Hands-on Lab: Keys and Constraints in MySQL using phpMyAdmin

Estimated time needed: 20 minutes

Introduction

In this lab, you will learn how to add keys to create relationships between the tables and use constraints to enforce rules on the data entry in the MySQL database service using the phpMyAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool.

Software used in this lab

In this lab, you will use MySQL MySQL is a relational database management system (RDBMS) designed to store, manipulate, and retrieve data efficiently.

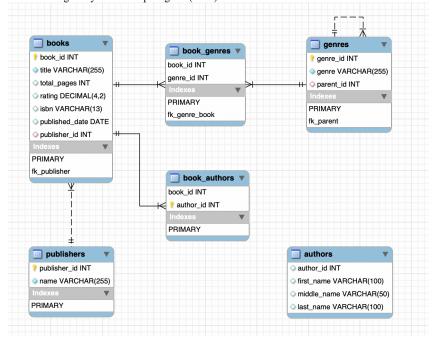


To complete this lab, you will utilize the MySQL relational database service available as part of IBM Skills Network Labs' (SN Labs) Cloud IDE. SN Labs is a virtual lab environment used in this course.

Database used in this lab

For this lab, you will use the eBooks database.

The following entity relationship diagram (ERD) shows the current status of the schema of the eBooks database used in this lab:



Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to use the MySQL phpMyAdmin to:

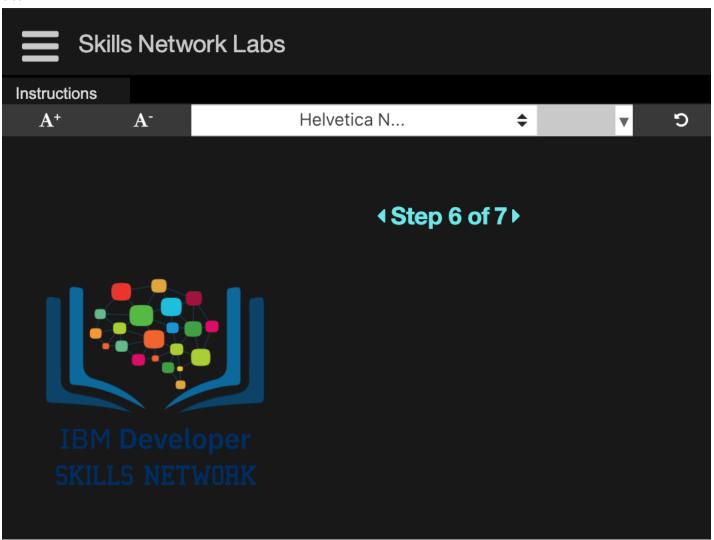
- · Create primary and foreign keys
- Add constraints to data columns

Exercise

In this exercise, you will learn how to add keys to create relationships between the tables. You will use constraints to enforce rules on the data entry in the MySQL database service using the phpMyAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool.

- 1. First, download the eBooks MySQL dump file (containing the eBooks database table, definitions, and data) to your local computer storage.
 - o eBooks mysql dump.sql
- 2. Go to Terminal > New Terminal to open a terminal from the side-by-side launched Cloud IDE.

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3. Start the MySQL service session in the Cloud IDE using the following command in the terminal. Find your MySQL service session password in the following image from the highlighted terminal location. Note your MySQL service session password because you may need to use it later in the lab.

```
1. 1
1. start_mysql
Copied!
```

4. Copy your phpMyAdmin weblink from the highlighted location of the terminal shown in the following image and paste it to a new tab of your web browser.

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```
theia@theiadocker-sandipsahajo:/home/project$ start_mysql
Starting your MySQL database....
This process can take up to a minute.

MySQL database started, waiting for all services to be ready....

