

Workshop Multitenant, Multimodel, In-Memory para la base de Datos Oracle

Parte 3 de 3



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In-Memory (1 hora)

Configuración del área de memoria (5 min)



Lo primero es comprobar la configuración de In-Memory que hay en la base de datos.

```
*****
A. In-Memory Column Store (IM column store) dynamic resizing:
*****
```

```
sqlplus / as sysdba
```

```
SQL> show parameter inmemo
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
inmemory_adg_enabled	boolean	TRUE
inmemory_automatic_level	string	OFF
inmemory_clause_default	string	
inmemory_expressions_usage	string	ENABLE
inmemory_force	string	DEFAULT
inmemory_max_populate_servers	integer	0
inmemory_optimized_arithmetic	string	DISABLE
inmemory_prefer_xmem_memcompress	string	
inmemory_prefer_xmem_priority	string	
inmemory_query	string	ENABLE
inmemory_size	big integer	0
inmemory_trickle_repopulate_servers_1	integer	1
percent		
inmemory_virtual_columns	string	MANUAL
inmemory_xmem_size	big integer	0
optimizer_inmemory_aware	boolean	TRUE

```
SQL> select version from v$instance;
```

```
VERSION
-----
19.0.0.0.0
```

Para activar IMC, hay que poner inmemory_size > 0 y reiniciar la instancia

```
sqlplus / as sysdba
```

```
SQL> show parameter sga
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
allow_group_access_to_sga	boolean	FALSE
lock_sga	boolean	FALSE
pre_page_sga	boolean	TRUE
sga_max_size	big integer	15G



```

sga_min_size          big integer 0
sga_target            big integer 15G
unified_audit_sga_queue_size integer 1048576
SQL>

```

```
SQL> alter system set inmemory_size = 6G scope=spfile;
```

```

[oracle@myoracledb ~]$ srvctl stop database -d $ORACLE_UNQNAME
[oracle@myoracledb ~]$ srvctl start database -d $ORACLE_UNQNAME

```

```
sqlplus / as sysdba
```

```
show parameter inmemo
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
inmemory_adg_enabled	boolean	TRUE
inmemory_automatic_level	string	OFF
inmemory_clause_default	string	
inmemory_expressions_usage	string	ENABLE
inmemory_force	string	DEFAULT
inmemory_max_populate_servers	integer	2
inmemory_optimized_arithmetic	string	DISABLE
inmemory_prefer_xmem_memcompress	string	
inmemory_prefer_xmem_priority	string	
inmemory_query	string	ENABLE
inmemory_size	big integer	6G
inmemory_trickle_repopulate_servers_1	integer	1
percent		
inmemory_virtual_columns	string	MANUAL
inmemory_xmem_size	big integer	0
optimizer_inmemory_aware	boolean	TRUE

Luego el resize es dinámico

```
SQL> alter system set inmemory_size = 8G scope=both;
```

```
System altered.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> show parameter inmemory
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
inmemory_adg_enabled	boolean	TRUE
inmemory_automatic_level	string	OFF
inmemory_clause_default	string	
inmemory_expressions_usage	string	ENABLE
inmemory_force	string	DEFAULT
inmemory_max_populate_servers	integer	2



inmemory_optimized_arithmetic	string	DISABLE
inmemory_prefer_xmem_memcompress	string	
inmemory_prefer_xmem_priority	string	
inmemory_query	string	ENABLE
inmemory_size	big integer	8G
inmemory_trickle_repopulate_servers_percent	integer	1
inmemory_virtual_columns	string	MANUAL
inmemory_xmem_size	big integer	0
optimizer_inmemory_aware	boolean	TRUE

El proceso de resize dinámico se puede hacer solo al alza porque es un proceso online.

```
SQL> alter system set inmemory_size = 6G scope=both;
alter system set inmemory_size = 2G scope=both
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-02097: parameter cannot be modified because specified value is invalid
ORA-02095: specified initialization parameter cannot be modified

SQL>
```

Configurar FastStart (5 min)

