< 2018 학년도 2 학기 - 운영체제(Operating System) 과제 #1 >

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1. Definition of the Problem

이번 과제는 Mutual Exclusion 의 대표적인 예시인 Producer – Consumer Problem 을 Semaphore 를 활용해서 구현하는 것이다.

- 이 과제는 크게 세 가지 부분으로 나뉘어진다.
- 1. fork() wait() 함수를 호출하여 Multi-Processing 으로 producer consumer C 코드를 구현한다.
- 2. 프로세스 간 통신(IPC)를 위해서 POSIX Shared Memory 를 사용한다.
- 3. 프로세스를 서로 동기화하는 데 POSIX Semaphore 를 활용한다.

2. Architecture of the Solution

구현 과정을 요약하면 다음과 같다.

- 1. Producer 기능을 하는 함수를 producer_semaphore.c 에 작성한다.
- 2. Consumer 기능을 하는 함수를 consumer_semaphore.c 에 작성한다.
- 3. 두 프로세스 사이의 공유영역에 저장하기 위한 구조체를 buffer.h 에 작성한다.
- 4. 이 구조체 안에 세마포어 변수도 포함시킨다.
- 5. main 함수를 구현해서 producer consumer shared memory main.c 에 작성한다.
 - 5-1. main 함수 내에서 shm obj 를 생성하고 초기화한다.
 - 5-2. main 함수에서 fork()를 호출한다.
 - 5-3. parent process 는 producer 로 사용하고 child process 는 consumer 로 사용한다.
 - 5-4. child process 가 종료 하기 전에 자신의 메모리 영역을 정리한다.
 - 5-5. parent process 에서 wait()를 호출해서 child process 가 종료할 때까지 대기한다.
 - 5-6. parent process 의 메모리 영역을 정리한다.
 - 5-7. shm oib 를 소멸한다.
- 6. 빌드를 위한 CMakeLists.txt 파일을 작성한다.
 - 6-1. librt.so 모듈을 사용하기 위해서 컴파일 옵션으로 "-lrt"를 추가한다.

3. Encountered Obstacles and Realizations

(1) 이번 과제를 하면서 프로세스와 쓰레드의 차이를 명확하게 이해할 수 있었다.

하나의 프로세스에서 분기한 여러 개의 쓰레드는 메모리 영역 중에서 Text, Data, Stack 을 공유한다.

그러나 여러개로 분기한 프로세스는 오직 Text 만 공유한다.

이걸 잠시 잊고 있어서 처음에는 코드를 제대로 작성하지 못할 뻔 했지만 이를 깨닫고 난 뒤로 올바른 방향을 나아 갈 수 있었다.

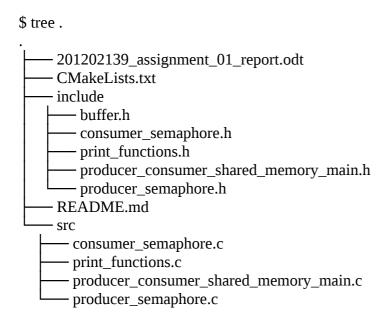
(2) CMakeLists.txt 를 작성하는 과정에서 많은 시간이 소요되었다. 평소에 접해보지 않았던 영역이었기 때문이다. 이번 과제를 위해서 작성한 코드를 제대로 컴파일하기 위해서는 [-lrt] 옵션을 커맨드의 맨 뒤에 붙이는 것이중요했다.

```
처음에는 CMakeLists.txt 에서
set (CMAKE_C_FLAGS ...)
set (CMAKE_EXE_LINKER_FLAGS ...)
설정값만을 알고 있었기 때문에 이를 통해서 원하는 바를 구현하려고 했다.
그러나 매번
make VERBOSE=1
로 확인해볼 때마다 -pthread -lrt 가 컴파일 커맨드의 중간에 들어가 있어서 당황스러웠다.
나중에
target_link_libraries (
)
의 존재를 확인하고 이를 활용해
target_link_libraries ( ${MY_TARGET} pthread rt )
라인을 작성해 넣으므로써 문제없이 빌드 프로세스를 완료할 수 있었다.
위의 과정에서 겪은 어려움이 빌드 프로세스를 조금 더 명확하게 이해하는 계기가 되었다.
정적 / 동적 라이브러리는 링크 과정에서 애플리케이션에 연결하는 것이다.
```