Your MySQL database is now ready to use and available with username:

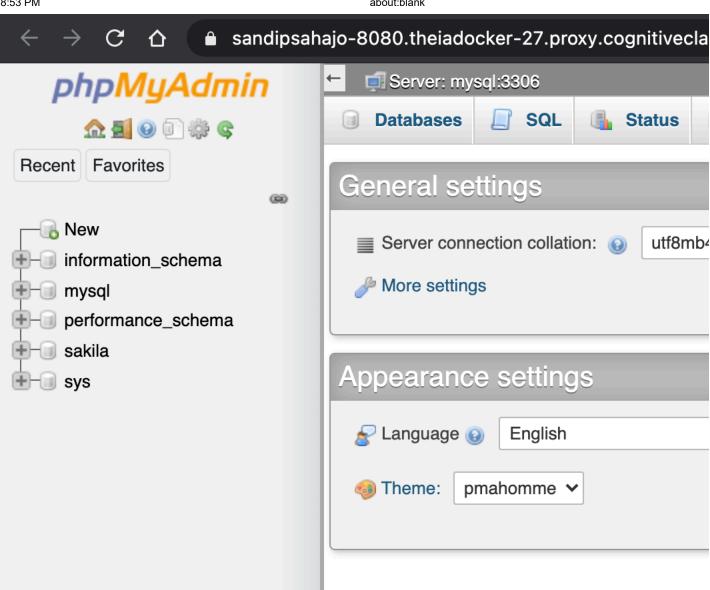
You can access your MySQL database via:

• The browser at: https://sandipsahajo-8080.theiadocker-27.proxy.co

• CommandLine: mysql --host=127.0.0.1 --port=3306 --user=root --pastheia@theiadocker-sandipsahajo:/home/project$
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5. You will see the phpMyAdmin GUI tool.

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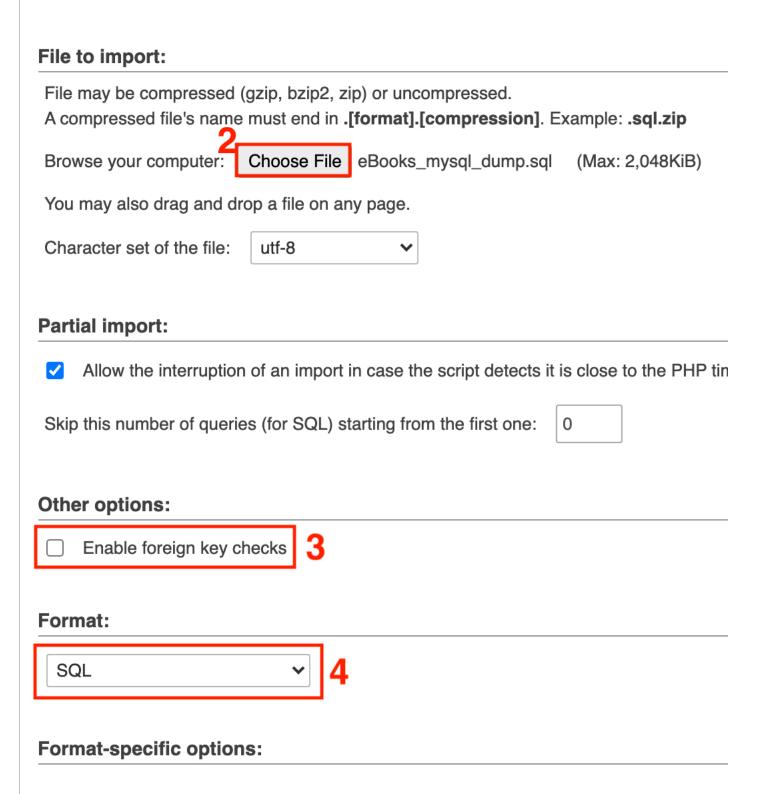
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6. Go to the Import tab. Click Choose File and load the eBooks_mysql_dump.sql file. Next, uncheck Enable foreign key checks and select SQL as the Format. Then click Go.

