

# 浙江大学实验报告

课程名称：\_\_\_\_计算机图形学\_\_\_\_ 指导老师：\_\_\_\_成绩：\_\_\_\_

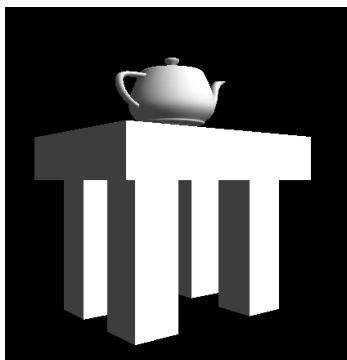
实验名称：\_\_\_\_OpenGL 消隐和光照\_\_\_\_ 实验类型：\_\_\_\_基础实验\_\_\_\_ 同组学生姓名：\_\_\_\_

## 一、实验目的和要求

在 OpenGL 观察实验的基础上，通过实现实验内容，掌握 OpenGL 中消隐和光照的设置，并验证课程中消隐和光照的内容。

## 二、实验内容和原理

使用 Visual Studio C++编译已有项目工程。



模型尺寸不做具体要求。要求修改代码达到以下要求：

1. 通过设置材料使得桌面和四条腿的颜色各不相同，分别为：(1, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0), (1, 1, 0), (0, 1, 1), (0, 0, 1)；
2. 通过设置材料使得茶壶为金黄色；
3. 添加按键处理，移动场景中的光源，并能改变光源的颜色（在两种颜色间切换，颜色自己定义）；
4. 修改茶壶的镜面反射系数，使之对光源呈现高光；
5. 在场景中添加一个聚光光源，其照射区域正好覆盖茶壶，并能调整聚光光源的照射角度和朝向。

## 三、主要仪器设备

Visual Studio C++

glut.zip

模板工程

## 四、实验原理及过程分析

### 1. 设置桌子的材料及颜色

这里我们用到的是 `glMaterial*()` 函数，其函数原型为 `void glMaterial{if}(GLenum face, GLenum pname, TYPE param)` 和 `void glMaterial{if}v(GLenum face, GLenum pname, TYPE *param)`，指定用于光照计算的当前材质属性。参数 `face` 的取值可以是 `GL_FRONT`（正向面）、`GL_BACK`（背相面）或 `GL_FRONT_AND_BACK`（正向面和背向面），指出材质属性将应用于物体的哪面。`pname` 指出要设置的哪种材质属性。`param` 为要设置的属性值，是一个指向数组的指针（向量版本）或一个数值（非向量版本）。只有设置参数值是 `GL_SHININESS` 时，才能使用非向量版本。其中在程序中使用的

GL\_AMBIENT\_AND\_DIFFUSE 能够同时设置材质的环境颜色和散射颜色，并将它们设置为相同的 RGBA 值。下面的表格中列举出了在程序中参数 pname 的取值。

参数值	默认值	意义
GL_AMBIENT	(0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 1.0)	材质的环境颜色
GL_DIFFUSE	(0.8, 0.8, 0.8, 1.0)	材质的散射颜色
GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE		材质的环境颜色和散射颜色
GL_SPECULAR	(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0)	材质的镜面反射颜色
GL_SHININESS	0.0	镜面反射指数

其中，根据实验要求，通过设置材料使得桌面和四条腿的颜色各不相同，分别为：(1, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0), (1, 1, 0), (0, 1, 1), (0, 0, 1)，通过设置材料使得茶壶为金黄色 (0.85, 0.65, 0.2, 1.0)。

与此相关的源代码如下：

```
1. void Draw_Table() // Draw a table with RGB colors
2. {
3.     GLfloat mat_specular[] = { 0.6f , 0.6f , 0.6f , 1.0f };
4.     GLfloat mat_diffuse[] = { 0.85f , 0.65f , 0.2f , 1.0f }; // This color is gold
5.
6.     // The color of table
7.     GLfloat color0[] = { 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f };
8.     GLfloat color1[] = { 0.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f };
9.     GLfloat color2[] = { 1.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f };
10.    GLfloat color3[] = { 0.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f };
11.    GLfloat color4[] = { 0.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f };
12.
13.    // The teapot
14.    glPushMatrix();
15.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_SPECULAR, mat_specular); // Set the specular color
16.    glMateriali(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SHININESS, 50); // Set specular reflection index
17.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, mat_diffuse); // Set the ambient and
    diffuse property
18.    glTranslatef(0, 0, 4 + 1);
19.    glRotatef(90, 1, 0, 0);
20.    glutSolidTeapot(1);
21.    glPopMatrix();
22.
23.    glPushMatrix();
24.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, color0); // Set the specular property
25.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color0); // Set the ambient
    and diffuse property
26.    glTranslatef(0, 0, 3.5);
27.    glScalef(5, 4, 1);
```

```

28.     glutSolidCube(1.0);
29.     glPopMatrix();
30.
31.     glPushMatrix();
32.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, color1); // Set the specular property
33.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color1); // Set the ambient
    and diffuse property
34.     glTranslatef(1.5, 1, 1.5);
35.     Draw_Leg();
36.     glPopMatrix();
37.
38.     glPushMatrix();
39.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, color2); // Set the specular property
40.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color2); // Set the ambient
    and diffuse property
41.     glTranslatef(-1.5, 1, 1.5);
42.     Draw_Leg();
43.     glPopMatrix();
44.
45.     glPushMatrix();
46.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, color3); // Set the specular property
47.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color3); // Set the ambient
    and diffuse property
48.     glTranslatef(1.5, -1, 1.5);
49.     Draw_Leg();
50.     glPopMatrix();
51.
52.     glPushMatrix();
53.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, color4); // Set the specular property
54.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color4); // Set the ambient
    and diffuse property
55.     glTranslatef(-1.5, -1, 1.5);
56.     Draw_Leg();
57.     glPopMatrix();
58.
59. }

