# **OPL1000**

ULTRA-LOW POWER 2.4GHz WI-FI + BLUETOOTH SMART SOC

# **AT Instruction Set and Examples**



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# **REVISION HISTORY**

Date	Version	Contents Updated
2018-04-16	0.1	Initial Release
2018-05-18	0.2	<ul><li>Add wifi example</li><li>Add AT+CWAUTOCONN</li></ul>
2018-05-25	0.3	Fix some mistakes
2018-05-31	0.4	<ul><li>Add tcp server example</li><li>Fix some mistakes</li></ul>
2018-06-20	0.5	Fix some mistakes
2018-06-27	0.6	<ul> <li>Fixed some wrong description in several AT commands such</li> <li>as AT+BLECFGMTU etc.</li> </ul>
2018-06-28	0.7	Fix some description mistakes
2018-07-17	0.8	<ul><li>Revise CIPSTATUS description</li><li>Add AT+MACADDRDEF</li></ul>
2018-07-19	0.9	<ul><li>Add AT+RFHP</li><li>Modify BLE public address AT+BLEADDR</li></ul>
2018-07-27	0.10	<ul> <li>Add more description for AT+BLEADDR and AT+CIPSTAMAC</li> </ul>
2018-07-27	0.11	<ul> <li>Add AT+READFLASH, AT+WRITEFLASH and AT+ERASEFLASH</li> </ul>
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2018-08-17	0.13	Add AT+DHCPARPCHK
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2018-09-06	0.17	Update AT+SWITCHDBG description
2018-09-13	0.18	<ul><li>Add AT+MACDATARATE</li><li>Set up Wi-Fi Tx data rate</li></ul>
2018-09-13	0.19	Add AT+DTM
2018-09-18	0.20	Add AT+WIFIMACCFG
2018-09-18	0.21	Update AT+GSLP description



### **OPL1000**

# **REVISION HISTORY**

Date	Version	Contents Updated
2018-09-18	0.22	<ul> <li>Update AT+CWAUTOCONN description</li> </ul>
2018-09-18	0.23	<ul> <li>Update AT+ BLEADVPARAM description</li> </ul>
2018-09-19	0.24	Add AT+CWFASTCONN
2018-09-20	0.25	Add AT+RFTM
2018-09-20	0.26	Add AT+BLEPHYREAD
		<ul> <li>Add AT+BLEPHYSET</li> </ul>
2018-09-20	0.27	<ul> <li>Update AT+CIPSTAMAC description</li> </ul>
2018-09-20	0.28	Add RF-related AT commands
2018-10-05	0.29	Update AT+CWJAP description
2018-11-21	0.30	<ul> <li>Add AT+RFTM (BeaconOnlyMode)</li> </ul>
2020-08-04	0.31	Remove AT+CIPSAT



# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1. Introduction			1	
	1.1.	Scope c	of Document Application	1
	1.2.	Comma	nd Descriptions	1
2.	Basio	AT Com	mands	2
	2.1.	List of B	asic AT Commands	2
	2.2.	Descrip	tion of Basic AT Commands	3
		2.2.1.	AT—Testing of AT Module	3
		2.2.2.	AT+RST—Reset Module	
		2.2.3.	AT+GMR—Version Inquiry Message	3
		2.2.4.	AT+GSLP—Entry into Deep-Sleep Mode	4
		2.2.5.	ATE—On-Off Echo Function	4
		2.2.6.	AT+RESTORE—Restore to Factory Setting	
		2.2.7.	AT+UART_CUR—Install UART Temporary Setting	5
		2.2.8.	AT+UART_DEF—Install UART Setting, and Save to Flash	6
		2.2.9.	AT+SLEEP—Install Sleep Mode	
		2.2.10.	AT+SYSRAM—Inquiry of Currently Remaining RAM Size	8
		2.2.11.	AT+MACADDRDEF—Install Dervice Origin Mac Address Stored to Flash_	<u>c</u>
		2.2.12.	AT+RFHP—RF Power Set up	_10
		2.2.13.	AT+READFLASH—Read FLASH	_ 10
		2.2.14.	AT+WRITEFLASH—Write Flash	_11
		2.2.15.	AT+ERASEFLASH—Erase Flash	_ 12
		2.2.16.	AT+DHCPARPCHK—Set up DHCP ARP Check Procedure	_13
		2.2.17.	AT+SWITCHDBG—Switch to Debug	_ 14
		2.2.18.	AT+MACDATARATE—Set up Wi-Fi Tx Data Rate	_ 15
		2.2.19.	AT+WIFIMACCFG—Set up Wi-Fi Related Parameters	_ 15
		2.2.20.	AT+RFTM—Set up Test Mode	_16
		2.2.21.	AT+MODE—Set Up WiFi Mode	
		2.2.22.	AT+GO—Set Up WiFi Packet and Speed	_ 17
		2.2.23.	AT+CHANNEL—Set Up WiFi Channel	
		2.2.24.	AT+RESET_CNTS—Clear WiFi Rx Data Volume Count	_ 19
		2.2.25.	AT+COUNTERS—Read WiFi Rx Data Volume Count	_ 19
		2.2.26.	AT+TX—Activate/Terminate Off WiFi Tx Testing	
		2.2.27.	AT+RX—Activate/Terminate WiFi Rx Testing	_ 20
		2.2.28.	AT+DTM—Set-Up and Start BLE Tx/Rx Testing	20



### **OPL1000**

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

3.	WIFI	Function	n AT Commands	23
	3.1.	List of V	VIFI Function AT Commands	23
	3.2.	Descrip	tion of WIFI Function AT Commands	24
		3.2.1.	AT+CWMODE—Set up Wi-Fi Mode	24
		3.2.2.	AT+CWJAP—Connect AP	25
		3.2.3.	AT+CWLAPOPT—Set up CWLAP Command Attributes	26
		3.2.4.	AT+CWLAP—Scan Currently Available AP	27
		3.2.5.	AT+CWQAP—Terminate Connection with AP	28
		3.2.6.	AT+CWAUTOCONN—Whether Power-On Would Result in Aut	:omatic
		Connec	tion to AP	28
		3.2.7.	AT+CWFASTCONN—Quick Connection to AP	29
		3.2.8.	AT+CIPSTAMAC—Set up MAC Address of OPL1000 Station Port	30
		3.2.9.		
4.	TCP/	/IP functi	on AT command	
	4.1.		CP/IP Function AT Commands	
	4.2.	Descrip	tion of TCP/IP Function AT Commands	32
		4.2.1.	AT+CIPSTATUS—Inquiry of Message of Network Connection	32
		4.2.2.	AT+CIPDOMAIN—Domain Name Analysis Function	33
		4.2.3.	AT+CIPSTART—Establish TCP Connection or UDP Transmission	
		4.2.4.	AT+CIPSEND—Send Data	36
		4.2.5.	AT+CIPSENDEX—Send Data	37
		4.2.6.	AT+CIPCLOSE—Terminate TCP/UDP Transmission	38
		4.2.7.	AT+CIFSR—Inquiry of Local IP Address	38
		4.2.8.	AT+CIPMUX—Set up Multiple Connections	39
		4.2.9.	AT+CIPSERVER—Establish TCP Server	39
		4.2.10.	AT+CIPSTO—Set up TCP Server Over-Time	40
		4.2.11.	AT+CIPDINFO—Whether Prompt for Opposite-End IP and Port	During
		Recepti	on of network data	41
		4.2.12.	+IPD—Reception of Network Data	41
		4.2.13.	AT+PING—Ping Function	42
5.	BLE	RElated A	AT commands	43
	5.1.	List of E	BLE Commands	43
	5.2.	Descrip	tion of BLE Commands	44
		5.2.1.	AT+BLEINIT—BLE Initiation	44
		5.2.2.	AT+BLEADDR—Designate BLE Device Address	45
		5.2.3.	AT+BLENAME—Desginate BLE Device Name	45
		5.2.4.	AT+BLESCANRSPDATA—Install BLE Scan Response	46



### **OPL1000**

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

		5.2.5.	AT+BLEADVPARAM—Set up Broadcast Parameters	47
		5.2.6.	AT+BLEADVDATA—Set up BLE Broadcast Data	48
		5.2.7.	AT+BLEADVSTART—Initiate BLE Broadcast	49
		5.2.8.	AT+BLEADVSTOP—Terminate BLE Broadcast	50
		5.2.9.	AT+BLECONNPARAM—Renew BLE Connection Parameters	50
		5.2.10.	AT+BLEDISCONN—BLE Connection	51
		5.2.11.	AT+BLEDATALEN—Install BLE Data Packet Length	52
		5.2.12.	AT+BLECFGMTU—Set up GATT MTU Length	52
		5.2.13.	AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE—GATTS Service Establishment	53
		5.2.14.	AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART—GATTS Service Activation	54
		5.2.15.	AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTOP—GATTS Service Termination	54
		5.2.16.	AT+BLEGATTSSRV—GATTS Discovery Service	55
		5.2.17.	AT+BLEGATTSCHAR—GATTS Discovery Service Attributes	55
		5.2.18.	AT+BLEGATTSNTFY—GATTS Notification Service Attribute Values	56
		5.2.19.	AT+BLEGATTSIND—GATTS Indication Service Attribute Values	57
		5.2.20.	AT+BLEGATTSSETATTR—GATTS Installation Service Attribute Values	58
		5.2.21.	AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV—GATTC Basic Discovery Service	59
		5.2.22.	AT+BLEGATTCINCLSRV—GATTC Discovery Inclusion Service	60
		5.2.23.	AT+BLEGATTCCHAR—GATTC Discovery Service Attributes	61
		5.2.24.	AT+BLEGATTCRD—GATTC Read Service Attribute Values	62
		5.2.25.	AT+BLEGATTCWR—GATTC Write Service Attribute Values	64
		5.2.26.	AT+DTM—BLE Testing Mode	65
		5.2.27.	AT+BLEPHYREAD—Read of Currently Connected PHY	66
		5.2.28.	AT+BLEPHYSET—Set up of Currently Connected PHY	67
	5.3.	BLE AT	CMD Error Code	67
6.	Exan	nples of A	AT Command Applications	69
	6. 1.	Single-0	Connection to TCP Client	69
	6. 2.	UDP Tra	ansmission	71
		6.2.1.	Fixed Remote UDP Communication	72
		6.2.2.	Variable Remote UDP Communication	73
	6.3.	Multiple	e-Connection TCP Server	74



### 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1. Scope of Document Application

This file is a consolidated description of functions of OPL1000 AT Command Set, and of Application Methods.

The Command set mainly comprises of Basic AT Commands, WIFI Function AT Commands, TCP/IP Function AT Commands, and BLE Function AT Commands, etc. OPL1000 AT Commands, by default, use serial-port UART1 for transmission, with baud rate of 115200bps, and format of "8N1".

#### 1.2. Command Descriptions

AT Commands can be categorized into 4 types:

Туре	Command Format	Description
Test Command(s)	AT+ <x>=?</x>	This command is used for inquiry of the parameters and value range of installation commands.
Inquiry Command(s)	AT+ <x>?</x>	This command is used for restoring to the current value of parameters
Installation Command(s)	AT+ <x>=&lt;&gt;</x>	This command is used for install user-defined parameter values.
Execution Command(s)	AT+ <x></x>	This command is used for variable parameter functions controlled by internal procedure of modules.

#### Note:

- Not every AT command contains instructions of all 4 types described above.
- The value contained inside [] is of default value, which can be left blank, or may not have displayed value.
- AT commands do not distinguish between upper and lower cases.
- AT commands end with "ENTER" \r\n. Please note to install serial-port tool as "New Line Mode".



