



# VOLTAGE-DIVIDER

## JFET DC BIASING

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# TOPIC OUTLINE

## Voltage-Divider Bias

- Gate-to-Source Loop
- Drain-to-Source Loop
- Transconductance Curve



# VOLTAGE-DIVIDER BIAS



# GENERAL RELATIONSHIPS

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Gate Current

$$i_G \cong 0$$

Drain Current

$$i_D = I_{DSS} \left( 1 - \frac{v_{GS}}{V_P} \right)^2$$

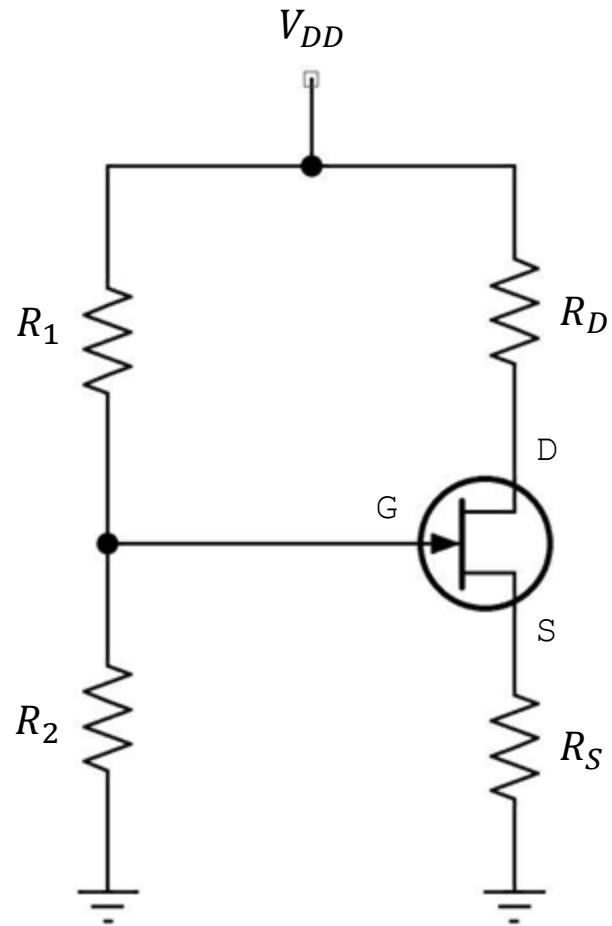
Source Current

$$i_D = i_S$$

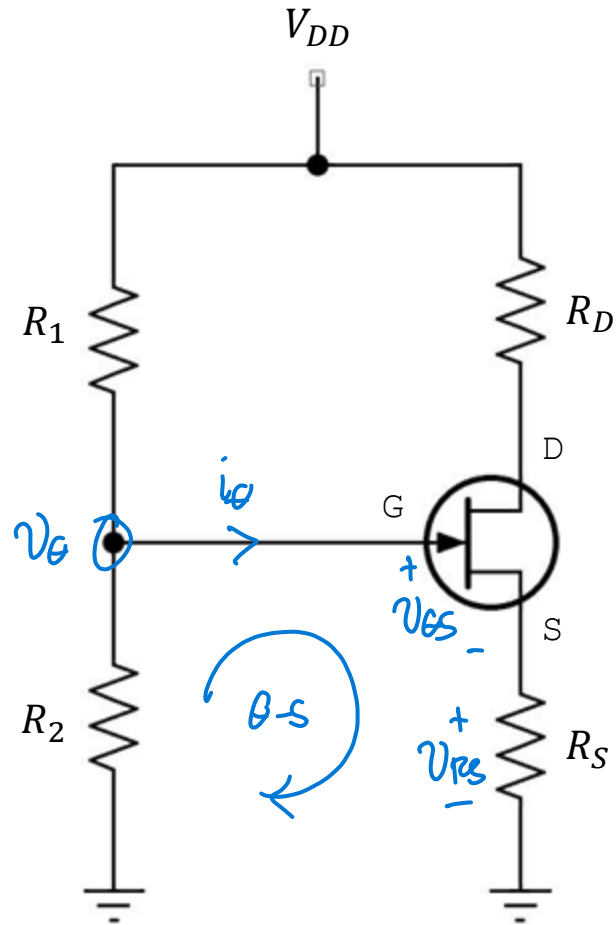


# VOLTAGE-DIVIDER BIAS CONFIGURATION

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# GATE-TO-SOURCE



