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# **OpenXT: Toolstack Modernization**

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- Motivation
- Development Strategy
- Overview of Current Toolstack
- Modernization Tasks:
  - XenMgr <-> libXL
  - Linux stubdomains
  - Dm-agent removal
  - Updating Support Libraries
- Current Development Status



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## **Motivation**



- Upstream using libXL
- Newer Xen requires libXL
- Reduce technical debt
- Establish the OpenXT 'Base Platform'



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## **Divide and Conquer**



- Non-trivial task
- Four main areas:
  - Communication between Xenmgr and libXL (Chris Rogers)
  - Linux-based stubdomains on libXL (Martin Osterloh)
  - Dm-agent removal (Eric Chanudet)
  - Updating Support Libraries, blktap (Ross Philipson)
- Work can be done in parallel, until integration time.



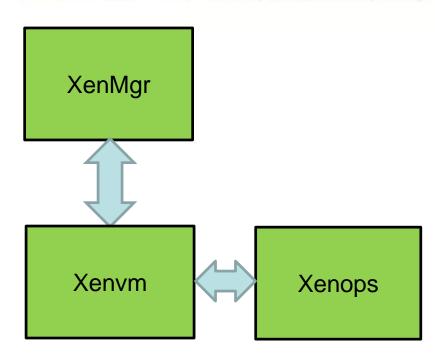
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## **Current Toolstack**

#### **Toolstack Modernization**



- ▶ Top Down:
  - XenMgr
  - Xenvm
  - Xenops
- Primary mode of communication: RPC (Dbus)
- Tightly Coupled
  - XenMgr functions written to handle Xenvm-specific quirks.
- Ocaml, Haskell



# **Current Toolstack: XenMgr**

# **ais**

#### **Toolstack Modernization**

- Top-level, domain management piece
- Haskell
- Provides the xec and xec-vm interfaces
- Responsible for domain state
- UI actions -> XenMgr via RPC/Dbus
- Domain config (db, xenstore access)
- Lifecycle ops: start, shutdown, reboot, sleep, etc.

# Current Toolstack: Xenvm/Xenops



#### **Toolstack Modernization**

- Descendent of xend/xm
- Written to address the limitations of xend/xm for client virtualization
- Ocaml
- RPC server per domain
- Hooks into libxc, libxs
- Target for replacement with libXL



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# **ais**

### **Toolstack Modernization**

- Majority of protocols are contained within the xenvm.hs module
  - RPC calls to per-domain xenvm server instance.
- How to interface with XL?
  - Implement RPC server in XL?
  - Separate daemon that translates xenvm calls to xl calls?
  - Link libXL library into XenMgr and call directly using FFI?
- Too much overhead or patching. Simpler solution.

#### **Toolstack Modernization**



## Replace xenvm.hs with xl.hs

- -1, Ick, Haskell.
- +1, 99% contained here.
- +1, No need for new agent/daemon
- +1, Chance to improve/fix some existing protocols
- Benefits to this approach outweigh the negatives
- Interact with XL through the CLI
  - XenMgr uses 'system' function to perform operations: create, shutdown, reboot, etc.
  - XenMgr isn't responsible for controlling the domain (libXL's job), mostly it maintains state, handles domain configs, queries information, and read/writes to the xenstore.
  - The CLI is sufficient for these tasks, and doesn't overcomplicate, such as using the FFI (Calling C from Haskell).

### **Toolstack Modernization**



- Example of how things are changing:
- Xenvm.hs:

```
acpiState :: Uuid -> Rpc AcpiState
acpiState uuid = catchNoService 5 $ do
  r <- invoke uuid "get_acpi_state" []
  return $ read (unpackStrArg r)</pre>
```

## XI.hs:

```
acpiState :: Uuid -> IO AcpiState
acpiState uuid = do
   domid <- getDomainId uuid
   acpi_state <- readProcess "xl" ["acpi-state", show domid] []
   return $ (read acpi_state :: Int)</pre>
```

# **ais**

### **Toolstack Modernization**

- To be clear, xenvm/xenops is being replaced by libXL
- From a CLI perspective, 'xenops list' is replaced with 'xl list'
  - Low impact anyway, most CLI is done through the XenMgr interface.
  - xl CLI is well documented
- The XenMgr CLI (ie. xec and xec-vm) is not changing.
  - xec-vm -u <uuid> start
  - xec set enable-dom0-networking true



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## **Linux Stubdomains**

#### **Toolstack Modernization**



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## What are Stubdomains and why use them?

