#### **Effective Programming Practices for Economists**

# **Scientific Computing**

Writing fast code with numba

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# Why numba can be fast

- Python code is just-in-time compiled to machine code
- It builds on top of numpy
  - Efficient storage of data in arrays
  - All dtypes known at compile-time
- Uses same technology as Julia under the hood

### **Implications**

- Loops can be super fast
- Avoids some of the drawbacks of vectorized code
- However: Not guaranteed to be faster than numpy

# Numba is picky

- Need to write out all loops
- Works best if all your data is in scalars or arrays
  - No dicts, lists or NamedTuples
- Inside compiled functions you cannot call uncompiled functions
  - Cannot call most libraries
  - Sometimes need to re-implement algorithms in numba compatible ways

Therefore, numba is intended to speed up your bottlenecks, not to compile your entire program

# Naively jiting the example

```
from numba import njit
@njit
def array_cobb_douglas(factors, weights, a):
    out = np.empty(len(factors))
    for i in range(len(factors)):
         out[i] = _cobb_douglas(factors[i], weights, a)
    return out
@njit
def _cobb_douglas(factors, weights, a):
    return a * np.prod(factors**weights)
# (inputs as before)
%timeit array_cobb_douglas(factors, weights, a)
1.22 \text{ ms } \pm 39.6 \text{ } \mu \text{s} \text{ per loop}
```

- The function is numba compatible but will not be optimal because not all loops are written out
- It still becomes much faster than before (~20× speedup)

# **Full loops**

```
@njit
def numba_array_cobb_douglas(factors, weights, a):
    out = np.empty(len(factors))
    for i in range(len(factors)):
        out_i = a
        for j in range(len(weights)):
            out_i *= factors[i, j]**weights[j]
        out[i] = out_i
    return out

%timeit numba_array_cobb_douglas(factors, weights, a)
602    µs ± 3.62    µs per loop
```

- Writing out loops yields gets us another ~2× speedup (~40× over original)
- Here, still slower than vectorized numpy but this is not always the case!