[.c 텍스트] → "컴파일" → [.o 오브젝트 파일] → "링크" → [.out 실행파일]

4. Source Codes (with comments)

프로젝트 구조



2 directories, 12 files

README.md

```
Terminal Command Examples
 2
    <BUILD>
 3
      (in the root directory of project)
 4
 5
    $ mkdir build && cd build && cmake ...
    $ ./01_Producer_Consumer
 8
 9
    <Clear>
     (in the build directory)
10
    $ cd .. && rm -rf build/
11
12
13
```

CMakeLists.txt

```
cmake_minimum_required (VERSION 2.6)
 2
    set (project_title "producer_consumer_shared_memory")
set (project_author "yks93")
set (project_revised_data "2018-10-16")
 3
 5
 6
     set (INCLUDE_DIRS ${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR}/include)
 8
 9
     project ($(project_title))
10
     # The version number
     set (${project_title}_VERSION_MAJOR 1)
     set (${project_title}_VERSION_MINOR 0)
12
     set (${project_title}_VERSION_PATCH 1)
13
14
    # language standard, compiler settings
set (CMAKE_C_FLAGS "${CMAKE_C_FLAGS} -Wall")
15
16
17
18
     # Bring the headers into the project
19
     include_directories(${INCLUDE_DIRS})
20
21
     set (SRCs
22
          src/consumer_semaphore.c
23
          src/producer_semaphore.c
24
          src/print_functions.c
25
          src/producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.c
26
27
28
     add_executable (01_Producer_Consumer ${SRCs})
29
30
     # link with libraries
     target_link_libraries(01_Producer_Consumer
31
32
         pthread
33
          rt
34
     )
35
```

producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.c

```
1
2
     * FILE:
                          producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.c
3
     * TITLE:
                          Main program,
4
                          multi-processing producer-consumer C code adopting
 5
                          POSIX unnamed semaphore for synchronization
 6
                          of two processes.
 7
                          Using POSIX Shared Memory object for inter-process
8
                          communication
9
     * Date:
                          October 13, 2018
     * Revised:
10
                          October 16, 2018
11
     * Author:
                          yks93
     * Email:
12
                          keesung0705@gmail.com
     * Assignment:
13
                          Operating Systems - Assignment #01
     * Due Date:
14
15
     * Problem Statement:
16
                          Implement a simple program using POSIX Semaphore.
17
                          Create POSIX Shared Memory between two processes to act
18
                          as a buffer for data transfer. These two processes
19
                          communicates in the producer-consumer mode.
20
                          The producer process loops through 0 to 1000, transfers
21
                          sequential integer values to the consumer through
22
                           the shared memory.
23
                          The consumer process loops through 0 to 1000, retrieves
24
                          the data from buffer.
25
     * Compile:
26
                          Use the CMakeLists.txt file
                                                    ************
27
28
29
    /* Include header files */
30
    #include "../include/producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.h"
31
    32
     * Name of Function: main
     * Purpose:
34
                          Fork the main process, use each as a producer, consumer
35
                          respectively. Create a POSIX Shared Memory to inter
36
                          communicate with each other.
37
                          Use POSIX unnamed semaphore to synchronize two processes
     * Parameters:
38
                          ()
39
    * Return Value:
                          int
     * Calls to:
40
                          access, shm_open, ftruncate, mmap, fork, wait
41
                          exit
42
                          initiate_variables
43
                          produce_data, consume_data
44
                          munmap, close, shm_unlink
45
                          printf, print_int, print_str
46
     * Called from:
47
48
     * Method:
                          1. check whether the shared memory object exists
49
                             if there is, remove it
50
                          2. create, open, map a new POSIX Shared Memroy object
                          fork a process
51
52
                           In Parent Process
53
                               a. P-Operation on semaphore var which indicates
54
                                  remaining buffer space
55
                               b. enqueue new data into buffer in shared memory
                               c. V-Operation on semaphore var which indicates
56
57
                                  number of data in buffer
                           In Child Process
58
                               a. P-Operation on semaphore var which indicates
59
                                  number of data in buffer
60
                               b. dequeue oldest data from buffer in shared memeory
61
62

    V-Operation on semaphore var which indicates

63
                                  remaining buffer space
64
                               --after processing data complete
65
                               d. unmap virtual memory of child process from
66
                                  shared memory object
                               e. close the file descriptor refering to shared
67
68
                                  memory object
69
                               f. exit explicitly with success status
```

```
70
                           4. unmap virtual memory of parent process from
 71
                              shared memory object
 72
                           5. close the file descriptor refering to shared
 73
                              memory object
 74
                           6. remove the shared memory object from file system
 75
                           7. exit(return) with sucess status
 76
 77
     int main()
 78
 79
            Declaring vaiables differentiate between parent and child process
 80
 81
            var "pid" stores process-ID
 82
 83
        pid_t pid;
 84
 85
 86
            shm_fd
                -> file descriptor for POSIX Shared Memory object
 87
 88
            i_trunc, i_unmap, i_close, i_unlink
 89
                -> vars for error check
 90
 91
                -> pointer to access the shared memeory object
                -> returned value from mmap( ) function on success
 92
         */
 93
        int shm_fd;
 94
 95
         int i_trunc, i_wait, i_unmap, i_close, i_unlink;
 96
        void* ptr;
97
98
        {
99
100
                check whether the shared memory object of the NAME exists
101
                    -> remove using unlink( ) function
102
     / 개인정보처리방침 /iflano
103
104
                    -> do nothing
             */
105
                const char* NAME = "/dev/shm/BUFFER";
106
107
                if (access(NAME, F_OK) == 0)
108
                {
109
                    i_unlink = shm_unlink("BUFFER");
110
                    if (i_unlink == -1) {
111
                         perror("Initialization Failed\n");
112
                         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 113
 114
                    print_str("Initialize OK");
115
                }
           }
116
117
           /* create and open a new POSIX Shared Memeory object */
118
           shm_fd = shm_open("BUFFER", 0_CREAT|0_RDWR, 777);
 119
           if (shm_fd == -1) {
 120
                perror("Shared Memory Open Failed\n");
 121
 122
                exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
123
124
           print_str("Open OK");
125
126
           /* set the size of shared memeory object */
 127
           i_trunc = ftruncate(shm_fd, sizeof(shared_buffer_struct));
 128
           if (i_trunc == -1) {
 129
                perror("ftruncate( ) Failed\n");
                exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
130
131
           print_str("Ftruncate OK");
 132
```

```
134
                    /* map the shared memory object into the virtual address space of the calling process */
135
                    ptr = mmap(NULL, sizeof(shared_buffer_struct), PROT_READ|PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, shm_fd, 0);
136
                    if (ptr == MAP_FAILED) {
                            perror("Memory Mapping Failed\n");
137
138
                            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
139
140
                    print_str("mmap OK");
141
                    /* initialize the variables - in, out, buffer, 2 semaphore */
142
143
                    initiate_variables(ptr);
144
                    /* fork a process */
if ((pid = fork()) < 0) {
    perror("fork() Failed\n");
145
146
147
                            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
148
149
                   }
150
                     else if (pid != 0)
151
                           // parent : PRODUCER
                              print_str("parent begin !!!\n");
152
153
                              produce_data(ptr);
                     }
154
155
                     else
                             // child : CONSUMER
print_str("child begin !!!\n");
156
157
158
                              consume_data(ptr);
159
160
161
                                      The main process was forked previously,
162
                                       now two processes (parent and child) have its own
163
                                       memory space
164
165
                                       This is clean-up code only for child process
166
167
                              i_unmap = munmap(ptr, sizeof(shared_buffer_struct));
168
                              if (i_unmap == -1) {
                                       perror("m-Unmapping in Child Failed\n");
169
170
                                       exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
171
                              print_str("memory Unmap in Child OK");
172
173
174
                              i_close = close(shm_fd);
                              if (i_close == -1) {
175
                                       perror("Close Failed in Child \n");
176
177
                                       exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
178
179
                              print_str("Close in Child OK");
180
181
                               /* end of the child process */
182
                              exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
183
184
                      /* wait until the child process to exit */
185
186
                     if ((i_wait = wait(0)) == -1) {
                              perror("ERROR: unexpected error occured on child process exit\n");
187
                              exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
188
189
190
                     print_str("child process exit OK!");
191
192
                       * Clean-up code for parent process
193
194
195
196
                     /* unmap the shared memory object from the virtual address space of the
                     i_unmap = munmap(ptr, sizeof(shared_buffer_struct));
197
198
                     if (i_unmap == -1) {
                              perror("m-Unmapping Failed\n");
199
                المالية المال
200
201
202
                     print_str("memory Unmap OK");
```

```
204
         /* close the file descriptor allocated by shm_open( ) */
         i_close = close(shm_fd);
205
206
         if (i_close == -1) {
            perror("Close Failed\n");
207
208
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
209
210
         print_str("Close OK");
211
         /* remove the shared memory object itself by name */
212
         i_unlink = shm_unlink("BUFFER");
213
         if (i_unlink == -1) {
214
215
            perror("Unlink Failed\n");
216
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
217
218
         print_str("Unlink OK");
219
         /* end of the parent process. end of main */
220
221
         return 0;
222
     }
223
     224
      * Name of Function:
225
                            initiate_variables
226
       Purpose:
                            initiate the variables resided inside the shared memory
227
                            the only parameter is type (void*) which points to the
228
                            shared memory object
      * Parameters:
229
                            (void*)
      * Return Value:
230
      * Calls to:
231
                            sem_init, memset
232
      * Called from:
                           main (file: producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.c)
233
      * Method:
                            1. reset var 'in',
234
                              which is pointing the index for a new data
235
236
                              to be produced and enqueued
                            2. reset var 'out',
237
238
                              which is pointing the first data to be consumed
                            3. reset var 'buffer
239
240
                              whole contents inside buffer is reset to -1
241
                            (sem_init function initiate "unnamed semaphore")
                            4. init semaphore condition variable 'buffer_has_space'
242
243
                              to 100 which indicates how many more data
244
                              can be produced
                            5. init semaphore condition variable 'buffer_has_data'
245
246
                              to 0 which indicates how many data is awaiting
247
                              to be consumed
                                           248
249
     void initiate_variables(void* ptr) {
250
         shared_buffer_struct* stptr = (shared_buffer_struct*) ptr;
251
252
         stptr-\>in = 0;
253
         stptr->out = 0;
         memset(stptr->buffer, -1, sizeof(int) * BUF_SZ);
254
         sem_init(&(stptr->buffer_has_space), 1, BUF_SZ);
255
256
         sem_init(&(stptr->buffer_has_data), 1, ZERO);
     }
257
258
```

producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.h

```
producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.h
Header file for .c file which contains main function
of this assignment
October 13, 2018
: October 16, 2018
yks93
keesung0705@gmail.com
ent: Operating Systems - Assignment #01
 2
      * FILE:
      * Title:
 3
 4
      * Date:
 5
      * Revised:
 6
      * Author:
 7
      * Email:
 8
      * Assignment:
 9
      * Due Date:
10
11
     * Struct List:
12
     * Function List: initiate_variables
13
14
     *******************
15
16
     #ifndef __PRODUCER_CONSUMER_SHARED_MEMORY_f5c3433e_7e85_4bf5_a3ec_ec6f5a5027f1_H_
17
     #define __PRODUCER_CONSUMER_SHARED_MEMORY_f5c3433e_7e85_4bf5_a3ec_ec6f5a5027f1_H_
18
19
     /* include header files */
20
    #include "buffer.h"
21
     #include "producer_semaphore.h"
22
    #include "consumer_semaphore.h"
#include "print_functions.h"
23
24
25
26
    #define LOOP_COUNT 1000
27
    /* function prototypes */
28
29
    void initiate_variables(void*);
30
    #endif /* __PRODUCER_CONSUMER_SHARED_MEMORY_f5c3433e_7e85_4bf5_a3ec_ec6f5a5027f1_H__ */
```

