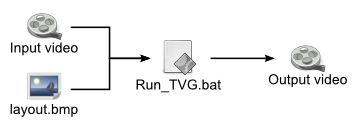
OptoFidelity AV10 Test Video Generator   
User Manual Version 0.1

OFTVG is an application that is used to add synchronization and frame id markers to video streams. It generates test videos where each video frame can be uniquely and automatically identified.

The implementation consists of a script, **Run\_TVG.bat**, which contains the configuration parameters, and a bitmap image, **layout.bmp**, which defines the locations and sizes of the markers on the screen. The program opens an input video, which can be in various formats, optionally resizes it and then draws the markers and compresses the result into the selected output format.



The program uses GStreamer as a backend for processing the video, and includes a custom GStreamer plugin to add the markers. All the necessary software components are stored under the **bin** and **lib** folders.

# Getting started

The distribution package includes a part of the Big Buck Bunny movie by the Blender Foundation as **big\_buck\_bunny\_1080p\_h264.mov**. This can be used for testing the generator.

For a first test, just double-click **Run\_TVG.bat**. This should open a command prompt and show encoding progress. The result is saved as **output.mov**.

# Structure of the output video

The output video starts with an optional calibration sequence. This 10 second long sequence can be used to calibrate the program that is reading the video frames.

After the calibration, the actual test video begins. It consists of N first frames of the input video, each of which has a unique frame id marker along the bottom edge. The test video can be configured to repeat multiple times.



The length of the test sequence can be adjusted by editing the **NUM\_BUFFERS** and **REPEAT** settings in the **Run\_TVG.bat**.

# Configuring the test video generator

The test video generator is configured by editing **Run\_TVG.bat**. You can make multiple copies of this file under different names to keep different configuration sets. The script accesses files under **bin** and **lib** folders, so it must be in the same directory as they are.

The file is a regular Windows .bat; you can use :: to comment lines.

## Input and output files

These three lines set the names of the input and output files:

SET INPUT=big\_buck\_bunny\_1080p\_h264.mov  
SET LAYOUT=layout.bmp  
SET OUTPUT=output.3gp

The input video can have any format supported by GStreamer, which includes most of the common formats such as AVI, MOV, MP4, 3GP and others. The format is detected automatically.

The layout image defines the location of the markers in the image. Specific colors in the image correspond to each marker. The layout image can have either BMP or PNG format. (JPEG is not recommended because the lossy compression may corrupt the markers.)

The output filename can be chosen freely. It should, however, have the correct file extension with respect to the selected video format. The list of the file extensions is given below in the description of the **CONTAINER** parameter.

## Video output format

The format of the output video is configured using two parameters:

SET COMPRESSION=x264enc speed-preset=4  
SET CONTAINER=gppmux

The **COMPRESSION** type defines how the video data is encoded, ie. which video codec is used. Common video codecs are H.264 and MPEG-2. Some encoders accept configuration parameters that can be specified after the codec name.

The **CONTAINER** type defines the file format used to store the encoded data. This does not affect the encoding of the video, but is merely the selection of file and frame headers that are added to the data. Common containers are AVI and MOV.

The compression and container types can be combined quite freely, but there is a small number of combinations that are not supported. Most notably, Motion JPEG is not supported in the 3GP container.

### List of supported COMPRESSION types

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Name** | **Encoder** | **Options** |  |
| Uncompressed YUV | video/x-raw-yuv |  |  |
| Uncompressed RGB | video/x-raw-rgb |  |  |
| H.264 video | x264enc | bitrate | Bitrate in kbit/s. Default is 2048. |
|  |  | speed-preset | Speed of the encoding process. 1 = fastest encoding, worst compression;  9 = slowest encoding, best compression |
|  |  | profile | H.264 profile, i.e. which features of the standard are used. One of **baseline**, **main**, **high**. |
| Motion-JPEG | ffenc\_mjpeg | bitrate | Bitrate in bit/s. Default is 300 000. |
| MPEG-4 part 2 | ffenc\_mpeg4 | bitrate | Bitrate in bit/s. Default is 300 000. |
| MPEG-2 video | ffenc\_mpeg2video | bitrate | Bitrate in bit/s. Default is 300 000. |
| Windows Media Video 8 | ffenc\_wmv2 | bitrate | Bitrate in bit/s. Default is 300 000. |
| Flash video | ffenc\_flv | bitrate | Bitrate in bit/s. Default is 300 000. |

### List of supported CONTAINER types

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Name** | **Mux** | **File extension** |
| MPEG-4 part 14 | mp4mux | .MP4 |
| 3G mobile phone video container | gppmux | .3GP |
| Microsoft AVI | avimux | .AVI |
| QuickTime | qtmux | .MOV |
| Microsoft Active Streaming Format | asfmux | .ASF |
| Flash Video | flvmux | .FLV |

