

OpenSecOps SOAR AWS DynamoDB

Standard Operating Procedure

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1 Introduction

The purpose of this document is to specify baseline settings for AWS DynamoDB tables so that teams can provision them in a safe, conformant way.

2 Scope of SOP

This document covers AWS DynamoDB tables and how they are to be set up in the Moonstone organisation.

Document Versions

| Version | Date | Changes | Author |
|---------|------------|---|----------------|
| 1.0 | 2022-09-12 | First version | Peter Bengtson |
| 1.1 | 2025-04-07 | Replaced "Delegat" with "OpenSecOps" throughout | Peter Bengtson |

3 Security Hub Controls for DynamoDB Tables

Below are the enabled controls in AWS Security Hub pertaining to DynamoDB tables. Your tables must comply with all of them. Be proactive. It is easiest to make them compliant from the beginning, rather than when the automated security checks have created tickets for your team to fix misconfigurations that constitute security risks.

The three DynamoDB rules (DynamoDB.1, DynamoDB.2, and DynamoDB.3) are your responsibility at all times, no matter how you create your infrastructure.

You can, however, suppress DynamoDB.2 requiring Point-In-Time Recovery on a table-by-table basis. For this, refer to Chapter 4.

3.1 CRITICAL

None

3.2 HIGH

None

3.3 MEDIUM

| | | |
|----------|------------|---|
| ■ Medium | DynamoDB.1 | DynamoDB tables should automatically scale capacity with demand |
| ■ Medium | DynamoDB.2 | DynamoDB tables should have point-in-time recovery enabled |
| ■ Medium | DynamoDB.3 | DynamoDB Accelerator (DAX) clusters should be encrypted at rest |

3.4 LOW

None

4 Disabling Point-In-Time Recovery

If you need a DynamoDB table *not* to have PITR enabled, tag your DynamoDB table at creation time with the following tag:

```
soar:dynamodb:no-pit-recovery
```

The tag is case-sensitive.

When the above tag is present, the auto-remediation which enables PITR for a DynamoDB table will not be performed. Use cases include caches and other short-lived data such as session data. PITR is required, however, for tables as part of Disaster Recovery.

If the DynamoDB table already has PITR enabled, adding the tag after the fact will *not* disable PITR. You must add the tag, then turn off PITR either manually in the console, using the CLI, the API, or in code.