```

## 2.光源

添加光照效果，更容易表现三维的物体，在前面的实验中提到，OpenGL 可以设置至少 8 种光源，它们的标号为 GL\_LIGHT0、GL\_LIGHT1、GL\_LIGHT2……。在这里我们使用了两种光源，一种是环境光，另一种是聚光灯。在这里我们运用的创造光源的函数是 void glLightfv (GLenum light, GLenum pname, const GLfloat \*params)。第一个参数 light 指定所创建的光源号，如 GL\_LIGHT0、GL\_LIGHT1、...、GL\_LIGHT7；第二个参数 pname 制定光源特性；第三个参数设置相应的光源特性值。

在设置光照时，我们需要考虑这样三种光：环境反射光、镜面反射光、漫反射光。

### (1) 环境光

我们通过全局变量来控制光源的位置及颜色，相关代码如下：

```
1. bool light_color = true;
2. GLfloat color[] = { 1.0 , 1.0 , 1.0 , 1.0 }; // Define the color of light
3.
4. // The position of ambient light
5. GLfloat ambient_x = 0.0f;
6. GLfloat ambient_y = 0.0f;
7. GLfloat ambient_z = 0.0f;
```

在对环境光的设置中，通过 light\_color 来控制环境光颜色。我们所用到的 glLightfv(GL\_LIGHT0, GL\_POSITION, ambient\_pos)用于设置 0 号光源的位置属性，glLightfv(GL\_LIGHT0, GL\_SPECULAR, white)用于设置 0 号光源的镜面反射光照颜色，glLightfv(GL\_LIGHT0, GL\_DIFFUSE, white) 用于设置 0 号光源的漫反射光照颜色，glLightfv(GL\_LIGHT0, GL\_AMBIENT, color) 用于设置 0 号光源的环境光颜色。void glEnable(GLenum cap)函数用来启动各种功能，其中 cap 是一个参数值，每个参数值有不同的功能，这里我们用 glEnable(GL\_LIGHT0)来启动 0 号光源。相关代码如下：

```
1. GLfloat white[] = { 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0 }; // The color of white
2. GLfloat ambient_pos[] = { 5 + ambient_x , 5 + ambient_y , 5 + ambient_z , 1 }; // The position of ambient light
```

```
1. if (light_color) {
2.     color[0] = 1.0f, color[1] = 1.0f, color[2] = 1.0f, color[3] = 1.0f; // The color of white
3. }
4. else {
5.     color[0] = 0.0f, color[1] = 1.0f, color[2] = 0.0f, color[3] = 1.0f; // Another color
6. }
7.
8. glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_POSITION, ambient_pos); // Set the illumination position of the 0th light source
9. glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_SPECULAR, white); // Set the specular lighting color
10. glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_DIFFUSE, white); // Set the diffuse lighting color
11. glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_AMBIENT, color); // Set the illumination color after the multiple reflection of the No. 0 light source (ambient light color)
12. glEnable(GL_LIGHT0); // Turn on the 0th light source
```

### (2) 聚光灯

我们通过全局变量来控制聚光灯的方向及照射角度，相关代码如下：

```
1. //The direction and angle of spot light
```

```

2. GLfloat spotdir_x = 0.0f;
3. GLfloat spotdir_y = 0.0f;
4. GLfloat spotdir_z = 0.0f;
5. GLfloat spot_angle = 5.0f;

```

在对聚光灯的设置中,我们所用到的 `glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_POSITION, ambient_pos)`用于设置 1 号光源的位置属性, `glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPECULAR, white)`用于设置 1 号光源的镜面反射光照颜色, `glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_DIFFUSE, white)` 用于设置 1 号光源的漫反射光照颜色, `glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_AMBIENT, color)` 用于设置 1 号光源的环境光颜色, `glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_POSITION, spot_pos)`用于设置 1 号光源位置, `glLightf(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPOT_CUTOFF, spot_angle)` 用于设置 1 号光源的裁剪角度, `glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPOT_DIRECTION, spot_direction)` 用于设置 1 号光源的光源方向, `glLightf(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPOT_EXPONENT, 2.)` 用于设置 1 号光源的聚集度, 聚光灯有光源位置, 也会随着传播距离增加而衰减, 还有照射方向, 另外聚光灯增加的特性是, 它的照射范围在一个圆锥内, 类似探照灯的效果。我们对位置性光源的形状加以限制, 使它的发射范围限于一个椎体之内, 类似聚光灯的效果。为此, 需要确定光锥的发射范围。为了指定光锥轴和光锥边缘之间的角度, 这里使用 `GL_SPOT_CUTOFF` 参数。使得光锥的最大角度是这个值的两倍。 `glEnable(GL_LIGHT1)`用于启动 1 号光源。相关代码如下:

```

1. GLfloat spot_pos[] = { 0.0f , 5.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f }; // The position of spot light
2. GLfloat spot_direction[] = { 0.0f + spotdir_x , -1.0f + spotdir_y , 0.0f + spotdir_z };
   // The direction of spot light

