



# OpenSPG-KAG

KAG: Boosting LLMs in Professional Domains via Knowledge Augmented Generation



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#### Contents

01

**Key Issues of LLM Apps in Professional Domain** 

Domain Knowledge Injection, Complex Decision Execution, Illusions

02

**Introduction to KAG** 

Framework, Schema & Indexing, KAG-Builder, KAG-Solver

03

**KAG Applications** 

MultihopQA, RiskMining, Medicine, Event KG



# 色 蚂蚁开源 Inherent flaws of the RAG + LLM Paradigm

- LM apps are typically equipped with private knowledge bases to address:
- The difficulty of using privacy data as pre-training corpus for open-source & commercial LLM
- The high requirements for personnel capabilities and resource allocation in LLM SFT
- The lengthy time cost in LLM SFT, making it challenging to stay synchronized with corpus updates

#### Are Text and Vector Indexes Relied by RAG effective KB?



Uniformly Management of Domainspecific Knowledge



Structured data, unstructured data, and domain expert rules cannot be uniformly stored and retrieved using text and vector indexes.

Lacking symbolic reasoning expression & execution



Recall strategy based on semantic similarity cannot handle complex reasoning, quantitative analysis. For example, how many males in "Dream of the Red Chamber"?

Neglect of the quality of knowledge base data.

homonyms with different meanings (e.g., Apple (Company) and Apple (Fruit)), and synonyms with different names (e.g., **President Washington and The American** George) need to be solved.

Knowledge graphs, enhanced with semantics, logic, and symbols, can provide better support for the LLM applications in professional domain



### Knowledge Graph/Graph + LLM Typical Technical Approaches

Framework	applicable scenarios	Benchmarks (hotpotqa-1000 docs)		Characteristics
GraphRAG( MS)	QFS tasks (evaluation: Comprehensiveness, Diversity, Empowerment)	em: 0 f1: 0.053	•	Through hierarchical clustering, progressively generate paragraph summaries for cross-document QFS tasks.  Lack of capability for logical symbolic reasoning.
HippoRAG	Factual QA tasks (evaluation: em, f1)	em: 0.457 f1: 0.592	•	Construction of the knowledge graph is based on RDF extraction and entities embedding linking. Chunk retrieved by combination of DPR + PPR during QA phase.
LightRAG	QFS tasks (evaluation: Comprehensiveness, Diversity, Empowerment)	em: 0 f1 : 0.034 Time cost: 4811 s Tokens: 1,772.3 k	•	Extract RDF quintuples (with types) for construction. Achieve chunk retrieval by combination of ner and concept the ners.
KAG (V0.5)	Factual QA tasks (evaluation: em, f1)	Em: 0.625 f1 : 0.762 Time cost: 4232 s Tokens: 2,276 k	•	KAG built on spg extraction, semantic alignment, and text & graph mutual indexing.  Factual-QA tasks completed through hybrid reasoning guided by logical symbols.  QFS tasks and dialogue QA tasks are yet to be open-sourced.

