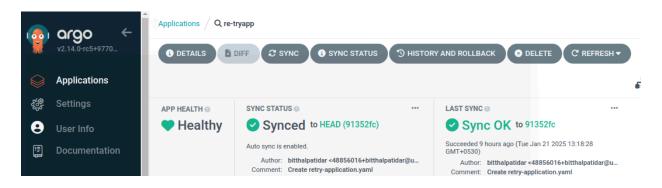
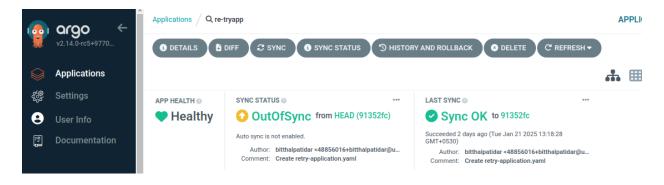
Syncing/Refreshing Applications in Argo CD

- 1. Access the Argo CD Dashboard:
 - Open your browser and navigate to your Argo CD UI URL (e.g., http://<your-argocd-instance-url>).
 - Log in with your Argo CD credentials.
- 2. Locate the Application:
 - From the Argo CD dashboard, find the application you want to sync/refresh. Use the search bar or scroll through the list of applications.
- 3. Check Application Status:
 - Look for the Status column:
 - Synced: The application is in sync with the source repository in the cluster.



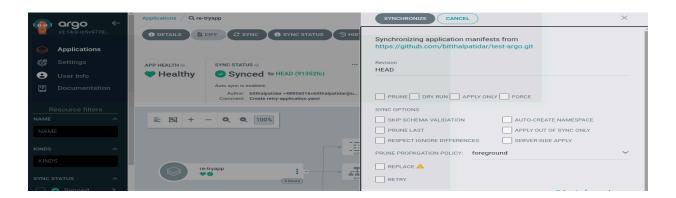
■ Out of Sync: Changes have been detected in the source repository.



4. Initiate Sync:

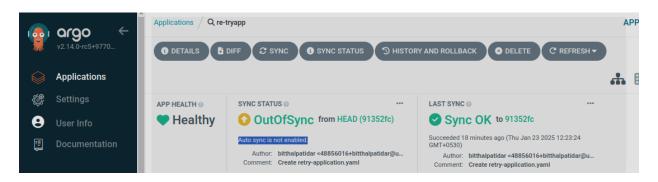
- On the application details page, locate the Sync button..
- Click on the Sync button to view additional sync options:
 - Prune Resources: Deletes resources not tracked in Git.
 - Dry Run: Simulates a sync without making any changes.
 - Apply Only: Only applies resources without performing any pruning.

- **Force**: Forces the update even if it would result in resource conflicts (e.g., immutable fields).
- Skip Schema Validation: Skips validation of the manifest schema before applying.
- **Auto-Create Namespace**: Automatically creates the namespace in the cluster if it doesn't already exist.
- Prune Last: Ensures that pruning resources occurs after applying all manifests.
- **Respect Ignore Differences**: Honors the ignore differences configuration when comparing live and desired states.
- Apply Out of Sync Only: Only applies resources that are marked as "Out of Sync."
- **Server-Side Apply**: Uses server-side apply instead of client-side apply for updating resources.

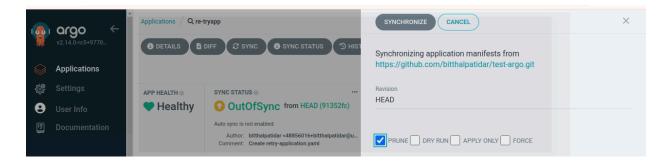


5. Perform Sync:

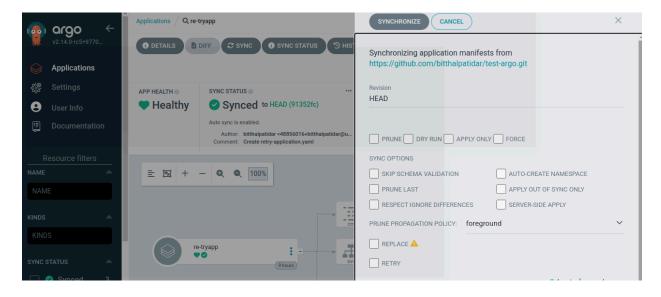
If Auto-Sync is Disabled:



Click the Sync button and select SYNCHRONIZE.



