### **Effective Programming Practices for Economists**

# Software engineering

What does pytest do?

Janoś Gabler and Hans-Martin von Gaudecker

# **Example**

consider this hypothetical survey about a programming course

```
>>> raw = pd.read_csv("survey.csv")
>>> raw
```

Q001	Q002	Q003
0 strongly disagree	agree	python
1 strongly agree	strongly agree	Python
<b>2</b> -77	disagree	R
3 agree	-77	Python
4 -99	-99	Python
5 NaN	strongly agree	Python
6 neutral	strongly agree	Python
<b>7</b> disagree	agree	python
8 strongly agree	-99	PYTHON
9 agree	-99	Ypthon

#### From the metadata you know

• Q001: I am a coding genius

Q001: I learned a lot

Q003: What is your favourite language

■ -77 not readable

■ -99 no reply

### Two functions in clean\_data.py

```
def _clean_agreement_scale(sr):
    sr = sr.replace({"-77": pd.NA, "-99": pd.NA})
    categories = ["strongly disagree", "disagree", "neutral", "agree", "strongly agree"]
    dtype = pd.CategoricalDtype(categories=categories, ordered=True)
    return sr.astype(dtype)

def _clean_favorite_language(sr):
    sr = sr.replace({"-77": pd.NA, "-99": pd.NA})
    sr = sr.str.lower().str.strip()
    sr = sr.replace("ypthon", "python")
    return sr.astype(pd.CategoricalDtype())
```

## New module: test\_clean\_data.py

- 4 assertions whether actual results match our expectation
- Will look at syntax in subsequent screencast