



Summer Camp: Modern Software Development Workshop

Guillermo Best

Technology Architect Manager

Customers: July 19, 20 & 21, 2022

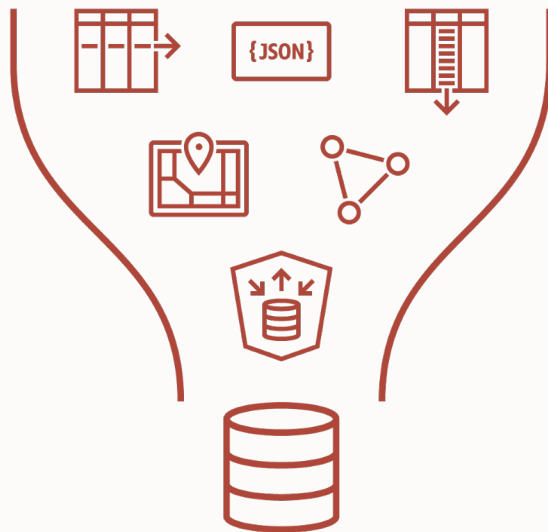
Partners: July 27, 2022

Client Engineers

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Enterprise-class performance, scalability, reliability & security for all data-driven workloads

Any Data



Converged, open, SQL database for multiple data types and data models

Any Workload



OLTP, DW, Datalake, Modern Data Platform for Microservices

Most Productive



Developers & Architects, Data Analysts/Scientists and DBAs

On-premise, Private Cloud, Public Cloud, Hybrid, Cloud@Customer

Fragmented Features vs. Converged Product

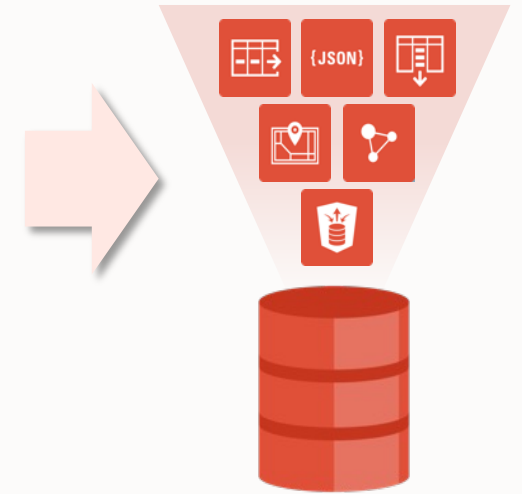


Phone calls, messaging, photos, etc. originally required **separate products**

- Now are features of **Smartphones**

Similarly, ML, JSON, Blockchain, etc. originally required **separate databases**

- Now are features of a **Converged Database**



Converged Is Inherently Simpler

Contrasting Operations Strategies

It is **dramatically simpler** to operate one **converged** Oracle database

Instead of individually making each single-purpose database highly Available, Secure, and Scalable using product specific mechanisms




Data Gravity

Data Volume is Exponentially Growing

Moving Data is Slow and Expensive

Leave Data In Place


$$e = mc^2$$

Avoid Storing Data in Different Places or Technologies

It's Easier to Move Apps to Data rather than Moving Data to Apps

Process Data In Place



Magic Quadrant for Cloud Database Management Systems



These DBMSs reflect optimization strategies designed to support transactions and/or analytical processing for one or more of the following use cases:

- Traditional and **augmented transaction** processing
- Traditional and logical data warehouse
- Data science exploration/deep learning
- Stream/event processing
- Operational intelligence

Strengths

- **Augmented DBMS Technology**
- **Hybrid Cloud**
- **Richness of Portfolio**

Cautions

- **OCI-Centric DBMS Strategy**
- **Premium Price Perception**
- **Cloud Transition Focus**

Strategic Planning Assumptions


By 2025, cloud preference for data management will substantially reduce the vendor landscape while the growth in multi-cloud will increase the complexity for data governance and integration.

By 2022, cloud database management system (DBMS) revenue will account for 50% of the total DBMS market revenue.