```

```

1. glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_AMBIENT, color); // Set ambient light composition
2. glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPECULAR, white); // Set specular light composition
3. glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_DIFFUSE, white); // Set diffuse light composition
4.
5. glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_POSITION, spot_pos);
6. glLightf(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPOT_CUTOFF, spot_angle); // Cut angle
7. glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPOT_DIRECTION, spot_direction); // Light source direction
8. glLightf(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPOT_EXPONENT, 2.); // Aggregation
9. glEnable(GL_LIGHT1); // Turn on the first light source

```

### 3.按键设置

Q: 退出

P: 切换投影方式（正投影与透视投影）

空格键: 启动与暂停旋转（桌子与茶壶一起绕桌子中心轴旋转）

O 切换渲染方式（填充模式与线框模式）

WASDZC: 控制相机上下左右前后移动

IKJLRY: 控制环境光上下左右前后移动

X: 环境光颜色转换

TGFHVB: 控制聚光灯上下左右前后移动

NM: 控制聚光灯角度大小

相关代码如下：

```
1. void key(unsigned char k, int x, int y)
2. {
3.     switch (k)
4.     {
5.         case 27:
6.             case 'q': {exit(0); break; } // exit
7.             case 'p': {bPersp = !bPersp; updateView(wHeight, wWidth); break; } //Switch orthographic projection and perspective projection
8.
9.             case ' ': {bAnim = !bAnim; break; } // Switch the rotation mode
10.            case 'o': {bWire = !bWire; break; } // Switch the rendering mode
11.
12.            case 'a': {// Move left
13.                eye[0] += 0.2f;
14.                center[0] += 0.2f;
15.                break;
16.            }
17.            case 'd': {// Move right
18.                eye[0] -= 0.2f;
19.                center[0] -= 0.2f;
20.                break;
21.            }
22.            case 'w': {// Move up
23.                eye[1] -= 0.2f;
24.                center[1] -= 0.2f;
25.                break;
26.            }
27.            case 's': {// Move down
28.                eye[1] += 0.2f;
29.                center[1] += 0.2f;
30.                break;
31.            }
32.            case 'z': {// Move forward
33.                eye[2] -= 0.2f;
34.                center[2] -= 0.2f;
35.                break;
36.            }
37.            case 'c': {// Move backwards
38.                eye[2] += 0.2f;
39.                center[2] += 0.2f;
40.                break;
41.            }
42.            case 'j': {// Ambient light moves left
```

```
43.     ambient_x = ambient_x - 0.2f;
44.     break;
45. }
46. case 'l': { // Ambient light moves right
47.     ambient_x = ambient_x + 0.2f;
48.     break;
49. }
50. case 'i': { // Ambient light moves up
51.     ambient_y = ambient_y + 0.2f;
52.     break;
53. }
54. case 'k': { // Ambient light moves down
55.     ambient_y = ambient_y - 0.2f;
56.     break;
57. }
58. case 'r': { // Ambient light moves forward
59.     ambient_z = ambient_z + 0.2f;
60.     break;
61. }
62. case 'y': { // Ambient light moves backwards
63.     ambient_z = ambient_z - 0.2f;
64.     break;
65. }
66. case 'x': { // Ambient light color switching
67.     light_color = !light_color;
68.     break;
69. }
70. case 'f': { // Spot light moves left
71.     spotdir_x = spotdir_x - 0.05f;
72.     break;
73. }
74. case 'h': { // Spot light moves right
75.     spotdir_x = spotdir_x + 0.05f;
76.     break;
77. }
78. case 't': { // Spot light moves up
79.     spotdir_y = spotdir_y - 0.05f;
80.     break;
81. }
82. case 'g': { // Spot light moves down
83.     spotdir_y = spotdir_y + 0.05f;
84.     break;
85. }
86. case 'v': { // Spot light moves forward
```

