

Ir = 0.002

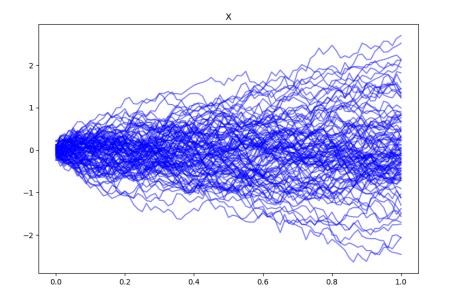
target: sigma=0.05

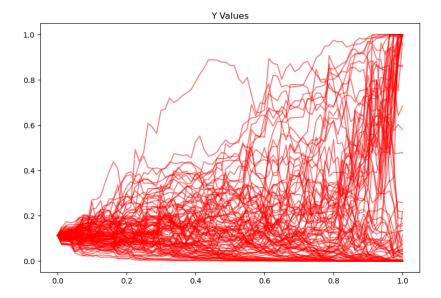
optimizer: AdamW(weight\_decay=5e-4)

scheduler: StepLR(step=50, gamma=0.995)

MaxBatch=500

OptimStep=20





Average Error Est: 10.207014131546021

Batch Number: 495

Average Error Est: 10.19406180381775

Batch Number: 496

Average Error Est: 10.568049144744872

Batch Number: 497

Average Error Est: 11.500824975967408

Batch Number: 498

Average Error Est: 11.18021764755249

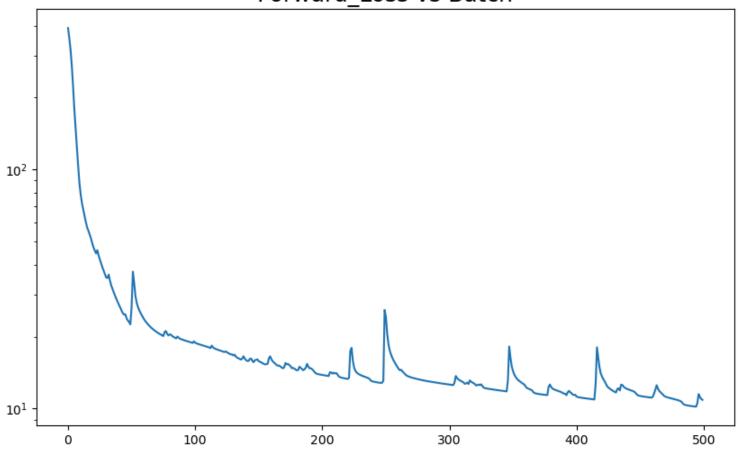
Batch Number: 499

Average Error Est: 10.981325435638428

Batch Number: 500

Average Error Est: 10.881841087341309

## Forward\_Loss vs Batch



```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        import torch as torch
        import torch.nn as nn
        import torch.nn.functional as F
        import torch.optim as optim
        import seaborn as sns
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import time
        import random
        from scipy.stats import norm
In [ ]: #Model and Params
        #Numbers
        NumTrain=500
        NT=80
        dt=1/NT
        sigma=0.05
        #Forward Loss
        forward losses = []
        #Network Class for FBSDE
        class Network(nn.Module):
            def __init__(self, lr, input_dims, fc1_dims, fc2_dims, n_outputs):
                lr: learning rate
                super(Network, self).__init__()
                #Pass input parameters
                self.input dims = input dims
                self.fc1 dims = fc1 dims
                self.fc2 dims = fc2 dims
                self.n out = n outputs
                #Construct network
                self.fc1 = nn.Linear(*self.input dims, self.fc1 dims)
                nn.init.xavier_uniform_(self.fc1.weight)
                self.fc2 = nn.Linear(self.fc1_dims, self.fc2_dims)
                nn.init.xavier uniform (self.fc2.weight)
                self.fc3 = nn.Linear(self.fc2 dims, self.n out)
                nn.init.xavier_uniform_(self.fc3.weight)
                self.optimizer = optim.Adam(self.parameters(), lr=lr)
                self.device = torch.device('cuda:0' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
```

```
self.to(self.device)
    def forward(self, input):
        x = F.relu(self.fc1(input))
        x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
        output = self.fc3(x)
        return output
## Functions
def Sample_Init(N,mean=0,sd=0.1):
    Generate N samples of x0
    xi = np.random.normal(mean,sd,size=N)
    return torch.FloatTensor(xi).view(-1,1)
def SampleBMIncr(T, Npaths, Nsteps):
    # Returns Matrix of Dimension Npaths x Nsteps With Sample Increments of of BM
    # Here an increment is of the form dB
    dt = T / Nsteps
    dB = np.sqrt(dt) * np.random.randn(Npaths, Nsteps)
    return torch.FloatTensor(dB)
def target(x,sigma=sigma):
    x=x.detach().numpy()
    return torch.FloatTensor(-x/sigma)
# Forward Loss
def get_foward_loss_coupled(dB, init_x,NT, target,y0_model, z_models):
    x = init_x
    \# y = torch.rand like(x)
   v tilde=v0 model(x)
   y=torch.sigmoid(y_tilde)
    for j in range(1, NT+1):
        z = z_{models}[j-1](x)
        x = x + y*dt + dB[:,j].view(-1,1)
        y_{tilde} = (y_{tilde} + (z**2)*(1-2/(1+torch.exp(y_{tilde})))/2*dt + z * dB[:,j].view(-1,1))#.clamp(min=-1,max=1)
        y=torch.sigmoid(y_tilde)
    loss=torch.mean((y tilde-target(x))**2)
    return loss
def get_target_path_coupled(dB, init_x,NumBM, NT,y0_model, z_models):
    x_path = torch.ones(NumBM,NT+1)
```

```
y_path = torch.ones(NumBM,NT+1)
    x = init x
    \# y = torch.rand like(x)
    y_tilde=y0_model(x)
    y=torch.sigmoid(y tilde)
    x path[:,0] = x.squeeze()
    y_path[:,0] = y_squeeze()
    for j in range(1, NT+1):
        z = z \mod els[j-1](x)
       x += y*dt+ dB[:,j].view(-1,1)
        y_{tilde} = (y_{tilde} + (z**2)*(1-2/(1+torch.exp(y_{tilde})))/2 *dt + z * dB[:,j].view(-1,1))#.clamp(min=-1,max=1)
        y=torch.sigmoid(y tilde)
        x path[:,i] = x.squeeze()
        y_path[:,j] = y.squeeze()
    return x_path.detach(), y_path.detach()
class plot_results():
    def init (self,loss=forward losses,sigma=sigma,Npaths=100,NumTrain=NumTrain,NT=NT):
        self.loss=loss