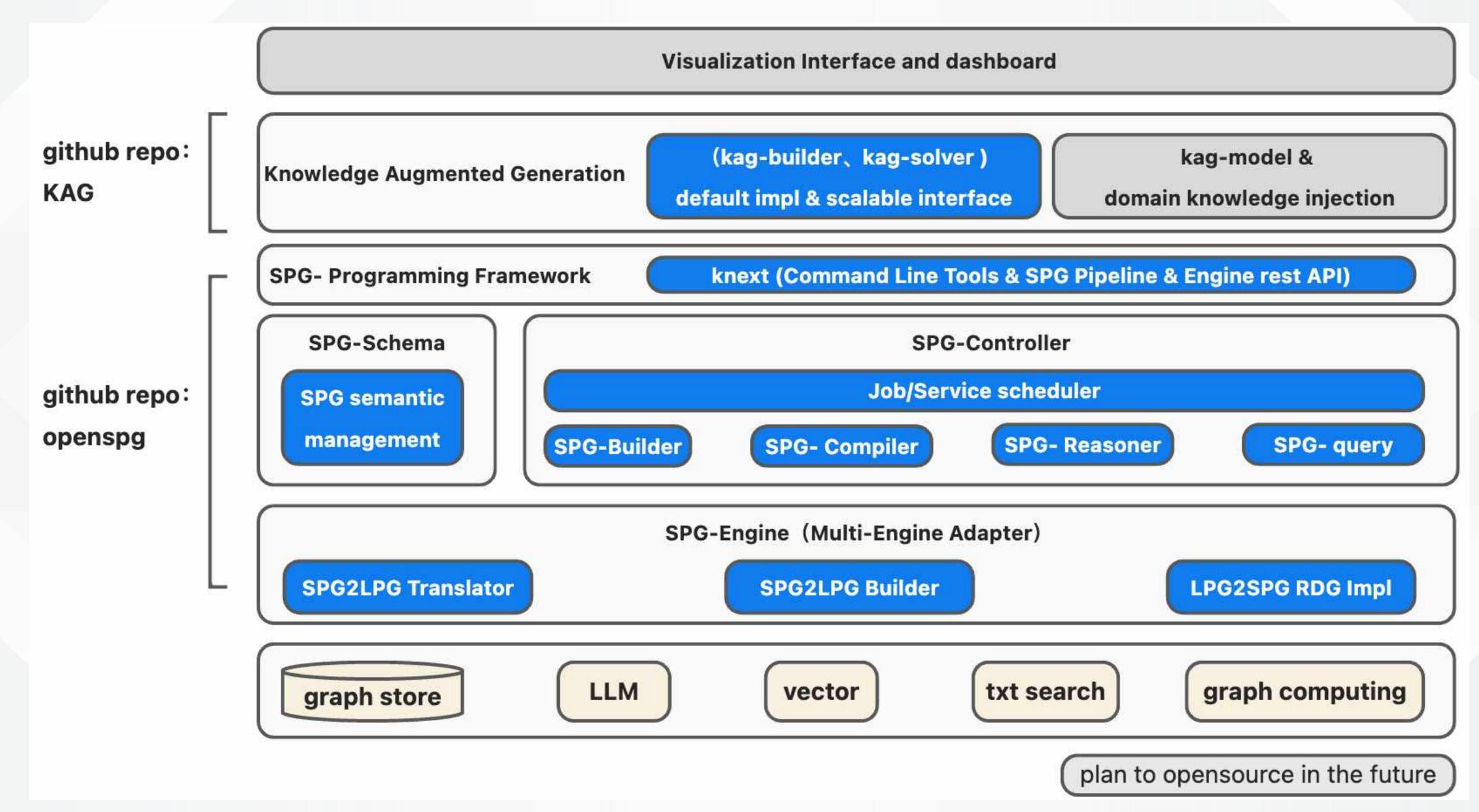


# Principles of KAG

Version 0.5

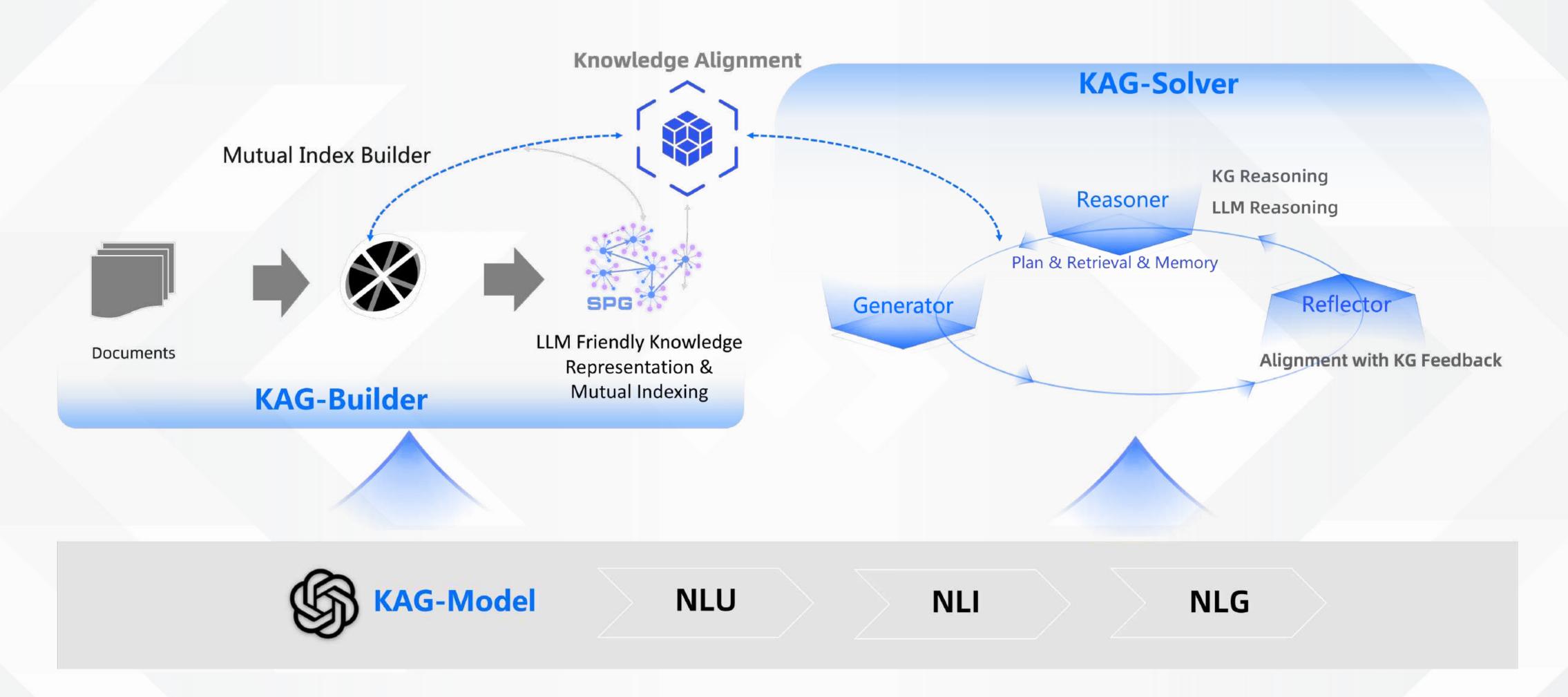


### KAG in OpenSPG framework





#### KAG - Framework



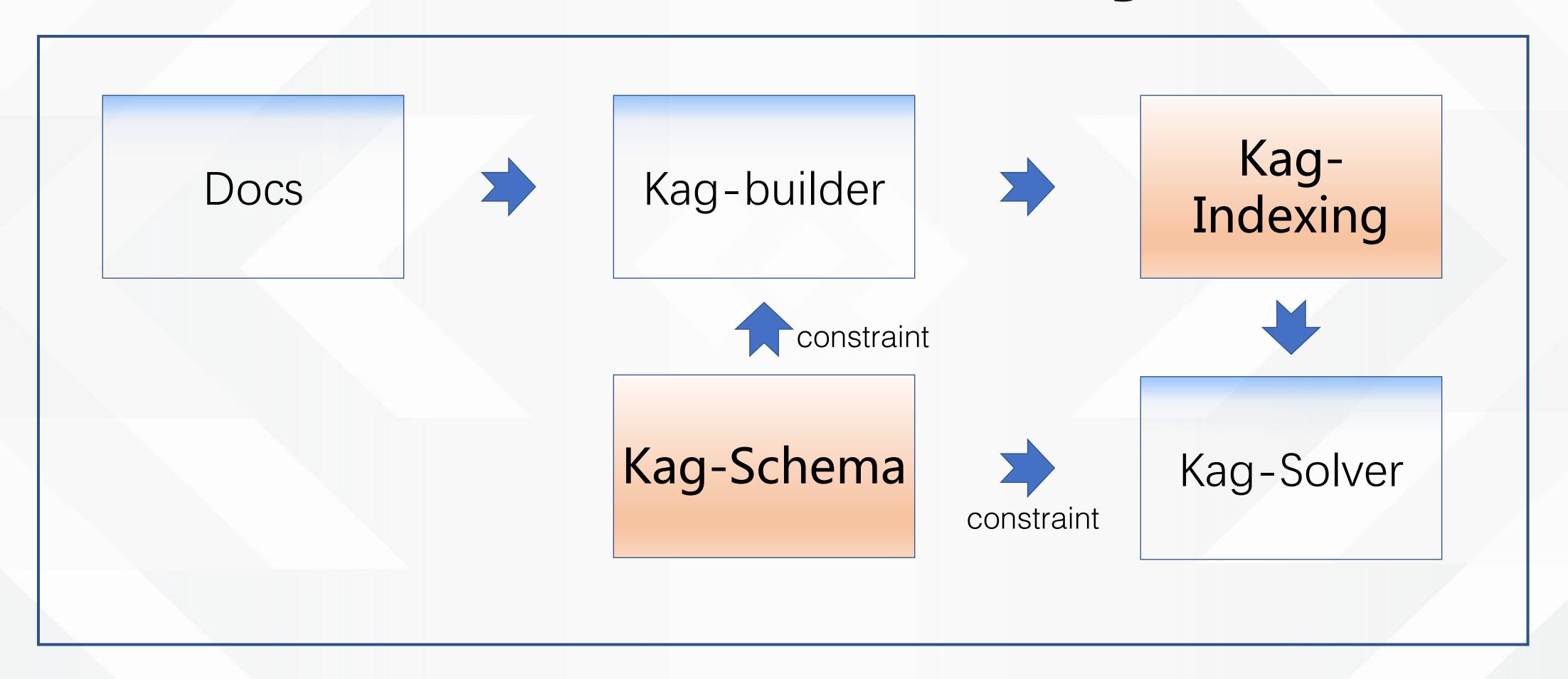
**Kag-builder:** Construct private domain knowledge into LLM-friendly semantic representation using SPG

**Kag-solver:** hybrid reasoning engine guided by logical symbols

**Kag-Model:** 8B SFT model comparable to 72B model (NLU, NLI, NLG tasks) with significantly reduced resource consumption.