KVL @ G-S

$$-V_G + \underline{V_{GS}} + V_{DS} = 0$$

$$V_{GS} = V_G - V_{DS}$$

$$V_{GS} = V_G - \cancel{i_D R_S}^{i_D}$$

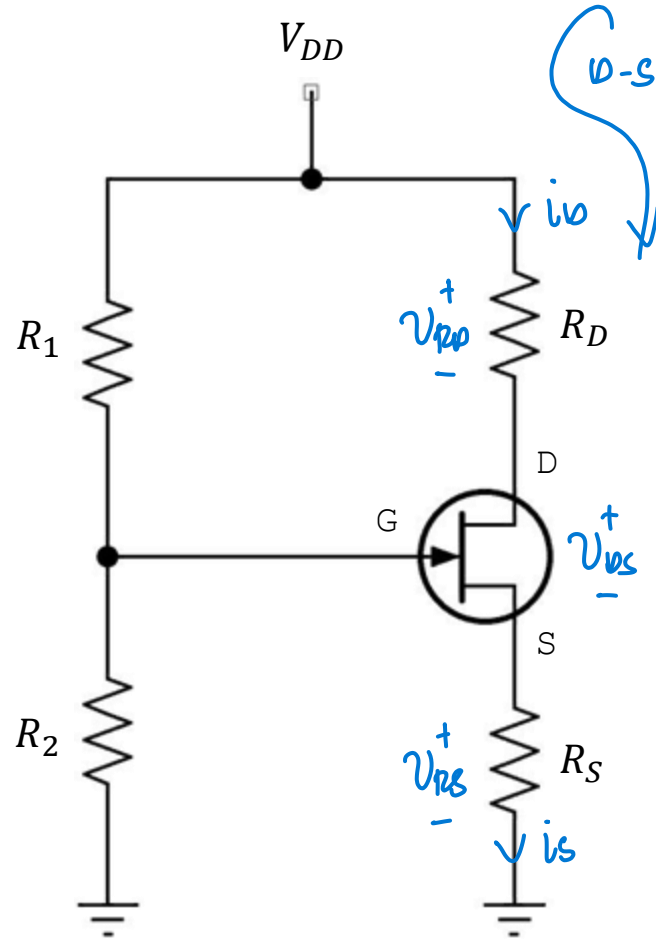
$$\boxed{V_{GS} = V_G - i_D R_D}$$

by VDT

$$\underline{V_G = V_{DD} \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}}$$



# DRAIN-TO-SOURCE



KVL @ D-S

$$-V_{DD} + V_{RD} + \underline{V_{GS}} + V_{RS} = 0$$

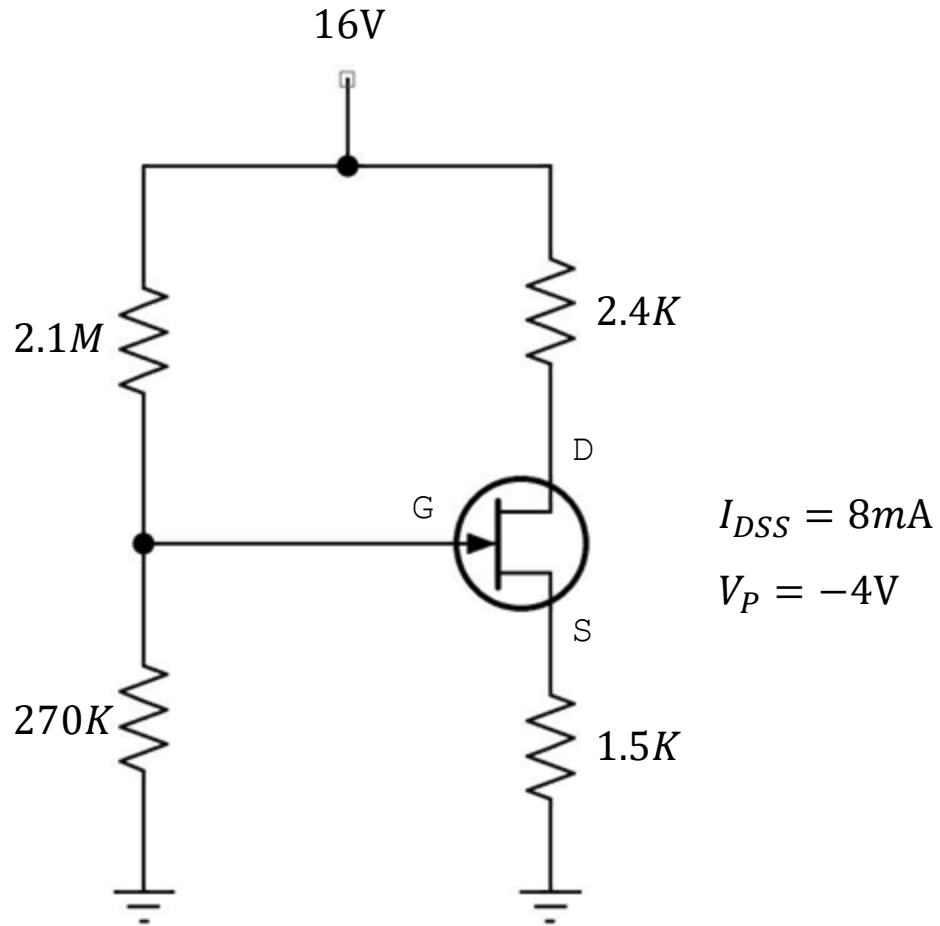
$$V_{GS} = V_{DD} - V_{RD} - V_{RS}$$

$$V_{GS} = V_{DD} - i_D R_D - i_S R_S$$

$$V_{GS} = V_{DD} - i_D (R_D + R_S)$$



## EXERCISE



For the given network, determine the following :