El área FastStart es un espacio de tablas designado donde IM FastStart almacena y gestiona los datos de los objetos INMEMORY. Oracle Database gestiona los Espacios de tablas FastStart automáticamente.
En una base de datos Oracle RAC, todos los nodos comparten los datos de FastStart.

```
conn / as sysdba

col tablespace_name format a30

select con_id, TABLESPACE_NAME, STATUS FROM V$INMEMORY_FASTSTART_AREA;

  CON_ID TABLESPACE_NAME          STATUS
-----
      1 INVALID_TABLESPACE          DISABLE
      2 INVALID_TABLESPACE          DISABLE
      4 INVALID_TABLESPACE          DISABLE

conn system/WddFsdF_12_we2@SOE

SQL> create tablespace TBS_IMC_FASTSTART datafile size 8G;

Tablespace created.

SQL> EXEC DBMS_INMEMORY_ADMIN.FASTSTART_ENABLE('TBS_IMC_FASTSTART')

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```



```

conn / as sysdba

col tablespace_name format a30

select con_id, TABLESPACE_NAME, STATUS FROM V$INMEMORY_FASTSTART_AREA;

  CON_ID TABLESPACE_NAME          STATUS
-----
      1 INVALID_TABLESPACE          DISABLE
      2 INVALID_TABLESPACE          DISABLE
      4 TBS_IMC_FASTSTART            ENABLE

conn system/WddFsdf_12_we2@SOE

COL TABLESPACE_NAME FORMAT a20

SELECT TABLESPACE_NAME, STATUS,
( (ALLOCATED_SIZE/1024) / 1024 ) AS ALLOC_MB,
( (USED_SIZE/1024) / 1024 ) AS USED_MB
FROM V$INMEMORY_FASTSTART_AREA;

TABLESPACE_NAME          STATUS          ALLOC_MB          USED_MB
-----
TBS_IMC_FASTSTART        ENABLE              8192              1

```

Algunas notas sobre Fast Start:

- No se puede forzar de forma manual una escritura al FS !!!
- Se puede migrar el contenido del FS a otro TBS:

```
EXEC DBMS_INMEMORY_ADMIN.FASTSTART_MIGRATE_STORAGE('new_fs_tbs')
```

- Se puede deshabilitar el FS fastStart:

```
EXEC DBMS_INMEMORY_ADMIN.FASTSTART_DISABLE
```

Para desactivar el FAST START

```

conn system/WddFsdf_12_we2@SOE

SQL> EXEC DBMS_INMEMORY_ADMIN.FASTSTART_DISABLE

SQL> drop tablespace TBS_IMC_FASTSTART including contents and datafiles;

Tablespace dropped.

```

Publicar las tablas SSB en in-memory (5 min)

```

conn ssb/ssb@SOE
col table_name format a30

```



```
set lines 120
--display current status
```

```
select table_name,
       inmemory,
       inmemory_priority,
       inmemory_compression
from user_tables;
```

TABLE_NAME	INMEMORY	INMEMORY	INMEMORY_COMPRESS
LINEORDER	DISABLED		
RESULTS	DISABLED		
TMP	DISABLED		
DATE_DIM	DISABLED		
YEARLY_PROFIT_REP_MV		DISABLED	
CUSTOMER	DISABLED		
ETL_DD	DISABLED		
LINEORDER_ACO	DISABLED		
PART	DISABLED		
SUPPLIER	DISABLED		
ETL_LO	DISABLED		

11 rows selected.

```
--alter tables in memory
alter table lineorder inmemory;
alter table part inmemory;
alter table customer inmemory;
alter table supplier inmemory;
alter table date_dim inmemory;
```

```
select table_name,
       inmemory,
       inmemory_priority,
       inmemory_compression
from user_tables;
```

TABLE_NAME	INMEMORY	INMEMORY	INMEMORY_COMPRESS
LINEORDER	ENABLED	NONE	FOR QUERY LOW
RESULTS	DISABLED		
TMP	DISABLED		
DATE_DIM	ENABLED	NONE	FOR QUERY LOW
YEARLY_PROFIT_REP_MV		DISABLED	
CUSTOMER	ENABLED	NONE	FOR QUERY LOW
LINEORDER_ACO	DISABLED		
ETL_DD	DISABLED		
SUPPLIER	ENABLED	NONE	FOR QUERY LOW
PART	ENABLED	NONE	FOR QUERY LOW
ETL_LO	DISABLED		



```
11 rows selected.
```

```
--fetch all rows to start population
select count(*) from lineorder;
select count(*) from part;
select count(*) from customer;
select count(*) from supplier;
select count(*) from date_dim;
```

Monitorizar la publicación de SSB en In Memory

