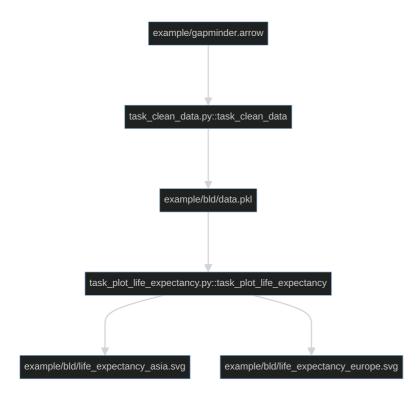**Effective Programming Practices for Economists**

Reproducible Research

Writing (py)tasks with multiple outputs

Janoś Gabler and Hans-Martin von Gaudecker

Tiny example, extended

example/gapminder.arrow

↓

task_clean_data.py::task_clean_data

↓

example/bld/data.pkl

↓

task_plot_life_expectancy.py::task_plot_life_expectancy

example/bld/life_expectancy_asia.svg   example/bld/life_expectancy_europe.svg

- How do we tell pytask that we have two products for `task_plot_life_expectancy`?
- How would we tell pytask that we had more than one dependency?

Contents of task_clean_data.py

```python
from pathlib import Path

import pandas as pd

BLD = Path(__file__).parent / "bld"


def task_clean_data(raw_file=Path("gapminder.arrow"), produces=BLD / "data.pkl"):
    raw = pd.read_feather(raw_file)
    clean = _clean_data(raw)
    clean.to_pickle(produces)


def _clean_data(raw):
    df = raw.rename(
        columns={
```

Contents of task_plot_life_expectancy.py

```python
BLD = Path(__file__).parent / "bld"

products = {
    "Asia": BLD / "life_expectancy_asia.svg",
    "Europe": BLD / "life_expectancy_europe.svg"
}


def task_plot_life_expectancy(
    data_file=BLD / "data.pkl",
    produces=products,
):
    df = pd.read_pickle(data_file)
    for region, fig_file in produces.items():
        fig = _plot_life_expectancy(df[df["continent"] == region])
        fig.write_image(fig_file)
```

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Multiple dependencies and products

- Defaults to keyword arguments may hold
  - a single `pathlib.Path`
  - a container of `pathlib.Path` objects
  - Container may be nested, so long as the atomic elements are `pathlib.Path` objects
- For dependencies, can pass as many different arguments with defaults as you like