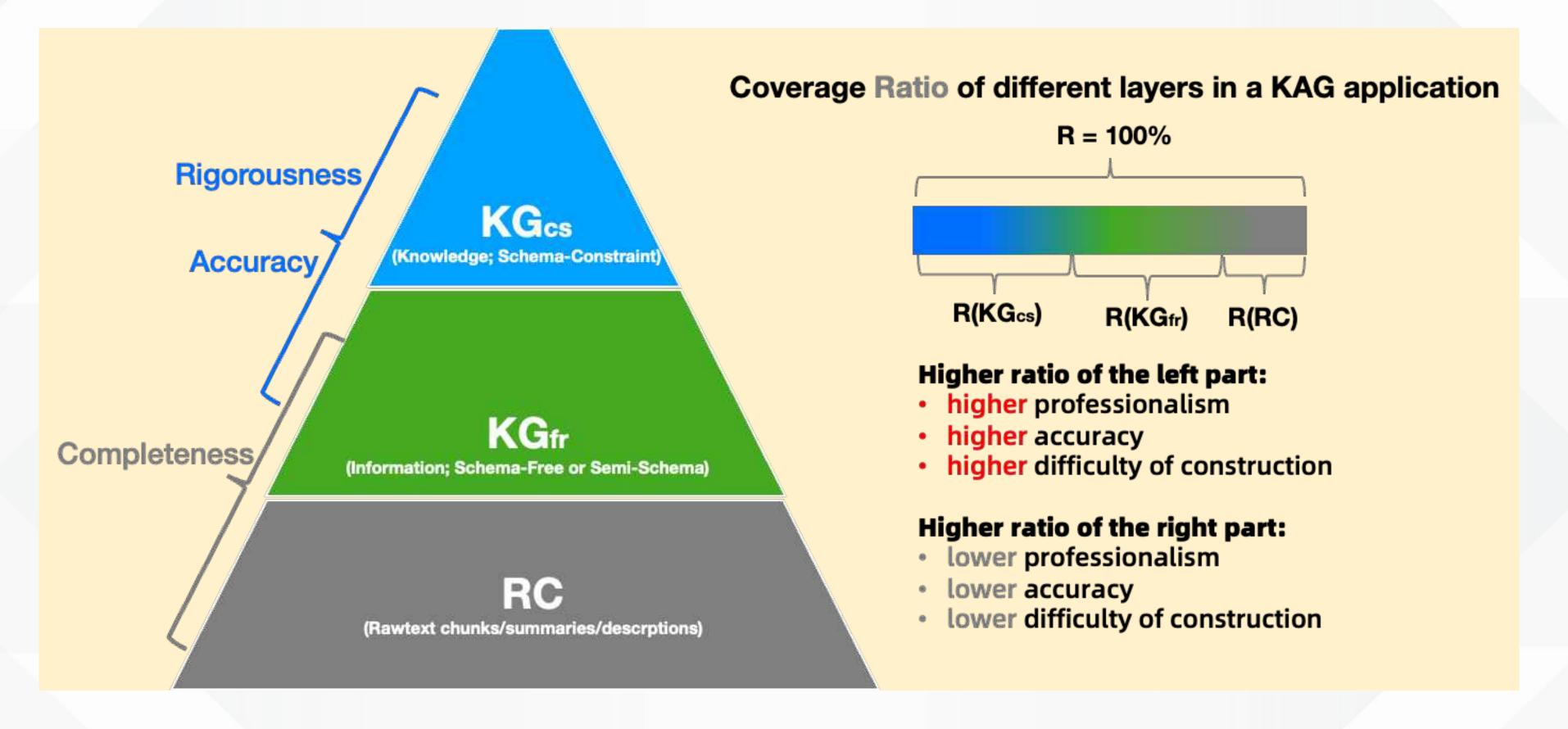


### KAG-Schema & Indexing





### Kag-Indexing

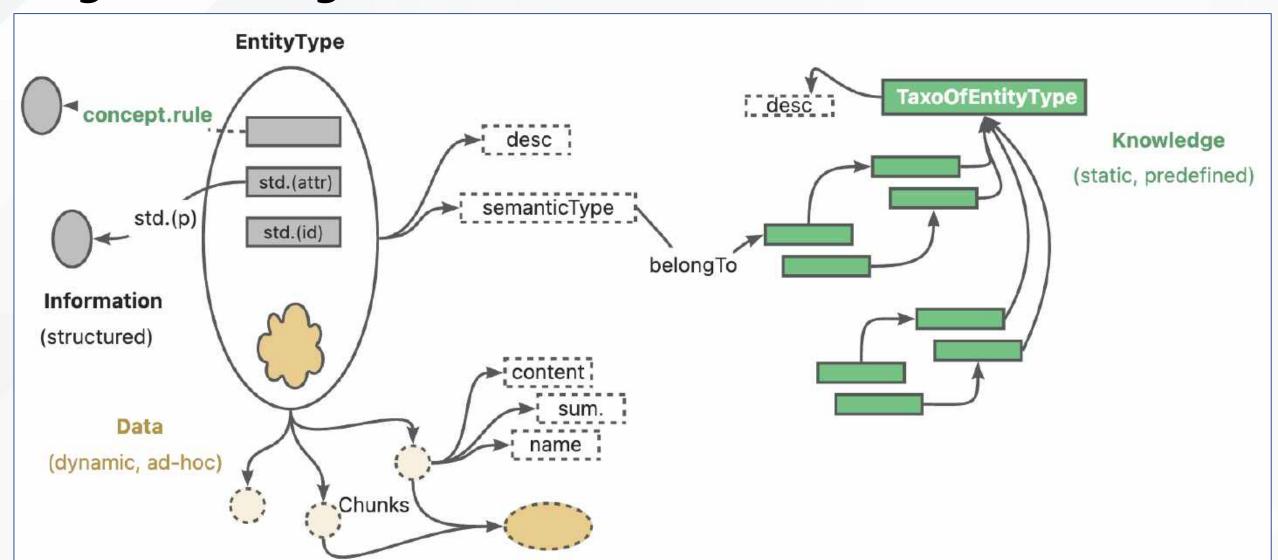


- **LLMFriSPG:** Compatible with Schema-constraint knowledge, Schema-free information, and raw context.
- Text and graph mutual indexing: smoothly adjustable in professional decision-making and information retrieval.