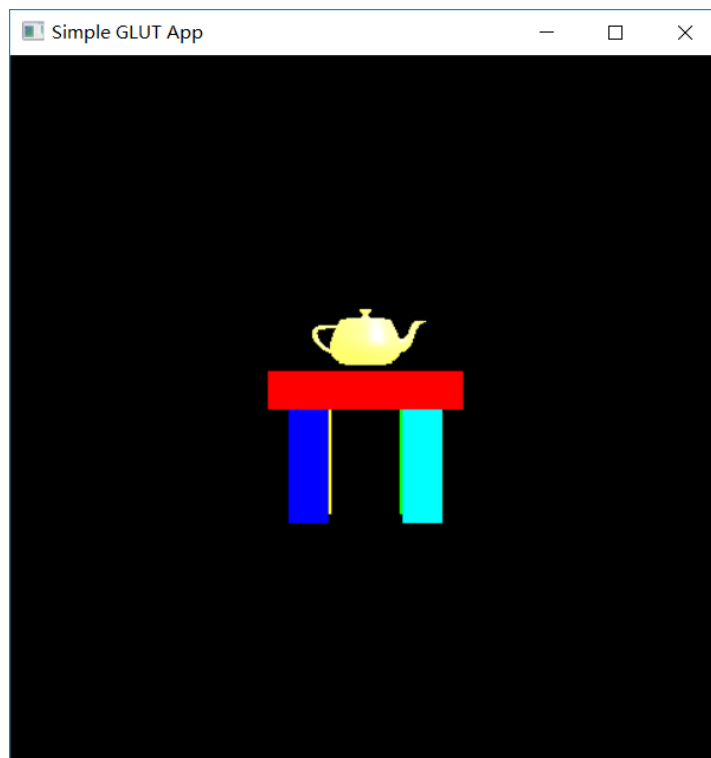
```

87.         spotdir_z = spotdir_z + 0.05f;
88.         break;
89.     }
90.     case 'b': { // Spot light moves backwards
91.         spotdir_z = spotdir_z - 0.05f;
92.         break;
93.     }
94.     case 'n': { // Spotlight angle becomes larger
95.         if (spot_angle <= 89.0f)
96.             spot_angle = spot_angle + 0.2f;
97.         break;
98.     }
99.     case 'm': { // Spotlight angle becomes smaller
100.        if (spot_angle >= 1.0f)
101.            spot_angle = spot_angle - 0.2f;
102.        break;
103.    }
104. }
105.
106.     updateView(wHeight, wWidth);
107. }

```

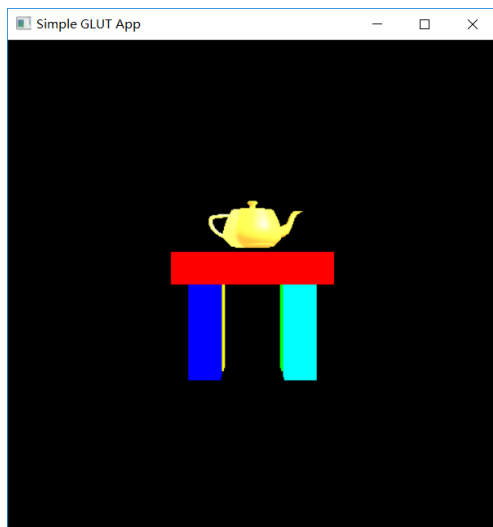
## 五、实验结果与分析

初始:





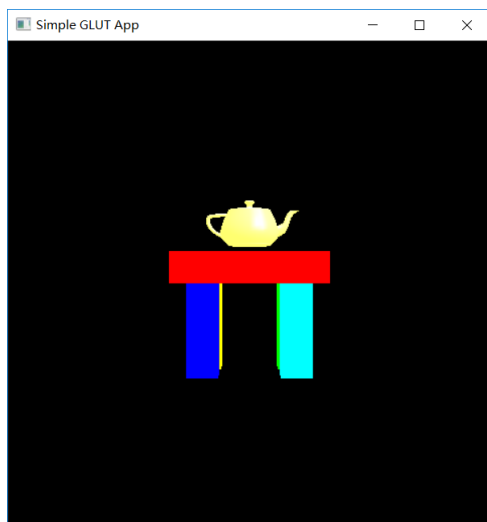
## 1. 聚光灯



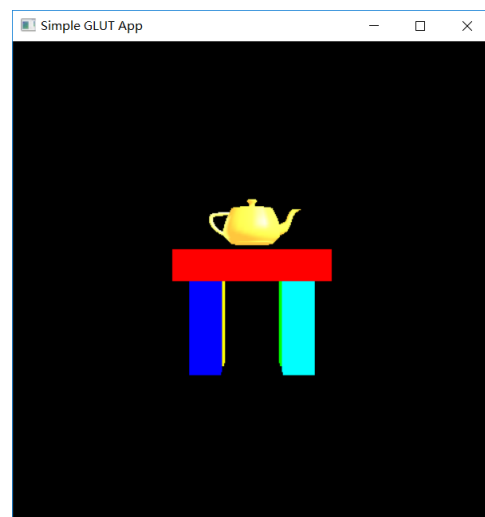
聚光灯左移



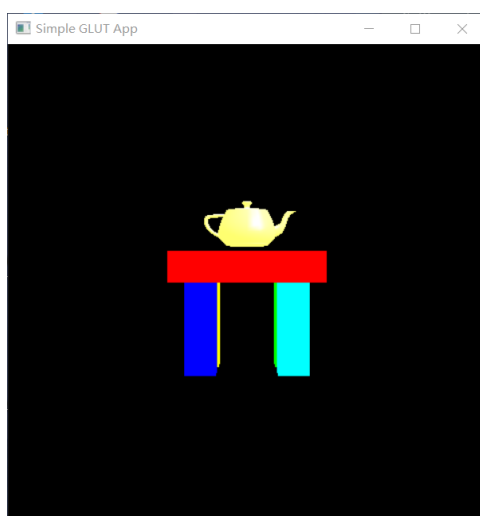
聚光灯右移



聚光灯上移



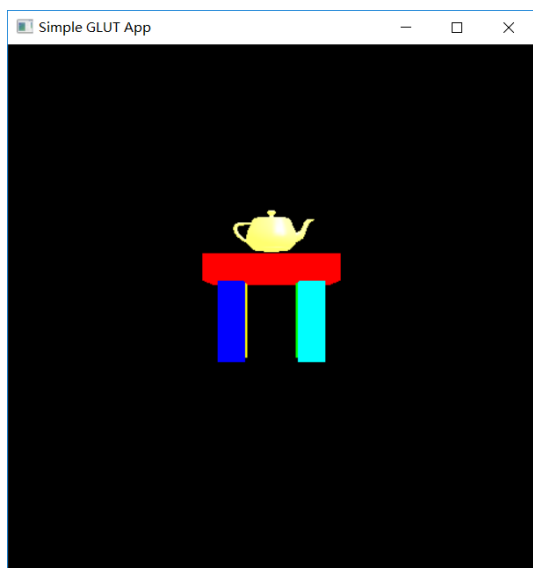
聚光灯下移



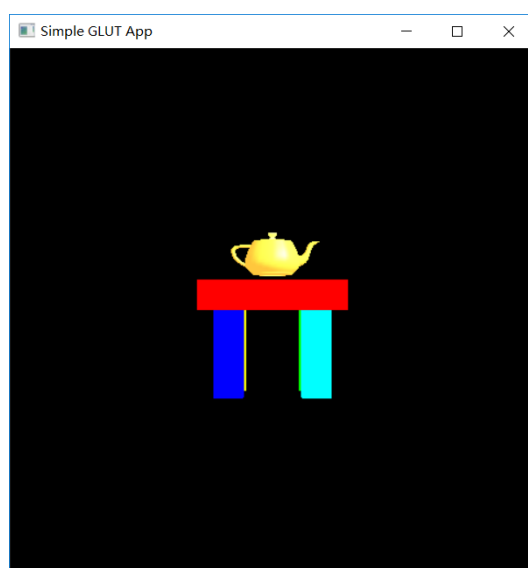
聚光灯前移



聚光灯后移

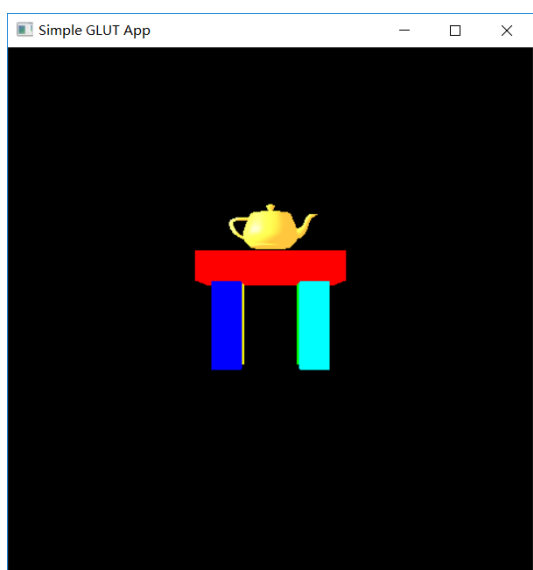


聚光灯角度变大



聚光灯角度变小

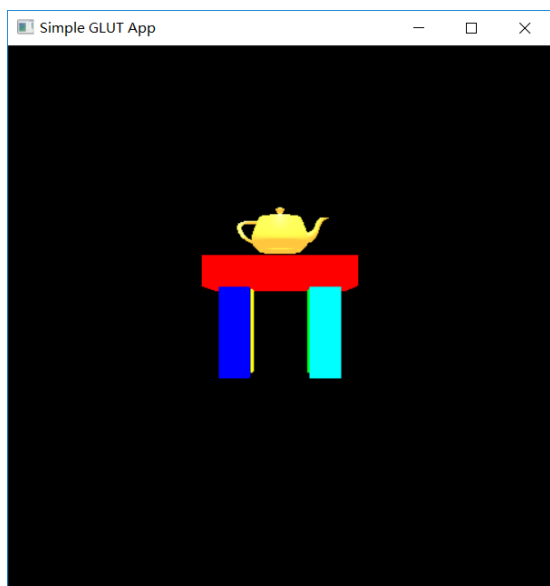
## 2.环境光



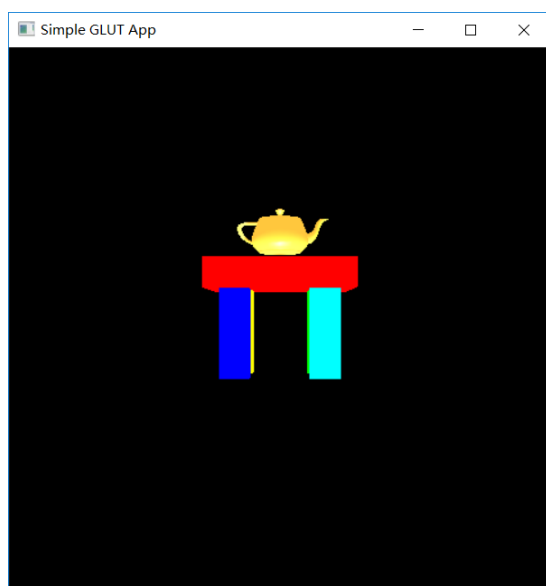
环境光左移



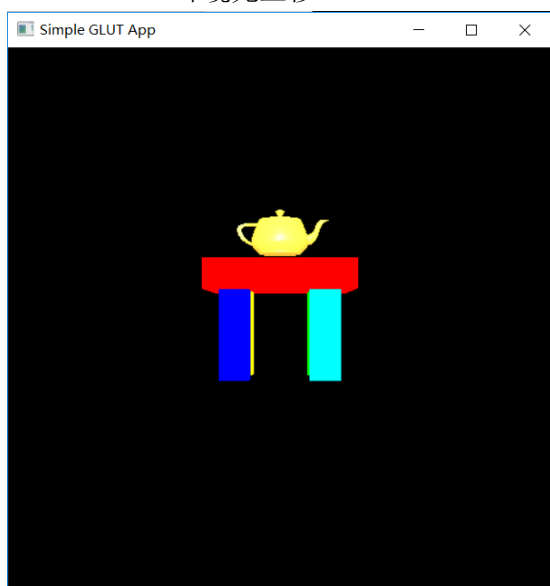
环境光右移



环境光上移



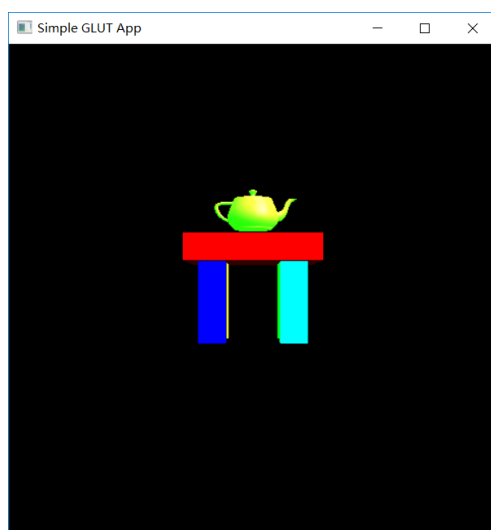
环境光下移



环境光前移



环境光后移



环境光转换颜色

由实验结果可以看出,当聚光灯或者环境光的位置发生变化时,对于物体的光照效果是非常不同的。在本次实验中,通过运用 OpenGL,在观察实验的基础上和实现实验内容的过程中,学会了 OpenGL 中消隐和光照的设置,并通过实验验证了课程中消隐和光照的理论内容。

## 六、源代码

```
1. #include <stdlib.h>
2. #include "GL/glut.h"
3.
4. float fTranslate;
5. float fRotate;
6. float fScale = 1.0f;    // set initial scale value to 1.0f
7.
8. bool bPersp = false;    // Judge whether it is a perspective projection or a orthographic p
    rejection
9. bool bAnim = false;    // Determine if the teapot and table rotate
10. bool bWire = false;    // Determine if the drawing mode is linear or filled
11.
12. int wHeight = 0;
13. int wWidth = 0;
14.
15. bool light_color = true;
16. GLfloat color[] = { 1.0 , 1.0 , 1.0 , 1.0 };    // Define the color of light
17.
18. // The position of ambient light
19. GLfloat ambient_x = 0.0f;
20. GLfloat ambient_y = 0.0f;
21. GLfloat ambient_z = 0.0f;
22.
23. //The direction and angle of spot light
24. GLfloat spotdir_x = 0.0f;
25. GLfloat spotdir_y = 0.0f;
26. GLfloat spotdir_z = 0.0f;
27. GLfloat spot_angle = 5.0f;
28.
29. void Draw_Leg()    // Draw a leg
30. {
31.     glScalef(1, 1, 3);    // Stretch the model three times in the z direction
32.     glutSolidCube(1.0);    // Draw a cube with a side length of one
33. }
34.
35. void Draw_Table()    // Draw a table with RGB colors
36. {
37.     GLfloat mat_specular[] = { 0.6f , 0.6f , 0.6f , 1.0f };
38.     GLfloat mat_diffuse[] = { 0.85f , 0.65f , 0.2f , 1.0f };    // This color is gold