Comparison between 4 leaders



 **Database**

Amazon DocumentDB
Fully-managed MongoDB-compatible database service

DynamoDB
Managed NoSQL Database

ElastiCache
In-Memory Cache

Amazon Keyspaces
Serverless Cassandra-compatible database

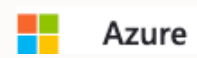
Amazon MemoryDB for Redis
Fully managed, Redis-compatible, in-memory database service

Neptune
Fast, reliable graph database built for the cloud


Amazon QLDB
Fully managed ledger database


RDS
Managed Relational Database Service


Amazon Timestream
Amazon Timestream is a fast, scalable, and serverless time series database for IoT and operational applications.





Databases
Support rapid growth and innovate faster with secure, enterprise-grade, and fully managed database services



Azure SQL
Modern SQL family for migration and app modernization



Azure Cosmos DB
Build or modernize scalable, high-performance apps



Azure SQL Database
Managed, intelligent SQL in the cloud



Azure Database for PostgreSQL
Fully managed, intelligent, and scalable PostgreSQL



Azure SQL Managed Instance
Managed, always up-to-date SQL instance in the cloud



Azure Database for MySQL
Fully managed, scalable MySQL Database


SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines
Migrate SQL Server workloads to the cloud at lower total cost of ownership (TCO)



Azure Cache for Redis
Accelerate apps with high-throughput, low-latency data caching


Azure Database Migration Service
Accelerate your data migration to Azure


Azure Managed Instance for Apache Cassandra
Modernize Cassandra data clusters with a managed instance in the cloud


Azure Database for MariaDB
Deploy applications to the cloud with enterprise-ready, fully managed community MariaDB



 **Oracle Database**

Overview

Autonomous Database

Autonomous Data Warehouse

Autonomous JSON Database

Autonomous Transaction Processing

Autonomous Dedicated...
















Oracle Base Database (VM, BM)

Exadata on Oracle Public Cloud

Exadata Cloud@Customer

External Database

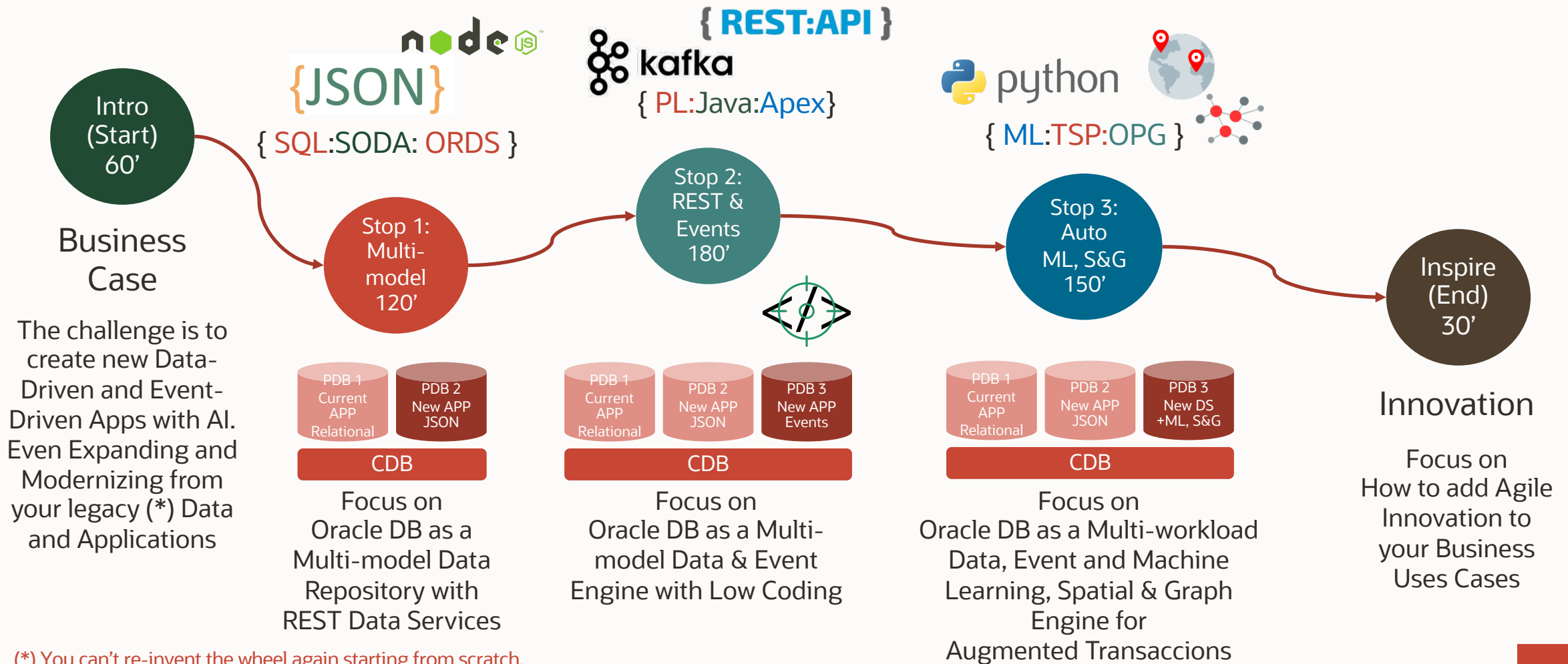
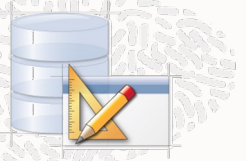


