Effective Programming Practices for Economists

Software engineering

Defining custom containers

Janoś Gabler and Hans-Martin von Gaudecker

Some drawbacks of dictionaries

- Typos lead to runtime errors
- Mutable
- Hard to document/know which keys should be there
- No autocomplete for keys

NamedTuples

```
>>> from typing import NamedTuple
>>> class Student(NamedTuple):
       first name: str
   last_name: str
   email: str
>>> student = Student(
       first_name="Janos",
       last_name="Gabler",
       email="janos@uni-bonn.de",
>>> student.first name
'Janos'
```

- Typos can be detected by an IDE
- Immutable
- Easy to document/know which attributes are there
- Autocomplete for attributes works

Dataclasses

```
>>> from dataclasses import dataclass
>>> @dataclass
... class Student:
    first_name: str
     last_name: str
   email: str
>>> student = Student(
       first_name="Janos",
       last_name="Gabler",
       email="janos@uni-bonn.de",
>>> student.first_name
'Janos'
```

- Same advantages as as `NamedTuple`
- Mutable by default but can by made immutable
- Many powerful options: Documentation

Reminder

- Dictionaries are awesome! One of the most optimized data structures you can imagine.
- You'll need to learn when to use
 - dicts
 - NamedTuples
 - dataclasses