### **BASIC AT COMMANDS**

### 2.1. List of Basic AT Commands

Command(s)	Description
AT	Test AT Module
AT+RST	Re-Activate Module
AT+GMR	Check Version Message
AT+GSLP	Enter Deep-Sleep Mode
ATE	Terminate Echo Function
AT+RESTORE	Restore to Factory Setting
AT+UART_CUR	Set up current UART Temporary Setting
AT+UART_DEF	Set up UART Setting, and Save to Flash
AT+SLEEP	Install Sleep Mode
AT+SYSRAM	Inquiry of Currently Remaining RAM Size
AT+MACADDRDEF	Install Dervice Origin Mac Address Stored to Flash
AT+RFHP	Install RF Power
AT+READFLASH	Read Flash
AT+WRITEFLASH	Write Flash
AT+ERASEFLASH	Erase Flash
AT+DHCPARPCHK	Install DHCP ARP Check Procedure
AT+MACDATARATE	Install Wi-Fi Tx Data Rate
AT+WIFIMACCFG	Install Wi-Fi Related Parameters



### 2.2. Description of Basic AT Commands

#### 2.2.1. AT—Testing of AT Module

Command Execution	АТ
Feedback	OK
Parameter Description(s)	-

#### 2.2.2. AT+RST—Reset Module

Command Execution	AT+RST
Feedback	OK
Parameter	-
Description(s)	
Note	After having executed this command, the system will reboot, by default

### 2.2.3. AT+GMR—Version Inquiry Message

Command Execution	AT+GMR
Feedback	<at info="" version=""></at>
	<sdk info="" version=""></sdk>
	<compile time=""></compile>
	OK
Parameter	<ul><li><at info="" version=""></at></li></ul>
Description(s)	• <sdk info="" version=""></sdk>
	<ul><li><compile time=""></compile></li></ul>



### 2.2.4. AT+GSLP—Entry into Deep-Sleep Mode

Command Execution	AT+GSLP= <duration>, <i o=""></i></duration>
Feedback	<duration></duration>
Parameter Description(s)	<duration>: Install OPL1000 sleep duration in unit of millisecond. OPL1000 will be automatically woken after the sleep duration lapses.  <i o=""> GPIO number to Wakeup</i></duration>

#### 2.2.5. ATE—On-Off Echo Function

Command Execution	ATE
Feedback	ОК
Parameter	• ATE0 : Switch-off Echo
Description(s)	• ATE1 : Switch-on Echo

### 2.2.6. AT+RESTORE—Restore to Factory Setting

Command Execution	AT+RESTORE
Feedback	OK
Note	By restoring to factory setting, it will erase all parameters stored in Flash, as all parameters will be of default value. $^{\circ}$
	Restore factory setting will result in system reboot.



#### 2.2.7. AT+UART\_CUR—Install UART Temporary Setting

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+UART_CUR?	Designate Command(s): AT+UART_CUR= <baudrate>,<datab its="">,<stopbits>,<parity>,<flow control=""></flow></parity></stopbits></datab></baudrate>
Feedback	+UART_CUR: <baudrate>, <databit s="">, <stopbits>, <parity>, <flow control=""></flow></parity></stopbits></databit></baudrate>	ОК
	OK	
	The inquiry returns UART actual	

parameter values, and due to clock division, it is normal to have some deviance in value between the actual and default parameter values of UART.

#### Parameter Description(s)

- <baudrate> : UART baudrate
- <databits>
- 5 : 5 bit databit
- 6 : 6 bit databit
- → 7: 7 bit databit
- → 8: 8 bit databit
- <stopbits> :
- → 1 : 1 bit stopbit
- 2: 1.5 bit stopbit
- → 3 : 2 bit stopbit
- <parity> :
- → 0 : None
- 1 : Odd
- 2 : Even
- <flow control> :
- 0 : Disable Flow Control
- → 1 : Reserved



# **CHAPTER TWO**

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+UART_CUR?	AT+UART_CUR= <baudrate>,<datab< th=""></datab<></baudrate>
		its>, <stopbits>,<parity>,<flow< th=""></flow<></parity></stopbits>
		control>
	→ 2 : Reserved	
	→ 3 : Enable both RTS & CTS	
Note	• This device does not save to Fla	sh
	• Flow control requires hardware	support
	•Range of Baudrate supported:	80 ~ 1000000
Examples	AT+UART_CUR=115200,8,1,0,3	

#### AT+UART\_DEF—Install UART Setting, and Save to Flash 2.2.8.

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+UART_DEF?	Designate Command(s): AT+UART_DEF= <baudrate>,<databi ts="">,<stopbits>,<parity>,<flow control=""></flow></parity></stopbits></databi></baudrate>
Feedback	+UART_DEF: <baudrate>,<databit s="">,<stopbits>,<parity>,<flow control=""></flow></parity></stopbits></databit></baudrate>	ОК
Parameter Description(s)	<ul> <li><baudrate> : UART baudrate</baudrate></li> <li><databits> :</databits></li> <li>5 : 5 bit databit</li> <li>6 : 6 bit databit</li> <li>7 : 7 bit databit</li> <li>8 : 8 bit databit</li> <li><stopbits> :</stopbits></li> <li>1 : 1 bit stopbit</li> <li>2 : 1.5 bit stopbit</li> <li>3 : 2 bit stopbit</li> </ul>	



# **CHAPTER TWO**

<b>C</b> (())		D : C
Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+UART_DEF?	AT+UART_DEF= <baudrate>,<databi< th=""></databi<></baudrate>
		ts>, <stopbits>,<parity>,<flow< th=""></flow<></parity></stopbits>
		control>
	<pre>• <parity> :</parity></pre>	
	→ 0 : None	
	• 1 : Odd	
	→ 2 : Even	
	<pre>• <flow control=""> :</flow></pre>	
	• 0 : Disable Flow Control	
	→ 1 : Reserved	
	→ 2 : Reserved	
	→ 3 : Enable both RTS & CTS	
Note	• This device will save to Flash, in v	which the saved data remains even after
	restarting power-on	
	•Flow control requires hardware su	ipport
	•Range of Baudrate supported: 8	0 ~ 1000000
Examples	AT+UART_DEF=115200,8,1,0,3	

### 2.2.9. AT+SLEEP—Install Sleep Mode

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):	
	<sleep mode=""> = 0</sleep>	
AT+SLEEP= <sleep mode=""></sleep>		
<sleep mode=""> = 1,3</sleep>		
	AT+SLEEP= <sleep mode="">, <i o=""></i></sleep>	
	<sleep mode=""> = 2</sleep>	
	AT+SLEEP= <sleep mode="">, <duration>, <i o=""></i></duration></sleep>	
Feedback	OK	
Parameter	<sleep mode=""> :</sleep>	
Description(s)	→ 0 : Terminate Smart-sleep mode	



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):	
	<sleep mode=""> = 0</sleep>	
	AT+SLEEP= <sleep mode=""></sleep>	
	<sleep mode=""> = 1,3</sleep>	
	AT+SLEEP= <sleep mode="">, <i o=""></i></sleep>	
	<sleep mode=""> = 2</sleep>	
	AT+SLEEP= <sleep mode="">, <duration>, <i o=""></i></duration></sleep>	
	→ 1 : Activate Smart-sleep mode	
	<i o=""> GPIO number to Wakeup • 2 : Enter into Timer-sleep mode</i>	
	<duration> : Designate the sleep duration of OPL1000 with unit of millisecond. OPL1000 will automatically wake up from sleep mode.</duration>	
	<i o=""> GPIO number to Wakeup</i>	
	3: Enter into Deep-sleep mode	
	< I/O> GPIO number to Wakeup	
Examples	AT+SLEEP=0	
	AT+SLEEP=1,20 // Wake-up by GPIO 20	
	AT+SLEEP=2,1000, 20 // Wake-up by GPIO 20	
	AT+SLEEP=3,20 // Wake-up by GPIO 20	

### 2.2.10. AT+SYSRAM—Inquiry of Currently Remaining RAM Size

Inquiry of Command(s)	AT+SYSRAM?
Feedback	+SYSRAM: <remaining ram="" size=""></remaining>
	ОК
Parameter	<remaining ram="" size=""> : Unit: Byte</remaining>
Description(s)	
Examples	AT+SYSRAM?
	+SYSRAM:148408
	OK



### 2.2.11. AT+MACADDRDEF—Install Dervice Origin Mac Address Stored to Flash

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+MACADDRDEF?	Designate Command(s) : AT+MACADDRDEF= <iface>,<ty pe=""></ty></iface>
Feedback	+MACADDRDEF: <iface_0>,<type>, face_1&gt;,<type> OK</type></type></iface_0>	<i ok<="" th=""></i>
Parameter Description(s)	<ul> <li><iface> : Device Interface</iface></li> <li>O: Wifi Station</li> <li>1: BLE</li> <li><type> : MAC address origin of se</type></li> <li>O: From OTP</li> <li>1: From Flash</li> </ul>	t-up
Note	restarting power-on.  • Default origin of installed set-up fo	to be powered on in restart in order
Examples	AT+MACADDRDEF=0,1	



#### 2.2.12. AT+RFHP—RF Power Set up

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+RFHP?	Designate Command(s) : AT+RFHP= <rf_power></rf_power>
Feedback	+RFHP: <rf_power></rf_power>	OK
	OK	
Parameter	<pre>- <rf_power> : RF Power</rf_power></pre>	
Description(s)	• 0: Wi-Fi LPA and BLE LPA	
	→ 15: Wi-Fi LPA and BLE HPA	
	• 240 : Wi-Fi HPA and BLE LPA	
	→ 255 : Wi-Fi HPA and BLE HPA	
Note	•This device will save to Flash, in which restarting power-on	n the saved data remains even after
	•Default set-up as "240": Wi-Fi HPA an	d BLE LPA
	•Once successfully installed, it needs t	to be powered on in restart in order
	for set-up to come into effect.	
Examples	AT+RFHP=240	

### 2.2.13. AT+READFLASH—Read FLASH

Command(s)	Inquiry of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	N/A	AT+READFLASH= <address>,&lt; number_of_bytes&gt;</address>
Feedback	N/A	Success :
		<byte_0>,<byte_1>,<byte_2>, ,<byte_n></byte_n></byte_2></byte_1></byte_0>
		ОК
		Fail : ERROR
Parameter	<ul> <li><address> : Flash address (Hexadecimal)</address></li> </ul>	
Description(s)	Permissible reading range 0x00000000 ~ 0x000FFFFF	
	• <number_of_bytes> : Number</number_of_bytes>	of bytes to be read (Decimal)



Command(s)	Inquiry of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	N/A	AT+READFLASH= <address>,&lt;</address>
		number_of_bytes>
Note	•Not to exceed permissible range	
Examples	AT+READFLASH=0x00088000,8	
	FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF,FF	
	OK	

#### 2.2.14. AT+WRITEFLASH—Write Flash

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): N/A	Designate Command(s): AT+WRITEFLASH= <address>,</address>	
		<number_of_bytes>,<byte_0>, <byte_1>,,<byte_n></byte_n></byte_1></byte_0></number_of_bytes>	
Feedback	N/A	Success : OK Fail : ERROR	
Parameter	• <address> : Flash Address (Hexadec</address>	imal)	
Description(s)	<ul><li><number_of_bytes> : Number of bytes</number_of_bytes></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Permissible reading range 0x00000000 ~ 0x000FFFFF</li> <li><number_of_bytes> : Number of bytes to be read (Decimal)</number_of_bytes></li> </ul>	
Note	<ul> <li>* Intriber_or_bytes&gt; : Number of bytes to be read (Decimal)</li> <li>* Obyte_0&gt;~ Obyte_n&gt; : Write in value(Hexadecimal)</li> <li>* Not to exceed permissible range</li> <li>* Before write-in, we recommend to execute AT+READFLASH so as to confirm the storage space of Flash reserved for write-in able to accommodate write-in (all values being "0xFF"); If not, please execute AT+ERASEFLASH first to clear all sectors to accommodate write-in.</li> <li>* As AT command only allows maximum 255 characters, so according to the format shown in the examples, there can only be 76 bytes allowed for any single write-in.</li> <li>* If the number designated by Obyte_0&gt;~ Obyte_n&gt; is less than that by Onumber_of_bytes&gt;, write-in of Obyte_n&gt; can be continuously executed until it reaches the cap number represented by Onumber_of_bytes&gt;,</li> </ul>		



Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): N/A	Designate Command(s):  AT+WRITEFLASH= <address>, <number_of_bytes>,<byte_0>, <byte_1>,,<byte_n></byte_n></byte_1></byte_0></number_of_bytes></address>	
Examples	1.		
	AT+WRITEFLASH=0x00088000,4,F0,F1,F2,F3		
	OK		
	AT+READFLASH=0x00088000,8		
	F0,F1,F2,F3,FF,FF,FF,FF		
	ОК		
	2.		
	AT+WRITEFLASH=0x00089000,8,	40	
	OK		
	AT+READFLASH=0x00089000,16		
	A0,A0,A0,A0,A0,A0,A0,A0,FF,FF,FF,	.FF,FF,FF,FF	
	OK		

#### 2.2.15. AT+ERASEFLASH—Erase Flash

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): N/A	Designate Command(s): AT+ERASEFLASH= <start_add ress_of_sector="">,<number_of_ sectors=""></number_of_></start_add>
Feedback	N/A	Succeed : OK
		Fail : ERROR
Parameter	<ul> <li><start_address_of_sector> : sector start address • (Hexadecimal)</start_address_of_sector></li> </ul>	
Description(s)	escription(s) Permissible value to be 0x00000000, 0x00001000, 0x000002 0x0000FE000, or 0x000FF000	
<ul><li><number_of_sectors> : Number of sectors to be erased (Dec</number_of_sectors></li></ul>		ctors to be erased (Decimal)
	<ul> <li>Starting with the addresses of the design</li> </ul>	ignated sector to be erased