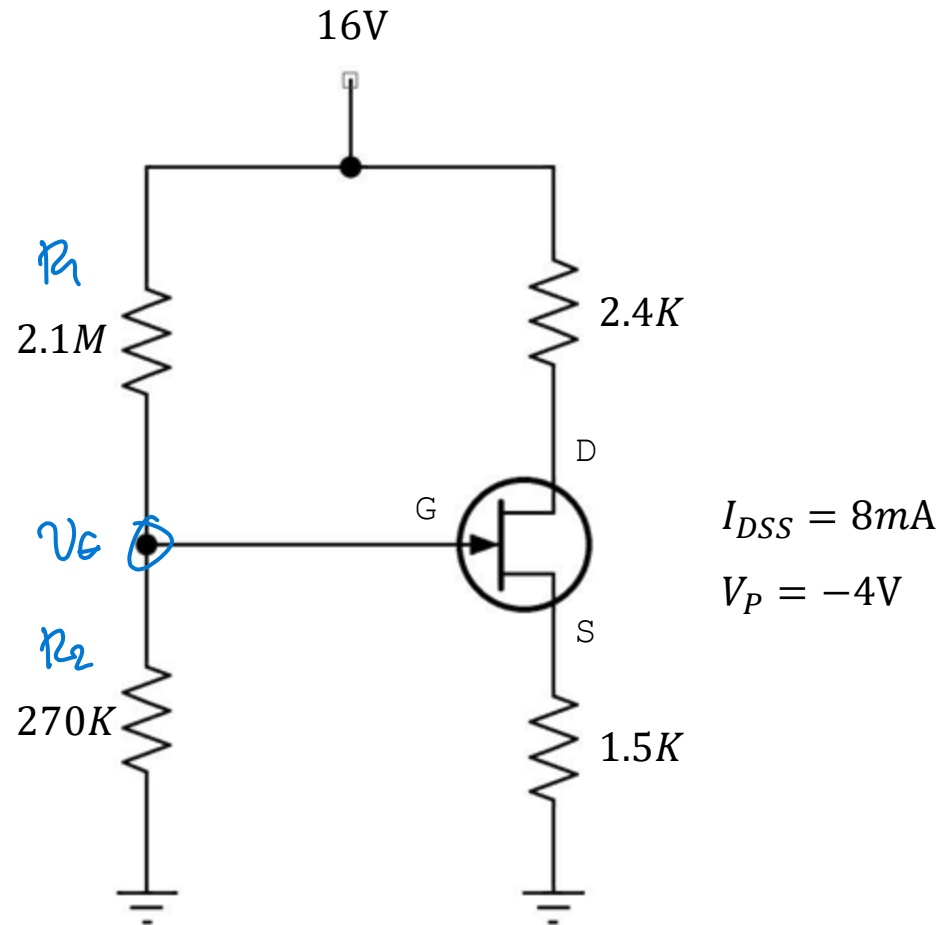
- Gate voltage ( $v_G$ )
- Gate-source voltage ( $v_{GSQ}$ )
- Drain current ( $i_{DQ}$ )
- Drain-source voltage ( $v_{DS}$ )
- Source voltage ( $v_S$ )

and sketch the transconductance curve.





## EXERCISE



Solution

by VDT

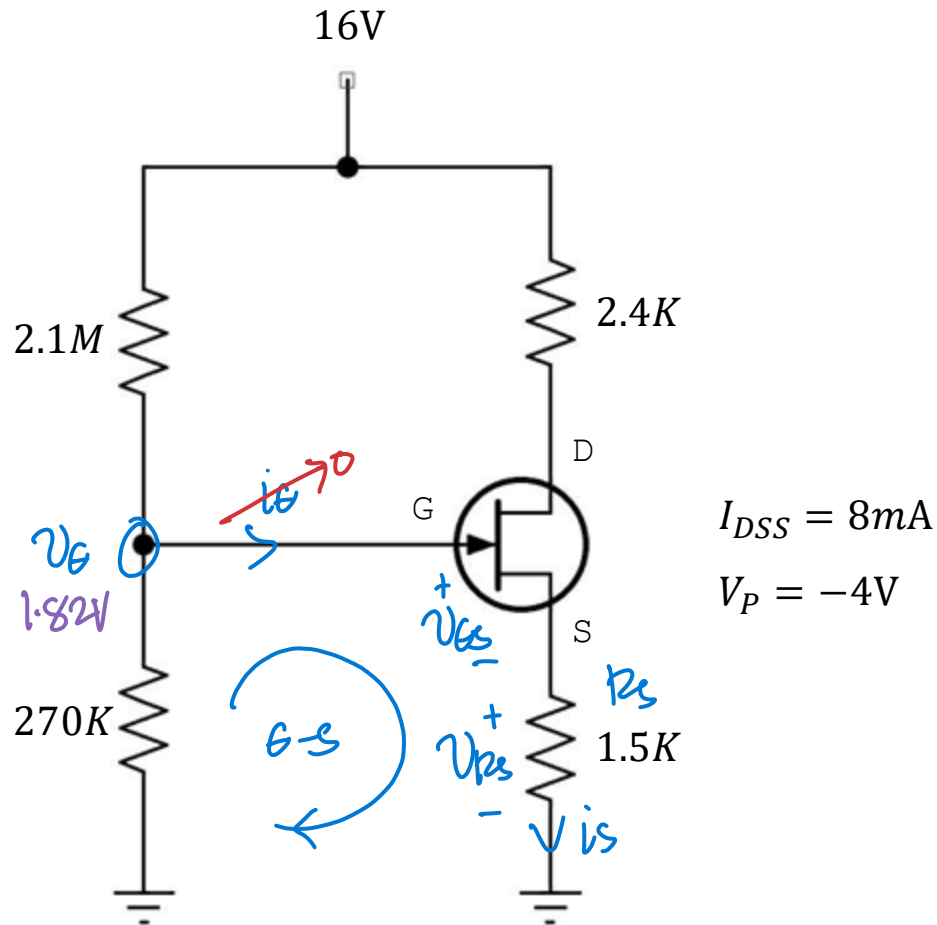
$$V_G = V_{DD} \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$V_G = 16 \frac{270\text{K}}{2.1\text{M} + 270\text{K}}$$