## Preprocessing

The input video can be resized or the framerate can be adjusted before processing:

Resize only: SET PREPROCESS=! videoscale ! video/x-raw-yuv,width=**640**,height=**480**  
Adjust FPS: SET PREPROCESS=! videorate ! video/x-raw-yuv,framerate=**10**/1  
Both: SET PREPROCESS=! videorate ! videoscale ! video/x-raw-yuv,framerate=**5**/1,width=**320**,height=**240**

The preprocessing is specified by uncommenting one of the example lines in **Run\_TVG.bat** and editing the width, height and framerate parameters to match the application. If no preprocessing is needed, all **PREPROCESS**-lines should remain commented out.

Note that a non-integer framerate should be given as a fraction. For example 59.94 FPS equals 60000/1001.

## Length of the test video

The test video consists of the first **NUM\_BUFFERS** frames of the input video repeated **REPEAT** number of times:

SET NUM\_BUFFERS=64  
SET REPEAT=5

The number of buffers should not be larger than what can be expressed using the frame id bits defined in the layout image. For example, 8 bits can represent up to 28 = 256 frames.

The repeat count can be 1 or larger.

## Generation of calibration sequence

The calibration sequence can either be added to the beginning of the test video or stored separately:

SET CALIBRATION=prepend

Allowed values are **off**, **only** and **prepend**.

Off means that no calibration sequence is added to this video. Therefore you have to have it as a separate video file. Such a separate video can be generated by settings **CALIBRATION=only**, which generates only the calibration sequence and no test video.

The third choice, **prepend**, puts the calibration sequence in the beginning of the test video.

# Editing the marker layout bitmap

The layout bitmap can be edited using any bitmap editor, such as Microsoft Paint or the GIMP. For optimal results, the resolution of the layout bitmap should equal the video resolution. If it doesn’t, the bitmap will be resized in memory automatically, using nearest-interpolation.

The bitmap should contain rectangles with specific colors to define where the markers will be placed:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Color value (Red, Green, Blue)** | **Meaning** |
| (255, 255, 255) (White) | Background color |
|  |  |
| (10, 10, 10) | 1st frameid bit, ie. changes most often |
| (20, 20, 20) | 2nd frameid bit |
| (30, 30, 30) | 3rd frameid bit |
| ... | ... similarly, greyscale values in 10 step increments ... |
| (240, 240, 240) | 24th frameid bit |
|  |  |
| (255, 0, 0) (Red) | Primary sync marker, changes every frame |
| (0, 255, 0) (Green) | Secondary sync marker, changes every other frame |

All markers do not need to be included. It is enough to include as many frame ids as are necessary to identify the wanted number of frames. The markers should be placed in numeric order, either vertically or horizontally in a line.

Any unknown color will be regarded as background. However, new marker types might be added in the future so the background should be left white to guarantee that it doesn’t get mixed with the markers.

# Audio support

Audio support is not currently implemented, but will be added in a future release. The input video may contain audio, but it will not be included in the output video.

# Details on the implementation

The **Run\_TVG.bat** script uses the GStreamer **gst-launch** command for launching the custom TVG plugin and compressing the video. The actual command is at the end of the script, and uses variables defined earlier in the file. Normally editing the variables is enough, but below is some basic information about the structure to aid in development.

In **gst-launch**, a pipeline is defined as a set of elements separated by exclamation point: “**element1 ! element2 ! element3**”. After each element, there can be any number of property values: “**element property1=value1 …**”. The basic pipeline flows from a **filesrc** (file reader) up to **filesink** (file writer). The names of the compression and container elements come directly from the variables **%COMPRESSION%** and **%CONTAINER%**. Therefore any attributes for them can be added after the SET= statements.

More documentation on the relevant gstreamer parts can be found here:

<http://linux.die.net/man/1/gst-launch-0.10> (gst-launch command)  
<http://gstreamer.freedesktop.org/data/doc/gstreamer/head/gst-plugins-ugly-plugins/html/gst-plugins-ugly-plugins-x264enc.html> (x264enc encoder)

# Troubleshooting

Error messages are printed in the console window. Below are some common error causes.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Error message** | **Reason** |
| WARNING: erroneous pipeline: could not link ffenc\_mjpeg0 to gppmux0 | The video encoder and container format are incompatible with each other. Use either different encoder or a different container. |

If the cause of the error is not found, please contant the software vendor and provide the following information:

1. The error message displayed on the screen.
2. The Run\_TVG.bat you are using.
3. Contents of the **debug** folder.