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Importing into the current server



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SQL compatibility mode:

10*M*

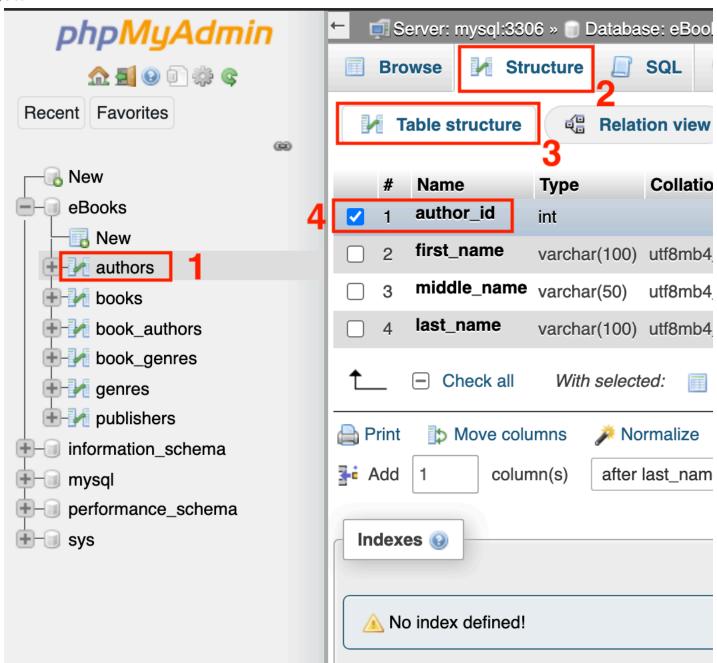
✓ Do not use AUTO_INCREMENT for zero values

7. The system will notify you that the import has successfully finished. Select the database **eBooks** to expand the image (if necessary, click the + icon beside **eBooks**). You will see the list of tables from the eBooks database.



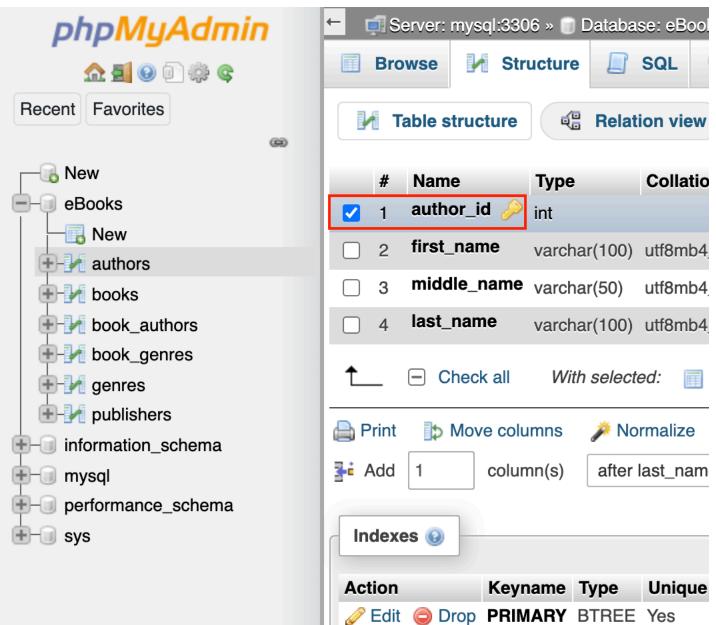
- 8. **Primary Keys**: Creating a primary key on a table automatically creates an index on the key. You will create a primary key for the **author** table to identify every row in the table uniquely. You will set the **author_id** column of the **author** table as a primary key.
- In the tree view, click the authors table.
- Switch to the Structure tab and make sure you are inside the Table structure subtab.
- Check the author_id column.
- Click the Primary option.