Nombre	Descripción
 SQL	MySQL, PostgreSQL, SQL Server administrados
 Datastore	Base de datos NoSQL en apps web y móviles
 Firestore	BD de documentos NoSQL sin servidores
 Spanner	BD relacional con escalamiento horizontal
 Bigtable	Escala de petabytes, baja lat., no relacional
 Memorystore	Redis y Memcached administrados
 Migración de bases de d...	Migraciones de Cloud SQL simplificadas
 MongoDB Atlas 	Modelos, consultas y escalamiento tipo JSON
 Base de datos como ser... 	BD de gráficos integradas y administradas
 Redis Enterprise 	Plataforma de BD sólida en la memoria
 DataStax Astra 	Desarrollo de apps de Cassandra de la nube

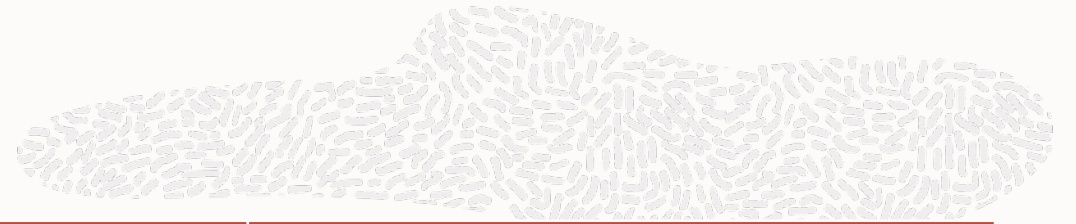


Summer Camp: Modern Software Development

Agile, Low Code, Microservices, Events and Advanced Analytics



HOL Content Day by Day



Day 1	Day 2	Day 3
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Know your environment2. Application Container3. JSON (PDB1)4. Node.js and SODA (PDB2)5. Querying Data from APP ROOT Views and ORDS (INTRO)	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Know your environment2. Events and APIs (PDB3)3. OSAK (SQL access 4 Kafka)4. API Rest PL/SQL GeoRouting5. API Rest Java AEMET6. Enrich Data7. Querying Enriched Data from APP ROOT Views and ORDS8. Low Code APP with APEX using Views and/or (ORDS Livelabs)	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Know your Environment2. Spatial (Routing Optimization and Visualization using Java and APEX)3. Graph (Products Recommendations using Java and PGQL Queries)4. OML4py (Predictive Delivery Scoring using Python and APEX/ORDS)

Start (30')

Workshop explanation



The challenge is to create new Data-Driven and Event-Driven Apps with AI. Even Expanding and Modernizing from your legacy (*)
Data and Applications

Image Checklist

- Compute Instance Linux with Linux Desktop and Docker (Node.js)
- Oracle DB 21c EE
- Python, Jupyterlab, Java, Kafka, SQL Developer and OSAK
- ORDS and APEX
- Swingbench Order Entry Schema (SOE)
- SQLcl
- Script extractor/injector de documentos JSON
- Spatial Studio
- PGX Engine
- Podman and Firefox
- Git Client

Oracle Cloud Free Tier

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on Oracle Cloud - for free!

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+

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Up to 400€

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Inspiration & Innovation



Our mission is to help people
see data in new ways, discover
insights, unlock endless possibilities.



