

In []:

Ir=0.01

target: sigma=0.03

norm_clip(max_norm=2)

optimizer: Adam()

scheduler: StepLR(step=100, gamma=0.99)

MaxBatch=1000

OptimStep=20

Average Error Est: 2.6523152470588682 Batch Number: 996

Average Error Est: 2.241385042667389

Batch Number: 997

Average Error Est: 2.2007453083992004

Batch Number: 998

Average Error Est: 2.178462564945221

Batch Number: 999

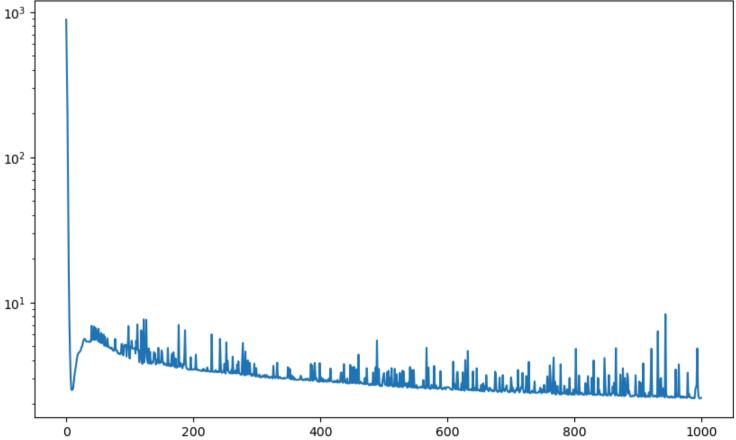
Average Error Est: 2.2002068877220156

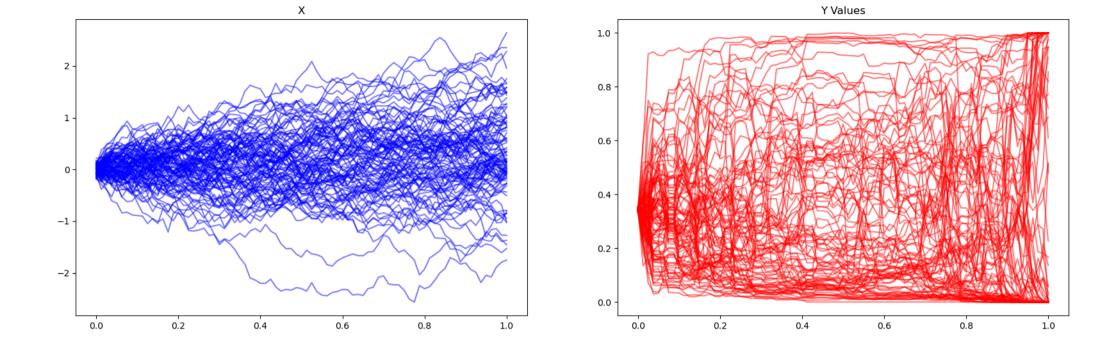
Batch Number: 1000

Average Error Est: 2.202817702293396

/var/folders/xb/rvrt2lnd1bs3y0fbz2c5wbwm0000gn/T/ipykernel_6378/3736784659.py:143: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in exp x_sigmoid=1/(1+np.exp(self.x_path[:,-1]/sigma))







```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        import torch as torch
        import torch.nn as nn
        import torch.nn.functional as F
        import torch.optim as optim
        import seaborn as sns
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import time
        import random
        from scipy.stats import norm
In [ ]: #Model and Params
        #Numbers
        NumTrain=500
        NT=80
        dt=1/NT
        sigma=0.03
        #Forward Loss
        forward losses = []
        #Network Class for FBSDF
        class Network(nn.Module):
            def __init__(self, lr, input_dims, fc1_dims, fc2_dims, n_outputs):
                lr: learning rate
                super(Network, self). init ()
                #Pass input parameters
                self.input dims = input dims
                self.fc1 dims = fc1 dims
                self.fc2 dims = fc2 dims
                self.n out = n outputs
                #Construct network
                self.fc1 = nn.Linear(*self.input dims, self.fc1 dims)
                nn.init.xavier uniform (self.fc1.weight)
                self.fc2 = nn.Linear(self.fc1 dims, self.fc2 dims)
                nn.init.xavier_uniform_(self.fc2.weight)
                self.fc3 = nn.Linear(self.fc2 dims, self.n out)
                nn.init.xavier_uniform_(self.fc3.weight)
                self.optimizer = optim.Adam(self.parameters(), lr=lr)
                self.device = torch.device('cuda:0' if torch.cuda.is available() else 'cpu')
                self.to(self.device)
            def forward(self, input):
                x = F.relu(self.fc1(input))
```

```
x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
        output = self.fc3(x)
        return output
## Functions
def Sample Init(N,mean=0,sd=0.1):
    Generate N samples of x0
    xi = np.random.normal(mean,sd,size=N)
    return torch.FloatTensor(xi).view(-1,1)
def SampleBMIncr(T, Npaths, Nsteps):
    # Returns Matrix of Dimension Npaths x Nsteps With Sample Increments of of BM
    # Here an increment is of the form dB
    dt = T / Nsteps
    dB = np.sgrt(dt) * np.random.randn(Npaths, Nsteps)
    return torch.FloatTensor(dB)
def target(x,sigma=sigma):
    x=x.detach().numpy()
    return torch.FloatTensor(-x/sigma)
# Forward Loss
def get_foward_loss_coupled(dB, init_x,NT, target,y0_model, z_models):
    x = init x
    \# v = torch.rand like(x)
    v tilde=v0 model(x)
    y=torch.sigmoid(y tilde)
    for j in range(1, NT+1):
        z = z \mod els[j-1](x)
        x = x + y*dt + dB[:,j].view(-1,1)
       y_{tilde} = (y_{tilde} + (z**2)*(1-2/(1+torch.exp(y_{tilde})))/2*dt + z * dB[:,j].view(-1,1))#.clamp(min=-1,max=1)
        y=torch.sigmoid(y tilde)
    loss=torch.mean((y_tilde-target(x))**2)
    return loss
def get_target_path_coupled(dB, init_x,NumBM, NT,y0_model, z_models):
    x path = torch.ones(NumBM,NT+1)
    y_path = torch.ones(NumBM,NT+1)
    x = init x
    \# y = torch.rand like(x)
    y tilde=y0 model(x)
    y=torch.sigmoid(y_tilde)