        self.x_path,self.y_path=get_target_path_coupled(dB, init_x, y0_model=y0_model_main, z_models=z_models_main, NumB
        self.number_of_paths=np.minimum(Npaths,NumTrain)
        self.sigma=sigma
    def FwdLoss(self,log=True):
        plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
        plt.title("Forward_Loss vs Batch", fontsize=18)
        plt.plot(self.loss)
        if loa==True:
            plt.yscale('log')
    def results(self,seed=0):
        random.seed(seed)
        idx_list = np.random.choice(NumTrain, self.number_of_paths, replace = False)
        x plot = self.x path.detach().numpy()[idx list]
        y_plot = self.y_path.detach().numpy()[idx_list]
        t = np.array([i for i in range(NT+1)]) * 1/(NT)
        plt.figure(figsize=(20,6))
        plt.subplot(121)
        for i in range(self.number_of_paths):
                plt.plot(t,x_plot[i], color="blue", alpha=0.5)
        plt.title("X")
        plt.subplot(122)
        for i in range(self.number of paths):
                plt.plot(t,y plot[i], color="red", alpha=0.5)
        plt.title("Y Values")
```

```
### Integrated Plots
                random.seed(seed)
                idx=random.randint(0,self.number_of_paths)
                plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
                plt.subplot()
                plt.plot(t,x_plot[idx], color="blue", alpha=0.5,label='X')
                plt.plot(t,y plot[idx], color="black", linestyle='--',alpha=0.5,label="Y Values")
                plt.hlines(y=[0,1],xmin=0,xmax=1,colors='firebrick',linestyles='-.')
                plt.title("Comparison of A Particular Path")
                plt.legend()
            def qq_plot(self,sigma=sigma):
                plt.figure()
                plt.title("QQ-Plot")
                x_sigmoid=1/(1+np.exp(self.x_path[:,-1]/sigma))
                plt.scatter(x_sigmoid, self.y_path[:,-1], s=3)
                plt.plot(np.linspace(0,1,5),np.linspace(0,1,5),linestyle='--',linewidth=1,color='r')
In [ ]: ## Train
        torch.autograd.set detect anomaly(True)
        dB = SampleBMIncr(1, Npaths=NumTrain, Nsteps=NT+1)
        init x = Sample Init(N=NumTrain)
        #Forward Loss
        forward losses = []
        #How many batches?
        MaxBatch= 500
        #How many optimization steps per batch
        OptimSteps= 20
        #Set Learning rate
        learning_rate = 0.002
        #Train on a single batch?
        single_batch = True
        #Set up main models for y0 and z (z will be list of models)
        layer dim = 10
        y0 model main = Network(lr=learning rate, input dims=[1], fc1 dims=layer dim, fc2 dims=layer dim,
                             n outputs=1)
        z_models_main = [Network(lr=learning_rate, input_dims=[1], fc1_dims=layer_dim, fc2_dims=layer_dim,
                             n_outputs=1) for i in range(NT)]
```

```
#Define optimization parameters
# params = list(y0_model_main.parameters())
params=[]
for i in range(NT):
    params += list(z_models_main[i].parameters())
#Set up optimizer and scheduler
optimizer = optim.AdamW(params, lr=learning_rate,weight_decay=5e-4)
scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.StepLR(optimizer, step_size=50, gamma=0.995)
for k in range(0,MaxBatch):
    print("Batch Number: ", k+1)
    sloss=0
    #optimize main network wrt the foward loss
    for l in range(0,0ptimSteps):
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        loss = get foward loss coupled(dB, init x,NT=NT, target=target, y0 model=y0 model main, z models=z models main)
        # print(loss)
        loss.backward()
        # print(params)
        # torch.nn.utils.clip_grad_norm_(parameters=params,max_norm=5,norm_type=1)
        optimizer.step()
        scheduler.step()
        nloss = loss.detach().numpy()
        sloss += nloss
        # print('OptimStep: '+ str(l+1))
        # print('forward_loss: ' + str(nloss))
    avgloss = sloss/OptimSteps
    print("Average Error Est: ", avgloss)
    forward losses.append(avgloss)
    #Generate a new batch if using multiple batches
    if(not single batch):
        dB = SampleBMIncr(1, Npaths=NumTrain, Nsteps=NT+1)
        init_x = Sample_Init(N=NumTrain)
plot=plot_results(loss=forward_losses)
plot.FwdLoss()
```