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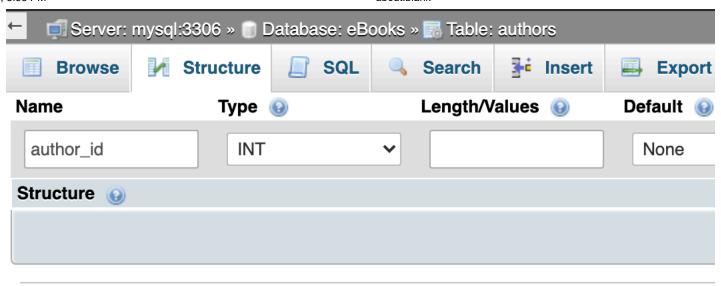


- 9. Auto-increment: You will set the auto-increment feature for the primary key of the author table.
 - In the tree view, click the authors table. Switch to the Structure tab and make sure you are inside the Table structure subtab.
 - Check the author_id column.
 - Click the Change option.
 - Check **A_I** option (A_I = Auto_Increment).
 - Click Save.

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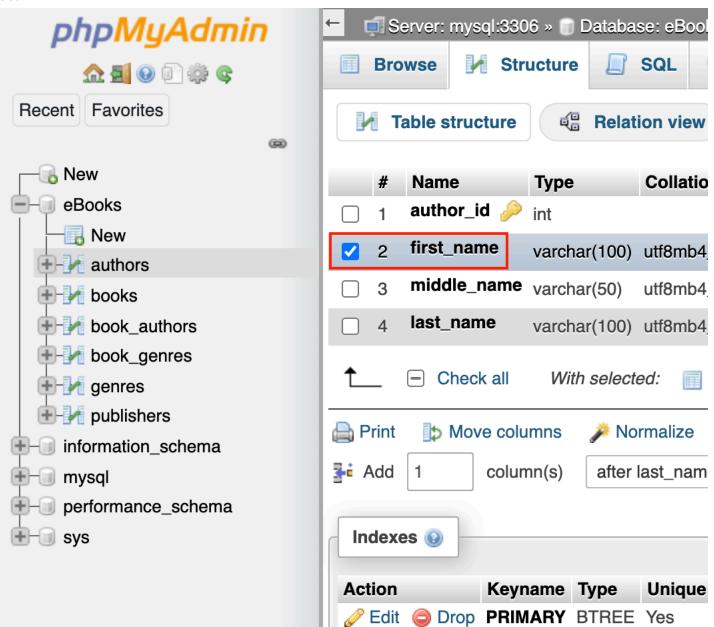


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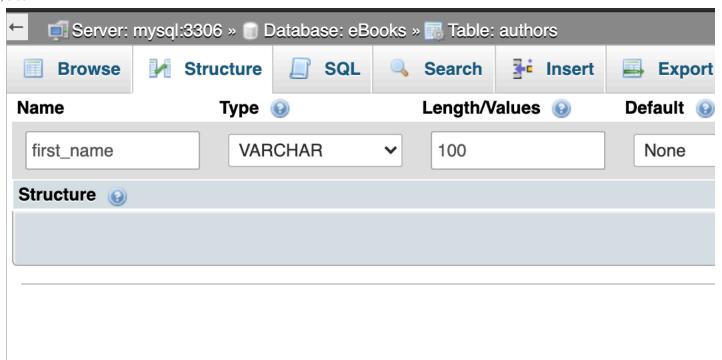


- 10. Null constraints: You will restrict the first_name column of the authors table from having a NULL value.
 - In the tree view, click the authors table. Switch to the Structure tab and make sure you are inside the Table structure subtab.
 - o Check the first name column.
 - Click the Change option.
 - Uncheck the Null option.
 - o Click Save.