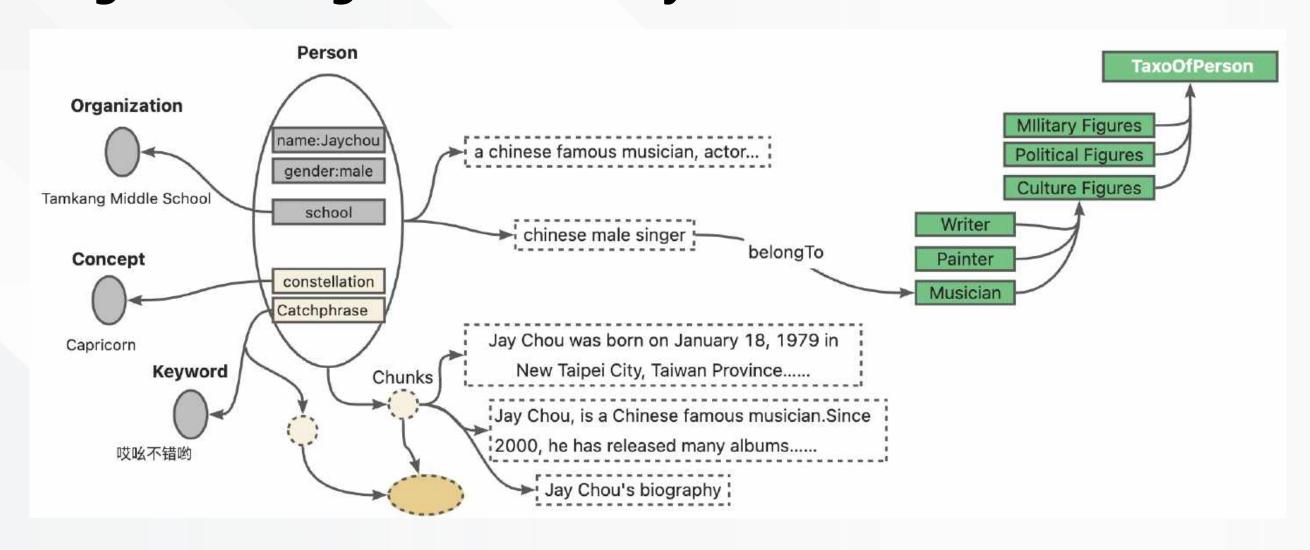


#### LLMFriSPG examples

#### **Kag – Indexing Structure**



#### **Kag – Indexing instance of Jay Chou**



#### default.schema

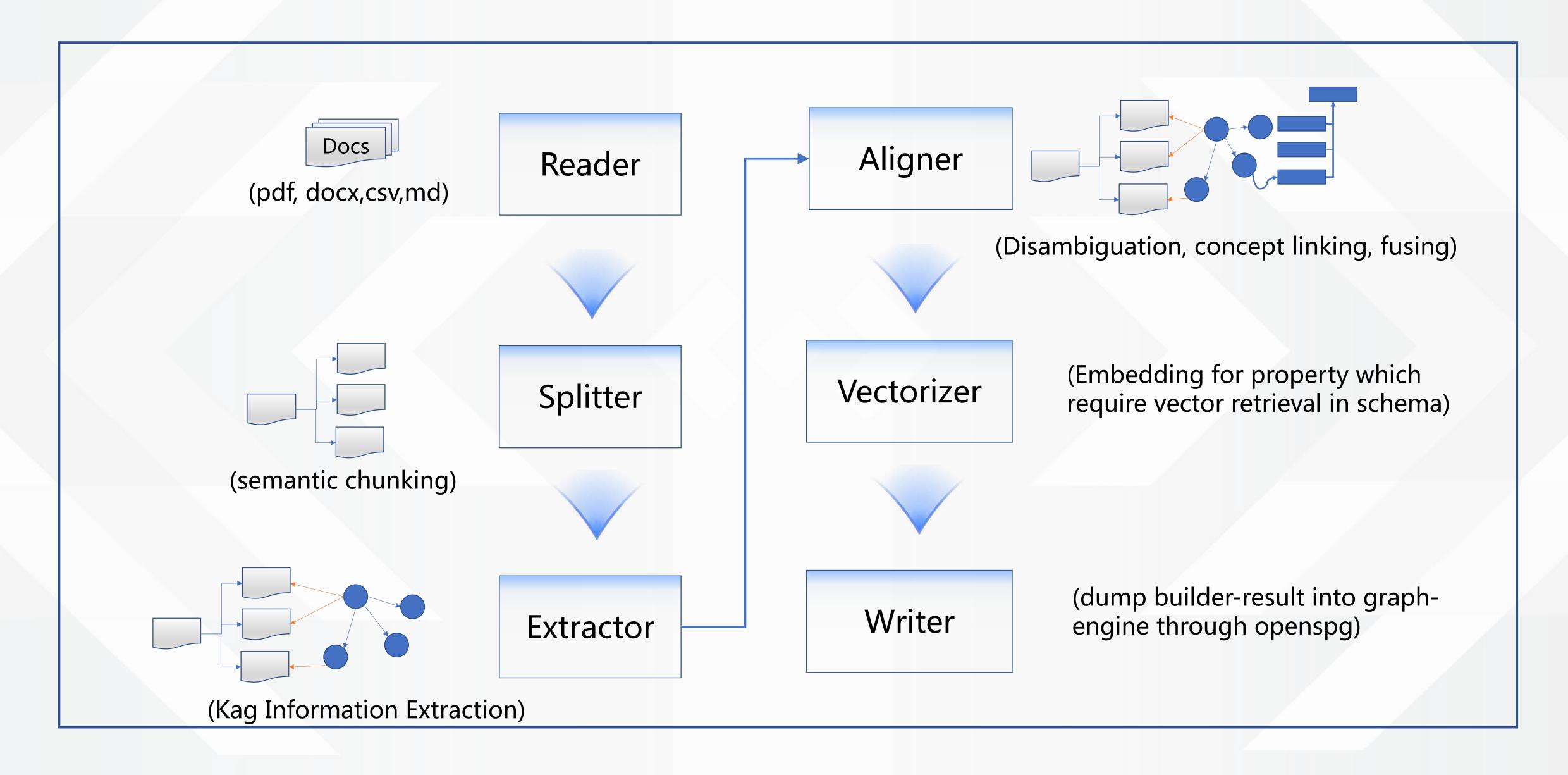
```
Organization: EntityType
   properties:
    id: Text
       index: TextAndVector
    name: Text
       index: TextAndVector
    desc: Text
       index: TextAndVector
    semanticType: Text
Person: EntityType
   properties:
    id: Text
       index: TextAndVector
    name: Text
       index: TextAndVector
    desc: Text
       index: TextAndVector
    school: Organization
    gender: Text
    semanticType: Text
Works: EntityType
Concept: EntityType
GeoLocation: EntityType
```