buffer.h

```
1
    /*****************************
 2
    * FILE: buffer.h

* Title: Header file for utility which can be used to store

* data inside shared memory

* Date: October 13, 2018

* Revised: October 16, 2018

* Author: Vks93
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
     * Author:
 8
                            yks93
     * Email:
                            keesung0705@gmail.com
 9
                       Operating Systems - Assignment #01
     * Assignment:
10
     * Due Date:
11
12
     * Struct List: shared_buffer_struct
13
14
     * Function List:
15
                     ******************
16
17
    #ifndef __BUFFER_c7325cdf_587f_49d4_9730_0ed81e427d7a_H__
18
    #define __BUFFER_c7325cdf_587f_49d4_9730_0ed81e427d7a_H_
19
20
21
    #include <stdio.h>
22
    #include <stdlib.h>
23
    #include <string.h>
    #include <limits.h>
24
25
    #include <semaphore.h>
    #include <sys/stat.h>
26
27
    #include <sys/mman.h>
28
    #include <sys/wait.h>
29
    #include <sys/types.h>
    #include <fcntl.h>
30
31
    #include <unistd.h>
32
33
    #define BUF_SZ 100
34
    #define ZERO 0
```

```
* Name of Stuct:
37
                          shared buffer struct
    * Purpose:
                           struct to be used by user to locate inside
38
                           POSIX Shared Memory area
39
     * Used By:
40
                           produce_consumer_shared_memory.c
     * Member Variables:
41
                           1. in
                                                  (type: int)
                              index where the producer process use to enqueue
42
43
                              new data into buffer[]
44
                           2. out
                                                 (type: int)
45
                              index where the consumer process use to dequeue
                               first data from buffer[]
46
47
                           3. buffer[] (type: int[])
48
                              circular queue in which the data are stored
49
50
                           << Semaphore >>
51
                           P(S) or wait(S):
                               S = S - 1
52
53
                               If S < 0 Then:
                                  block the calling process
54
55
                                  add it to the wait queue of this semaphore
56
57
                           V(S) or signal(S):
                              S = S + 1
58
59
                               If S <= 0 Then:
60
                                  removev the first process from the wait queue
61
                                  add it to the scheduling queue
62
63
                           4. buffer_has_space
                                                 (type: sem_t)
64
                               semaphore condition variable
                               used to control the behavior of the producer process
65
66
                               initial value 100
67
                               it indicates how many more items the producer
68
                              can put into buffer
69
                           5. buffer has data
                                                 (type: sem_t)
70
                              semaphore condition variable
71
                              used to control the behavior of the consumer process
72
                               initial value 0
73
                              it indicates how many more items the consumer
74
                              can retrieve from buffer and use it
75
76
    typedef struct shared_buffer_struct
77
    {
78
        int in, out;
       int buffer[BUF_SZ];
79
80
        sem_t buffer_has_space, buffer_has_data;
81
82
    } shared_buffer_struct;
83
    #endif /* __BUFFER_c7325cdf_587f_49d4_9730_0ed81e427d7a_H__ */
84
85
```

producer_semaphore.h

```
/*********
1
     * FILE:
                    producer_semaphore.h
Header file for .c file which implements the
behaviors of producers
2
     * Title:
3
 4
                         October 13, 2018
October 16, 2018
     * Date:
 5
     * Revised:
 6
     * Author:
                         yks93
keesung0705@gmail.com
 7
     * Email:
8
                         Operating Systems - Assignment #01
     * Assignment:
9
     * Due Date:
10
11
    * Struct List:
12
    * Function List:
13
                         produce_data
14
    15
16
    #ifndef __PRODUCER_SEMAPHORE_95b1eb64_21ab_4c11_a89a_ac72706a815e_H__
17
18
    #define __PRODUCER_SEMAPHORE_95b1eb64_21ab_4c11_a89a_ac72706a815e_H_
19
20
    #include "buffer.h"
    #include "producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.h"
21
22
23
    void produce_data(void*);
24
    #endif /* __PRODUCER_SEMAPHORE_95b1eb64_21ab_4c11_a89a_ac72706a815e_H__ */
25
26
```