# **CHAPTER TWO**

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):	
	N/A	AT+ERASEFLASH= <start_add< th=""></start_add<>	
		ress_of_sector>, <number_of_< th=""></number_of_<>	
		sectors>	
	<ul> <li>Size of a single sector is 4096 byte</li> </ul>	tes.	
Note	• Erasure of Flash is done by the ur	• Erasure of Flash is done by the unit of sector, with each erasure takes out	
	at least 4096 bytes.		
Examples	1. Erase 0x00089000 ~ 0x00089FFF : 4096 bytes		
	AT+ERASEFLASH=0x00089000,1		
	OK		
	2.		
	Erase 0x00088000 ~ 0x00089FFF :	8192 bytes	
	AT+ERASEFLASH=0x00088000,2		
	OK		

### 2.2.16. AT+DHCPARPCHK—Set up DHCP ARP Check Procedure

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+DHCPARPCHK?	Designate Command(s) : AT+DHCPARPCHK= <chk_m ode=""></chk_m>
Feedback	+DHCPARPCHK: <chk_mode></chk_mode>	OK
	ОК	
Parameter	<pre>• &lt; chk_mode &gt; :</pre>	
Description(s)	0 : Disable	
	1 : Enable	
Note	•This device will save to Flash, in which restarting power-on.	the saved data remains even after
	•Default set-up as "Enable"	



# **CHAPTER TWO**

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+DHCPARPCHK?	AT+DHCPARPCHK= <chk_m< th=""></chk_m<>
		ode>
	•Once successfully installed, it does not need to be powered on in restart, as long as the connection is terminated before re-connected again for set-up to come into effect.	
Examples	AT+DHCPARPCHK=0	
	OK	

### 2.2.17. AT+SWITCHDBG—Switch to Debug

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	N/A	AT+SWITCHDBG
Feedback	N/A	Switch: Dbg UART
Parameter	-	
Description(s)		
Note	<ul> <li>After installation is completed, switch IO pin of "AT UART" and "Debug</li> </ul>	
	UART".,	
	•When switching IO, UART will rece	eive some random and meaningless
	text	
Examples	>AT+SWITCHDBG	
	C!	
	Switch: Dbg UART	



#### 2.2.18. AT+MACDATARATE—Set up Wi-Fi Tx Data Rate

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+MACDATARATE?	Designate Command(s): AT+MACDATARATE= <d ata_rate_id&gt;</d 
Feedback	+MACDATARATE: <data_rate_id></data_rate_id>	ОК
Parameter Description(s)	<ul> <li>-<data_rate_id>:</data_rate_id></li> <li>0: Auto Rate Adaptation</li> <li>1: Fix Mac Tx data rate in 1 Mbps</li> <li>2: Fix Mac Tx data rate in 2 Mbps</li> <li>3: Fix Mac Tx data rate in 5.5 Mbps</li> <li>4: Fix Mac Tx data rate in 11 Mbps</li> </ul>	
Note	<ul> <li>This device will save to Flash, in which the saved data remains even after restarting power-on.</li> <li>Defaullt set-up being "Auto Rate Adaptation".</li> <li>Once installation is completed, it would come into effect immediately.</li> </ul>	
Examples	>AT+MACDATARATE=4 OK	

### 2.2.19. AT+WIFIMACCFG—Set up Wi-Fi Related Parameters

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+WIFIMACCFG?	Designate Command(s): AT+WIFIMACCFG= <cfg_ id="">,<value></value></cfg_>
Feedback	+WIFIMACCFG: <cfg_id>,<value></value></cfg_id>	OK
	OK	
Parameter	- <cfg_id> :</cfg_id>	
Description(s)		



# **CHAPTER TWO**

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate
Command(s)	AT+WIFIMACCFG?	Command(s) :
	ATTWITIMACCIG:	AT+WIFIMACCFG= <cfg_< th=""></cfg_<>
		id>, <value></value>
	0: skip DTIM, i.e. the number of DTIM packets to be skiped, ranging from	
	0 to 255, as the value setting of ZERO means "Not skipping DTIM", and	
	value-setting of FIVE means "Skipping 5 DTIM packets".	
	- <value> : Set-Value</value>	
Note	•This device will save to Flash, in which the saved data remains even a restarting power-on.	
	•Once installation is completed, the simmediately.	et-up comes into effect
	•If the set-value of "DTIM Skipped" is too I throughput volume	nigh, it may lead to drop in
Examples	>AT+WIFIMACCFG=0,5	
	ОК	

### 2.2.20. AT+RFTM—Set up Test Mode

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): N/A	Designate Command(s): AT+RFTM= <mode>, <param/></mode>
Feedback	N/A	OK
Parameter	- <mode> : RF Testing Mode</mode>	
Description(s)	→ 1 : RF TX Single-Tone	
	•AT+RFTM= <mode>, <frequency></frequency></mode>	
	→ 2 : MAC RX Beacon only mode	
	AT+RFTM=2, <onctrl></onctrl>	
	<onctrl> Setting:</onctrl>	
	• 0 : Normal mode (Default)	
	→ 1 : MAC only receive Beacon, no Tx	



Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate
	N/A	Command(s):
		AT+RFTM= <mode>,</mode>
		<param/>
Note	•	
Examples	AT+RFTM=1, 2442	

### 2.2.21. AT+MODE—Set Up WiFi Mode

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): N/A	Designate Command(s) : AT+MODE= <mode></mode>
Feedback	N/A	OK
Parameter Description(s)	<ul> <li><mode> : For WiFi testing mode, please u</mode></li> </ul>	se parameter "3".
Note	•	
Examples	AT+MODE=3	
	Mode is RF	
	OK	

### 2.2.22. AT+GO—Set Up WiFi Packet and Speed

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): N/A	Designate Command(s): AT+GO= <preamble>,<d ata_length="">,<interval>,&lt; data_rate&gt;,<packet_cou nt=""></packet_cou></interval></d></preamble>
Feedback	N/A	OK
Parameter	<pre>• <pre>eamble&gt;:</pre></pre>	
Description(s)	1: long	



	Others for short	
	• <data_length>:</data_length>	
	n bytes	
	<pre>• <interval>:</interval></pre>	
	n us (packet interval)	
	• <data_rate>:</data_rate>	
	1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps	
	<pre>• <packet_count>:</packet_count></pre>	
	0 for infinite	
	Others for given number	
Note	•	
Examples	AT+GO=1,30,40,1,0	
	Preamble type: LONG	
	Data length: 30 bytes	
	Interval: 40 us	
	Data rate: 1 Mbps	
	Tx Counts: 0	
	ОК	

### 2.2.23. AT+CHANNEL—Set Up WiFi Channel

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):		Designate Command(s):
	N/A		AT+CHANNEL= <channel></channel>
Feedback	N/A	ОК	
Parameter	<ul> <li><channel> : WiFi Channel, with ranging between 1 to 14</channel></li> </ul>		nging between 1 to 14
Description(s)			
Note	•		
Examples	AT+CHANNEL=7	,	
	99, 7		
	OK		



#### 2.2.24. AT+RESET\_CNTS—Clear WiFi Rx Data Volume Count

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	N/A	AT+RESET_CNTS
Feedback	N/A	OK
Parameter	N/A	
Description(s)		
Note	•	
Examples	AT+RESET_CNTS	
	OK	

#### 2.2.25. AT+COUNTERS—Read WiFi Rx Data Volume Count

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+COUNTERS?	Designate Command(s) : N/A
Feedback	ОК	N/A
Parameter Description(s)	N/A	
Note	•	
Examples	AT+COUNTERS?	
	ok: 70558, err: 3836, rssi: -38	
	OK	

#### 2.2.26. AT+TX—Activate/Terminate Off WiFi Tx Testing

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):	
	N/A	AT+TX= <mode></mode>	
Feedback	N/A	OK	
Parameter	• <mode> :</mode>		
Description(s)			



Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	N/A	AT+TX= <mode></mode>
	1: Activate WiFi Tx Testing	
	0: Terminate WiFi Tx Testing	
Note	•	
Examples	AT+TX=1	
	OK	

### 2.2.27. AT+RX—Activate/Terminate WiFi Rx Testing

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): N/A	Designate Command(s) : AT+RX= <mode></mode>
Feedback	N/A	OK
Parameter	• <mode> :</mode>	
Description(s)	1: Activate WiFi Rx Testing	
	0: Terminate WiFi Rx Testing	
Note	•	
Examples	AT+RX=1	
	OK	

### 2.2.28. AT+DTM—Set-Up and Start BLE Tx/Rx Testing

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): N/A	Designate Command(s): AT+DTM= <mode>,<channel>,<data_length>,&lt; packet_type&gt;</data_length></channel></mode>	
Feedback	N/A	OK	
Parameter Description(s)	• <mode> :</mode>		
	tx: BLE Tx Te	esting	
	rx: BLE Rx Te	esting	
	end:Termin	end:Terminate BLE Tx/Rx Testing	



**OPL1000** 

### **CHAPTER TWO**

```
• <channel> :
                              0 ~ 39
                          • <data_length> :
                              n bytes
                          • <packet_type> :
                              0: PRBS9
                              1: Pattern 11110000
                              2: Pattern 10101010
                              3: PRBS15
                              4: Pattern 11111111
                              5: Pattern 00000000
Note
Examples

    Start BLE Tx Testing

                              AT+DTM=tx,20,30,2
                              Start DTM Tx
                              Frequency: 20, length: 30, type: 2
                              OK
                          •Terminate BLE Tx Testing
                              AT+DTM=end
                              RX CNT: 0
                              CRC OK: 0
                              CRC FAIL: 0
                              Packet count: 0
                              OK

    Start BLE Rx Testing

                              AT+DTM=rx,20
                              Start DTM Rx
                              frequency: 20
                              OK
                          •Terminate BLE Rx Testing
                              AT+DTM=end
```



**OPL1000** 

# **CHAPTER TWO**

RX CNT: 28613 CRC OK: 28613 CRC FAIL: 0 Packet count: 28613 OK



#### WIFI FUNCTION AT COMMANDS 3.

### 3.1. List of WIFI Function AT Commands

Command(s)	Descripption		
AT+CWMODE	Set up Wi-Fi Mode		
AT+CWJAP	Connect AP		
AT+CWLAPOPT	Set up CWLAP Command Attributes		
AT+CWLAP	Scan Currently Available AP		
AT+CWQAP	Terminate Connection with AP		
AT+CWDHCP	Set up DHCP		
AT+CWAUTOCONN	Whether Power-On Would Result in Automatic Connection to AP		
AT+CWFASTCONN	Whether Quickly Connect to AP		
AT+CIPSTAMAC	Set up MAC Address of STA Port		
AT+CWHOSTNAME	Set up Station Address of STA		



### 3.2. Description of WIFI Function AT Commands

#### AT+CWMODE—Set up Wi-Fi Mode 3.2.1.

Command(s)	AT+CWMODE=?	Inqury of Command(s): AT+CWMODE? • Function: Inquiry of OPL1000's current Wi-Fi Mode	Designate Command(s): AT+CWMODE= <mode> ° Function: Set up OPL1000's current Wi-Fi Mode</mode>
Feedback	If Wi-Fi has not been initialized, inquiry before Return +CWMODE: 0 OK	+CWMODE: <mode></mode>	OK
	If Wi-Fi has been initialized, inquiry before Return +CWMODE: 1		
Parameter	<mode> :</mode>		
Description(s)	→ 0 : No Wi-Fi Mode → 1 : Station Mode		
Note	<ul> <li>Before using WIFI and TCPIP related AT CMD, please first use AT+CWMODE to set up Station Mode</li> <li>After Wi-Fi is initialized, if mode needs to be changed, then after having restarted AT+RST, initialization may be re-installed.</li> <li>This command current only support station mode</li> </ul>		
Examples	AT+CWMODE=1		



# **CHAPTER THREE**

#### 3.2.2. AT+CWJAP—Connect AP

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+CWJAP?	AT+CWJAP= <ssid>,<pwd>[,<bssid< th=""></bssid<></pwd></ssid>
	Inquiry of the AP Message of	>]
	OPL1000 Station has been	Function: Install the AP OPL1000
	connected to	Station needs to be connected to.
Feedback	+CWJAP: <ssid>,<bssid>,<channel>,</channel></bssid></ssid>	OK
	<rssi></rssi>	OR +CWJAP: <error code=""></error>
	OK	ERROR
Parameter	<ul><li><ssid> : String Parameter, SSID of</ssid></li></ul>	<ul><li><ssid> : SSID of Target AP</ssid></li></ul>
Description(s)	<ul><li>AP</li><li><bssid>: MAC Address of AP</bssid></li><li><channel> : Channel Number</channel></li><li><rssi> : Signal Strength</rssi></li></ul>	<ul><li><pwd>: The password length must be in 64 bytes with ASCII code</pwd></li></ul>
		• [ <bssid>]: MAC Address of Target AP, normally used in the case of having multiple SSID's with the same AP</bssid>
		<ul><li><error code=""> : (Only for reference)</error></li></ul>
		• 1 : Overtime to making connection
		→ 2 : Error in password
		• 3: Uable to find target AP
		• 4 : Error in connection
		Other Value: Unknown errors
Prompted	// If OPL1000 station connects to an AP, it will prompt messages:	
Message(s)	WIFI CONNECTED	
	WIFI GOT IP	
	// If the WiFi connection ends, it will p	rompt messages:
	WIFI DISCONNECT	
Note	Parameter installation needs to activate Station Mode	
	• If SSID or password contains special command.	characters such as (,") , it is invalid
Examples	AT+CWJAP="abc","0123456789"	