39.
```

```

40.    // The color of table
41.    GLfloat color0[] = { 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f };
42.    GLfloat color1[] = { 0.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f };
43.    GLfloat color2[] = { 1.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f };
44.    GLfloat color3[] = { 0.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f };
45.    GLfloat color4[] = { 0.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f };
46.
47.    // The teapot
48.    glPushMatrix();
49.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_SPECULAR, mat_specular); // Set the specular color
50.    glMateriali(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SHININESS, 50); // Set specular reflection index
51.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, mat_diffuse); // Set the ambient and
    diffuse property
52.    glTranslatef(0, 0, 4 + 1);
53.    glRotatef(90, 1, 0, 0);
54.    glutSolidTeapot(1);
55.    glPopMatrix();
56.
57.    glPushMatrix();
58.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, color0); // Set the specular property
59.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color0); // Set the ambient
    and diffuse property
60.    glTranslatef(0, 0, 3.5);
61.    glScalef(5, 4, 1);
62.    glutSolidCube(1.0);
63.    glPopMatrix();
64.
65.    glPushMatrix();
66.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, color1); // Set the specular property
67.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color1); // Set the ambient
    and diffuse property
68.    glTranslatef(1.5, 1, 1.5);
69.    Draw_Leg();
70.    glPopMatrix();
71.
72.    glPushMatrix();
73.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, color2); // Set the specular property
74.    glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color2); // Set the ambient
    and diffuse property
75.    glTranslatef(-1.5, 1, 1.5);
76.    Draw_Leg();
77.    glPopMatrix();
78.
79.    glPushMatrix();