```
conn system/WddFsdF_12_we2@SOE
```

```
--new view v$im_segments
desc v$im_segments
```

Name	Null?	Type
OWNER		VARCHAR2(128)
SEGMENT_NAME		VARCHAR2(128)
PARTITION_NAME		VARCHAR2(128)
SEGMENT_TYPE		VARCHAR2(18)
TABLESPACE_NAME		VARCHAR2(128)
INMEMORY_SIZE		NUMBER
BYTES		NUMBER
BYTES_NOT_POPULATED		NUMBER
POPULATE_STATUS		VARCHAR2(13)
INMEMORY_PRIORITY		VARCHAR2(8)
INMEMORY_DISTRIBUTE		VARCHAR2(15)
INMEMORY_DUPLICATE		VARCHAR2(13)
INMEMORY_COMPRESSION		VARCHAR2(17)
INMEMORY_SERVICE		VARCHAR2(12)
INMEMORY_SERVICE_NAME		VARCHAR2(129)
IS_EXTERNAL		VARCHAR2(5)
CON_ID		NUMBER

```
col owner format a12
col name format a30
col partition_name format a30
set lines 120
```

```
--population status
select v.owner,v.segment_name name,v.partition_name,
v.populate_status status, v.bytes_not_populated
from v$im_segments v
Order by 1;
```



OWNER	NAME	PARTITION_NAME	STATUS
BYTES_NOT_POPULATED			
SSB	LINEORDER		STARTED
	401473536		
SSB	PART		COMPLETED
	0		
SSB	CUSTOMER		COMPLETED
	0		
SSB	SUPPLIER		COMPLETED
	0		
SSB	DATE_DIM		COMPLETED
	0		

6 rows selected.

(La anterior query se puede ejecutar varias veces para ver como van quedando menos bytes por subir a memoria)

```
--size
select v.owner,v.segment_name name,
round(v.bytes/1024/1024,3) orig_size,
round(v.inmemory_size/1024/1024,3) in_mem_size,
ROUND(v.bytes/v.inmemory_size,2) comp_ratio
from v$im_segments v
order by 1;
```

OWNER	NAME	ORIG_SIZE	IN_MEM_SIZE	COMP_RATIO
SSB	SUPPLIER	.836	1.25	.67
SSB	DATE_DIM	.117	1.25	.09
SSB	LINEORDER		1745.32	1494.375
				1.17
SSB	CUSTOMER	11.852	11.25	1.05
SSB	PART	40.563	13.438	3.02

6 rows selected.

Queries Sencillas

Comprobar la diferencia de acceso entre las distintas queries.

Single Table Scan

Query 1:

```
conn ssb/ssb@SOE

/*****Query 1*****/
/*****Single Column Aggregation*****/
/*****

/*****Parallel Disk Access*****/
/*****
```



```

clear scr
--flush the buffer_cache
alter system flush buffer_cache;
alter session force parallel query parallel 4;

set lines 120
set autotrace traceonly explain statistics
set timing on

select /*+ NO_INMEMORY */ /* DISK ACCESS */
max(lo_ordtotalprice) most_expensive_order From LINEORDER;

```

```

/*****In-Memory Serial Access*****/
/*****

clear scr
--column store enabled via INMEMORY_QUERY parameter--
alter session disable parallel query;

Select /*+ INMEMORY */ /*IN-MEMORY Serial*/
max(lo_ordtotalprice) most_expensive_order From LINEORDER;

```

```

/*****In-Memory Parallel Access*****/
/*****

clear scr
alter session force parallel query parallel 4;

select /*+ INMEMORY */ /*IN-MEMORY Parallel*/
max(lo_ordtotalprice) most_expensive_order From LINEORDER;

```

Query 2

```

/*****Single Column Aggregation with Filter*****/
/*****

/*****Parallel Disk Access*****/
/*****

clear scr
--flush the buffer_cache
alter system flush buffer_cache;
alter session force parallel query parallel 4;

```



```
select /*+ NO_INMEMORY */ /* DISK ACCESS */
max(lo_ordtotalprice) most_expensive_order From LINEORDER
where LO_PARTKEY=300023;
```

```

/*****In-Memory Serial Access*****/
/*****/

clear scr
alter session disable parallel query;