#### AT+CWLAPOPT—Set up CWLAP Command Attributes 3.2.3.

Designate Command(s)	AT+CWLAPOPT= <sort_enable>,<mask></mask></sort_enable>	
Feedback	OK	
Parameter Description(s)	<ul> <li><sort_enable> : Whether the scanned result of Command AT+CWLAP is listed according to the signal strength of RSSI values:</sort_enable></li> <li>O : Not in the order</li> </ul>	
	• 1 : According to the priority order of RSSI	
	• <mask> : If the corresponding bit is to be "1", then the scanned result of Command AT+CWLAP displays the related attributes, and if the corresponding bit is to be "0", then there will be no display, with details as follows:</mask>	
	• bit 0 : Whether the scanned result of installation of AT+CWALAP display <ecn></ecn>	
	<ul> <li>bit 1: Whether the scanned result of installation of AT+CWALAP display</li> <li><ssid></ssid></li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>bit 2: Whether the scanned result of installation of AT+CWALAP display</li> <li>rssi&gt;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>bit 3: Whether the scanned result of installation of AT+CWALAP display</li> <li>mac&gt;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>bit 4: Whether the scanned result of installation of AT+CWALAP display</li> <li>&lt; channel&gt;</li> </ul>	
Examples	AT+CWLAPOPT=1,31	
	When the first parameter is "1", it means that subsequently Command AT+CWLAP is used, the scanned result will be displayed in the order of RSSI values of signal strength;	
	When the second parameter is "31", i.e. "0x1F", it indicates that all the related bit of <mask> are all set as "1", and if subsequently Command AT+CWLAP is to be used, the scanned result will display all parameters.</mask>	



#### AT+CWLAP—Scan Currently Available AP 3.2.4.

Command(s)	AT+CWLAP	
	Function: List the currenty available AP's	
Feedback	+CWLAP: <ecn>,<ssid>,<rssi>,<mac>,<channel></channel></mac></rssi></ssid></ecn>	
	OK	
Parameter	• <ecn> : Encryption Methods</ecn>	
Description(s)	→ 0 : OPEN	
	• 1 : WEP	
	· 2 : WPA_PSK	
	• 3 : WPA2_PSK	
	+4: WPA_WPA2_PSK	
	• 5 : WPA2_Enterprise ( Currently, AT does not support connection to thi	
	type of encrypted AP)	
	• <ssid> : AP SSID</ssid>	
	String Parameter, SSID of AP	
	<ul><li><rssi> : Signal Strength</rssi></li></ul>	
	• [ <mac>](Parameter Selection): String Parameter, MAC Address of AP</mac>	
	• [ <channel>](Parameter Selection): Channel Number</channel>	
Examples	AT+CWLAP="WiFi","ca:d7:19:d8:a6:44",6	
	Or search for AP of designated SSID:	
	AT+CWLAP="WiFi"	
	If there are more than one designated AP "WiFi", all AP's containing "WiFi" in	
	all SSID's will be sorted for east access and reference.	



#### 3.2.5. AT+CWQAP—Terminate Connection with AP

Command Execution	AT+CWQAP
Feedback	ОК
Parameter Description(s)	-

# 3.2.6. AT+CWAUTOCONN—Whether Power-On Would Result in Automatic

#### **Connection to AP**

Command(s	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
)	AT+CWAUTOCONN?	AT+CWAUTOCONN= <enable>,<ap_nu< th=""></ap_nu<></enable>
		m>
		Function: Set up AUTOCONN
Feedback	+CWAUTOCONN: <enable>,<ap_nu< th=""><th>OK</th></ap_nu<></enable>	OK
	m>	OR
	OK	+CWAUTOCONN: <error code=""></error>
		ERROR
Parameter	<enable>: auto connect</enable>	• <enable> :</enable>
Description	<ab_num>: Display the maximum number of stored AP's</ab_num>	→ 0 : Power-on without automatic connection to AP
		→ 1 : Power-on with automatic connection to AP
		• <ap_num> :</ap_num>
		• Set up the maximum number of stired auto connect AP, with the range of 1 to 3.
		• <error code=""> :</error>
		• 1 : Invalid Parameter
		• Other Value: Other Errors
Note	• This device is stored in Flash	



# **CHAPTER THREE**

Command(s	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
)	AT+CWAUTOCONN?	AT+CWAUTOCONN= <enable>,<ap_nu< th=""></ap_nu<></enable>
		m>
		Function: Set up AUTOCONN
	• By default, power-on results in automatic connection to AP's, maximum of 3 AP's.	
	• After power-on, the Command AT+CWMODE=1 needs to be issued first, before	
	the setup comes into effect.	
Examples	AT+CWAUTOCONN=1,3	

### 3.2.7. AT+CWFASTCONN—Quick Connection to AP

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+CWFASTCONN?	AT+CWFASTCONN= <list_id>,<enable></enable></list_id>
		0
		Function: Install FASTCONN
Feedback	+CWFASTCONN: <list_id>,<enable< th=""><th>OK</th></enable<></list_id>	OK
	>	OR
	OK	+CWFASTCONN: <error code=""></error>
		ERROR
Parameter	<pre><li>list_id&gt;: Index in the auto connect</li></pre>	• <li>st_id&gt;:index Indexed from "0"</li>
Description(s	list	• <enable> :</enable>
)	<pre><enable>:Whether to activate fast connect</enable></pre>	• 0 : Power-on without fast connection
	connect	to AP
		• 1 : Power-on with fast connection to AP
		• <error code=""> :</error>
		• 1 : Invalid parameters
		→ 2: This index does not have AP
		messages.
		Other value: Other Errors
Note	• This device is stored in Flash.	



# **CHAPTER THREE**

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+CWFASTCONN?	AT+CWFASTCONN= <list_id>,<enable></enable></list_id>
		0
		Function: Install FASTCONN
	By default, Power-on without fast connection to AP	
	<ul> <li>Need to issue Command AT+CWMODE=1 before the set-up starts to come effect.</li> <li>This function needs to be stored in "auto connect" message before it becons functional</li> </ul>	
Examples	AT+CWFASTCONN=0,1	

#### AT+CIPSTAMAC—Set up MAC Address of OPL1000 Station Port 3.2.8.

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):	
	AT+CIPSTAMAC?	AT+CIPSTAMAC= <mac></mac>	
	Function: Inquiry of MAC Address of OPL1000 Station	Function: Install MAC Address of OPL1000 Station	
Feedback	+CIPSTAMAC: <mac></mac>	ОК	
	ОК		
Parameter	<mac> : String Parameter, MAC Address of OPL1000 Station</mac>		
Description(s)	s)		
Note	• This device is stored in Flash. Command AT+MACADDRDEF=0,1 can be issued		
	to install MAC source as Flash		
	• The bit 0 of the first bite of MAC Address cannot be "1", e.g. MAC Address can		
	be "1a:" but cannot be "15:".		
	• "FF:FF:FF:FF:FF" and "00:00:00:00:00" are illegal MAC, and hence unable to		
	proceed with installation.		
	• In order for revised MAC address to be effective, AT+RS needs to be used to b		
	reset.		
Examples	AT+CIPSTAMAC="18:fe:35:98:d3:7b"		



#### AT+CWHOSTNAME—Set up the name of Station Host 3.2.9.

		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+CWHOSTNAME?	AT+CWHOSTNAME= <hostname></hostname>
	Function: Inquiry of station name of OPL1000 Station	Function: Install the station name of OPL1000 Station
Feedback	+CWHOSTNAME: <host name=""></host>	If succeed, return:OK
	ОК	ERROR
	If OPL1000 Station Model is disabled,	If OPL1000 Station Model is disabled,
	then RETURN	then prompt "ERROR"
	+CWHOSTNAME: <null></null>	
	OK	
Parameter	<hostname> : Station Name, supporting 32 bytes maximum</hostname>	
Description(s)		
Note	This device does not save to Flash, and will be restored to default vaule after	
	reboot.	
	• The default Station ame of OPL1000 Station is "opulink".	
Examples	AT+CWMODE=1	
	AT+CWHOSTNAME="my_test"	



# 4. TCP/IP FUNCTION AT COMMAND

## 4.1. List of TCP/IP Function AT Commands

Command(s)	Description
AT+CIPSTATUS	Inquiry of Message of Network Connection
AT+CIPDOMAIN	Domain Name Analysis Function
AT+CIPSTART	Establish TCP Connection or UDP Transmission
AT+CIPSEND	Send Data
AT+CIPSENDEX	Send Data
AT+CIPCLOSE	Terminate TCP/UDP Transmission
AT+CIFSR	Inquiry of Local IP Address
AT+CIPMUX	Install Multiple Connections
AT+CIPSERVER	Establish TCP Server
AT+CIPSTO	Set up TCP Server Over-Time
AT+CIPDINFO	Whether Prompt for Opposite-End IP and Port During Reception of network data
+IPD	Reception of Network Data
AT+PING	Ping Function

## 4.2. Description of TCP/IP Function AT Commands

## 4.2.1. AT+CIPSTATUS—Inquiry of Message of Network Connection

Command Execution	AT+CIPSTATUS
Feedback	STATUS: <stat></stat>
	+CIPSTATUS: <link id=""/> , <type>,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">,<local< th=""></local<></remote></remote></type>
	port>, <tetype></tetype>



# **CHAPTER FOUR**

Command Execution	AT+CIPSTATUS
Parameter	<ul><li><stat> : OPL1000 Station Port Status</stat></li></ul>
Description(s)	• 2 : OPL1000 Station has been connected to AP, and obtained IP address
	· 3: OPL1000 Station has established TCP or UDP transmission
	• 4: OPL1000 Station terminates network connection
	• 5 : OPL1000 Station is not connected to AP
	<ul> <li><li><li>Ink ID&gt; : Network connection ID (0-4), used for multiple-connection</li> </li></li></ul>
	scenarios
	<ul><li><type> : String parameter, "TCP" or "UDP".</type></li></ul>
	<ul> <li><remote ip=""> : String, Remote IP address</remote></li> </ul>
	<ul> <li><remote port=""> : Remote Port Value</remote></li> </ul>
	<ul> <li><local port=""> : OPL1000 Local Port Value</local></li> </ul>
	<pre>• <tetype> :</tetype></pre>
	• 0 : OPL1000 as Client End
	→ 1 : OPL1000 As Server

#### AT+CIPDOMAIN—Domain Name Analysis Function 4.2.2.

Command Execution	AT+CIPDOMAIN= <domain name=""></domain>	
Feedback	+CIPDOMAIN: <ip address=""></ip>	
	OK	
	OR	
	ERROR	
Parameter	<domain name=""> : Domain name to be analyzed</domain>	
Description(s)		
Examples	AT+CWMODE=1 // set Station mode	
	AT+CWJAP="SSID","password" // access to the internet	
	AT+CIPDOMAIN="www.baidu.com" // DNS function	



TCP multi-connect

### 4.2.3. AT+CIPSTART—Establish TCP Connection or UDP Transmission

TCP single-connect (AT+CIPMUX=0) :

### ■ Establish TCP Connection

Designate

**Examples** 

Command(s)	AT+CIPSTART= <type>,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">[,<tcp alive="" keep="">]</tcp></remote></remote></type>	(AT+CIPMUX=1): AT+CIPSTART= <link id=""/> , <type>,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">[,<tcp keep<="" th=""></tcp></remote></remote></type>	
		alive>]	
Feedback	OK		
Parameter Description(s)	• <li>Ink ID&gt; : Network Connection ID (0~4), used for multiple connection scenarios.</li>		
	<ul><li><type> : String parameter, connection type,"TCP", "UDP", or "SSL".</type></li></ul>		
	<ul> <li><remote ip=""> : String, Remote IP address</remote></li> </ul>		
	• <remote port=""> : Remote Port Value</remote>		
	•[ <tcp alive="" keep="">]: During TCP keep-alive detection, this function is switched off, by default, and we recommend that you set up this function as activated.</tcp>		
	• 0 : Terminate TCP keep-alive function.		
-	ightharpoonup 1 ~ 7200 : Detection time, based on the unit of 1 second.		
Prompted	// If the TCP connection is established, it w	ill prompt message as below	
Message(s)	[ <link id=""/> ,] CONNECT		
	// If the TCP connection ends, it will promp	t message as below	
	[ <link id=""/> ,] CLOSED		
Note	We recommend that when establishing TCP connection, "Keep-Alive"function		



should be activated.