```

```

80.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, color3); // Set the specular property
81.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color3); // Set the ambient
    and diffuse property
82.     glTranslatef(1.5, -1, 1.5);
83.     Draw_Leg();
84.     glPopMatrix();
85.
86.     glPushMatrix();
87.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_SPECULAR, color4); // Set the specular property
88.     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE, color4); // Set the ambient
    and diffuse property
89.     glTranslatef(-1.5, -1, 1.5);
90.     Draw_Leg();
91.     glPopMatrix();
92.
93. }
94.
95.
96. void updateView(int width, int height)
97. {
98.     glViewport(0, 0, width, height); // Reset the current viewport
99.
100.    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION); // Select the projection matrix
101.    glLoadIdentity(); // Reset the projection matrix
102.
103.    float whRatio = (GLfloat)width / (GLfloat)height; // Set the display scale
104.    if (bPersp) {
105.        gluPerspective(45.0f, whRatio, 0.1f, 100.0f); // Perspective mode, the paramete
        rs of the function are angle of view, aspect ratio, near, far
106.        //glFrustum(-3, 3, -3, 3, 3,100);
107.    }
108.    else {
109.        glOrtho(-3, 3, -3, 3, -100, 100);
110.    }
111.
112.    glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW); // Select the modelview matrix
113. }
114.
115. void reshape(int width, int height)
116. {
117.     if (height == 0) // Prevent A divide by zero

```

```

118.     {
119.         height = 1;                                // Make Height Equal One
120.     }
121.
122.     wHeight = height;
123.     wWidth = width;
124.
125.     updateView(wHeight, wWidth);
126. }
127.
128. void idle()
129. {
130.     glutPostRedisplay(); // Call the current drawing function
131. }
132.
133. float eye[] = { 0, 0, 8 }; // The place of the camera
134. float center[] = { 0, 0, 0 }; // The place of the object
135.
136. void key(unsigned char k, int x, int y)
137. {
138.     switch (k)
139.     {
140.         case 27:
141.             case 'q': {exit(0); break; } // exit
142.             case 'p': {bPersp = !bPersp; updateView(wHeight, wWidth); break; } //Switch orthogr
aphic projection and perspective projection
143.
144.             case ' ': {bAnim = !bAnim; break; } // Switch the rotation mode
145.             case 'o': {bWire = !bWire; break; } // Switch the rendering mode
146.
147.             case 'a': {// Move left
148.                 eye[0] += 0.2f;
149.                 center[0] += 0.2f;
150.                 break;
151.             }
152.             case 'd': {// Move right
153.                 eye[0] -= 0.2f;
154.                 center[0] -= 0.2f;
155.                 break;
156.             }
157.             case 'w': {// Move up
158.                 eye[1] -= 0.2f;
159.                 center[1] -= 0.2f;
160.                 break;

```

```
161.     }
162.     case 's': {// Move down
163.         eye[1] += 0.2f;
164.         center[1] += 0.2f;
165.         break;
166.     }
167.     case 'z': {// Move forward
168.         eye[2] -= 0.2f;
169.         center[2] -= 0.2f;
170.         break;
171.     }
172.     case 'c': {// Move backwards
173.         eye[2] += 0.2f;
174.         center[2] += 0.2f;
175.         break;
176.     }
177.     case 'j': {// Ambient light moves left
178.         ambient_x = ambient_x - 0.2f;
179.         break;
180.     }
181.     case 'l': {// Ambient light moves right
182.         ambient_x = ambient_x + 0.2f;
183.         break;
184.     }
185.     case 'i': {// Ambient light moves up
186.         ambient_y = ambient_y + 0.2f;
187.         break;
188.     }
189.     case 'k': {// Ambient light moves down
190.         ambient_y = ambient_y - 0.2f;
191.         break;
192.     }
193.     case 'r': {// Ambient light moves forward
194.         ambient_z = ambient_z + 0.2f;
195.         break;
196.     }
197.     case 'y': {// Ambient light moves backwards
198.         ambient_z = ambient_z - 0.2f;
199.         break;
200.     }
201.     case 'x': {// Ambient light color switching
202.         light_color = !light_color;
203.         break;
204.     }
```



```

205.     case 'f': { // Spot light moves left
206.         spotdir_x = spotdir_x - 0.05f;
207.         break;
208.     }
209.     case 'h': { // Spot light moves right
210.         spotdir_x = spotdir_x + 0.05f;
211.         break;
212.     }
213.     case 't': { // Spot light moves up
214.         spotdir_y = spotdir_y - 0.05f;
215.         break;
216.     }
217.     case 'g': { // Spot light moves down
218.         spotdir_y = spotdir_y + 0.05f;
219.         break;
220.     }
221.     case 'v': { // Spot light moves forward
222.         spotdir_z = spotdir_z + 0.05f;
223.         break;
224.     }
225.     case 'b': { // Spot light moves backwards
226.         spotdir_z = spotdir_z - 0.05f;
227.         break;
228.     }
229.     case 'n': { // Spotlight angle becomes larger
230.         if (spot_angle <= 89.0f)
231.             spot_angle = spot_angle + 0.2f;
232.         break;
233.     }
234.     case 'm': { // Spotlight angle becomes smaller
235.         if (spot_angle >= 1.0f)
236.             spot_angle = spot_angle - 0.2f;
237.         break;
238.     }
239. }
240.
241.     updateView(wHeight, wWidth);
242. }
243.
244.
245. void redraw()
246. {
247.

