Effective Programming Practices for Economists

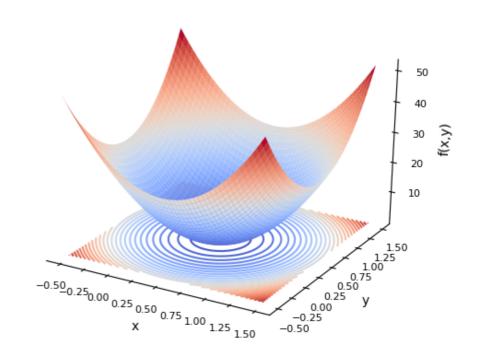
Scientific Computing

Introduction to numerical optimization

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Example problem

- Criterion $f(a,b)=a^2+b^2$
- Parameters a, b
- Want: $a^*, b^* = \operatorname{argmin} f(a, b)$
- Possible extensions:
 - Constraints
 - Bounds (a.k.a. box constraints)
- ullet Optimum at $a^*=0$, $b^*=0$, $f(a^*,b^*)=0$



Applications of numerical optimization

- Probit, many Logit models, ...
- Fitting machine learning models
- Estimating structural models
 - Maximum likelihood
 - Method of simulated moments
- Calculating optimal policies from a structural model
- Solving utility maximization problems

What is an optimization algorithm

- Our definition: A function that takes a criterion function and start parameters and returns a solution, possibly after a long time
- There are many different optimizers
- Picking the right one can make a huge difference but is hard
- Use a mix of theory and experimentation to get there

Libraries for optimization

- There are many optimization libraries in Python
- All are a bit different
- We will use estimagic to access all of them with a unified interface
- Estimagic is developed by Open Source Economics in Bonn