

mcq - db os - 25-feb-2023

Total points 7/25



Upskill India Jan 2023 Program.

0 of 0 points

I swear on my country (motherland), I swear on my mother tongue, I swear on my family, ^{*} that I will take this test sincerely and honestly.



(Icon created by kosonicon - Flaticon)

☒ I SWEAR.

Enter your registered email as per enrollment in Open Mentor portal or Naan Mudhalvan Portal ^{*}

n/a

Enter your Naan Mudhalvan Id, if applicable. Otherwise, enter N/A ^{*}

n/a

7 of 25 points

✗ 1. CREATE TABLE orders (
id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
customer_id INT NOT NULL,
total DECIMAL NOT NULL CHECK (total > 0)
);

0/1

Which of the following statements is true in above query?

- ☒ a. The id column is a foreign key constraint. ✗
- ☐ b. The customer_id column is a primary key.
- ☐ c. The total column has a check constraint to ensure that it is greater than zero.

Correct answer

- ☒ c. The total column has a check constraint to ensure that it is greater than zero.

✓ 2.CREATE TABLE books (
id SERIAL,
title VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
author VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
release_date DATE NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT pk_books PRIMARY KEY (id)
);

1/1

Which of the following statements is true from the above query?

- ☒ a. The id column is a Primary key constraint. ✓
- ☐ b. The title column is a primary key.
- ☐ c. The author column is a unique constraint.

✗ 3.CREATE TABLE addresses (
id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
customer_id INT NOT NULL,
zip VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT fk_addresses_customer_id FOREIGN KEY (customer_id)
REFERENCES customers (id)
ON DELETE CASCADE
);

0/1

Which table's primary key is referred by the Foreign key in current table?

☒ Addresses

✗

☐ Customer

☐ zip

Correct answer

☒ Customer

✗ 4.Which of the following is NOT a constraint type in PostgreSQL?

0/1

☒ a) NOT NULL

✗

☐ b) UNIQUE

☐ c) FOREIGN KEY

☐ d) RANDOM

Correct answer

☒ d) RANDOM

✗ 5. Which data type in PostgreSQL starts at 1 and increments by 1 for each new row? 0/1

☒ a) INT ✗

☐ b) VARCHAR

☐ c) SERIAL

Correct answer

☒ c) SERIAL

✓ 6. Which WHERE clause operator is used to check if a value is equal to another value? 1/1

☒ a) = ✓

☐ b) !=

☐ c) <

✗ 7. Which WHERE clause operator is used to check if a value is not equal to another value? 0/1

☒ a) = ✗

☐ b) !=

☐ c) <

Correct answer

☒ b) !=

✓ 8. Which logical operator is used to combine multiple conditions and requires all conditions to be true to return a result?

1/1

☒ a) AND



☐ b) OR

☐ c) NOT

✗ 9. Which logical operator is used to negate a condition?

0/1

☒ a) AND



☐ b) OR

☐ c) NOT

Correct answer

☒ c) NOT

✗ 10. Which logical operator is used to combine multiple conditions and requires at least one condition to be true to return a result?

0/1

☒ AND



☐ OR

☐ NOT

Correct answer

☒ OR

✗ 11. Which of the following is NOT a valid option for the ORDER BY clause in PostgreSQL?

0/1

☒ NULLS FIRST ✗

☐ DESC

☐ ASC

☐ UNIQUE

Correct answer

☒ UNIQUE

✓ 12. Which of the following is true about the LIMIT?

1/1

☒ a) LIMIT controls the number of rows returned in the result set. ✓

☐ b) It orders the result set.

☐ c) It filters with condition.

✗ 13. Which of the following constraints ensures that all values in a column are unique?

0/1

☒ a) CHECK constraint ✗

☐ b) PRIMARY KEY constraint

☐ c) UNIQUE constraint

Correct answer

☒ c) UNIQUE constraint

✗ 14. Which of the following constraints ensures that a column cannot have NULL values?

0/1

☒ a) CHECK constraint

✗

☐ b) PRIMARY KEY constraint

☐ c) UNIQUE constraint

☐ d) NOT NULL

Correct answer

☒ d) NOT NULL

✓ 15. Which of the following constraints ensures that a value in a column must satisfy a specified condition? 1/1

☒ a) CHECK constraint

✓

☐ b) PRIMARY KEY constraint

☐ c) UNIQUE constraint

✗ 16. Which of the following constraints is used to enforce a relationship between two tables? 0/1

- ☒ a) CHECK constraint
- ☐ b) PRIMARY KEY constraint
- ☐ c) UNIQUE constraint
- ☐ d) FOREIGN KEY constraint

✗

Correct answer

- ☒ d) FOREIGN KEY constraint

✗ 17. Which of the following is NOT a constraint in PostgreSQL? 0/1

- ☒ a) DEFAULT constraint
- ☐ b) INDEX constraint
- ☐ c) primary key constraint
- ☐ d) VALID constraint

✗

Correct answer

- ☒ d) VALID constraint

✗ 18. What is a serial in Postgres?

0/1

- ☒ a. A column or set of columns that uniquely identifies each row in a table. ✗
- ☐ b. A column or set of columns that can be null.
- ☐ c. A column or set of columns that has a default value.
- ☐ d. A special data type that automatically generates a unique value for each new row in a table.

Correct answer

- ☒ d. A special data type that automatically generates a unique value for each new row in a table.

✓ 19. What happens when multiple columns are specified in the ORDER BY clause and no sorting direction is specified for any of them? 1/1

- ☒ a. All columns are sorted in ascending order ✓
- ☐ b. All columns are sorted in descending order
- ☐ c. The query produces an error

✗ 20. Which type of chart is best for displaying a single data series over time?

0/1

- ☒ A) Bar chart ✗
- ☐ B) Stacked chart
- ☐ D) Line chart

Correct answer

- ☒ D) Line chart

✗ 21. Which of the following is not a type of constraint in PostgreSQL?

0/1

- ☒ a. CHECK
- ☐ b. UNIQUE
- ☐ c. MAX
- ☐ d. FOREIGN KEY

✗

Correct answer

- ☒ c. MAX

✗ 22. CREATE TABLE students (
id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
age INT NOT NULL,
grade VARCHAR(10) CHECK (grade IN ('A', 'B', 'C'))
);
Which of the following is True in above query?

0/1

- ☒ a. The id column is a unique constraint.
- ☐ b. The age column has a check constraint to ensure that it is greater than zero
- ☐ c. The grade column has a check constraint to ensure that it allows only 3 grades.

✗

Correct answer

- ☒ c. The grade column has a check constraint to ensure that it allows only 3 grades.

✓ 23. We add data to PostgreSQL by using which statement?

1/1

☒ insert



☐ add

☐ delete

☐ update

✗ 24. ALTER TABLE table DROP CONSTRAINT constraint_name;
Below command is used to?

0/1

☒ Add the constraint



☐ Drop the existing constraint

☐ Alter the column constraint

Correct answer

☒ Drop the existing constraint

✗ 25. How is the interquartile range (IQR) calculated in a box and whisker plot?

0/1

☒ a) Subtract the minimum value from the maximum value



☐ b) Subtract the first quartile from the third quartile

☐ c) Add the first quartile to the third quartile

Correct answer

☒ b) Subtract the first quartile from the third quartile

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