```

```

248.    glClearColor(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT); // Clear color cache and depth
    cache
249.    glLoadIdentity(); // Reset The Current Modelview M
    atrix
250.
251.    // The place of the camera,
252.    // the place of the object
253.    // and the observation direction
254.    gluLookAt(eye[0], eye[1], eye[2],
255.        center[0], center[1], center[2],
256.        0, 1, 0);
257.
258.    if (bWire) {
259.        glPolygonMode(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_LINE); // Set the polygon drawing mode: fro
    nt and back, line type
260.    }
261.    else {
262.        glPolygonMode(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_FILL); // Set the polygon drawing mode: fro
    nt and back, fill type
263.    }
264.
265.    glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST); // Open depth test
266.    glEnable(GL_LIGHTING); // Turn on lighting mode
267.
268.    GLfloat white[] = { 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0 }; // The color of white
269.    GLfloat ambient_pos[] = { 5 + ambient_x , 5 + ambient_y , 5 + ambient_z , 1 }; // T
    he position of ambient light
270.    GLfloat spot_pos[] = { 0.0f , 5.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f }; // The position of spot light
271.    GLfloat spot_direction[] = { 0.0f + spotdir_x , -1.0f + spotdir_y , 0.0f + spotdir_z
    }; // The direction of spot light
272.
273.    if (light_color) {
274.        color[0] = 1.0f, color[1] = 1.0f, color[2] = 1.0f, color[3] = 1.0f; // The colo
    r of white
275.    }
276.    else {
277.        color[0] = 0.0f, color[1] = 1.0f, color[2] = 0.0f, color[3] = 1.0f; // Another
    color
278.    }
279.
280.    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_POSITION, ambient_pos); // Set the illumination position of
    the 0th light source
281.    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_SPECULAR, white); // Set the specular lighting color
282.    glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_DIFFUSE, white); // Set the diffuse lighting color

```

```

283.     glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_AMBIENT, color); // Set the illumination color after the mu
        tiple reflection of the No. 0 light source (ambient light color)
284.     glEnable(GL_LIGHT0); // Turn on the 0th light source
285.
286.     glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_AMBIENT, color); // Set ambient light composition
287.     glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPECULAR, white); // Set specular light composition
288.     glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_DIFFUSE, white); // Set diffuse light composition
289.
290.     glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_POSITION, spot_pos);
291.     glLightf(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPOT_CUTOFF, spot_angle); // Cut angle
292.     glLightfv(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPOT_DIRECTION, spot_direction); // Light source direction
293.
294.     glLightf(GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPOT_EXPONENT, 2.); // Aggregation
295.     glEnable(GL_LIGHT1); // Turn on the first light source
296.
297.     // glTranslatef(0.0f, 0.0f,-6.0f); // Place the triangle at Center
298.     glRotatef(fRotate, 0, 1.0f, 0); // Rotate around Y axis
299.     glRotatef(-90, 1, 0, 0); // Make the table facing the camera
300.     glScalef(0.2, 0.2, 0.2); // Scale to make the object appear in the window at the ap
        propriate size
301.     Draw_Table(); // Draw Scene
302.
303.     if (bAnim) fRotate += 0.5f; // Rotation factor change
304.     glutSwapBuffers(); // Swap buffer
305. }
306.
307. int main(int argc, char *argv[])
308. {
309.     glutInit(&argc, argv); // Initialize the glut library
310.     glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_RGBA | GLUT_DEPTH | GLUT_DOUBLE); // Specify the window di
        splay mode that the function glutCreateWindow will create. RGB mode Double buffering
311.     glutInitWindowSize(480, 480); // Set the window position, which is the position of
        the top left corner of the window relative to the entire screen
312.     int windowHandle = glutCreateWindow("Simple GLUT App"); // Set the window title
313.
314.     glutDisplayFunc(redraw); // Register a draw callback function that specifies the fu
        nction to call when the window content needs to be redrawn
315.     glutReshapeFunc(reshape); // The callback function when the registration window size
        changes.
316.     glutKeyboardFunc(key); // Register key callback function
317.     glutIdleFunc(idle); // Register global callback function : call when idle
318.
319.     glutMainLoop(); // Glut event processing loop

```

```
320.     return 0;  
321. }
```