$$V_G = 1.82\text{V}$$

ans

## EXERCISE



Solution

KVL @ GS

$$-V_G + V_{GS} + V_{RS} = 0$$

$$V_{GS} = V_G - V_{RS} \quad \text{with } V_{RS} = I_D R_S$$

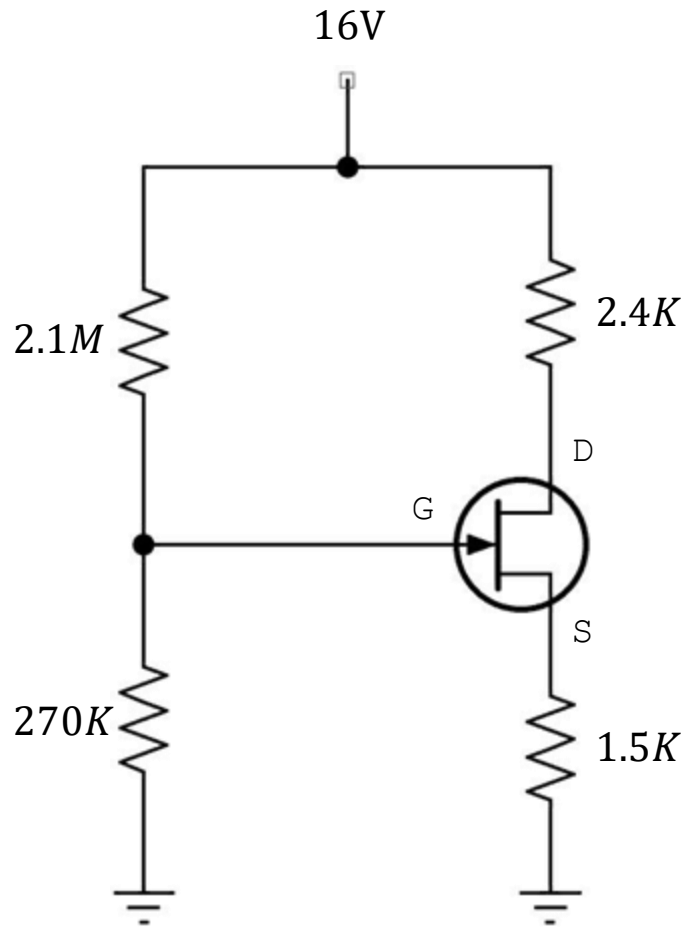
$$V_{GS} = V_G - I_D R_S$$

$$V_{GS} = V_G - I_{DSS} R_S \left(1 - \frac{V_{GS}}{V_P}\right)^2$$

$$V_{GS} = V_G - I_{DSS} R_S \left(1 - \frac{2V_{GS}}{V_P} + \frac{V_{GS}^2}{V_P^2}\right)$$

$$V_{GS} = 1.82 - (8\text{m})(1.5\text{k}) \left[1 - \frac{2V_{GS}}{-4} + \frac{V_{GS}^2}{(-4)^2}\right]$$

## EXERCISE



$$I_{DSS} = 8\text{mA}$$

$$V_P = -4\text{V}$$

Solution

$$V_{GS} = 1.82 - \underline{12} \left( 1 + \frac{V_{GS}}{2} + \frac{V_{GS}^2}{16} \right)$$

$$\cancel{V_{GS}} = \cancel{1.82} - \cancel{12} - \cancel{6} V_{GS} - \cancel{0.75} V_{GS}^2$$

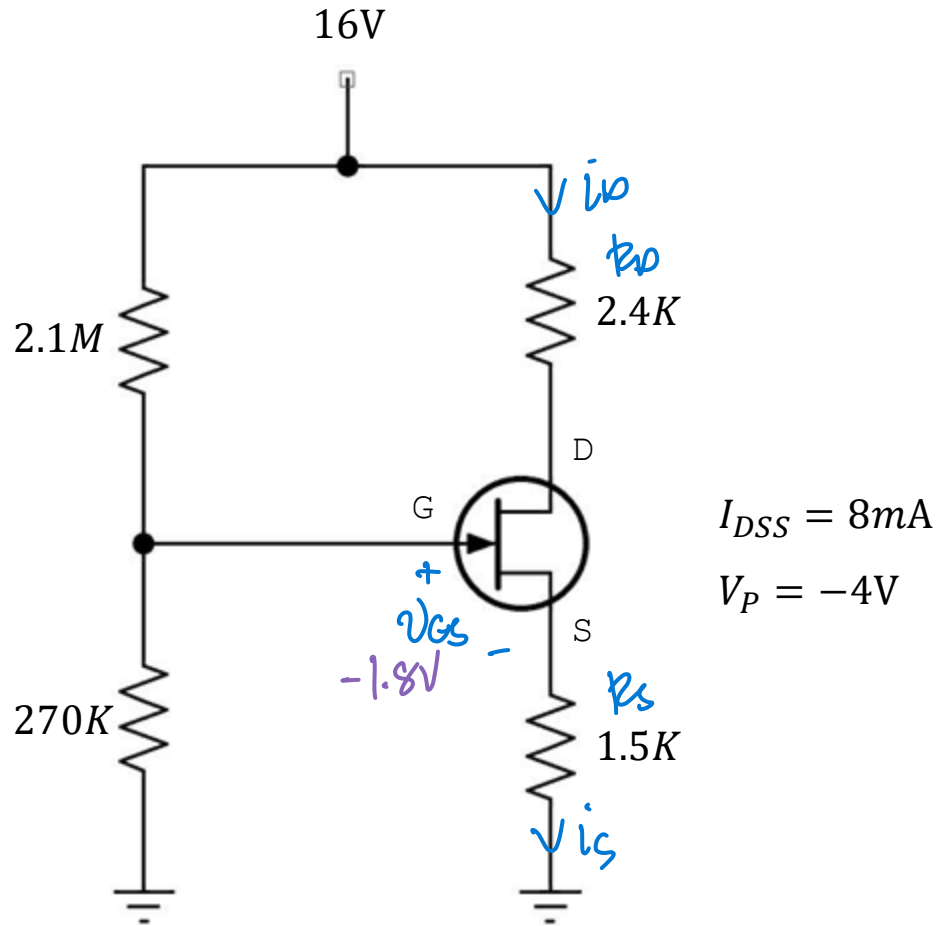
$$0 = -10.18 - 7 V_{GS} - 0.75 V_{GS}^2$$