AT+CIPSTART="TCP","192.168.101.110",1000

# **CHAPTER FOUR**

### ■ Establish UDP Transmission

Designate Command(s)	When in Single-Connection Mode  AT+CIPSTART= <type>,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">[,(<udp local="" port="">),(<udp mode="">)]</udp></udp></remote></remote></type>	Multiple-Connection Mode  AT+CIPSTART= <link id=""/> , <type>,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">[,<udp local="" port="">,<udp mode="">]</udp></udp></remote></remote></type>	
Feedback	OK		
Parameter Description(s)	• <li> Ink ID&gt; : Network Connection ID (0<math>\sim</math>4), used for multiple connection scenarios.</li>		
	• <type> : String parameter, connection ty</type>	pe,"TCP", "UDP", or "SSL".	
	• < remote IP> : String, Remote IP address		
	<ul> <li><remote port=""> : Remote Port Value</remote></li> </ul>		
	• [ <udp local="" port="">]: UDO Local Port</udp>		
	• [ <udp mode="">]: If the attribute of UDP transmission is "Penetrating", the value should be "0".</udp>		
	• 0 : Having received data, without changing."	0 : Having received data, without changing remote target, the default value is 0".	
	1: Having received data, change remote	l: Having received data, change remote target once.	
	• 2 : Having received data, change remote	target.	
	Note:		
	When using <udp mode="">, <udp local="" por<="" th=""><th>t&gt; must be filled in first.</th></udp></udp>	t> must be filled in first.	
Prompted	// If the UDP transmission is established, it will prompt message as below		
Message(s)	[ <link id=""/> ,] CONNECT		
	// If the UDP transmission ends, it will prom	npt message as below	
	[ <link id=""/> ,] CLOSED		
Examples	AT+CIPSTART="UDP","192.168.101.110",10	000,1002,2	



#### AT+CIPSEND—Send Data 4.2.4.

### Designate Command(s)

1. When making single connection: (+CIPMUX=0)

AT+CIPSEND=<length>

2. When making multiple connection: (+CIPMUX=1)

AT+CIPSEND=<link ID>,<length>

3. If UDP transmission is adopted, remote IP and port and can be installed:

AT+CIPSEND=[<link ID>,]<length>[,<remote IP>,<remote port>] Function: When in normal transmission mode, set length of transmitted data.

### **Feedback**

Send data of designated length

After having received this command, proceed to RETURN >, and then start to receive serial-port data, and when data length XXXXXXX, back to normal command mode, awaiting for the next AT command. If connection is not established, or is terminated, RETURN

**ERROR** 

If data dispatch has succeeded, then RETURN:

SEND OK

If data dispatch has failed, then RETURN:

### **SENDFAIL**

### **Parameter** Description(s)

• < link ID> : Network connection ID (0-4), used for multiple-connection

scenarios

<length> : Digital Parameter indicating data transmission speed, with 2048

maximum.

• [<remote IP>]: UDP transmission can install opposite-end IP

• [<remote port>]: UDP transmission can set ip opposite port

### **Examples**



### 4.2.5. AT+CIPSENDEX—Send Data

### Command(s)

### Designate Command(s):

1. When making single connection: (+CIPMUX=0)

AT+CIPSENDEX=<length>

2. When making multiple connection: (+CIPMUX=1)

AT+CIPSENDEX=<link ID>,<length>

3. If UDP transmission is adopted, remote IP and port and can be installed:

AT+CIPSENDEX=[<link ID>,]<length>[,<remote IP>,<remote port>]

Function: When in normal transmission mode, set the length of transmitted data

#### Feedback

Send data of designated speed

After having received this command, proceed to RETURN >, and then start to receive serial-port data, and when data speed XXXXXXX, or encountering character\0, send data.

If connection is not established, or is terminated, proceed to RETURN:

**ERROR** 

If data dispatch has succeeded, then RETURN:

**SEND OK** 

If data dispatch has failed, then RETURN:

### **SENDFAIL**

## Parameter Description(s)

- Ink ID> : Network connection ID (0-4), used for multiple-connection scenarios
- <length> : Digital Parameter indicating data transmission length, with 2048 as maximum length
- When received data length is out of range or met char "\0", sending data will back to normal command mode, awaiting for the next AT command. If connection is not established, or is terminated, RETURN
- If user needs to send " $\0$ ", please convert to " $\0$ ".



#### 4.2.6. AT+CIPCLOSE—Terminate TCP/UDP Transmission

Command(s)	Designate Command(s) (used for multiple connection scenarios) AT+CIPCLOSE= <link id=""/> Function: Terminate TCP/UDP Transmission	Command Execution (used for single connection scenarios) AT+CIPCLOSE
Feedback	ОК	
Parameter Description(s)	<li><li><li>Ink ID&gt; : Need to terminate the connected ID number. When ID is "5", terminate all connections.</li></li></li>	
Prompted Message(s)	// When connection ends, it will prompt message as below [ <link id=""/> ,] CLOSED	

#### AT+CIFSR—Inquiry of Local IP Address 4.2.7.

Command Execution	AT+CIFSR	
Feedback	+CIFSR:STAIP, <station address="" ip=""></station>	
	+CIFSR:STAMAC, <station macaddress=""></station>	
	OK	
Parameter	<ip address=""> :</ip>	
Description(s)	OPL1000 Station IP Address	
	<mac address=""> :</mac>	
	OPL1000 Station MAC Address	
Note	OP1000 Station IP needs to be connected to AP, before it can be subject to	
	inquiry.	



#### AT+CIPMUX—Set up Multiple Connections 4.2.8.

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+CIPMUX?	AT+CIPMUX= <mode></mode>
		Function: Install Connection
		Туре
Feedback	+CIPMUX: <mode></mode>	OK
	OK	
Parameter	<mode> :</mode>	
Description(s)	• 0 : Single Connection Mode	
	• 1: Multiple Connection Mode	
Note	Single Connection as default	
	• Only through non-penetrating mode (AT+CIPMODE=0), multiple connection	
	<ul><li>can then be installed.</li><li>Connection mode can be installed only when no connection has been established.</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>If TCP server has been established, while wishing to switch to single</li> </ul>		ng to switch to single
	connection, server must be shut down (AT+CIPSERVER=0), as the server of	
	supports multiple connections.	
Examples	AT+CIPMUX=1	

#### 4.2.9. AT+CIPSERVER—Establish TCP Server

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+CIPSERVER?	AT+CIPSERVER= <mode>[,<port>]</port></mode>
		Function: Install Server
Feedback	+CIPSERVER: <mode>,<port></port></mode>	OK
	OK	
Parameter	<mode> :</mode>	
Description(s)	• 0 : Shut down server	
	→ 1 : Establish server	
	[ <port>] : Fill in parameters. Default serial-port number is "333".</port>	



# **CHAPTER FOUR**

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+CIPSERVER?	AT+CIPSERVER= <mode>[,<port>]</port></mode>
		Function: Install Server
Prompted	// If the connection is established, it wi	ll prompt message as below
Message(s)	[ <link id=""/> ,] CONNECT	
	// If the connection ends, it will prompt message as below	
	[ <link id=""/> ,] CLOSED	
Note	<ul> <li>Server can only be activated under multiple connection scenario</li> <li>(AT+CIPUX=1)</li> </ul>	
	•After establishing server, server surveilence is automatically established.	
	• When client end enters the connection, it would take up a connecting ID.	
Examples	Established TCP Server	
	AT+CIPMUX=1	
	AT+CIPSERVER=1,80	

## 4.2.10. AT+CIPSTO—Set up TCP Server Over-Time

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+CIPSTO? Function: Inquiry of TCP Server Over-Time	Designate Command(s): AT+CIPSTO= <time> Function: Install T Install TCP Server Over-Time</time>
Feedback	+CIPSTO: <time></time>	ОК
Parameter Description(s)	<time> : TCP server over-time, with values re</time>	anging between 0 ~ 7200s.
Note	•With OPL1000 as TCP server,, it will terminate the TCP client-end connection that is not communicating exceeding over-time period. •If installing AT+CIPSTO=0, over-time will never come into effect, which we do	
Examples	NOT recommend.  AT+CIPMUX=1  AT+CIPSERVER=1,1001  AT+CIPSTO=10	



# 4.2.11. AT+CIPDINFO—Whether Prompt for Opposite-End IP and Port During

## Reception of network data

Command	AT+CIPDINFO= <mode></mode>
Feedback	ОК
Parameter	<mode> :</mode>
Descripption(s	• 0 : Not displaying opposite-end IP and port
)	1: Displaying opposite-end IP and port
Examples	AT+CIPDINFO=1

## 4.2.12. +IPD—Reception of Network Data

Command(s)	When making single connection (+CIPMUX=0)+IPD, <len>[,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">]:<data></data></remote></remote></len>	When making multiple connections,
		(+CIPMUX=1)+IPD, <link ID&gt;,<len>[,<remote IP&gt;,<remote port="">]:<data></data></remote></remote </len></link 
Parameter Description(s)	This command is effective under normal command mode, as when OPL1000 receives network data dispatch +IPD and data to serial-port	
	• [ <remote ip="">]: Network communication with opposite-end IP, enabled by Command AT+CIPDINFO=1</remote>	
	• [ <remote port="">] : Network communication of the co</remote>	ation with opposite-end port,
	• <li>ID number that receives ne</li>	twork connection
	• <len>: Data length</len>	
	<ul><li><data> : Received data</data></li></ul>	



## **OPL1000**

# **CHAPTER FOUR**

## 4.2.13. AT+PING—Ping Function

Designate	AT+PING= <ip></ip>
Command(s)	Function: Ping Function
Feedback	+PING: <time></time>
	OK
	OR
	+PING:TIMEOUT
	ERROR
Parameter	• <ip> : String parameter, IP address</ip>
Description(s)	• <time> : Ping feedback time</time>
Examples	AT+PING="192.168.1.1"
	AT+PING=" <i>www.baidu.com</i> "



#### **BLE RELATED AT COMMANDS** 5.

## 5.1. List of BLE Commands

Command(s)	Description(s)	
AT+BLEINIT	BLE Initiation	
AT+BLEADDR	Designate BLE Device Address	
AT+BLENAME	Desginate BLE Device Name	
AT+BLESCANRSPDATA	Install BLE Scan Response	
AT+BLEADVPARAM	Install Broadcast Parameters	
AT+BLEADVDATA	Install BLE Broadcast Data	
AT+BLEADVSTART	Initiate BLE Broadcast	
AT+BLEADVSTOP	Terminate BLE Broadcast	
AT+BLECONNPARAM	Renew BLE Connection Parameters	
AT+BLEDISCONN	Terminate BLE Connection	
AT+BLEDATALEN	Set up BLE Data Packet Length	
AT+BLECFGMTU	Set up GATT MTU Length	
AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE	GATTS Service Establishment	
AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART	GATTS Service Activation	
AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTOP	GATTS Service Termination	
AT+BLEGATTSSRV	GATTS Inquiry Service	
AT+BLEGATTSCHAR	GATTS Inquiry Service Attributes	
AT+BLEGATTSNTFY	GATTS Service Attribute Value Notification	
AT+BLEGATTSIND	GATTS Service Attribute Value Indication	
AT+BLEGATTSSETATTR	GATTS Service Attribute Value Installation	
AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV	GATTC Basic Service Discovery	
AT+BLEGATTCINCLSRV	GATTC Included Service Discovery	



Command(s)	Description(s)
AT+BLEGATTCINCLSRV	GATTC Included Service Discovery
AT+BLEGATTCCHAR	GATTC Inquiry Service Attributes
AT+BLEGATTCRD	GATTC Service Attribute Value Reading
AT+BLEGATTCWR	GATTC Service Attribute Value Writing
AT+BLEPHYREAD	Reading of Currently Connected PHY
AT+BLEGATTCWR	Installation of Currently Connected PHY

## 5.2. Description of BLE Commands

#### AT+BLEINIT—BLE Initiation 5.2.1.

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+BLEINIT?	Designate Command(s): AT+BLEINIT= <init></init>
	Function: Inquiry of whether BLE has been intialized	Function: Installation of the role of BLE initialization.
Feedback	If BLE has not been initialized, then inquiry RETURNS +BLEINIT:0 OK If BLE has been initialized, then inquiry RETURNS	OK
	+BLEINIT: <role></role>	
	OK	
Parameter	<init> :</init>	
Description(s)	→ 1 : client role	
	→ 2 : server + client role	
Note	•Before using BLE related AT commands, this installation command must be adopted to initialize BLE mode.	
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=1	



