

1. Say $S \subset \mathbb{R}$ is a set of real numbers, with the property that $\forall s \in S, \exists t \in S, s < t$.
Can S be bounded above?
2. Say $S \subset \mathbb{R}$ is a set of real numbers, with the property that $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, \exists t \in S, n < t$.
Can S be bounded above.
3. (a) Let $A, B \subset \mathbb{R}$ be subsets of \mathbb{R} which are bounded above. Assume:

$$\forall a \in A, \exists b \in B \text{ such that } a \leq b.$$

Prove $\sup A \leq \sup B$.

(b) Prove that if $A \subseteq B \subset \mathbb{R}$ then $\sup A \leq \sup B$.

(c) Let $A, B \subset \mathbb{R}$ be subsets of \mathbb{R} which are bounded above. Assume:

$$\forall a \in A, \exists b \in B \text{ such that } a \geq b.$$

Prove $\inf A \geq \inf B$.

(d) Prove that if $A \subseteq B \subset \mathbb{R}$ then $\inf A \geq \inf B$.

4. *Nested Intervals Theorem:* For all $n \in \mathbb{N}$, assume that the closed intervals $I_n = [a_n, b_n] \subset \mathbb{R}$ satisfy the inclusions $I_{n+1} \subset I_n$.

(a) Show that $\bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}} I_n \neq \emptyset$.

(b) Does the result hold if we allow the intervals to be open?