Batch Number:	1	
Average Error	_	390.4913024902344
Batch Number:	2	390.4913024902344
Average Error	Est:	354.5587677001953
Batch Number:	3	334:3307077001333
Average Error	Est:	315,19701995849607
Batch Number:	4	313:19701993049007
Average Error	Est:	269.4810157775879
Batch Number:	5	20914010137773079
Average Error	Est:	220.71451644897462
Batch Number:	6	220171131011037102
Average Error	Est:	177.60297622680665
Batch Number:	7	
Average Error	Est:	146.60689392089844
Batch Number:	8	
Average Error	Est:	122.84807815551758
Batch Number:	9	
Average Error	Est:	102.76398506164551
Batch Number:	10	
Average Error	Est:	87.26106834411621
Batch Number:	11	
Average Error	Est:	78.15623817443847
Batch Number:	12	
Average Error	Est:	72.19101486206054
Batch Number:	13	
Average Error	Est:	67.85396995544434
Batch Number:	14	
Average Error	Est:	63.964501762390135
Batch Number:	15	60 250244000057406
Average Error	Est:	60.350241088867186
Batch Number:	16	F7 204F01002C0CF2
Average Error	Est:	57.29459190368652
Batch Number:	17	55.48044261932373
Average Error Batch Number:	Est: 18	55.48044201932373
	Est:	53.51588134765625
Average Error Batch Number:	19	33.31366134703023
Average Error	Est:	51.56993732452393
Batch Number:		31.30993/32432393
Average Error		49.29841613769531
Batch Number:		49.29041013709331
Average Error		47.332977867126466
Batch Number:		471332377007120400
Average Error		45.85554504394531
Batch Number:		.5.0555 .50 .55 .551
Average Error		44.60461864471436
Batch Number:	24	
	-	