#### AT+BLEADDR—Designate BLE Device Address 5.2.2.

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+BLEADDR? Function: Inquiry of the public address of BLE device	Designate Command(s): AT+BLEADDR= <addr_type>,<random_addr> Function: Install address of BLE device, as currently it only supports installation of random address.</random_addr></addr_type>
Feedback	+BLEADDR: <ble_public_addr> OK</ble_public_addr>	OK
Parameter Description(s)	<addr_type> : • 0 : public address • 1 : random address</addr_type>	
Note	<ul> <li>1: random address</li> <li>Currently, the public address can be installed or inquired, and only the installation of random address can be supported.</li> <li>Before installing BLE public address, Command AT+BLEINIT=1 is needed to complete BLE initiation.</li> <li>In order for the modified BLE public address to be effective, Command AT+RST is needed to execute reset.</li> <li>Random address must have the highest 2 bit to be both of "2", abd for details, please refer to BLE spec.</li> </ul>	
Examples	AT+BLEADDR=1,"08:7f:24:87:1c:f7"	

#### AT+BLENAME—Desginate BLE Device Name 5.2.3.

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+BLENAME? FunctionL Inquiry of BLE device name	Designate Command(s): AT+BLENAME= <device_name> Function: Install! BLE device name.</device_name>
Feedback	+BLENAME: <device_name></device_name>	OK



Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLENAME?	AT+BLENAME= <device_name></device_name>
	FunctionL Inquiry of BLE device	Function: Installl BLE device name.
	name	
Parameter	<device_name> : BLE device name</device_name>	
Description(s)		
Note	Default device name is "BLE_AT".	
	• The device name designated by this Command can only be received by the opposite-end device after BLE connection is established, as it actually installs the values of device name characteristic for GAP service, so for details, please refer to BLE core v4.2 vol.3 part C 12.1.	
	• If you need to obtain the device nam	e when scanning for broadcasting
	packets, then it can only be installed t	hrough Command AT+BLEADVDATA.
Examples	AT+BLENAME="opl_demo"	

## 5.2.4. AT+BLESCANRSPDATA—Install BLE Scan Response

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):	
	AT+BLESCANRSPDATA= <scan_rsp_data></scan_rsp_data>	
	Function: Install BLE Scan Feedback.	
Feedback	OK	
Parameter	Scan feedback. Parameters are actually comprises of HEX bytes. For example,	
Description(s)	installation scan feedback should be "0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44 0x55", as	
	Command can be installed as "AT+BLESCANRSPDATA="1122334455".	
Note	The maximum byte supported by scan feedback is 31 bytes.	
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server	
	AT+BLESCANRSPDATA="1122334455"	



#### 5.2.5. AT+BLEADVPARAM—Set up Broadcast Parameters

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEADVPARAM?	AT+BLEADVPARAM= <adv_int_min>,<adv_int< th=""></adv_int<></adv_int_min>
	Function: Inquiry of BLE	_max>,
	Broadcast Parameter(s)	<adv_type>,<own_addr_type>,<channel_map &gt;</channel_map </own_addr_type></adv_type>
		[, <adv_filter_policy>,<peer_addr_type>,<peer _addr&gt;]</peer </peer_addr_type></adv_filter_policy>
		Function: Designate Broadcast Parameter(s)
Feedback	+BLEADVPARAM: <adv_int_< td=""><td>ОК</td></adv_int_<>	ОК
	min>, <adv_int_max>,<adv_< td=""><td></td></adv_<></adv_int_max>	
	type>, <own_addr_type>,<c< td=""><td></td></c<></own_addr_type>	
	hannel_map>, <adv_filter_p< td=""><td></td></adv_filter_p<>	
	olicy>, <peer_addr_type>,&lt;</peer_addr_type>	
	peer_addr>	
	OK	
Parameter	Minimum Broadcast Interval of values ranging from $0x0020 \sim 0x4000$ , with	
Description(s)	20ms as minimum, and 10240ms as maximum.	
	Maximum Broadcast Interval	of values ranging from 0x0020 ~ 0x4000, with
	20ms as minimum, and 1024	0ms as maximum.
	<adv_type> : Broadcast Typ</adv_type>	es
	→ 0 : ADV_TYPE_IND	
	→ 1: ADV_TYPE_DIRECT_IND_	HIGH
	→ 2 : ADV_TYPE_SCAN_IND	
	3: ADV_TYPE_NONCONN_	_IND
	<own_addr_type> : BLE Add</own_addr_type>	dress Type
	→ 0 : BLE_ADDR_TYPE_PUBLIC	С
	→ 1 : BLE_ADDR_TYPE_RAND	ОМ
	<channel_map> : Broadcast</channel_map>	Channel
	1 : ADV_CHNL_37	
	→ 2 : ADV_CHNL_38	



Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):	Designate Command(s):	
communa(3)	AT+BLEADVPARAM?	AT+BLEADVPARAM= <adv_int_min>,<adv_int< th=""></adv_int<></adv_int_min>	
	Function: Inquiry of BLE	_max>,	
	Broadcast Parameter(s)	<adv_type>,<own_addr_type>,<channel_map< th=""></channel_map<></own_addr_type></adv_type>	
	broadcast rarameter(s)	>	
		[, <adv_filter_policy>,<peer_addr_type>,<peer< th=""></peer<></peer_addr_type></adv_filter_policy>	
		_addr>]	
		Function: Designate Broadcast Parameter(s)	
	• 4 : ADV_CHNL_39		
	7: ADV_CHNL_ALL		
	[ <adv_filter_policy>](Fill-in Parameters): Filter Principle</adv_filter_policy>		
	0 : ADV_FILTER_ALLOW_SCAN_ANY_CON_ANY		
	1: ADV_FILTER_ALLOW_SCAN_WLST_CON_ANY		
	<ul> <li>2: ADV_FILTER_ALLOW_SCAN_ANY_CON_WLST</li> <li>3: ADV_FILTER_ALLOW_SCAN_WLST_CON_WLST</li> <li>[<peer_addr_type>] ( (Fill-in Parameters): BLE Address Types of the Opposite End</peer_addr_type></li> <li>0: PUBLIC</li> <li>1: RANDOM</li> </ul>		
	[ <peer_addr>](Fill-in Parameters): BLE Address of the Opposite End</peer_addr>		
Note	<adv_filter_policy>,<peer_addr_type>,<peer_addr> Three parameters demands default or not at the same time.</peer_addr></peer_addr_type></adv_filter_policy>		
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server		
	AT+BLEADVPARAM=50,50,0,0,4,0,0,"12:34:45:78:66:88"		
		. , , , , ,	

#### AT+BLEADVDATA—Set up BLE Broadcast Data 5.2.6.

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):	
	AT+BLEADVDATA= <adv_data></adv_data>	
	Function: Install BLE Broadcast Data	
Feedback	OK	



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):	
	AT+BLEADVDATA= <adv_data></adv_data>	
	Function: Install BLE Broadcast Data	
Parameter	Broadcast Data Packets. Parameters are actually comprised of HEX bytes.	
Description(s)	For example, installation scan feedback should be "0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44	
	0x55", as Command can be installed as "AT+BLEADVDATA ="1122334455".	
Note	The maximum length of broadcast packet is 31 bytes.	
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server.	
	AT+BLEADVDATA="1122334455"	

## 5.2.7. AT+BLEADVSTART—Initiate BLE Broadcast

Command(s)	Execute Command: AT+BLEADVSTART Function: Initiate BLE Broadcast
Feedback	OK
Parameter Description(s)	N/A
Note	<ul> <li>If Command Broadcast Parameter         <ul> <li>(AT+BLEADVPARAM=<adv_parameter>) is not installed, default broadcast parameters can be adopted.</adv_parameter></li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	• If Command Broadcast Parameter ( AT+BLEADVPARAM= <adv_data> ) is not installed, all packets of "0" are sent.</adv_data>
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server AT+BLEADVSTART



#### AT+BLEADVSTOP—Terminate BLE Broadcast 5.2.8.

Command(s)	Execute Command: AT+BLEADVSTOP Function: Terminate Broadcast
Feedback	OK
Parameter Description(s)	N/A
Note	When broadcast has been intiated, unless BLE connection is successfully establishing, otherwise BLE broadcast will be automatically terminated without having to adopt this Command.
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server AT+BLEADVSTART AT+BLEADVSTOP

#### 5.2.9. AT+BLECONNPARAM—Renew BLE Connection Parameters

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+BLECONNPARAM? Function: Inquiry of BLE Connection Parameter(s).	Designate Command(s):  AT+BLECONNPARAM= <conn_index>,<min_interval>,<max_interval>,<l atency="">,<timeout> Function: Renew BLE Connection Parameter(s)</timeout></l></max_interval></min_interval></conn_index>
Feedback	+BLECONNPARAM: <conn_index>,&lt; cur_interval&gt;,<latency>,<timeout> OK</timeout></latency></conn_index>	OK //Command has been received, and more connection parameters will be updated. +BLECONNPARAM: <conn_index>,0 If update fails, it will be promoted. +BLECONNPARAM: <conn_index>,-1</conn_index></conn_index>
Parameter Description(s)	<pre><conn_index> : BLE Connection Number currently only supports single connection with index of 0.</conn_index></pre>	



Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s): AT+BLECONNPARAM? Function: Inquiry of BLE Connection Parameter(s).	Designate Command(s):  AT+BLECONNPARAM= <conn_index>,<min_interval>,<max_interval>,<l atency="">,<timeout></timeout></l></max_interval></min_interval></conn_index>	
	`,	Function: Renew BLE Connection Parameter(s)	
	<pre><min_interval> : The minimum connection interval, with values ranging between 0x0006 ~ 0x0C80.</min_interval></pre>		
	<max_interval> : The maximum connection interval, with values ranging between 0x0006 ~ 0x0C80.</max_interval>		
	<cur_interval> : Current Connecting Interval</cur_interval>		
	<latency> : Time delay, with values ranging between 0x0000 ~ 0x01F3.</latency>		
	<timeout> : Over-Time, with values ranging between 0x000A ~ 0x0C80.</timeout>		
Note	This command demands to establish connection first, and only supports BLE client update connection parameters.		
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=1 // Initialized as client		
	AT+BLECONN=0,"24:0a:c4:09:34:23",	// Establlish BLE connection	
	AT+BLECONNPARAM=0,12,14,1,500	// Update BLE connection parameters.	

### 5.2.10. AT+BLEDISCONN—BLE Connection

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):	
	AT+BLEDISCONN= <conn_index></conn_index>	
	Function: Terminate BLE Connection	
Feedback	+BLEDISCONN: <conn_index>,<remote_address></remote_address></conn_index>	
	OK	
Parameter Description(s)	<pre><conn_index> : BLE connection number currently only supports single connection of index of "0".</conn_index></pre>	
	<remote_address> : Opposite-end BLE device address</remote_address>	
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=1 // Initialized as client	
	AT+BLECONN=0,"24:0a:c4:09:34:23" // Establish BLE connection	



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):	
	AT+BLEDISCONN= <conn_index></conn_index>	
	Function: Terminate BLE Connection	
	AT+BLEDISCONN=0 // Terminate BLE connection	

## 5.2.11. AT+BLEDATALEN—Install BLE Data Packet Length

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):	
	AT+BLEDATALEN= <conn_index>,<pkt_data_len></pkt_data_len></conn_index>	
	Function: Install BLE data packet length	
Feedback	OK	
Parameter Description(s)	<pre><conn_index> : BLE connection number currently only supports single connection of index of "0".</conn_index></pre>	
	<pkt_data_len> : Data Packet Length, with values randing from 0x001b ~ 0x00fb.</pkt_data_len>	
Note	BLE connection needs to be established first, before install packet length.	
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=1 // Initialized as client	
	AT+BLECONN=0,"24:0a:c4:09:34:23"	
,	AT+BLEDATALEN=0,30	

## 5.2.12. AT+BLECFGMTU—Set up GATT MTU Length

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLECFGMTU?	AT+BLECFGMTU= <conn_index>,<mtu_s< th=""></mtu_s<></conn_index>
	Function: Inquiry of GATT MTU	ize>
	Length	Function: Install GATT MTU Length
Feedback	+BLECFGMTU: <conn_index>,<m tu_size&gt;</m </conn_index>	OK // Command has been received
	OK	
Parameter	<conn_index> : BLE Connection Number currently only supports single</conn_index>	
Description(s)	connection with index of 0.	