    x path[:,0] = x.squeeze()
    y path[:,0] = y.squeeze()
    for j in range(1, NT+1):
```

```
z = z \mod els[j-1](x)
       x += y*dt+ dB[:,j].view(-1,1)
       y tilde = (y \text{ tilde } + (z**2)*(1-2/(1+\text{torch.exp}(y \text{ tilde})))/2 *dt + z * dB[:,j].view(-1,1))#.clamp(min=-1,max=1)
       v=torch.sigmoid(v tilde)
       x path[:,i] = x.squeeze()
       v path[:,i] = v.squeeze()
   return x path.detach(), y path.detach()
class plot results():
   def init (self.loss=forward losses.sigma=sigma.Npaths=100.NumTrain=NumTrain.NT=NT);
        self.loss=loss
        self.x path,self.y path=get target path coupled(dB, init x, y0 model=y0 model main, z models=z models main, NumBM=NumTrain, NT=NT)
        self.number of paths=np.minimum(Npaths,NumTrain)
        self.sigma=sigma
   def FwdLoss(self.log=True):
        plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
        plt.title("Forward Loss vs Batch",fontsize=18)
        plt.plot(self.loss)
        if log==True:
            plt.vscale('log')
   def results(self,seed=0):
        random.seed(seed)
        idx list = np.random.choice(NumTrain, self.number of paths, replace = False)
        x plot = self.x path.detach().numpy()[idx list]
        v plot = self.v path.detach().numpy()[idx list]
        t = np.array([i for i in range(NT+1)]) * 1/(NT)
        plt.figure(figsize=(20,6))
        plt.subplot(121)
        for i in range(self.number_of_paths):
                plt.plot(t,x plot[i], color="blue", alpha=0.5)
        plt.title("X")
        plt.subplot(122)
        for i in range(self.number of paths):
                plt.plot(t,y_plot[i], color="red", alpha=0.5)
        plt.title("Y Values")
        ### Integrated Plots
        random.seed(seed)
        idx=random.randint(0,self.number of paths)
        plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
        plt.subplot()
        plt.plot(t,x plot[idx], color="blue", alpha=0.5, label='X')
        plt.plot(t,y plot[idx], color="black", linestyle='--',alpha=0.5,label="Y Values")
        plt.hlines(y=[0,1],xmin=0,xmax=1,colors='firebrick',linestyles='-.')
        plt.title("Comparison of A Particular Path")
        plt.legend()
```

```
plt.title("00-Plot")
                x sigmoid=1/(1+np.exp(self.x path[:,-1]/sigma))
                plt.scatter(x sigmoid.self.y path[:,-1],s=3)
                plt.plot(np.linspace(0,1,5),np.linspace(0,1,5),linestyle='--',linewidth=1,color='r')
In [ ]: ## Train
        torch.autograd.set detect anomaly(True)
        dB = SampleBMIncr(1, Npaths=NumTrain, Nsteps=NT+1)
        init x = Sample Init(N=NumTrain)
        #Forward Loss
        forward losses = []
        #How many batches?
        MaxBatch= 1000
        #How many optimization steps per batch
        OptimSteps= 20
        #Set Learning rate
        learning rate = 0.01
        #Train on a single batch?
        single batch = True
        #Set up main models for y0 and z (z will be list of models)
        laver dim = 10
        y0 model main = Network(lr=learning rate, input dims=[1], fc1 dims=layer dim, fc2 dims=layer dim,
                             n outputs=1)
        z models main = [Network(lr=learning rate, input dims=[1], fc1 dims=layer dim, fc2 dims=layer dim,
                             n outputs=1) for i in range(NT)]
        #Define optimization parameters
        # params = list(y0 model main.parameters())
        params=[]
        for i in range(NT):
            params += list(z models main[i].parameters())
        #Set up optimizer and scheduler
        optimizer = optim.Adam(params, lr=learning rate)
        scheduler = torch.optim.lr scheduler.StepLR(optimizer, step size=100, gamma=0.99)
        for k in range(0,MaxBatch):
            print("Batch Number: ", k+1)
            sloss=0
```

