

Mathematics Pre-arrival course

Weekly Quiz 1 – Language of Mathematics and Real Functions

1. Which of the following are true statements:

- (a)  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R} \quad \exists z \in \mathbb{R} (x < y \Rightarrow x < z < y)$
- (b)  $\exists z \in \mathbb{N} \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R} (z < x)$
- (c)  $\exists z \in \mathbb{R} \quad \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R} (x < y \Rightarrow x < z < y)$
- (d)  $\exists z \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R} (z < x)$

2. Which of the following formalises the statement: ‘between any two rational numbers there is an irrational number’

- (a)  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{Q} \quad \exists z \in \mathbb{R} (z \notin \mathbb{Q} \wedge x < z < y)$
- (b)  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{Q} \quad \exists z \in \mathbb{R} ((z \notin \mathbb{Q} \Rightarrow x \neq y) \Rightarrow x < z < y)$
- (c)  $\exists z \in \mathbb{R} \quad \forall x, y \in \mathbb{Q} (z \notin \mathbb{Q} \wedge (x \neq y \Rightarrow (x < z < y \vee y < z < x)))$
- (d)  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{Q} \quad \exists z \in \mathbb{R} (x \neq y \Rightarrow ((x < z < y \vee y < z < x) \wedge z \notin \mathbb{Q}))$

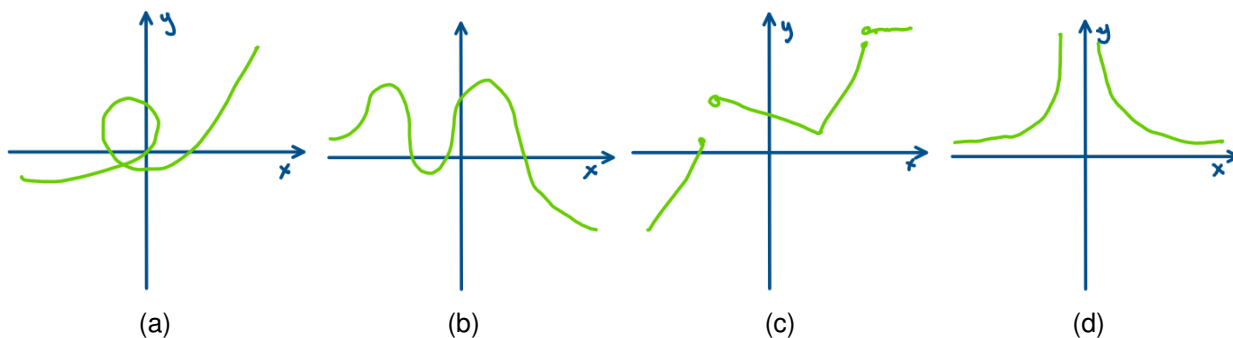
3. Which of the following are well defined functions (they must be written formally):

- (a)  $f(x) = 2x$
- (b)  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$  such that  $f(x) = 2x$
- (c)  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $f(x) = (x^3 + 2x + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- (d)  $f : \mathbb{R} \setminus \{2\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x - 1}{x - 2}$

4. Find the inverse of the following function:  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x) = 8x^3 + 2$

- (a)  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(y - 2)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
- (b)  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x) = 8x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2$
- (c)  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x) = 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2$
- (d)  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x - 2)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

5. Which of the following could be continuous functions from  $\mathbb{R}$  to  $\mathbb{R}$ .



6. Which of the following are injective (one-to-one) functions:

- (a)  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x) = x^2$
- (b)  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad f(x) = |x|$
- (c)  $f : \mathbb{R}^{>0} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{>0}, \quad f(x) = x^2$
- (d)  $f : \mathbb{N}^{>0} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}^{>0}, \quad f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 10$

7. Which of the following are solutions to the following differential equation:

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -4y$$

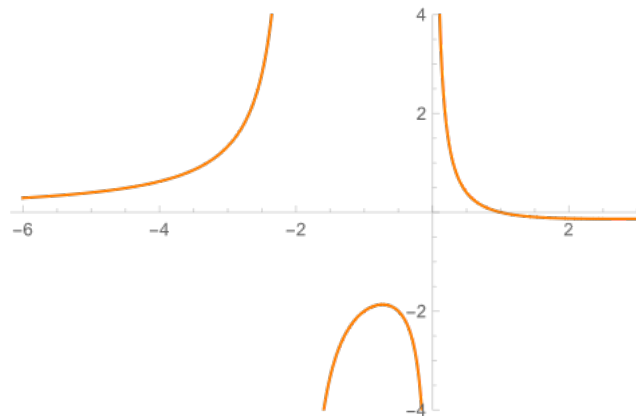
- (a)  $y = \cos(x) - \sin(x)$
- (b)  $y = \cos(2x) + \sin(2x)$
- (c)  $y = \cos(2x)$
- (d)  $y = \cos(2x) - e^{2x}$

8. Which of the following is a solution to the following initial value problem:

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = 2x + 2 \quad \text{with} \quad y(0) = 0$$

- (a)  $\frac{2}{3}x^3 + 2x$
- (b)  $\frac{1}{2} \log(x + 1)$
- (c)  $\log(2x + 2)$
- (d)  $2x^3 + 2x$

9. Which of the following functions is this a sketch of :



(N.B.: the codomain is always the reals, the domain is also the reals with certain points removed to ensure that the function is well-defined.)

- (a)  $y = \frac{-x+1}{x^2+2x}$
- (b)  $y = \frac{x+1}{x^2+2x}$
- (c)  $y = \frac{1}{x+2}$
- (d)  $y = \frac{-1}{x^2+2x}$