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLECFGMTU?	AT+BLECFGMTU= <conn_index>,<mtu_s< th=""></mtu_s<></conn_index>
	Function: Inquiry of GATT MTU	ize>
	Length	Function: Install GATT MTU Length
	<mtu_size>: The length of the largest transmission unit of BLE</mtu_size>	
Note	• The ultimate actul length of MTU needs to be conferred, as installation command returns OK only means there is attempt to confer on MTU, therefore, the installed length may not come into effect, so we recommend that after installation, Inquiry Command AT+BLECFGMTU can be used to inquire on the actual MTU length.	
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=1 // Initialized as client AT+BLECONN=0,"24:12:5f:9d:91:98"// Establish BLE connection	
	AT+BLECFGMTU=0,300	

### 5.2.13. AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE—GATTS Service Establishment

Command(s)	Execute Command: AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE
	Function: GATTS Service Establishment
Feedback	OK
Parameter Description(s)	N/A
Note	• After initialization is completed, OPL1000, as a server, should establish service. Once BLE connection is established, service may not be created.
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE



### 5.2.14. AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART—GATTS Service Activation

Command(s)	Execute Command: AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART Function: GATTS activates all services	Designate Command(s): AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART= <srv_index> Function: GATTS activates a designated service.</srv_index>
Feedback	OK	
Parameter Description(s)	N/A	Service serial number, starting in ascending order from "1".
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server	
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE	
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART	

## 5.2.15. AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTOP—GATTS Service Termination

Command(s)	Execute Command: AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTOP	Designate Command(s): AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTOP= <srv_index></srv_index>
	Function: GATTS terminates all services	Function: GATTS terminates a designated service.
Feedback	ОК	
Parameter Description(s)	N/A	<pre><srv_index> : Service serial number, starting in ascending order from "1".</srv_index></pre>
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server	
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE	
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART	
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTOP	



## 5.2.16. AT+BLEGATTSSRV—GATTS Discovery Service

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):
. ,	AT+BLEGATTSSRV?
	Function: GATTS Discovery Service
Feedback	+BLEGATTSSRV: <srv_index>,<start>,<srv_uuid>,<srv_type></srv_type></srv_uuid></start></srv_index>
	OK
Parameter	<pre><srv_index> : Service serial number, starting in ascending order from "1".</srv_index></pre>
Description(s)	<start> :</start>
	• 0 : Service not yet activated
	• 1 : Service already activated
	<srv_uuid> : Service UUID</srv_uuid>
	<srv_type> : Service Types</srv_type>
	• 0 : Secondary Service
	• 1 : Primary Service
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized server
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE
	AT+BLEGATTSSRV?

## 5.2.17. AT+BLEGATTSCHAR—GATTS Discovery Service Attributes

Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):
	AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?
	Function: GATTS Discovery Service Attributes
Feedback	//Regarding service attribute messages, they area displayed as follows:
	+BLEGATTSCHAR:"char", <srv_index>,<char_index>,<char_uuid>,<char_pr< th=""></char_pr<></char_uuid></char_index></srv_index>
	op>
	//Regarding descriptor messages, they area displayed as follows:
	+BLEGATTSCHAR:"desc", <srv_index>,<char_index>,<desc_index></desc_index></char_index></srv_index>
	OK



Command(s)	Inqury of Command(s):
	AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?
	Function: GATTS Discovery Service Attributes
Parameter	<pre><srv_index> : Service serial number, starting in ascending order from "1".</srv_index></pre>
Description(s)	<pre><char_index> : Service attributes serial number, starting in ascending order from "1".</char_index></pre>
	<char_uuid> : Service attributes UUID</char_uuid>
	<char_prop> : Property of Service attributes</char_prop>
	<desc_index> : Attributes Descriptor Serial Number</desc_index>
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART
	AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?

### 5.2.18. AT+BLEGATTSNTFY—GATTS Notification Service Attribute Values

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	$AT+BLEGATTSNTFY=,,,$
	>
	Function: GATTS Notification Service Attribute Values
Feedback	After having received this command, proceed to RETURN >, and then start to receive serial-port data, and when data length reaches <length>, then execute notification operation. If notification operates successfully, then prompt OK.</length>
Parameter Description(s)	<pre><conn_index> : BLE Connection currently only supports single connection of index of "0".</conn_index></pre>
	<pre><srv_index> : Service serial numbers can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?.</srv_index></pre>
	<pre><char_index> : Service attributes can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?.</char_index></pre>
	<length> : Data Length</length>
Examples	Below are the simple examples of "notify"



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEGATTSNTFY= <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<char_index>,<length< th=""></length<></char_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	>
	Function: GATTS Notification Service Attribute Values
	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART
	AT+BLEADVSTART// Initiate broadcast, until connection with client, while
	installed to receive "notify".
	AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?//Inquiry of allowed "notify" attributes
	//For example, use data of No. 6 attribute notification of No. 3 service with data length of 4
	AT+BLEGATTSNTFY=0,3,6,4
	// After prompting ">" symbol, enter 4-byte data, such as "1234".

## 5.2.19. AT+BLEGATTSIND—GATTS Indication Service Attribute Values

Command(s)	Designate Command(s): AT+BLEGATTSIND= <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<char_index>,<length></length></char_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	Function: GATTS Inidication Service Attribute Values
Feedback	After having received this command, proceed to RETURN >, and then start to receive serial-port data, and when data length reaches <length>, then execute notification operation. If notification operates successfully, then prompt OK.</length>
	<conn_index> :</conn_index>
Parameter Description(s)	BLE Connection currently only supports single connection of index of "0" <srv_index> : Service attributes can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?.</srv_index>
	<pre><char_index> : Service attributes can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?.</char_index></pre>
	<length> : Data Length</length>



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEGATTSIND= <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<char_index>,<length< th=""></length<></char_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	>
	Function: GATTS Inidication Service Attribute Values
Examples	Below are the simple examples of "indicate"
	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART
	AT+BLEADVSTART// Once broadcast is initiated, and wait for client to connect, and once client end has been connected, it would be installed as reception indication.
	AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?// Inquiry of allowed "indicate" attributes
	//For example, use data of No. 7 attribute notification of No. 3 service with data length of 4
	AT+BLEGATTSIND=0,3,7,4
	// After prompting ">" symbol, enter 4-byte data, such as "1234".

### 5.2.20. AT+BLEGATTSSETATTR—GATTS Installation Service Attribute Values

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):  AT+BLEGATTSSETATTR= <srv_index>,<char_index>[,<desc_index>],<len gth="">  Function: GATTS Installation Service Attribute (Descriptor) Values</len></desc_index></char_index></srv_index>
Feedback	After having received this command, proceed to RETURN >, and then start to receive serial-port data, and when data length reaches <length>, then execute notification operation. If notification operates successfully, then prompt OK.</length>
Parameter Description(s)	<pre><srv_index> : Service discovery result serial numbers can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?. <char_index> : Service attributes can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?.</char_index></srv_index></pre>



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEGATTSSETATTR= <srv_index>,<char_index>[,<desc_index>],<len< th=""></len<></desc_index></char_index></srv_index>
	gth>
	Function: GATTS Installation Service Attribute (Descriptor) Values
	[ <desc_index>](Fill-in Parameter): Attribute Descriptor Serial Number. If filled in, the value of descriptor will be installed. If not filled in, default value will be installed.</desc_index>
	<length> : Data Length</length>
Note	<length> cannot exceed the maximum length supported by this attribute (descriptor). For example, this service attribute value is "0x30 0x31", with maximum length of "2", and if the installed <length> being "3" which exceeds the maximum length, ERROR would be prompted.</length></length>
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVCRE
	AT+BLEGATTSSRVSTART
	AT+BLEGATTSCHAR?
	//For example, use data of No. 1 attribute notification of No. 1 service with data length of 4
	AT+BLEGATTSSETATTR=1,1,,4
	// After prompting ">" symbol, enter 4-byte data, such as "1234".

## 5.2.21. AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV—GATTC Basic Discovery Service

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):		
	AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV= <conn_index></conn_index>		
	Function: GATTC Discovery Basic Service		
Feedback	+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV: <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<srv_uuid>,<srv_typ< th=""></srv_typ<></srv_uuid></srv_index></conn_index>		
	e>		
	ОК		
Parameter	<conn_index>: BLE Connection currently only supports single</conn_index>		
Description(s)	connection of index of "0".		



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV= <conn_index></conn_index>
	Function: GATTC Discovery Basic Service
	<srv_index> : Service discovery result serial number, starting in</srv_index>
	ascending order from "1".
	<srv_uuid> : Service UUID</srv_uuid>
	<srv_type> : Service Types</srv_type>
	• 0 : Secondary Service
	• 1 : Primary Service
Note	To adopt this Command, BLE connection needs to be established first.
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=1 // Initialized as client
	AT+BLECONN=0,"24:12:5f:9d:91:98"// Establish BLE connection
	AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV=0
	·

## 5.2.22. AT+BLEGATTCINCLSRV—GATTC Discovery Inclusion Service

Command(s)	Designate Command(s): AT+BLEGATTCINCLSRV= <conn_index>,<srv_index> Function: GATTC Discovery Inclusion Service</srv_index></conn_index>
Feedback	+BLEGATTCINCLSRV: <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<srv_uuid>,<srv_type>,<i ncluded_srv_uuid&gt;,<included_srv_type> OK</included_srv_type></i </srv_type></srv_uuid></srv_index></conn_index>
Parameter Description(s)	<pre><conn_index> : BLE Connection currently only supports single connection of index of "0".</conn_index></pre>
	<pre><srv_index> : Service discovery result serial numbers can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV=<conn_index>.</conn_index></srv_index></pre>
	<srv_uuid> : Service UUID</srv_uuid>
	<srv_type> : Service Types</srv_type>
	• 0 : Secondary Service
	• 1 : Primary Service
	<included_srv_uuid> : UUID Including service</included_srv_uuid>



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEGATTCINCLSRV= <conn_index>,<srv_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	Function: GATTC Discovery Inclusion Service
	<included_srv_type> : Type Including service</included_srv_type>
	• 0 : Secondary Service
	• 1 : Primary Service
Note	To adopt this Command, BLE connection needs to be established first.
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=1 // Initialized as client
	AT+BLECONN=0,"24:12:5f:9d:91:98"// Establish BLE Connection
	AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV=0
	AT+BLEGATTCINCLSRV=0,1//According to the inquiry result of the
	previous command, designate index for inquiry.

## 5.2.23. AT+BLEGATTCCHAR—GATTC Discovery Service Attributes

Command(s)	Designate Command(s): AT+BLEGATTCCHAR= <conn_index>,<srv_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	Function: GATTC Discovery Service Attributes
Feedback	//Regarding service attribute message, and they are displayed as below:  +BLEGATTCCHAR:"char", <conn_index>, <srv_index>, <char_index>, <char_uuid>, <char_prop>  //Regarding descriptor messages, and they are displayed as below:  +BLEGATTCCHAR:"desc", <conn_index> ·</conn_index></char_prop></char_uuid></char_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	<srv_index>,<char_index>,<desc_index>,<desc_uuid></desc_uuid></desc_index></char_index></srv_index>
	OK
Parameter Description(s)	<pre><conn_index> : BLE Connection currently only supports single connection of index of "0".</conn_index></pre>
	<pre><srv_index> : Service discover result serial can be inquired with command AT +BLEGATTCPRIMSRV=<conn_index></conn_index></srv_index></pre>
	<pre><char_index> : Service attributes serial number, starting in ascending order from "1".</char_index></pre>



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEGATTCCHAR= <conn_index>,<srv_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	Function: GATTC Discovery Service Attributes
	<char_uuid> : Service Attribute UUID</char_uuid>
	<char_prop> : Property of Service Attribute Attributes</char_prop>
	<desc_index> : Attribute Descriptor Serial Number</desc_index>
	<desc_uuid> : Attribute Descriptor UUID</desc_uuid>
Note	To adopt this Command, BLE connection needs to be established first.
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=1 //Initialized as client
	AT+BLECONN=0,"24:12:5f:9d:91:98"// Establish BLE connection
	AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV=0
	AT+BLEGATTCCHAR=0,1//According to the inquiry result of the previous
	command, designate index for inquiry.