def qq_plot(self,sigma=sigma):

plt.figure()

```
#optimize main network wrt the foward loss
    for l in range(0,0ptimSteps):
        optimizer.zero grad()
        loss = get foward loss coupled(dB, init x,NT=NT, target=target, y0 model=y0 model main, z models=z models main)
        # print(loss)
        loss.backward()
        # print(params)
        torch.nn.utils.clip grad norm (parameters=params,max norm=2)
        optimizer.step()
        scheduler.step()
        nloss = loss.detach().numpy()
        sloss += nloss
        # print('OptimStep: '+ str(l+1))
        # print('forward_loss: ' + str(nloss))
    avgloss = sloss/OptimSteps
    print("Average Error Est: ", avgloss)
    forward_losses.append(avgloss)
    #Generate a new batch if using multiple batches
    if(not single batch):
        dB = SampleBMIncr(1, Npaths=NumTrain, Nsteps=NT+1)
        init x = Sample Init(N=NumTrain)
plot=plot results(loss=forward losses)
plot.FwdLoss()
plot.results()
plot.qq plot()
```

Batch Number:	1	
Average Error	_	885.5065856933594
Batch Number:		
Average Error		438.6874465942383
Batch Number:		
Average Error	Est:	199.20291976928712
Batch Number:	4	
Average Error	Est:	57.81144428253174
Batch Number:	5	
Average Error	Est:	16.464685440063477
Batch Number:	6	
Average Error	Est:	7.48153703212738
Batch Number:	7	
Average Error	Est:	4.4407522797584535
Batch Number:	8	
Average Error		3.058307909965515
Batch Number:	9	
Average Error		2.504872143268585
Batch Number:	10	
Average Error		2.5245546102523804
Batch Number:	11	2 502264225420474
Average Error		2.503361225128174
Batch Number:		2.5799448609352114
Average Error		2.5/99448609352114
Batch Number: Average Error		2.839347553253174
Batch Number:	14	2.039347333233174
Average Error		3.1482107520103453
Batch Number:	15	3:1402107320103433
Average Error		3,380237138271332
Batch Number:	16	31300237130271332
Average Error		3.5853121876716614
Batch Number:	17	
Average Error		3.8541513800621034
Batch Number:		
Average Error	Est:	4.150747799873352
Batch Number:	19	
Average Error	Est:	4.341237998008728
Batch Number:	20	
Average Error	Est:	4.45786349773407
Batch Number:		
Average Error		4.513315749168396
Batch Number:		
Average Error		4.578388905525207
Batch Number:		4 6004640064500075
Average Error		4.6231642961502075
Batch Number:		4 701600446373004
Average Error		4.701698446273804
Batch Number:		4 025000640666202
Average Error	26	4.925899648666382
Batch Number:	20	

Comparison of A Particular Path