Thank you!

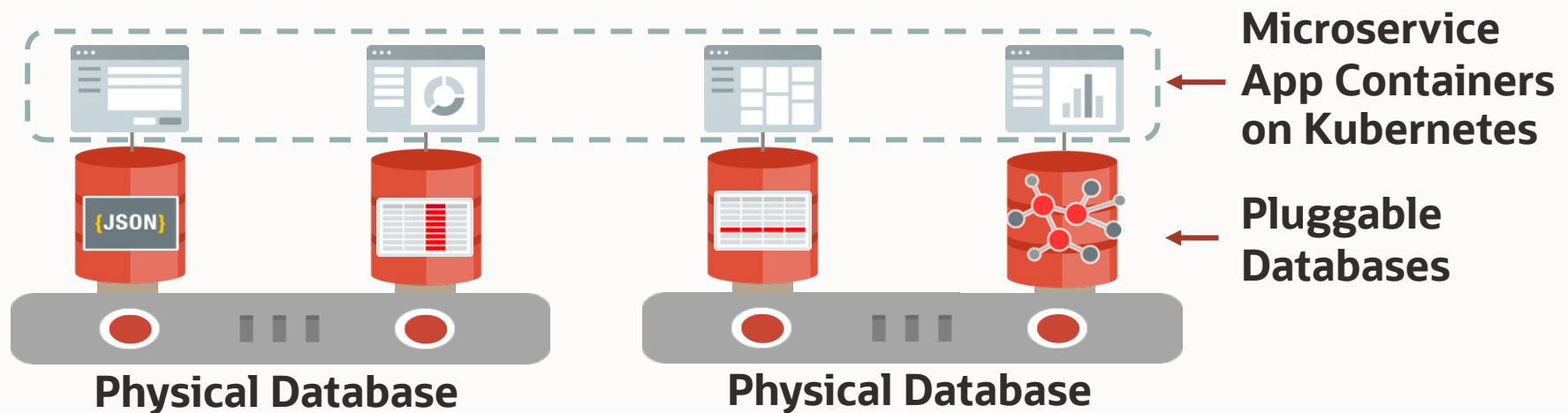
Oracle Spain



Pluggable Databases Simplify Microservice Architectures

Oracle makes it simple for each Microservice to store its data in a logically separate Data Container called a Pluggable Database

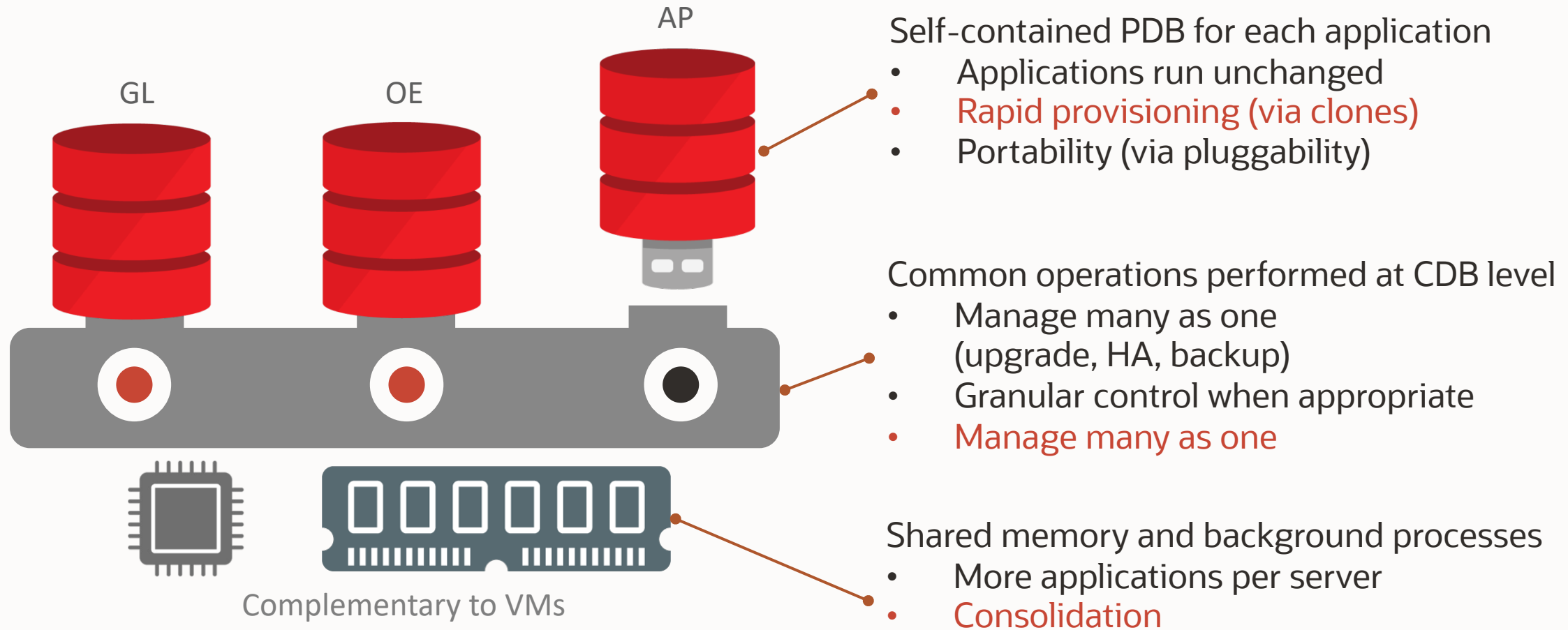
Pluggable Databases can easily be physically **combined** to simplify deployment, or **separated** to improve isolation and scalability