$$V_{GS} = -7.53\text{V}$$

$$V_{GSQ} = -1.8\text{V}$$

ans

## EXERCISE



Solution

Shockley's Equation

$$i_D = I_{DSS} \left( 1 - \frac{V_{GS}}{V_P} \right)^2$$

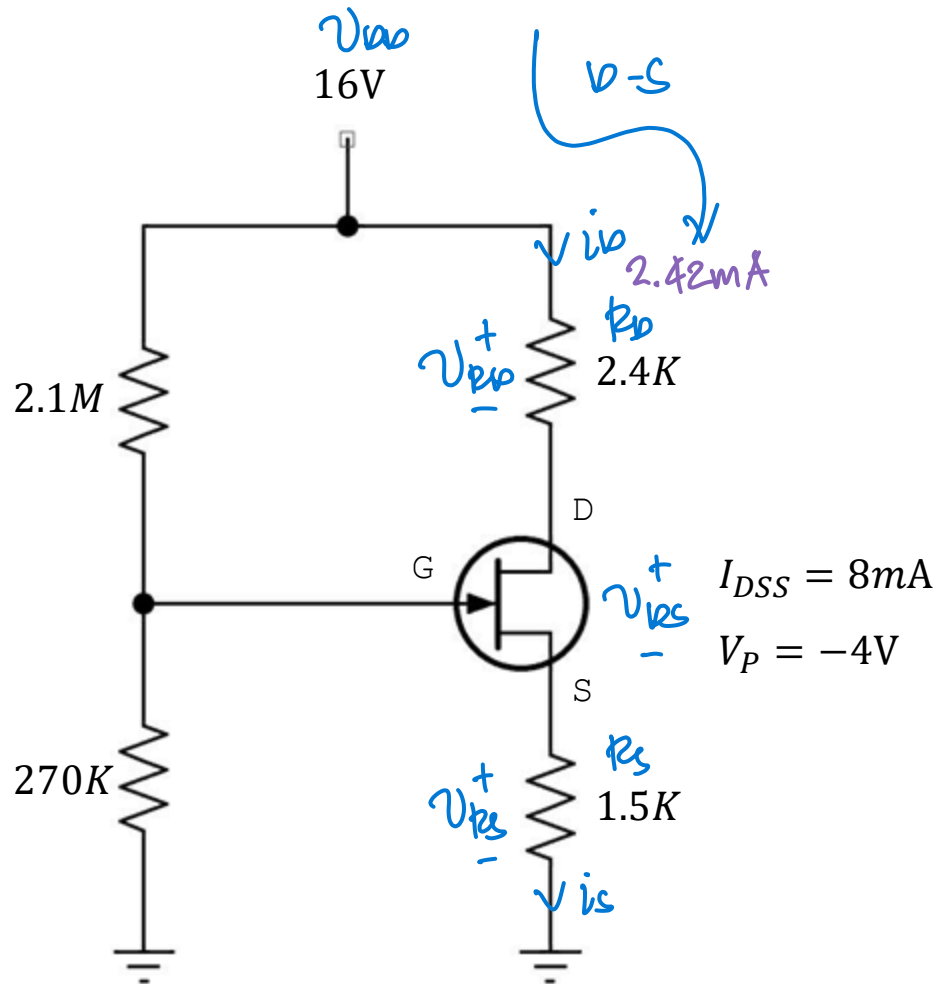
$$i_D = 8m \left( 1 - \frac{-1.8}{-4} \right)^2$$

