\sum_{s \in S: z_s \in [t,t+17]} \sum_{b \in B} x_{r,s,b} \leq 7 \qquad \forall r \in R, \, t \in T, \, t \text{ odd}$$

4. Max 14 night shifts in any 30-day window:

$$\sum_{s \in S: z_s \in [t,t+59], \; z_s \text{ even } b \in B} \sum_{r,s,b} \leq 14 \qquad \forall r \in R, \; t \in T, \; t \text{ odd}$$

5. No consecutive timeslot assignments:

$$x_{r,s_1,b_1} + x_{r,s_2,b_2} \le 1$$

for all 
$$r \in R, \, t \in T, \, s_1 \in S : z_{s_1} = t, \, s_2 \in S : z_{s_2} = t+1, \, b_1, b_2 \in B$$

6. Penalty for assignment changes (stability):

$$|x_{r,s_1,b} - x_{r,s_2,b}| \le \text{change}_{p,s_1,s_2,r,b}$$

for all  $p \in P$ , consecutive shifts  $s_1, s_2$  at  $p, r \in R, b \in B$ 

7. Fairness in shift allocation:

$$total\_shifts_r = \sum_{s \in S} \sum_{b \in B} x_{r,s,b} \qquad \forall r \in R$$

 $\min_{shifts} \le \text{total\_shifts}_r \le \max_{shifts} \quad \forall r \in R$