Chunks: EntityType

**Others: EntityType** 

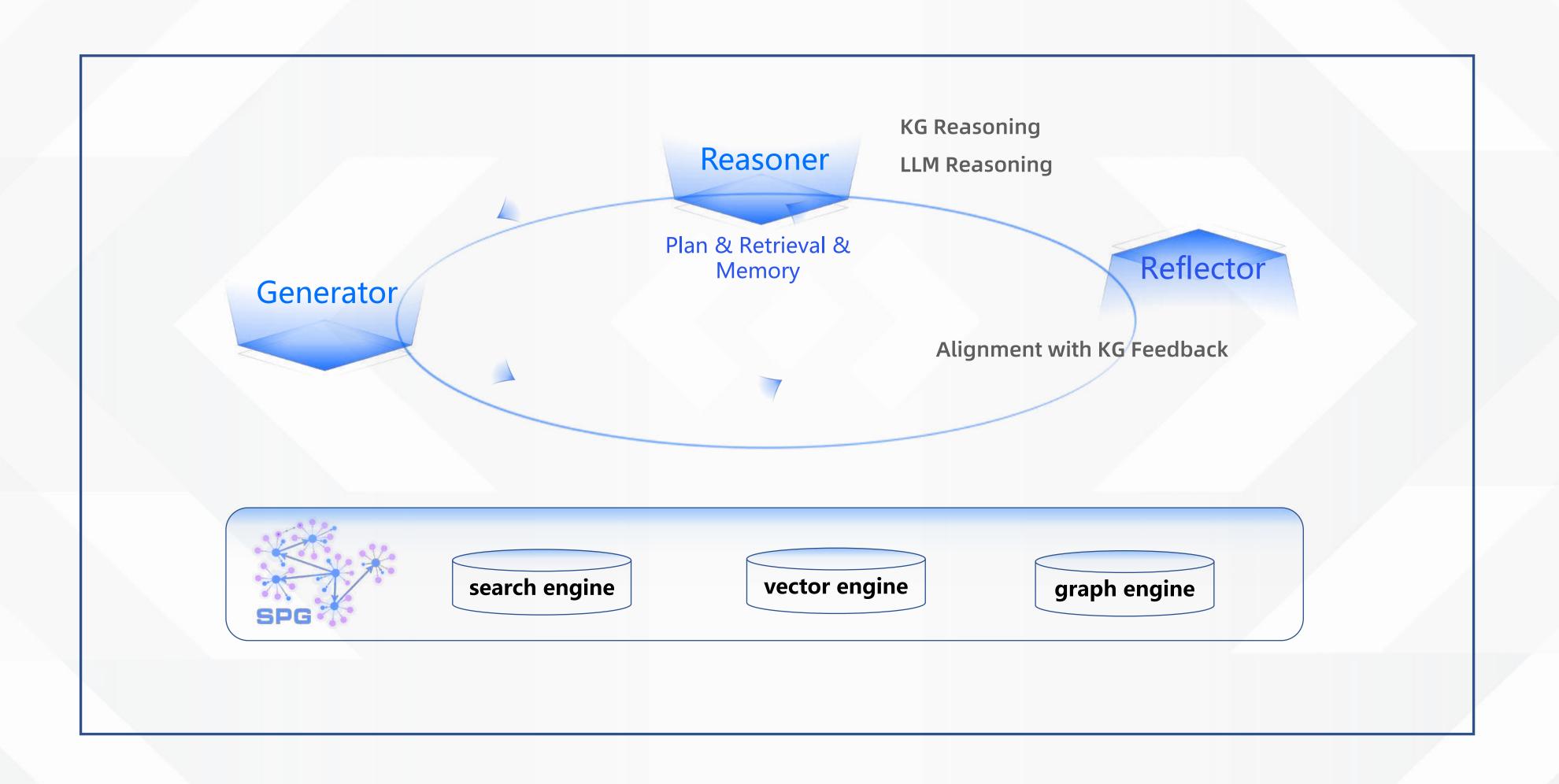


## Kag-builder



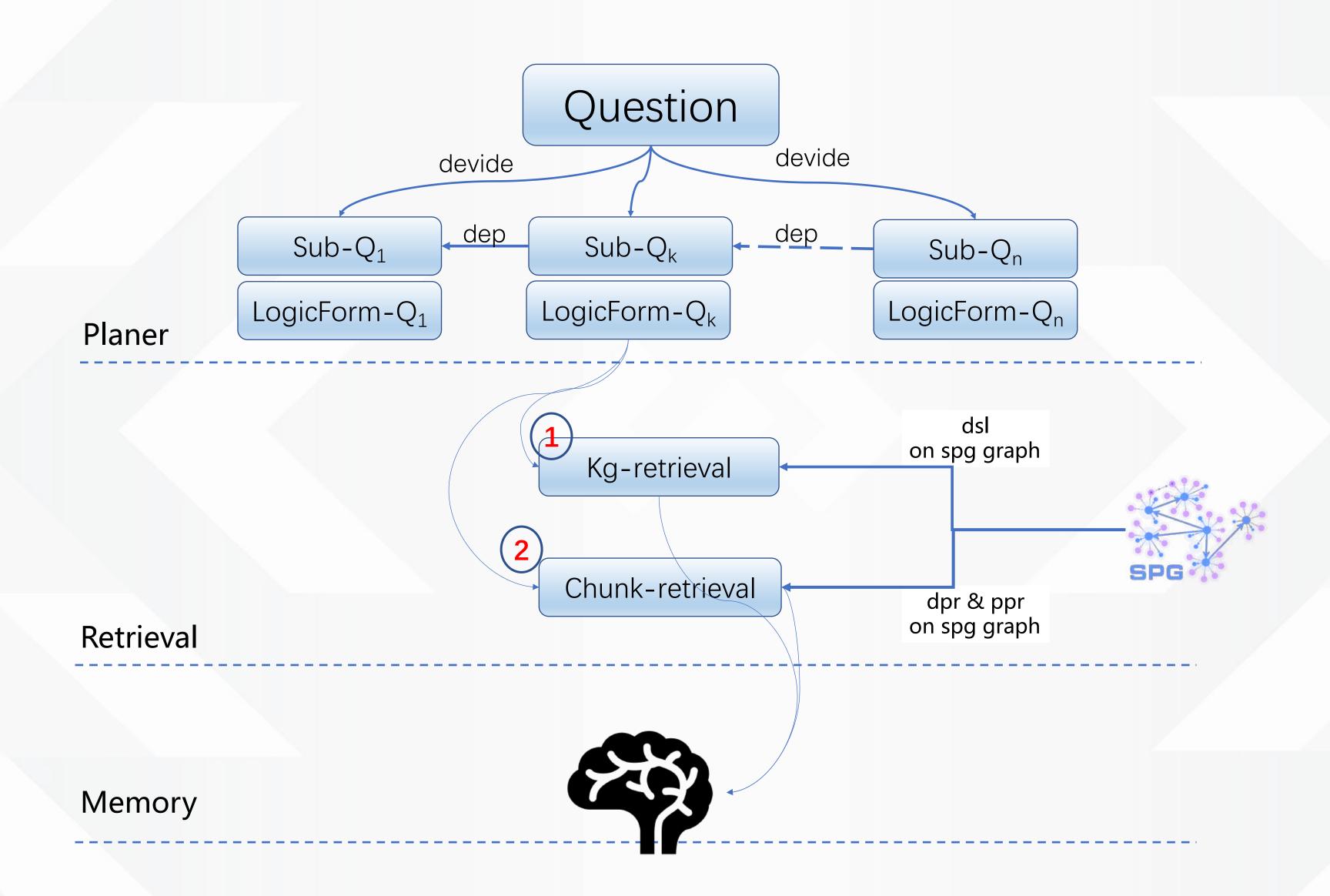


#### **KAG-Solver**





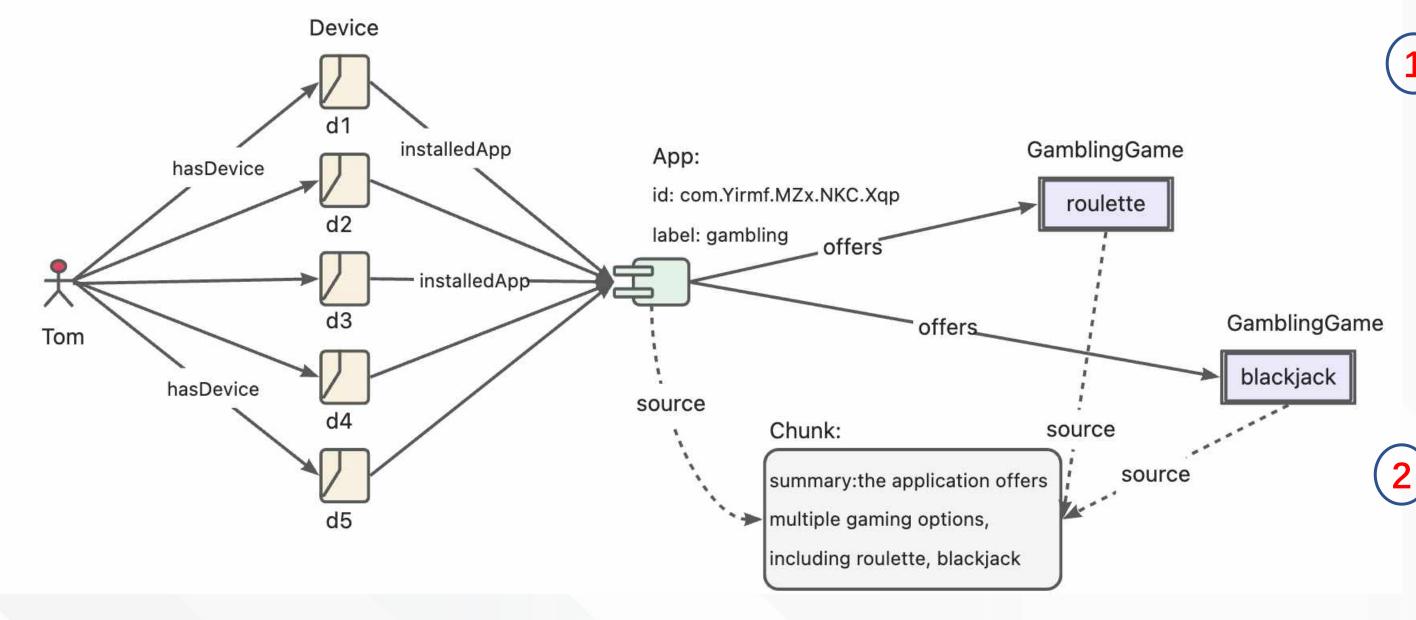
## reasoner of Kag-Solver





### KAG's rigorous decision-making in the risk-mining

#### RC & KG<sub>fr</sub> & KG<sub>cs</sub>



3 define a RiskUser of gambling app rule

```
Plain Text | 四复制代
```

```
Define (s:Person)-[p:belongTo]->(o:`TaxOfRiskUser`/`DeveloperOfGamblingApp`) {
    Structure {
        (s)-[:developed]->(app:`TaxOfRiskApp`/`GamblingApp`)
    }
    Constraint {
    }
}
```

```
define riskAppTaxo rule

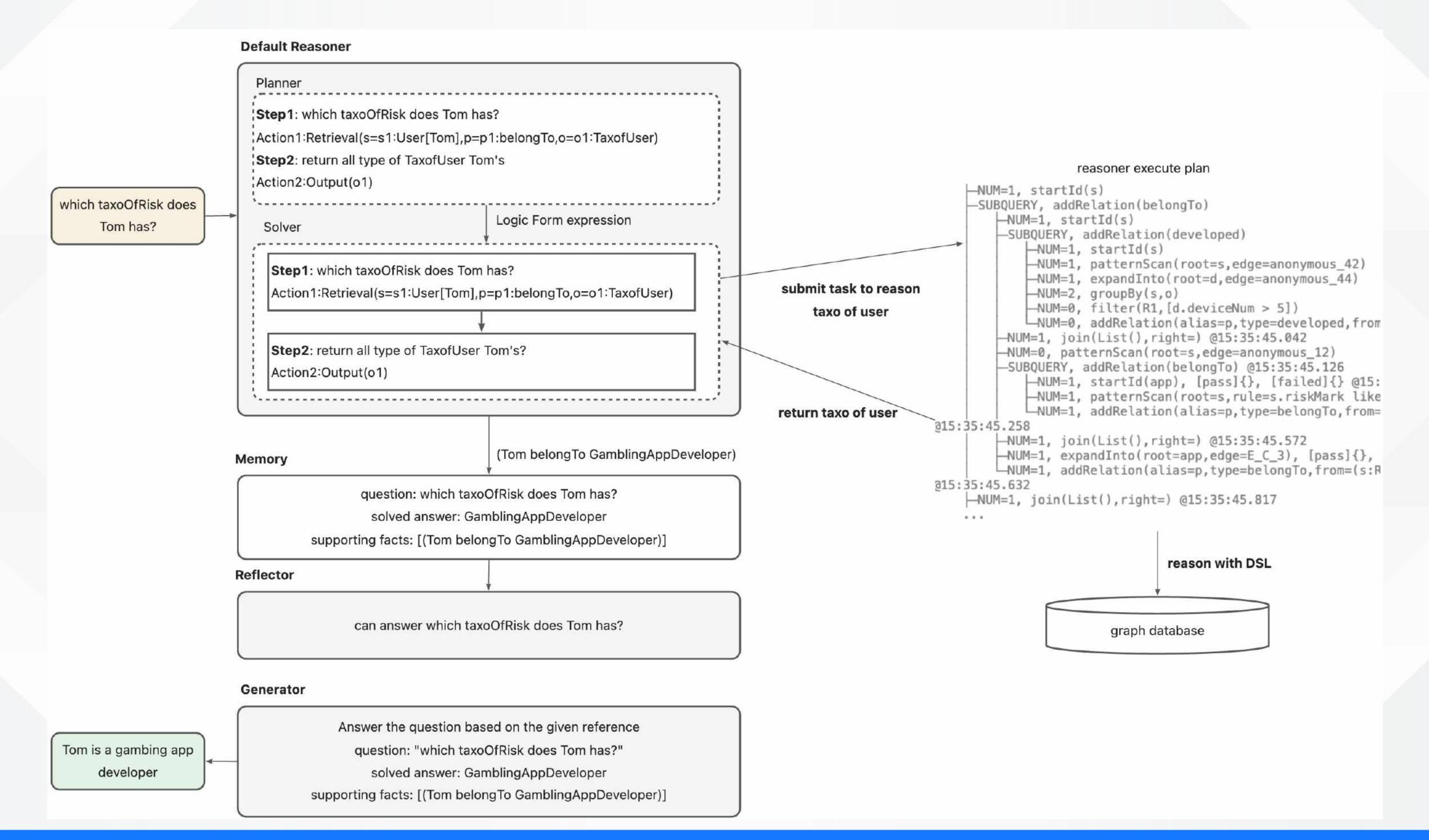
Define (s:App)-[p:belongTo]->(o:`TaxOfRiskApp`/`GamblingApp`) {
    Structure {
        (s)
    }
    Constraint {
