

Partial Differential Equations in Action

MATH50008

Coursework 2

Instructions: The deadline to submit this coursework is on **Friday 22 March at 1pm (UK time)**. The **neatness, completeness and clarity of the answers** will contribute to the final mark. You can turn in handwritten or typed solutions (for instance, using \LaTeX). You should upload your answers to this coursework as a single PDF via the Turnitin Assignment called **Coursework 2** which you will find in the *Assessments* folder of our Blackboard site. On the front page of your submission, you must **not** indicate your first name or last name (as papers will be marked anonymously), but make sure that you indicate your CID. Your submission filename **must** have the following format: MATH50008_CW2_[CID].pdf, where [CID] is your college ID.

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- Total: 8 Marks** Consider a thermally conducting rectangular plate such that $0 \leq x \leq L_1$ and $0 \leq y \leq L_2$. The steady-state temperature profile $u(x, y)$ in the plate is governed by Laplace's equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

Solve this equation subject to the following boundary conditions:

$$u(0, y) = 0, \quad u(L_1, y) = T_1, \quad u(x, 0) = 0, \quad u(x, L_2) = T_2$$

[Hint: use the superposition principle to decompose this problem into two simpler problems to solve.]

- Total: 12 Marks** Here, we consider the following problem

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + u &= 1, & 0 < x < \pi \\ u(x, 0) &= f(x), & 0 < x < \pi \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(0, t) &= \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(\pi, t) = 0, & t > 0 \end{aligned}$$

Note that this is an inhomogeneous problem with homogeneous Neumann boundary conditions.

- 4 Marks** Using the method of separation of variables, show that the most general solution to the associated homogeneous problem is given by

$$u(x, t) = T_0(t) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) \cos(nx)$$

where $T_n(t)$, $n \geq 0$ are functions you do not need to determine at this point.

- 4 Marks** Find the general solution of the inhomogeneous problem. To do this, assume that the solution of the inhomogeneous problem is of the form obtained in (a) and determine the functions $T_n(t)$.

- 4 Marks** Finally, we assume that $f(x) = \cos x + \cos 2x$. Show that the particular solution is given by

$$u(x, t) = 1 - e^{-t} + e^{-2t} \cos(x) + e^{-5t} \cos(2x)$$