Effective Programming Practices for Economists

Numerical Optimization

Derivative-Based Trust Region Algorithms

Janoś Gabler, Hans-Martin von Gaudecker, and Tim Mensinger

Basic Idea (optimagic docs)

- 1. Set initial trust region radius.
- 2. Construct a quadratic Taylor approximation of the function based on function value, gradient, and (approximation to) the Hessian.

The Taylor approximation:

- approximates the function well within the trust region if radius is not too large
- is a quadratic function that it easy to optimize.
- 3. Minimize the Taylor approximation within the trust region.
- 4. Evaluate the function again at the argument that minimized the Taylor approximation.

- 5. Compare expected and actual improvement.
 - Expected improvement is the decrease in the criterion according to the Taylor approximation.
 - Actual improvement is the decrease in the actual function value.
- 6. Accept the new parameters if actual improvement is good enough.
- 7. Modify the trust region radius (**important and complex step**).
- 8. Construct a new Taylor approximation ...

Smaller radii ⇒ better approximations

ullet For a step s, the Taylor expansion of f(x+s) around x satisfies:

$$f(x+s) = f(x) + f'(x)^ op s + rac{1}{2} s^ op f''(x) s + o(\|s\|^2).$$

- ullet The step s is bounded by the trust region radius $\Delta\colon \|s\| \leq \Delta.$
- ullet And therefore, as Δ decreases the approximation error $o(\|s\|^2)$ decreases.
- (Holds for any function f that is at least twice continuously differentiable.)

Initial Evaluation



Actual improvement > expected improvement \Rightarrow accept, increase trust region radius



Actual improvement < expected improvement, but large \Rightarrow accept, increase radius



Actual improvement negative \Rightarrow reject, decrease radius



Actual improvement pprox expected improvement \Rightarrow accept, increase radius



Actual improvement pprox expected improvement \Rightarrow accept, increase radius



Converge around here because gradient is close to zero.

A real algorithm: fides