- Domain specifically to house the device-model (QEMU) for a guest domain.
- Disaggregation for security
- Run the device model in a separate, non-privileged domain
- If the device model is compromised, privilege escalation is limited to the stubdomain.

## Currently in use on the OpenXT platform

 Extensive support in XenMgr, xenvm, dm-agent, and other helpers.

## Not natively supported on libXL

Upstream support for MiniOS only.

## **Linux Stubdomains**

#### **Toolstack Modernization**



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## Work by Anthony Perrard<sup>[1]</sup> and Eric Shelton<sup>[2]</sup>

- Certain assumptions made then have changed today
- How to adopt this work for the OpenXT platform?

## Of the seven existing patches, only four are needed

- Don't need to compile QEMU, kernel, or build a disk image
- OpenXT uses initramfs
- Some limitations such as Video Output, Save/Restore, and QMP Connections.
- Development hurdles: Async Operations

## Upstreaming Linux stubdom support

 Once support in OpenXT is stable, would like to work with xendevel and the Xen community.

<sup>[1]</sup> https://blogspot.xenproject.org/2012/12/12/linux-stub-domain/

<sup>[2]</sup> http://lists.xen.org/archives/html/xen-devel/2015-02/msg00421.html



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# **DM-Agent Removal**

#### **Toolstack Modernization**



## What is dm-agent?

- Daemon to handle disaggregated backends and emulation for HVM and PV-on-HVM guests.
- Communicates through the Xenstore.
- Toolstack processes advertised capabilities, then writes appropriate Xenstore nodes to setup device-models.

## Has its own protocol: dmbus

- Specifically meant for device-model related RPC across domains
- Low-overhead protocol, alternative to using v4v.

## Problem with dm-agent

- Introduces yet another communication protocol, but doesn't satisfy disaggregation.
- Conflicts with upstream toolstacks specifically, how qemu args are generated.

# **DM-Agent Removal**

#### **Toolstack Modernization**



## dm-agent removal in phases

- Reduce its role in dom0-to-dom0 communication
- Surfman and Inputserver now implement dbus calls

## Removal from stubdoms will be slightly more challenging

- Move dm-agent tasks into libXL
- Likely continue using Xenstore, but no more dm-agent daemon in stubdoms

## Major benefits:

- Dbus for intra-domain, and V4V for inter-domain
- Removes dependencies in surfman, inputserver, and stubdoms
- One less daemon



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# **Updating Support Libraries**

### **Toolstack Modernization**



## QMP-Helper

- Moving to libXL also means providing more support for qmp.
- qmp server in dom0 is trivial, but not in stubdoms

## What is QMP-Helper?

- chardrv implementation in qemu-char.c, routing traffic over V4V
- Proxy process in dom0 called qmp\_helper, provides unix socket for libXL.
- Talks with the chardry in the stubdomain, V4V translation happens invisibly to libXL.

## Why QMP-Helper?

- Removed dm-agent, why introduce another daemon?
- qmp is a requirement now to handle sleep and resume on hvm.
- qmp-helper lays the foundation for further utilizing qmp in the future.



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# **Current Development**

#### **Toolstack Modernization**



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## XenMgr -> libXL Communication:

 XI.hs module is mostly written, XenMgr changes to support changes are written.

### Linux Stubdoms on XL:

- Linux stubdom patches are integrated
- Stubdoms booting

## DM-Agent Removal:

- Surfman and Inputserver dependencies are gone
- Last step is to remove dm-agent from the stubdomain

## Support Libraries:

qmp-helper is written, needs to be integrated into libXL (-qmp option for qemu args)

# **Current Development**



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- What does this mean, and what's left to do?
- OpenXT running XL with HVM and PV-on-HVM guests, uivm, ndvm, domain management through XenMgr.
- Stubdoms very close, xsm and selinux policies still need to be written.
- Lots of regression testing.

## End

### **Toolstack Modernization**



Thanks for listening!