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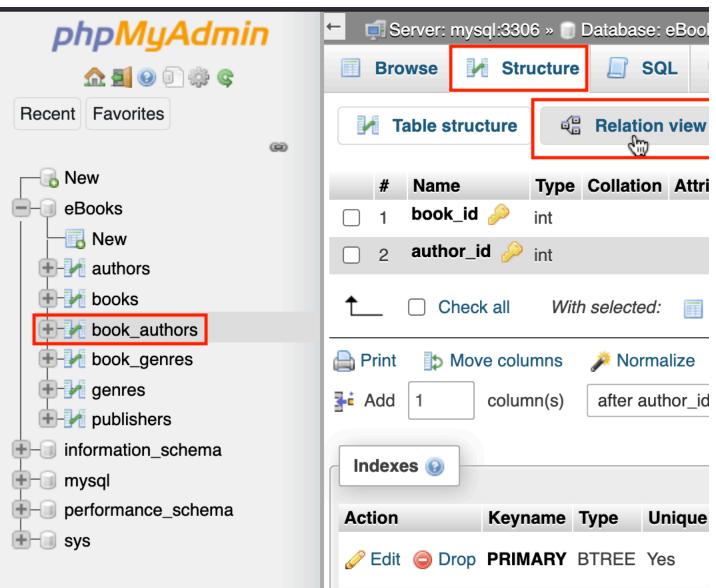


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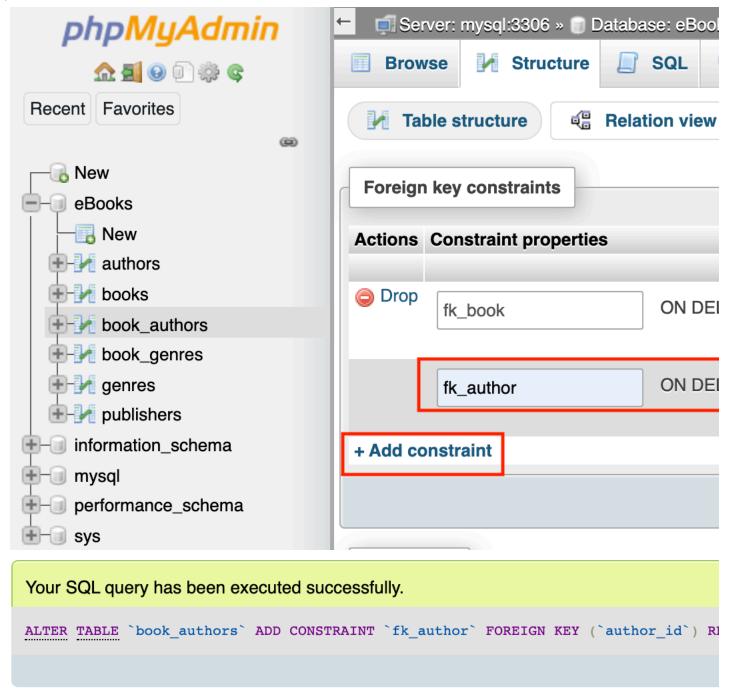


- 11. Foreign keys: You will create a foreign key for the book_authors table by setting its author_id column as a foreign key to establish a relationship between the book_authors and authors tables.
 - o In the tree view, click the book_authors table. Switch to the Structure tab and make sure you are inside the Relation view subtab.
 - If necessary, click **Add constraint** to create a new foreign key constraint placeholder.
 - Fill in the placeholders as shown in the following image.
 - Click Save.

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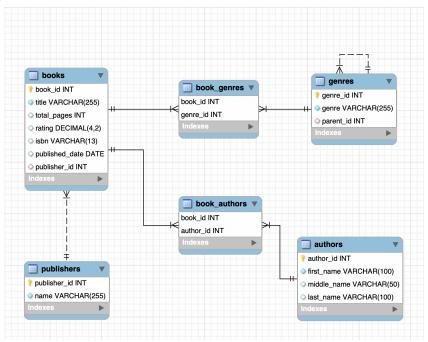
CASCADE means that when rows are deleted or updated in the parent table, the corresponding rows in the child table will also be deleted or updated.

RESTRICT means that rows cannot be deleted or updated in the parent table if there are corresponding rows in the child table.

12. After creating/adding all the above necessary primary keys, foreign keys, and constraints, the schema of the complete eBooks database will look like the following ERD diagram:

Note: You don't need to generate any ERD diagram like below for this lab. By comparing the earlier eBooks schema ERD (shown in the section "Database Used in this Lab") and this complete eBooks schema ERD, just try to understand how all the operations you did above made the eBooks database complete.

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Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.

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