producer_semaphore.c

```
/*****************************
1
                         producer_semaphore.c
 2
     * FILE:
     * Title:
                         Source file which implements the behaviors of producer October 13, 2018
 3
     * Date:
                         October 13, 2018
October 16, 2018
yks93
keesung@7050
 4
     * Revised:
 5
     * Author:
 6
     * Email:
                           keesung0705@gmail.com
     * Assignment:
 8
                          Operating Systems - Assignment #01
    * Due Date:
 9
10
     * Function List:
11
                          produce_data
12
13
14
    /* Include header files */
15
    #include "../include/producer_semaphore.h"
16
17
    18
    * Name of Function: produce_data

* Purpose: produce and enqueue new data into the buffer at the shared memory
19
20
21
     * Parameters:
                          (void*)
     * Return Value:
     * Calls to:
24
                          sem_wait, sem_post, printf
     * Called from:
                          main (file: producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.c)
25
26
27
     * Method:
                           inside for Loop
                               1. decrease the semaphore variable 'buffer_has_space'
28
29
                                   using sem_wait() function

    enqueue new data into the buffer
    move 'in' one step forward

30
31
                               4. check whether producer cycled through the
32
                                   whole buffer
33
34
                               5. increase the semaphore variable 'buffer_has_data'
     35
36
37
38
    void produce_data(void* ptr)
39
    {
40
        shared_buffer_struct* stptr = (shared_buffer_struct*) ptr;
41
42
43
        for (i=0; i < LOOP_COUNT; ++i) {
            sem_wait(&(stptr->buffer_has_space));
44
            stptr->buffer[stptr->in] = i;
printf("inside parent: %3d\n", stptr->buffer[stptr->in]);
++(stptr->in);
45
46
47
            stptr->in %= 100;
48
            sem_post(&(stptr->buffer_has_data));
49
50
        }
   }
51
```

consumer_semaphore.h

```
1
     * FILE:
                     consumer_semaphore.h
Header file for .c file which implements the
behaviors of consumers
2
     * Title:
3
4
                          October 13, 2018
October 16, 2018
     * Date:
5
     * Revised:
 6
                          yks93
keesung0705@gmail.com
 8
     * Email:
     * Assignment:
                          Operating Systems - Assignment #01
9
     * Due Date:
10
11
     * Struct List:
12
     * Function List:
13
                           consume_data
14
    ********************
15
16
    #ifndef __CONSUMER_SEMAPHORE_725010e0_90bd_4d8e_a278_6fd863b13e38_H_
#define __CONSUMER_SEMAPHORE_725010e0_90bd_4d8e_a278_6fd863b13e38_H_
17
18
19
    #include "buffer.h"
20
    #include "producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.h"
21
22
23
    void consume_data(void*);
24
25
    #endif /* __CONSUMER_SEMAPHORE_725010e0_90bd_4d8e_a278_6fd863b13e38_H__ */
26
```

consume_semaphore.c

```
* FILE:
2
                         consumer_semaphore.c
                        Source file which implements the behaviors of consumer
    * Title:
3
    * Date:
4
                          October 13, 2018
    * Revised:
5
                        October 16, 2018
    * Author:
                          yks93
6
                          keesung0705@gmail.com
    * Assignment:
8
                          Operating Systems - Assignment #01
    * Due Date:
9
10
    * Function List:
11
                         produce_data
    *************************
13
14
    /* Include header files */
15
16
    #include "../include/consumer_semaphore.h"
17
    18
     * Name of Function: consume_data
19
    * Purpose:
20
                          dequeue one data from the buffer at the shared memory
21
                          and consume it
     * Parameters:
22
                         (void*)
     * Return Value:
23
     * Calls to:
                         sem_wait, sem_post, printf
main (file: producer_consumer_shared_memory_main.c)
24
     * Called from:
25
26
     * Method:
27
                          inside for Loop
                              1. decrease the semaphore variable 'buffer_has_data'
28
                              using sem_wait() function
2. dequeue the first data in the buffer
29
30
                              3. move 'out' one step forward
31
                              4. check whether consumer cycled through the
32
33
                                  whole buffer
                              5. increase the semaphore variable 'buffer_has_space'
34
35
                                 using sem_post() function
36
                                 so that producer can work
37
38
    void consume_data(void* ptr)
39
    {
40
       shared_buffer_struct* stptr = (shared_buffer_struct*) ptr;
41
42
43
       for (i=0; i < LOOP_COUNT; ++i) {
44
           sem_wait(&(stptr->buffer_has_data));
           printf("\tchild: %3d\n", stptr->buffer[stptr->out]);
++(stptr->out);
45
46
47
           stptr->out %= 100;
48
           sem_post(&(stptr->buffer_has_space));
       }
   }
```

