

## Sheet 2, question 5a (revised)

5. Suppose that  $f$  is analytic in some (concentric) annulus  $D$  centred on some point  $z_0$ , and has an even Laurent expansion about  $z_0$ , i.e.,

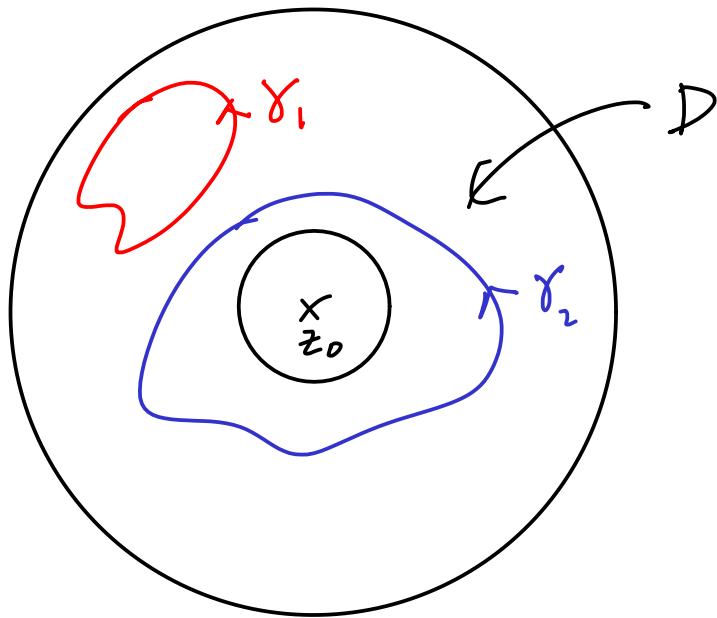
$$f(z) = \sum_{j=-\infty}^{\infty} a_{2j}(z - z_0)^{2j}.$$

(a) For a <sup>closed</sup> contour  $\gamma \subset D$ , show that

$$\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz = 0$$

## Solution

a). We have



It follows from Cauchy's Theorem that  $\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz = 0$  for any closed contour  $\gamma$  that lies wholly in  $D$  and does not surround  $z_0$ , eg.  $\gamma_1$  in the sketch above. But furthermore, the same is true if  $\gamma$  does surround  $z_0$ , eg.,  $\gamma_2$  above. This follows from the residue theorem and the fact that the residue of  $f$  at  $z_0$  is 0.