- In the pop-up window, enable the options as required, for example:
 - **Prune Resources:** Deletes resources that are no longer in the Git repository.
 - Dry Run: Simulates a sync without applying changes.
- Once the options are selected, confirm by clicking SYNCHRONIZE.
- If Auto-Sync is Enabled:
 - 3 minutes is the default time for auto-sync.
 - If required to sync manually when auto-sync is enabled, click the Sync button followed by SYNCHRONIZE with the options required.

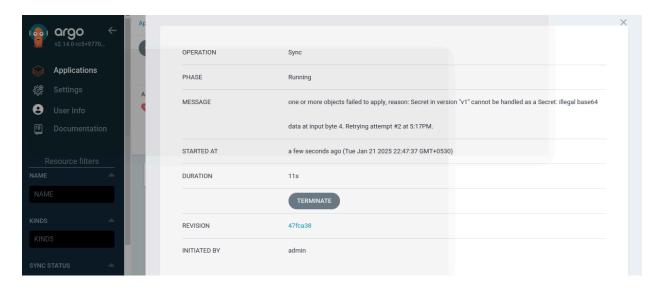


6. Terminate Sync (If Needed):

• If the application is in syncing state and you need to stop the process:

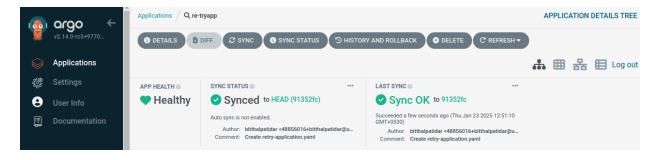


- Click the Sync Status button on the application details page.
- Locate the TERMINATE button (as shown in the screenshot) and click it to stop the sync operation.

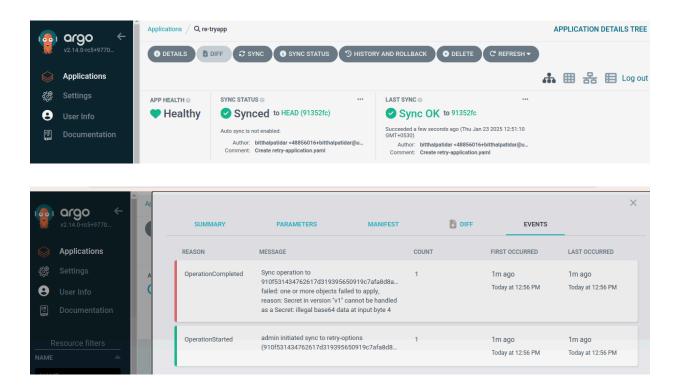


7. Verify Sync Status:

- After the sync is completed, check the application status:
 - A green Synced status indicates success.



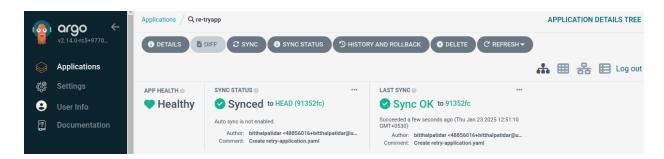
■ If there are errors, click **Details-> Events** or **Logs** for troubleshooting.



8. Refresh Application:

This fetches the latest state from the source repository.

To manually refresh the application, click the Refresh button.



Important Note:

 If Auto-Sync is Enabled for the application, clicking Refresh will automatically apply changes from the source repository to the application. Ensure that this action is intentional before refreshing.

9. Perform Hard Refresh (If Needed)

- A **Hard Refresh** ensures the application state is reloaded from the Kubernetes cluster and reconciled with the source repository.
- Steps to Perform a Hard Refresh:
 - Locate the Refresh button on the application details page.
 - Click the dropdown arrow next to the Refresh button.
 - Select Hard Refresh from the options.
- **Use Case:** Perform a Hard Refresh if there are discrepancies between the displayed state and the actual state in the cluster, or if the application state isn't updated after a regular refresh.