        R1("risk label marked as gambling") s.riskMark like "%Gambling%"
    }
}
```

define app developper rule

```
Define (s:Person)-[p:developed]->(o:App) {
    Structure {
        (s)-[:hasDevice]->(d:Device)-[:install]->(o)
    }
    Constraint {
        deviceNum = group(s,o).count(d)
        R1("device installed same app"): deviceNum > 5
    }
}
```



## KAG's rigorous decision-making in the risk-mining





### Kag-Solver decision making result





## Deploy & Use

Product Mode

Developer Mode

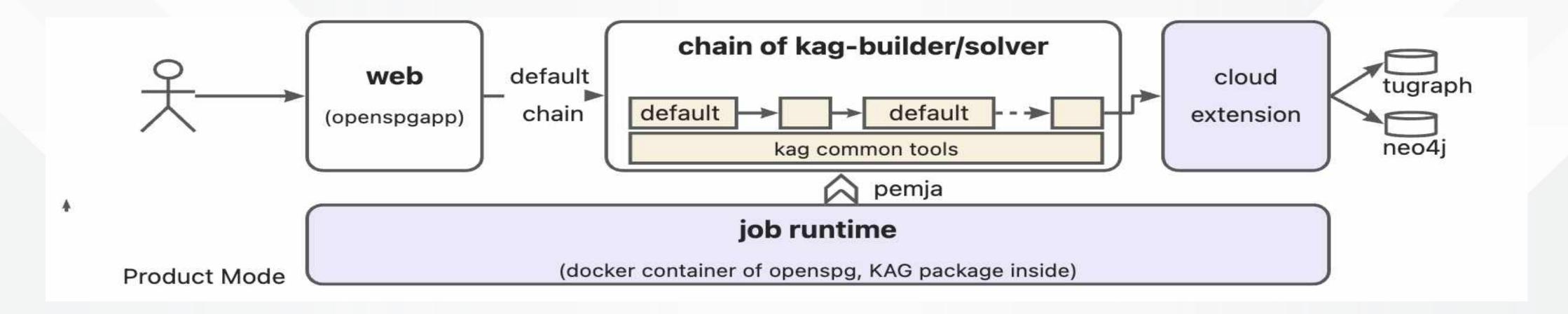


#### KAG usage (Product Mode)



#### **Product Mode: readme**

- kag default schema + default builder chain
- Openspg provides runtime env for Kag-builder chain through pemja
- kag-builder call API of openspg server for dumping extraction result to graph-engine