Oracle Makes Microservices Simple

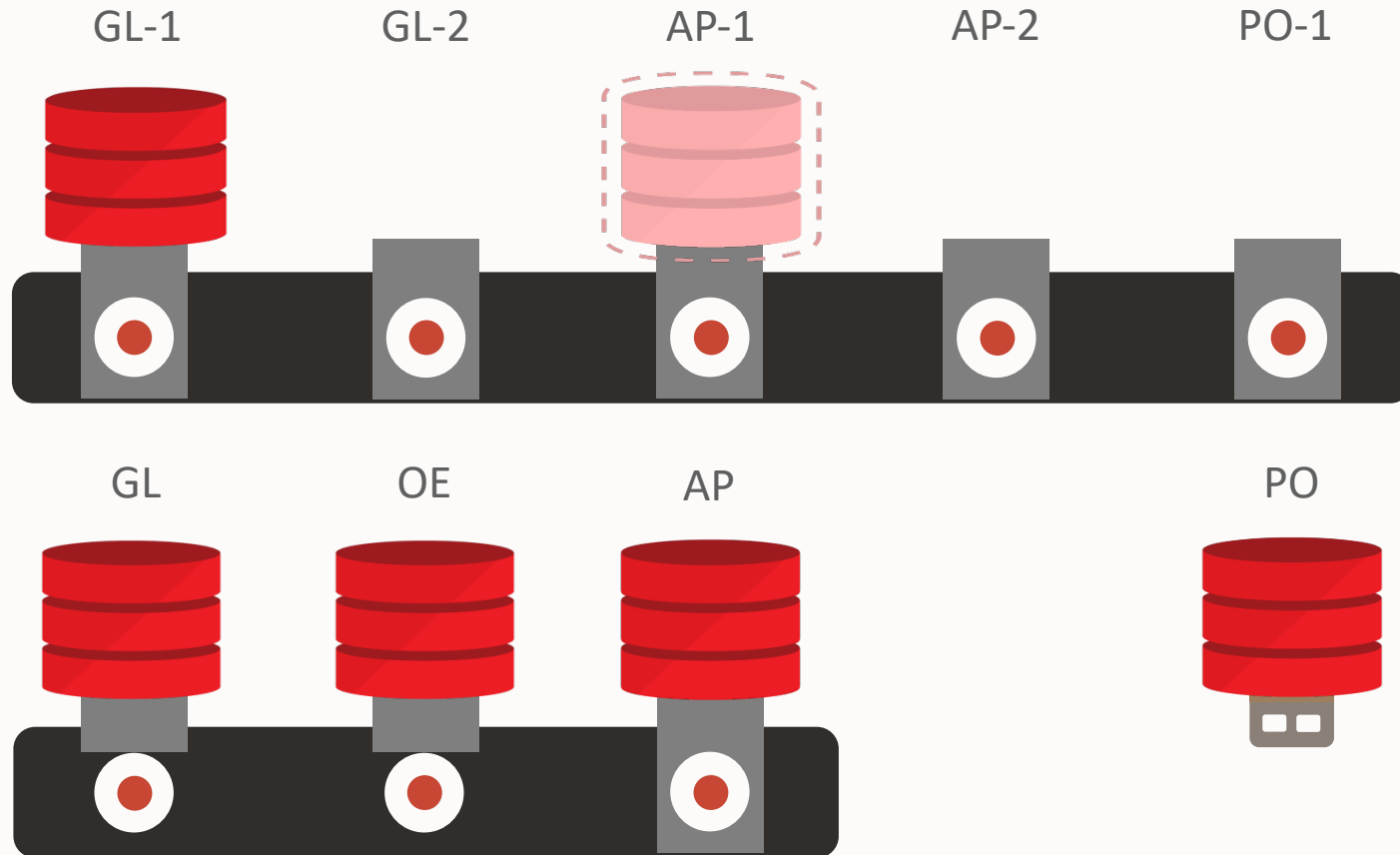
Advantages of Multitenant Architecture

Reduced CapEx & OpEx, Increased Agility, Easy to Adopt and Use



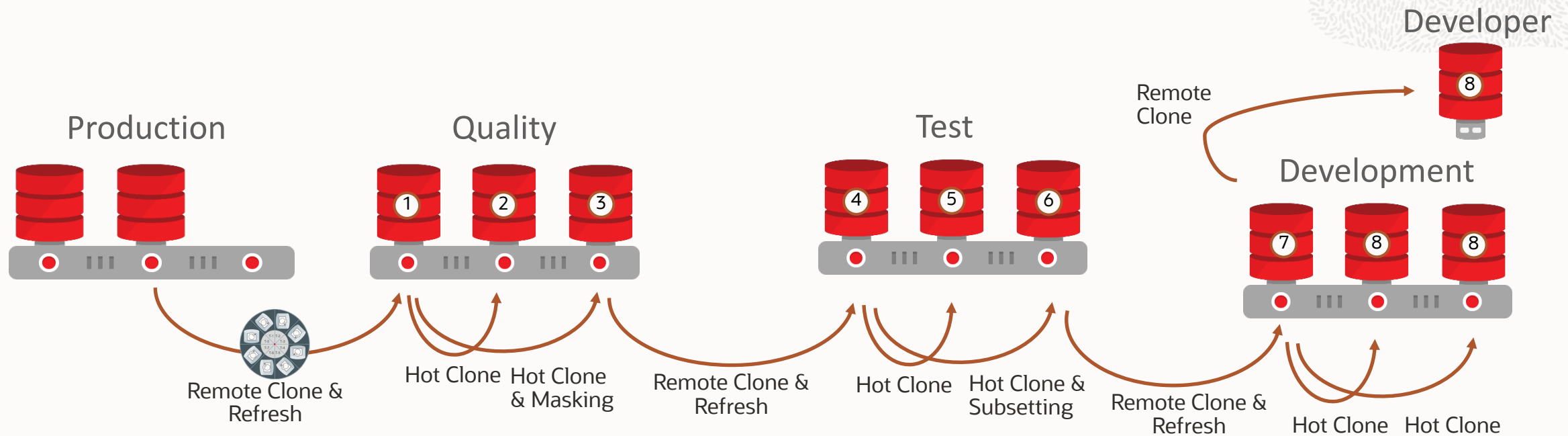
Agility: Rapid provisioning

Cloning of PDBs facilitates continuous delivery and continuous deployment



- **Cloning in same container**
- **Cloning in remote containers**
- **Master images**
- **Snapshots in seconds**

Environment Sync via Hot Clone and PDB Refresh



- ① Read-only (refreshable) PDB – master for sync
- ② Writable copy of production data – performance test
- ③ Writable copy of masked data – quality
- ④ Read-only masked PDB – master for test

- ⑤ Writable copy of test data – integration test
- ⑥ Writable copy of subset data – integration test
- ⑦ Read-only PDB – master for dev data
- ⑧ Development data – shared/cloud environment

Continuous Integration with Hot Clone