$$i_{DQ} = 2.42mA$$

ans



## EXERCISE



Solution

KVL @ D-S

$$-V_{DD} + V_{RD} + \underline{V_{DS}} + V_{RS} = 0$$

$$V_{DS} = V_{DD} - V_{RD} - V_{RS}$$

$$V_{DS} = V_{DD} - i_D R_D - \cancel{i_S R_S} \rightarrow i_D$$

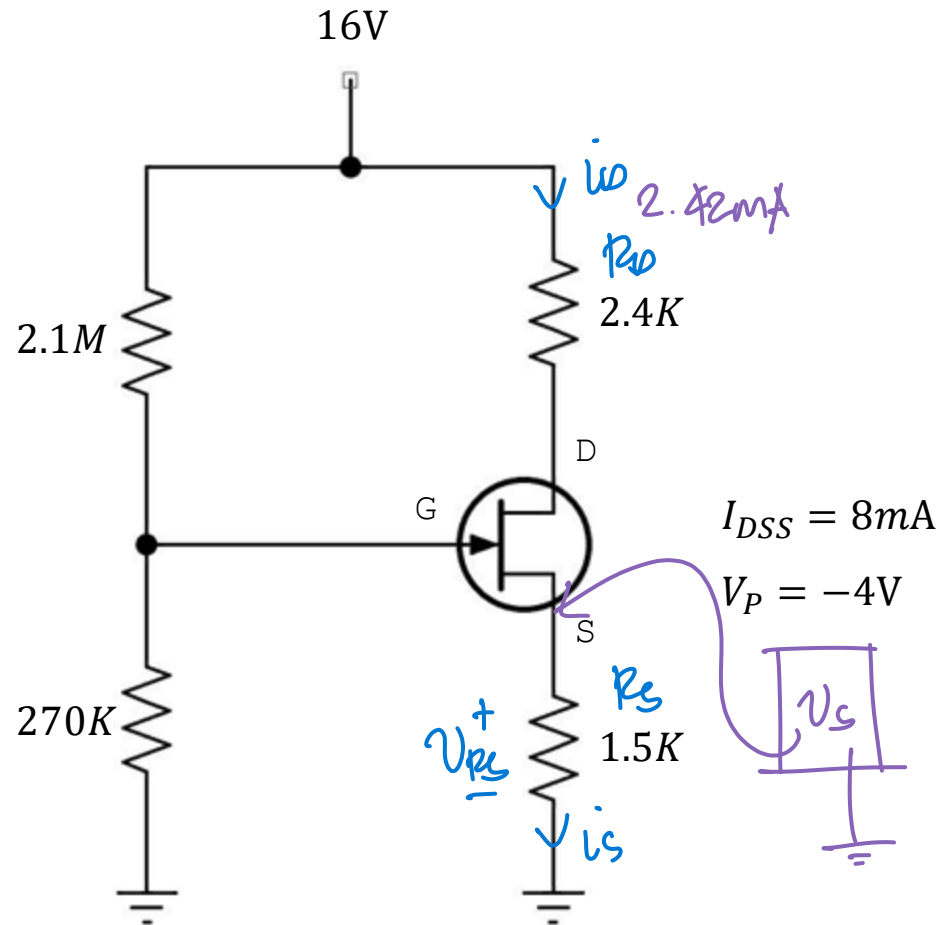
$$V_{DS} = V_{DD} - i_D (R_D + R_S)$$

$$V_{DS} = 16 - 2.42m(2.4k + 1.5k)$$

$$V_{DS} = 6.56V$$

ans

## EXERCISE



Solution

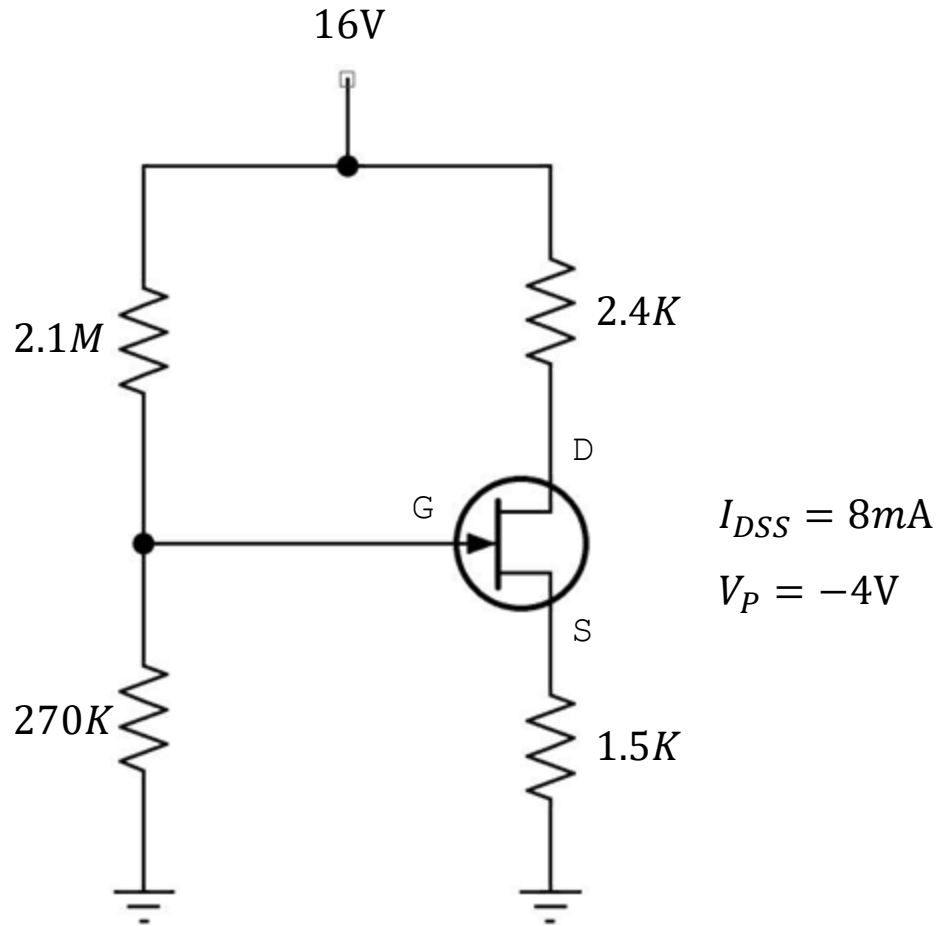
$$V_{RS} = I_S R_S$$

$$V_{RS} = 2.42\text{m}(1.5\text{k})$$

$$V_{RS} = 3.63\text{V}$$