#### KAG usage (Developer Mode)

```
Project 🗸
                                                                                                                                                                   2wiki/.../indexer.py × medicine/.../indexer.py

➤ IB KAG ~/Projects/Git/opensource-OpenSPG/KAG
                                                                                                                                                 Package requirements 'charset_normalizer==3.3.2', 'openspg-knext==0.5.2b1', 'ollama' are not satisficently and the satisfication of 
     > 🛅 .idea
     > 🛅 _static
                                                                                                                                                                    class TwowikiBuilderChain(BuilderChainABC): 1usage 上庄舟。

✓ Is kag

                                                                                                                                                                                def build(self, **kwargs): 上庄舟。
            > 🖻 builder
                                                                                                                                                                                          source = TwowikiCorpusReader()
             common
                                                                                                                                                                                          splitter = LengthSplitter(split_length=2000)

    examples

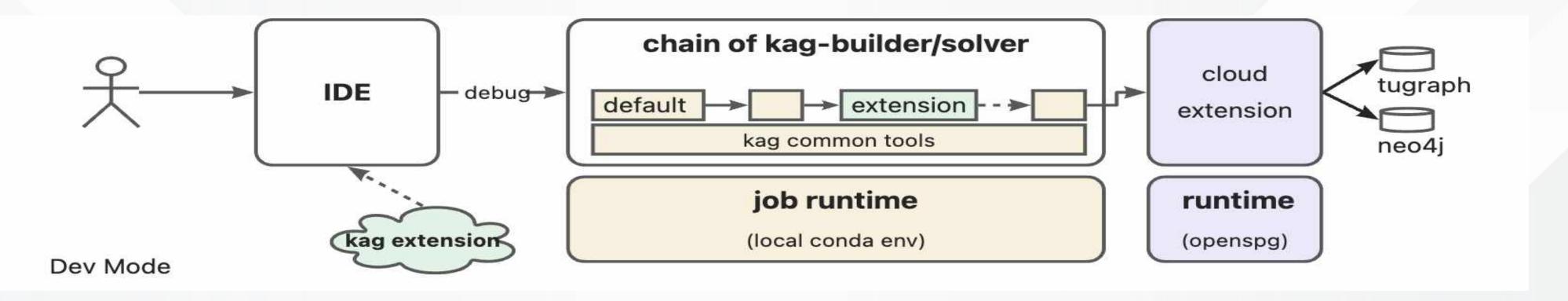
                                                                                                                                                                                          extractor = KAGExtractor()
                  🗸 🗎 2wiki
                                                                                                                                                                                          vectorizer = BatchVectorizer()
                         builder
                                                                                                                                                                                          sink = KGWriter()
                               data
                                                                                                                                                                                          return (source >> splitter >>
                               prompt
                                                                                                                                                                                                                extractor >> vectorizer >> sink)
                                     __init__.py
                                      indexer.py
                         > in reasoner
                                                                                                                                                                     def buildKB(corpusFilePath): 1 usage ▲庄舟
                         > 📵 schema
                                                                                                                                                                                TwowikiBuilderChain().invoke(file_path=corpusFilePath, max_workers=20)

⇒ solver

                              = kag_config.cfg
                                                                                                                                                                                logger.info(f"\n\nbuildKB successfully for {corpusFilePath}\n\n")
                    > 🗎 hotpotga
                     \bigsize \bigsize KagDemo
                    > medicine
                                                                                                                                                    75 D if __name__ == '__main__':
                    > musique
                                                                                                                                                                                filePath = "./data/2wiki_sub_corpus.json"
                                                                                                                                                                                # filePath = "./data/2wiki_corpus.json"
                    > i riskmining
                                                                                                                                                                                corpusFilePath = os.path.join(
                   > 🗎 supplychain
                                                                                                                                                                                          os.path.abspath(os.path.dirname(__file__)), filePath
                        🤛 __init__.py
                        M↓ README.md
                                                                                                                                                                                buildKB(corpusFilePath)
                        dtils.py
            interface
              solver
              > image templates
```

#### Developer Mode: <u>readme</u>

- developer customize schema & builder chain
- Local python IDE provides runtime env for Kag-builder chain
- kag-builder call API of openspg for dumping extraction result to graph-engine