Select /*+ INMEMORY */ /*IN-MEMORY Serial*/
max(lo_ordtotalprice) most_expensive_order From LINEORDER
where LO_PARTKEY=300023;
```

```

/*****In-Memory Parallel Access*****/
/*****/

clear scr
alter session force parallel query parallel 4;

select /*+ INMEMORY */ /*IN-MEMORY Parallel*/
max(lo_ordtotalprice) most_expensive_order From LINEORDER
where LO_PARTKEY=300023;
```

Queries de grado medio

Two table scan

Query 1

```
conn ssb/ssb@SOE

/*****Group Aggregate with two table join*****/
/*****/

/*****Parallel Disk Access*****/
/*****/

clear scr
--flush the buffer_cache
alter system flush buffer_cache;
```



```

alter session force parallel query parallel 4;
alter session set inmemory_query='DISABLE';
set autotrace traceonly explain statistics
set timing on

```

```

select /*+ NO_INMEMORY */ /* DISK ACCESS */
d_date,sum(l.lo_revenue) "Total Revenue"
From   LINEORDER l, DATE_DIM d
Where  l.lo_orderdate = d.d_datekey
and    D_DAYNUMINMONTH = 25
and    d.d_month = 'December'
group by d_date
order by d_date;

```

```

/*****In-Memory Serial Access*****/

```

```

clear scr
alter session disable parallel query;
alter session set inmemory_query='ENABLE';

```

```

Select /*+ INMEMORY */ /*IN-MEMORY Serial*/
d_date,sum(l.lo_revenue) "Total Revenue"
From   LINEORDER l, DATE_DIM d
Where  l.lo_orderdate = d.d_datekey
and    D_DAYNUMINMONTH = 25
and    d.d_month = 'December'
group by d_date
order by d_date;

```

```

/*****In-Memory Parallel Access*****/
/*****

```

```

clear scr
alter session force parallel query parallel 4;

```

```

select /*+ INMEMORY */ /*IN-MEMORY Parallel*/
d_date,sum(l.lo_revenue) "Total Revenue"
From   LINEORDER l, DATE_DIM d
Where  l.lo_orderdate = d.d_datekey
and    D_DAYNUMINMONTH = 25
and    d.d_month = 'December'

```



```
group by d_date  
order by d_date;
```

Queries complejas

Three table scan

Query 1

```
conn ssb/ssb@SOE  
  
/*****Group Aggregate with three table join*****/  
/*****  
/*****Parallel Disk Access*****/  
  
clear scr  
--flush the buffer_cache  
alter system flush buffer_cache;  
set autotrace traceonly explain statistics  
alter session force parallel query parallel 4;  
alter session set inmemory_query='DISABLE';  
set timing on  
  
select /*+ NO_INMEMORY */ /* DISK ACCESS */  
p.p_name, sum(l.lo_revenue)  
From      LINEORDER l, DATE_DIM d, PART p  
Where     l.lo_orderdate = d.d_datekey  
And       l.lo_partkey   = p.p_partkey  
And       p.p_name       = 'misty gainsboro'  
And       d.d_year       = 1992  
And       d.d_month      = 'December'  
Group by p.p_name;
```

```
/*****In-Memory Serial Access*****/  
/*****  
  
clear scr  
alter session disable parallel query;  
alter session set inmemory_query='DISABLE';
```



```

Select /*+ INMEMORY */ /*IN-MEMORY Serial*/
p.p_name, sum(l.lo_revenue)
From      LINEORDER l, DATE_DIM d, PART p
Where     l.lo_orderdate = d.d_datekey
And       l.lo_partkey   = p.p_partkey
And       p.p_name      = 'misty gainsboro'
And       d.d_year      = 1992
And       d.d_month     = 'December'
Group by p.p_name;

```

```

/*****In-Memory Parallel Access*****/
/*****/

clear scr
alter session force parallel query parallel 4;

select /*+ INMEMORY */ /*IN-MEMORY Parallel*/
p.p_name, sum(l.lo_revenue)
From      LINEORDER l, DATE_DIM d, PART p
Where     l.lo_orderdate = d.d_datekey
And       l.lo_partkey   = p.p_partkey
And       p.p_name      = 'misty gainsboro'
And       d.d_year      = 1992
And       d.d_month     = 'December'
Group by p.p_name;

```