### 5.2.24. AT+BLEGATTCRD—GATTC Read Service Attribute Values

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):  AT+BLEGATTCRD= <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<char_index>[,<desc_index>]</desc_index></char_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	Function: GATTC Read Service Attribute (Descriptor) Values
Feedback	+BLEGATTCRD: <conn_index>,<len>,<value></value></len></conn_index>
	OK
Parameter Description(s)	<conn_index> : BLE Connection currently only supports single connection of index of "0"</conn_index>
	<pre><srv_index> : Service discovery result serial numbers can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV=<conn_index>.</conn_index></srv_index></pre>
	<pre><char_index> : Service Attribute serial numbers can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTCCHAR=<conn_index>,<srv_index>.</srv_index></conn_index></char_index></pre>



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEGATTCRD= <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<char_index>[,<desc_in< th=""></desc_in<></char_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	dex>]
	Function: GATTC Read Service Attribute (Descriptor) Values
	[ <desc_index>](Fill-in Parameter): Attribute Descriptor Serial Number. If not filled in, default value will be read. If filled in, the value of descriptor will be read.</desc_index>
	<len> : Data Length</len>
	<value> : HEX String</value>
	If the reading of the value of service attributes is done through Command AT+BLEGATTCRD= <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<char_index>, e.g. Command READ RETURN "+BLEGATTCRD:0,1,30" means that attribute value length is of 1 byte, with content of HEX string "0x30".</char_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	• If the reading of the value of service attributes is done through Command
	AT+BLEGATTCRD= <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<char_index>,<desc_index>, e.g. Command READ RETURN "+BLEGATTCRD:0,4,30313233" means that attribute value length is of 4 bytes, with content of HEX string "0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33".</desc_index></char_index></srv_index></conn_index>
Note	• To adopt this Command, BLE connection needs to be established first.
	• If this service attribute does not support read operation, then command will prompt "ERROR".
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=1 // Initialized as client
	Initialized as client
	AT+BLECONN=0,"24:12:5f:9d:91:98"// Establish BLE Connection
	AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV=0
	AT+BLEGATTCCHAR=0,3//According to the inquiry result of the previous command, designate index for inquiry.
	AT+BLEGATTCRD=0,3,2,1// For example, read the No. 1 descriptor message of the No.2 attribute of the No. 3 service



### 5.2.25. AT+BLEGATTCWR—GATTC Write Service Attribute Values

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):  AT+BLEGATTCWR= <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<char_index>[,<desc_index>],<length>  Function: GATTC Read Service Attribute (Descriptor) Values</length></desc_index></char_index></srv_index></conn_index>
Feedback	After having received this command, proceed to RETURN >, and then start to receive serial-port data, and when data length reaches <length>, then execute read operation. If read operates successfully, then prompt OK.</length>
Parameter Description(s)	<conn_index> : BLE Connection currently only supports single connection of index of "0"</conn_index>
•	<pre><srv_index> : Service discovery result serial numbers can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV=<conn_index>.</conn_index></srv_index></pre>
	<pre><char_index> : Service attributes can be inquired with Command AT+BLEGATTCCHAR=<conn_index>,<srv_index>.</srv_index></conn_index></char_index></pre>
	[ <desc_index>](Fill-in Parameter): Attribute Descriptor Serial Number. If not filled in, default value will be installed. If filled in, the value of descriptor will be installed.</desc_index>
	<length> : Data Length</length>
Note	<ul> <li>To adopt this Command, BLE connection needs to be established first.</li> <li>If this service attribute does not support write operation, then command will prompt "ERROR".</li> </ul>
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=1 // Initialized as client
	AT+BLECONN=0,"24:12:5f:9d:91:98"// Establish BLE Connection
	AT+BLEGATTCPRIMSRV=0
	AT+BLEGATTCCHAR=0,3// According to the inquiry result of the previous command, designate index for inquiry.
	// For example, use data of No. 4 attribute notification of No. 3 service to write in the data length of 6



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEGATTCWR= <conn_index>,<srv_index>,<char_index>[,<desc_ind< td=""></desc_ind<></char_index></srv_index></conn_index>
	ex>], <length></length>
	Function: GATTC Read Service Attribute (Descriptor) Values
	AT+BLEGATTCWR=0,3,4,,6
	// After prompting ">" symbol, enter data of "123456" through serial port

## 5.2.26. AT+DTM—BLE Testing Mode

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+DTM=TX, <channel>,<data length="">,<packet type=""></packet></data></channel>
	Function: Test BLE TX
	AT+DTM=RX, <channel></channel>
	Function: Test BLE TX
	AT+DTM=END
	Function: Terminate BLE Testing Mode
Feedback	Execute AT+DTM=END to en BLE Testing Mode, before the result can be displayed.
	RX CNT: AAA
	CRC OK: BBB
	CRC FAIL: CCC
	RSSI: DDD
	AAA: Total number of packets received
	BBB: The correct number of packets from CRC in the meantime.
	CCC: The incorrect number of packets from CRC in the meantime.
	DDD: RSSI Value
Parameter	<channel>: 0~39</channel>
Description(s)	<data length="">: Packet Length</data>
	<packet type="">: Packet Type</packet>
	• 0: PRBS9
	• 1: Pattern 11110000



Designate Command(s):
AT+DTM=TX, <channel>,<data length="">,<packet type=""></packet></data></channel>
Function: Test BLE TX
AT+DTM=RX, <channel></channel>
Function: Test BLE TX
AT+DTM=END
Function: Terminate BLE Testing Mode
• 2: Pattern 10101010
• 3: PRBS15
• 4: Pattern 11111111
• 5: Pattern 00000000
// TX-end Device
AT+DTM=TX, 20, 27, 2
AT+DTM=END
//RXXX-end Device
AT+DTM=RX, 20
AT+DTM=END

## 5.2.27. AT+BLEPHYREAD—Read of Currently Connected PHY

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEPHYREAD= < conn_index >
	Function: Read of currently connected PHY setting
Feedback	OK
Parameter	<pre><conn_index> : BLE Connection currently only supports single connection</conn_index></pre>
Description(s)	of index of "0"
Note	To adopt this Command, BLE connection needs to be established first.
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server
	AT+BLEADVSTART // Initiate broadcast, and waiting for connection
	AT+BLEPHYREAD=0
	+BLEPHYREAD:0,0,1,1 // <conn_index>,<status>,<phy_tx>,<phy_rx></phy_rx></phy_tx></status></conn_index>



Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEPHYREAD= < conn_index >
	Function: Read of currently connected PHY setting
Feedback	Status: 0: 0: Success – 1: Error (no phy_tx, phy_rx)
Parameters	Phy_tx: 1: 1M 2: 2M
	Phy_rx: 1: 1M 2: 2M

## 5.2.28. AT+BLEPHYSET—Set up of Currently Connected PHY

Command(s)	Designate Command(s):
	AT+BLEPHYSET= < conn_index > < phy_tx > < phy_rx>
	Function: Install the currently connected PHY setting
Feedback	OK
Parameter Description(s)	<conn_index> : BLE Connection currently only supports single connection of index of "0"</conn_index>
	< phy_tx >: 1: 1M 2: 2M 3: 1M+2M
	< phy_rx >: 1: 1M 2: 2M 3: 1M+2M
Note	To adopt this Command, BLE connection needs to be established first.
Examples	AT+BLEINIT=2 // Initialized as server
	AT+BLEADVSTART //Initiate broadcast, and waiting for connection
	AT+BLEPHYSET=0,2,2
	+BLEPHYSET:0,0,2,2 // <conn_index>,<status>,<phy_tx>,<phy_rx></phy_rx></phy_tx></status></conn_index>
Feedback	Status: 0: Success -1: Failure : No phy_tx, phy_rx)
Parameters	Phy_tx: 1: 1M 2: 2M
	Phy_rx: 1: 1M 2: 2M

## 5.3. BLE AT CMD Error Code

Code	Description
1	BLE is not initialized



# **OPL1000**

# **CHAPTER FIVE**

Code	Description
	Description
2	The memory is not enough
3	No such command
4	Invalid parameter
5	Invalid state
6	Command is in progress
7	Fail
8	Already (in the wanted state)
9	Wrong role
10	Busy
11	No random address
12	No peer address
13	The number of connections is out of max (only one connection is supported)
14	Service does not start
15	Invalid characteristic property
16	No GATT service
17	No GATT include service
18	No GATT characteristic
19	No GATT characteristic descriptor
20	No read permission
21	No write permission
22	GATT read fail
23	GATT write fail
24	Invalid characteristic value length
24	Invalid characteristic value length



## 6. EXAMPLES OF AT COMMAND APPLICATIONS

This section will introduce several types of examples of common AT command application

## 6. 1. Single-Connection to TCP Client

```
1 · Set up Wi-Fi ModeAT+CWMODE=1 // St
```

// Station mode

Feedback

OK

2 · Scan AP

AT+CWLAP

Feedback

- +CWLAP:2,Opulinks,-22,30:fc:68:90:a8:a1,1
- +CWLAP:3,Opulinks-S,-24,00:d0:41:df:1e:25,6

OK

3 · Connection to Router

```
AT+CWJAP="SSID","password"
```

Feedback

OK

WIFI CONNECTED

WIFI GOT IP

4 · Inquiry of IP message of device

AT+CIFSR

Feedback

- +CIFSR:STAIP, "169.254.119.102"
- +CIFSR:STAMAC,"22:33:44:55:66:76"

OK



5 · Set up PC to be connected with OPL000 via the same router, and use network testing assistant on PC to establish UDP transmission:



```
OPL00 serves as the client end to be connected to TCP server

AT+CIPSTART="TCP","192.2168.1.101",8080 // protocol \ server IP & port

Feedback

CONNECT

OK
```

6 · Send Data

AT+CIPSEND=4

OK

>ABCD

Recv 4 bytes

**SEND OK** 

7 · Data Reception

+IPD,n:xxxxx

// received n bytes, data=xxxxx



### 6. 2. UDP Transmission

```
1. Set up Wi-Fi Mode
```

```
AT+CWMODE=1 // Station mode
```

Feedback

OK

2. Scan AP

AT+CWLAP

Feedback

- +CWLAP:2,Opulinks,-22,30:fc:68:90:a8:a1,1
- +CWLAP:3,Opulinks-S,-24,00:d0:41:df:1e:25,6

OK

3. Connection to Router

AT+CWJAP="SSID","password"

Feedback

OK

WIFI CONNECTED

WIFI GOT IP

4. Inquiry of IP message of device

AT+CIFSR

Feedback

- +CIFSR:STAIP, "169.254.119.102"
- +CIFSR:STAMAC,"22:33:44:55:66:76"

OK

5. Set up PC to be connected with OPL000 via the same router, and use network testing assistant on PC to establish UDP transmission:





Below are the two examples of UDP communication.

### 6.2.1. Fixed Remote UDP Communication

The fixed remote UDP communication is determined by the last parameter of "0" of AT+CIPSTART command, and a connection number is distributed to the said fixed remote connection, as the message to the remote end will not be altered during the connected period

- 1 · Enable Multiple Connection AT+CIPMUX=1 Feedback OK
- 2 · Establish UDP Transmission, e.g. Set distribution Connection ID as "4". AT+CIPSTART=4,"UDP","192.168.1.101",8080,1112,0 Feedback 4,CONNECT OK



```
3 · Send Data
AT+CIPSEND=4,5
OK

> ABCDE
Recv 5 bytes

SEND OK

4 · Data Reception
+IPD,n:xxxxx // received n bytes, data=xxxxx

5 · Terminate UDP Transmission

4,CLOSED
OK
```

### 6.2.2. Variable Remote UDP Communication

```
1. Establish UDP Transmission, the last parameter set as "2".
```

```
AT+CIPSTART="UDP","192.168.1.101",8080,1112,2
```

Feedback

**CONNECT** 

OK

2. Send Data

AT+CIPSEND=5

OK

> ABCDE

Recv 5 bytes

SEND OK

3. Data Reception

+IPD,n:xxxxx // received n bytes, data=xxxxx

4. Terminate UDP Transmission

0,CLOSED

OK



## 6.3. Multiple-Connection TCP Server

OPL000 only supports establishing one TCP server with multiple connections.

As OPL000 can only serve as Station, therefore connection to router needs to be established before setting up the server.

1. Set up Wi-Fi Mode:

AT+CWMODE=1

Feedback

OK

2. Scan AP

AT+CWLAP

Feedback

+CWLAP:2,Opulinks,-22,30:fc:68:90:a8:a1,1

+CWLAP:3,Opulinks-S,-24,00:d0:41:df:1e:25,6

OK

3. Connection to Router

AT+CWJAP="SSID","PASSWD"

Feedback

OK

WIFI CONNECTED

WIFI GOT IP

4. Check IP Message:

AT+CIFSR

Feedback

+CIFSR:STAIP,"192.168.1.103"

+CIFSR:STAMAC,"22:33:44:55:66:76"

OK

5. Enable Multiple-Connection



# **CHAPTER SIX**

```
AT+CIPMUX=1
Feedback
OK
```

6. TCP SERVER:

Set up TCP SERVER:

AT+CIPSERVER=1,8080

Feedback

OK

0,CONNECT // Display after establishing TCP Client Connection on PC

- 7. Data Reception
  - +IPD,0,7,192.168.1.104,54789:abcdefg
  - +IPD,0,7,192.168.1.104,54789:abcdefg0,CLOSED



## **OPL1000**

# **C**ONTACT

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