print_functions.h

```
1
                   print_functions.h
Header file for simplified implementations of printf
functions
2
    * FILE:
    * Title:
3
4
    * Date:
                       October 14, 2018
October 16, 2018
5
     * Revised:
6
     * Author:
                        yks93
 8
                        keesung0705@gmail.com
    * Assignment:
9
10
    * Due Date:
11
    * Struct List:
12
13
    * Function List:
                       println
14
15
                         print_str
16
                        print_int
17
    ******************
18
19
   {\tt \#ifndef \_\_PRINT\_FUNCTIONS\_2483b38a\_f255\_452c\_980f\_9d100a03d610\_H\_\_}
20
21
   #define __PRINT_FUNCTIONS_2483b38a_f255_452c_980f_9d100a03d610_H__
22
23
   #include <stdio.h>
24
25
   void println(void);
   void print_str(const char*);
26
27
   void print_int(int);
28
   #endif /* __PRINT_FUNCTIONS_2483b38a_f255_452c_980f_9d100a03d610_H__ */
29
30
```

print_functions.c

```
#include "../include/print_functions.h"
 2
 3
    /* prints only a new line */
    void println(void)
 5
    {
 6
        printf("\n");
    }
 8
 9
    void print_str(const char * string)
10
    {
        printf("%s\n", string);
11
12
    }
13
    void print_int(int i)
14
15
    {
        printf("%d\n", i);
16
17
    }
18
19
20
21
```

4. Results Capture

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
                                                      File Edit View Search Terminal Help
= ~/Documents/assignments/Operating System
                                                             child: 963
                                                      inside parent: 987
Open OK
                                                             child: 964
                                                     inside parent: 988
Ftruncate OK
                                                             child: 965
mmap OK
parent begin !!!
                                                     inside parent: 989
                                                             child: 966
inside parent:
                                                     inside parent: 990
inside parent:
                                                             child: 967
inside parent:
                                                     inside parent: 991
inside parent:
                 3
                                                             child: 968
inside parent:
                 4
                                                     inside parent: 992
inside parent:
                                                             child: 969
inside parent:
                                                     inside parent: 993
inside parent:
                                                             child: 970
inside parent:
                 8
                                                     inside parent: 994
inside parent:
                                                             child: 971
inside parent:
                                                     inside parent: 995
child begin !!!
                                                             child: 972
inside parent: 11
                                                     inside parent: 996
                                                             child: 973
inside parent:
                                                     inside parent: 997
                12
inside parent:
                13
                                                             child: 974
inside parent:
                                                     inside parent: 998
                14
                                                             child: 975
inside parent:
                15
                                                     inside parent: 999
inside parent:
                16
                                                             child: 976
inside parent:
                17
                                                              child: 977
inside parent:
                18
                                                              child: 978
inside parent:
                19
inside parent:
                20
                                                              child: 979
inside parent:
                21
                                                              child: 980
inside parent:
                                                              child: 981
inside parent:
                23
                                                              child: 982
        child:
                 0
                                                              child: 983
inside parent:
                24
                                                              child: 984
        child:
                                                              child: 985
inside parent:
                                                              child: 986
        child:
                                                              child: 987
inside parent:
                                                              child: 988
        child:
                                                              child: 989
inside parent:
                27
                                                              child: 990
        child:
                                                              child: 991
inside parent:
                                                              child: 992
                28
                                                              child: 993
        child:
inside parent:
                29
                                                              child: 994
        child:
                                                              child: 995
inside parent:
                                                              child: 996
                30
                                                              child: 997
        child:
inside parent:
                                                              child: 998
                31
                                                             child: 999
        child:
                 8
                                                     memory Unmap in Child OK
Close in Child OK
inside parent: 32
        child:
inside parent:
                                                     child process exit OK!
                33
        child: 10
                                                     memory Unmap OK
inside parent: 34
child: 11
                                                     Close OK
                                                     Unlink OK
inside parent: 35
child: 12
                                                                  ocuments/assignments/Operating
```