## **Assignment No-8**

Name- PRAFUL SHEWALE Roll no=SI- 48

Class=SE-IT

## Aim- DIJIKSTRA'S ALGORITHM

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#include <limits.h>
#define V 9
int minDistance(int dist[], bool sptSet[])
int min = INT MAX, min index;// INT MAX is macros having Maximum value
2147483647 for 32 bit
for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
if (sptSet[v] == false && dist[v] <= min)
min = dist[v], min_index = v;
return min index;
void printSolution(int dist[])
cout << "Vertex \t\tDistance from Source" << endl;</pre>
for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
cout << i << " \t\t\t\t" << dist[i] << endl;
void dijkstra(int graph[V][V], int src)
int dist[V]; // The output array. dist[i] will hold the
bool sptSet[V]; // sptSet[i] will be true if vertex i is
for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
dist[i] = INT MAX, sptSet[i] = false;
dist[src] = 0;
for (int count = 0; count < V - 1; count++) {
int u = minDistance(dist, sptSet);
sptSet[u] = true;
```

```
for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
if (!sptSet[v] && graph[u][v]
&& dist[u] != INT_MAX
&& dist[u] + graph[u][v] < dist[v])
dist[v] = dist[u] + graph[u][v];
}
printSolution(dist);}
int main(){
/* Let us create the example graph discussed above */
int graph[V][V] = \{ \{ 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 8, 0 \},
{4,0,8,0,0,0,11,0},
\{0, 8, 0, 7, 0, 4, 0, 0, 2\},\
\{0, 0, 7, 0, 9, 14, 0, 0, 0\}
\{0, 0, 0, 9, 0, 10, 0, 0, 0\},\
\{0, 0, 4, 14, 10, 0, 2, 0, 0\},\
\{0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 1, 6\},\
\{8, 11, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 7\},\
\{0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 6, 7, 0\}\};
dijkstra(graph, 0);
return 0;}
```

## **OUTPUT**

Vertex	Distance from Source
0	0
1	4
2	12
3	19
4	21
5	11
6	9
7	8
8	14

=== Code Execution Successful ===