ans

## EXERCISE



Solution

Transconductance Curve

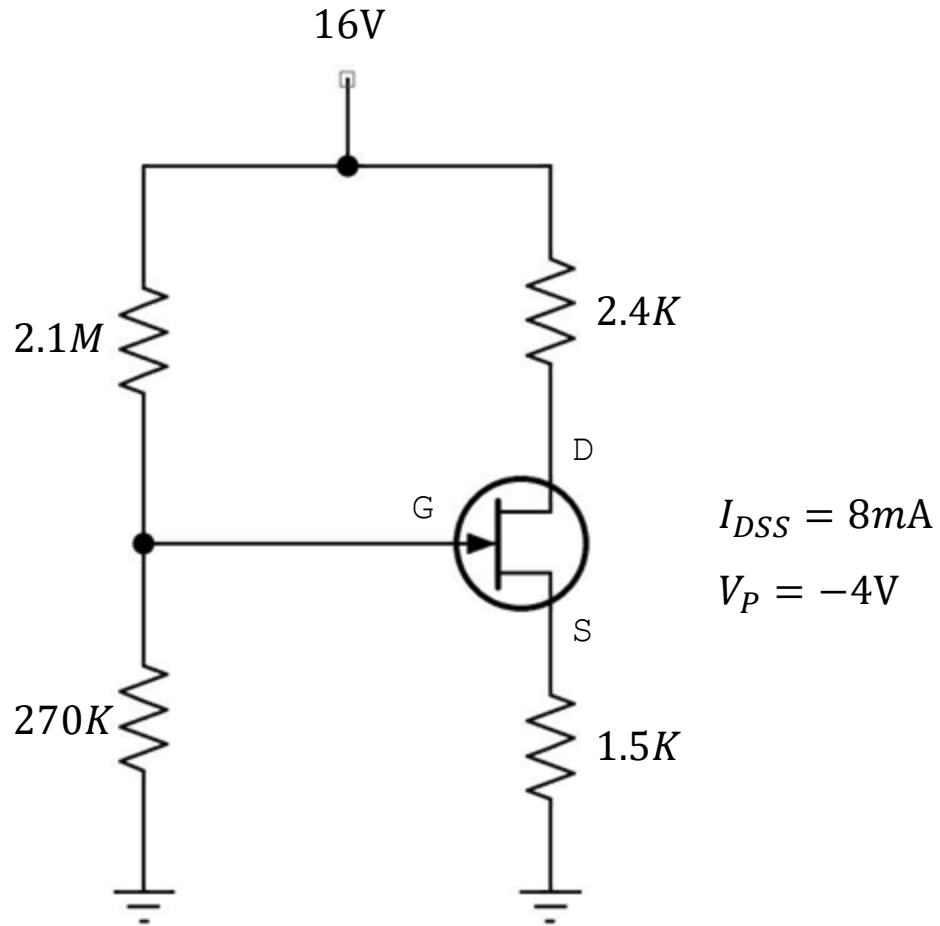
$$i_D = \frac{1}{4} I_{DSS} \mid v_{GS} = \frac{1}{2} V_P$$

$$i_D = \frac{1}{4} (8\text{mA}) \mid v_{GS} = \frac{1}{2} (-4\text{V})$$

$$i_D = 2\text{mA} \mid v_{GS} = -2\text{V}$$



## EXERCISE



Solution

Transconductance Curve

$$V_{GS} = 0.3 V_P \mid i_D = \frac{1}{2} I_{DSS}$$

$$V_{GS} = 0.3(-4V) \mid i_D = \frac{1}{2}(8mA)$$

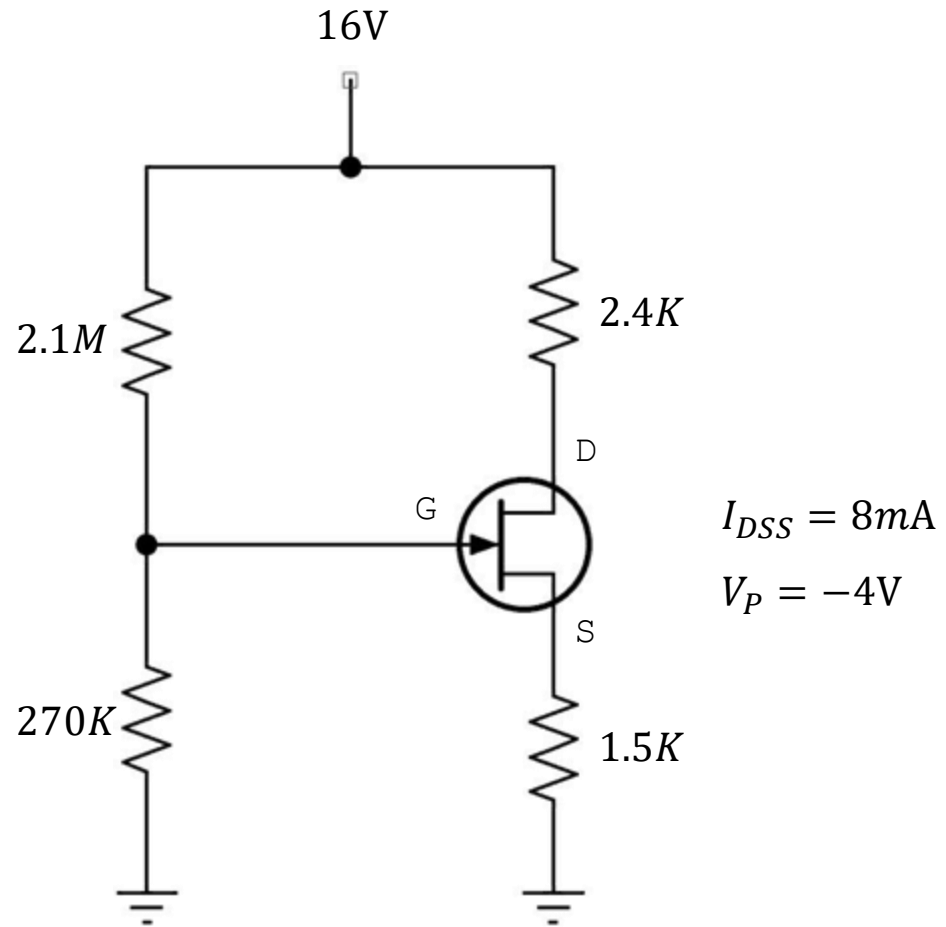
$$\underline{V_{GS} = -1.2V \mid i_D = 4mA}$$