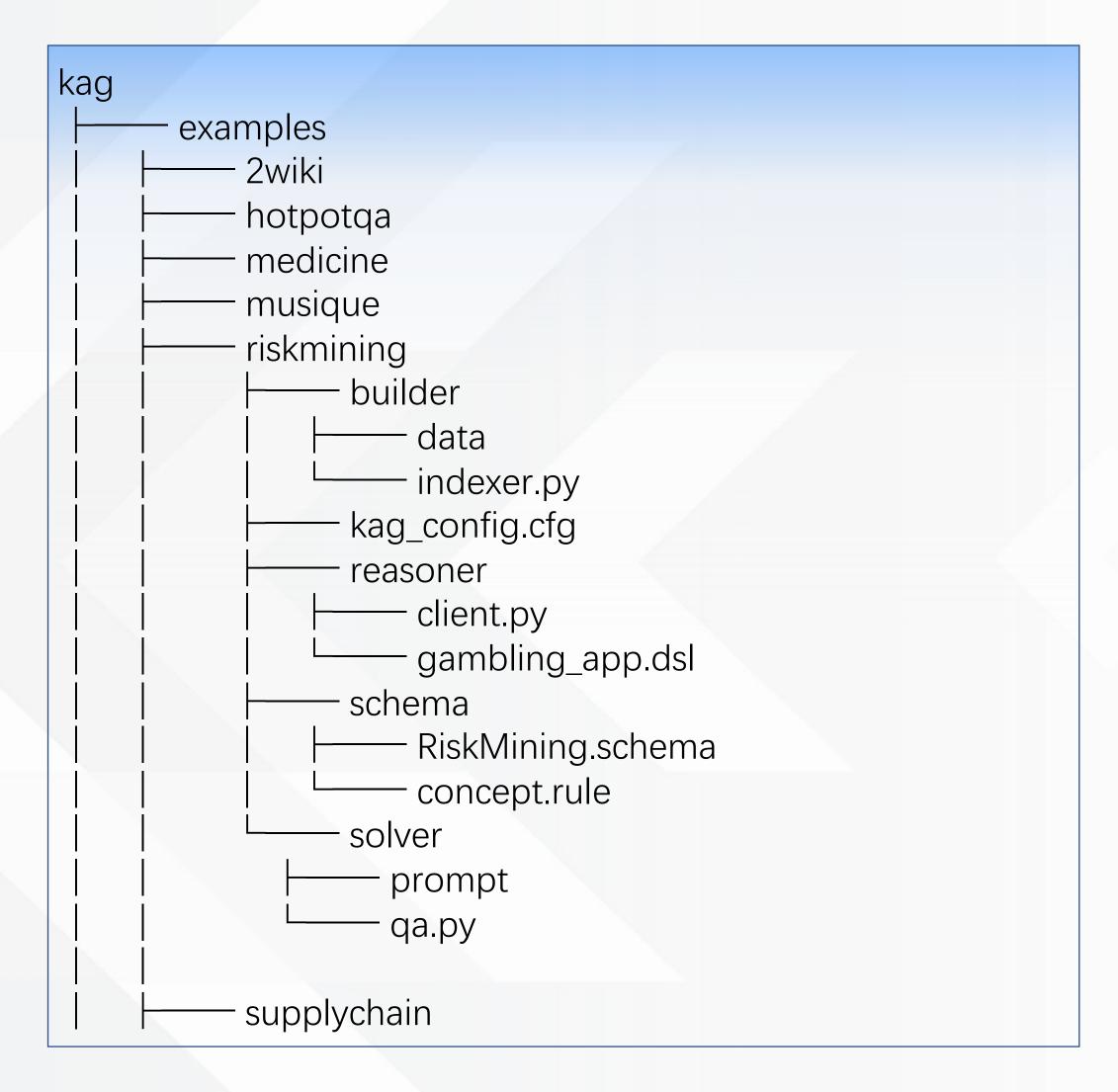




# KAG applications



### KAG built-in examples



Framework	Model	HotpotQA		2WikiMultiHopQA		MuSiQue	
Framework		EM	F1	EM	F1	EM	F1
NativeRAG [24, 23]	ChatGPT-3.5	43.4	57.7	33.4	43.3	15.5	26.4
HippoRAG [6, 23]	ChatGPT-3.5	41.8	55.0	46.6	59.2	19.2	29.8
IRCoT+NativeRAG	ChatGPT-3.5	45.5	58.4	35.4	45.1	19.1	30.5
IRCoT+HippoRAG	ChatGPT-3.5	45.7	59.2	47.7	<u>62.7</u>	21.9	33.3
IRCoT+HippoRAG	DeepSeek-V2	51.0	63.7	48.0	57.1	26.2	36.5
KAG (ours)	DeepSeek-V2	62.5	76.2	67.8	76.7	36.7	48.7

Table 9: The end-to-end generation performance of different RAG models on three multi-hop question answering datasets. Bold text indicates that the same base model performs best. NativeRAG and HippoRAG use single-step retrieval, while other models employ multi-step retrieval.

	Retriever	Hotpe	otQA	2WikiMu	2WikiMultiHopQA		MuSiQue	
	Ketriever	Recall@2	Recall@5	Recall@2	Recall@5	Recall@2	Recall@5	
Single-step	BM25 [25]	55.4	72.2	51.8	61.9	32.3	41.2	
	Contriever [26]	57.2	75.5	46.6	57.5	34.8	46.6	
	GTR [27]	59.4	73.3	60.2	67.9	37.4	49.1	
	RAPTOR [28]	58.1	71.2	46.3	53.8	35.7	45.3	
	Proposition [29]	58.7	71.1	56.4	63.1	37.6	49.3	
	NativeRAG [24, 23]	64.7	79.3	59.2	68.2	37.9	49.2	
	HippoRAG [6, 23]	60.5	77.7	70.7	89.1	40.9	51.9	
0	IRCoT + BM25	65.6	79.0	61.2	75.6	34.2	44.7	
Multi-step	IRCoT + Contriever	65.9	81.6	51.6	63.8	39.1	52.2	
	IRCoT + NativeRAG	67.9	82.0	64.1	74.4	41.7	53.7	
	IRCoT + HippoRAG	67.0	<u>83.0</u>	75.8	93.9	<u>45.3</u>	<u>57.6</u>	
	KAG (ours)	72.8	88.8	<u>65.4</u>	<u>91.9</u>	48.5	65.7	

Table 10: The performance of different retrieval models on three multi-hop question-answering datasets.

Reproduction of KAG examples, please refer to: <u>kag user manual</u>



#### KAG applications in AntGroup

Factual QA

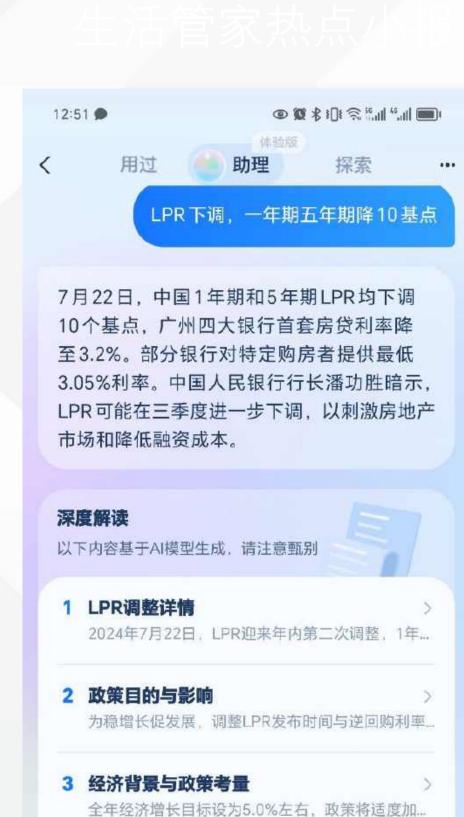


#### **Government Service Q&A**

#### **Healthcare QA**

매 중 🤣

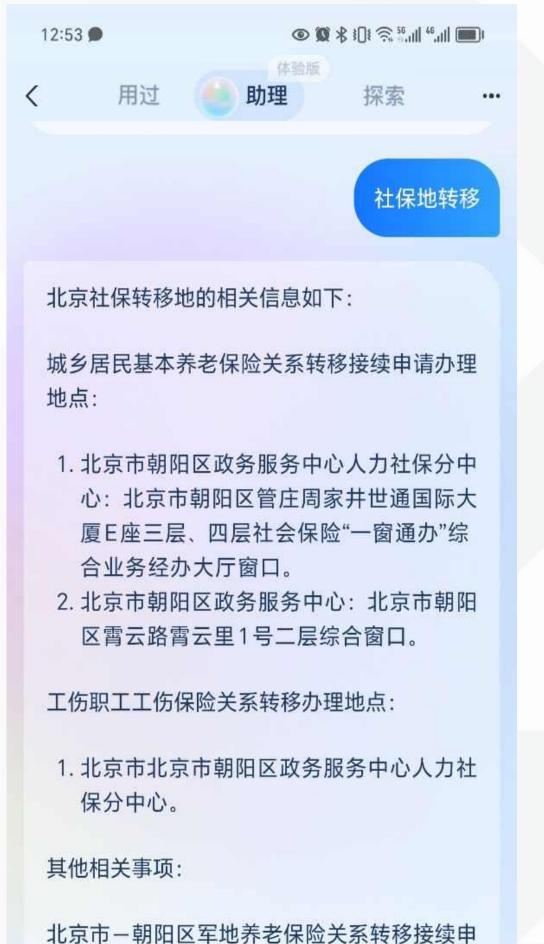
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4 LPR调整机制分析

DOMESTICATED ALCOHODAS ALCOHO





请一未就业随军配偶。失业保险关系跨省转移





#### +

## **Future Plans**







# OpenSPG-KAG future plans

Modules	Capability Upgrade Items	Release Schedule		
Kag-web	<ul><li>1. schema customize</li><li>2. interactive data retrieval</li></ul>			
Kag-builder	<ul><li>1. domain data injection</li><li>2. distributed version</li></ul>	Defer to appear official website		
Kag-solver	<ul><li>1. Logical-Form completeness</li><li>2. QFS tasks, dialogue QA</li></ul>	Refer to openspg official website		
Kag-model	1、kag model release			



#### **Contact Us**

KAG: <a href="https://github.com/OpenSPG/KAG">https://github.com/OpenSPG/KAG</a>

KAG User manual: ReadMe

OpenSPG official site: <a href="https://spg.openkg.cn/en-US">https://spg.openkg.cn/en-US</a>



# Thanks & QA