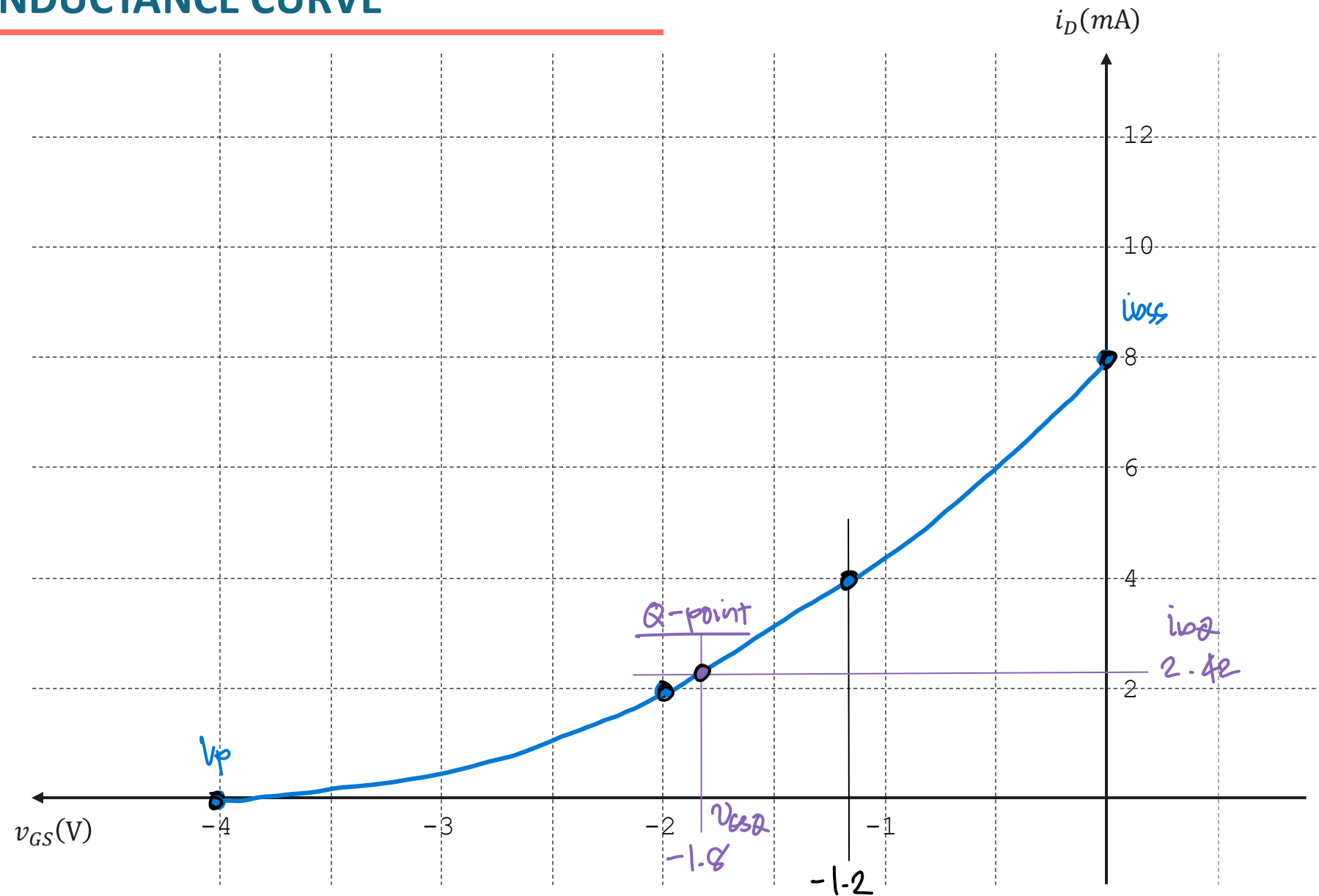


## EXERCISE

Solution



# TRANSCONDUCTANCE CURVE



# LABORATORY

